CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORP

Form 10-Q May 09, 2014

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014
or
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number: 000-16084
CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORPORATION
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA 23-2451943 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

90-92 MAIN STREET, WELLSBORO, PA 16901

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

570-724-3411

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer "Smaller reporting company"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock (\$1.00 par value) 12,430,482 Shares Outstanding on May 7, 2014

CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORPORATION

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS Cash and due from banks: Noninterest-bearing \$22,478 \$15,917 Interest-bearing 38,609 28,702 Total cash and due from banks 61,087 44,619 Available-for-sale securities, at fair value 484,014 482,658 Loans held for sale 133 54 Loans receivable 625,818 644,303 Allowance for loan losses (8,343) (8,663) Loans, net 617,475 635,640 Bank-owned life insurance 21,831 21,743
Noninterest-bearing \$22,478 \$15,917 Interest-bearing 38,609 28,702 Total cash and due from banks 61,087 44,619 Available-for-sale securities, at fair value 484,014 482,658 Loans held for sale 133 54 Loans receivable 625,818 644,303 Allowance for loan losses (8,343) (8,663) Loans, net 617,475 635,640
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Loans, net 617,475 635,640
Bank-owned life insurance 21,831 21,743
Accrued interest receivable 3,954 4,146
Bank premises and equipment, net 17,022 17,430
Foreclosed assets held for sale 1,321 892
Deferred tax asset, net 3,818 6,344
Intangible asset - Core deposit intangibles 78 87
Intangible asset - Goodwill 11,942 11,942
Other assets 12,464 12,140
TOTAL ASSETS \$1,235,139\$1,237,695
LIABILITIES
Deposits:
Noninterest-bearing \$210,891 \$191,245
Interest-bearing 750,942 763,271
Total deposits 961,833 954,516
Short-term borrowings 4,730 23,385
Long-term borrowings 73,270 73,338
Accrued interest and other liabilities 10,544 6,984
TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,050,377 1,058,223
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Preferred stock, \$1,000 par value; authorized 30,000 shares; \$1,000 liquidation preference
per share; no shares issued at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013
Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share; authorized 20,000,000 shares in 2014 and 2013; 12,616 12,596
issued 12,616,059 at March 31, 2014 and 12,596,540 at December 31, 2013
Paid-in capital 70,421 70,105
Retained earnings 102,311 101,216
Treasury stock, at cost; 187,059 shares at March 31, 2014 and 206,477 shares at December (3,128) (3,452)
Sub-total 182,220 180,465
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities 2,442 (1,004)
Defined benefit plans gain 100 11

Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)2,542 (993)TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY184,762 179,472TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$1,235,139\$1,237,695

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income	3 Months	Ended
(In Thousands Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)	March 31	, March 31,
	2014	2013
INTEREST INCOME		
Interest and fees on loans	\$7,998	\$9,225
Interest on balances with depository institutions	30	28
Interest on loans to political subdivisions	373	362
Interest on mortgages held for sale	3	21
Income from available-for-sale securities:		
Taxable	1,802	1,717
Tax-exempt	1,111	1,212
Dividends	89	82
Total interest and dividend income	11,406	12,647
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Interest on deposits	554	778
Interest on short-term borrowings	5	1
Interest on long-term borrowings	729	821
Total interest expense	1,288	1,600
Net interest income	10,118	11,047
(Credit) provision for loan losses	(311)	183
Net interest income after (credit) provision for loan losses	10,429	10,864
OTHER INCOME		
Service charges on deposit accounts	1,223	1,226
Service charges and fees	127	134
Trust and financial management revenue	1,047	944
Brokerage revenue	227	144
Insurance commissions, fees and premiums	32	45
Interchange revenue from debit card transactions	453	464
Net gains from sale of loans	151	504
Increase in fair value of servicing rights	105	8
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	88	93
Other operating income	298	281
Sub-total	3,751	3,843
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses on available-for-sale securities	0	(25)
Portion of (gain) recognized in other comprehensive loss (before taxes)	0	0
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	0	(25)
Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net	31	1,184
Total other income	3,782	5,002
OTHER EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	3,565	3,600
Pensions and other employee benefits	1,319	1,255
Occupancy expense, net	715	634
Furniture and equipment expense	472	494
FDIC Assessments	147	152
Pennsylvania shares tax	341	350
Professional fees	148	157

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Automated teller machine and interchange expense	211	272
Software subscriptions	190	223
Loss on prepayment of debt	0	1,023
Other operating expense	1,416	1,416
Total other expenses	8,524	9,576
Income before income tax provision	5,687	6,290
Income tax provision	1,399	1,584
NET INCOME	\$4,288	\$4,706
NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC	\$0.35	\$0.38
NET INCOME PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$0.34	\$0.38

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	3 Months March 31	Ended , March 31,
Net income	2014 \$4,288	2013 \$4,706
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities: Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income	5,334 (31)	(2,447) (1,159)
Other comprehensive gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations: Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive gain	5,303 141	(3,606)
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost Other comprehensive gain on unfunded retirement obligations	(4) 137	0 636
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income tax Income tax related to other comprehensive (income) loss	5,440 (1,905)	(2,970) 1,038
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	3,535	(1,932)
Comprehensive income	\$7,823	\$2,774

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	Three Months Ended March		Three Months Ended March 31,	
(In Thousands) (Unaudited)	2014	2013		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$4,288	\$4,706		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
(Credit) provision for loan losses	(311)	183		
Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net	(31)	(1,159)		
Loss on prepayment of debt	0	1,023		
Realized loss on foreclosed assets	31	3		
Depreciation expense	498	511		
Accretion and amortization on securities, net	356	513		
Accretion and amortization on loans and deposits, net	(7)	(8)		
Increase in fair value of mortgage servicing rights	(105)	(8)		
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	(88)	(93)		
Stock-based compensation	212	287		
Amortization of core deposit intangibles	9	13		
Deferred income taxes	621	1,270		
Gains on sales of loans, net	(151)	(504)		
Origination of loans for sale	(4,773)	(16,346)		
Proceeds from sales of loans	4,805	18,471		
Increase in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(864)	(1,009)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	1,961	(970)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	6,451	6,883		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from maturities of certificates of deposit	240	0		
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	27,514	23,024		
Proceeds from calls and maturities of available-for-sale securities	13,848	22,614		
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(36,004)	(35,065)		
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh stock	955	693		
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh stock	(120)	0		
Net decrease in loans	17,753	17,202		
Purchase of premises and equipment	(90)	(263)		
Purchase of investment in limited liability entity	0	(26)		
Return of principal on limited liability entity investments	42	37		
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets	270	9		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	24,408	28,225		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	7,317	(38,132)		
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(18,655)	(930)		
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(68)	(8,174)		
Sale of treasury stock	62	53		
Tax benefit from compensation plans	40	28		
Common dividends paid	(2,847)	(2,720)		
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(14,151)	(49,875)		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	16,708	(14,767)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	38,591	55,016		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$55,299	\$40,249		

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Assets acquired through foreclosure of real estate loans	\$730	\$48
Accrued purchase of available-for-sale securities	\$1,736	\$811
Interest paid	\$1,290	\$1,609
Income taxes paid	\$270	\$200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 Accum. Other								
(In Thousands Except Share	•					Comprehensive	\	
(Unaudited)	Common			ı Paid-ir	n Retained	-	Treasury	٧
(0.1.0.0.0.0.0.)	Shares	Shares	Stock		l Earnings		Stock	Total
Three Months Ended March					6.			
31, 2014:								
Balance, December 31, 2013	12,596,540	0206,477	\$12,596	\$70,10	5\$101,216	(\$993)	(\$3,452)	\$179,472
Net income					4,288			4,288
Other comprehensive income,						2 525		2 525
net						3,535		3,535
Cash dividends declared on					(2.227)			(2.227)
common stock, \$.26 per share					(3,227)			(3,227)
Shares issued for dividend	10.510		20	260				200
reinvestment plan	19,519		20	360				380
Shares issued from treasury								
related to exercise of stock		(4,095)		(6)			68	62
options								
Restricted stock granted		(16,711)		(279)			279	0
Forfeiture of restricted stock		1,388		23			(23)	0
Stock-based compensation				212				212
expense				212				212
Tax effect of stock option				1				1
exercises				1				1
Tax benefit from dividends on				5				5
restricted stock				3				3
Tax benefit from employee					34			34
benefit plan					J 4			J 4
Balance, March 31, 2014	12,616,059	9187,059	\$12,616	\$70,42	1\$102,311	\$2,542	(\$3,128)	\$184,762
Three Months Ended Month								
Three Months Ended March								
31, 2013: Balance, December 31, 2012	10 505 41	1 251 276	¢12 525	\$69.62	2 \$ 0.4 \$ 20	¢11 002	(\$4.202)	\$182,786
Net income	12,525,41.	1231,370	\$12,525	φυο,υ22	4,706	\$11,003	(\$4,203)	4,706
					4,700	(1,932)		(1,932)
Other comprehensive loss, net Cash dividends declared on						(1,932)		(1,932)
common stock, \$.25 per share					(3,078)			(3,078)
Shares issued for dividend								
reinvestment plan	18,169		18	340				358
Shares issued from treasury	10,109		10	340				330
related to exercise of stock		(3,091)		1			52	53
options								
Restricted stock granted		(37,886)		(633)			633	0
Forfeiture of restricted stock		1,527		25			(25)	0
Stock-based compensation expense				287				287
Tax effect of stock option exercises				(2)				(2)

Tax benefit from employee benefit plan

30

30

Balance, March 31, 2013

12,543,580211,926 \$12,543 \$68,640\$96,497 \$9,071

(\$3,543) \$183,208

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. BASIS OF INTERIM PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial information included herein, with the exception of the consolidated balance sheet dated December 31, 2013, is unaudited. Such information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in stockholders' equity for the interim periods; however, the information does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for a complete set of financial statements. Certain 2013 information has been reclassified for consistency with the 2014 presentation.

Operating results reported for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 might not be indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2014. The Corporation evaluates subsequent events through the date of filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

2. PER SHARE DATA

Net income per share is based on the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding. The following data show the amounts used in computing basic and diluted net income per share. As shown in the table that follows, diluted earnings per share is computed using weighted average common shares outstanding, plus weighted-average common shares available from the exercise of all dilutive stock options, less the number of shares that could be repurchased with the proceeds of stock option exercises based on the average share price of the Corporation's common stock during the period.

Weighted-

Average Earnings

Net Common Per Income

Shares Share

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

Earnings per share – basic

Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:

Exercise of outstanding stock options

Hypothetical share repurchase at \$19.71

Earnings per share – diluted

\$4,288,00012,417,627\$0.35

240,960

(213,790)

\$4,288,00012,444,797\$0.34

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

Earnings per share – basic \$4,706,00012,321,014\$0.38

Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:

Exercise of outstanding stock options 257,449 Hypothetical share repurchase at \$19.58 (229,199)

Earnings per share – diluted \$4,706,00012,349,264\$0.38

Stock options that were anti-dilutive were excluded from net income per share calculations. Weighted-average common shares available from anti-dilutive instruments totaled 138,643 shares in the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 and 121,878 shares in the three-month period ended March 31, 2013.

3. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income is the total of (1) net income, and (2) all other changes in equity from non-stockholder sources, which are referred to as other comprehensive income. The components of other comprehensive income, and the related tax effects, are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Before-Tax Income Tax Net-of-Tax		
	Amount Effect An		
Three Months Ended March 31, 2014:			
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities:			
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities	\$5,334	(\$1,868)	\$3,466
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income	(31)	11	(20)
Other comprehensive gain on available-for-sale securities	5,303	(1,857)	3,446
Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations:			
Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses			
included in other comprehensive income	141	(49)	92
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net			
actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(4)	1	(3)
Other comprehensive gain on unfunded retirement obligations	137	(48)	89
Total other comprehensive gain	\$5,440	(\$1,905)	\$3,535

(In Thousands)	Before-Tax Income Tax Net-of-Ta Amount Effect Amount		
Three Months Ended March 31, 2013: Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities:	Amount	Effect	Amount
Unrealized holding losses on available-for-sale securities Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income	(\$2,447) (1,159)	\$855 406	(\$1,592) (753)
Other comprehensive loss on available-for-sale securities	(3,606)	1,261	(2,345)
Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations: Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in other comprehensive income Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net	636	(223)	413
actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost Other comprehensive gain on unfunded retirement obligations	0 636	0 (223)	0 413
Total other comprehensive loss	(\$2,970)	\$1,038	(\$1,932)

Changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows and are presented net of tax:

(In Thousands)	Unrealized Holding Gains (Losses) on Securities		Accumulated Other tComprehensive Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2014			
Balance, beginning of period	(\$1,004)	\$11	(\$993)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	3,466	92	3,558
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other			
comprehensive income	(20)	(3)	(23)
Other comprehensive income	3,446	89	3,535
Balance, end of period	\$2,442	\$100	\$2,542
Three Months Ended March 31, 2013			
Balance, beginning of period	\$11,568	(\$565)	\$11,003
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	(1,592)	413	(1,179)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other			
comprehensive income	(753)	0	(753)
Other comprehensive income	(2,345)	413	(1,932)
Balance, end of period	\$9,223	(\$152)	\$9,071

Items reclassified out of each component of other comprehensive income are as follows:

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 (In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components	Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Incom	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated to Statements of Income
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale		
securities	(\$31)	Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net
	11	Income tax provision
	(20)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension and postretirement items		
Prior service cost	(8)	Pensions and other employee benefits
Actuarial loss	4	Pensions and other employee benefits
	(4)	Total before tax
	1	Income tax provision
	(3)	Net of tax

Total reclassifications for the period (\$23)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 (In Thousands)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Incom	Affected Line Item in the Conso ne Statements of Income
\$25	Total other-than-temporary impair available-for-sale securities
(1,184)	Realized gains on available-for-sa
(1,159)	Total before tax
406	Income tax provision
(753)	Net of tax
ns	
(8)	Pensions and other employee bene
8	Pensions and other employee bene
0	Total before tax
0	Income tax provision
0	Net of tax
(\$753)	
	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Incor \$25 (1,184) (1,159) 406 (753) ms (8) 8 0 0 0

Reclassified from

4. CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS

Cash and due from banks at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 include the following:

(In thousands)	March 31, Dec. 31,			
	2014	2013		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$55,299	\$38,591		
Certificates of deposit	5,788	6,028		
Total cash and due from banks	\$61.087	\$44,619		

Certificates of deposit are issues by U.S. banks with original maturities greater than three months. Each certificate of deposit is fully FDIC-insured. The Corporation maintains cash and cash equivalents with certain financial institutions in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

The Corporation is required to maintain reserves against deposit liabilities in the form of cash and balances with the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. The reserves are based on deposit levels, account activity, and other services provided by the Federal Reserve Bank. Required reserves were \$13,937,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$15,318,000 at

December 31, 2013.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Corporation measures certain assets at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FASB ASC topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" establishes a framework for measuring fair value that includes a hierarchy used to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in determining valuations into three levels. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 – Fair value is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible to the Corporation for identical assets. These generally provide the most reliable evidence and are used to measure fair value whenever available.

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Level 2 – Fair value is based on significant inputs, other than Level 1 inputs, that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset through corroboration with observable market data. Level 2 inputs include quoted market prices in active markets for similar assets, quoted market prices in markets that are not active for identical or similar assets and other observable inputs.

Level 3 – Fair value is based on significant unobservable inputs. Examples of valuation methodologies that would result in Level 3 classification include option pricing models, discounted cash flows and other similar techniques.

The Corporation monitors and evaluates available data relating to fair value measurements on an ongoing basis and recognizes transfers among the levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of an event or change in circumstances that affects the valuation method chosen. Examples of such changes may include the market for a particular asset becoming active or inactive, changes in the availability of quoted prices, or changes in the availability of other market data.

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, assets measured at fair value and the valuation methods used are as follows:

	March 31, 2014					
	Quoted Prices Other					
	in Active	Observabl	e Unobservabl	e Total		
	Markets	Inputs	Inputs	Fair		
(In Thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Value		
Recurring fair value measurements						
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES:						
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$0	\$28,523	\$0	\$28,523		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:						
Tax-exempt	0	127,179	0	127,179		
Taxable	0	33,624	0	33,624		
Mortgage-backed securities	0	92,930	0	92,930		
Collateralized mortgage obligations,						
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	0	192,066	0	192,066		
Collateralized debt obligations	0	660	0	660		
Total debt securities	0	474,982	0	474,982		
Marketable equity securities	9,032	0	0	9,032		
Total available-for-sale securities	9,032	474,982	0	484,014		
Servicing rights	0	0	1,268	1,268		
Total recurring fair value measurements	\$9,032	\$474,982	\$1,268	\$485,282		

Nonrecurring fair value measurements

Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$0	\$0	\$9,576	\$9,576
Valuation allowance	0	0	(2,190)	(2,190)
Impaired loans, net	0	0	7,386	7,386
Foreclosed assets held for sale	0	0	1,321	1,321
Total nonrecurring fair value measurements	\$0	\$0	\$8,707	\$8,707

	December 31, 2013 Quoted Prices Other				
	•			le Total	
(In Thousands)	Markets (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value	
Recurring fair value measurements					
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES:					
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$0	\$45,877	\$0	\$45,877	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:					
Tax-exempt	0	128,426	0	128,426	
Taxable	0	34,471	0	34,471	
Mortgage-backed securities	0	86,208	0	86,208	
Collateralized mortgage obligations,					
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	0	178,092	0	178,092	
Collateralized debt obligations	0	660	0	660	
Total debt securities	0	473,734	0	473,734	
Marketable equity securities	8,924	0	0	8,924	
Total available-for-sale securities	8,924	473,734	0	482,658	
Servicing rights	0	0	1,123	1,123	
Total recurring fair value measurements	\$8,924	\$473,734	\$1,123	\$483,781	
Nonrecurring fair value measurements					
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$0	\$0	\$9,889	\$9,889	
Valuation allowance	0	0	(2,333)	(2,333)	
Impaired loans, net	0	0	7,556	7,556	
Foreclosed assets held for sale	0	0	892	892	
Total nonrecurring fair value measurements	\$0	\$0	\$8,448	\$8,448	

Loans are classified as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Foreclosed assets held for sale consist of real estate acquired by foreclosure. For impaired commercial loans secured by real estate and foreclosed assets held for sale, estimated fair values are determined primarily using values from third-party appraisals less estimated selling costs.

Management's evaluation and selection of valuation techniques and the unobservable inputs used in determining the fair values of assets valued using Level 3 methodologies include sensitive assumptions. Other market participants might use substantially different assumptions, which could result in calculations of fair values that would be substantially different than the amount calculated by management. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, quantitative information regarding significant techniques and inputs used for assets measured on a recurring basis using unobservable inputs (Level 3 methodologies) are as follows:

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Asset	3/31/14 (In Thousands	· •	Unobservable Input(s)	Method or Value As of 3/31/14		
Servicing rights	\$1,268	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	10.00%	Rate used through modeling period	
			Loan prepayment speeds	150.00% Weighted-average PSA		
			Servicing fees	0.25%	of loan balances	
				4.00%	of payments are late	
				5.00%	late fees assessed	
				\$1.94	Miscellaneous fees per account per month	
			Servicing costs	\$6.00	Monthly servicing cost per account	
				\$24.00	Additional monthly servicing cost per loan	
				\$24.00	on loans more than 30 days delinquent	
				1.50%	of loans more than 30 days delinquent	
				3.00%	annual increase in servicing costs	

Asset	Fair Value at 12/31/13 (In Thousands	· •	Unobservable Input(s)	Method 12/31/13	or Value As of
Servicing rights	\$1,123	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	12.00%	Rate used through modeling period
			Loan prepayment speeds	152.00%	Weighted-average PSA
			Servicing fees	0.25%	of loan balances
				4.00%	of payments are late
				5.00%	late fees assessed
				\$1.94	Miscellaneous fees per account per month
			Servicing costs	\$6.00	Monthly servicing cost per account
				\$24.00	Additional monthly servicing cost per loan on loans more than 30 days delinquent
				1.50%	of loans more than 30 days delinquent
				3.00%	annual increase in servicing costs

The fair value of servicing rights is affected by expected future interest rates. Increases (decreases) in future expected interest rates tend to increase (decrease) the fair value of the Corporation's servicing rights because of changes in expected prepayment behavior by the borrowers on the underlying loans.

Following is a reconciliation of activity for Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

In Thousands)	Servicing
	Rights
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,123
Issuances of servicing rights	40
Unrealized gains included in earnings	105
Balance, end of period	\$1,268

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

	Pooled Trust Pooled Trust						
	Preferred	Preferred					
	Securities -	Securities -					
(In Thousands)	Senior	Mezzanine	ıg				
	Tranches	Tranches	Rights	Total			
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,613	\$0	\$605	\$2,218			
Issuances of servicing rights	0	0	125	125			

Accretion and amortization, net	(1)	0	0	(1)
Proceeds from sales and calls	0	(571)	0	(571)
Realized gains, net	0	571	0	571
Unrealized gains included in earnings	0	0	8	8
Unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income	47	0	0	47
Balance, end of period	\$1,659	\$0	\$738	\$2,397

No other-than-temporary impairment losses (OTTI) on securities valued using Level 3 methodologies were recorded in 2014 or 2013.

Certain of the Corporation's financial instruments are not measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. Certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments are excluded from disclosure requirements. Therefore, the aggregate fair value amounts presented may not represent the underlying fair value of the Corporation.

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The Corporation used the following methods and assumptions in estimating fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT - Fair values for certificates of deposit, included in cash and due from banks in the consolidated balance sheet, are based on quoted market prices for certificates of similar remaining maturities.

SECURITIES - Fair values for securities, excluding restricted equity securities, are based on quoted market prices or other methods as described above. The carrying value of restricted equity securities approximates fair value based on applicable redemption provisions.

LOANS HELD FOR SALE - Fair values of loans held for sale are determined based on applicable sale prices available under the Federal Home Loan Banks' MPF Xtra program.

LOANS - Fair values are estimated for portfolios of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type such as commercial, commercial real estate, residential mortgage and other consumer. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate interest terms and by performing and nonperforming categories. The fair value of performing loans is calculated by discounting contractual cash flows, adjusted for estimated prepayments based on historical experience, using estimated market discount rates that reflect the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loans. Fair value of nonperforming loans is based on recent appraisals or estimates prepared by the Corporation's lending officers.

SERVICING RIGHTS - The fair value of servicing rights, included in other assets in the consolidated balance sheet, is determined through a discounted cash flow valuation. Significant inputs include expected net servicing income, the discount rate and the expected prepayment speeds of the underlying loans.

DEPOSITS - The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest-bearing demand deposits, savings, money market and interest checking accounts, is (by definition) equal to the amount payable on demand at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The fair value of time deposits, such as certificates of deposit and Individual Retirement Accounts, is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities. The fair value estimates of deposits do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by the deposit liabilities compared to the cost of

borrowing funds in the market, commonly referred to as the core deposit intangible.

BORROWED FUNDS - The fair value of borrowings is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on rates currently available to the Corporation for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

ACCRUED INTEREST - The carrying amounts of accrued interest receivable and payable approximate fair values.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS - The Corporation has commitments to extend credit and has issued standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit are conditional guarantees of performance by a customer to a third party. Estimates of the fair value of these off-balance sheet items were not made because of the short-term nature of these arrangements and the credit standing of the counterparties.

The estimated fair values, and related carrying amounts, of the Corporation's financial instruments are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Valuation Method(s		*	December Carrying	
	Used	Amount	_	Amount	Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$55,299	\$55,299	9\$38,591	\$38,591
Certificates of deposit	Level 2	5,788	5,819	6,028	6,057
Available-for-sale securities	See Above	484,014	484,014	1482,658	482,658
Restricted equity securities (included in Other Assets)	Level 2	2,951	2,951	3,786	3,786
Loans held for sale	Level 1	133	133	54	54
Loans, net	Level 3	617,475	619,438	3635,640	634,937
Accrued interest receivable	Level 1	3,954	3,954	4,146	4,146
Servicing rights	Level 3	1,268	1,268	1,123	1,123
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits with no stated maturity	Level 1	705,408	705,408	3693,479	693,479
Time deposits	Level 3	256,425	257,692	2261,037	262,376
Short-term borrowings	Level 3	4,730	4,693	23,385	23,356
Long-term borrowings	Level 3	73,270	80,824	73,338	79,400
Accrued interest payable	Level 1	118	118	120	120

6. SECURITIES

Amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2014			
		Gross	Gross	
		Unrealize	d Unrealize	d
	Amortize	d Holding	Holding	Fair
(In Thousands)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$29,667	\$73	(\$1,217)	\$28,523
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:				
Tax-exempt	124,282	3,785	(888)	127,179
Taxable	33,833	247	(456)	33,624
Mortgage-backed securities	91,178	2,078	(326)	92,930
Collateralized mortgage obligations,				
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	194,508	1,099	(3,541)	192,066
Collateralized debt obligations	660	0	0	660

Total debt securities	474,128	7,282	(6,428)	474,982
Marketable equity securities	6,128	2,904	0	9,032
Total	\$480,256	\$10,186	(\$6,428)	\$484,014

		December 31, 2013		
		Gross	Gross	
		Unrealize	d Unrealize	d
	Amortized	dHolding	Holding	Fair
(In Thousands)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$47,382	\$282	(\$1,787)	\$45,877
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:				
Tax-exempt	127,748	2,766	(2,088)	128,426
Taxable	35,154	206	(889)	34,471
Mortgage-backed securities	84,849	1,819	(460)	86,208
Collateralized mortgage obligations,				
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	182,372	761	(5,041)	178,092
Collateralized debt obligations:	660	0	0	660
Total debt securities	478,165	5,834	(10,265)	473,734
Marketable equity securities	6,038	2,886	0	8,924
Total	\$484,203	\$8,720	(\$10,265)	\$482,658

The following table presents gross unrealized losses and fair value of available-for-sale securities with unrealized loss positions that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, aggregated by length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

March 31, 2014	Less Than 12 Months 12 Months or More Total					
(In Thousands)	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$18,714	(\$891)	\$4,721	(\$326)	\$23,435	(\$1,217)
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:						
Tax-exempt	29,424	(500)	6,303	(388)	35,727	(888)
Taxable	14,397	(369)	2,744	(87)	17,141	(456)
Mortgage-backed securities	19,357	(326)	0	0	19,357	(326)
Collateralized mortgage obligations,						
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	118,960	(2,885)	17,260	(656)	136,220	(3,541)
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities	\$200,852	(\$4,971)	\$31,028	(\$1,457)	\$231,880	0(\$6,428)

December 31, 2013	Less Than 12 Months 12 Months or More Total					
(In Thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses		Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions:	\$22,489	(\$1,337)	\$4,598	(\$450)	\$27,087	(\$1,787)

Tax-exempt	44,285	(1,425)	5,808	(663)	50,093	(2,088)
Taxable	20,873	(766)	2,378	(123)	23,251	(889)
Mortgage-backed securities	34,377	(460)	0	0	34,377	(460)
Collateralized mortgage obligations,						
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	113,204	(4,608)	7,399	(433)	120,603	(5,041)
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities	\$235,228	(\$8,596)	\$20,183	3 (\$1,669)	\$255,41	1 (\$10,265)

Gross realized gains and losses from available-for-sale securities were as follows:

(In Thousands)	3 Months Ended			
	March 31,	March 31,		
	2014	2013		
Gross realized gains from sales	\$202	\$1,302		
Gross realized losses from sales	(171)	(118)		
Losses from OTTI impairment	0	(25)		
Net realized gains	\$31	\$1,159		

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale debt securities by contractual maturity are shown in the following table as of March 31, 2014. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because counterparties may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Fair	
(In Thousands)	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$11,939	\$12,066
Due from one year through five years	47,914	48,306
Due from five years through ten years	68,434	67,384
Due after ten years	60,155	62,230
Subtotal	188,442	189,986
Mortgage-backed securities	91,178	92,930
Collateralized mortgage obligations,		
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	194,508	192,066
Total	\$474,128	\$474,982

The Corporation's mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations have stated maturities that may differ from actual maturities due to borrowers' ability to prepay obligations. Cash flows from such investments are dependent upon the performance of the underlying mortgage loans and are generally influenced by the level of interest rates. In the table above, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are shown in one period.

Investment securities carried at \$328,714,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$323,613,000 at December 31, 2013 were pledged as collateral for public deposits, trusts and certain other deposits as provided by law. See Note 8 for information concerning securities pledged to secure borrowing arrangements.

Management evaluates securities for OTTI at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair

value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) whether the Corporation intends to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery.

A summary of information management considered in evaluating debt and equity securities for OTTI at March 31, 2014 is provided below.

Debt Securities

At March 31, 2014, management performed an assessment for possible OTTI of the Corporation's debt securities on an issue-by-issue basis, relying on information obtained from various sources, including publicly available financial data, ratings by external agencies, brokers and other sources. The extent of individual analysis applied to each security depended on the size of the Corporation's investment, as well as management's perception of the credit risk associated with each security. Based on the results of the assessment, management believes impairment of debt securities, including municipal bonds with no external ratings, at March 31, 2014 to be temporary.

The credit rating agencies have withdrawn their ratings on numerous municipal bonds held by the Corporation. At March 31, 2014, the total amortized cost basis of municipal bonds with no external credit ratings was \$19,080,000, with an aggregate unrealized loss of \$178,000. At the time of purchase, each of these bonds was considered investment grade and had been rated by at least one credit rating agency. Most of the bonds for which credit rating agencies have withdrawn their ratings were insured by an entity that has reported significant financial problems and declines in its regulatory capital ratios, and most of the ratings were removed in the fourth quarter 2009. However, the insurance remains in effect on the bonds. In the third quarter 2013, a credit rating agency withdrew its ratings on several bonds due to changes in its rating methodology related to credit enhancement programs provided by issuers' state governments. However, the credit enhancement remains in effect on the bonds. None of the unrated municipal bonds has failed to make a scheduled payment.

Equity Securities

The Corporation's marketable equity securities at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 consisted exclusively of stocks of banking companies. In the first quarter 2014, the Corporation had no realized gains or losses from the sale of equity securities. In the first quarter 2013, the Corporation recognized an other-than-temporary impairment loss related to a bank stock of \$25,000. At March 31, 2014, none of the Corporations bank stock holdings were impaired.

C&N Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB-Pittsburgh), which is one of 12 regional Federal Home Loan Banks. As a member, C&N Bank is required to purchase and maintain stock in FHLB-Pittsburgh. There is no active market for FHLB-Pittsburgh stock, and it must ordinarily be redeemed by FHLB-Pittsburgh in order to be liquidated. C&N Bank's investment in FHLB-Pittsburgh stock, included in Other Assets in the consolidated balance sheet, was \$2,821,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$3,656,000 at December 31, 2013. The Corporation evaluated its holding of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock for impairment and deemed the stock to not be impaired at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. In making this determination, management concluded that recovery of total outstanding par value, which equals the carrying value, is expected. The decision was based on review of financial information that FHLB-Pittsburgh has made publicly available.

7. LOANS

The loans receivable portfolio is segmented into residential mortgage, commercial and consumer loans. The residential mortgage segment includes the following classes: first and junior lien residential mortgages, home equity lines of credit and residential construction loans. The most significant classes of commercial loans are commercial loans secured by real estate, non-real estate secured commercial and industrial loans, loans to political subdivisions, commercial construction and land loans, and loans secured by farmland.

Loans outstanding at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are summarized as follows:

Summary of Loans by Type

(In Thousands)	Mar. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013
Residential mortgage:		
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$295,869	\$299,831
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	23,048	23,040
Home equity lines of credit	34,755	34,530
1-4 Family residential construction	12,635	13,909
Total residential mortgage	366,307	371,310

Commercial:

	40.007
Commercial and industrial 40,477	42,387
Political subdivisions 10,436	16,291
Commercial construction and land 14,692	17,003
Loans secured by farmland 8,602	10,468
Multi-family (5 or more) residential 10,906	10,985
Agricultural loans 3,159	3,251
Other commercial loans 14,343	14,631
Total commercial 249,184	262,231
Consumer 10,327	10,762
Total 625,818	644,303
Less: allowance for loan losses (8,343)	(8,663)
Loans, net \$617,475	\$635,640

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The Corporation grants loans to individuals as well as commercial and tax-exempt entities. Commercial, residential and personal loans are made to customers geographically concentrated in the Pennsylvania and New York counties that comprise the market serviced by Citizens & Northern Bank. Although the Corporation has a diversified loan portfolio, a significant portion of its debtors' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on the local economic conditions within the region. There is no concentration of loans to borrowers engaged in similar businesses or activities that exceed 10% of total loans at either March 31, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

The Corporation maintains an allowance for loan losses that represents management's estimate of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date and recorded as a reduction of the investment in loans. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for losses that can be reasonably anticipated. Management performs a quarterly evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance. The allowance is based on the Corporation's past loan loss experience, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value of any underlying collateral, composition of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions and other relevant factors. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires material estimates that may be susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. In the process of evaluating the loan portfolio, management also considers the Corporation's exposure to losses from unfunded loan commitments. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, management determined that no allowance for credit losses related to unfunded loan commitments was required.

Activity within the allowance for loan losses, summarized by segment and class, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	,		Provision	March 31, 2014
(In Thousands)	Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	(Credit)	Balance
Allowance for Loan Losses:					
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,974	(\$19)	\$0	(\$92)	\$2,863
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	294	0	0	(14)	280
Home equity lines of credit	269	0	0	2	271
1-4 Family residential construction	168	0	0	(15)	153
Total residential mortgage	3,705	(19)	0	(119)	3,567
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	3,123	(35)	250	(257)	3,081
Commercial and industrial	591	(24)	1	(13)	555
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	267	(170)	0	150	247
Loans secured by farmland	115	0	0	(17)	98
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	103	0	0	2	105
Agricultural loans	30	0	0	0	30
Other commercial loans	138	0	0	0	138
Total commercial	4,367	(229)	251	(135)	4,254

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Consumer	193	(26)	14	(53)	128
Unallocated	398	0	0	(4)	394
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$8,663	(\$274)	\$265	(\$311)	\$8,343

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2013	December 31,				March 31,	
(In Thousands)	2012 Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision (Credit)	12013 Balance	
Allowance for Loan Losses:						
Residential mortgage:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,619	(\$52)	\$0	\$219	\$2,786	
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	247	0	0	(11)	236	
Home equity lines of credit	255	0	0	(4)	251	
1-4 Family residential construction	96	0	0	49	145	
Total residential mortgage	3,217	(52)	0	253	3,418	
Commercial:						
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1,930	0	250	(274)	1,906	
Commercial and industrial	581	(108)	1	123	597	
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0	
Commercial construction and land	234	0	0	134	368	
Loans secured by farmland	129	0	0	(2)	127	
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	67	0	0	(2)	65	
Agricultural loans	27	0	0	(1)	26	
Other commercial loans	3	0	0	(1)	2	
Total commercial	2,971	(108)	251	(23)	3,091	
Consumer	228	(33)	20	(4)	211	
Unallocated	441	0	0	(43)	398	
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$6,857	(\$193)	\$271	\$183	\$7,118	

In the evaluation of the loan portfolio, management determines two major components for the allowance for loan losses – (1) a specific component based on an assessment of certain larger relationships, mainly commercial purpose loans, on a loan-by-loan basis; and (2) a general component for the remainder of the portfolio based on a collective evaluation of pools of loans with similar risk characteristics. The general component is assigned to each pool of loans based on both historical net charge-off experience, and an evaluation of certain qualitative factors. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that could affect management's estimate of probable losses. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the above methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

In determining the larger loan relationships for detailed assessment under the specific allowance component, the Corporation uses an internal risk rating system. Under the risk rating system, the Corporation classifies problem or potential problem loans as "Special Mention," "Substandard," or "Doubtful" on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values. Substandard loans include those characterized by the distinct possibility that the Corporation will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loans classified as Doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses present make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Loans that do not currently expose the Corporation to sufficient risk to warrant classification as Substandard or Doubtful, but possess weaknesses that deserve management's close attention, are deemed to be Special Mention. Risk ratings are updated any time that conditions or the situation warrants. Loans not classified are included

in the "Pass" column in the table below.

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The following tables summarize the aggregate credit quality classification of outstanding loans by risk rating as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

March 31, 2014:		Special			
(In Thousands)	Pass	Mentior	Substanda	rd Doubtf	ulTotal
Residential Mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$282,285	5\$1,711	\$11,789	\$84	\$295,869
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	21,789	301	958	0	23,048
Home equity lines of credit	34,012	301	442	0	34,755
1-4 Family residential construction	12,635	0	0	0	12,635
Total residential mortgage	350,721	2,313	13,189	84	366,307
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	132,539	2,493	11,537	235	146,569
Commercial and Industrial	31,103	6,152	2,987	0	40,477
Political subdivisions	10,436	0	0	0	10,436
Commercial construction and land	12,165	326	2,115	86	14,692
Loans secured by farmland	6,429	516	1,628	29	8,602
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	10,593	310	3	0	10,906
Agricultural loans	3,080	33	46	0	3,159
Other commercial loans	14,248	95	0	0	14,343
Total commercial	220,593	9,925	18,316	350	249,184
Consumer	10,203	3	120	1	10,327
Totals	\$581,517	7\$12,241	\$31,625	\$435	\$625,818

December 31, 2013:		Special			
(In Thousands)	Pass	Mention	n Substandar	d Doubtfu	lTotal
Residential Mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$286,144	1\$1,876	\$11,629	\$182	\$299,831
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	21,694	351	995	0	23,040
Home equity lines of credit	33,821	295	414	0	34,530
1-4 Family residential construction	13,837	0	72	0	13,909
Total residential mortgage	355,496	2,522	13,110	182	371,310
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	129,834	5,866	11,368	147	147,215
Commercial and Industrial	32,317	6,697	3,138	235	42,387
Political subdivisions	16,291	0	0	0	16,291
Commercial construction and land	13,792	427	2,036	748	17,003
Loans secured by farmland	8,279	758	1,402	29	10,468
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	10,665	316	4	0	10,985
Agricultural loans	3,169	34	48	0	3,251
Other commercial loans	14,532	99	0	0	14,631
Total commercial	228,879	14,197	17,996	1,159	262,231
Consumer	10,587	6	169	0	10,762

Totals \$594,962\$16,725 \$31,275 \$1,341 \$644,303

The general component of the allowance for loan losses covers pools of loans including commercial loans not considered individually impaired, as well as smaller balance homogeneous classes of loans, such as residential real estate, home equity lines of credit and other consumer loans. Accordingly, the Corporation generally does not separately identify individual consumer and residential loans for impairment disclosures, unless such loans are subject to a restructuring agreement. The pools of loans are evaluated for loss exposure based upon three-year average historical net charge-off rates for each loan class, adjusted for qualitative factors. Qualified risk factors (described in the following paragraph) are evaluated for the impact on each of the three segments (residential mortgage, commercial and consumer) within the loan portfolio. Each qualitative factor is assigned a value to reflect improving, stable or declining conditions based on management's judgment using relevant information available at the time of the evaluation. The adjustment for qualitative factors is applied as an increase or decrease to the three-year average net charge-off rate to each loan class within each segment.

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The qualitative factors used in the general component calculations are designed to address credit risk characteristics associated with each segment. The Corporation's credit risk associated with all of the segments is significantly impacted by these factors, which include economic conditions within its market area, the Corporation's lending policies, changes or trends in the portfolio, risk profile, competition, regulatory requirements and other factors. Further, the residential mortgage segment is significantly affected by the values of residential real estate that provide collateral for the loans. The majority of the Corporation's commercial segment loans (approximately 73% at March 30, 2014) is secured by real estate, and accordingly, the Corporation's risk for the commercial segment is significantly affected by commercial real estate values. The consumer segment includes a wide mix of loans for different purposes, primarily secured loans, including loans secured by motor vehicles, manufactured housing and other types of collateral

Loans are classified as impaired, when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial loans, by the fair value of the collateral (if the loan is collateral dependent), by future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective rate or by the loan's observable market price.

The scope of loans evaluated individually for impairment include all loan relationships greater than \$200,000 for which there is at least one extension of credit graded Special Mention, Substandard or Doubtful. Also, all loans classified as troubled debt restructurings (discussed in more detail below) and all loan relationships less than \$200,000 in the aggregate, but with an estimated loss of \$100,000 or more, are individually evaluated for impairment. Loans that are individually evaluated for impairment, but which are not determined to be impaired, are combined with all remaining loans that are not reviewed on a specific basis, and such loans are included within larger pools of loans based on similar risk and loss characteristics for purposes of determining the general component of the allowance. The loans that have been individually evaluated, but which have not been determined to be impaired, are included in the "Collectively Evaluated" column in the tables summarizing the allowance and associated loan balances as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

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The following tables present a summary of loan balances and the related allowance for loan losses summarized by portfolio segment and class for each impairment method used as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

March 31, 2014	Loans:			Allowance for Loan Losses:			
(In Thousands)							
	Individually	y Collectively	y	Individually	y Collectively	y	
	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals	
Residential mortgage:							
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,602	\$293,267	\$295,869	\$371	\$2,492	\$2,863	
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	181	22,867	23,048	100	180	280	
Home equity lines of credit	0	34,755	34,755	0	271	271	
1-4 Family residential construction	0	12,635	12,635	0	153	153	
Total residential mortgage	2,783	363,524	366,307	471	3,096	3,567	
Commercial:							
Commercial loans secured by real estate	7,845	138,724	146,569	1,527	1,554	3,081	
Commercial and industrial	905	39,572	40,477	92	463	555	
Political subdivisions	0	10,436	10,436	0	0	0	
Commercial construction and land	2,114	12,578	14,692	72	175	247	
Loans secured by farmland	1,312	7,290	8,602	28	70	98	
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	0	10,906	10,906	0	105	105	
Agricultural loans	46	3,113	3,159	0	30	30	
Other commercial loans	0	14,343	14,343	0	138	138	
Total commercial	12,222	236,962	249,184	1,719	2,535	4,254	
Consumer	1	10,326	10,327	0	128	128	
Unallocated						394	
Total	\$15,006	\$610,812	\$625,818	\$2,190	\$5,759	\$8,343	

December 31, 2013	Loans:			Allowance for Loan Losses:		
(In Thousands)						
	Individuall	y Collectively	y	Individually	y Collectively	y
	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals
Residential mortgage:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,727	\$297,104	\$299,831	\$449	\$2,525	\$2,974
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	183	22,857	23,040	100	194	294
Home equity lines of credit	0	34,530	34,530	0	269	269
1-4 Family residential construction	0	13,909	13,909	0	168	168
Total residential mortgage	2,910	368,400	371,310	549	3,156	3,705
Commercial:						
Commercial loans secured by real estate	7,988	139,227	147,215	1,577	1,546	3,123
Commercial and industrial	1,276	41,111	42,387	106	485	591
Political subdivisions	0	16,291	16,291	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	2,776	14,227	17,003	72	195	267
Loans secured by farmland	1,318	9,150	10,468	29	86	115
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	0	10,985	10,985	0	103	103

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Agricultural loans	48	3,203	3,251	0	30	30
Other commercial loans	0	14,631	14,631	0	138	138
Total commercial	13,406	248,825	262,231	1,784	2,583	4,367
Consumer	5	10,757	10,762	0	193	193
Unallocated						398
Total	\$16,321	\$627,982	\$644,303	\$2,333	\$5,932	\$8,663

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The average balance of impaired loans and interest income recognized on impaired loans is as follows:

(In Thousands)	3 Months Ended		
	March 31,		
	2014	2013	
Average investment in impaired loans	\$15,663	\$7,451	
Interest income recognized on impaired loans	163	70	
Interest income recognized on a cash basis on impaired loans	163	70	

Loans are placed on nonaccrual status for all classes of loans when, in the opinion of management, collection of interest is doubtful. Any unpaid interest previously accrued on those loans is reversed from income. Interest income is not recognized on specific impaired loans unless the likelihood of further loss is remote. Interest payments received on loans for which the risk of further loss is greater than remote are applied as a reduction of the loan principal balance. Interest income on other nonaccrual loans is recognized only to the extent of interest payments received. Generally, loans are restored to accrual status when the obligation is brought current, has performed in accordance with the contractual terms for a reasonable period of time (generally six months) and the ultimate collectability of the total contractual principal and interest is no longer in doubt. The past due status of all classes of loans receivable is determined based on contractual due dates for loan payments. Also, the amortization of deferred loan fees is discontinued when a loan is placed on nonaccrual status.

The breakdown by portfolio segment and class of nonaccrual loans and loans past due ninety days or more and still accruing is as follows:

(In Thousands)	Past Due		December 31, 2013 Past Due 90+ Days and		
	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Accruing	Nonaccrual	
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$1,389	\$3,652	\$2,016	\$3,533	
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	87	197	187	110	
Home equity lines of credit	39	101	87	62	
1-4 Family residential construction	0	0	0	72	
Total residential mortgage	1,515	3,950	2,290	3,777	
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	575	6,964	744	7,096	
Commercial and industrial	31	375	17	434	
Commercial construction and land	0	2,001	5	2,663	
Loans secured by farmland	0	896	0	902	
Agricultural loans	0	45	0	35	
Total commercial	606	10,281	766	11,130	
Consumer	39	26	75	27	

Totals \$2,160 \$14,257 \$3,131 \$14,934

The amounts shown in the table immediately above include loans classified as troubled debt restructurings (described in more detail below), if such loans are past due ninety days or more or nonaccrual.

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The table below presents a summary of the contractual aging of loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

As of March 31, 2014 Current &					As of December 31, 2013 Current &			
(In Thousands)		Past Due	e Past Due 90+		Past Due Less than	Past Due	Past Due	:
	30 Days	Days	Days	Total	30 Days	Days	Days	Total
Residential mortgage:								
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$287,182	\$5,769	\$2,918	\$295,869	\$289,483	\$6,776	\$3,572	\$299,831
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	22,535	238	275	23,048	22,247	506	287	23,040
Home equity lines of credit	34,509	106	140	34,755	34,263	118	149	34,530
1-4 Family residential construction	n12,635	0	0	12,635	13,837	0	72	13,909
Total residential mortgage	356,861	6,113	3,333	366,307	359,830	7,400	4,080	371,310
Commercial: Commercial loans secured by real estate	143,955	1,064	1,550	146,569	145,055	405	1,755	147,215
Commercial and industrial	40,281	42	154	40,477	41,730	434	223	42,387
Political subdivisions	10,436	0	0	10,436	16,291	0	0	16,291
Commercial construction and land	1 12,580	111	2,001	14,692	14,303	32	2,668	17,003
Loans secured by farmland	6,915	820	867	8,602	9,267	329	872	10,468
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	10,905	1	0	10,906	10,985	0	0	10,985
Agricultural loans	3,114	0	45	3,159	3,203	13	35	3,251
Other commercial loans	14,343	0	0	14,343	14,631	0	0	14,631
Total commercial	242,529	2,038	4,617	249,184	255,465	1,213	5,553	262,231
Consumer	10,177	111	39	10,327	10,516	171	75	10,762
Totals	\$609,567	\$8,262	\$7,989	\$625,818	\$625,811	\$8,784	\$9,708	\$644,303

Nonaccrual loans are included in the contractual aging in the immediately preceding table. A summary of the contractual aging of nonaccrual loans at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Current &				
(In Thousands)	Past Due Past Due				
	Less than	30-89	90+		
	30 Days	Days	Days	Total	
March 31, 2014 Nonaccrual Totals	\$7,816	\$612	\$5,829	\$14,257	
December 31, 2013 Nonaccrual Totals	\$7,878	\$479	\$6,577	\$14,934	

Loans whose terms are modified are classified as Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs) if the Corporation grants such borrowers concessions, and it is deemed that those borrowers are experiencing financial difficulty. Loans classified as TDRs are designated as impaired. The outstanding balance of loans subject to TDRs, as well as contractual aging information at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Troubled Debt Restructurings

(TDRs):

	Current &	ζ			
(In Thousands)	Past Due	Past Du	ie Past Duc	2	
	Less than	30-89	90+		
	30 Days	Days	Days	Nonaccrual	Total
March 31, 2014 Totals	\$2,197	\$823	\$0	\$112	\$3,132
December 31, 2013 Totals	\$3,254	\$13	\$0	\$908	\$4,175

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TDRs that occurred during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

\$83

\$83

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014		Pre-	Post-
(Balances in Thousands)		Modification	n Modification
	Number	Outstanding	Outstanding
	of	Recorded	Recorded
	Contract	sInvestment	Investment
Residential mortgage:			

Residential mortgage loans - first liens 1

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 (Balances in Thousands)	of	Outstanding Recorded	
	Contracts	Investment	Investment
Residential mortgage:			
Residential mortgage loans – first liens	5	\$534	\$534
Residential mortgage loans – junior liens	s 2	37	37

The TDR in the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 included a reduction in interest rate and payment amount required on a residential mortgage loan. There was no allowance for loan losses on this loan at March 31, 2014, and no change in the allowance for loan losses resulting from this TDR.

The TDRs in the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 included extensions of final maturity date (3 contracts), reduction in interest rate (2 contracts), reduction in payment amount (1 contract), and interest only (1 contract). There was no allowance for loan losses on these loans at March 31, 2013 and no change in the allowance for loan losses resulting from these TDRs.

In the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no changes in the allowance for loan losses resulting from the TDRs that occurred during those periods.

In the first quarter 2014, defaults on loans for which modifications considered to be TDRs were entered into within the previous 12 months were as follows:

	Number	•
(Balances in Thousands)	of	Recorded

Contracts Investment

Residential mortgage,

Residential mortgage loans – first liens 1 \$140

Commercial,

Loans secured by farmland 4 490

The events of default in the table listed above resulted from the borrowers' failure to make interest only monthly payments. There were no allowances for loan losses recorded on these loans at March 31, 2014.

In the first quarter 2013, there were no defaults on loans for which modifications considered to be TDRs were entered into within the previous 12 months.

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8. BORROWED FUNDS

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Short-term borrowings include the following:

(In Thousands)	Mar. 31 Dec. 31		
	2014	2013	
FHLB-Pittsburgh borrowings	\$0	\$20,000	
Customer repurchase agreements	4,730	3,385	
Total short-term borrowings	\$4,730	\$23,385	

The FHLB-Pittsburgh loan facilities are collateralized by qualifying loans secured by real estate with a book value totaling \$450,133,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$453,792,000 at December 31, 2013. Also, the FHLB-Pittsburgh loan facilities require the Corporation to invest in established amounts of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock. The carrying values of the Corporation's holdings of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock (included in Other Assets) were \$2,821,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$3,656,000 at December 31, 2013.

The short-term borrowing from the FHLB-Pittsburgh matured in January 2014 and had an interest rate of 0.24%.

The Corporation engages in repurchase agreements with certain commercial customers. These agreements provide that the Corporation sells specified investment securities to the customers on an overnight basis and repurchases them on the following business day. The weighted average rate paid by the Corporation on customer repurchase agreements was 0.10% at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The carrying value of the underlying securities was \$11,454,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$11,269,000 at December 31, 2013.

LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Long-term borrowings are as follows:

(In Thousands) Mar. 31, Dec. 31,

2014 2013

FHLB-Pittsburgh borrowings \$12,270 \$12,338

Repurchase agreements 61,000 61,000 Total long-term borrowings \$73,270 \$73,338

Long-term borrowings from FHLB - Pittsburgh are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Mar. 31, Dec. 31,		
	2014	2013	
Loan maturing in 2016 with a rate of 6.86%	\$142	\$153	
Loan maturing in 2017 with a rate of 6.83%	20	22	
Loan maturing in 2017 with a rate of 3.81%	10,000	10,000	
Loan maturing in 2020 with a rate of 4.79%	1,107	1,146	
Loan maturing in 2025 with a rate of 4.91%	1,001	1,017	
Total long-term FHLB-Pittsburgh borrowings	\$12,270	\$12,338	

Repurchase agreements included in long-term borrowings are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Mar. 31	Dec. 31,
	2014	2013
Agreement maturing in 2017 with a rate of 3.595%	\$27,000	\$27,000
Agreement maturing in 2017 with a rate of 4.265%	34,000	34,000
Total long-term repurchase agreements	\$61,000	\$61,000

The Corporation incurred a loss of \$1,023,000 in the first quarter 2013 on prepayment of \$7,000,000 of the agreement with an interest rate of 3.595%. Each of these borrowings is putable by the issuer at quarterly intervals.

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Securities sold under repurchase agreements were delivered to the broker-dealer who is the counter-party to the transactions. The broker-dealer may have sold, loaned or otherwise disposed of such securities to other parties in the normal course of their operations, and has agreed to resell to the Corporation substantially identical securities at the maturities of the agreements. The Master Repurchase Agreement between the Corporation and the broker-dealer provides that the Agreement constitutes a "netting contract," as defined; however, the Corporation and the broker-dealer have no other obligations to one another and accordingly, no netting has occurred. The carrying value of the underlying securities was \$76,863,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$79,814,000 at December 31, 2013.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

The Corporation sponsors a defined benefit health care plan that provides postretirement medical benefits and life insurance to employees who meet certain age and length of service requirements. Effective January 1, 2013, this plan was amended so that full-time employees no longer accrue service time toward the Corporation-subsidized portion of the medical benefits. The plan was also amended effective January 1, 2013 to change some of the age and length-of-service requirements for participants to receive some of the benefits provided under the plan. This plan contains a cost-sharing feature, which causes participants to pay for all future increases in costs related to benefit coverage. Accordingly, actuarial assumptions related to health care cost trend rates do not significantly affect the liability balance at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and are not expected to significantly affect the Corporation's future expenses. The Corporation uses a December 31 measurement date for the postretirement plan.

In an acquisition in 2007, the Corporation assumed the Citizens Trust Company Retirement Plan, a defined benefit pension plan. This plan covers certain employees who were employed by Citizens Trust Company on December 31, 2002, when the plan was amended to discontinue admittance of any future participant and to freeze benefit accruals. Information related to the Citizens Trust Company Retirement Plan has been included in the tables that follow. The Corporation uses a December 31 measurement date for this plan.

The components of net periodic benefit costs from these defined benefit plans are as follows:

Defined Benefit Plans				
(In Thousands)	Pension		Postreti	rement
	Three M	Ionths Ended	Three N	Ionths Ended
	March 3	31,	March 3	31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Service cost	\$0	\$0	\$9	\$10
Interest cost	18	18	14	14
Expected return on plan assets	(22)	(23)	0	0
Amortization of transition (asset) obligation	0	0	0	0
Amortization of prior service cost	0	0	(8)	(8)

Recognized net actuarial loss	4	8	0	0
Net periodic benefit cost	\$0	\$3	\$15	\$16

In the first three months of 2014, the Corporation funded postretirement contributions totaling \$14,000, with estimated annual postretirement contributions of \$60,000 expected in 2014 for the full year. The Corporation made no contribution to the defined benefit pension plan in the first quarter 2014. Based upon the related actuarial reports, no defined benefit pension contributions are required in 2014, though the Corporation may make discretionary contributions.

10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

In January 2014, the Corporation granted options to purchase a total of 39,027 shares of common stock through its Stock Incentive and Independent Directors Stock Incentive Plans. In January 2013, the Corporation granted options to purchase a total of 64,050 shares of common stock. The exercise price for the 2014 awards is \$20.45 per share, and the exercise price for the 2013 awards is \$19.21 per share, based on the market price as of the date of grant. Stock option expense is recognized over the vesting period of each option. The Corporation expects total stock option expense for the year ending December 31, 2014 will be \$153,000, and total stock option expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$242,000.

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The Corporation records stock option expense based on estimated fair value calculated using an option valuation model. In calculating the 2014 and 2013 fair values, the Corporation utilized the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model. The calculated fair value of each option granted, and significant assumptions used in the calculations, are as follows:

	2014	2013
Fair value of each option granted	\$5.50	\$5.56
Volatility	39%	41%
Expected option lives	8 Years	8 Years
Risk-free interest rate	2.85%	1.60%
Dividend yield	4.33%	3.69%

In calculating the estimated fair value of stock option awards, management based its estimates of volatility and dividend yield on the Corporation's experience over the immediately prior period of time consistent with the estimated lives of the options. The risk-free interest rate was based on the published yield of zero-coupon U.S. Treasury strips with an applicable maturity as of the grant dates. The expected option lives were based on management's estimates of the average term for all options issued under both plans. In 2014, management assumed a 34% forfeiture rate for options granted under the Stock Incentive Plan, and a 3% forfeiture rate for the Directors Stock Incentive Plan. In 2013, management assumed a 33% forfeiture rate for options granted under the Stock Incentive Plan, and a 0% forfeiture rate for the Directors Stock Incentive Plan. These estimated forfeiture rates were determined based on the Corporation's historical experience.

In January 2014, the Corporation awarded a total of 16,711 shares of restricted stock under the Stock Incentive and Independent Directors Stock Incentive Plans. In January 2013, a total of 37,886 shares of restricted stock were awarded under the Plans. Compensation cost related to restricted stock is recognized based on the market price of the stock at the grant date over the vesting period. For restricted stock awards granted under the Stock Incentive Plan, the Corporation must meet an annual targeted return on average equity ("ROAE") performance ratio, as defined, in order for participants to vest. Management has estimated restricted stock expense in the first quarter 2014 based on an assumption that the ROAE target for 2014 will be met.

Total stock-based compensation expense is as follows:

(In Thousands) 3 Months Ended

	March 31, March 31		
	2014	2013	
Stock options	\$95	\$166	
Restricted stock	117	121	
Total	\$212	\$287	

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11. INCOME TAXES

The net deferred tax asset at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 represents the following temporary difference components:

	March 31,	December 31,
(In Thousands)	2014	2013
Deferred tax assets:		
Unrealized holding losses on securities	\$0	\$541
Net realized losses on securities	91	91
Allowance for loan losses	2,920	3,032
Credit for alternative minimum tax paid	1,754	1,905
Other deferred tax assets	2,118	2,332
Total deferred tax assets	6,883	7,901
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Unrealized holding gains on securities	1,316	0
Defined benefit plans - ASC 835	54	6
Bank premises and equipment	1,341	1,314
Core deposit intangibles	27	30
Other deferred tax liabilities	327	207
Total deferred tax liabilities	3,065	1,557
Deferred tax asset, net	\$3,818	\$6,344

The provision for income tax for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is based on the Corporation's estimate of the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full year. The effective tax rates for the Corporation are as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Income before income tax provision	\$5,687	\$6,290
Income tax provision	1,399	1,584
Effective tax rate	24.60%	25.18%

The effective tax rate for each period presented differs from the statutory rate of 35% principally because of the effects of tax-exempt interest income.

The Corporation has investments in three limited partnerships that manage affordable housing projects that have qualified for the federal low-income housing tax credit. The Corporation's expected return from these investments is based on the receipt of tax credits and tax benefits from deductions of operating losses. The Corporation uses the effective yield method to account for these investments, with the benefits recognized as a reduction of the provision for income taxes. For two of the three limited partnership investments, the tax credits have been received in full in prior years, and the Corporation has fully realized the benefits of the credits and amortized its initial investments in the partnerships. The most recent affordable housing project was completed in 2013, and the Corporation received tax credits in 2013 and expects to continue to receive tax credits annually through 2022. The carrying amount of the Corporation's investment is \$974,000 at March 31, 2014 and \$996,000 at December 31, 2013 (included in Other Assets in the consolidated balance sheets). For the year ending December 31, 2014, the estimated amount of tax credits and other tax benefits to be received is \$159,000 and the estimated amount to be recognized as a reduction of the provision for income taxes is \$83,000. For the year ended December 31, 2013, tax credits and other tax benefits totaled \$160,000 and the amount recognized as a reduction of the provision for income taxes for 2013 was \$85,000. In the first quarter 2014, the total reduction in the provision for income taxes resulting from this investment is \$21,000, while there was no reduction in the provision for income taxes related to the investment in the first quarter 2013.

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The Corporation has no unrecognized tax benefits, nor pending examination issues related to tax positions taken in preparation of its income tax returns. With limited exceptions, the Corporation is no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for years prior to 2010.

12. CONTINGENCIES