

TESARO, Inc.
Form 10-Q
October 26, 2012
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File #001-35587

TESARO, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

27-2249687

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

1000 Winter Street, Suite 3300

Waltham, Massachusetts

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

02451

(Zip Code)

(339) 970-0900

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. **Yes** x **No** o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). **Yes** x **No** o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). **Yes** o **No** x

As of October 25, 2012 there were 27,125,438 shares of the registrant's Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share, outstanding.

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TESARO, INC.

(A Development Stage Company)

**FORM 10-Q
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012**

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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TESARO, INC.

(A Development Stage Company)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(all amounts in 000 s, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

	December 31, 2011	September 30, 2012
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,825	\$ 138,580
Other current assets	2,606	1,883
Total current assets	42,431	140,463
Property and equipment, net	118	173
Restricted cash	200	200
Other assets	130	364
Total assets	\$ 42,879	\$ 141,200
Liabilities, convertible preferred stock and stockholders (deficit) equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 605	\$ 1,877
Accrued expenses	2,980	5,777
Other current liabilities	11	6
Total current liabilities	3,596	7,660
Other non-current liabilities	3	
Commitments and contingencies <i>(Note 8 and 9)</i>		
Convertible preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 67,936,782 shares and no shares authorized at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively; 41,052,319 shares and no shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively <i>(Note 5)</i>	64,348	
Stockholders (deficit) equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; no shares and 10,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively; no shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 85,459,770 and 100,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively; 1,259,996 and 27,108,794 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, respectively		3
Additional paid-in capital	305	201,976
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(25,373)	(68,439)

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Total stockholders' (deficit) equity		(25,068)		133,540
Total liabilities, convertible preferred stock and stockholders' (deficit) equity	\$	42,879	\$	141,200

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**TESARO, INC.****(A Development Stage Company)****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and
Comprehensive Loss***(all amounts in 000 s, except per share data)***(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		The Period from March 26, 2010 (Inception) to September 30, 2012
	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Expenses:					
Research and development	\$ 1,921	\$ 11,876	\$ 3,767	\$ 31,558	\$ 43,372
General and administrative	893	1,736	2,068	4,620	9,446
Acquired in-process research and development			500	7,000	14,130
Total expenses	2,814	13,612	6,335	43,178	66,948
Loss from operations	(2,814)	(13,612)	(6,335)	(43,178)	(66,948)
Interest income	14	53	25	112	170
Other loss			(1,010)		(1,661)
Net loss	\$ (2,800)	\$ (13,559)	\$ (7,320)	\$ (43,066)	\$ (68,439)
Net loss per share applicable to common stockholders - basic and diluted	\$ (5.20)	\$ (0.52)	\$ (14.98)	\$ (4.62)	\$ (22.19)
Weighted-average number of common shares used in net loss per share applicable to common stockholders - basic and diluted	539	26,130	489	9,316	3,084
Comprehensive Loss	\$ (2,800)	\$ (13,559)	\$ (7,320)	\$ (43,066)	\$ (68,439)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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TESARO, INC.

(A Development Stage Company)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(all amounts in 000 \$)

(Unaudited)

	2011	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	2012	The Period from March 26, 2010 (Inception) to September 30, 2012
Operating activities				
Net loss	\$ (7,320)		\$ (43,066)	\$ (68,439)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Acquired in-process research and development		500	7,000	14,130
Depreciation		24	43	85
Increase in fair value of investor rights obligation		1,010		1,661
Share based compensation expense		148	1,006	1,311
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Other assets		(255)	489	(2,247)
Accounts payable		252	1,272	1,877
Accrued expenses		708	2,797	5,777
Other liabilities		(6)	(8)	6
Net cash used in operating activities		(4,939)	(30,467)	(45,839)
Investing activities				
Acquisition of product candidate licenses		(500)	(7,000)	(13,500)
Restricted cash				(200)
Purchase of property and equipment		(93)	(98)	(258)
Net cash used in investing activities		(593)	(7,098)	(13,958)
Financing activities				
Proceeds from initial public offering, net of issuance costs			77,960	77,960
Proceeds from exercise of stock options			11	11
Proceeds from sale of convertible preferred and common stock and related investor rights, net of issuance costs		52,131	58,349	120,406
Net cash provided by financing activities		52,131	136,320	198,377
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		46,599	98,755	138,580
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,533	39,825	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	49,132	\$ 138,580	\$ 138,580
Non-cash investing and financing activities				

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Issuance of Series O convertible preferred stock			630
Settlement of investors rights obligations	3,829		3,829
Conversion of convertible preferred stock to common stock		122,697	122,697

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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TESARO, INC.

(A Development Stage Company)

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

TESARO, Inc. (the Company or TESARO), is a development stage company that was incorporated in Delaware on March 26, 2010 and commenced operations in May 2010. TESARO is headquartered in Waltham, Massachusetts.

TESARO is an oncology-focused biopharmaceutical company dedicated to improving the lives of cancer patients by identifying, acquiring, developing and commercializing cancer therapeutics and oncology supportive care products in the United States, Europe and other international markets. Since incorporation, the Company's primary activities have consisted of acquiring product candidates, advancing development of its product candidates, developing intellectual property, recruiting personnel and raising capital. The Company has and intends to continue to in-license and/or acquire rights to oncology compounds in all stages of clinical development. The Company has never earned revenue from these activities, and accordingly, the Company is considered to be in the development stage as of September 30, 2012. The Company is subject to a number of risks similar to those of other development stage companies, including dependence on key individuals, the need to develop commercially viable products, competition from other companies, many of whom are larger and better capitalized, and the need to obtain adequate additional financing to fund the development of its product candidates and further its in-licensing and acquisition activities.

The Company has one business activity, which is the identification, acquisition, development and commercialization of oncology therapeutics and supportive care product candidates, and a single reporting and operating unit structure.

The Company has incurred significant operating losses since inception and has relied on its ability to fund its operations through private equity financings and its initial public offering, and management expects operating losses and negative cash flows to continue for at least the next several years. As the Company continues to incur losses, transition to profitability is dependent upon the successful development, approval, and commercialization of its product candidates and achieving a level of revenues adequate to support the Company's cost structure. The Company may never achieve profitability, and unless and until it does, the Company will continue to need to raise additional capital. Management intends to fund future operations through additional private or public debt or equity offerings, and may seek additional capital through arrangements with strategic partners or from other sources.

Reverse Stock Split

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On June 19, 2012, the Company effectuated a 1 for 3.50 reverse stock split of its common stock. The Company's historical share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to this reverse stock split.

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Initial Public Offering

On June 28, 2012, the Company completed its initial public offering whereby the Company sold 6,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$13.50 per share. The shares began trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on June 29, 2012, and the transaction closed on July 3, 2012. Immediately prior to the closing of the offering, all outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock converted into 19,410,490 shares of common stock. On July 23, 2012, the underwriters purchased an additional 430,183 shares by exercising a portion of the over-allotment option granted to them in connection with the initial public offering. As a result of the closing of the initial public offering and subsequent exercise of the over-allotment option, the Company received aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$78.0 million, which is net of underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses.

In connection with the completion of its initial public offering, on July 3, 2012, the Company filed an amended and restated certificate of incorporation, which, among other things, changed the number of authorized shares of common stock to 100,000,000 shares and preferred stock to 10,000,000 shares.

2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared by TESARO in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary TESARO UK Limited. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The Company operates in one segment.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the Company's annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted. These interim financial statements, in the opinion of management, reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position and results of operations for the interim periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 and the notes thereto, which are included in the Company's Prospectus that forms a part of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-180309), which Prospectus was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) pursuant to Rule 424 on June 29, 2012.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. The most significant estimates and assumptions are used in, among other things, estimating research and development expense accruals and stock-based compensation expense. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and other market-specific or other relevant

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assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates or assumptions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original or remaining maturity from the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include bank demand deposits, marketable securities with maturities of three months or less at purchase, and money market funds that invest primarily in certificate of deposits, commercial paper and U.S. government and U.S. government agency obligations. Cash equivalents are reported at fair value.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company is required to disclose information on all assets and liabilities reported at fair value that enables an assessment of the inputs used in determining the reported fair values. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes valuation inputs based on the observable nature of those inputs. The fair value hierarchy applies only to the valuation inputs used in determining the reported fair value of the investments and is not a measure of the investment credit quality. The hierarchy defines three levels of valuation inputs:

Level 1 inputs	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2 inputs	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
Level 3 inputs	Unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value at December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs utilized to determine such fair value (in thousands):

Description	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
December 31, 2011				
Money market funds	\$ 39,337	\$ 39,337	\$	\$
	\$ 39,337	\$ 39,337	\$	\$
September 30, 2012				
Money market funds	\$ 137,850	\$ 137,850	\$	\$
	\$ 137,850	\$ 137,850	\$	\$

The carrying amounts of accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

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The Company has acquired the rights to develop and commercialize new product candidates. The up-front payments to acquire a new drug compound, as well as future milestone payments, are immediately expensed as acquired in-process research and development provided that no processes or activities have been obtained along with the license, the drug has not achieved regulatory approval for marketing and, absent obtaining such approval, has no alternative future use.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is recognized as expense for all stock-based awards based on estimated fair values at the date of grant. The Company determines stock-based compensation at the option grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The value of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Any changes to the estimated forfeiture rates are accounted for prospectively.

3. Net Loss per Share

Basic and diluted net loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss applicable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, without consideration of common stock equivalents. The Company's potentially dilutive shares, which include the Preferred Stock, outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock are considered to be common stock equivalents and are only included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share when their effect is dilutive.

The amounts in the table below were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share for the relevant periods during 2011 and 2012, prior to the use of the treasury stock method, due to their anti-dilutive effect (in thousands):

	As of September 30,	
	2011	2012
Preferred stock	11,729	
Outstanding stock options	815	2,069
Unvested restricted stock	691	411
Total	13,235	2,480

4. Stock-Based Compensation

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The Company maintains several equity compensation plans, including the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the 2012 Incentive Plan), the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2010 Incentive Plan), and the 2012 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the 2012 ESPP).

On April 27, 2012, the stockholders of the Company approved the 2012 Incentive Plan, which had been previously adopted by the board of directors. Upon effectiveness of the 2012 Incentive Plan, the Company ceased making awards under the 2010 Incentive Plan. The 2012 Incentive Plan allows the Company to grant awards for up to 1,428,571 shares of common stock plus the number of shares of common stock available for grant under the 2010 Incentive Plan as of the effectiveness of the 2012 Incentive Plan (which was an additional 6,857 shares) plus that number of shares of common stock related to awards outstanding under the 2010 Incentive Plan which terminate by expiration, forfeiture, cancellation, cash settlement or otherwise. Each year starting with 2013, the number of shares available for grants of awards

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under the 2012 Incentive Plan will be increased automatically on January 1 by a number of shares of common stock equal to the lesser of 4% of the shares of common stock outstanding at such time or the number of shares determined by the Company's board of directors. Awards under the 2012 Incentive Plan may include the following award types: stock options, which may be either incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options; stock appreciation rights; restricted stock; restricted stock units; dividend equivalent rights; performance shares; performance units; cash-based awards; other stock-based awards, including unrestricted shares; or any combination of the foregoing. As of September 30, 2012, the Company has granted stock options covering 292,104 shares of common stock under the 2012 Incentive Plan and the exercise price of each option has been equal to the closing price of a share of our common stock on the grant date or the fair value as determined by the board of directors on the grant date.

Under the 2010 Incentive Plan, which was approved by the Company's board of directors and stockholders in March 2010, the Company was authorized to grant equity awards up to an aggregate 1,981,130 shares of common stock. As of September 30, 2012, a total of 1,785,703 options and 188,570 restricted stock awards have been granted, and 8,125 options have been exercised, under the 2010 Incentive Plan. As of April 27, 2012, the Company ceased making awards under the 2010 Incentive Plan and the remaining 6,857 shares available for future grants were added to the total number of shares reserved for issuance under the 2012 Incentive Plan. For options granted to date, the exercise price equaled the estimated fair value of the common stock as determined by the board of directors on the date of grant.

Stock-based compensation expense as reflected in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		The Period from March 26, 2010 (Inception) to September 30, 2012
	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Research and development	\$ 8	\$ 166	\$ 15	\$ 317	\$ 363
General and administrative	97	274	133	689	948
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 105	\$ 440	\$ 148	\$ 1,006	\$ 1,311

A summary of the Company's restricted stock activity and related information is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-average fair value per share
Unvested at December 31, 2011	640,578	\$ 0.14
Granted		
Vested	(229,236)	0.18
Forfeited		
Unvested at September 30, 2012	411,342	\$ 0.14

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information is as follows:

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	Shares	Weighted-average exercise price per share
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	893,564	\$ 1.31
Granted	1,184,243	7.87
Exercised	(8,125)	1.33
Cancelled	(714)	6.62
Outstanding at September 30, 2012	2,068,968	\$ 5.06

At September 30, 2012, there was \$56,000 and \$6.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock and unvested stock options, respectively. As of September 30, 2012, the Company expects to recognize these costs over remaining weighted-average periods of 2.3 years and 3.4 years, respectively.

On June 6, 2012, the board of directors adopted the 2012 ESPP, and the stockholders approved it on June 18, 2012, to be effective in connection with the closing of the Company's initial public offering. A total of 275,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for future issuance under the 2012 ESPP pursuant to purchase rights granted to the Company's employees or to employees of the Company's designated subsidiaries. The Company has not begun any offering periods under the 2012 ESPP.

5. Convertible Preferred Stock

On July 3, 2012, immediately prior to the closing of the Company's initial public offering, 67,936,761 outstanding shares of the Company's convertible preferred stock were converted into 19,410,490 shares of its common stock. As of September 30, 2012, the Company does not have any convertible preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Prior to the closing of the initial public offering, the Company's Convertible Preferred Stock consisted of the following (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	December 31, 2011	September 30, 2012
Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011	\$ 21,570	\$
Series O Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value: 1,500,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011	630	
Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value: 46,436,782 shares authorized at December 31, 2011; 19,552,319 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011	42,148	

On June 6, 2011 and July 7, 2011, the Company sold 18,390,796 shares and 1,161,523 shares, respectively, of Series B Preferred Stock pursuant to the Series B Purchase Agreement at a price of \$2.175 per share, resulting in aggregate net proceeds to the Company of \$42.1 million. On March 21, 2012, the Company sold an additional 26,884,442 shares of Series B Preferred Stock to existing investors pursuant to the Series B Purchase Agreement at a price of \$2.175 per share, resulting in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$58.3 million.

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6. Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are recognized based on temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities using statutory rates. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

There were no significant income tax provisions or benefits for the three or nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2012. Due to the uncertainty surrounding the realization of the favorable tax attributes in future tax returns, the Company has recorded a full valuation allowance against the Company's otherwise recognizable net deferred tax assets.

7. Niraparib In-License

In May 2012, the Company entered into a license agreement with Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., a subsidiary of Merck & Co., Inc. (Merck), under which the Company obtained exclusive, worldwide rights to certain patents and non-exclusive rights to certain Merck know-how, to research, develop, manufacture, market and sell niraparib and a backup compound, MK-2512, for all therapeutic and prophylactic uses in humans. The Company is not currently advancing MK-2512. Under the Merck license, the Company is obligated to use diligent efforts to develop and commercialize a licensed product. Under the terms of the license agreement, the Company was required to make an up-front payment to Merck of \$7.0 million in June 2012. The Company is also required to make milestone payments to Merck of up to \$57.0 million in development and regulatory milestones for the first indication, up to \$29.5 million in development and regulatory milestones for each successive indication, and up to \$87.5 million in one-time sales milestones based on the achievement of annual sales objectives. If commercial sales of niraparib commence, the Company will pay Merck tiered royalties at a percentage rate in the low teens based on worldwide annual net sales. As of the date of acquisition, none of the assets acquired had alternative future uses, nor had they reached a stage of technological feasibility. As no process or activities were acquired along with the license, the transaction has been accounted for as an asset acquisition and the entire purchase price of \$7.0 million has been recorded as acquired in-process research and development expense.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company may periodically become subject to legal proceedings and claims arising in connection with on-going business activities, including claims or disputes related to patents that have been issued or that are pending in the field of research on which the Company is focused. The Company is not a party to any litigation and does not have contingency reserves established for any litigation liabilities.

9. Subsequent Events

Facility Lease

Effective October 15, 2012, the Company entered into a lease agreement for certain real property located at 1000 Winter Street, Waltham, Massachusetts to be utilized as the Company's principal executive offices. The term of the lease will begin on the earlier of April 1, 2013 or when the Company

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either takes occupancy of the premises or the landlord completes certain improvements and will continue until March 31, 2015. The Company will recognize rent expense on this facility on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The lease requires the Company to pay rent as follows (in thousands):

Period	Minimum Lease Payments	
Year Ending December 31, 2012	\$	
Year Ending December 31, 2013		541
Year Ending December 31, 2014		755
Year Ending December 31, 2015		189
Year Ending December 31, 2016		
Thereafter		
Total	\$	1,485

In addition to base rent, the Company may also be required to pay a proportionate share of certain of the landlord's annual operating costs above certain base amounts. In connection with this new lease, the Company is required to deliver to the landlord a security deposit of approximately \$0.2 million.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial information and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the audited financial information and the notes thereto included in the Prospectus that forms a part of our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-180309), which Prospectus was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) pursuant to Rule 424 on June 29, 2012.

Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may be deemed to be forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. We make such forward-looking statements pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other federal securities laws. In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, words such as may, will, expect, anticipate, estimate, intend, and similar expressions (as well as other words or expressions referencing future events, conditions or circumstances) are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Examples of forward looking statements contained in this report include statements regarding the following: our intent to continue to leverage the experience and competencies of our senior management team; our expectation that research and development and general and administrative expenses will increase in the future; our expectations regarding our development plans for rolapitant and development plans and targeted indications for niraparib and for TSR-011; and our plans not to develop backup compounds to which we currently have rights; our estimate of the earliest date at which we might commercialize any of our products; and the forecast of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations.

Our actual results and the timing of certain events may differ materially from the results discussed, projected, anticipated or indicated in any forward-looking statements. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which we operate may differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report. In addition, even if our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which we operate are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report, they may not be predictive of results or developments in future periods.

The following information and any forward-looking statements should be considered in light of factors discussed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including those risks identified in the Prospectus that forms a part of our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-180309), which Prospectus was filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424 on June 29, 2012.

We caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements made by us, which speak only as of the date they are made. We disclaim any obligation, except as specifically required by law and the rules of the SEC, to publicly update or revise any such statements to reflect any change in our expectations or in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statements may be based, or that may affect the likelihood that actual results will differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

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Overview

We are an oncology-focused biopharmaceutical company dedicated to improving the lives of cancer patients. We are currently developing three in-licensed product candidates and we intend to continue to leverage the experience and competencies of our senior management team to identify, acquire, develop and commercialize cancer therapeutics and oncology supportive care products that are safer and more effective than existing treatments.

Product Candidate Portfolio. Our product candidate portfolio currently consists of three oncology-related product candidates:

- Rolapitant, a long-acting neurokinin-1, or NK-1, receptor antagonist currently in Phase 3 trials for the prevention of chemotherapy induced nausea and vomiting, or CINV;
- Niraparib, formerly known as MK-4827, is an orally active and potent poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase, or PARP, inhibitor that has undergone a Phase 1 clinical trial in cancer patients as a monotherapy and is currently under evaluation by Merck & Co., Inc., or Merck, for use in combination with temozolomide for the treatment of solid tumors. We intend to evaluate niraparib for the treatment of patients with solid tumors; and
- TSR-011, an orally available anaplastic lymphoma kinase, or ALK, inhibitor (targeted anti-cancer agent) for which we recently announced that the Investigational New Drug (IND) application has become effective. We plan to test TSR-011 in clinical trials as a treatment for non-small cell lung cancer, or NSCLC, and potentially other cancer indications.

Development Stage Operations. We commenced business operations in May 2010. Our operations to date have been limited to organizing and staffing our company, business planning, raising capital, acquiring and developing product candidates, identifying potential product candidates and undertaking preclinical studies and clinical trials of our product candidates. To date, we have not generated any revenues and have financed our operations with net proceeds from private placements of our preferred stock and an initial public offering of our common stock. On June 19, 2012, we effectuated a 1 for 3.50 reverse stock split of our common stock. Our historical share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to this reverse stock split.

As of September 30, 2012, we had a deficit accumulated during the development stage of \$68.4 million. Our net losses were \$43.1 million, \$16.4 million and \$9.0 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, the year ended December 31, 2011 and for the period from March 26, 2010 (inception) to December 31, 2010, respectively. We expect to incur significant expenses and increasing operating losses for the foreseeable future. We expect our expenses to increase in connection with our ongoing activities, particularly as we continue the development and clinical trials of, and seek regulatory approval for, our product candidates. If we obtain regulatory approval for any of our product candidates, we expect to incur significant commercialization expenses related to product sales, marketing, manufacturing and distribution. Furthermore, we expect to incur additional costs associated with operating as a public company. Accordingly, we will seek to fund our operations through public or private equity or debt financings or other sources. Adequate additional financing may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. Our failure to raise capital as and when needed would have a negative impact on our financial condition and our ability to pursue our business strategy. We expect that research and development expenses will increase as we continue the development of our product candidates and general and administrative costs will increase as we grow and operate as a public company. We will need to generate

significant revenues to achieve profitability, and we may never do so.

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Rolapitant. In December 2010, we entered into a license agreement with OPKO Health, Inc., or OPKO, to obtain exclusive worldwide rights to research, develop, manufacture, market and sell rolapitant. The license agreement also extended to an additional, backup compound, SCH900978, to which we have the same rights and obligations as rolapitant, but which we are not currently advancing. In consideration for this license, we paid OPKO \$6.0 million upon signing the agreement and issued 1,500,000 shares of our Series O Preferred Stock. At the time of this transaction, the fair value of our Series O Preferred Stock was determined to be approximately \$0.6 million. We are also required to make milestone payments to OPKO of up to an aggregate of \$30.0 million if specified regulatory and initial commercial sales milestones are achieved. In addition, we are required to make additional milestone payments to OPKO of up to an aggregate of \$85.0 million if specified levels of annual net sales of rolapitant are achieved. If commercial sales of rolapitant commence, we are required to pay OPKO tiered royalties on the amount of annual net sales achieved in the United States and Europe at percentage rates that range from the low teens to the low twenties, which we expect will result in an effective royalty rate in the low teens. The royalty rate on annual net sales outside of the United States and Europe is slightly above the single digits. We will pay royalties on rolapitant until the later of the date that all of the patent rights licensed from OPKO and covering rolapitant expire, are invalidated or are not enforceable and twelve years from the first commercial sale of the product, in each case, on a country-by-country and product-by-product basis. If we elect to develop and commercialize rolapitant in Japan through a third-party licensee we will share equally with OPKO all amounts received by us in connection with such activities under our agreement with such third party, subject to certain exceptions and deductions. OPKO also retains an option to become the exclusive distributor of such products in Latin America, provided that OPKO exercises that option within a defined period following specified regulatory approvals in the United States.

We are responsible for all preclinical, clinical, regulatory and other activities necessary to develop and commercialize rolapitant. There were no ongoing clinical trials for rolapitant or the additional compound at the time of our acquisition of these rights.

Niraparib. In May 2012, we entered into a license agreement with Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., a subsidiary of Merck, under which we obtained exclusive, worldwide rights to certain patents and non-exclusive rights to certain Merck know-how, to research, develop, manufacture, market and sell niraparib and a backup compound, MK-2512, for all therapeutic and prophylactic uses in humans. We are not currently advancing MK-2512. Under the terms of the license agreement, we made an up-front payment to Merck of \$7.0 million in June 2012. We are also required to make milestone payments to Merck of up to \$57.0 million in development and regulatory milestones for the first indication, up to \$29.5 million in development and regulatory milestones for each successive indication, and up to \$87.5 million in one-time sales milestones based on the achievement of annual sales objectives. If commercial sales of niraparib commence, we will pay Merck tiered royalties at percentage rates in the low teens based on worldwide annual net sales, until the later of the expiration of the last patent licensed from Merck covering or claiming niraparib, or the tenth anniversary of the first commercial sale of niraparib, in either case, on a country-by-country basis.

We are responsible for all clinical, regulatory and other activities necessary to develop and commercialize niraparib. At the time of the license transaction, niraparib had completed a Phase 1 clinical trial in cancer patients as a monotherapy. It is currently under evaluation by Merck for use in combination with temozolomide for the treatment of solid tumors. None of the assets to which we acquired rights have alternative future uses, nor have they reached a stage of technological feasibility. We have accounted for this transaction as an asset acquisition because we did not acquire any processes or activities in addition

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to the license. Accordingly, we recorded the entire purchase price of \$7.0 million to acquired in-process research and development expense.

ALK Program. In March 2011, we entered into a license agreement with Amgen, Inc., or Amgen, to obtain exclusive worldwide rights to research, develop, manufacture, market and sell certain licensed ALK inhibitor compounds. Under the terms of the license agreement, we made an up-front payment to Amgen of \$0.5 million. We are also required to make milestone payments to Amgen of up to an aggregate of \$138.0 million if specified clinical development, regulatory, initial commercialization and annual net product sales milestones are achieved. If commercial sales of a product commence, we will pay Amgen tiered royalties at percentage rates ranging from the mid-single digits to slightly above the single digits based on cumulative worldwide net sales until the later of the last patent licensed from Amgen covering the product, the loss of regulatory exclusivity for the product, or the tenth anniversary of the first commercial sale of the product, in all cases, on a country-by-country and product-by-product basis.

We are responsible for all preclinical, clinical, regulatory and other activities necessary to develop and commercialize the ALK product candidates. At the time of the license transaction, ALK was a preclinical compound. We recently announced that the IND application has become effective and that we plan to dose the first patient in a Phase 1/2 clinical study within the next few months.

Private Placements of Securities and Initial Public Offering. As of September 30, 2012, our principal source of liquidity was cash and cash equivalents, which totaled \$138.6 million. Since our inception on March 26, 2010, we have funded our operations primarily through the private placement of our equity securities and an initial public offering of our common stock. As of September 30, 2012, we had received \$120.4 million in net proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock. On June 28, 2012, the Company completed its initial public offering whereby the Company sold 6,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$13.50 per share. The shares began trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on June 29, 2012, and the transaction closed on July 3, 2012. Immediately prior to the closing of the offering, all outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock converted into 19,410,490 shares of common stock. On July 23, 2012, the underwriters purchased an additional 430,183 shares by exercising a portion of the over-allotment option granted to them in connection with the initial public offering. As a result of the closing of the initial public offering and subsequent exercise of the over-allotment option, the Company received aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$78.0 million, which is net of underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses.

Financial Operations Overview

The financial information presented from March 26, 2010 (inception) to December 31, 2010 is based solely on the results of TESARO, Inc. Subsequent to January 1, 2011, the financial information is consolidated and includes the results of our wholly owned subsidiary in the United Kingdom. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue

To date, we have not generated any revenues. Our ability to generate revenue and become profitable depends upon our ability to successfully commercialize products, including any of our product candidates that we have in-licensed, rolapitant, niraparib and TSR-011, or other products or product

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candidates that we may in-license or acquire in the future. We expect to incur losses for the foreseeable future, and we expect these losses to increase as we continue our development of, and seek regulatory approvals for, our product candidates, and begin to commercialize any approved products. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with product development, we are unable to predict the timing or amount of increased expenses, or when or if we will be able to achieve or maintain profitability. Even if we are able to generate revenues from the sale of our products, we may not become profitable. If we fail to become profitable or are unable to sustain profitability on a continuing basis, then we may be unable to continue our operations at planned levels and be forced to reduce our operations.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of costs incurred for the development of our product candidates, which include:

- license fees related to the acquisition of in-licensed products, which are reported on our statements of operations as acquired in-process research and development;

- employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, travel and stock-based compensation expense;

- expenses incurred under agreements with contract research organizations, or CROs, and investigative sites that conduct our clinical trials and preclinical studies;

- the cost of acquiring, developing and manufacturing active pharmaceutical ingredients and clinical trial materials;

- facilities, depreciation and other expenses, which include direct and allocated expenses for rent and maintenance of facilities, insurance and other supplies; and

- costs associated with other preclinical activities and regulatory operations.

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. License fees and milestone payments related to in-licensed products and technology are expensed if it is determined that they have no alternative future use. Costs for certain development activities, such as clinical trials, are recognized based on an evaluation of the progress to completion of specific tasks using data such as patient enrollment, clinical site activations or information provided to us by our vendors.

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Research and development activities are central to our business model. Product candidates in later stages of clinical development generally have higher development costs than those in earlier stages of clinical development, primarily due to the increased size and duration of later-stage clinical trials. We plan to increase our research and development expenses for the foreseeable future. Our costs associated with rolapitant will increase as we continue to enroll our Phase 3 clinical trials and continue the development of both the oral and intravenous formulations. While we have not had significant costs to date associated with niraparib, we expect to incur increasing costs and expenses associated with the product as it is further developed. We expect costs associated with TSR-011 to increase as we begin clinical development activities for this program.

We cannot determine with certainty the duration and completion costs of the current or future clinical trials of our product candidates or if, when, or to what extent we will generate revenues from the commercialization and sale of any of our product candidates that obtain regulatory approval. We may never succeed in achieving regulatory approval for any of our product candidates. The duration, costs and timing of clinical trials and development of our product candidates will depend on a variety of factors,

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including the uncertainties of future clinical and preclinical studies, uncertainties in clinical trial enrollment rate and significant and changing government regulation. In addition, the probability of success for each product candidate will depend on numerous factors, including competition, manufacturing capability and commercial viability. We will determine which programs to pursue and how much to fund each program in response to the scientific and clinical success of each product candidate, as well as an assessment of each product candidate's commercial potential.

The following table identifies research and development expenses and acquired in-process research and development expenses on a program-specific basis for our product candidates in-licensed through September 30, 2012. Personnel-related costs, depreciation and stock-based compensation are not allocated to a program, as they are deployed across multiple projects under development and, as such, are separately classified as personnel and other expenses in the table below (in thousands).

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		The Period from March 26, 2010 (Inception) to September 30, 2012
	2011	2012	
<i>Rolapitant Expenses</i>			
Acquired in-process research and development	\$	\$	\$ 6,630
Research and development	2,359	24,184	33,239
Rolapitant total	2,359	24,184	39,869
<i>Niraparib Expenses</i>			
Acquired in-process research and development		7,000	7,000
Research and development		70	70
Niraparib total		7,070	7,070
<i>TSR-011 Expenses</i>			
Acquired in-process research and development	500		500
Research and development	265	2,536	3,224
TSR-011 total	765	2,536	3,724
<i>Personnel and Other Expenses</i>			
Total	\$ 4,267	\$ 38,558	\$ 57,502

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist principally of salaries and related costs for personnel, including stock-based compensation and travel expenses, in executive and other administrative functions. Other general and administrative expenses include facility related costs, communication expenses and professional fees for legal, patent review, consulting and accounting services.

We anticipate that our general and administrative expenses will increase in the future with continued research and development activities, potential commercialization of our product candidates and continued costs of operating as a public company. These increases will likely include increased costs

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related to the hiring of additional personnel and payments to outside consultants, lawyers and accountants, among other expenses. Additionally, if and when we believe a regulatory approval of the first product candidate appears likely, we anticipate an increase in payroll and expense as a result of our preparation for commercial operations, especially as it relates to the sales and marketing of our product candidates.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense consists of interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents and expense related to the issuance of certain rights to Series A-1 preferred stock investors to purchase shares of Series A-2 preferred stock, or the Series A-2 Purchase Rights. The Series A-2 Purchase Rights provided for the purchase of preferred stock and were deemed to be legally detachable and separately exercisable, and therefore represented free-standing financial instruments that were accounted for as a liability. We recorded the fair value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights at the date of issuance of the Series A-1 preferred stock and adjusted the carrying value of such rights to their estimated fair value at each reporting date. The estimated fair value was determined using a valuation model which considers the probability of achieving defined milestones, our cost of capital, the estimated period the Series A-2 Purchase Rights would be outstanding, consideration received for the instrument with such rights, the number of shares to be issued to satisfy such rights and at what price and any changes in the fair value of the underlying instrument to such rights. From the date of issuance to December 31, 2010 the estimated change in fair value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights was \$0.7 million. On February 10, 2011, the holders of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights exercised such rights. From January 1, 2011 to February 10, 2011, the estimated change in the fair value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights resulted in other expense of \$1.0 million.

Results of Operations**Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2012**

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)
	2011	2012 (in thousands)	
Expenses:			
Research and development	\$ 1,921	\$ 11,876	\$ 9,955
General and administrative	893	1,736	843
Acquired in-process research and development			
Total expenses	2,814	13,612	10,798
Loss from operations	(2,814)	(13,612)	(10,798)
Other income (expense), net	14	53	39
Net loss	\$ (2,800)	\$ (13,559)	\$ (10,759)

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Research and Development Expenses. Research and development expenses were \$11.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, an increase of \$10.0 million. The increase was primarily due to expenses related to the development of our in-licensed product candidates, rolapitant and TSR-011. Significant 2012 activities causing the increase in expense included:

- an increase of \$8.3 million in costs associated with rolapitant clinical trials and the Phase 3 clinical program, including drug substance and drug product development, clinical supply manufacturing and distribution;
- an increase of \$0.3 million associated with niraparib and TSR-011 product development activities
- an increase of \$1.4 million for salaries, benefits and other personnel costs to support the growth of our development activities.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 were \$1.7 million compared to \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, an increase of \$0.8 million. The increase was due primarily to an increase of \$0.5 million in salaries, benefits and other personnel related costs and \$0.3 million in professional and consulting fees and other expenses to support corporate operational activities including certain additional costs associated with public company operations.

Acquired In-Process Research and Development Expenses. We had no acquired in-process research and development expenses for either the three months ended September 30, 2012 or September 30, 2011.

Other Income (expense), Net. Other income is primarily comprised of interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents.

Table of Contents**Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2012**

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)
	2011	2012 (in thousands)	
Expenses:			
Research and development	\$ 3,767	\$ 31,558	\$ 27,791
General and administrative	2,068	4,620	2,552
Acquired in-process research and development	500	7,000	6,500
Total expenses	6,335	43,178	36,843
Loss from operations	(6,335)	(43,178)	(36,843)
Other income (expense), net	(985)	112	1,097
Net loss	\$ (7,320)	\$ (43,066)	\$ (35,746)

Research and Development Expenses. Research and development expenses were \$31.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$3.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, an increase of \$27.8 million. The increase was primarily due to expenses related to the development of our in-licensed product candidates, rolapitant and TSR-011. Significant 2012 activities causing the increase in expense included:

- an increase of \$21.8 million in costs associated with rolapitant clinical trials and the Phase 3 clinical program, including drug product development, clinical supply manufacturing and distribution;
- an increase of \$2.3 million associated with TSR-011 product development and IND enabling studies, which was not acquired until March 2011; and
- an increase of \$3.7 million primarily for salaries, benefits and other personnel costs to support the growth of our development activities.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were \$4.6 million compared to \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, an increase of \$2.5 million. The increase was due primarily to an increase of \$1.3 million in salaries, benefits and other personnel related costs and \$1.2 million in professional and consulting fees and other expenses to support corporate operational activities including certain additional costs associated with public company operations.

Acquired In-Process Research and Development Expenses. We had acquired in-process research and development expenses of \$7.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was due to the difference in up-front acquisition costs associated with our obtaining licensing rights for different products during these time periods. We paid \$7.0 million in cash and recognized the entire amount as acquired in-process research and development expense to acquire the licensing rights to our niraparib program in the nine months ended September 30, 2012. We paid \$0.5 million in cash and recognized \$0.5 million as acquired in-process

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research and development expense to acquire the licensing rights to our ALK program in the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

Other Income (expense), Net. Other income (expense), net was \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, compared to (\$1.0) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, an increase of approximately \$1.1 million. The increase was primarily due to the change in value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights issued in connection with the issuance of 10,000,000 shares of Series A-1 preferred stock on May 10, 2010. The Company recorded the fair value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights at the date of issuance of the Series A-1 preferred stock and adjusted the carrying value of such rights to their estimated fair value at each reporting date and upon settlement. On February 10, 2011, the holders of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights exercised such rights. From January 1, 2011 to February 10, 2011, the estimated increase in fair value of the Series A-2 Purchase Rights was \$1.0 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources*Sources of Liquidity*

To date, we have not generated any revenue. As of September 30, 2012, our principal source of liquidity was cash and cash equivalents, which totaled \$138.6 million. Since our inception on March 26, 2010, we have funded our operations primarily through the private placement of our equity securities and our initial public offering. On July 3, 2012, we closed our initial public offering whereby we sold 6,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$13.50 per share. On July 23, 2012, the underwriters purchased an additional 430,183 shares by exercising a portion of the over-allotment option granted to them in connection with the initial public offering. As a result of the closing of the initial public offering and subsequent exercise of the over-allotment option, we received aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$78.0 million, which is net of underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses.

Prior to our initial public offering, we had received \$120.4 million in net proceeds from the private placement of our preferred stock. This amount includes net proceeds of approximately \$58.3 million that we received in March 2012 upon the issuance of 26,884,442 shares of our Series B Preferred Stock to certain existing investors in connection with the Series B Purchase Agreement.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the primary sources and uses of cash for each of the periods below (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September	
	2011	2012
	(in thousands)	
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ (4,939)	\$ (30,467)
Investing activities	(593)	(7,098)
Financing activities	52,131	136,320

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Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	46,599	98,755
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Cash Flows from Operating Activities.

The use of cash in both the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2012 resulted primarily from our net losses adjusted for non-cash charges and favorable changes in components of working capital. The increase of \$25.5 million in cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011 is primarily due to an increase in research and development expenses as we continued to progress the rolapitant, niraparib and TSR-011 development programs. This increase included increased spending on external research and development costs, in particular higher costs associated with our rolapitant clinical program coupled with increased costs associated with development personnel, partially offset by increases in the balance of accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The increase of \$6.5 million in cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to the \$7.0 million cash payment with respect to our acquisition of the licensing rights for niraparib during June 2012.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The increase of \$84.2 million in cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to the aggregate net proceeds of \$78.0 million, which is net of underwriting discounts and commissions, from the closing of our July 2012 initial public offering and the related partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option as well as net proceeds of \$58.3 million from the issuance of 26,884,442 shares of Series B Preferred Stock in March of 2012. The cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was the result of the sale and issuance of 10,000,000 shares of our Series A-2 preferred stock for net proceeds of \$10.0 million, and the sale and issuance of 19,552,319 shares of our Series B Preferred Stock for net proceeds of \$42.1 million.

Operating Capital Requirements

Assuming that we successfully complete clinical trials and obtain the requisite regulatory approvals, we do not anticipate commercializing any of our product candidates until 2014 at the earliest. We anticipate that we will continue to generate losses for the foreseeable future, and we expect the losses to increase as we continue the development of, and seek regulatory approvals for, our product candidates, and begin to commercialize any approved products. We are subject to all of the risks incident in the development of new biopharmaceutical products, and we may encounter unforeseen expenses, difficulties, complications, delays and other unknown factors that may adversely affect our business.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents and interest thereon will be sufficient to fund our projected operating requirements for at least the next 12 months. However, we may require additional capital to complete development of our product candidates and, if any of our product candidates receive regulatory approval, to commercialize our product candidates. If we acquire or in-license additional product

candidates or approved products, consistent with our strategy to expand our product portfolio, we may need to raise additional capital sooner than we would otherwise expect.

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Until we can generate a sufficient amount of revenue from our products, if ever, we expect to finance future cash needs through public or private equity or debt offerings. Additional capital may not be available on reasonable terms, if at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital in sufficient amounts or on terms acceptable to us we may have to significantly delay, scale back or discontinue the development or commercialization of one or more of our product candidates. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of debt or equity securities it could result in dilution to our existing stockholders, increased fixed payment obligations and these securities may have rights senior to those of our common stock and could contain covenants that would restrict our operations and potentially impair our competitiveness, such as limitations on our ability to incur additional debt, limitations on our ability to acquire, sell or license intellectual property rights and other operating restrictions that could adversely impact our ability to conduct our business. Any of these events could significantly harm our business, financial condition and prospects.

Our forecast of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations is a forward-looking statement and involves risks and uncertainties, and actual results could vary as a result of a number of factors. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could utilize our available capital resources sooner than we currently expect. Our future funding requirements, both near and long-term, will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to:

- the initiation, progress, timing, costs and results of clinical trials for our product candidates and future product candidates we may in-license, including our Phase 3 clinical trials for rolapitant and the further development of niraparib and TSR-011;
- the attainment of milestones and our need to make royalty payments to OPKO, Merck or Amgen, or to any other future product candidate licensor, if any, under our in-licensing agreements;
- the number and characteristics of product candidates that we in-license and develop;
- the outcome, timing and cost of regulatory approvals by the FDA and comparable foreign regulatory authorities, including the potential for the FDA or comparable foreign regulatory authorities to require that we perform more studies than those that we currently expect;
- the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing any patent claims and other intellectual property rights;
- the effect of competing technological and market developments;
- the cost and timing of completion of commercial-scale outsourced manufacturing activities; and
- the cost of establishing sales, marketing and distribution capabilities for rolapitant or any product candidates for which we may receive regulatory approval.

If a lack of available capital results in an inability to expand our operations or otherwise capitalize on our business opportunities, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Effective October 15, 2012, we entered into a lease agreement for certain real property located at 1000 Winter Street, Waltham, Massachusetts to be utilized as our principal executive offices. The term of the lease will begin on the earlier of April 1, 2013 or when we either take occupancy of the premises or the landlord completes certain improvements and will continue until March 31, 2015. The lease requires

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us to pay rent as follows (in thousands):

Period	Minimum Lease Payments
Year Ending December 31, 2012	\$
Year Ending December 31, 2013	541
Year Ending December 31, 2014	755
Year Ending December 31, 2015	189
Year Ending December 31, 2016	
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 1,485

In addition to base rent, we may also be required to pay a proportionate share of certain of the landlord's annual operating costs above certain base amounts. In connection with this new lease, we are required to deliver to the landlord a security deposit of approximately \$0.2 million.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2012, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Regulation S-K, Item 303(a)(4)(ii).

Critical Accounting Policies

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in our financial statements. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to accrued expenses and stock-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical experience, known trends and events and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. In making estimates and judgments, management employs critical accounting policies.

For a description of our critical accounting policies, please see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the Prospectus that forms a part of our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-180309), which Prospectus was filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424 on June 29, 2012. There have not been any material changes to our critical accounting policies since December 31, 2011.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates. As of December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$39.8 million and \$138.6 million, respectively, consisting primarily of money market funds. Our primary exposure to market risk is interest rate

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sensitivity, which is affected by changes in the general level of United States interest rates, particularly because our investments are in short-term securities. Our securities are subject to interest rate risk and will fall in value if market interest rates increase. Due to the short-term duration of our investment portfolio and the low risk profile of our investments, an immediate 100 basis point change in interest rates would not have a material effect on the fair market value of our portfolio.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Managements Evaluation of our Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e), with the participation of our management, has concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective and are designed to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. It should be noted that any system of controls is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that the system will achieve its stated goals under all reasonably foreseeable circumstances. Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a level that provides such reasonable assurances.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter covered by this report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

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An investment in our stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks set forth in the Risk Factors section of our Prospectus that forms a part of our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-180309), which Prospectus was filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424 on June 29, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Our initial public offering of common stock was effected through a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 33-180309) that was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on June

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27, 2012. The aggregate gross proceeds in the offering of the 6,000,000 shares were \$81.0 million. We paid to the underwriters underwriting discounts and commissions of approximately \$5.7 million in connection with the offering. In addition, we incurred expenses of approximately \$2.7 million in connection with the offering, which when added to the underwriting discounts and commissions paid by us, amounts to total expenses of approximately \$8.4 million. Thus, the net offering proceeds to us, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses, were approximately \$72.6 million. No offering expenses were paid directly or indirectly to any of our directors or officers (or their associates) or persons owning ten percent or more of any class of our equity securities or to any other affiliates.

On July 23, 2012, the underwriters exercised a portion of the over-allotment option granted to them in connection with the initial public offering, which option was for the purchase of up to an additional 900,000 shares of common stock. As a result of this exercise, the Company sold an additional 430,183 shares of common stock to the underwriters and received an additional \$5.4 million in proceeds, which is net of underwriting discounts and commissions.

As of September 30, 2012, we had used approximately \$9.9 million of the net proceeds from our initial public offering to fund operations, capital expenditures, working capital and other general corporate purposes. The remainder of the proceeds are held by the Company as cash and cash equivalents.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

The exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are set forth on the Exhibit Index, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TESARO, INC.

By: */s/ Leon O. Moulder, Jr.*
Leon O. Moulder, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 26, 2012

TESARO, INC.

By: */s/ Richard J. Rodgers*
Richard J. Rodgers
*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Secretary and Treasurer*

Date: October 26, 2012

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
3.1(1)	Fourth Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company
3.2(1)	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company
31.1	Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
EX-101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
EX-101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
EX-101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
EX-101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
EX-101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

(1) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2012 (File No. 001-35587)
