

SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.  
Form 10-Q  
March 15, 2019

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U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
R 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED January 31, 2019.

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
£ 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number: 001-33125

SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

91-1766677

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

777 Dunsmuir Street, Suite 1610

Vancouver, B.C. V7Y 1K4

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 604-687-5800

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes R No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Yes R No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer    Accelerated filer  
Non-accelerated filer    Smaller reporting company R  
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes    No R

As of March 15, 2019, there were 236,328,214 shares of the registrant's \$0.01 par value common stock outstanding, the registrant's only outstanding class of voting securities.

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SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.  
(AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION  
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  
SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.  
(AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

|   | January 31,<br>2019<br>(Unaudited) | October 31,<br>2018 |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                                    |                     |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>   |                                    |                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$2,994,197                        | \$3,025,839         |
| Value-added tax receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$114,113 and \$98,414 respectively (Note 6)                    | 205,933                            | 175,020             |
| Income tax receivables  | 357                                | 160                 |
| Other receivables   | 18,753                             | 12,045              |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits   | 149,957                            | 237,253             |
| Total Current Assets  | 3,369,197                          | 3,450,317           |
| Office and mining equipment, net (Note 7)   | 194,269                            | 201,486             |
| Property concessions (Note 8)   | 5,031,747                          | 5,019,927           |
| Goodwill (Note 9)   | 2,058,031                          | 2,058,031           |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>   | <b>\$10,653,244</b>                | <b>\$10,729,761</b> |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                                    |                     |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>  |                                    |                     |
| Accounts payable  | \$154,036                          | \$253,327           |
| Accrued liabilities and expenses  | 206,894                            | 439,450             |
| Income tax payable  | 1,500                              | 4,700               |
| Stock option liability (Note 11)  | 23,325                             | 25,116              |
| Warrant derivative liability (Note 12)  | 516,881                            | 405,500             |
| Total Current Liabilities   | 902,636                            | 1,128,093           |
| <b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 14)</b>  |                                    |                     |
| <b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Notes 4, 10, 11 and 12)</b>  |                                    |                     |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized, 235,268,214, and 234,868,214 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | 2,352,682                          | 2,348,682           |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 134,162,059                        | 133,015,768         |
| Accumulated deficit   | (126,856,381)                      | (125,855,030)       |
| Other comprehensive income  | 92,248                             | 92,248              |
| Total Stockholders' Equity  | 9,750,608                          | 9,601,668           |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   | <b>\$10,653,244</b>                | <b>\$10,729,761</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.



SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.  
 (AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
 (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>January 31, |                |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|
|   | 2019                              | 2018           |
| REVENUES  | \$—                               | \$—            |
| EXPLORATION AND PROPERTY HOLDING COSTS                                    |                                   |                |
| Exploration and property holding costs                                    | 458,029                           | 174,104        |
| Depreciation  | 7,217                             | 7,117          |
| TOTAL EXPLORATION AND PROPERTY HOLDING COSTS                              | 465,246                           | 181,221        |
| GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                                       |                                   |                |
| Personnel   | 173,207                           | 132,297        |
| Office and administrative   | 125,892                           | 98,966         |
| Professional services   | 64,881                            | 51,910         |
| Directors' fees   | 54,465                            | 42,014         |
| Provision for uncollectible value-added taxes (Note 6)                    | 9,316                             | 19,402         |
| TOTAL GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                                 | 427,761                           | 344,589        |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS  | (893,007 )                        | (525,810 )     |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)   |                                   |                |
| Interest income   | 119                               | 640            |
| Interest and finance costs  | —                                 | (949 )         |
| Foreign currency transaction gain (loss)                                  | 5,831                             | (2,973 )       |
| Change in fair value of stock option liability (Note 11)                  | 1,791                             | (8,041 )       |
| Change in fair value of warrant derivative liability (Note 12)            | (114,413 )                        | (1,598,344 )   |
| Miscellaneous income  | —                                 | 225            |
| TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)   | (106,672 )                        | (1,609,442 )   |
| LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES  | (999,679 )                        | (2,135,252 )   |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE  | 1,672                             | 1,326          |
| NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS   | \$(1,001,351 )                    | \$(2,136,578 ) |
| BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE                               | \$—                               | \$(0.01 )      |
| BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON<br>SHARES OUTSTANDING | 234,872,562                       | 199,425,252    |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.

(AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

|   | Common Stock<br>Number of<br>Shares | Amount      | Additional<br>Paid-in<br>Capital | Accumulated<br>Deficit | Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Total<br>Stockholders'<br>Equity |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance, October 31, 2018   | 234,868,214                         | \$2,348,682 | \$133,015,768                    | \$(125,855,030)        | \$ 92,248                        | \$9,601,668                      |
| Issuance of common stock<br>as follows:   |                                     |             |                                  |                        |                                  |                                  |
| - Exercise of warrants at<br>a price of Canadian dollar<br>("\$CDN") 0.13 per share<br>less costs of \$70 (Note 10)   | 400,000                             | 4,000       | 35,348                           | —                      | —                                | 39,348                           |
| Earn-in option agreement<br>(Note 4)  | —                                   | —           | 1,046,000                        | —                      | —                                | 1,046,000                        |
| Reclassification to<br>additional paid-in capital<br>upon exercise of warrants<br>at price of \$CDN 0.13<br>(Note 12) | —                                   | —           | 3,032                            | —                      | —                                | 3,032                            |
| Stock option and warrants<br>activity as follows:   |                                     |             |                                  |                        |                                  |                                  |
| - Stock-based<br>compensation for options<br>issued to directors,<br>officers, employees and<br>consultants (Note 11) | —                                   | —           | 61,911                           | —                      | —                                | 61,911                           |
| Net loss for the three<br>month period ended<br>January 31, 2019  | —                                   | —           | —                                | (1,001,351 )           | —                                | (1,001,351 )                     |
| Balance, January 31, 2019   | 235,268,214                         | \$2,352,682 | \$134,162,059                    | \$(126,856,381)        | \$ 92,248                        | \$9,750,608                      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.  
 (AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>January 31, |               |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|
|   | 2019                              | 2018          |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                |                                   |               |
| Net loss  | \$(1,001,351)                     | \$(2,136,578) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities: |                                   |               |
| Depreciation  | 7,217                             | 7,117         |
| Provision for uncollectible value-added taxes                               | 9,316                             | 19,402        |
| Foreign currency transaction gain   | (9,288 )                          | (7,518 )      |
| Change in fair value of warrant derivative liability (Note 12)              | 114,413                           | 1,598,344     |
| Change in fair value of stock option liability (Note 11)                    | (1,791 )                          | 8,041         |
| Stock options issued for compensation                                       | 61,911                            | 31,620        |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                |                                   |               |
| Value-added tax receivable  | (29,068 )                         | (11,887 )     |
| Income tax receivables  | (181 )                            | (2,925 )      |
| Other receivables   | (6,634 )                          | 163           |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits   | 86,624                            | (10,995 )     |
| Accounts payable  | (99,449 )                         | (17,178 )     |
| Accrued liabilities and expenses  | (235,966 )                        | (35,395 )     |
| Income tax payable  | (3,200 )                          | 1,000         |
| Net cash used in operating activities                                       | (1,107,447)                       | (556,789 )    |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                |                                   |               |
| Acquisition of property concessions (Note 8)                                | (11,820 )                         | (15,541 )     |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                       | (11,820 )                         | (15,541 )     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                |                                   |               |
| Property concessions funding (Note 4)                                       | 1,046,000                         | —             |
| Proceeds from exercise of warrants, net of costs (Note 10)                  | 39,348                            | 94,634        |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                                   | 1,085,348                         | 94,634        |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents                       | 2,277                             | 6,490         |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents                                   | (31,642 )                         | (471,206 )    |
| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period                               | 3,025,839                         | 681,776       |
| Cash and cash equivalents end of period                                     | \$2,994,197                       | \$210,570     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.



SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.

(AN EXPLORATION STAGE COMPANY)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (CONTINUED)

Three  
Months  
Ended  
January  
31,  
2019

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:

|                   |            |
|-------------------|------------|
| Income taxes paid | \$—\$1,072 |
| Interest paid     | — 949      |

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Common stock issuance costs included in accounts payable and accrued liability | \$—\$220 |
|--|----------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Silver Bull Resources, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 8, 1993 as the Cadgie Company for the purpose of acquiring and developing mineral properties. The Cadgie Company was a spin-off from its predecessor, Precious Metal Mines, Inc. On June 28, 1996, the Company’s name was changed to Metalline Mining Company. On April 21, 2011, the Company’s name was changed to Silver Bull Resources, Inc. The Company’s fiscal year-end is October 31. The Company has not realized any revenues from its planned operations and is considered an exploration stage company. The Company has not established any reserves with respect to its exploration projects and may never enter into the development stage with respect to any of its projects.

The Company engages in the business of mineral exploration. The Company currently owns a number of property concessions in Mexico (collectively known as the “Sierra Mojada Property”). The Company conducts its operations in Mexico through its wholly-owned subsidiary corporations, Minera Metalin S.A. de C.V. (“Minera Metalin”) and Contratistas de Sierra Mojada S.A. de C.V. (“Contratistas”) and through Minera Metalin’s wholly-owned subsidiary Minas de Coahuila SBR S.A. de C.V. (“Minas”).

On April 16, 2010, Metalline Mining Delaware, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was merged with and into Dome Ventures Corporation (“Dome”). As a result, Dome became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Dome has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Dome Asia Inc. (“Dome Asia”), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Dome Asia has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Dome Minerals Nigeria Limited, incorporated in Nigeria.

The Company’s efforts and expenditures have been concentrated on the exploration of properties, principally the Sierra Mojada Property located in Coahuila, Mexico. The Company has not determined whether its exploration properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The ultimate realization of the Company’s investment in exploration properties is dependent upon the success of future property sales, the existence of economically recoverable reserves, and the ability of the Company to obtain financing or make other arrangements for exploration, development, and future profitable production activities. The ultimate realization of the Company’s investment in exploration properties cannot be determined at this time.

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The Company’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and applicable rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) regarding interim reporting. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated during consolidation. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The interim condensed consolidated balance sheet at October 31, 2018 was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2018.

All figures are in United States dollars unless otherwise noted.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements, except as disclosed in Note 3. In the opinion of management, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements furnished herein include all adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Uncertainties with respect to estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of the Company’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, operating results for the three months ended January 31, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending October 31, 2019.

NOTE 3 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are defined in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2018 filed on January 16, 2019, except as follows.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in the Three-Month Period Ended January 31, 2019

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (the "FASB's") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2017-05, "Other Income – Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20), Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets." which addresses the transfer to noncustomers of nonfinancial assets or ownership interests in consolidated subsidiaries that do not constitute a business and the contribution of nonfinancial assets that are not a business to a joint venture or other noncontrolled investee. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the FASB's ASU 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business," which clarifies the definition of a business to assist entities in the evaluation of acquisitions and disposals of assets or businesses. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash," which required entities to show the changes in the total of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," which provides guidance on the presentation and classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," which (i) requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income, (ii) requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes, (iii) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset, and (iv) eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, the Company adopted the FASB's 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," which has subsequently been amended to update revenue guidance under the newly-created ASC 606. The new standard provides a five-step approach to be applied to all contracts with customers and requires expanded disclosures about revenue recognition. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting," to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. ASU 2018-07 simplifies the accounting for nonemployee share-based payments, aligning it more closely with the accounting for employee awards. These changes become effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning November 1, 2019. Early application is permitted. At this time, the Company has not determined the effects of this update on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases," which will require lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by most leases on the balance sheet. These changes become effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning November 1, 2019. Modified retrospective adoption for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, is required with an option to use certain transition relief. At this time,

the Company has not determined the effects of this update on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Other recent accounting pronouncement issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force) and the SEC did not or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

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## NOTE 4 – EARN-IN OPTION AGREEMENT

On June 1, 2018, the Company and its subsidiaries Minera Metalin and Contratistas entered into an Earn-In Option Agreement (the “Option Agreement”) with South32 International Investment Holdings Pty Ltd (“South32”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of South32 Limited (ASX/JSE/LSE: S32), whereby South32 is able to obtain an option to purchase 70% of the shares of Minera Metalin and Contratistas (the “Option”). Minera Metalin owns the Sierra Mojada Property located in Coahuila, Mexico (the “Sierra Mojada Project”), and Contratistas supplies labor for the Sierra Mojada Project. Under the Option Agreement, South32 earns into the Option by funding a collaborative exploration program on the Sierra Mojada Project. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Option Agreement, in order for South32 to earn and maintain its four-year Option, South32 must have contributed to Minera Metalin for exploration of the Sierra Mojada Project at least \$3 million by the end of Year 1, \$6 million by the end of Year 2, \$8 million by the end of Year 3 and \$10 million by the end of Year 4 (the “Initial Funding”). Funding is made on a quarterly basis based on the subsequent quarter’s exploration budget. South32 may exercise the Option by contributing \$100 million to Minera Metalin (the “Subscription Payment”), less the amount of Initial Funding previously contributed by South32. The issuance of shares upon notice of exercise of the Option by South32 is subject to antitrust approval by the Mexican government. If the full amount of the Subscription Payment is advanced by South32 and the Option becomes exercisable and is exercised, the Company and South32 will be obligated to contribute funding to Minera Metalin on a 30/70 pro rata basis. If South32 elects not to continue with the Option during the four-year option period, the Sierra Mojada Project will remain 100% owned by the Company. The exploration program will be initially managed by the Company, with South32 being able to approve the exploration program funded by it. In June 2018, the Company received initial funding from South32 of \$922,783. During the period from November 1, 2018 to January 31, 2019, the Company received two payments totaling \$1,046,000 from South32. In March 2019, the Company received the fourth payment of \$1,175,380 from South32. As of January 31, 2019, \$501,648 remains unspent. South32 is able to terminate the Option Agreement at any time without penalty other than forfeiture of the Option. If the Option Agreement is terminated by South32 without cause or if South32 is unable to obtain antitrust authorization from the Mexican government, the Company is under no obligation to reimburse South32 for amounts contributed under the Option Agreement.

Upon exercise of the Option, Minera Metalin and Contratistas are required to issue common shares to South32. Pursuant to the Option Agreement, following exercise and until a decision has been made by the board of directors of Minera Metalin to develop and construct a mine on the Sierra Mojada Project, each shareholder holding greater than or equal to 10% of the shares may withdraw as an owner in exchange for a 2% net smelter royalty on products produced and sold from the Sierra Mojada Project. Any shareholder whose holdings are reduced to less than 10% must surrender its interest in exchange for a 2% net smelter royalty.

The Company has determined that Minera Metalin and Contratistas are variable interest entities (“VIEs”) and that the Option Agreement has not resulted in the transfer of control of the Sierra Mojada Project to South32. The Company has also determined that the Option Agreement represents non-employee share-based compensation associated with the collaborative exploration program undertaken by the parties. The compensation cost is expensed when the associated exploration activity occurs. The share-based payments have been classified as equity instruments and valued based on the fair value of the cash consideration received, as it is more reliably measurable than the fair value of the equity interest. If the Option is exercised and shares are issued prior to a decision to develop a mine, such shares would be classified as temporary equity as they would be contingently redeemable in exchange for a net smelter royalty under circumstances that are not wholly in control of the Company or South32 and are not currently probable.

No portion of the equity value has been classified as temporary equity as the option has no intrinsic value.

The combined approximate carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of Contratistas and Minera Metalin (consolidated with Minera Metalin’s wholly-owned subsidiary) are as follows at January 31, 2019:

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Assets:                         | Mexico     |
| Cash and cash equivalents       | \$ 101,000 |
| Value-added tax receivable, net | 206,000    |

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|                                  |             |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Other receivables                | 1,000       |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits    | 9,000       |
| Office and mining equipment, net | 194,000     |
| Property concessions             | 5,032,000   |
| Total assets                     | \$5,543,000 |

Liabilities:

|  |    |           |
|--|----|-----------|
| Accounts payable   |    | 2,000     |
| Accrued liabilities and expenses   |    | 65,000    |
| Payable to Silver Bull Resources, Inc. to be converted to equity upon exercise of the Option |    | 3,376,000 |
| Total liabilities  | \$ | 3,443,000 |

|   |    |           |
|---|----|-----------|
| Net advances and investment in the Company's Mexican subsidiaries | \$ | 2,100,000 |
|---|----|-----------|

In addition, at January 31, 2019, Silver Bull Resources, Inc. holds \$429,000 of cash received from South32, which is to be contributed to the capital of the Mexican subsidiaries as required for exploration. Cash received from South32 is required to be used to further exploration of Sierra Mojada.

The Company's maximum exposure to loss at January 31, 2019 is \$5,476,000, which includes the carrying value of the Mexican subsidiaries' net assets excluding the payable to Silver Bull Resources, Inc.

**NOTE 5 – LOSS PER SHARE**

The Company had stock options and warrants outstanding at January 31, 2019 and 2018 that upon exercise were issuable into 54,666,896 and 38,735,325 shares of the Company's common stock, respectively. They were not included in the calculation of loss per share because they would have been anti-dilutive.

**NOTE 6 – VALUE-ADDED TAX RECEIVABLE**

Value-added tax ("VAT") receivable relates to VAT paid in Mexico. The Company estimates that net VAT of \$205,933 will be received within 12 months of the balance sheet date. The allowance for uncollectible VAT was estimated by management based upon a number of factors, including the length of time the returns have been outstanding, responses received from tax authorities, general economic conditions in Mexico and estimated net recovery after commissions.

A summary of the changes in the allowance for uncollectible VAT for the three months ended January 31, 2019 is as follows:

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Allowance for uncollectible VAT – October 31, 2018 | \$98,414  |
| Provision for VAT receivable allowance             | 9,316     |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment            | 5,666     |
| Write-off of VAT receivable                        | 717       |
| Allowance for uncollectible VAT – January 31, 2019 | \$114,113 |

**NOTE 7 – OFFICE AND MINING EQUIPMENT**

The following is a summary of the Company's office and mining equipment at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018, respectively:

|                                  | January<br>31,<br>2019 | October<br>31,<br>2018 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Mining equipment                 | \$358,513              | \$358,513              |
| Vehicles                         | 73,287                 | 73,287                 |
| Buildings and structures         | 185,724                | 185,724                |
| Computer equipment and software  | 74,236                 | 74,236                 |
| Well equipment                   | 39,637                 | 39,637                 |
| Office equipment                 | 47,597                 | 47,597                 |
|                                  | 778,994                | 778,994                |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation   | (584,725)              | (577,508)              |
| Office and mining equipment, net | \$194,269              | \$201,486              |

NOTE 8 – PROPERTY CONCESSIONS

The following is a summary of the Company’s property concessions for the Sierra Mojada Property as at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018:

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Property concessions –October 31, 2018  | \$5,019,927 |
| Acquisitions                            | 11,820      |
| Property concessions – January 31, 2019 | \$5,031,747 |

NOTE 9 – GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess, at the date of acquisition, of the purchase price of the business acquired over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired. On April 30, 2018, the Company elected to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Based on this assessment, management determined that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. The Company performs its annual goodwill impairment tests as of April 30th of each fiscal year.

The following is a summary of the Company’s goodwill balance as at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018:

|  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Goodwill – January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018 | \$2,058,031 |
|--|-------------|

NOTE 10 – COMMON STOCK

On March 6, 2019, 460,000 warrants to acquire 460,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$44,560 (\$CDN 59,800).

On February 21, 2019, 600,000 warrants to acquire 600,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$59,109 (\$CDN 78,000).

On January 30, 2019, 400,000 warrants to acquire 400,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$39,418 (\$CDN 52,000).

The Company incurred costs of \$70 related to warrant exercises in the three months ended January 31, 2019.

On January 29, 2018, 21,875 warrants to acquire 21,875 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.10 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,773 (\$CDN 2,188).

On January 22, 2018, 62,500 warrants to acquire 62,500 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$6,522 (\$CDN 8,125).

On January 15, 2018, 625,000 warrants to acquire 625,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$65,408 (\$CDN 81,250).

On January 8, 2018, 200,000 warrants to acquire 200,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$20,931 (\$CDN 26,000).

The Company incurred costs of \$220 related to warrant exercises in the three months ended January 31, 2018.



## NOTE 11 – STOCK OPTIONS

The Company has one stock option plan, the 2010 Stock Option and Stock Bonus Plan, as amended (the “2010 Plan”). Under the 2010 Plan, the lesser of (i) 30,000,000 shares or (ii) 10% of the total shares outstanding are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of options or the grant of stock bonuses.

Options are typically granted with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of the Company’s stock at the date of grant, have a graded vesting schedule over approximately one to two years and have a contractual term of five years.

No options were granted or exercised during the three months ended January 31, 2019 and January 31, 2018.

The following is a summary of stock option activity for the three months ended January 31, 2019:

| Options                         | Shares     | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Life (Years) | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic<br>Value |
|---------------------------------|------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding at October 31, 2018 | 18,950,000 | \$ 0.11                                  | 3.48  | \$429,158                       |
| Cancelled                       | (183,334 ) | 0.10                                     |   |                                 |
| Outstanding at January 31, 2019 | 18,766,666 | \$ 0.11                                  | 3.19  | \$ 546,447                      |
| Exercisable at January 31, 2019 | 12,375,000 | \$ 0.12                                  | 2.61  | \$ 395,396                      |

The Company recognized stock-based compensation costs for stock options of \$61,911 and \$31,620 for the three months ended January 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of January 31, 2019, there was \$209,283 of total unrecognized compensation expense, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.61 years.

Summarized information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2019 is as follows:

| Options Outstanding |                       |   | Options Exercisable                      |                       |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| Exercise<br>Price   | Number<br>Outstanding | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Life (Years) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Number<br>Exercisable | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price |
| \$0.06              | 4,075,000             | 2.06  | \$ 0.06                                  | 4,075,000             | \$ 0.06                                  |
| 0.10                | 11,716,666            | 4.09  | 0.10                                     | 5,325,000             | 0.10                                     |
| 0.16                | 350,000               | 4.05  | 0.16                                     | 350,000               | 0.16                                     |
| 0.19 – 0.26         | 2,625,000             | 0.81  | 0.25                                     | 2,625,000             | 0.25                                     |
| \$0.06 – 0.26       | 18,766,666            | 3.19  | \$ 0.11                                  | 12,375,000            | \$ 0.12                                  |

Stock options granted to consultants with a \$CDN exercise price are classified as stock option liability on the Company’s interim condensed consolidated balance sheets upon vesting. The following is a summary of the Company’s stock option liability at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018:

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Stock option liability at October 31, 2018:    | \$25,116 |
| Change in fair value of stock option liability | (1,791 ) |
| Stock option liability at January 31, 2019     | \$23,325 |



## NOTE 12 – WARRANTS

A summary of warrant activity for the three months ended January 31, 2019 is as follows:

| Warrants  | Shares     | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Life (Years) | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic<br>Value |
|---|------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2019 | 36,300,230 | \$ 0.13                                  | 1.16  | \$254,068                       |
| Exercised                                       | (400,000 ) | \$ 0.10                                  |   |                                 |
| Outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2019 | 35,900,230 | \$ 0.13                                  | 0.91  | \$367,831                       |

Warrants exercised during the three months ended January 31, 2019 and 2018 are discussed in Note 10.

The warrants exercised during the three months ended January 31, 2019 and 2018 had an intrinsic value of \$3,032 and \$81,231, respectively.

Summarized information about warrants outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2019 is as follows:

## Warrants Outstanding and Exercisable

| Exercise<br>Price | Number<br>Outstanding | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Life (Years) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| \$0.08            | 357,925               | 0.44  | \$ 0.08                                  |
| 0.10              | 15,400,000            | 0.45  | 0.10                                     |
| 0.12              | 4,340,000             | 0.47  | 0.12                                     |
| 0.14              | 1,231,374             | 1.49  | 0.14                                     |
| 0.16              | 14,570,931            | 1.50  | 0.16                                     |
| \$0.08 – 0.16     | 35,900,230            | 0.91  | \$ 0.13                                  |

If the closing price of the Company's common stock on the TSX is higher than \$CDN 0.30 for 20 consecutive trading days, then on the 20th consecutive trading day (the "Acceleration Trigger Date") the expiry date of the above \$0.12 warrants may be accelerated to the 20th trading day after the Acceleration Trigger Date by the issuance, within three trading days of the Acceleration Trigger Date, of a news release announcing such acceleration.

The Company's warrants with a \$CDN exercise price have been recognized as a derivative liability. The following is a summary of the Company's warrant derivative liability at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018:

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Warrant derivative liability at October 31, 2018:                        | \$405,500 |
| Change in fair value of warrant derivative liability                     | 114,413   |
| Reclassification to additional paid-in capital upon exercise of warrants | (3,032 )  |
| Warrant derivative liability at January 31, 2019                         | \$516,881 |

## NOTE 13 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Fair Value Measurements

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs are expensed when they are incurred, unless they are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or the assumption of liabilities carried at amortized cost, in which case the transaction costs adjust the carrying amount.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Under fair value accounting, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, stock option liability and warrant derivative liability.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and accounts payable approximate fair value at January 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018 due to the short maturities of these financial instruments.

### Derivative liability

The Company classifies warrants with a \$CDN exercise price on its interim condensed consolidated balance sheets as a derivative liability, which is fair valued at each reporting period subsequent to the initial issuance as the functional currency of Silver Bull is the U.S. dollar. The Company has used the Black-Scholes pricing model to determine the fair value of the warrants that do not have an acceleration feature and has used the Monte Carlo valuation model to determine the fair value of the warrants that do have an acceleration feature (Note 12). Determining the appropriate fair-value model and calculating the fair value of warrants requires considerable judgment. Any change in the estimates used may cause the value to be higher or lower than that reported. The estimated volatility of the Company's common stock at the date of issuance, and at each subsequent reporting period, is based on the historical volatility adjusted to reflect the implicit discount to historical volatilities observed in the prices of traded warrants. The risk-free interest rate is based on rates published by the government for bonds with a maturity similar to the expected remaining life of the warrants at the valuation date. The expected life of the warrants is assumed to be equivalent to their remaining contractual term. The dividend yield is expected to be none as the Company has not paid dividends nor does the Company anticipate paying a dividend in the foreseeable future.

The Company reclassifies stock options granted to consultants with a \$CDN exercise price on its interim condensed consolidated balance sheets upon vesting as a stock option liability that is fair valued at each reporting period subsequent to reclassification as the functional currency of Silver Bull is the U.S. dollar. The Company has used the Black-Scholes pricing model to fair value these stock options. Determining the appropriate fair-value model and calculating the fair value of these stock options requires considerable judgment. Any change in the estimates used may cause the value to be higher or lower than that reported. The estimated volatility of the Company's common stock at the date of reclassification, and at each subsequent reporting period, is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock and adjusted if future volatility is expected to vary from historical experience. The risk-free interest rate is based on rates published by the government for bonds with a maturity similar to the expected remaining life of the options at the valuation date. The expected life of the options is based upon historical and expected future exercise behavior. The dividend yield is expected to be none as the Company has not paid dividends nor does the Company anticipate paying any dividend in the foreseeable future.

The derivative warrants are not traded in an active market, and the fair value is determined using valuation techniques. The estimates may be significantly different from those recorded in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements because of the use of judgment and the inherent uncertainty in estimating the fair value of these instruments that are not quoted in an active market. All changes in fair value are recorded in the interim condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss each reporting period. These are considered to be a

Level 3 financial instrument.

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The Company has the following liabilities under the fair value hierarchy:

| Liability                    | January 31, 2019 |         |           |
|------------------------------|------------------|---------|-----------|
|                              | Level 1          | Level 2 | Level 3   |
| Stock option liability       | \$—              | \$—     | \$23,325  |
| Warrant derivative liability | \$—              | \$—     | \$516,881 |

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Company by failing to discharge its obligations. To mitigate exposure to credit risk on financial assets, the Company has established policies to ensure liquidity of funds and ensure that counterparties demonstrate acceptable levels of creditworthiness.

The Company maintains its U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar cash and cash equivalents in bank and demand deposit accounts with major financial institutions with high credit standings. Cash deposits held in Canada are insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation (“CDIC”) for up to \$CDN 100,000. Certain Canadian bank accounts held by the Company exceed these federally insured limits or are uninsured as they relate to U.S. dollar deposits held in Canadian financial institutions. As of January 31, 2019, and October 31, 2018, the Company’s cash and cash equivalent balances held in Canadian financial institutions included \$2,817,248 and \$2,919,461, respectively, which was not insured by the CDIC. The Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts, and management believes that using major financial institutions with high credit ratings mitigates the credit risk to cash and cash equivalents.

The Company also maintains cash in bank accounts in Mexico. These accounts are denominated in the local currency and are considered uninsured. As of January 31, 2019, and October 31, 2018, the U.S. dollar equivalent balance for these accounts was \$100,869 and \$32,668, respectively.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Company holds substantially all of its cash and cash equivalents in bank and demand deposit accounts with major financial institutions. The interest rates received on these balances may fluctuate with changes in economic conditions. Based on the average cash and cash equivalent balances during the three months ended January 31, 2019, a 1% decrease in interest rates would have resulted in a reduction of approximately \$119 in interest income for the period.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Company is not subject to any significant market risk related to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

#### NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

##### Compliance with Environmental Regulations

The Company’s exploration activities are subject to laws and regulations controlling not only the exploration and mining of mineral properties but also the effect of such activities on the environment. Compliance with such laws and regulations may necessitate additional capital outlays or affect the economics of a project, and cause changes or delays in the Company’s activities.

##### Property Concessions in Mexico

To properly maintain property concessions in Mexico, the Company is required to pay a semi-annual fee to the Mexican government and complete annual assessment work.

Royalty

The Company has agreed to pay a 2% net smelter return royalty on certain property concessions within the Sierra Mojada Property based on the revenue generated from production. Total payments under this royalty are limited to \$6.875 million (the “Royalty”).

Litigation and Claims

On May 20, 2014, a cooperative named Sociedad Cooperativa de Exploración Minera Mineros Norteños, S.C.L. (“Mineros Norteños”) filed an action in the Local First Civil Court in the District of Morelos, State of Chihuahua, Mexico, against the Company’s subsidiary, Minera Metalin, claiming that Minera Metalin breached an agreement regarding the development of the Sierra Mojada Property. Mineros Norteños sought payment of the Royalty, including interest at a rate of 6% per annum since August 30, 2004, even though no revenue has been produced from the applicable mining concessions. It also sought payment of wages to the cooperative’s members since August 30, 2004, even though none of the individuals were hired or performed work for Minera Metalin under this agreement and Minera Metalin did not commit to hiring them. On January 19, 2015, the case was moved to the Third District Court (of federal jurisdiction). On October 4, 2017, the court ruled that Mineros Norteños was time barred from bringing the case. On October 19, 2017, Mineros Norteños appealed this ruling. The Company and the Company’s Mexican legal counsel believe that it is unlikely that the court’s ruling will be overturned. The Company has not accrued any amounts in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements with respect to this claim.

From time to time, the Company is involved in other disputes, claims, proceedings and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company intends to vigorously defend all claims against the Company and pursue its full legal rights in cases where the Company has been harmed. Although the ultimate outcome of these proceedings cannot be accurately predicted due to the inherent uncertainty of litigation, in the opinion of management, based upon current information, no other currently pending or overtly threatened proceeding is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company’s business, financial condition or results of operations.

## NOTE 15 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in a single reportable segment: the exploration of mineral property interests. The Company has mineral property interests in Sierra Mojada, Mexico.

Geographic information is approximately as follows:

For the Three Months  
Ended  
January 31,  
2019                      2018

|          |               |               |
|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Mexico   | \$(469,000 )  | \$(201,000 )  |
| Canada   | (532,000 )    | (1,936,000)   |
| Net Loss | \$(1,001,000) | \$(2,137,000) |

The following table details the allocation of assets included in the accompanying balance sheet at January 31, 2019:

|                                  | Canada      | Mexico      | Total        |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents        | \$2,893,000 | \$101,000   | \$2,994,000  |
| Value-added tax receivable, net  | -           | 206,000     | 206,000      |
| Other receivables                | 17,000      | 1,000       | 18,000       |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits    | 141,000     | 10,000      | 151,000      |
| Office and mining equipment, net | -           | 194,000     | 194,000      |
| Property concessions             | -           | 5,032,000   | 5,032,000    |
| Goodwill                         | -           | 2,058,000   | 2,058,000    |
|                                  | \$3,051,000 | \$7,602,000 | \$10,653,000 |

The following table details the allocation of assets included in the accompanying balance sheet at October 31, 2018:

|                                 | Canada      | Mexico   | Total       |
|---------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents       | \$2,993,000 | \$33,000 | \$3,026,000 |
| Value-added tax receivable, net | -           | 175,000  | 175,000     |

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|                                  |             |             |              |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Other receivables                | 11,000      | 1,000       | 12,000       |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits    | 226,000     | 11,000      | 237,000      |
| Office and mining equipment, net | -           | 202,000     | 202,000      |
| Property concessions             | -           | 5,020,000   | 5,020,000    |
| Goodwill                         | -           | 2,058,000   | 2,058,000    |
|                                  | \$3,230,000 | \$7,500,000 | \$10,730,000 |

The Company has significant assets in Coahuila, Mexico. Although Mexico is generally considered economically stable, it is always possible that unanticipated events in Mexico could disrupt the Company's operations. The Mexican government does not require foreign entities to maintain cash reserves in Mexico.



## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

When we use the terms "Silver Bull," "we," "us," or "our," we are referring to Silver Bull Resources, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. We have included technical terms important to an understanding of our business under "Glossary of Common Terms" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2018.

### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes certain statements that may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. We use words such as "anticipate," "continue," "likely," "estimate," "expect," "may," "will," "projection," "should," "believe," "potential," "could," suggesting future outcomes (including negative and grammatical variations) to identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements include statements we make regarding:

- Future payments that may be made by South32 under the terms of the Earn-In Option Agreement;
- Prospects of entering the development or production stage with respect to any of our projects;
- Our planned activities at the Sierra Mojada Project in 2019 and beyond, including with respect to exploration and drilling, metallurgical studies, surveys and other testing activities, and expenditures;
- Whether any part of the Sierra Mojada Project will ever be confirmed or converted into SEC Industry Guide 7-compliant "reserves";
- Testing of the impact of the fine bubble flotation test work on the recovery of minerals;
- The impact of recent accounting pronouncements on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures;
- Our ability to raise additional capital and/or pursue additional strategic options, and the potential impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations of doing so or not;
- The impact of changes to current state or federal laws and regulations on estimated capital expenditures, the economics of a particular project and/or our activities;
- Our expectations regarding future recovery of value-added taxes ("VAT") paid in Mexico;
- The period during which unrecognized compensation expense is expected to be recognized;
- Whether using major financial institutions with high credit ratings mitigates credit risk;
- The impact of changing economic conditions on interest rates;
- The possible impact of events in Mexico on the Company's operations; and
- The merits of any claims in connection with, and the expected timing of any, ongoing legal proceedings.

These statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. Such statements are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties, and our actual results could differ from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements as a result of the factors described under “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2018, including without limitation, risks associated with the following:

- The continued funding by South32 of amounts required under the Earn-In Option Agreement;
- Our ability to obtain additional financial resources on acceptable terms to (i) conduct our exploration activities and (ii) maintain our general and administrative expenditures at acceptable levels;
- Results of future exploration at our Sierra Mojada Project;
- Worldwide economic and political events affecting (i) the market prices for silver, zinc, lead, copper and other minerals that may be found on our exploration properties, (ii) interest rates and (iii) foreign currency exchange rates;
- The amount and nature of future capital and exploration expenditures;
- Volatility in our stock price;
- Our inability to obtain required permits;
- Competitive factors, including exploration-related competition;
- Timing of receipt and maintenance of government approvals;
- Unanticipated title issues;
- Changes in tax laws;
- Changes in regulatory frameworks or regulations affecting our activities;
- Our ability to retain key management and consultants and experts necessary to successfully operate and grow our business; and
- Political and economic instability in Mexico and other countries in which we conduct our business, and future potential actions of the governments in such countries with respect to nationalization of natural resources or other changes in mining or taxation policies.

These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the general or specific factors that could affect us. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which it is made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

#### Cautionary Note Regarding Exploration Stage Companies

We are an exploration stage company and do not currently have any known reserves and cannot be expected to have reserves unless and until a feasibility study is completed for the Sierra Mojada concessions that shows proven and probable reserves. There can be no assurance that our concessions contain proven and probable reserves, and investors may lose their entire investment. See the sections titled “Risk Factors” in this Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2018.

#### Business Overview

Silver Bull, incorporated in Nevada, is an exploration stage company, engaged in the business of mineral exploration. Our primary objective is to define sufficient mineral reserves on the Sierra Mojada Property to justify the development of a mechanized mining operation. We conduct our operations in Mexico through our wholly-owned Mexican subsidiaries, Minera Metalin S.A. de C.V. (“Minera Metalin”) and Contratistas de Sierra Mojada S.A. de C.V. (“Contratistas”), and through Minera Metalin’s wholly-owned subsidiary, Minas de Coahuila SBR S.A. de C.V. (“Minas”). However, as noted above, we have not established any reserves at the Sierra Mojada Property, we are in the exploration stage, and we may never enter the development or production stage.

Our principal office is located at 777 Dunsmuir Street, Suite 1610, Vancouver, BC, Canada V7Y 1K4, and our telephone number is 604-687-5800.

## Current Developments

South32 Earn-In Option Agreement

On June 1, 2018, we and our subsidiaries Minera Metalin and Contratistas entered into an Earn-In Option Agreement (the “Option Agreement”) with South32 International Investment Holdings Pty Ltd (“South32”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of South32 Limited (ASX/JSE/LSE: S32), whereby South32 is able to obtain an option to purchase 70% of the shares of Minera Metalin and Contratistas (the “Option”). Minera Metalin owns the Sierra Mojada Property located in Coahuila, Mexico (the “Sierra Mojada Project”) and Contratistas supplies labor for the Sierra Mojada Project. Under the Option Agreement, South32 earns into the option by funding a collaborative exploration program on the Sierra Mojada Project. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Option Agreement, in order for South32 to earn and maintain its four-year Option, South32 must have contributed to Minera Metalin for exploration of the Sierra Mojada Project at least \$3 million by the end of Year 1, \$6 million by the end of Year 2, \$8 million by the end of Year 3 and \$10 million by the end of Year 4 (the “Initial Funding”). Funding is made on a quarterly basis based on the subsequent quarter’s exploration budget. South32 may exercise the Option by contributing \$100 million to Minera Metalin (the “Subscription Payment”), less the amount of Initial Funding previously contributed by South32. The issuance of shares upon notice of exercise of the Option by South32 is subject to antitrust approval by the Mexican government. If the full amount of the Subscription Payment is advanced by South32 and the Option becomes exercisable and is exercised, we and South32 will be obligated to contribute funding to Minera Metalin on a 30/70 pro rata basis. If South32 elects not to continue with the Option during the four-year option period, the Sierra Mojada Project will remain 100% owned by us. The exploration program will be initially managed by us, with South32 being able to approve the exploration program funded by it. In June 2018, we received initial funding from South32 of \$923,000. During the period from November 1, 2018 to January 31, 2019, we received two payments totaling \$1,046,000. In March 2019, we received the fourth payment of \$1,175,380 from South32. As of January 31, 2019, \$502,000 remains unspent. South32 is able to terminate the Option Agreement at any time without penalty other than forfeiture of the Option. If the Option Agreement is terminated by South32 without cause or if South32 is unable to obtain antitrust authorization from the Mexican government, we are under no obligation to reimburse South32 for amounts contributed under the Option Agreement.

Upon exercise of the Option, Minera Metalin and Contratistas are required to issue common shares to South32. Pursuant to the Option Agreement, following exercise and until a decision has been made by the board of directors of Minera Metalin to develop and construct a mine on the Sierra Mojada Project, each shareholder holding greater than or equal to 10% of the shares may withdraw as an owner in exchange for a 2% net smelter royalty on products produced and sold from the Sierra Mojada Project. Any shareholder whose holdings are reduced to less than 10% must surrender its interest in exchange for a 2% net smelter royalty.

We have determined that Minera Metalin and Contratistas are variable interest entities and that the Option Agreement has not resulted in the transfer of control of the Sierra Mojada Project to South32. We have also determined the Option Agreement represents non-employee share-based compensation associated with the collaborative exploration program undertaken by the parties. The compensation cost is expensed when the associated exploration activity occurs. The share-based payments have been classified as equity instruments and valued based on the fair value of the cash consideration received, as it is more reliably measurable than the fair value of the equity interest. If the Option is exercised and shares are issued prior to a decision to develop a mine, such shares would be classified as temporary equity as they would be contingently redeemable in exchange for a net smelter royalty under circumstances not wholly in control of the Company or South32 and are not currently probable.

2019 Warrants Exercised

In January 2019, we received net proceeds of approximately \$39,000 from the exercise of share purchase warrants as described in the “Material Changes in Financial Condition; Liquidity and Capital Resources” section. Subsequent to January 31, 2019, we received gross proceeds of approximately \$104,000 from the exercise of share purchase warrants as described in the “Material Changes in Financial Condition; Liquidity and Capital Resources” section.

## Property Concessions and Outlook

### Sierra Mojada Property

In January 2019, our board of directors approved an exploration budget for the Sierra Mojada Property of \$1.8 million for the period from January 2019 through May 2019 and \$1.1 million for general and administrative expenses for calendar year 2019. The focus of our 2019 calendar year exploration program will be the drill program described below.

#### Airborne Geophysics

Between September 2018 and November 2018, we completed a 5,297-line-kilometer helicopter-borne Versatile Time Domain Electro Magnetic (“VTEM”) and Magnetic Geophysical Survey over the Sierra Mojada Property. The VTEM survey was conducted as part of the work program under the Option Agreement with South32. The results of this survey aided in refining the design the drill program.

#### Drilling

We expect to commence an 8,000-meter drill program in March 2019 under the Option Agreement with South32.

#### Mineralized Material Estimate

On October 30, 2018, Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited and Timothy Barry delivered an updated technical report (the “Report”) on the silver and zinc mineralization at the Sierra Mojada Project in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 (“NI 43-101”). The Report supersedes the prior mineralized material estimate released by the Company in June 2015. The Report includes an update on the silver and zinc mineralization which was estimated from 1,336 diamond drill holes, 24 reverse circulation drill holes, 9,027 channel samples and 2,346 underground long holes. Using a net smelter return (“NSR”) economic cut-off, the Report indicates mineralized material in the optimized pit of 70.4 million tonnes at an average silver grade of 38.6 grams/tonne silver, an average zinc percentage of 3.4%, an average copper percentage of 0.04% and an average lead percentage of 0.3%. The Report used a \$13.50/tonne NSR cut-off grade and assumed a silver price of \$15.00/ounce and a zinc price of \$1.20/pound. Mineralized material estimates do not include any amounts categorized as inferred resources.

“Mineralized material” as used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, although permissible under the Securities and Exchange Commission’s (the “SEC’s”) Industry Guide 7, does not indicate “reserves” by SEC standards. We cannot be certain that any part of the Sierra Mojada Project will ever be confirmed or converted into SEC Industry Guide 7-compliant “reserves.” Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of the mineralized material will ever be confirmed or converted into reserves or that mineralized material can be economically or legally extracted.

#### Metallurgical Studies

In May 2015, we selected and shipped samples of high grade zinc material to a lab in Denver, Colorado for “fine bubble” flotation test work and to a group in Australia to assess their proprietary hydrometallurgy process. Previous test work completed by Silver Bull using mechanical flotation has shown an 87% recovery of zinc from the white zinc zone to produce a rough concentrate of 43% zinc, and a 72.5% recovery of zinc from the red zinc zone to produce a rough concentrate of 30% zinc. The “fine bubble” flotation test work that was performed did not improve recovery, but based on analysis of the results, it was determined that the “fine bubble” flotation test process may be able to be adjusted to improve recovery. Further testing is not planned at this time.

In addition, we previously conducted a metallurgical program to test the recovery of (i) the silver mineralization using the agitation cyanide leach method and (ii) the zinc mineralization using the SART process (sulfidization, acidification, recycling, and thickening). The test work on the silver-rich zone (the “Silver Zone”) focused on cyanide leach recovery of the silver using “Bottle Roll” tests to simulate an agitation leach system and to determine the recovery of (A) low-grade zinc that occurs in the Silver Zone and (B) high-grade zinc from the zinc-rich zone that had been blended with mineralization from the Silver Zone to the leach solution. The silver was recovered from the cyanide leach solution using the Merrill Crowe technique, and the zinc was recovered from the leach solution using the SART process. The SART process is a metallurgical process that regenerates and recycles the cyanide used in the leaching process of the silver and zinc and allows for the recovery of zinc that has been leached by the cyanide solution. The results showed an overall average silver recovery of 73.2% with peak values of 89.0% and an overall average zinc recovery of 44% in the Silver Zone.

## Results of Operations

### Three Months Ended January 31, 2019 and January 31, 2018

For the three months ended January 31, 2019, we experienced a net loss of \$1,001,000, or approximately \$nil per share, compared to a net loss of \$2,137,000, or approximately \$0.01 per share, during the comparable period last year. The \$1,136,000 decrease in net loss was primarily due to a \$1,502,000 decrease in other expenses, which was offset by a \$284,000 increase in exploration and property holding costs and a \$83,000 increase in general and administrative expenses compared to the comparable period last year as described below.

#### Exploration and Property Holding Costs

Exploration and property holding costs increased \$284,000 to \$465,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, compared to \$181,000 for the comparable period last year. This increase was mainly due to an increase in exploration activities under the Option Agreement in preparation for drilling, including the airborne geophysics survey.

#### General and Administrative Costs

We recorded a general and administrative expense of \$428,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to \$345,000 for the comparable period last year. The \$83,000 increase was mainly the result of a \$41,000 increase in personnel costs, a \$27,000 increase in office and administrative cost, a \$13,000 increase in professional services, a \$12,000 increase in directors' fees and a \$9,000 provision for uncollectible VAT compared to a \$19,000 provision for uncollectible VAT in the comparable period last year as described below.

Personnel costs increased \$41,000 to \$173,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to \$132,000 for the comparable period last year. This increase was mainly due to an increase in employees' salaries and a \$20,000 increase in stock-based compensation expense as a result of stock options vesting in the three months ended January 31, 2019 having a higher fair value than stock options vesting in the comparable period last year.

Office and administrative costs increased \$27,000 to \$126,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to \$99,000 for the same period last year. This increase was mainly due to increased investor relations activities as a result of the Option Agreement.

Professional fees increased \$13,000 to \$65,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019 compared to \$52,000 for the comparable period last year. This increase is mainly due to an increase in advisory fees and legal fees as a result of the Option Agreement.

Directors' fees increased \$12,000 to \$54,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to \$42,000 for the comparable period last year. This increase was primarily due to a \$13,000 increase in stock-based compensation as a result of stock options vesting in the three months ended January 31, 2019 having a higher fair value than stock options vesting in the comparable period last year.

We recorded a provision of \$9,000 for uncollectible VAT for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to a provision of \$19,000 for uncollectible VAT in the comparable period last year. The allowance for uncollectible taxes was estimated by management based upon a number of factors, including the length of time the returns have been outstanding, responses received from tax authorities, general economic conditions in Mexico and estimated net recovery after commissions.

#### Other Expenses

We recorded other expenses of \$107,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2019, as compared to other expenses of \$1,609,000 for the comparable period last year. The significant factor contributing to other expense in the three months ended January 31, 2019 was a \$114,000 expense from a change in fair value of warrant derivative liability due to an increase in fair value between October 31, 2018 and January 31, 2019 of warrants with a \$CDN exercise price. The significant factor contributing to other expenses in the three months ended January 31, 2018 was a \$1,598,000 expense from a change in fair value of warrant derivative liability due to an increase in fair value between October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2018 of warrants with a \$CDN exercise price.

Material Changes in Financial Condition; Liquidity and Capital Resources

2019 Warrants Exercised

During the three months ended January 31, 2019, 400,000 warrants to acquire 400,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$39,418 (\$CDN 52,000). We incurred costs of \$70 related to these warrant exercises. From February 1, 2019 through the date of this filing, 1,060,000 warrants to acquire 1,060,000 shares of common stock were exercised at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$103,669 (\$CDN 137,800).

Cash Flows

During the three months ended January 31, 2019, we primarily utilized cash and cash equivalents to fund exploration activities at the Sierra Mojada Property and for general and administrative expenses. Additionally, during the three months ended January 31, 2019, we received net cash proceeds of \$39,000 from warrants exercised and \$1,046,000 from South32. As a result of the exploration activities and general and administrative expenses, which was partially offset by net cash proceeds received from the warrants exercised and funding from South32, cash and cash equivalents decreased from \$3,026,000 at October 31, 2018 to \$2,994,000 at January 31, 2019.

Cash flows used in operating activities for the three months ended January 31, 2019 was \$1,107,000, as compared to \$557,000 for the comparable period in 2018. This increase was mainly due to increased exploration work at the Sierra Mojada Property and general and administrative expenses, and a larger reduction of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and expenses in the three months ended January 31, 2019.

Cash flows used in investing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2019 was \$12,000 for the acquisition of property concessions as compared to \$16,000 for the acquisition of property concessions for the comparable period in 2018.

Cash flows provided by financing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2019 was \$1,085,000, as compared to \$95,000 for the comparable period last year. The cash flow provided by financing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2019 was due to proceeds from the exercise of warrants and funding from South32. The cash flow provided by financing activities for the comparable period last year was due to proceeds from the exercise of warrants.

Capital Resources

As of January 31, 2019, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$2,994,000, as compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$3,026,000 as of October 31, 2018. The decrease in our liquidity was primarily the result of the exploration activities at the Sierra Mojada Property and general and administrative expenses, which were partially offset by proceeds from the exercise of warrants and funding from South32.

Since our inception in November 1993, we have not generated revenue and have incurred an accumulated deficit of \$126,856,381. Accordingly, we have not generated cash flows from operations, and since inception we have relied primarily upon proceeds from private placements and registered direct offerings of our equity securities, warrant exercises and funding from South32 as the primary sources of financing to fund our operations. We anticipate that we will continue to rely on sales of our securities in order to continue to fund our business operations. The issuance of additional shares will result in dilution to our existing stockholders. There is no assurance that we will be able to complete any additional sales of our equity securities or that we will be able to arrange for other financing to fund our planned business activities.

Any future additional financing in the near term will likely be in the form of payments from South32 or proceeds from an issuance of equity securities, which will result in dilution to our existing shareholders. Moreover, we may incur significant fees and expenses in the pursuit of a financing or other strategic transaction, which will increase the rate at which our cash and cash equivalents are depleted.

Capital Requirements and Liquidity: Need for Additional Funding

Our management and board of directors monitor our overall costs, expenses, and financial resources and, if necessary, will adjust our planned operational expenditures in an attempt to ensure that we have sufficient operating capital. We continue to evaluate our costs and planned expenditures, including for our Sierra Mojada Property as discussed below. The continued exploration of the Sierra Mojada Property will require significant amounts of additional capital. In January 2019, our board of directors approved an exploration budget for the Sierra Mojada Property of \$1.8 million for the period from January 2019 through May 2019 and \$1.1 million for general and administrative expenses for calendar year 2019. As of March 13, 2019, we had approximately \$3.8 million in cash and cash equivalents. The continued exploration of the Sierra Mojada Property ultimately will require us to raise additional capital, identify other sources of funding or identify another strategic partner. For information about our current strategic partnership with South32, see Note 4 – Option Agreement to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements (Part I. Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q). If South32 exercises its option to purchase 70% of the equity of Minera Metalin and Contratistas, under the terms of the Option Agreement, we will retain a 30% ownership in Minera Metalin and Contratistas, and be obligated to contribute 30% of subsequent funding toward the development of the Sierra Mojada Project. If we fail to satisfy our funding commitment, our interest in Minera Metalin and Contratistas will be diluted. We do not currently have sufficient funds with which to satisfy this future funding commitment, and there is no certainty that we will be able to obtain sufficient future funds on acceptable terms or at all. If South32 terminates the Option Agreement during calendar year 2019, our funding obligations for the Sierra Mojada Property would increase, likely resulting in a reduction of exploration work on the Sierra Mojada Property. Debt or equity financing may not be available to us on acceptable terms, if at all. Equity financing, if available, may result in substantial dilution to existing stockholders. If we are unable to fund future operations by way of financings, including public or private offerings of equity or debt securities, our business, financial condition and results of operations will be adversely impacted.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to our shareholders.

Critical Accounting Policies

The critical accounting policies are defined in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2018 filed on January 16, 2019.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in the Three-Month Period Ended January 31, 2019

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted, the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (the "FASB's") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2017-05, "Other Income – Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20), Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets," which addresses the transfer to noncustomers of nonfinancial assets or ownership interests in consolidated subsidiaries that do not constitute a business and the contribution of nonfinancial assets that are not a business to a joint venture or other noncontrolled investee. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB's ASU 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business," which clarifies the definition of a business to assist entities in the evaluation of acquisitions and disposals of assets or businesses. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash," which requires entities to show the changes in the total of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," which provides guidance on the presentation and classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB's ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," which (i) requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income, (ii) requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes, (iii) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset, and (iv) eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Effective November 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB's ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," which has subsequently been amended to update revenue guidance under the newly-created ASC 606. The new standard provides a five-step approach to be applied to all contracts with customers and requires expanded disclosures about revenue recognition. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting," to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. ASU 2018-07 simplifies the accounting for nonemployee share-based payments, aligning it more closely with the accounting for employee awards. These changes become effective for our fiscal year beginning November 1, 2019. Early application is permitted. At this time, we have not determined the effects of this update on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases," which will require lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by most leases on the balance sheet. These changes become effective for our fiscal year beginning November 1, 2019. Modified retrospective adoption for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, is required with an option to use certain transition relief. At this time, we have not determined the effects of this update on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows and disclosures.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force) and the SEC did not or are not expected to have a material impact on our present or future consolidated financial statements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Not applicable.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

##### (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of January 31, 2019. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of January 31, 2019.

Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time



periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended January 31, 2019, there have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

See Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies to our financial statements (Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q) for information regarding legal proceedings in which we are involved.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

There have been no material changes from the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

In January, February and March 2019, 1,460,000 warrants to acquire 1,460,000 shares of common stock were exercised by participants in the Company's July 2017 private placement at an exercise price of \$CDN 0.13 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$143,087 (\$CDN 189,800). The Company relied on the exemption from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Rule 506 of Regulation D, or Regulation S, for purposes of the issuance of issuance common stock upon the exercise of warrants.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Company and Affiliated Purchasers

No purchases of equity securities were made by or on behalf of Silver Bull or any "affiliated purchaser" within the meaning of Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act during the period covered by this report.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Description  | Incorporated by Reference |                           |
|----------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                |  | FormDateExhibit           | Filed/ Furnished Herewith |
| <u>31.1</u>    | <u>Certification of CEO Pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |                           | X                         |
| <u>31.2</u>    | <u>Certification of CFO Pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |                           | X                         |
| <u>32.1</u>    | <u>Certification of CEO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>               |                           | XX                        |
| <u>32.2</u>    | <u>Certification of CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>               |                           | XX                        |
| 101.INS*       | XBRL Instance Document   |                           | X                         |
| 101.SCH*       | XBRL Schema Document   |                           | X                         |
| 101.CAL*       | XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document   |                           | X                         |
| 101.DEF*       | XBRL Definition Linkbase Document  |                           | X                         |
| 101.LAB*       | XBRL Labels Linkbase Document  | X                         |                           |
| 101.PRE*       | XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document  | X                         |                           |
| X              | Filed herewith   |                           |                           |
| XX             | Furnished herewith   |                           |                           |

\* The following financial information from Silver Bull Resources, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended January 31, 2019, is formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity, Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SILVER BULL RESOURCES, INC.

Dated: March 15, 2019 By: /s/ Timothy Barry  
Timothy Barry  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: March 15, 2019 By: /s/ Sean Fallis  
Sean Fallis  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)