NF Energy Saving CORP of America Form 10-Q August 13, 2008

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

- x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 Or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2008
- " Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 000-50155

**NF Energy Saving Corporation of America** (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 02-0563302 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

21-Jia Bei Si Dong Road, Tie Xi Qu <u>Shenyang, P. R. China 110021</u> (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(8624) 2560-9750 (Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No<sup>"</sup>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

•••

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Non-accelerated filer

••

Smaller reporting x company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes "No x

As of August 12, 2008, the registrant had 39,872,704 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, issued and outstanding.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

The discussion contained in this 10-Q under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. The issuer's actual results could differ significantly from those discussed herein. These include statements about our expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies for the future, which we indicate by words or phrases such as "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "will," "we believe," "the Company believes," "management believes" and similar language, including those set forth in the discussions under "Notes to Financial Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations " as well as those discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. We base our forward-looking statements on information currently available to us, and we assume no obligation to update them. Statements contained in this Form 10-Q that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that are subject to the "safe harbor" created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

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# PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA

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#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2008 AND DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Currency expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$"), except for number of shares) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2008		December 31, 2007	
	(Unaudited)			(Audited)
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,761,252	\$	2,240,901
Accounts receivable, trade		5,325,700		4,061,352
Inventories		1,437,880		1,448,386
Prepayments and other receivables		972,812		605,989
Total current assets		12,497,644		8,356,628
Plant and equipment, net		2,592,141		2,514,795
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	15,089,785	\$	10,871,423
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable, trade	\$	1,229,217	\$	1,259,081
Customer deposits		135,542		22,719
Value added tax payable		66,071		70,604
Other payables and accrued liabilities		165,410		355,390
Total current liabilities		1,596,240		1,707,794
Commitments and contingencies		268,825		-
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized;				
39,872,704 and 33,227,328 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30,				
2008 and December 31, 2007		39,872		33,227
Additional paid-in capital		7,706,587		5,713,232
Statutory reserve		517,774		517,774
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,245,949		557,503
Retained earnings		3,983,363		2,341,893
		-,,,		_,,
Total stockholders' equity		13,493,545		9,163,629
		10,190,010		,100,027
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	15,089,785	\$	10,871,423

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007 (Currency expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$"), except for number of shares) (Unaudited)

	Three months of 2008	endec	l June 30, 2007	Six months er 2008	nded J	lune 30, 2007
REVENUE, NET						
Product	\$ 3,036,313	\$	3,013,085	\$ 5,279,366	\$	3,945,336
Services	837,555		1,015,812	1,168,936		1,086,047
Projects	422,659		-	713,182		-
Total operation revenues	4,296,527		4,028,897	7,161,484		5,031,383
COST OF REVENUES:						
Cost of products	2,092,071		2,266,486	3,752,218		3,007,717
Cost of services	582,581		258,510	792,101		294,734
Cost of projects	370,866		-	610,636		-
Total cost of revenues	3,045,518		2,524,996	5,154,955		3,302,451
GROSS PROFIT	1,251,009		1,503,901	2,006,529		1,728,932
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>						
Sales and marketing	48,921		14,709	62,280		14,709
Research and development	47,254		329,906	85,586		329,906
Stock-based compensation	-		255,000	-		510,000
General and administrative	113,401		71,759	241,824		129,229
Total operating expenses	209,576		671,374	389,690		983,844
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,041,433		832,527	1,616,839		745,088
Other income:						
Interest income	8,813		342	8,813		342
Other income	12,141		4,867	16,123		11,519
Total other income	20,954		5,209	24,936		11,861
INCOME BEFORE INCOME						
TAXES	1,062,387		837,736	1,641,775		756,949
Income tax expense	(4)		-	(305)		-
NET INCOME	\$ 1,062,383	\$	837,736	\$ 1,641,470	\$	756,949
Other comprehensive income:						
- Foreign currency translation gain	275,802		35,254	688,446		71,852
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 1,338,185	\$	872,990	\$ 2,329,916	\$	828,801

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Net income per share – basic diluted	e and \$	0.03	\$ 0.03 \$	0.05	\$ 0.02
Weighted average shares out basic and diluted	standing –	36,033,153	31,527,328	34,630,241	31,388,439
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007 (Currency expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$")) (Unaudited)

Six months ended June 30

		Six months ended June 30,			
	2008			2007	
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢	1 ( 41 470	¢	756.040	
Net income	\$	1,641,470	\$	756,949	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating					
activities		170 415		112 054	
Depreciation		170,415		113,254	
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment Stock-based compensation		-		(10,533) 510,000	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		-		510,000	
Accounts receivable		(074.464)		(200 020)	
Inventories		(974,464) 100,786		(288,838) 192,661	
		(330,241)			
Prepayments and other receivables Accounts payable		(107,754)		(1,142,062) 50,319	
Customer deposits		108,199		63,720	
Income tax payable		106,199		(378,069)	
Value added tax payables		2,324		139,235	
Other payables and accrued liabilities		(132,019)		215,173	
Net cash provided by operating activities		478,716		213,173	
Net cash provided by operating activities		478,710		221,009	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of plant and equipment		(160,722)		(74,170)	
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment		-		53,823	
Net cash used in investing activities		(160,722)		(20,347)	
e e					
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from private sale of common stock		2,000,000		870,000	
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,000,000		870,000	
Effect on exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents		202,357		71,852	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,520,351		1,143,314	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		2,240,901		796,944	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	4,761,252	\$	1,940,258	
		,		,. ,	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW					
INFORMATION:					
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	305	\$	378,069	
Cash paid for interest expenses	\$	-	\$	-	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Currency expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$"), except for number of shares) (Unaudited)

	Common No. of shares			accumulated other nprehensive income	Statutory reserve	Retained earnings	Total stockholders' equity
Balance as of January 1, 2008	33,227,328	\$ 33,227 \$	5,713,232	\$ 557,503	\$517,774	\$ 2,341,893	\$ 9,163,629
Private sale of common stock	6,645,376	6,645	1,993,355	-	-	-	2,000,000
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	688,446	-	-	688,446
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	1,641,470	1,641,470
Balance as of June 30, 2008	39,872,704	\$ 39,872 \$	7,706,587	\$ 1,245,949	\$ 517,774	\$ 3,983,363	\$ 13,493,545

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **NOTE - 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading.

In the opinion of management, the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2007 which has been derived from audited financial statements and these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments considered necessary to state fairly the results for the periods presented. The results for the period ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year ending December 31, 2008 or for any future period.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### **NOTE - 2 ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS BACKGROUND**

NF Energy Saving Corporation of America (the "Company" or "NFES") was incorporated in the State of Delaware in the name of Galli Process, Inc. on October 31, 2000. On February 7, 2002, the Company changed its name to "Global Broadcast Group, Inc." On November 12, 2004, the Company changed its name to "Diagnostic Corporation of America." On March 15, 2007, the Company further changed to its existing name.

The Company, through its subsidiaries, mainly engages in the production of industrial valve components and products in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). During 2007, the Company commenced a new business segment in the provision of technical service and re-engineering projects in the energy saving related industry in the PRC.

Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Energy Technology Co. Ltd. ("Nengfa Energy") (formerly Neng Fa Weiye Pipe Network Construction and Operation Co., Ltd.) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Nengfa Energy is a valves manufacturer and involves in the production of a variety of industrial valve components, which are widely used in water supply and sewage system, coal and gas fields, power generation stations, petroleum and chemical industries. All the customers are located in the PRC.

Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Tie Fa Sales Co., Ltd. ("Sales Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nengfa Energy in the PRC. Sales Company was incorporated as a limited liability company under the laws of the PRC with a registered capital of \$683,620 (equivalent to RMB 5,000,000) on September 5, 2007. It is mainly engaged in the sales and marketing of valves components and products in the PRC.

NFES, Nengfa Energy and Sales Company are hereinafter referred to as (the "Company").

#### **NOTE - 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### $\cdot$ Use of estimates

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

 $\cdot$  Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of NFES and its subsidiaries, Nengfa Energy and Sales Company.

All significant inter-company balances and transactions within the Company have been eliminated upon consolidation.

#### · Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost and represent cash on hand, demand deposits placed with banks or other financial institutions and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less as of the purchase date of such investments.

· Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Company extends unsecured credit to its customers in the ordinary course of business but mitigates the associated risks by performing credit checks and actively pursuing past due accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established and determined based on managements' assessment of known requirements, aging of receivables, payment history, the customer's current credit worthiness and the economic environment. As of June 30, 2008, the Company has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

 $\cdot$  Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market (net realizable value), cost being determined on a weighted average method. Costs include material, labor and manufacturing overhead costs. The Company quarterly reviews historical sales activity to determine excess, slow moving items and potentially obsolete items and also evaluates the impact of any anticipated changes in future demand. The Company provides inventory allowances based on excess and obsolete inventories determined principally by customer demand. As of June 30, 2008, the Company did not record an allowance for obsolete inventories, nor have there been any write-offs.

· Plant and equipment, net

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following expected useful lives from the date on which

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they become fully operational and after taking into account their estimated residual values:

	Depreciable life	Residual value
Plant and machinery	3-20 years	5%
Furniture, fixture and equipment	5-8 years	5%

Expenditure for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. When assets are retired or sold, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the results of operations.

#### · Impairment of long-lived assets

In accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", all long-lived assets such as plant and equipment held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is evaluated by a comparison of the carrying amount of assets to estimated discounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amounts of the assets exceed the fair value of the assets. There has been no impairment as of June 30, 2008.

#### · Revenue recognition

In accordance with the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *"Revenue Recognition"*, the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, transfer of title has occurred or services have been rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured.

#### (a) Sale of products

The Company derives revenues from the sale of self-manufactured products and provision of engineering services. The Company recognizes its revenues net of related business taxes and value added taxes ("VAT"). The Company is subject to VAT which is levied on the majority of the products at the rate of 17% on the invoiced value of sales. Output VAT is borne by customers in addition to the invoiced value of sales and input VAT is borne by the Company in addition to the invoiced value of purchases to the extent not refunded for export sales.

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products upon delivery to the customers and the transfer of title and risk of loss. The Company experienced no product returns and has recorded no reserve for sales returns for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

#### (b) Service revenue

Service revenue is primarily derived from energy-saving technical services that are not an element of an arrangement for the sale of products. These services are generally billed on a time-cost plus basis. Revenue is recognized when service is rendered and accepted by the customers.

#### (c) Project revenue

The Company applies the percentage-of-completion method under SOP 81-1 "Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts", to recognize revenues for energy-saving re-engineering projects that require significant modification or customization or installation subject to the customers. The Company records a provision in those instances in which the Company believes a contract will probably generate a net loss and the

Company can reasonably estimate this loss. If the Company cannot reasonably estimate the loss, the Company limits the amount of revenue that the Company recognizes to the costs the Company has incurred, until the Company can estimate the total loss. Advance payments from customers and amounts billed to clients in excess of revenue recognized are recorded as receipt in advance.

#### (d) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

#### $\cdot$ Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues consists primarily of material costs, direct labor, depreciation and manufacturing overheads, which are directly attributable to the manufacture of products and the rendering of services.

#### · Stock-based compensation

The Company adopts SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "*Share-Based Payment*" ("SFAS No. 123R") using the fair value method. Under SFAS No. 123(R), the stock-based compensation is measured using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing model on the date of grant. The fair value of stock-based compensation that are expected to vest are recognized using the straight-line method over the requisite service period.

#### $\cdot$ Income taxes

The Company accounts for income tax using SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires the asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Under this approach, deferred income taxes are provided for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences between financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and for the expected future tax benefits from loss carry-forwards and provisions, if any. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates expected in the years of recovery or reversal and the effect from a change in tax rates is recognized in the statements of operations and comprehensive income in the period of enactment. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the amount of deferred tax assets if it is considered more likely than not that some portion of, or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company also adopts the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for recording in the financial statements uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN No. 48 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transitions. In connection with the adoption of FIN No. 48, the Company has analyzed the filing positions in all of the jurisdictions where the Company is required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in these jurisdictions. The Company also follows the policy of recognizing interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax positions as income tax expense. The Company did not have any unrecognized tax position and there was no effect on the financial condition or results of operations for the period ended June 30, 2008.

The Company conducts its major businesses in the PRC and is subject to tax in this jurisdiction. As a result of its business activities, the Company files tax returns that are subject to examination by the local and foreign tax authority.

#### $\cdot$ Net income per share

The Company calculates net income per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "*Earnings per Share*." Basic income per share is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per share is computed similar to basic income per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common stock equivalents had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive.

#### · Comprehensive income

SFAS No. 130, "*Reporting Comprehensive Income*", establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income, its components and accumulated balances. Comprehensive income as defined includes all changes in equity during a period from non-owner sources. Accumulated comprehensive income consists of changes in unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency translation. This comprehensive income is not included in the computation of income tax expense or benefit.

#### · Product warranty

Under the terms of the contracts, the Company will provide a product warranty to its customers for a period of twelve months, free of charge and then at the discretion of the customers, enter into maintenance contracts. The Company has not experienced any material returns where it was under obligation to honor this standard warranty provision. As such, no reserve for product warranty has been provided in the result of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

#### · Foreign currencies translation

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the applicable exchange rates at the balance sheet dates. The resulting exchange differences are recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

The reporting currency of the Company is the United States dollar ("US\$"). The Company's subsidiaries in the PRC, Nengfa Energy and Sales Company maintain their books and records in its local currency, the Renminbi Yuan ("RMB"), which is functional currency as being the primary currency of the economic environment in which these entities operate.

In general, for consolidation purposes, assets and liabilities of its subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the US\$ are translated into US\$, in accordance with SFAS No. 52, "*Foreign Currency Translation*", using the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates prevailing during the period. The gains and losses resulting from translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income within the statement of stockholders' equity.

Translation of amounts from RMB into US\$ has been made at the following exchange rates for the respective period:

	2008	2007
Months end RMB:US\$ exchange rate	7.0726	7.3141
Average monthly RMB:US\$ exchange rate	6.8718	7.5633

· Segment reporting

SFAS No. 131 "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments on a basis consistent with the Company's internal organization structure as well as information about geographical areas, business segments and major customers in the financial statements. The Company currently operates in two reportable business segments in Tieling City, Liaoning Province, the PRC: Valves manufacturing business and Energy-saving related business.

#### · Fair value of financial instruments

The Company values its financial instruments as required by SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments". The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. The estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

The Company's financial instruments primarily include cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, prepayments and other receivables, accounts payable, customer deposits, value added tax payable and other payables and accrued liabilities.

As of the balance sheet date, the estimated fair values of financial instruments were not materially different from their carrying values as presented due to short maturities of these instruments.

· Recent accounting pronouncements

The Company has reviewed all recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements and do not believe the future adoption of any such pronouncements may be expected to cause a material impact on its financial condition or the results of its operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "*The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*" ("SFAS No. 159"). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure, on an item-by-item basis, specified financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are required to be reported in earnings at each reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, the provisions of which are required to be applied prospectively. The Company believes that SFAS 159 should not have a material impact on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (Revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"). SFAS No. 141R will change the accounting for business combinations. Under SFAS No. 141R, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. SFAS No. 141R will change the accounting treatment and disclosure for certain specific items in a business combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Accordingly, any business combinations the Company engages in will be recorded and disclosed following existing GAAP until January 1, 2009. The Company expects SFAS No. 141R will have an impact on accounting for business combinations once adopted but the effect is dependent upon acquisitions at that time. The Company is still assessing the impact of this pronouncement.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements--An Amendment of ARB No. 51, or SFAS No. 160" ("SFAS No. 160"). SFAS No. 160 establishes new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company believes that SFAS 160 should not have a material impact on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 161"). SFAS No. 161 requires companies with derivative instruments to disclose information that should enable financial-statement users to understand how and why a company uses derivative instruments, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under FASB Statement No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect a company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's future financial position or results of operations.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "*The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*" ("SFAS No. 162"). This statement identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. This statement is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "*The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*". The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 162 to have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

# NOTE - 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, TRADE

The majority of the Company's sales are on open credit terms and in accordance with terms specified in the contracts governing the relevant transactions. The Company evaluates the need of an allowance for doubtful accounts based on specifically identified amounts that management believes to be uncollectible. If actual collections experience changes, revisions to the allowance may be required. Based upon the aforementioned criteria, management has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts is required for the period ended June 30, 2008.

#### **NOTE - 5 INVENTORIES**

Inventories consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	Dece	ember 31, 2007 (Audited)
Raw materials	\$ 381,273	\$	310,040
Work-in-process	1,043,474		734,711
Finished goods	13,133		403,635
	\$ 1,437,880	\$	1,448,386

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, no allowance for obsolete inventories was recorded by the Company.

#### **NOTE - 6 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

Prepayments and other receivables consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)		cember 31, 2007 (Audited)
Prepayment to vendors for raw materials	\$ 878,616	\$	558,047
Advance to employees	59,410		-
Deposits	23,284		-
Prepaid expenses	9,336		25,874
Value added tax receivable	1,875		12,537
Other receivables	291		9,531
	\$ 972,812	\$	605,989

#### NOTE - 7 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Plant and equipment, net, consisted of the following:

	une 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	Dec	ember 31, 2007 (Audited)
Plant and machinery	\$ 2,798,838	\$	2,566,042
Furniture, fixture and equipment	40,142		33,968
Construction in progress	234,729		223,029
Foreign translation difference	194,828		162,460
	3,268,537		2,985,499

Less: accumulated depreciation		(641,119)	(448,981)
Less: foreign translation difference		(35,277)	(21,723)
	\$ 2	2,592,141 \$	2,514,795
15			

Depreciation expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$83,262 and \$56,709 respectively.

Depreciation expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$170,415 and \$113,254, respectively.

#### NOTE - 8 OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Other payables and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)		ember 31, 2007 (Audited)
\$ 18,190	\$	37,599
87,203		108,125
36,005		74,576
4,279		-
19,733		135,090
\$ 165,410	\$	355,390
(Un \$	(Unaudited) \$ 18,190 87,203 36,005 4,279 19,733	(Unaudited) \$ 18,190 \$ 87,203 36,005 4,279 19,733

#### **NOTE - 9 COMMON STOCK SUBSCRIPTIONS**

In January 2008, the Company entered a loan agreement to borrow an aggregate of \$2,000,000 from two independent investors namely, South World Ltd. and Oriental United Resources Ltd. (the "Investors"), which are established under the laws of the British Virgin Islands. The loans were unsecured, non-interest bearing and convertible into common stock in a term of 3 months from the drawdown date. The Company also had an option to repay the balance with interest charge at a rate of 36% per annum. The Company received the aggregate amount of \$2,000,000 in January and March 2008, respectively.

On April 28, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with two independent investors ("the Investors") to consummate a private placement of 6,645,376 shares of restricted common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000 at a 50-trading days weighted average market quoted price of \$0.30 per share. The Investors are South World Ltd. and Oriental United Resources Ltd., which are established under the laws of the British Virgin Islands, each of the Investors acquired one half of these common stock, or 3,322,688 shares. As a result of this transaction, each of the investors owns 8.33% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. The proceeds were used to fund the working capital. The Company also entered into various covenants with the Investors, including its (i) obtaining a listing on a United States stock exchange not later than December 31, 2009, (ii) developing a step by step energy saving and emission reduction business plan as a products and service provider in consultation with the Investors, (iii) limiting business arrangements with affiliates, and (iv) establishing good corporate governance and seeking good financial development.

As of June 30, 2008, the number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock was 39,872,704.

#### **NOTE - 10 INCOME TAXES**

NFES is registered in the State of Delaware and is subject to United States of America tax law.

As of June 30, 2008, the operation in the United States of America has incurred \$642,414 of cumulative net operating losses which can be carried forward to offset future taxable income. The net operating loss carryforwards begin to expire in 2029, if unutilized. The Company has provided for a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets of \$224,845 on the expected future tax benefits from the net operating loss carryforwards as the management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will not be realized in the future.

The Company's subsidiaries operating in the PRC, Nengfa Energy and Sales Company are subject to the Corporate Income Tax governed by the Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China.

Effective from January 1, 2008, the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China (the "New CIT Law") is followed. Under the New CIT Law, Nengfa Energy, as a foreign investment enterprise continues to enjoy the unexpired tax holidays for a full exemption of income tax for the first two profit making years with a 15% exemption of income tax for the next three years. Sales Company is a domestic company which is entitled to the tax rate reduction from 33% to 25%.

The Company's effective income tax rates for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were 0%, and 0%.

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the tax positions taken, or expected to be taken, on a tax return. The Company files tax returns in the various tax jurisdictions in which its subsidiaries operate in the PRC. The United States tax returns of its tax years 2002 to 2007 remain open to examination by IRS. The PRC 2007 tax return has been filed and cleared.

#### **NOTE - 11 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Company's business units have been aggregated into two reportable segments: Valves manufacturing business and Energy-saving related business. Valves manufacturing business included the production of valves components and provision of valve improvement and engineering services. Energy-saving related business included the provision of energy-saving related re-engineering and technical services and long-term construction project. The Company operates these segments in the PRC and all of the identifiable assets of the Company are located in the PRC during the periods presented.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see Note 3). The Company had no inter-segment sales for the periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following table for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008:

Three months ended June 30, 2008:	Valves manufacturing business		Energy-saving related business		Total
Operating revenues					
- Products	\$	3,036,313	\$-	\$	3,036,313
- Services		-	837,555		837,555
- Projects		-	422,659		422,659
Total operating revenues		3,036,313	1,260,214		4,296,527
Cost of revenues		2,092,071	953,447		3,045,518
Gross profit		944,242	306,767		1,251,009
Depreciation		58,840	24,422		83,262
Net income		750,774	311,609		1,062,383
Expenditure for long-lived assets	\$	32,171	\$ 13,353	\$	45,524
Six months ended June 30, 2008:	Valves manufacturing business		Energy-saving related business		Total
Operating revenues					
- Products	\$	5,279,366	\$ -	\$	5,279,366
- Services		-	1,168,936		1,168,936
- Projects		-	713,182		713,182
Total operating revenues		5,279,366	1,882,118		7,161,484
Cost of revenues		3,752,218	1,402,737		5,154,955

	0,,00,,010	-,,	0,10.,700
Gross profit	1,527,148	479,381	2,006,529
Depreciation	125,616	44,799	170,415
Net income	1,226,306	415,164	1,641,470
Expenditure for long-lived assets	\$ 118,482	42,240	160,722

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following table for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007:

Three months ended June 30, 2007:	man	Valves ufacturing ousiness	Energy-saving related business	Total
Operating revenues				
- Products	\$	3,013,085	-	3,013,085

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- Services	-	1,015,812	1,015,812
Total operating revenues	3,013,085	1,015,812	4,028,897
Cost of revenues	2,266,486	258,510	2,524,996
Gross profit	746,599	757,302	1,503,901
Depreciation	44,415	12,294	56,709
Net income	351,261	486,475	837,736
Expenditure for long-lived assets	\$ 61,294 \$	12,876 \$	74,170

Six months ended June 30, 2007:	Valves nufacturing business	ergy-saving ed business	Total
Operating revenues			
- Products	\$ 3,945,336	\$ -	\$ 3,945,336
- Services	-	1,086,047	1,086,047
Total operating revenues	3,945,336	1,086,047	5,031,383
Cost of revenues	3,007,717	294,734	3,302,451
Gross profit	937,619	791,313	1,728,932
Depreciation	100,995	12,259	113,254
Net income	270,474	486,475	756,949
Expenditure for long-lived assets	\$ 61,294	\$ 12,876	\$ 74,170

#### NOTE - 12 CONCENTRATION AND RISK

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, 100% of the Company's assets were located in the PRC and 100% of the Company's revenues and purchases were derived from customers and vendors located in the PRC.

#### (a) Major customers

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, customers who account for 10% or more of revenues are presented as follows:

		Three months ended June 30, 2008 Percentage				June 30, 2008 Accounts		
Customers			Revenues	of revenues		rec	eivable, trade	
Customer A		\$	426,724	10%		\$	837,481	
Customer B			648,623	15%			592,747	
Customer C			2,455,184	56%			2,720,899	
	Total:	\$	3,530,531	81%	Total:	\$	4,151,127	
19								

Customers	ustomers		Six months ended Revenues	June 30, 2008 Percentage of revenues		1	ne 30, 2008 Accounts ivable, trade
Customer A	Ç	\$	713,899	10%		\$	837,481
Customer B		Ŧ	874,927	12%		Ŷ	592,747
Customer C			4,620,642	65%			2,720,899
	Total: S	\$	6,209,468	87%	Total:	\$	4,151,127

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, customers who account for 10% or more of revenues are presented as follows:

		Three months end		30, 2007 counts		
Customers		Revenues	of revenues		receiva	able, trade
Customer C		\$ 939,455	23%		\$	189,908
Customer D		559,953	14%			-
Customer E		479,174	12%			231,081
Customer F		392,490	10%			-
	Total:	\$ 2,371,072	59%	Total:	\$	420,989
	S	Six months ended J	une 30, 2007		June 3	0, 2007
			Percentage		Acc	ounts
Customers		Revenues	of revenues		receiva	ble, trade
Customer C	\$	1,696,433	34%		\$	189,908
Customer D		1,187,225	24%			-
	Total: \$	2,883,658	58%	Total:	\$	189,908

(b) Major vendors

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, vendors who account for 10% or more of purchases are presented as follows:

	Thr	ee months ende	June 30, 2008		
Vendors	Purchases		Percentage of purchases		accounts payable
Vendor B	\$	240,117	11%	\$	245,498
Vendor C		250,443	11%		-

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	Total: \$	490,560	22%	Total: \$	245,498
20					

Vendors		Six months ended Purchases	June 30, 2008 Percentage of purchases		ne 30, 2008 Accounts payable
Vendor A	\$	730,197	17%	\$	-
Vendor B		1,402,461	32%		245,498
	Total: \$	2,132,658	49%	Total: \$	245,498

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, vendors who account for 10% or more of purchases are presented as follows:

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, one vendor represented more than 10% of the Company's purchases and accounts payable, respectively. This vendor accounts for 52% of purchases amounting to \$1,321,818 and 48% of purchases amounting to \$1,587,815 for the three and six months ended respectively, with \$78,755 of accounts payable as of June 30, 2007.

#### (c) Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of trade accounts receivable. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition, but does not require collateral to support such receivables.

#### (d) Exchange rate risk

The reporting currency of the Company is US\$, to date the majority of the revenues and costs are denominated in RMB and a significant portion of the assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB. As a result, the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk as its revenues and results of operations may be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate between US\$ and RMB. If RMB depreciates against US\$, the value of RMB revenues and assets as expressed in US\$ financial statements will decline. The Company does not hold any derivative or other financial instruments that expose to substantial market risk.

#### **NOTE - 13 COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES**

(a) Operating lease commitment

The Company leased an office premise under a non-cancelable operating lease agreement for a renewal period of one year, due February 9, 2009. The annual lease payment is \$39,665 (RMB300,000).

#### (b) Capital commitment

As of June 30, 2008, the Company has contracted for purchase of equipment amounting to \$268,825 (RMB 1,848,000), of which \$65,427 (RMB 449,600) was paid to suppliers.

#### (c) Litigation

On May 21, 2007, a civil complaint *Robert Dawley vs NF Energy Saving Corp. of America, etal.* was filed in the United States District Court, Middle District of Florida, Orlando, Civil No. 6:07-cv-872-Orl-18DAB. The complaint faults the defendants in breach of contract, which was signed by Sam Winer, former Chief Executive Officer, before the commencement of reverse merger with the current subsidiary. The case was dismissed on August 13, 2007 without justice. On October 5, 2007 the plaintiff filed amended complaint Case No. 6:07-cv-872-Orl-19DAB and the case was authorized by court on November 16, 2007. The plaintiff charged the Company with breach of contract since March 8, 2006 and sought a relief of 11,900,000 shares of common stock plus \$60,000-\$120,000 annual "consultant income".

#### NF ENERGY SAVING CORPORATION OF AMERICA NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Currency expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$")) (Unaudited)

On March 5, 2008 the Company has filed a counterclaim against Dawley and Winer for \$2,000,000. It included charges of security fraud and breach of warranty by Winer. The counter claim against Winer has been referred to arbitration and the Company is seeking a stay of proceedings until the completion of the Arbitration. The trial was scheduled for October, 2008. Counsel advised that the October 2008 trial would probably be postponed because of the new issues raised in the counterclaim.

The Company plans to fight against the lawsuit aggressively. At this point, the Company does not believe that the lawsuit would have a material impact on the Company.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

As used herein the terms "we", "us", "our," the "Registrant," "NFES" and the "Company" means, NF Energy Saving Corporation of America, a Delaware corporation, formerly known as Diagnostic Corporation of America, Global Broadcast Group, Inc., Galli Process, Inc. These terms also refer to our subsidiary corporation, Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Nengfa Energy"), formerly known as Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Pipe Network Construction and Operation Co. Ltd., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Peoples' Republic of China ("Neng Fa") acquired in November 2006.

NF Energy Saving Corporation of America was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in the name of Galli Process, Inc. on October 31, 2000 for the purpose of seeking and consummating a merger or acquisition with a business entity organized as a private corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship. On December 31, 2001, Galli Process, Inc. became a majority owned subsidiary of City View TV, Inc., a Florida corporation ("City View"). On January 31, 2002, Galli Process, Inc. changed its name to Global Broadcast Group, Inc. On March 1, 2002, City View merged into Global Broadcast Group, Inc., which was the surviving entity. On November 3, 2004, the Company changed its name to Diagnostic Corporation of America. On March 15, 2007, we changed our name to NF Energy Saving Corporation of America to more accurately reflect our business after a stock exchange transaction with Neng Fa. Our principal place of business is 21-Jia Bei Si Dong Road, Tie Xi Qu, Shenyang, P. R. China 110021. Our telephone number is (8624) 2560-9750.

On November 15, 2006, we executed a Plan of Exchange ("Plan of Exchange"), between and among us, Neng Fa, the shareholders of Neng Fa (the "Neng Fa Shareholders") and Gang Li, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("Mr. Li").

Pursuant to and at the closing of the Plan of Exchange, which occurred on November 30, 2006, we issued the Neng Fa Shareholders 12,000,000 shares of our common stock, or 89.4% of our then outstanding common stock, in exchange for all of the shares of capital stock of Neng Fa owned by the Neng Fa shareholders. Immediately upon the closing, Neng Fa became our 100% owned subsidiary, and we ceased all of our current remaining operations and adopted and implemented the business plan of Neng Fa.

On September 5, 2007, we established a new sales company "Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Tie Fa Sales Co., Ltd" ("Sales Company"), a limited liability corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Peoples' Republic of China. The sales company is a subsidiary 99% owned by Neng Fa. The sales company will market and sell the Company's valve products in China.

On January 31, 2008 to better reflect our energy technology business we changed the name of our 100% own subsidiary "Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Pipe Network Construction and Operation Co. Ltd" to "Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Energy Technology Company Ltd." ("Nengfa Energy"). Nengfa Energy's area of business include research and development, processing, manufacturing, and marketing and distribution of valves, actuating device and pipe fittings; manufacturing, marketing and distribution of energy equipment, wind power equipment and fittings; energy saving technology consulting services.

Nengfa Energy specializes in energy technology business. We provide energy saving technology consulting, optimization design services, energy saving reconstruction of pipeline networks and contractual energy management services for China's utility, metallurgy, petrochemical, coal, construction, and municipal infrastructure development industries. We are also engaged in the manufacturing and sales of large-diameter low pressure valves. At present, our valve business holds a leading position in China. Our Company has the Det Norske Veritas Management System Certificate that certifies our products conform to the Management System Standard ISO9001:2000. We have been a

member of Chicago Climate Exchange since 2006. In 2007 Nengfa Energy received contracts for three sections of the prominent project "Redirect the water from the Rivers in the South to the North, Middle Section, Jingshi Section Water Supply Engineering Project".

Our main development directions in the future include the expansion of our capabilities for technology consulting and production of equipment and pipe network for building energy efficient infrastructures for municipalities, providing comprehensive technology solutions for regional energy conservation and emission reduction, and conducting research and development and the manufacturing of equipment and accessories for wind power plants.

# FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this report, including statements of our expectations, intentions, plans and beliefs, including those contained in or implied by "Management's Discussion and Analysis" and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, are "forward-looking statements", within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are subject to certain events, risks and uncertainties that may be outside our control. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "optimistic", "intend", "will", and similar expressions ide forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements of management's plans and objectives for our future operations and statements of future economic performance, information regarding our expansion and possible results from expansion, our expected growth, our capital budget and future capital requirements, the availability of funds and our ability to meet future capital needs, the realization of our deferred tax assets, and the assumptions described in this report underlying such forward-looking statements. Actual results and developments could differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such statements due to a number of factors, including, without limitation, those described in the context of such forward-looking statements, our expansion and acquisition strategy, our ability to achieve operating efficiencies, our dependence on network infrastructure, capacity, telecommunications carriers and other suppliers, industry pricing and technology trends, evolving industry standards, domestic and international regulatory matters, general economic and business conditions, the strength and financial resources of our competitors, our ability to find and retain skilled personnel, the political and economic climate in which we conduct operations and the risk factors described from time to time in our other documents and reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). Additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: 1) our ability to successfully develop, manufacture and deliver our products on a timely basis and in the prescribed condition; 2) our ability to compete effectively with other companies in the same industry; 3) our ability to raise sufficient capital in order to effectuate our business plan; and 4) our ability to retain our key executives.

# **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

An appreciation of our critical accounting policies is necessary to understand our financial results. These policies may require management to make difficult and subjective judgments regarding uncertainties, and as a result, such estimates may significantly impact our financial results. The precision of these estimates and the likelihood of future changes depend on a number of underlying variables and a range of possible outcomes. We applied our critical accounting policies and estimation methods consistently in all periods presented.

## **Revenue recognition**

In accordance with the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*, the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, transfer of title has occurred or services have been rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured.

#### (a) Sale of products

The Company derives revenues from the sale of self-manufactured products and provision of engineering services. The Company recognizes its revenues net of related business taxes and value added taxes ("VAT"). The Company is subject to VAT which is levied on the majority of the products at the rate of 17% on the invoiced value of sales. Output VAT is borne by customers in addition to the invoiced value of sales and input VAT is borne by the Company in addition to the extent not refunded for export sales.

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products upon delivery to the customers and the transfer of title and risk of loss. The Company experienced no product returns and has recorded no reserve for sales returns for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

#### (b) Service revenue

Service revenue is primarily derived from energy-saving technical services that are not an element of an arrangement for the sale of products. These services are generally billed on a time-cost plus basis. Revenue is recognized when service is rendered and accepted by the customers.

#### (c) Project revenue

The Company applies the percentage-of-completion method under SOP 81-1 "Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts", to recognize revenues for energy-saving re-engineering projects that require significant modification or customization or installation subject to the customers. The Company records a provision in those instances in which the Company believes a contract will probably generate a net loss and the Company can reasonably estimate this loss. If the Company cannot reasonably estimate the loss, the Company limits the amount of revenue that the Company recognizes to the costs the Company has incurred, until the Company can estimate the total loss. Advance payments from customers and amounts billed to clients in excess of revenue recognized are recorded as receipt in advance.

#### (d) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Company extends unsecured credit to its customers in the ordinary course of business but mitigates the associated risks by performing credit checks and actively pursuing past due accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established and determined based on managements' assessment of known requirements, aging of receivables, payment history, the customer's current credit worthiness and the economic environment. As of June 30, 2008, the Company has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market (net realizable value), cost being determined on a weighted average method. Costs include material, labor and manufacturing overhead costs. The Company quarterly reviews historical sales activity to determine excess, slow moving items and potentially obsolete items and also evaluates the impact of any anticipated changes in future demand. The Company provides inventory allowances based on excess and obsolete inventories determined principally by customer demand. As of June 30, 2008, the Company did not

record an allowance for obsolete inventories, nor have there been any write-offs.

## Plant and equipment, net

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following expected useful lives from the date on which they become fully operational and after taking into account their estimated residual values:

	Depreciable life	Residual value
Plant and machinery	3 – 20 years	5%
Furniture, fixture and equipment	5-8 years	5%

Expenditure for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. When assets are retired or sold, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the results of operations.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income tax using SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires the asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Under this approach, deferred income taxes are provided for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences between financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and for the expected future tax benefits from loss carry-forwards and provisions, if any. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates expected in the years of recovery or reversal and the effect from a change in tax rates is recognized in the statements of operations and comprehensive income in the period of enactment. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the amount of deferred tax assets if it is considered more likely than not that some portion of, or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company also adopts the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for recording in the financial statements uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN No. 48 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transitions. In connection with the adoption of FIN No. 48, the Company has analyzed the filing positions in all of the jurisdictions where the Company is required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in these jurisdictions. The Company also follows the policy of recognizing interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax positions as income tax expense. The Company did not have any unrecognized tax position and there was no effect on the financial condition or results of operations for the period ended June 30, 2008.

The Company conducts its major businesses in the PRC and is subject to tax in this jurisdiction. As a result of its business activities, the Company files tax returns that are subject to examination by the local and foreign tax authority.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in this report and is qualified in its entirety by the foregoing.

#### REVENUES

Total revenues were \$4,296,527 and \$7,161,484 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, as compared to \$4,028,897 and \$5,031,383 for the corresponding periods in 2007.

Total revenues increased by \$267,630 and \$2,130,101, a 7% and 42% increase, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007.

	Three Months Ended June 30 2008 % of		Three Months Ended June 30 2007			Change			
			Total		% of Total				
	A	mount	Revenues	A	mount	Revenues	А	mount	% change
<u>REVENUE, NET</u>									
Products	\$	3,036,313	70.67%	\$	3,013,085	74.79%	\$	23,228	1%
Service		837,555	19.49%	ว	1,015,812	25.21%	,	-178,257	-18%
Projects		422,659	9.84%	2	-	-		422,659	-
Total Operating Revenues	\$	4,296,527	100%	\$	4,028,897	100%	\$	267,630	7%
		Six Months	Ended		Six Months	s Ended			
	June 30 20		008 June 30 2007			Change			
			% of						
			Total			% of Total			
	Am	ount	Revenues	An	nount	Revenues	Aı	nount	% change
<u>REVENUE, NET</u>									
Products	5	5,279,366	73.72%	\$	3,945,336	78.41%	\$	1,334,030	34%
Service		1,168,936	16.32%		1,086,047	21.59%		82,889	8%
Projects		713,182	9.96%		-	-		713,182	-
Total Operating									
Revenues	5	7,161,484	100%	\$	5,031,383	100%	\$	2,130,101	42%

# Product Revenues

Product revenues are derived principally from the sale of self-manufactured products and provision of engineering services. Product revenues were \$3,036,313 and \$5,279,366, or 70.67% and 73.72% of total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to \$3,013,085 and \$3,945,336, or 74.79% and 78.41% of total revenues for both the corresponding periods in 2007. Product revenues increased by \$23,228, a 1% increase, to \$3,036,313 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and increased by \$1,334,030, a 34% increase, to \$5,279,366 for the six months ended June 30, 2008 as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

## Service Revenues

Service revenues are derived principally from energy-saving technical services that are not an element of an arrangement for the sale of products. These services are generally billed on a time-cost plus basis. Service revenues were \$837,555 and \$1,168,936, or 19.49% and 16.32% of total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to \$1,015,812 and \$1,086,047, or 25.21% and 21.59% of total revenues for both the corresponding periods in 2007. Service revenues decreased by \$178,257, a 18% decrease, to \$837,555 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and increased by \$82,889, an 8% increase, to \$1,168,936 for the six months ended June 30, 2008 as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

## **Project Revenues**

Project revenues are derived principally from for energy-saving re-engineering projects that require significant modification or customization or installation subject to the customers. The Company applies the percentage-of-completion method to recognize project revenues. This is a newly created business line in 2007. Project revenues were \$422,659 and \$713,182, or 9.84% and 9.96% of total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008. With the Company's new emphasis on managing comprehensive energy saving and emission reduction projects for municipalities and large industrial enterprises, we expect the project revenues will continue to increase in 2008.

## COSTS AND EXPENSES

## Cost of Revenues

Cost of product revenues consists primarily of material costs, direct labor, depreciation and manufacturing overheads, which are directly attributable to the manufacture of products and the rendering of services. Total cost of revenues was \$3,045,518 and \$5,154,955 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, as compared to \$2,524,996 and \$3,302,451 for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The total cost of revenues increased by \$520,522 (21%) and \$1,852,504 (56%) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to total cost of revenues for the corresponding three and six months periods in 2007. The increase in total cost of revenues was due partly to increased supporting costs for increasing sales and partly induced by the inflation in PRC.

	Three Months Ended June 30 2008		Three Months Ended June 30 2007			Change		
			% of Total			% of Total		
			Cost of			Cost of		
	Aı	nount	Revenues	Aı	nount	Revenues	Amount	% change
COST OF REVENUES								
Cost of Products	\$	2,092,071	68.69%	\$	2,266,486	89.76%	-\$174,415	-8%
Cost of Service		582,581	19.13%		258,510	10.24%	324,071	125%
Cost of Projects		370,866	12.18%		-	-	370,866	-
Total Cost of Revenues	\$	3,045,518	100.00%	\$	2,524,996	100.00%	\$ 520,522	21%

	Six Months Ended June 30 2008		Six Months Ended June 30 2007			Change				
	% of									
		Total			% of Total					
			Cost of			Cost of				
	Aı	nount	Revenues	Aı	nount	Revenues	Aı	nount	% change	
COST OF REVENUES										
Cost of Products	\$	3,752,218	72.79%	\$	3,007,717	91.08%	\$	744,501	25%	
Cost of Service		792,101	15.37%		294,734	8.92%		497,367	169%	
Cost of Projects		610,636	11.85%		-	-		610,636	-	
Total Cost of Revenues	\$	5,154,955	100.00%	\$	3,302,451	100.00%	\$	1,852,504	56%	

The overall gross profit for the Company was \$1,251,009 and \$2,006,529, or 29.12% and 28.02% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively. Profit margin decreased by \$252,892, an 8.21% decrease, to \$1,251,009, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and increased by \$277,597, a 6.34% decrease, to \$2,006,529 for the six months

ended June 30, 2008 as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

				Months Ended e 30, 2008			
	Products	% Ser	vice %	Projects	%	Total	%
Revenues	\$ 3,036,313	100.00% \$ 83	7,555 100.0	00% \$ 422,659	100.00%	\$ 4,296,527	100.00%
Cost of Revenues	2,092,071	68.90% 58	2,581 69.:	56% 370,866	87.75%	\$ 3,045,518	70.88%
Gross Margin	\$ 944,242	31.10% \$ 25	4,974 30.4	44% \$ 51,793	12.25%	\$ 1,251,009	29.12%
				e Months Ended ane 30 2007			
	Products	%	Service	% Projec	ets %	Total	%
Revenues	\$ 3,013,08	35 100.00%	\$ 1,015,812	100.00%	\$	4,028,897	100.00%
Cost of Revenues	2,266,48	86 75.22%	258,510	25.45%		2,524,996	62.67%
Gross Margin	\$ 746,59	99 24.78%	\$ 757,302	74.55%	\$	1,503,901	37.33%
				onths Ended e 30, 2008			
	Products	% Ser	vice %	Projects	%	Total	%
Revenues	\$ 5,279,366	100.00% \$ 1,1	68,936 100.	00% \$ 713,182	100.00%	\$ 7,161,484	100.00%
Cost of Revenues	3,752,218		)	76% 610,636		\$ 5,154,955	71.98%
Gross Margin	\$ 1,527,148	28.93% \$ 3	76,835 32.	24% \$ 102,546	14.38%	\$ 2,006,529	28.02%
				Months Ended ane 30 2007			
	Products		Service	% Projec		Total	%
Revenues	\$ 3,945,33			100.0070	\$	5,031,383	100.00%
Cost of Revenues			201 721	27 1407		2 202 451	(E (ACT
Gross Margin	3,007,71 \$ 937,61		294,734 \$ 791,313	27.14% 72.86%		3,302,451 1,728,932	65.64% 34.36%

## Cost of Products

Cost of product revenues was \$2,092,071 and \$3,752,218, or 68.90% and 71.07% of total products revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$2,266,486 and \$3,007,717, or 75.22% and 76.23% of total product revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The cost of product revenues decreased by \$174,415 to \$2,092,071, a decrease of 6.32% of total revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007. Cost of product revenues increased by \$744,501 to \$3,752,218, an increase of 5.16% of total revenues, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007.

The gross profit for products was \$944,242 and \$1,527,148, or 31.1% and 28.93% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$746,599 and \$937,619, or 24.78% and 23.77% for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. Gross profit increased by \$197,643 to \$944,242, an increase of 6.32%, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007. Gross profit increased by \$589,529 to \$1,527,148, an increase of 5.16%, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007. The increase in gross profit for products is due to increase in sales and better control of costs of products revenues.

#### Cost of Service

Cost of service revenues was \$582,581 and \$792,101, or 69.56% and 67.76% of total service revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$258,510 and \$294,734, or 25.45% and 27.14% of total service revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. Cost of service revenues increased by \$324,071 to \$582,581, an increase of 44.11% of total service revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007. Cost of service revenues increased by \$497,367 to \$792,101, an increase of 40.62% of total service revenues, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007.

The gross profit for service was \$254,974 and \$376,835, or 30.44% and 32.24% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$757,302 and \$791,313, or 74.55% and 72.86% for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. Gross profit decreased by \$502,328 to \$254,974, a decrease of 44.11%, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding period in 2007. Gross profit decreased by \$414,478 to \$376,835, a decrease of 40.62%, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to that the company just started providing energy-saving technical services in 2007 and lower cost of service revenues were reported in 2007.

## Cost of Projects

In 2007 the Company began contracting energy-saving re-engineering projects that require significant modification or customization or installation subject to the customers. Cost of projects revenues was \$370,866 and \$610,636, or 87.75% and 85.62% of project revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively. The gross profit for projects was \$51,793 and \$102,546, or 12.25% and 14.38% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Total operating expenses was \$209,576 and \$389,690, or 4.88% and 5.44% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$671,374 and \$983,844, or 15.63% and 19.55% of total revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. Total operating expenses decreased by \$461,798 to \$209,576 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and decreased by \$594,154 to \$389,690 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 primarily consists of a \$255,000 decrease in stock based compensation expense incurred in 2007. The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in stock compensation expense that was incurred in 2007 for issuing 1,000,000 shares of restricted common stock for business advisory services to Greentree Financial Group, Inc..

#### Sales and marketing expenses

On September 5, 2007 the Company established a new subsidiary, Liaoning Nengfa Weiye Tie Fa Sales Co., Ltd. to engage in the sales and marketing of valves products in the PRC. Sales and marketing expenses was \$48,921 and \$62,280, or 1.14% and 0.87% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$14,709 and \$14,709, or 0.37% and 0.29% of total revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$34,212 to \$48,921 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and increased by \$47,571 to \$62,280 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The increase for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 and the increase for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 are both due to increased sales and marketing activities during these periods. Another reason for the increase in sales and marketing expenses was that in 2007 the sales and marketing expenses were included in general and administrative expenses.

#### Research and development expenses

The Company incurred research and development expenses to study the possibility of using the Company's existing manufacturing facilities and valve production expertise to produce equipment and accessories for wind power plants. The R&D effort enabled the Company to create a new line of business to tap into a large demand for the equipment needed for new wind power plants that have been planned in PRC.

Research and development expenses was \$47,254 and \$85,586, or 1.10% and 1.20% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$329,906 and \$329,906, or 8.19% and 6.56% of total revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. Research and development expenses decreased by \$282,652 to \$47,254 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and decreased by \$244,320 to \$85,586 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 and the decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 are primarily due to intensive research and development activities during 2007 to study the possibility of using the company's existing manufacturing facilities and valve production expertise to produce equipment for wind power plants.

#### General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses was \$113,401 and \$241,824, or 2.64% and 3.38% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 respectively as compared to \$71,759 and \$129,229, or 1.78% and 2.57% of total revenues, for the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. General and administrative expenses increased by \$41,642 to \$113,401 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and increased by \$112,595 to \$241,824 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007. The increase for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 and the increase for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from the corresponding period in 2007 were both due to an increase in personnel expenses.

#### **Income from Operations**

As a result of the foregoing, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, income from operations was \$1,041,433 and \$1,616,839, 24.24% and 22.58% of total revenues, as compared to \$832,527 and \$745,088, 20.66% and 14.81% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. Our income from operations increased by \$208,906 to \$1,041,433, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and increased by \$871,751 to \$1,616,839, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, and increased by \$871,751 to \$1,616,839, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

#### **Income Tax Expenses**

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, income tax expense was \$4 and \$305, as compared to \$0 and \$0 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. The Company is enjoying the tax holiday in PRC due to NFES's foreign company status. During 2007, the Tieling city local government tax bureau in the PRC approved Nengfa Energy as a foreign investment enterprise. Hence, retroactively effective from January 1, 2007, Nengfa Energy is entitled to a two-year exemption from corporate income tax and a reduced corporate income tax rate of 15% for the

following three years.

As of June 30, 2008, the operation in the United States of America has incurred \$642,414 of cumulative net operating losses which can be carried forward to offset future taxable income. The net operating loss carryforwards begin to expire in 2029, if unutilized. The Company has provided for a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets of \$224,845 on the expected future tax benefits from the net operating loss carryforwards as the management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will not be realized in the future.

# Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, we had net income of \$1,062,383 and \$1,641,470, 24.73% and 22.92% of total revenues, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to net income of \$837,736 and \$756,949 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. Our net income increased by \$224,647 (3.93%) to \$1,062,383 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and increased by \$884,521 (7.88%) to \$1,641,470 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the corresponding three and six month periods in 2007.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

# **Operating activities**

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, net cash provided by operating activities was \$478,716. This was primarily attributable to our net income of \$1,641,470, adjusted by non-cash items of depreciation \$170,415, and a \$1,333,169 decrease in working capital. The decrease in working capital in the first six months of 2008 were due primarily to the increase in accounts receivable by \$974,464, prepayments, and other receivables by \$330,241, and the decrease in accounts payable by \$107,754, and other payables and accrued liabilities by \$132,019, partially offset by the decrease in inventories by \$100,786, increase in customer deposits by \$108,199 and value added tax payable by \$2,324 in this period.

The large increase in accounts receivable of \$974,464, an increase of 24.0% over the accounts receivables balances at December 31, 2007, is mainly due to the sales growth during the period. The decrease in inventories of \$100,786 reflects a lower inventory level the company maintains for the current sales level. The reason for the large increase in the prepayments and other receivables of \$330,241, a 54.5% increase over the prepayments and other receivables balance of \$605,989 at December 31, 2007 is that the Company expects the cost of the raw-material will increase in the coming year. In order to hedge the increase in raw material costs, the company has signed more purchase contracts in advance with the suppliers and hence increasing the prepayments. The decrease in accounts payable of \$107,754 corresponds to more efficient payment of the accounts payable during the period. The increase in customer deposits of \$108,199 is due to the increase in sales. The decrease of \$132,019 in other payables and accrued liabilities are due to the decrease in welfare payable, payables to equipment vendors and other accrued expenses. A decrease of \$2,324 in value added tax payable is due to reduced value added tax payable this period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2007, net cash provided by operating activities was \$221,809. This was primarily attributable to a net income of \$756,949, adjusted by non-cash items of depreciation \$113,254, gain on disposal of plant and equipment of \$10,533, a non-cash expense for shares issued for service rendered \$510,000, and a \$1,147,861 decrease in working capital. The decrease in working capital in the first six months of 2007 were due primarily to the increase in accounts receivable by \$288,838, prepayments and other receivables by 1,142,062 and a decrease in income tax payable by \$378,069, partially offset by the decrease in inventories by \$192,661, an increase in accounts payable by \$50,319, customer deposits by \$63,720, value added tax payable by \$139,235 and other payables and accrued liabilities by \$215,173 in this period.

## **Investing activities**

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, net cash used in investing activities was \$160,722, and was primarily attributable to the purchase of plant and equipment. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, net cash used in investing activities was \$20,347 attributable to the purchase of plant and equipment of \$74,170, partially offset by the proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment \$53,823.

# **Financing activities**

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, net cash provided by financing activities was \$2,000,000 attributable to the issuance of common stock to two investors from a convertible note. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, net cash provided by financing activities was \$870,000 attributable to the issuance of common stock.

During January 2008, the company borrowed an aggregate of \$2,000,000 from two independent investors. The loans were made on a demand, interest free basis, on the condition that the principal would be converted into common equity. The parties have completed negotiations of a Securities Purchase Agreement, dated April 28, 2008, for the issuance of an aggregate of 6,645,376 shares of common stock, at an equivalent per share price of \$0.30, of "restricted stock", without registration rights, on conversion of the loans. The investors are South World Ltd. and Oriental United Resources Ltd., each a company established under the laws of the British Virgin Islands (together the "Investors"), each of which Investor acquired one half of the above securities, or 3,322,688 shares. As a result of the issuance of the shares, each of the investors owns 8.33% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. The proceeds of the loans have been used and will continue to be used for working capital.

We anticipate we will need additional working capital in 2008 and in the future to fund our company's new business plans and to help establish our company to be a leader in equipment manufacturing for wind power plants and in comprehensive energy saving infrastructure projects for municipalities while keeping our current leading position in valve production. We may decide to pursue additional investments or debt financing to obtain additional cash resources to fund our company's new business and other future developments.

# IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

We do not expect adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

# **EFFECTS OF INFLATION**

We believe that the rate of inflation over the past few years has not had a significant impact on our results of operations. At present we are able to increase our prices due to the rising prices of raw materials.

The reporting currency of the Company is US\$, to date the majority of the revenues and costs are denominated in RMB and a significant portion of the assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB. As a result, the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk as its revenues and results of operations may be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate between US\$ and RMB. If RMB depreciates against US\$, the value of RMB revenues and assets as expressed in US\$ financial statements will decline. The Company does not hold any derivative or other financial instruments that expose to substantial market risk.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not Applicable.

#### Item 4T. Controls and Procedures.

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the specified time periods. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer (collectively, the "Certifying Officers") are responsible for maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company. The controls and procedures established by the Company are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Certifying Officers evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation, the Certifying Officers concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms, and that it is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Certifying Officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

There have been no material developments in a civil complaint *Robert Dawley vs NF Energy Saving Corp. of America, etal.* which was filed in the United States District Court, Middle District of Florida, Orlando, Civil No. 6:07-cv-872-Orl-19DAB.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

On April 30, 2008, the Company filed an 8-K report under Item 1.01 Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement and Item 3.02, Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities reporting that On April 28, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with two independent investors to consummate a private placement of 6,645,376 shares of restricted common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000 at an equivalent price of \$0.30 per share.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

# Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

#### Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed in the Index to Exhibits Beginning on page 36 of this Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, there unto duly authorized.

# **NF Energy Saving Corporation of America** (Registrant)

Date: August 11, 2008

By:

/s/ Gang Li Gang Li Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

# INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. 31.1	<b>Description</b> Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
36	