

Northwest Bancshares, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
August 09, 2013  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013**

**or**

**o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the transition period from                      to**

**Commission File Number 001-34582**

**NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Maryland**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**27-0950358**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**100 Liberty Street, Warren, Pennsylvania**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**16365**

(Zip Code)

**(814) 726-2140**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer ☒ Accelerated Filer ☐ Non-Accelerated Filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a Shell Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Common Stock (\$0.01 par value) 94,093,857 shares outstanding as of August 1, 2013

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Table of Contents**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION****(in thousands, except share data)**

Assets		
Interest-earning deposits in other financial institutions	359,997	362,794
Marketable securities available-for-sale (amortized cost of \$1,136,792 and \$1,053,122)	1,144,953	1,079,074
Total cash and investments	1,726,547	1,685,859
Personal Banking:		
Residential mortgage loans	2,414,347	2,400,208
Other consumer loans	223,514	235,367
Business Banking:		
Commercial loans	397,308	388,994
Total loans	5,691,407	5,702,480
Total loans, net	5,618,817	5,629,261
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	48,240	46,834
Real estate owned, net	21,269	26,165
Bank owned life insurance	139,210	137,044
Other intangible assets	2,832	3,529
Total assets	\$ 7,963,814	7,942,600
Liabilities and Shareholders' equity		
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 796,137	755,429
Savings deposits	2,337,183	2,271,311
Total deposits	5,783,092	5,764,600

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Borrowed funds	857,344	860,047
Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance	33,260	23,325
Other liabilities	57,748	62,177
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 50,000,000 authorized, no shares issued		
Paid-in capital	613,520	613,249
Unallocated common stock of employee stock ownership plan	(23,743)	(24,525)
Total shareholders' equity	1,128,233	1,128,469

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)****(in thousands, except per share data)**

	Quarter ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest income:				
Loans receivable	\$ 71,987	77,173	144,960	155,117
Mortgage-backed securities	3,308	4,409	6,749	9,100
Taxable investment securities	1,034	435	1,939	1,008
Tax-free investment securities	2,094	2,318	4,157	4,764
Interest-earning deposits	340	473	591	853
Total interest income	78,763	84,808	158,396	170,842
Interest expense:				
Deposits	7,404	11,184	15,218	24,128
Borrowed funds	8,032	7,912	15,863	15,811
Total interest expense	15,436	19,096	31,081	39,939
Net interest income	63,327	65,712	127,315	130,903
Provision for loan losses	5,405	4,963	12,563	11,250
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	57,922	60,749	114,752	119,653
Noninterest income:				
Impairment losses on securities				(545)
Noncredit related losses on securities not expected to be sold (recognized in other comprehensive income)				307
Net impairment losses				(238)
Gain/ (loss) on sale of investments, net	19	(44)	120	
Service charges and fees	9,037	8,951	17,728	17,591
Trust and other financial services income	2,263	2,018	4,467	4,134
Insurance commission income	2,190	1,603	4,485	3,321
Loss on real estate owned, net	(2,285)	(582)	(2,415)	(1,652)
Income from bank owned life insurance	1,088	1,107	2,173	2,224
Mortgage banking income	236	789	1,192	1,320
Other operating income	865	1,244	2,041	2,241
Total noninterest income	13,413	15,086	29,791	28,941
Noninterest expense:				
Compensation and employee benefits	28,156	27,416	56,086	55,254
Premises and occupancy costs	5,744	5,483	11,897	11,231
Office operations	3,866	3,340	7,134	6,664
Processing expenses	7,390	6,059	13,243	12,201
Marketing expenses	2,093	3,829	3,993	5,865
Federal deposit insurance premiums	1,424	1,418	2,862	3,038
Professional services	1,199	1,500	2,892	3,197
Amortization of other intangible assets	349	279	697	574
Real estate owned expense	600	571	1,199	1,311
Other expenses	1,985	2,071	4,274	3,907
Total noninterest expense	52,806	51,966	104,277	103,242

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Income before income taxes	18,529	23,869	40,266	45,352
Federal and state income taxes	5,051	7,508	11,490	13,810
Net income	\$ 13,478	16,361	28,776	31,542
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.15	0.17	0.32	0.33
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.15	0.17	0.32	0.33

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)****(in thousands)**

		<b>Quarter ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six months ended June 30,</b>	
		<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Net Income	\$	13,478	16,361	28,776	31,542
Other comprehensive income net of tax:					
Net unrealized holding gains/ (losses) on marketable securities:					
Unrealized holding gains/ (losses) net of tax of \$7,276, \$(572), \$6,841 and \$(1,473), respectively		(11,399)	894	(10,729)	2,255
Other-than-temporary impairment on securities included in net income, net of tax of \$0, \$0, \$0 and \$(93), respectively					145
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income, net of tax of \$44, \$91, \$87 and \$122 respectively		(68)	(141)	(134)	(190)
Net unrealized holding gains/ (losses) on marketable securities		(11,467)	753	(10,863)	2,210
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps, net of tax of \$(874), \$410, \$(1,241) and \$48, respectively		1,626	(641)	2,306	(90)
Defined benefit plan:					
Reclassification adjustment for prior period service costs included in net income, net of tax of \$(123), \$(232), \$(246) and \$(463), respectively		229	431	458	862
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)		(9,612)	543	(8,099)	2,982
Total comprehensive income	\$	3,866	16,904	20,677	34,524

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements



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(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

<b>Quarter ended June 30, 2012</b>	<b>Common Stock Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss)</b>	<b>Unallocated common stock of ESOP</b>	<b>Total Shareholders Equity</b>
Beginning balance at March 31, 2012	97,593,396	\$ 976	660,933	547,352	(20,787)	(25,568)	1,162,906
<b>Comprehensive income:</b>							
Net income				16,361			16,361
Other comprehensive income, net of tax of \$(303)					543		543
Total comprehensive income				16,361	543		16,904
Exercise of stock options	24,101		209				209
Stock compensation expense	263,377	3	1,041			376	1,420
Dividends paid (\$0.12 per share)				(11,435)			(11,435)
Ending balance at June 30, 2012	97,880,874	\$ 979	662,183	552,278	(20,244)	(25,192)	1,170,004
<b>Quarter ended June 30, 2013</b>							
<b>Beginning balance at March 31, 2013</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss)</b>	<b>Unallocated common stock of ESOP</b>	<b>Total Shareholders Equity</b>
Beginning balance at March 31, 2013	93,802,335	\$ 938	615,160	565,594	(9,975)	(24,137)	1,147,580
<b>Comprehensive income:</b>							
Net income				13,478			13,478
Other comprehensive income, net of tax of \$6,350					(9,612)		(9,612)
Total comprehensive income				13,478	(9,612)		3,866
Exercise of stock options	174,992	2	1,681				1,683
Stock compensation expense	269,320	3	1,134			394	1,531
Share repurchases	(368,800)	(4)	(4,455)				(4,459)
Dividends paid (\$0.24 per share)				(21,968)			(21,968)
Ending balance at June 30, 2013	93,877,847	\$ 939	613,520	557,104	(19,587)	(23,743)	1,128,233

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See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

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**NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.**
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)**

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Common Stock		Paid-in	Retained	Accumulated	Unallocated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss)	common stock of ESOP	Shareholders' Equity
<b>Six months ended June 30, 2012</b>							
Beginning balance at December 31, 2011	97,493,046	\$ 975	659,523	543,598	(23,226)	(25,966)	1,154,904
Comprehensive income:							
Net income				31,542			31,542
Other comprehensive income, net of tax of \$(1,859)					2,982		2,982
Total comprehensive income				31,542	2,982		34,524
Exercise of stock options	124,451	1	994				995
Stock-based compensation expense	263,377	3	1,666			774	2,443
Dividends paid (\$0.24 per share)				(22,862)			(22,862)
Ending balance at June 30, 2012	97,880,874	\$ 979	662,183	552,278	(20,244)	(25,192)	1,170,004
<b>Six months ended June 30, 2013</b>							
Beginning balance at December 31, 2012	93,652,960	\$ 937	613,249	550,296	(11,488)	(24,525)	1,128,469
Comprehensive income:							
Net income				28,776			28,776
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax of \$5,441					(8,099)		(8,099)
Total comprehensive income				28,776	(8,099)		20,677
Exercise of stock options	324,367	3	2,898				2,901
Stock-based compensation expense	269,320	3	1,828			782	2,613
Share repurchases	(368,800)	(4)	(4,455)				(4,459)
Dividends paid (\$0.24 per share)				(21,968)			(21,968)
Ending balance at June 30, 2013	93,877,847	\$ 939	613,520	557,104	(19,587)	(23,743)	1,128,233

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

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	<b>2013</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2012</b>
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net Income	\$ 28,776	31,542
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	12,563	11,250
Net (gain)/ loss on sale of assets	(584)	832
Net depreciation, amortization and accretion	4,708	3,691
Decrease in other assets	11,200	15,464
Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities	(21)	6,428
Net amortization/ (accretion) on marketable securities	59	(19)
Noncash impairment losses on investment securities		238
Noncash write-down of real estate owned	2,971	886
Origination of loans held for sale	(35,991)	(106,900)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	51,673	95,315
Noncash compensation expense related to stock benefit plans	2,613	2,443
Net cash provided by operating activities	77,967	61,170
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of marketable securities available-for-sale	(227,595)	(144,666)
Proceeds from maturities and principal reductions of marketable securities available-for-sale	143,939	155,891
Proceeds from maturities and principal reductions of marketable securities held-to-maturity	21,690	51,170
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities available-for-sale		
Loan originations	(984,068)	(1,030,529)
Proceeds from loan maturities and principal reductions	962,424	902,818
Redemption/ (purchase) of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(1,406)	2,101
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned	8,969	6,329
Sale of real estate owned for investment, net	228	228
Purchase of premises and equipment	(7,895)	(8,561)
Net cash used in investing activities	(83,714)	(65,219)

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**NORTHWEST BANCSHARES, INC.**
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (continued)**

(in thousands)

		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Increase in deposits, net	\$ 18,492	25,545	
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	30,000		
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(34)	(34)	
Net increase/ (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(32,669)	25,223	
Increase in advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance	9,935	8,753	
Cash dividends paid	(21,968)	(22,862)	
Purchase of common stock for retirement	(4,459)		
Proceeds from stock options exercised	2,901	995	
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,198	37,620	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (3,549)	33,571	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 451,704	688,297	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,549)	33,571	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 448,155	721,868	
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 87,524	82,295	
Interest-earning deposits in other financial institutions	359,997	638,940	
Federal funds sold and other short-term investments	634	633	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 448,155	721,868	
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest on deposits and borrowings (including interest credited to deposit accounts of \$13,707 and \$20,736, respectively)	\$ 30,926	39,801	
Income taxes	\$ 15,960	4,292	
Non-cash activities:			
Loans foreclosures and repossessions	\$ 7,019	12,038	
Sale of real estate owned financed by the Company	\$ 296	380	

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Unaudited**

**(1) Basis of Presentation and Informational Disclosures**

Northwest Bancshares, Inc. (the Company) or ( NWBI ), a Maryland corporation headquartered in Warren, Pennsylvania, is a savings and loan holding company regulated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The Company was incorporated to be the successor to Northwest Bancorp, Inc. upon the completion of the mutual-to-stock conversion of Northwest Bancorp, MHC in December 2009. The primary activity of the Company is the ownership of all of the issued and outstanding common stock of Northwest Savings Bank, a Pennsylvania-chartered savings bank ( Northwest ). Northwest is regulated by the FDIC and the Pennsylvania Department of Banking. At June 30, 2013, Northwest operated 166 community-banking offices throughout Pennsylvania, western New York, eastern Ohio and Maryland.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary, Northwest, and Northwest's subsidiaries Northwest Settlement Agency, LLC, Northwest Consumer Discount Company, Northwest Financial Services, Inc., Northwest Advisors, Inc., Northwest Capital Group, Inc., Boetger & Associates, Inc., Allegheny Services, Inc., Great Northwest Corporation, Veracity Benefit Designs, Inc. and The Bert Company. The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required for complete annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position and results of operations have been included. The consolidated statements have been prepared using the accounting policies described in the financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 updated, as required, for any new pronouncements or changes. The following sections of our **Summary of Significant Accounting Principles** have been updated since the filing of our form 10K and are included herein.

**Investment Securities**

We classify marketable securities at the time of purchase as held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading securities. Securities for which management has the intent and we have the ability to hold until their maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and are carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts on a level yield basis (amortized cost). If it is management's intent at the time of purchase to hold securities for an indefinite period of time and/or to use such securities as part of its asset/liability management strategy, the securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as accumulated other comprehensive income/ (loss), a separate component of shareholders' equity, net of tax. Securities classified as available-for-sale include securities that may be sold in response to changes in interest rates, resultant prepayment risk, or other market factors. Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading and are reported at fair value, with changes in fair value included in earnings. The cost of securities sold is determined on a specific identification basis. We held no securities classified as trading at or for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

On at least a quarterly basis, we review our investments that are in an unrealized loss position for other-than-temporary impairment ( OTTI ). An investment security is deemed impaired if the fair value of the investment is less than its amortized cost. If an investment security is determined to be impaired, we evaluate whether the decline in value is other-than-temporary. We also consider whether or not we expect to receive all of the contractual cash flows from the investment security based on factors that include, but are not limited to: the credit worthiness of the issuer and the historical and projected performance of the underlying collateral. Also, we may evaluate the business and financial outlook of the issuer, as well as broader economic performance indicators. We consider our intent to sell the investment securities and the





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likelihood that we will not have to sell the investment securities before recovery of their cost basis during our evaluation. Declines in fair value of investment securities that are deemed credit related are recognized in earnings while declines in fair value of investment securities deemed noncredit related are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income, if we do not intend to sell and it is not likely we will be required to sell. If we intend to sell the security or if it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security the entire unrealized loss is recorded in earnings.

Federal law requires a member institution of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) system to hold stock of its district FHLB according to a predetermined formula. This stock is recorded at cost. Quarterly, we evaluate our investment in the FHLB of Pittsburgh for impairment. We evaluate recent and long-term operating performance, liquidity, funding and capital positions, stock repurchase history, dividend history and impact of legislative and regulatory changes. Based on our most recent evaluation, we have determined that no impairment write-downs are currently required.

**Loans Receivable**

Our loan portfolio segments consist of Personal Banking loans and Business Banking loans. Personal Banking loans include the following classes: residential mortgage loans, home equity loans and other consumer loans. Business Banking loans include the following classes: commercial real estate loans and commercial loans. All classes of loans are carried at their unpaid principal balance net of any deferred origination fees or costs and the allowance for estimated loan losses. Interest income on loans is credited to income as earned. Interest earned on loans for which no payments were received during the month is accrued at month end. Accrued interest on loans more than 90 days delinquent is reversed, and such loans are placed on nonaccrual.

All classes of loans are placed on nonaccrual when principal or interest is 90 days or more delinquent, or when there is reasonable doubt that interest or principal will not be collected in accordance with the contractual terms. Interest receipts on all classes of nonaccrual and impaired loans are recognized as interest revenue when it has been determined that all principal and interest will be collected or are applied to principal when collectability of principal is in doubt. Nonaccrual loans generally are restored to an accrual basis when principal and interest become current and a period of performance has been established in accordance with the contractual terms, typically six months.

A loan (from any class) is considered to be a trouble-debt restructured loan (TDR) when the restructuring constitutes a concession and the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. TDRs may include certain modifications of terms of loans, receipts of assets from borrowers in partial or full satisfaction of loans, or a combination thereof. TDRs are impaired loans and are measured for impairment until the loan has performed in accordance with its modified terms for a reasonable period of time, generally six consecutive months. A modified loan is determined to be a TDR based on the contractual terms as specified by the original loan agreements of the most recent modification. Once classified a TDR, a loan is only removed from such classification under three circumstances: (1) the loan is paid off, (2) the loan is charged off, or (3) if, at the beginning of the current fiscal year, the loan has performed in accordance with the modified terms for a minimum of six consecutive months and at the time of modification the loan's interest rate represented a then current market interest rate for a loan of similar risk.

For all classes of loans, delinquency is measured based on the number of days since the payment due date. For all classes of loans, past due status is measured using the loan's contractual maturity date.



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Loan fees and certain direct loan origination costs are deferred, and the net deferred fee or cost is then recognized using the level-yield method over the contractual life of the loan as an adjustment to interest income.

The results of operations for the quarter ended and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013, or any other period.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

On May 15, 2013, we awarded employees 511,100 stock options and directors 79,200 stock options with an exercise price of \$12.44 and a grant date fair value of \$1.03 per stock option. On May 15, 2013, we also awarded employees 240,700 restricted common shares and directors 29,700 restricted common shares with a grant date fair value of \$12.55. Awarded stock options and common shares vest over a ten-year period with the first vesting occurring on the grant date. Stock-based compensation expense of \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$2.6 million and \$2.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, was recognized in compensation expense relating to our stock benefit plans. At June 30, 2013 there was compensation expense of \$5.6 million to be recognized for awarded but unvested stock options and \$16.2 million for unvested common shares.

**Income Taxes- Uncertain Tax Positions**

Accounting standards prescribe a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. A tax benefit from an uncertain position may be recognized only if it is more likely than not that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits. The tax benefit of a qualifying position is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information. As of June 30, 2013 we had no liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

We recognize interest accrued related to: (1) unrecognized tax benefits in federal and state income taxes and (2) refund claims in other operating income. We recognize penalties (if any) in federal and state income taxes. There is no amount accrued for the payment of interest or penalties at June 30, 2013. We are subject to audit by the Internal Revenue Service and any state in which we conduct business for the tax periods ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009.

(2) **Business Segments**

We operate in two reportable business segments: Community Banking and Consumer Finance. The Community Banking segment provides services traditionally offered by full-service community banks, including business and personal deposit accounts and business and personal loans, as well as insurance, brokerage and investment management and trust services. The Consumer Finance segment, which is comprised of Northwest Consumer Discount Company, a subsidiary of Northwest, operates 52 offices in Pennsylvania and offers personal installment loans for a variety of consumer and real estate products. This activity is funded primarily through an intercompany borrowing relationship with Allegheny Services, Inc., a subsidiary of Northwest. Net income is the primary measure used by management to measure segment performance.

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The following tables provide financial information for these reportable segments. The "All Other" column represents the parent company and elimination entries necessary to reconcile to the consolidated amounts presented in the financial statements.

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At or for the quarter ended:

<b>June 30, 2013 (\$ in 000 s)</b>	<b>Community Banking</b>	<b>Consumer Finance</b>	<b>All other (1)</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
External interest income	\$ 73,236	5,218	309	78,763
Intersegment interest income	676		(676)	
Interest expense	14,162	676	598	15,436
Provision for loan losses	4,700	705		5,405
Noninterest income	12,986	414	13	13,413
Noninterest expense	49,447	3,144	215	52,806
Income tax expense (benefit)	5,024	459	(432)	5,051
Net income	13,565	648	(735)	13,478
Total assets	\$ 7,811,048	111,102	41,664	7,963,814

<b>June 30, 2012 (\$ in 000 s)</b>	<b>Community Banking</b>	<b>Consumer Finance</b>	<b>All other (1)</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
External interest income	\$ 79,041	5,512	255	84,808
Intersegment interest income	738		(738)	
Interest expense	17,785	738	573	19,096
Provision for loan losses	4,250	713		4,963
Noninterest income	14,490	581	15	15,086
Noninterest expense	48,587	3,180	199	51,966
Income tax expense (benefit)	7,304	647	(443)	7,508
Net income	16,343	815	(797)	16,361
Total assets	\$ 7,881,277	116,262	40,457	8,037,996

(1) Eliminations consist of intercompany loans, interest income and interest expense.

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At or for the six months ended:

June 30, 2013 (\$ in 000 s)	Community Banking	Consumer Finance	All other (1)	Consolidated
External interest income	\$ 147,330	10,419	647	158,396
Intersegment interest income	1,376		(1,376)	
Interest expense	28,556	1,376	1,149	31,081
Provision for loan losses	11,006	1,557		12,563
Noninterest income	29,010	733	48	29,791
Noninterest expense	97,559	6,288	430	104,277
Income tax expense (benefit)	11,535	801	(846)	11,490
Net income	29,060	1,130	(1,414)	28,776
Total assets	\$ 7,811,048	111,102	41,664	7,963,814

June 30, 2012 (\$ in 000 s)	Community Banking	Consumer Finance	All other (1)	Consolidated
External interest income	\$ 159,231	11,043	568	170,842
Intersegment interest income	1,486		(1,486)	
Interest expense	37,325	1,486	1,128	39,939
Provision for loan losses	9,750	1,500		11,250
Noninterest income	27,787	1,092	62	28,941
Noninterest expense	96,465	6,376	401	103,242
Income tax expense (benefit)	13,525	1,151	(866)	13,810
Net income	31,439	1,622	(1,519)	31,542
Total assets	\$ 7,881,277	116,262	40,457	8,037,996

(1) Eliminations consist of intercompany loans, interest income and interest expense.

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The following table shows the portfolio of investment securities available-for-sale at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	<b>Amortized cost</b>	<b>Gross unrealized holding gains</b>	<b>Gross unrealized holding losses</b>	<b>Fair value</b>
Debt issued by the U.S. government and agencies:				
Due in one year or less	\$ 36			36
Debt issued by government sponsored enterprises:				
Due in one year or less	1,999	2		2,001
Due in one year - five years	207,441	160	(4,645)	202,956
Due in five years - ten years	112,750	162	(2,473)	110,439
Equity securities	15,527	11,999	(79)	27,447
Municipal securities:				
Due in one year - five years	9,676	178		9,854
Due in five years - ten years	16,250	414		16,664
Due after ten years	87,878	2,124	(182)	89,820
Corporate debt issues:				
Due after ten years	22,176	609	(2,273)	20,512
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Fixed rate pass-through	95,476	3,589	(1,226)	97,839
Variable rate pass-through	90,974	4,414	(11)	95,377
Fixed rate non-agency CMOs	4,576	545		5,121
Fixed rate agency CMOs	296,311	1,845	(7,477)	290,679
Variable rate non-agency CMOs	718		(24)	694
Variable rate agency CMOs	175,004	767	(257)	175,514
Total residential mortgage-backed securities	663,059	11,160	(8,995)	665,224
Total marketable securities available-for-sale	\$ 1,136,792	26,808	(18,647)	1,144,953

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The following table shows the portfolio of investment securities available-for-sale at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized holding gains	Gross unrealized holding losses	Fair value
Debt issued by the U.S. government and agencies:				
Due in one year or less	\$ 40			40
Debt issued by government sponsored enterprises:				
Due in one year or less	1,999	5		2,004
Due in one year - five years	140,352	183	(22)	140,513
Due in five years - ten years	95,602	460	(265)	95,797
Equity securities	13,301	6,025	(22)	19,304
Municipal securities:				
Due in one year - five years	9,629	233		9,862
Due in five years - ten years	17,355	668		18,023
Due after ten years	100,644	5,679		106,323
Corporate debt issues:				
Due after ten years	24,911	483	(2,691)	22,703
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Fixed rate pass-through	85,134	6,266		91,400
Variable rate pass-through	104,591	5,314	(6)	109,899
Fixed rate non-agency CMOs	5,700	156	(236)	5,620
Fixed rate agency CMOs	227,608	3,462	(744)	230,326
Variable rate non-agency CMOs	873		(20)	853
Variable rate agency CMOs	225,383	1,345	(321)	226,407
Total residential mortgage-backed securities	649,289	16,543	(1,327)	664,505
Total marketable securities available-for-sale	\$ 1,053,122	30,279	(4,327)	1,079,074

The following table shows the portfolio of investment securities held-to-maturity at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized holding gains	Gross unrealized holding losses	Fair value
Municipal securities:				
Due in five years - ten years	\$ 5,712	170		5,882
Due after ten years	63,591	1,922		65,513
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Fixed rate pass-through	12,791	526		13,317
Variable rate pass-through	5,745	155		5,900
Fixed rate agency CMOs	42,875	1,495		44,370
Variable rate agency CMOs	2,725	26		2,751
Total residential mortgage-backed securities	64,136	2,202		66,338
Total marketable securities held-to-maturity	\$ 133,439	4,294		137,733





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The following table shows the portfolio of investment securities held-to-maturity at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized holding gains	Gross unrealized holding losses	Fair value
Municipal securities:				
Due in five years - ten years	\$ 3,679	160		3,839
Due after ten years	65,596	3,743		69,339
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Fixed rate pass-through	16,369	912		17,281
Variable rate pass-through	6,548		(14)	6,534
Fixed rate agency CMOs	56,713	2,006		58,719
Variable rate agency CMOs	6,176	81		6,257
Total residential mortgage-backed securities	85,806	2,999	(14)	88,791
Total marketable securities held-to-maturity	\$ 155,081	6,902	(14)	161,969

We review our investment portfolio on a quarterly basis for indications of impairment. This review includes analyzing the length of time and the extent to which amortized cost has exceeded fair values, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, including any specific events which may influence the operations of the issuer, and the intent to hold the investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for a recovery in value. Certain investments are evaluated using our best estimate of future cash flows. If the estimate of cash flows indicates that an adverse change has occurred, other-than-temporary impairment would be recognized for the amount of the unrealized loss that was deemed credit related.

The following table shows the fair value of and gross unrealized losses on investment securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Fair value	Unrealized loss
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 280,143	(7,118)			280,143	(7,118)
Municipal securities	4,969	(182)			4,969	(182)
Corporate issues	870	(21)	4,034	(2,252)	4,904	(2,273)
Equity securities	543	(79)			543	(79)
Residential mortgage-backed securities - non-agency			694	(24)	694	(24)
Residential mortgage-backed securities - agency	327,653	(8,809)	34,333	(162)	361,986	(8,971)
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 614,178	(16,209)	39,061	(2,438)	653,239	(18,647)



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The following table shows the fair value of and gross unrealized losses on investment securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Fair value	Unrealized loss
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 70,128	(286)	6,537	(1)	76,665	(287)
Corporate debt issues	850	(39)	12,095	(2,652)	12,945	(2,691)
Equity securities	601	(21)	17	(1)	618	(22)
Residential mortgage-backed securities - non-agency			4,357	(256)	4,357	(256)
Residential mortgage-backed securities - agency	167,294	(1,055)	14,231	(30)	181,525	(1,085)
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 238,873	(1,401)	37,237	(2,940)	276,110	(4,341)

# Corporate issues

At June 30, 2013, we had five investments with a total amortized cost of \$6.3 million and total fair value of \$4.0 million, where the amortized cost exceeded the carrying value for more than 12 months. These investments were three single issuer trust preferred investments and two pooled trust preferred investments. The single issuer trust preferred investments were evaluated for other-than-temporary impairment by determining the strength of the underlying issuer. In all cases, the underlying issuer was well-capitalized for regulatory purposes. None of the issuers have deferred interest payments or announced the intention to defer interest payments. We believe the decline in fair value is related to the spread over three month LIBOR, on which the quarterly interest payments are based, as the spread over LIBOR is significantly lower than current market spreads on similar investments. We concluded the impairment of these three investments was considered noncredit related. In making that determination, we also considered the duration and the severity of the losses and whether we intend to hold these securities until the value is recovered, the securities are redeemed or maturity. The pooled trust preferred investments were evaluated for other-than-temporary impairment by considering the duration and severity of the losses, actual cash flows, projected cash flows, performing collateral, the class of investment owned and the amount of additional defaults the structure could withstand prior to the investment experiencing a disruption in cash flows. Neither of the investments experienced a cash flow disruption or are projecting a cash flow disruption. We concluded, based on all facts evaluated, the impairment of these two investments was noncredit related. Management asserts that we do not have the intent to sell these investments and that it is more likely than not, we will not have to sell the investments before recovery of their cost basis.

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The following table provides class, amortized cost, fair value and ratings information for our portfolio of corporate securities that have an unrealized loss at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Description	Class	Amortized cost	Total Fair value	Unrealized losses	Moody s/ Fitch ratings
Bank Boston Capital Trust (1)	N/A	\$ 989	786	(203)	Ba2/ BB+
Huntington Capital Trust	N/A	1,428	1,059	(369)	Baa3/ BB
Commercebank Capital Trust	N/A	891	870	(21)	Not rated
Ocean Shore Capital Trust	N/A	869	830	(39)	Not rated
I-PreTSL I	Mezzanine	1,500	591	(909)	Not rated/ CCC
I-PreTSL II	Mezzanine	1,500	768	(732)	Not rated/ B
		\$ 7,177	4,904	(2,273)	

(1) Bank Boston was acquired by Bank of America.

The following table provides collateral information on the pooled trust preferred securities included in the previous table at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Description	Total collateral	Current deferrals and defaults	Performing collateral	Additional immediate defaults before causing an interest shortfall
I-PreTSL I	\$ 188,500	32,500	156,000	100,845
I-PreTSL II	325,500	24,500	301,000	165,965

## Mortgage-backed securities

Mortgage-backed securities include agency (FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA and SBA) mortgage-backed securities and non-agency collateralized mortgage obligations ( CMOs ). We review our portfolio of mortgage-backed securities quarterly for impairment. As of June 30, 2013, we believe the impairment within our portfolio of agency mortgage-backed securities is noncredit related. As of June 30, 2013, we had seven non-agency CMOs with a total amortized cost of \$5.3 million and a total fair value of \$5.8 million. Included in this total was one non-agency CMO with an amortized cost of \$718,000 and a fair value of \$694,000, where the amortized cost exceeded the fair value for more than 12 months. During the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2013, we did not recognize other-than-temporary credit related impairment on this security. We determined the impairment was noncredit related by analyzing cash flow estimates, estimated prepayment speeds, loss severity and conditional default rates. We considered the discounted cash flow analysis as our primary evidence when we determined that the impairment on this security was noncredit related.

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The following table shows issuer specific information, amortized cost, fair value, unrealized gain or loss and other-than-temporary impairment recorded in earnings for the portfolio of non-agency CMOs at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Description	Amortized cost	Fair value	Unrealized gain/ (loss)	Impairment recorded in current period earnings	Total impairment recorded in prior period earnings
AMAC 2003-6 2A2	\$ 150	154	4		
AMAC 2003-6 2A8	311	319	8		
BOAMS 2005-11 1A8	135	280	145		(146)
CWALT 2005-J14 A3	3,432	3,815	383		(1,007)
CFSB 2003-17 2A2	324	325	1		
WAMU 2003-S2 A4	224	228	4		
WFMBS 2003-B A2	718	694	(24)		
	\$ 5,294	5,815	521		(1,153)

# Municipal Securities

We review our portfolio of municipal securities quarterly for impairment. We initially evaluate municipal securities for other-than-temporary impairment by comparing the fair value, provided to us by a third party pricing source using quoted prices for similar assets that are actively traded, to the carrying value. When an investment's fair value is below 80% of the amortized cost we then assess the stated interest rate and compare the stated interest rate to current market interest rates to determine if the decline in fair value is considered to be attributable to interest rates. If the stated interest rate approximates current interest rates for similar securities, we determine if the investment is rated and if so, if the rating has changed in the current period. If the rating has not changed during the current period, we review publicly available information to determine if there has been any negative change in the underlying municipality. As of June 30, 2013, none of the investments in our municipal securities portfolio had an amortized cost that exceeded the fair value for more than twelve months.

Credit related other-than-temporary impairment on all debt securities is recognized in earnings while noncredit related other-than-temporary impairment on available-for-sale debt securities, not expected to be sold, is recognized in other comprehensive income.

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The table below shows a cumulative roll forward of credit losses recognized in earnings for debt securities held and not intended to be sold for the quarter ended (in thousands):

	2013	2012
Beginning balance at April 1, (1)	\$ 9,744	10,560
Credit losses on debt securities for which other-than-temporary impairment was not previously recognized		
Reduction for losses realized during the quarter	(47)	(664)
Additional credit losses on debt securities for which other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized		
Ending balance at June 30,	\$ 9,697	9,896

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(1) The beginning balance represents credit losses included in other-than-temporary impairment charges recognized on debt securities in prior periods.

The table below shows a cumulative roll forward of credit losses recognized in earnings for debt securities held and not intended to be sold for the six months ended (in thousands):

	2013	2012
Beginning balance at Janaury 1, (1)	\$ 9,811	11,633
Credit losses on debt securities for which other-than-temporary impairment was not previously recognized		
Reduction for losses realized during the year	(114)	(1,975)
Additional credit losses on debt securities for which other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized		238
Ending balance at June 30,	\$ 9,697	9,896

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(1) The beginning balance represents credit losses included in other-than-temporary impairment charges recognized on debt securities in prior periods.

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(4) Loans receivable

The following table shows a summary of our loans receivable at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Personal Banking:		
Loans held for sale	\$ 296	15,441
Residential mortgage loans	2,424,478	2,416,419
Home equity loans	1,064,716	1,076,637
Other consumer loans	223,514	235,367
Total Personal Banking	3,713,004	3,743,864
Business Banking:		
Commercial real estate	1,650,635	1,615,701
Commercial loans	441,519	432,944
Total Business Banking	2,092,154	2,048,645
Total loans receivable, gross	5,805,158	5,792,509
Deferred loan fees	493	(1,624)
Allowance for loan losses	(72,590)	(73,219)
Undisbursed loan proceeds:		
Residential mortgage loans	(10,624)	(14,587)
Commercial real estate	(59,409)	(29,868)
Commercial loans	(44,211)	(43,950)
Total loans receivable, net	\$ 5,618,817	5,629,261



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The following table provides information related to the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2013	Current period provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance March 31, 2013
<b>Personal Banking:</b>					
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 7,859	583	(777)	175	7,878
Home equity loans	8,350	914	(805)	30	8,211
Other consumer loans	4,823	963	(1,280)	280	4,860
Total Personal Banking	21,032	2,460	(2,862)	485	20,949
<b>Business Banking:</b>					
Commercial real estate loans	35,558	2,500	(2,696)	194	35,560
Commercial loans	11,786	258	(542)	597	11,473
Total Business Banking	47,344	2,758	(3,238)	791	47,033
Unallocated	4,214	187			4,027
Total	\$ 72,590	5,405	(6,100)	1,276	72,009

The following table provides information related to the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2012	Current period provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance March 31, 2012
<b>Personal Banking:</b>					
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 7,997	1,250	(1,219)	102	7,864
Home equity loans	8,634	1,240	(589)	36	7,947
Other consumer loans	4,665	1,339	(1,504)	241	4,589
Total Personal Banking	21,296	3,829	(3,312)	379	20,400
<b>Business Banking:</b>					
Commercial real estate loans	34,781	1,774	(2,959)	675	35,291
Commercial loans	9,431	(712)	(2,719)	142	12,720
Total Business Banking	44,212	1,062	(5,678)	817	48,011
Unallocated	4,602	72			4,530
Total	\$ 70,110	4,963	(8,990)	1,196	72,941

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The following table provides information related to the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2013	Current period provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance December 31, 2012
<b>Personal Banking:</b>					
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 7,859	1,035	(1,456)	278	8,002
Home equity loans	8,350	1,138	(1,175)	93	8,294
Other consumer loans	4,823	1,759	(2,684)	592	5,156
Total Personal Banking	21,032	3,932	(5,315)	963	21,452
<b>Business Banking:</b>					
Commercial real estate loans	35,558	7,357	(6,686)	388	34,499
Commercial loans	11,786	1,086	(3,222)	680	13,242
Total Business Banking	47,344	8,443	(9,908)	1,068	47,741
Unallocated	4,214	188			4,026
Total	\$ 72,590	12,563	(15,223)	2,031	73,219

The following table provides information related to the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable for the six months ended June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2012	Current period provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance December 31, 2011
<b>Personal Banking:</b>					
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 7,997	1,577	(2,262)	200	8,482
Home equity loans	8,634	1,368	(1,481)	60	8,687
Other consumer loans	4,665	1,546	(2,791)	585	5,325
Total Personal Banking	21,296	4,491	(6,534)	845	22,494
<b>Business Banking:</b>					
Commercial real estate loans	34,781	6,093	(4,432)	972	32,148
Commercial loans	9,431	480	(3,368)	239	12,080
Total Business Banking	44,212	6,573	(7,800)	1,211	44,228
Unallocated	4,602	186			4,416
Total	\$ 70,110	11,250	(14,334)	2,056	71,138

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The following table provides information related to the loan portfolio by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Recorded investment in loans receivable	Allowance for loan losses	Recorded investment in loans on nonaccrual (1)	Recorded investment in loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing	TDRs	Allowance related to TDRs	Additional commitments to customers with loans classified as TDRs
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 2,414,643	7,859	27,276		4,385	849	
Home equity loans	1,064,716	8,350	9,745		1,981	362	
Other consumer loans	223,514	4,823	1,849				
<b>Total Personal Banking</b>	<b>3,702,873</b>	<b>21,032</b>	<b>38,870</b>		<b>6,366</b>	<b>1,211</b>	
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans	1,591,226	35,558	55,138		49,084	7,060	482
Commercial loans	397,308	11,786	26,558		31,067	3,517	3,656
<b>Total Business Banking</b>	<b>1,988,534</b>	<b>47,344</b>	<b>81,696</b>		<b>80,151</b>	<b>10,577</b>	<b>4,138</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,691,407</b>	<b>68,376</b>	<b>120,566</b>		<b>86,517</b>	<b>11,788</b>	<b>4,138</b>

(1) Includes \$42.0 million of nonaccrual TDRs.

The following table provides information related to the loan portfolio by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Recorded investment in loans receivable	Allowance for loan losses	Recorded investment in loans on nonaccrual (1)	Recorded investment in loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing	TDRs	Allowance related to TDRs	Additional commitments to customers with loans classified as TDRs
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 2,415,649	8,002	25,083	9	5,045	1,074	
Home equity loans	1,076,637	8,294	9,114	2	1,891	266	
Other consumer loans	235,367	5,156	1,980	776			
<b>Total Personal Banking</b>	<b>3,727,653</b>	<b>21,452</b>	<b>36,177</b>	<b>787</b>	<b>6,936</b>	<b>1,340</b>	
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans	1,585,833	34,499	57,861	388	49,826	7,322	391
Commercial loans	388,994	13,242	26,174	523	32,682	4,112	2,596
	1,974,827	47,741	84,035	911	82,508	11,434	2,987

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## Total Business Banking

Total	\$	5,702,480	69,193	120,212	1,698	89,444	12,774	2,987
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(1) Includes \$41.2 million of nonaccrual TDRS.

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The following table provides geographical and delinquency information related to the loan portfolio by portfolio segment and class of financing receivable at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Pennsylvania	New York	Ohio	Maryland	Other	Total
Recorded investment in loans receivable:						
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 2,039,800	156,543	18,441	144,707	55,152	2,414,643
Home equity loans	909,012	111,977	10,107	27,656	5,964	1,064,716
Other consumer loans	206,322	9,914	2,896	1,247	3,135	223,514
Total Personal Banking	3,155,134	278,434	31,444	173,610	64,251	3,702,873
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans	886,468	463,079	27,302	137,357	77,020	1,591,226
Commercial loans	282,764	61,133	17,488	25,496	10,427	397,308
Total Business Banking	1,169,232	524,212	44,790	162,853	87,447	1,988,534
Total	\$ 4,324,366	802,646	76,234	336,463	151,698	5,691,407
Percentage of total loans in geographic area	76.0%	14.1%	1.3%	5.9%	2.7%	100.0%

	Pennsylvania	New York	Ohio	Maryland	Other	Total
Loans 90 or more days delinquent:						
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 15,725	1,663	230	3,503	2,609	23,730
Home equity loans	5,546	1,505	87	1,287	182	8,607
Other consumer loans	1,664	21	4	4	13	1,706
Total Personal Banking	22,935	3,189	321	4,794	2,804	34,043
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans	15,865	381		2,483	2,143	20,872
Commercial loans	4,394	2,718		861	622	8,595
Total Business Banking	20,259	3,099		3,344	2,765	29,467
Total	\$ 43,194	6,288	321	8,138	5,569	63,510
Percentage of loans 90 or more days delinquent in geographic area.	1.0%	0.8%	0.4%	2.4%	3.7%	1.1%

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The following table provides geographical and delinquency information related to the loan portfolio by portfolio segment and class of financing receivable at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Pennsylvania	New York	Ohio	Maryland	Other	Total
Recorded investment in loans receivable:						
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 2,024,520	158,090	19,290	152,676	61,073	2,415,649
Home equity loans	917,645	111,461	10,828	29,734	6,969	1,076,637
Other consumer loans	213,604	10,235	3,066	1,291	7,171	235,367
Total Personal Banking	3,155,769	279,786	33,184	183,701	75,213	3,727,653
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans	853,290	443,940	34,261	136,600	117,742	1,585,833
Commercial loans	269,415	55,517	12,878	25,497	25,687	388,994
Total Business Banking	1,122,705	499,457	47,139	162,097	143,429	1,974,827
Total	\$ 4,278,474	779,243	80,323	345,798	218,642	5,702,480
Percentage of total loans in geographic area	75.0%	13.7%	1.4%	6.1%	3.8%	100.0%

	Pennsylvania	New York	Ohio	Maryland	Other	Total
Loans 90 or more days delinquent:						
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 15,694	1,430	231	3,932	2,999	24,286
Home equity loans	5,096	1,515	132	1,428	308	8,479
Other consumer loans	1,861	69		5	1	1,936
Total Personal Banking	22,651	3,014	363	5,365	3,308	34,701
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans	17,406	706		4,298	2,140	24,550
Commercial loans	3,493	7		2,678	2,918	9,096
Total Business Banking	20,899	713		6,976	5,058	33,646
Total	\$ 43,550	3,727	363	12,341	8,366	68,347
Percentage of loans 90 or more days delinquent in geographic area.	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	3.6%	3.8%	1.2%

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The following table provides information related to the composition of impaired loans by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at and for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Nonaccrual loans 90 or more days delinquent	Nonaccrual loans less than 90 days delinquent	Loans less than 90 days delinquent reviewed for impairment	TDRs less than 90 days delinquent not included elsewhere	Total impaired loans	Average recorded investment in impaired loans	Interest income recognized on impaired loans
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 23,730	3,546		3,090	30,366	30,378	362
Home equity loans	8,607	1,138		1,526	11,271	10,439	183
Other consumer loans	1,706	143			1,849	1,857	21
<b>Total Personal Banking</b>	<b>34,043</b>	<b>4,827</b>		<b>4,616</b>	<b>43,486</b>	<b>42,674</b>	<b>566</b>
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans	20,872	34,266	35,398	12,311	102,847	86,633	1,797
Commercial loans	8,595	17,963	4,375	5,884	36,817	44,591	578
<b>Total Business Banking</b>	<b>29,467</b>	<b>52,229</b>	<b>39,773</b>	<b>18,195</b>	<b>139,664</b>	<b>131,224</b>	<b>2,375</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 63,510</b>	<b>57,056</b>	<b>39,773</b>	<b>22,811</b>	<b>183,150</b>	<b>173,898</b>	<b>2,941</b>

The following table provides information related to the composition of impaired loans by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at and for the year ended December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Nonaccrual loans 90 or more days delinquent	Nonaccrual loans less than 90 days delinquent	Loans less than 90 days delinquent reviewed for impairment	TDRs less than 90 days delinquent not included elsewhere	Total impaired loans	Average recorded investment in impaired loans	Interest income recognized on impaired loans
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 24,286	797		3,011	28,094	28,078	683
Home equity loans	8,479	635		1,352	10,466	10,535	342
Other consumer loans	1,936	44			1,980	1,841	35
<b>Total Personal Banking</b>	<b>34,701</b>	<b>1,476</b>		<b>4,363</b>	<b>40,540</b>	<b>40,454</b>	<b>1,060</b>
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans	24,550	33,311	33,282	16,274	107,417	98,891	3,636
Commercial loans	9,096	17,078		10,180	36,354	51,131	1,828
<b>Total Business Banking</b>	<b>33,646</b>	<b>50,389</b>	<b>33,282</b>	<b>26,454</b>	<b>143,771</b>	<b>150,022</b>	<b>5,464</b>

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Total	\$	68,347	51,865	33,282	30,817	184,311	190,476	6,524
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The following table provides information related to the evaluation of impaired loans by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

		Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans individually evaluated for impairment	Loans individually evaluated for impairment for which there is a related impairment reserve	Related impairment reserve	Loans individually evaluated for impairment for which there is no related reserve
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$	2,409,954	4,689	4,689	850	
Home equity loans		1,062,649	2,067	2,067	362	
Other consumer loans		223,394	120	120	1	
Total Personal Banking		3,695,997	6,876	6,876	1,213	
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans		1,513,176	78,050	58,040	9,153	20,010
Commercial loans		363,314	33,994	31,690	4,773	2,304
Total Business Banking		1,876,490	112,044	89,730	13,926	22,314
Total	\$	5,572,487	118,920	96,606	15,139	22,314

The following table provides information related to the evaluation of impaired loans by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

		Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans individually evaluated for impairment	Loans individually evaluated for impairment for which there is a related impairment reserve	Related impairment reserve	Loans individually evaluated for impairment for which there is no related reserve
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$	2,411,932	3,717	3,717	992	
Home equity loans		1,076,012	625	625	189	
Other consumer loans		235,367				
Total Personal Banking		3,723,311	4,342	4,342	1,181	
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans		1,501,032	84,801	61,136	9,789	23,665
Commercial loans		352,752	36,242	35,622	5,637	620
Total Business Banking		1,853,784	121,043	96,758	15,426	24,285
Total	\$	5,577,095	125,385	101,100	16,607	24,285



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Our loan portfolios include certain loans that have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring (TDR), where concessions have been granted to borrowers who have experienced financial difficulties. These concessions typically result from our loss mitigation activities and could include: extending the note's maturity date, permitting interest only payments, reducing the interest rate to a rate lower than current market rates for new debt with similar risk, reducing the principal payment, principal forbearance or other actions. These concessions are applicable to all loan segments and classes. Certain TDRs are classified as nonperforming at the time of restructuring and may be returned to performing status after considering the borrower's sustained repayment performance for a reasonable period of at least six months.

When we modify loans in a TDR, we evaluate any possible impairment similar to other impaired loans based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the contractual interest rate of the original loan agreement, the loan's observable market price or the current fair value of the collateral, less selling costs, for collateral dependent loans. If we determine that the value of the modified loan is less than the recorded investment in the loan (net of previous charge-offs, deferred loan fees or costs and unamortized premium or discount), impairment is recognized through an allowance estimate or a charge-off to the allowance. In periods subsequent to modification, we evaluate all TDRs, including those that have payment defaults, for possible impairment, using ASC 310-10. As a result, loans modified in a TDR may have the financial effect of increasing the specific allowance associated with the loan.

Loans modified in a TDR are closely monitored for delinquency as an early indicator of possible future default. If loans modified in a TDR subsequently default, we evaluate the loan for possible further impairment. The allowance may be increased, adjustments may be made in the allocation of the allowance, partial charge-offs may be taken to further write-down the carrying value of the loan, or the loan may be charged-off completely.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, four home equity loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$99,000, two residential mortgage loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$172,000, four commercial real estate loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$1.1 million and two commercial loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$17,000 were charged off. Additionally, two home equity loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$7,000, one residential mortgage loan TDR with a balance of \$109,000, five commercial real estate loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$851,000 and ten commercial loan TDRs with a combined balance of \$2.0 million were paid off.

The following table provides a roll forward of troubled debt restructurings for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		For the six months ended June 30,		For the year ended December 31,
		2013	2012	2012
Beginning TDR balance:	\$	89,444	69,429	69,429
New TDRs (1)		9,333	23,170	56,845
Net paydowns		(7,924)	(12,728)	(25,205)
Charge-offs		(1,351)	(554)	(2,704)
Paid-off loans		(2,985)	(846)	(8,921)
Ending TDR balance:	\$	86,517	78,471	89,444
Accruing TDRs	\$	44,474	50,129	48,278
Non-accrual TDRs		42,043	28,342	41,166

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(1) For December 31, 2012, includes \$3.0 million of loans added in accordance with recent regulatory guidance requiring loans discharged under bankruptcy proceedings and not reaffirmed by the borrower to be charged-off to their collateral value and to be considered TDRs regardless of their payment delinquency status.

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The following table provides information related to troubled debt restructurings by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable during the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	For the quarter ended June 30, 2013				For the six months ended June 30, 2013			
	Number of contracts	Recorded investment at the time of modification	Current recorded investment	Current allowance	Number of contracts	Recorded investment at the time of modification	Current recorded investment	Current allowance
Troubled debt restructurings:								
Personal Banking:								
Residential mortgage loans		\$			2	\$	179	161
Home equity loans	1	4	3		4	291	285	133
Other consumer loans								
Total Personal Banking	1	4	3		6	470	446	159
Business Banking:								
Commercial real estate loans	2	3,665	3,616	47	35	7,082	6,004	306
Commercial loans	3	53	38	5	24	1,781	1,658	220
Total Business Banking	5	3,718	3,654	52	59	8,863	7,662	526
Total	6	\$ 3,722	3,657	52	65	\$ 9,333	8,108	685
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted:								
Personal Banking:								
Residential mortgage loans	1	\$ 60	60	16	1	\$ 60	60	16
Home equity loans	1	53	58	33	2	237	188	140
Other consumer loans								
Total Personal Banking	2	113	118	49	3	297	248	156
Business Banking:								
Commercial real estate loans	1	211	208	59	4	1,785	1,630	127
Commercial loans	2	2,487	2,636	146	6	5,413	3,713	304
Total Business Banking	3	2,698	2,844	205	10	7,198	5,343	431
Total	5	\$ 2,811	2,962	254	13	\$ 7,495	5,591	587

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The following table provides information related to troubled debt restructurings by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable during the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	For the quarter ended June 30, 2012				For the six months ended June 30, 2012					
	Number of contracts	Recorded investment at the time of modification	Current recorded investment	Current allowance	Number of contracts	Recorded investment at the time of modification	Current recorded investment	Current allowance		
Troubled debt restructurings:										
Personal Banking:										
Residential mortgage loans		\$				\$				
Home equity loans										
Other consumer loans										
Total Personal Banking										
Business Banking:										
Commercial real estate loans	7		2,887	2,881	250	10	4,155	3,745	276	
Commercial loans	11		17,752	17,377	391	13	19,015	18,485	441	
Total Business Banking	18		20,639	20,258	641	23	23,170	22,230	717	
Total	18	\$	20,639	20,258	641	23	\$	23,170	22,230	717
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted:										
Personal Banking:										
Residential mortgage loans		\$			1	\$	449	361		
Home equity loans										
Other consumer loans										
Total Personal Banking										
					1		449	361		
Business Banking:										
Commercial real estate loans	2		686	576	58	3	1,261	1,091	58	
Commercial loans										
Total Business Banking	2		686	576	58	3	1,261	1,091	58	
Total	2	\$	686	576	58	4	\$	1,710	1,452	58

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The following table provides information related to re-modified troubled debt restructurings by portfolio segment and by class of financing receivable for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

Personal Banking:			
Residential mortgage loans	\$		
Home equity loans			
Other consumer loans			
Total Personal Banking			
Business Banking:			
Commercial real estate loans	2	3,616	3,616
Commercial loans	1	10	10
Total Business Banking	3	3,626	3,626
Total	3	\$ 3,626	3,626

No TDRs were re-modified during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

The following table provides information related to loan delinquencies at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	30-59 Days delinquent	60-89 Days delinquent	90 Days or greater delinquent	Total delinquency	Current	Recorded investment in loans receivable
Personal Banking:						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 3,741	8,516	23,730	35,987	2,378,656	2,414,643
Home equity loans	4,993	1,361	8,607	14,961	1,049,755	1,064,716
Other consumer loans	4,334	1,470	1,706	7,510	216,004	223,514
Total Personal Banking	13,068	11,347	34,043	58,458	3,644,415	3,702,873
Business Banking:						
Commercial real estate loans	7,982	3,170	20,872	32,024	1,559,202	1,591,226
Commercial loans	952	2,389	8,595	11,936	385,372	397,308
Total Business Banking	8,934	5,559	29,467	43,960	1,944,574	1,988,534
Total	\$ 22,002	16,906	63,510	102,418	5,588,989	5,691,407

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The following table provides information related to loan delinquencies at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	30-59 Days delinquent	60-89 Days delinquent	90 Days or greater delinquent	Total delinquency	Current	Recorded investment in loans receivable
<b>Personal Banking:</b>						
Residential mortgage loans	\$ 32,921	9,387	24,286	66,594	2,349,055	2,415,649
Home equity loans	6,534	1,977	8,479	16,990	1,059,647	1,076,637
Other consumer loans	5,456	1,830	1,936	9,222	226,145	235,367
<b>Total Personal Banking</b>	<b>44,911</b>	<b>13,194</b>	<b>34,701</b>	<b>92,806</b>	<b>3,634,847</b>	<b>3,727,653</b>
<b>Business Banking:</b>						
Commercial real estate loans	13,001	4,596	24,550	42,147	1,543,686	1,585,833
Commercial loans	3,233	10,158	9,096	22,487	366,507	388,994
<b>Total Business Banking</b>	<b>16,234</b>	<b>14,754</b>	<b>33,646</b>	<b>64,634</b>	<b>1,910,193</b>	<b>1,974,827</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 61,145</b>	<b>27,948</b>	<b>68,347</b>	<b>157,440</b>	<b>5,545,040</b>	<b>5,702,480</b>

**Credit quality indicators:** We categorize loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. We analyze loans individually by classifying the loans by credit risk. Credit relationships greater than or equal to \$1.0 million classified as special mention or substandard are reviewed quarterly for further deterioration or improvement to determine if the loan is appropriately classified. We use the following definitions for risk ratings other than pass:

**Special mention** Loans designated as special mention have specific, well-defined risk issues, which create a high level of uncertainty regarding the long-term viability of the business. Loans in this class are considered to have high-risk characteristics. A special mention loan exhibits material negative financial trends due to company-specific or systemic conditions. If these potential weaknesses are not mitigated, they threaten the borrower's capacity to meet its debt obligations. Special mention loans still demonstrate sufficient financial flexibility to react to and positively address the root cause of the adverse financial trends without significant deviations from their current business strategy. Their potential weaknesses deserve our close attention and warrant enhanced monitoring.

**Substandard** Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and payment capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that we will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

**Doubtful** Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard. In addition, those weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable. A loan classified as doubtful exhibits discernible loss potential, but a complete loss seems very unlikely. The possibility of a loss on a doubtful loan is high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors that may strengthen the loan, its classification as an estimated loss is deferred until a more exact status can be determined.



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**Loss** Loans classified as loss are considered uncollectible and of such value that the continuance as a loan is not warranted. A loss classification does not mean that the loan has no recovery or salvage value; instead, it means that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off all or a portion of a basically worthless loan even though partial recovery may be affected in the future.

The following table sets forth information about credit quality indicators, which were updated during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

		Pass	Special mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Recorded investment in loans receivable
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$	2,396,268		17,089		1,286	2,414,643
Home equity loans		1,056,154		8,562			1,064,716
Other consumer loans		222,365		1,149			223,514
Total Personal Banking		3,674,787		26,800		1,286	3,702,873
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans		1,382,750	60,700	145,052	2,724		1,591,226
Commercial loans		329,619	13,089	52,382	2,218		397,308
Total Business Banking		1,712,369	73,789	197,434	4,942		1,988,534
Total	\$	5,387,156	73,789	224,234	4,942	1,286	5,691,407

The following table sets forth information about credit quality indicators, which were updated during the year ended December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

		Pass	Special mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Recorded investment in loans receivable
<b>Personal Banking:</b>							
Residential mortgage loans	\$	2,395,809		18,743	48	1,049	2,415,649
Home equity loans		1,068,183		8,454			1,076,637
Other consumer loans		234,106		1,261			235,367
Total Personal Banking		3,698,098		28,458	48	1,049	3,727,653
<b>Business Banking:</b>							
Commercial real estate loans		1,352,118	68,130	163,751	1,834		1,585,833
Commercial loans		320,228	13,077	52,742	2,947		388,994
Total Business Banking		1,672,346	81,207	216,493	4,781		1,974,827
Total	\$	5,370,444	81,207	244,951	4,829	1,049	5,702,480

Table of Contents**(5) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

The following table provides information for intangible assets subject to amortization at the dates indicated (in thousands):

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Amortizable intangible assets:		
Core deposit intangibles gross	\$ 30,578	30,578
Acquisitions		
Less: accumulated amortization	(30,388)	(30,181)
Core deposit intangibles net	190	397
Customer and Contract intangible assets gross	6,197	3,779
Acquisition of The Bert Company		2,418
Less: accumulated amortization	(3,555)	(3,065)
Customer and Contract intangible assets net	\$ 2,642	3,132

The following table shows the actual aggregate amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, as well as the estimated aggregate amortization expense, based upon current levels of intangible assets, for the current fiscal year and each of the five succeeding fiscal years (in thousands):

For the quarter ended June 30, 2013	\$ 349
For the quarter ended June 30, 2012	279
For the six months ended June 30, 2013	697
For the six months ended June 30, 2012	574
For the year ending December 31, 2013	1,210
For the year ending December 31, 2014	814
For the year ending December 31, 2015	571
For the year ending December 31, 2016	415
For the year ending December 31, 2017	259
For the year ending December 31, 2018	173

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The following table provides information for the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill (in thousands):

		Community Banks	Consumer Finance	Total
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$	170,269	1,613	171,882
Goodwill acquired		2,579		2,579
Impairment losses				
Balance at December 31, 2012		172,848	1,613	174,461
Goodwill acquired		2		2
Impairment losses				
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$	172,850	1,613	174,463

We performed our annual goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2013 and concluded that goodwill was not impaired. See the Overview of Critical Accounting Policies Involving Estimates section for a description of our testing procedures.

## (6) Guarantees

We issue standby letters of credit in the normal course of business. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Standby letters of credit generally are contingent upon the failure of the customer to perform according to the terms of the underlying contract with the third party. We are required to perform under a standby letter of credit when drawn upon by the guaranteed third party in the case of nonperformance by our customer. The credit risk associated with standby letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers and is subject to normal loan underwriting procedures. Collateral may be obtained based on management's credit assessment of the customer. At June 30, 2013, the maximum potential amount of future payments we could be required to make under these standby letters of credit was \$43.5 million, of which \$42.9 million is fully collateralized. At June 30, 2013, we had a liability, which represents deferred income, of \$868,000 related to the standby letters of credit. There are no recourse provisions that would enable us to recover any amounts from third parties.

## (7) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share (EPS) is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period, without considering any dilutive items. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the Company. All stock options outstanding during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2013 were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the stock options' exercise price was less than the average market price of the common shares of \$12.45 and \$12.51, respectively. Stock options to purchase 3,211,267 shares of common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$12.28 per share were outstanding during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2012 but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for these periods because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares of \$11.91 and \$12.27, respectively.



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The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share follows (in thousands, except share data and per share amounts):

		Quarter ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
Reported net income	\$	13,478	16,361	28,776	31,542
Weighted average common shares outstanding		90,423,717	94,294,956	90,413,780	94,205,239
Dilutive potential shares due to effect of stock options		493,419	205,921	484,258	377,866
Total weighted average common shares and dilutive potential shares		90,917,136	94,500,877	90,898,038	94,583,105
Basic earnings per share:	\$	0.15	0.17	0.32	0.33
Diluted earnings per share:	\$	0.15	0.17	0.32	0.33

## (8) Pension and Other Post-retirement Benefits

The defined benefit pension plan was amended to lock-in all benefits earned through March 31, 2013 based on the plan formula using years of service and average monthly compensation as of March 31, 2013. The amendments also provide that, for service commencing January 1, 2013, additional benefits will be earned equal to 1% of career average pay for each year that a participant completes at least 1,000 hours of service. Also, effective April 1, 2013, participants who are eligible to receive required minimum distributions due to attaining age 70 ½ will be required to begin payment of benefits even though they may remain employed by us.

The following table sets forth the net periodic costs for the defined benefit pension plans and post-retirement healthcare plans for the periods indicated (in thousands):

### Components of net periodic benefit cost

		Quarter ended June 30,		Other post-retirement benefits	
		Pension benefits 2013	2012	2013	2012
Service cost	\$	1,138	1,857		
Interest cost		1,301	1,433	16	16
Expected return on plan assets		(2,138)	(1,948)		
Amortization of prior service cost		(580)	(40)		
Amortization of the net loss		919	690	13	13
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	640	1,992	29	29

### Components of net periodic benefit cost

		Six months ended June 30,			
		Pension benefits		Other post-retirement benefits	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
Service cost	\$	2,276	3,715		
Interest cost		2,602	2,865	32	33
Expected return on plan assets		(4,276)	(3,896)		
Amortization of prior service cost		(1,160)	(80)		
Amortization of the net loss		1,838	1,380	26	25
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	1,280	3,984	58	58

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We made no contribution to our pension or other post-retirement benefit plans during the six months ended June 30, 2013. While we are not required to make a minimum contribution, we anticipate making a tax-deductible contribution of approximately \$4.5 million to our defined benefit pension plan for the year ending December 31, 2013.

(9) **Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the consolidated statement of financial condition, is required to be disclosed. These requirements exclude certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company.

Financial assets and liabilities recognized or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis and certain financial assets and liabilities on a non-recurring basis are accounted for using a three-level hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. This hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices with readily available independent data in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable market inputs (Level 3). When various inputs for measurement fall within different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the lowest level input that has a significant impact on fair value measurement is used.

Financial assets and liabilities are categorized based upon the following characteristics or inputs to the valuation techniques:

- Level 1 Financial assets and liabilities for which inputs are observable and are obtained from reliable quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in actively traded markets. This is the most reliable fair value measurement and includes, for example, active exchange-traded equity securities.
- Level 2 Financial assets and liabilities for which values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which values are based on similar assets or liabilities that are actively traded. Level 2 also includes pricing models in which the inputs are corroborated by market data, for example, matrix pricing.
- Level 3 Financial assets and liabilities for which values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Level 3 inputs include the following:
  - Quotes from brokers or other external sources that are not considered binding;
  - Quotes from brokers or other external sources where it cannot be determined that market participants would in fact transact for the asset or liability at the quoted price;
  - Quotes and other information from brokers or other external sources where the inputs are not deemed observable.

We are responsible for the valuation process and as part of this process may use data from outside sources in establishing fair value. We perform due diligence to understand the inputs used or how the data was calculated or derived. We also corroborate the reasonableness of

external inputs in the valuation process.

The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated statement of financial condition approximate fair value for the following financial instruments: cash on hand, interest-earning deposits in other institutions, federal funds sold and other short-term investments, accrued interest receivable, accrued interest payable, and marketable securities available-for-sale.



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**Marketable Securities**

Where available, market values are based on quoted market prices, dealer quotes, and prices obtained from independent pricing services.

**Debt securities available for sale** - Generally, debt securities are valued using pricing for similar securities, recently executed transactions and other pricing models utilizing observable inputs. The valuation for most debt securities is classified as Level 2. Securities within Level 2 include corporate bonds, municipal bonds, mortgage-backed securities and US government obligations. Certain corporate debt securities do not have an active market and as such the broker pricing received uses alternative methods. The fair value of these corporate debt securities is determined by using a discounted cash flow model using market assumptions, which generally include cash flow, collateral and other market assumptions. As such, these securities are included herein as Level 3 assets.

**Equity securities available for sale** Level 1 securities include publicly traded securities valued using quoted market prices. We consider the financial condition of the issuer to determine if the securities have indicators of impairment.

**Debt securities held to maturity** The fair value of debt securities held to maturity is determined in the same manner as debt securities available for sale.

**Loans Receivable**

Loans with comparable characteristics including collateral and re-pricing structures are segregated for valuation purposes. Each loan pool is separately valued utilizing a discounted cash flow analysis. Projected monthly cash flows are discounted to present value using a market rate for comparable loans, which is not considered an exit price. Characteristics of comparable loans included remaining term, coupon interest, and estimated prepayment speeds. Delinquent loans are separately evaluated given the impact delinquency has on the projected future cash flow of the loan and the approximate discount or market rate.

**FHLB Stock**

Due to the restrictions placed on the transferability of FHLB stock it is not practical to determine the fair value.

**Deposit Liabilities**

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The estimated fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, which includes demand deposits, money market, and other savings accounts, is the amount payable on demand. Although market premiums paid for depository institutions reflect an additional value for these low-cost deposits, adjusting fair value for any value expected to be derived from retaining those deposits for a future period of time or from the benefit that results from the ability to fund interest-earning assets with these deposit liabilities is prohibited. The fair value estimates of deposit liabilities do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by these deposits compared to the cost of borrowing funds in the market. Fair values for time deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies contractual cost currently being offered in the existing portfolio to current market rates being offered locally for deposits of similar remaining maturities. The valuation adjustment for the portfolio consists of the present value of the difference of these two cash flows, discounted at the assumed market rate of the corresponding maturity.

### **Borrowed Funds**

Fixed rate advances are valued by comparing their contractual cost to the prevailing market cost. The carrying amount of repurchase agreements approximates the fair value.

Table of ContentsJunior Subordinated Debentures

The fair value of junior subordinated debentures is calculated using the discounted cash flows at the prevailing rate of interest.

Cash flow hedges Interest rate swap agreements ( swaps )

The fair value of the swaps is the amount we would expect to pay to terminate the agreements and is based upon the present value of the expected future cash flows using the LIBOR swap curve, the basis for the underlying interest rate.

Off-Balance Sheet Financial Instruments

These financial instruments generally are not sold or traded, and estimated fair values are not readily available. However, the fair value of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements. Commitments to extend credit are generally short-term in nature and, if drawn upon, are issued under current market terms. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, there was no significant unrealized appreciation or depreciation on these financial instruments.

The following table sets forth the carrying amount and estimated fair value of our financial instruments included in the consolidated statement of financial condition at June 30, 2013:

	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 448,155	448,155	448,155		
Securities available-for-sale	1,144,953	1,144,953	27,447	1,106,161	11,345
Securities held-to-maturity	133,439	137,733		137,733	
Loans receivable, net	5,618,817	5,853,630	296		5,853,334
Accrued interest receivable	23,171	23,171	23,171		
FHLB Stock	48,240	48,240			
Total financial assets	\$ 7,416,775	7,655,882	499,069	1,243,894	5,864,679
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Savings and checking accounts	\$ 4,020,746	4,020,746	4,020,746		
Time deposits	1,762,346	1,800,768			1,800,768
Borrowed funds	857,344	883,317	131,862		751,455
Junior subordinated debentures	103,094	112,552			112,552
Cash flow hedges - swaps	9,385	9,385		9,385	
Accrued interest payable	1,043	1,043	1,043		
Total financial liabilities	\$ 6,753,958	6,827,811	4,153,651	9,385	2,664,775



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The following table sets forth the carrying amount and estimated fair value of our financial instruments included in the consolidated statement of financial condition at December 31, 2012:

	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 451,704	451,704	451,704		
Securities available-for-sale	1,079,074	1,079,074	19,304	1,048,651	11,119
Securities held-to-maturity	155,081	161,969		161,969	
Loans receivable, net	5,629,261	5,952,688	15,441		5,937,247
Accrued interest receivable	23,313	23,313	23,313		
FHLB Stock	46,834	46,834			
Total financial assets	\$ 7,385,267	7,715,582	509,762	1,210,620	5,948,366
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Savings and checking accounts	\$ 3,878,511	3,878,511	3,878,511		
Time deposits	1,886,089	1,927,844			1,927,844
Borrowed funds	860,047	935,384	164,531		770,853
Junior subordinated debentures	103,094	116,066			116,066
Cash flow hedges - swaps	12,932	12,932		12,932	
Accrued interest payable	888	888	888		
Total financial liabilities	\$ 6,741,561	6,871,625	4,043,930	12,932	2,814,763

Fair value estimates are made at a point-in-time, based on relevant market data and information about the instrument. The methods and assumptions detailed above were used in estimating the fair value of financial instruments at both June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. There were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1 and Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

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The following table represents assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total assets at fair value
Equity securities	\$ 27,447			27,447
Debt securities:				
U.S. government and agencies		36		36
Government sponsored enterprises		315,396		315,396
States and political subdivisions		116,338		116,338
Corporate		9,167	11,345	20,512
Total debt securities		440,937	11,345	452,282
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
GNMA		35,966		35,966
FNMA		97,215		97,215
FHLMC		59,354		59,354
Non-agency		681		681
Collateralized mortgage obligations:				
GNMA		13,914		13,914
FNMA		193,401		193,401
FHLMC		245,275		245,275
SBA		13,603		13,603
Non-agency		5,815		5,815
Total mortgage-backed securities		665,224		665,224
Interest rate swaps		(9,385)		(9,385)
Total assets	\$ 27,447	1,096,776	11,345	1,135,568

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The following table represents assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total assets at fair value
Equity securities	\$ 19,304			19,304
Debt securities:				
U.S. government and agencies		40		40
Government sponsored enterprises		238,314		238,314
States and political subdivisions		134,208		134,208
Corporate		11,584	11,119	22,703
Total debt securities		384,146	11,119	395,265
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
GNMA		41,182		41,182
FNMA		106,863		106,863
FHLMC		52,559		52,559
Non-agency		695		695
Collateralized mortgage obligations:				
GNMA		22,963		22,963
FNMA		189,364		189,364
FHLMC		228,631		228,631
SBA		15,775		15,775
Non-agency		6,473		6,473
Total mortgage-backed securities		664,505		664,505
Interest rate swaps		(12,932)		(12,932)
Total assets	\$ 19,304	1,035,719	11,119	1,066,142

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The table below presents a reconciliation of all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		Quarter ended June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	Six months ended June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Beginning balance	\$	11,070	8,290	11,119	9,657
Total net realized investment gains/ (losses) and net change in unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation):					
Included in net income as OTTI					
Included in other comprehensive income		275	6	226	(1,361)
Purchases					
Sales					
Transfers in to Level 3					
Transfers out of Level 3					
Ending balance	\$	11,345	8,296	11,345	8,296

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis after initial recognition such as loans measured for impairment and real estate owned. The following table represents the fair value measurement for nonrecurring assets at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total assets at fair value
Loans measured for impairment	\$		81,467	81,467
Real estate owned			21,269	21,269
Total assets	\$		102,736	102,736



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Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis after initial recognition such as loans measured for impairment and real estate owned. The following table represents the fair value measurement for nonrecurring assets at December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total assets at fair value
Loans measured for impairment	\$		84,493	84,493
Real estate owned			26,165	26,165
Total assets	\$		110,658	110,658

**Impaired loans** A loan is considered to be impaired as described in the Overview of Critical Accounting Policies Involving Estimates, Allowance for Loan Losses section. We classify loans individually evaluated for impairment that require a specific or TDR reserve as nonrecurring Level 3.

**Real Estate Owned** Real estate owned is comprised of property acquired through foreclosure or voluntarily conveyed by delinquent borrowers. These assets are recorded on the date acquired at the lower of the related loan balance or fair value, less estimated disposition costs, with the fair value being determined by appraisal. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are valued at the lower of the amount recorded at acquisition date or fair value, less estimated disposition costs. We classify all real estate owned as nonrecurring Level 3.

The table presents additional quantitative information about assets measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis and for which we have utilized Level 3 inputs to determine fair value at June 30, 2013 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Fair value	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (weighted average)
Debt securities	\$ 11,345	Discounted cash flow	Discount margin Default rates Prepayment speeds	0.35% to 2.1% (0.67)% 1.00% 1.00% annually
Loans measured for impairment	81,467	Appraisal value (1)	Estimated cost to sell	10%
Real estate owned	21,269	Appraisal	Estimated cost to sell	10%