

American Midstream Partners, LP
Form 10-Q
May 14, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
S QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

or

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-35257

AMERICAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

27-0855785
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1614 15th Street, Suite 300
Denver, CO
(Address of principal executive offices)
(720) 457-6060
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

80202
(Zip code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 4,676,172 common units and 4,526,066 subordinated units of American Midstream Partners, LP outstanding as of May 10, 2013. Our common units trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "AMID."

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Glossary of Terms

As generally used in the energy industry and in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the “Quarterly Report”), the identified terms have the following meanings:

ASC Accounting Standards Codification; trademark of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

Bbl Barrels: 42 U.S. gallons measured at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

Btu British thermal unit; the approximate amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit.

Condensate Liquid hydrocarbons present in casinghead gas that condense within the gathering system and are removed prior to delivery to the gas plant. This product is generally sold on terms more closely tied to crude oil pricing.

/d Per day.

EBITDA Net income (loss) before net interest expense, income taxes, and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is considered to be a non-GAAP measurement.

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Fractionation Process by which natural gas liquids are separated into individual components

GAAP General Accepted Accounting Principles: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Gal Gallons.

MBbl One thousand barrels.

MMBbl One million barrels.

MMBtu One million British thermal units.

Mcf One thousand cubic feet.

MMcf One million cubic feet.

NGL or NGLs Natural gas liquid(s): The combination of ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline that, when removed from natural gas, become liquid under various levels of higher pressure and lower temperature.

Throughput The volume of natural gas transported or passing through a pipeline, plant, terminal or other facility during a particular period.

As used in this Quarterly Report, unless the context otherwise requires, “we,” “us,” “our,” the “Partnership” and similar terms refer to American Midstream Partners LP, together with its consolidated subsidiaries.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$45	\$576
Accounts receivable	1,243	1,958
Unbilled revenue	23,028	21,512
Risk management assets	488	969
Other current assets	4,246	3,226
Total current assets	29,050	28,241
Property, plant and equipment, net	222,087	223,819
Other assets, net	5,293	4,636
Total assets	\$256,430	\$256,696
Liabilities, Equity and Partners' Capital		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$3,644	\$5,527
Accrued gas purchases	18,359	17,034
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	6,213	9,619
Current portion of long-term debt	1,118	—
Total current liabilities	29,334	32,180
Other liabilities	8,579	8,628
Long-term debt	138,265	128,285
Total liabilities	176,178	169,093
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 12)		
Equity and partners' capital		
General partner interest (185 and 185 thousand units issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively)	603	548
Limited partner interest (9,171 and 9,165 thousand units issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively)	71,928	79,266
Accumulated other comprehensive income	338	351
Total partners' capital	72,869	80,165
Noncontrolling interests	7,383	7,438
Total equity and partners' capital	80,252	87,603
Total liabilities, equity and partners' capital	\$256,430	\$256,696

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsAmerican Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	
	(in thousands, except for per unit amounts)		
Revenue	\$ 63,521	\$ 47,388	
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	(481	) 323
Total revenue	63,040	47,711	
Operating expenses:			
Purchases of natural gas, NGLs and condensate	50,494	33,209	
Direct operating expenses	5,143	3,240	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,425	3,329	
Equity compensation expense	388	331	
Depreciation and accretion expense	5,678	5,159	
Total operating expenses	65,128	45,268	
Gain (loss) on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment	421	—	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets, net	—	5	
Operating income (loss)	(1,667	) 2,448
Other income (expenses):			
Interest expense	(1,731) (757)
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,398	) \$ 1,691
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 155	\$ —	
Net income (loss) attributable to the Partnership	\$ (3,553	) \$ 1,691
General partners' interest in net income (loss)	\$ (70	) \$ 34
Limited partners' interest in net income (loss)	\$ (3,483	) \$ 1,657
Limited partners' net income (loss) per unit (basic and diluted) (See Note 9)	\$ (0.38	) \$ 0.18
Weighted average number of units used in computation of limited partners' net income (loss) per unit (basic and diluted)	9,167	9,092	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,398	) \$ 1,691
Unrealized gain (loss) on post retirement benefit plan assets and liabilities	(13	) 3
Comprehensive income (loss)	(3,411	) 1,694
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	155	—
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Partnership	\$ (3,566	) \$ 1,694

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Partners' Capital
 and Noncontrolling Interest
 (Unaudited)

	Limited Partner Common Units (in thousands)	Limited Partner Subordinated Units	Limited Partner Interest	General Partner Units	General Partner Interest	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Partners' Capital	Non-controlling Interest
Balances at December 31, 2011	4,561	4,526	\$99,890	185	\$1,091	\$ 415	\$101,396	—
Net income (loss)	—	—	1,657	—	34	—	1,691	—
Unitholder contributions	—	—	—	—	13	—	13	—
Unitholder distributions	—	—	(3,930)	)—	(80)	)—	(4,010))—
LTIP vesting	20	—	364	—	(364))—	—	—
Tax netting repurchase	(4)	)—	(88)	)—	—	—	(88))—
Unit based compensation	—	—	—	—	331	—	331	—
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—
Balances at March 31, 2012	4,577	4,526	\$97,893	185	\$1,025	\$ 418	\$99,336	—
Balances at December 31, 2012	4,639	4,526	\$79,266	185	\$548	\$ 351	\$80,165	\$ 7,438
Net income (loss)	—	—	(3,483)	)—	(70)	)—	(3,553)	)155
Unitholder distributions	—	—	(3,964)	)—	(80)	)—	(4,044))—
Net distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(210)
LTIP vesting	10	—	183	—	(183))—	—	—
Tax netting repurchase	(4)	)—	(74)	)—	—	—	(74))—
Unit based compensation	—	—	—	—	388	—	388	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(13)	) (13))—
Balances at March 31, 2013	4,645	4,526	\$71,928	185	\$603	\$ 338	\$72,869	\$ 7,383

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsAmerican Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	
	(in thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,398	) \$ 1,691
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) in operating activities:			
Depreciation and accretion expense	5,678	5,159	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	283	141	
Unrealized (gain) loss on commodity derivatives	481	(323)
Unit based compensation	388	331	
OPEB plan net periodic (benefit) cost	18	(21)
(Gain) on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment	(421) —	
(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net	—	(5)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:			
Accounts receivable	715	(139)
Unbilled revenue	(1,516	) 5,570
Other current assets	(1,020) (514)
Other assets, net	(59) (5)
Accounts payable	(787) (411)
Accrued gas purchases	1,325	(5,323)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(525) (1,912)
Other liabilities	(59) (56)
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	1,103	4,183	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(8,052) (968)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	—	5	
Insurance proceeds from involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment	560	—	
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	(7,492) (963)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Unit holder contributions	—	13	
Unit holder distributions	(4,044) (4,010)
Net distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	(210) —	
LTIP tax netting unit repurchase	(74) (88)
Payments for deferred debt issuance costs	(912) (48)
Payments on other debt	(358) —	
Borrowings on other debt	1,476	—	
Payments on long-term debt	(17,585) (17,550)
Borrowings on long-term debt	27,565	17,750	
Net cash provided (used) in financing activities	5,858	(3,933)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(531) (713)
Cash and cash equivalents			
Beginning of period	576	871	

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End of period	\$ 45	\$ 158
Supplemental cash flow information		
Interest payments	\$ 1,487	\$ 398
Supplemental non-cash information		
Increase (decrease) in accrued property, plant and equipment	\$ (3,977	) \$ 51
Receivable for reimbursable construction in progress projects	\$ —	\$ 886

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Nature of business

American Midstream Partners, LP (the "Partnership") was formed on August 20, 2009 ("date of inception") as a Delaware limited partnership for the purpose of acquiring and operating certain natural gas pipeline and processing businesses. We provide natural gas gathering, treating, processing, fractionating, marketing and transportation services primarily in the Gulf Coast and Southeast regions of the United States. We hold our assets in a series of wholly owned limited liability companies as well as a limited partnership. Our capital accounts consist of general partner interests and limited partner interests.

Our interstate natural gas pipeline assets transport natural gas through the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") regulated interstate natural gas pipelines in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee. Our interstate pipelines include:

American Midstream (Midla), LLC, which owns and operates approximately 370 miles of interstate pipeline that runs from the Monroe gas field in northern Louisiana south through Mississippi to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

American Midstream (AlaTenn), LLC, which owns and operates approximately 295 miles of interstate pipeline that runs through the Tennessee River Valley from Selmer, Tennessee to Huntsville, Alabama and serves an eight-county area in Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

ArcLight Transactions

On April 15, 2013, the Partnership, our general partner and AIM Midstream Holdings, LLC, an affiliate of American Infrastructure MLP Fund, entered into agreements (the "ArcLight Transactions") with High Point Infrastructure Partners, LLC, an affiliate of ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC ("High Point"), pursuant to which High Point (i) acquired 90% of our general partner and all of our subordinated units from AIM Midstream Holdings and (ii) contributed certain midstream assets and \$15.0 million in cash to us in exchange for 5,142,857 convertible preferred units (the "Series A Preferred Units") issued by the Partnership. As a result of these transactions, which were also consummated on April 15, 2013, High Point acquired both control of our general partner and a majority of our outstanding limited partner interests. The midstream assets contributed by High Point consist of approximately 700 miles of natural gas and liquids pipeline assets located in southeast Louisiana and the shallow water and deep shelf Gulf of Mexico. These midstream assets gather natural gas from both onshore and offshore producing regions around southeast Louisiana. The onshore footprint is Plaquemines and St. Bernard's Parish, LA. The offshore footprint consists of the following federal Gulf of Mexico zones: Mississippi Canyon, Viosca Knoll, West Delta, Main Pass, South Pass and Breton Sound. Natural gas is collected at more than 75 receipt points that connect to hundreds of wells targeting various geological zones in water depths up to 1,000 feet, with an emphasis on oil and liquids-rich reservoirs. The High Point midstream assets are comprised of FERC-regulated transmission assets and non-jurisdictional gathering assets, both of which accept natural gas from well production and interconnected pipeline systems. High Point delivers the natural gas to the Toca Gas Processing Plant, operated by Enterprise, where the products are processed and the residue gas sent to an unaffiliated interstate system owned by Kinder Morgan. See Note 17 "Subsequent Events" for further information.

The Partnership believes that the consummation of the ArcLight Transactions will allow it to comply with the Consolidated Total Leverage to EBITDA ratio in the Fourth Amendment to our June 2012 amended credit agreement ("Fourth Amendment"). However, no assurances can be given that the Partnership's results of operations following the ArcLight Transactions will allow us to comply with financial covenants of the Fourth Amendment. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flows from operations to comply with the financial covenants in the Fourth Amendment and we are not able enter into an agreement to refinance or obtain covenant default waivers, then the outstanding balance under our credit facility could become due and payable upon acceleration by the lenders in our banking group and other agreements with cross-default provisions, if any, could become due. In addition, failure to comply with any of the covenants under our Fourth Amendment could adversely affect our ability to fund ongoing operations and

growth capital requirements as well as our ability to pay distributions to our unitholders. See Note 16 "Liquidity" for further information.

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include disclosures required by GAAP for annual periods. The information furnished herein reflects all normal recurring adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of financial position as of March 31, 2013, and December 31, 2012, condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, statement of comprehensive income

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for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, statement of changes in partners' capital and noncontrolling interest for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, and statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Our financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2013. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 ("Annual Report") filed on April 16, 2013.

Consolidation Policy

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our subsidiaries in which we have a controlling interest. We hold an undivided interest in the Burns Point gas processing facility in which we are responsible for our proportionate share of the costs and expenses of the facility. Our consolidated financial statements reflect our proportionate share of the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of this undivided interest. In July 2012, the Partnership acquired a 87.4% undivided interest in the Chatom Processing and Fractionation facility (the "Chatom system"). Our consolidated financial statements reflect the accounts of the Chatom system since acquisition, and the interests in the Chatom system held by non-affiliated working interest owners are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the Partnership's consolidated financial statements.

Use of Estimates

When preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management must make estimates and assumptions based on information available at the time. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Estimates and judgments are based on information available at the time such estimates and judgments are made. Adjustments made with respect to the use of these estimates and judgments often relate to information not previously available. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and judgments are inherent in the preparation of financial statements. Estimates and judgments are used in, among other things (1) estimating unbilled revenues, product purchases and operating and general and administrative costs, (2) developing fair value assumptions, including estimates of future cash flows and discount rates, (3) analyzing long-lived assets for possible impairment, (4) estimating the useful lives of assets and (5) determining amounts to accrue for contingencies, guarantees and indemnifications. Actual results, therefore, could differ materially from estimated amounts.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities, which clarifies that ASU 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities, applies to financial instruments or derivative transactions accounted for under ASC 815. The amendments require disclosures to present both gross and net amounts of derivative assets and liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements with counterparties. We currently present our derivative assets and liabilities net on our statement of financial position. We have provided additional disclosures regarding the gross amounts of derivative assets and liabilities in Note 5 "Derivatives" in accordance with these new standards updates.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI"), which requires entities to present either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements (i) the amount of significant items reclassified from each component of AOCI and (ii) the income statement line items affected by the reclassifications. We adopted this guidance during the first quarter of 2013 which did not have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements as there are currently no items reclassified from AOCI.

3. Acquisitions

Chatom Gathering, Processing and Fractionation Plant

Effective July 1, 2012, we acquired an 87.4% undivided interest in the Chatom system from affiliates of Quantum Resources Management, LLC. The acquisition fair value consideration of \$51.4 million includes a credit associated with the cash flow the Chatom system generated between January 1, 2012, and the effective date of July 1, 2012. The consideration paid by the Partnership consisted of cash, which was funded by borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

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The Chatom system is located in Washington County, Alabama, approximately 15 miles from our Bazor Ridge processing plant in Wayne County, Mississippi, and consists of a 25 MMcf/d refrigeration processing plant, a 1,900 Bbl/d fractionation unit, a 160 long-ton per day sulfur recovery unit, and a 29 mile gas gathering system. We believe the fractionating services provide flexibility to the Partnership's product and service offerings.

The following table presents the fair value of consideration transferred to acquire the Chatom system and the amounts of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as well as the fair value of the 12.6% noncontrolling interest in the Chatom system at the acquisition date:

	(in thousands)
Cash	\$51,377
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Unbilled revenue	\$4,535
Property, plant and equipment	58,279
Asset retirement cost	452
Accounts payable	(399)
Accrued gas purchases	(3,631)
Asset retirement obligations	(452)
Noncontrolling interest	(7,407)
Total identifiable net assets	\$51,377

The fair value of the property, plant and equipment and noncontrolling interests were estimated by applying a combination of the market and income approaches. These fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent a Level 3 measurement as defined by ASC 820. Primarily using the income approach, the fair value estimates are based on i) an assumed cost of capital of 9.25%, ii) an assumed terminal value based on the present value of estimated EBITDA, iii) an inflationary cost increase of 2.5%, iv) forward market prices as of July 2012 for natural gas and crude oil, v) a Federal tax rate of 35% and a state tax rate of 6.5%, and vi) an increase in processed and fractionated volumes in 2013, declining thereafter. Working capital was estimated using net realizable value. Accrued revenue was deemed to be fully collectible at July 1, 2012.

Subsequent to the acquisition, our 87.4% undivided interest in the Chatom system contributed \$13.6 million of revenue and \$1.1 million of net income attributable to the Partnership, which are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

The following table presents unaudited pro forma consolidated information of the Partnership, adjusted for the acquisition of the Chatom system, as if the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2011:

(unaudited, in thousands)	Three months ended March 31, 2012
Revenue	\$66,517
Net income (loss)	\$2,546
Limited partners' net income (loss) per unit	\$0.26

These amounts have been calculated after applying the Partnership's accounting policies and adjusting the results to reflect i) additional depreciation and amortization that would have been charged assuming fair value adjustments to property, plant and equipment, and ii) recording pro forma interest expense on debt that would have been incurred to acquire the Chatom system as of January 1, 2011, respectively. The unaudited pro forma adjustments are based on available information and certain assumptions we believe are reasonable.

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4. Concentration of Credit Risk and Trade Accounts Receivable

Our primary market areas are located in the United States along the Gulf Coast and in the Southeast. We have a concentration of trade receivable balances due from companies engaged in the production, trading, distribution and marketing of natural gas, NGL and condensate products. This concentration of customers may affect our overall credit risk in that the customers may be similarly affected by changes in economic, regulatory or other factors. Generally, our customers' historical financial and operating information is analyzed prior to extending credit. We manage our exposure to credit risk through credit analysis, credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures, and for certain transactions, we may request letters of credit, prepayments or guarantees. We maintain allowances for potentially uncollectible accounts receivable; however, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, no allowances on or write-offs of accounts receivable were recorded.

The following table summarizes the percentage of revenue earned from those customers that exceed 10% or greater of the Partnership's consolidated revenue in the consolidated statement of operations for the each of the periods presented below:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	
Customer A	30	% 34	%
Customer B	15	% —	%
Customer C	12	% 19	%
Customer D	12	% 14	%
Other	31	% 33	%
Total	100	% 100	%

5. Derivatives

Commodity Derivatives

To minimize the effect of commodity prices and maintain our cash flow and the economics of our development plans, we enter into commodity hedge contracts from time to time. The terms of the contracts depend on various factors, including management's view of future commodity prices, acquisition economics on purchased assets and future financial commitments. This hedging program is designed to mitigate the effect of commodity price downturns while allowing us to participate in some commodity price upside. Management regularly monitors the commodity markets and financial commitments to determine if, when, and at what level commodity hedging is appropriate in accordance with policies that are established by the board of directors of our general partner. Currently, the commodity derivatives are in the form of swaps, puts and collars. As of March 31, 2013, the aggregate notional volume of our commodity derivatives was 11.1 million gallons.

We enter into commodity contracts with multiple counterparties. We may be required to post collateral with our counterparties in connection with our derivative positions. As of March 31, 2013, we have not posted collateral with our counterparties. The counterparties are not required to post collateral with us in connection with their derivative positions. Netting agreements are in place with our counterparties that permit us to offset our commodity derivative asset and liability positions.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair value associated with our commodity derivative instruments were recorded in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, under the captions as follows:

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(in thousands)	Gross Derivative Assets		Gross Derivative Liabilities		Net Amount of	Net Amount of
	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Derivative Assets and Liabilities March 31, 2013	Derivative Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2012
Balance Sheet Classification						
Risk management assets	\$1,221	\$1,889	\$(733)	\$(920)	\$488	\$969
Risk management assets - long term	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$1,221	\$1,889	\$(733)	\$(920)	\$488	\$969
Risk management liabilities	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Risk management liabilities - long term	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—

For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, the realized and unrealized gains (losses) associated with our commodity derivative instruments were recorded in our condensed consolidated statements of operations, under the captions as follows:

Statement of Operations Classification	Gain (loss) on derivatives	
	Realized	Unrealized
	(in thousands)	
Three months ended March 31, 2013		
Revenue	\$176	\$—
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	—	(481)
Total	\$176	\$(481)
Three months ended March 31, 2012		
Revenue	\$(55)	\$—
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	—	323
Total	\$(55)	\$323

6. Fair Value Measurement

The authoritative guidance for fair value measurements establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. These tiers include:

- Level 1 – Inputs represent unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 – Inputs are unobservable and considered significant to fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the classification of assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy.

We believe the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments would be classified as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy.

The recorded value of the amounts outstanding under the credit facility approximates its fair value, as interest rates are variable, based on prevailing market rates and the short-term nature of borrowings and repayments under the credit facility. Our existing revolving credit facility would be classified as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of all derivatives instruments is estimated using a market valuation methodology based upon forward commodity price curves, volatility curves as well as other relevant economic measures, if necessary. Discount factors may be utilized to extrapolate a forecast of future cash flows associated with long dated transactions or illiquid market points. The inputs are obtained from independent pricing services, and we have made no adjustments to the obtained prices.

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We have consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and believe we have obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivatives contracts held. We will recognize transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period for which the transfer has occurred. We recognized transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 as a result of changes in tenure and market points of certain contracts in the amount of \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. There were no such transfers for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy, our net derivative assets (liabilities) that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value			Total
		Level 1 (in thousands)	Level 2	Level 3	
Commodity derivative asset (liability), net					
March 31, 2013	\$488	\$—	\$488	\$—	\$488
December 31, 2012	\$969	\$—	\$969	\$—	\$969

7. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, net, as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	Useful Life (in years)	March 31, 2013 (in thousands)	December 31, 2012
Land		\$2,254	\$2,254
Construction in progress		3,856	5,053
Buildings and improvements	4 to 40	1,567	1,432
Processing and treating plants	8 to 40	98,133	98,106
Pipelines	5 to 40	168,094	163,447
Compressors	4 to 20	9,085	8,957
Equipment	8 to 20	4,908	4,785
Computer software	5	2,011	1,950
Total property, plant and equipment		289,908	285,984
Accumulated depreciation		(67,821)	(62,165)
Property, plant and equipment, net		\$222,087	\$223,819

Of the gross property, plant and equipment balances at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$26.6 million and \$26.1 million, respectively, were related to AlaTenn and Midla, our FERC regulated interstate assets.

Capitalized interest was less than \$0.1 million and zero, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Asset Retirement Obligations

We record a liability for the fair value of asset retirement obligations and conditional asset retirement obligations that we can reasonably estimate, on a discounted basis, in the period in which the liability is incurred. We collectively refer to asset retirement obligations and conditional asset retirement obligations as ARO.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013 and year ended December 31, 2012, we recognized zero and \$0.5 million AROs, respectively, in other liabilities for specific assets that we intend to retire for operational purposes. We recorded accretion expense, which is included in Depreciation and accretion expense, of less than \$0.1 million in our consolidated statements of operations for each of the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Insurance proceeds

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Involuntary conversions result from the loss of an asset because of some unforeseen event (e.g., destruction due to hurricanes). Some of these events are insurable, thus resulting in a property damage insurance recovery. Amounts we receive from insurance carriers are net of any deductibles related to the covered event. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we collected \$0.6 million of nonrefundable cash proceeds from our insurance carrier that we recognized as an offset to property, plant and equipment write-downs of \$0.1 million under the caption Gain (loss) on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment.

8. Debt Obligations

The following discussion of our credit facility reflects the terms in effect at March 31, 2013. On April 15, 2013, we amended our credit agreement for this credit facility in connection with the ArcLight Transactions. Please read Note 16 "Liquidity".

Our credit facility

On June 27, 2012, we amended our credit facility to increase the Commitments from an aggregate principal amount of \$100 million to an aggregate principal amount of \$200 million, evidenced by a credit agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Collateral Agent and L/C Issuer, Comerica Bank and Citicorp North America, Inc., as Co-Syndication Agents, BBVA Compass, as Documentation Agent, and the other financial institutions party thereto. The credit facility also provided for a \$50 million dollar accordion feature. If the accordion feature were to be fully exercised, the total commitment under the existing facility would be \$250 million.

The credit facility provides for a maximum borrowing equal to the lesser of (i) \$200 million or (ii) 4.50 times adjusted consolidated EBITDA. We had the ability to elect to have loans under the credit facility bear interest either at a Eurodollar-based rate plus a margin ranging from 2.25% to 3.50% depending on our total leverage ratio then in effect, or a base rate which is a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 1/2 of 1% (b) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America as its "prime rate", and (c) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00% plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.50% depending on the total leverage ratio then in effect. We also pay a commitment fee of 0.50% per annum on the undrawn portion of the revolving loan. For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, the weighted average interest rate on borrowings under our credit facility was approximately 4.34% and 3.72%, respectively.

Our obligations under the credit facility were secured by a first mortgage in favor of the lenders in our real property. Advances made under the credit facility were guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by our subsidiaries ("Guarantors"). These guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several among the Guarantors. The terms of the credit facility included covenants that restrict our ability to make cash distributions and acquisitions in some circumstances. The remaining principal balance of loans and any accrued and unpaid interest will be due and payable in full on the maturity date, August 1, 2016.

The credit facility also contained customary representations and warranties (including those relating to organization and authorization, compliance with laws, absence of defaults, material agreements and litigation) and customary events of default (including those relating to monetary defaults, covenant defaults, cross defaults and bankruptcy events). The primary financial covenants contained in the credit facility were (i) a total leverage ratio test (not to exceed 4.50 times) and a minimum interest coverage ratio test (not less than 2.50 times).

As of December 31, 2012, the total leverage ratio test, one of the primary financial covenants that we were required to maintain under our credit facility, was limited to a maximum of 4.50 times. At December 31, 2012, our total indebtedness was approximately \$130.9 million, which caused our total leverage to EBITDA ratio to be approximately 5.70-to-1. As a result, on December 26, 2012, the Partnership entered into the Third Amendment and Waiver to Credit Agreement, dated as of December 26, 2012 (the "Third Amendment"). The Third Amendment provided for a waiver of the Partnership's compliance with the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio with respect to the quarter ending December 31, 2012 and for one month thereafter. The Third Amendment also required the Partnership to provide certain financial and operating information of the Partnership on a monthly basis for 2013 and for any month after 2013 in which the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio of the Partnership is in excess of 4.00 to 1.00. The remaining material terms and conditions of the senior secured revolving credit facility, including pricing, maturity and covenants, remained unchanged by the Third Amendment.

On January 24, 2013, the Partnership entered into the second waiver to the credit facility that extended the waiver period with respect to the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio to March 31, 2013 (and subsequently extended to April 16, 2013). Additional covenants during the waiver period included i) total outstanding borrowings under the credit facility shall not exceed \$150.0 million; ii) restrictions on certain acquisitions; iii) an increase to the Eurodollar Rate by 0.50%; iv) additional fees of 0.125% of the principal amount on each of February 28, 2013 and March 31, 2013; and v) execution of a compliance certificate. We were not in compliance with the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio test under our credit facility as of March 31, 2013. However, such non-compliance was waived by the lenders in the Fourth Amendment to the credit facility executed on April 15, 2013.

See Note 16 "Liquidity" for further updates to our liquidity and long-term debt.

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Other debt

Other debt represents insurance premium financing in the original amounts of \$1.5 million bearing interest at 3.22% per annum, which is repayable in equal monthly installments of \$0.1 million through October 2013.

Our outstanding borrowings under debt at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, were:

	March 31, 2013 (in thousands)	December 31, 2012
Revolving loan facility	\$ 138,265	\$ 128,285
Other debt	1,118	—
	139,383	128,285
Less: current portion	1,118	—
	\$ 138,265	\$ 128,285

At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, letters of credit outstanding under the credit facility were \$2.6 million.

In connection with our credit facility and amendments thereto, we incurred \$5.2 million in debt issuance costs that are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the credit facility.

9. Partners' Capital

Our capital accounts are comprised of approximately 2% general partner interest and 98% limited partner interests.

Our limited partners have limited rights of ownership as provided for under our partnership agreement and the right to participate in our distributions. Our general partner manages our operations and participates in our distributions, including certain incentive distributions pursuant to the incentive distribution rights that are nonvoting limited partner interests held by our general partner.

The numbers of units outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, were as follows:

	March 31, 2013 (in thousands)	December 31, 2012
Limited partner common units	4,645	4,639
Limited partner subordinated units	4,526	4,526
General partner units	185	185

Net Income (Loss) attributable to Limited Common and General Partner Units

Net income (loss) attributable to the general partner and the limited partners (common and subordinated unit holders) is allocated in accordance with their respective ownership percentages, after giving effect to incentive distributions paid to the general partner. Basic net income per limited partner unit is computed based on the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per limited partner unit is computed based on the weighted average number of units plus the effect of dilutive potential units outstanding during the period. Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to distributions (whether paid or unpaid) are classified as participating securities and are included in our computation of diluted net income per limited partner unit. The dilutive effect of unit based awards was 162,860 equivalent units during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

We compute earnings per unit using the two-class method. The two-class method requires that securities that meet the definition of a participating security be considered for inclusion in the computation of basic earnings per unit. Under the two-class method, earnings per unit is calculated as if all of the earnings for the period were distributed under the terms of our Partnership agreement, regardless of whether the general partner has discretion over the amount of distributions to be made in any particular period, whether those earnings would actually be distributed during a particular period from an economic or practical perspective, or whether the general partner has other legal or contractual limitations on its ability to pay distributions that would prevent it from distributing all of the earnings for a particular period.

The two-class method does not impact our overall net income or other financial results; however, in periods in which aggregate net income exceeds our aggregate distributions for such period, it will have the impact of reducing net

income per limited partner unit. This result occurs as a larger portion of our aggregate earnings, as if distributed, is allocated to the incentive distribution rights of the general partner, even though we make distributions on the basis of available cash and not earnings. In periods in

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which our aggregate net income does not exceed our aggregate distributions for such period, the two-class method does not have any impact on our calculation of earnings per limited partner unit.

Distributions

We made distributions of \$4.0 million and \$4.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We made no distributions in respect of our general partner's incentive distribution rights. We depend on our June 2012 amended credit facility for future capital needs and may use it to fund a portion of cash distributions to unitholders, as necessary, depending on the level of our operating cashflow.

ArcLight Transactions

On April 15, 2013, the Partnership, our general partner and AIM Midstream Holdings, LLC entered in the ArcLight Transactions with High Point, pursuant to which High Point (i) acquired 90% of our general partner and all of our subordinated units from AIM Midstream Holdings and (ii) contributed certain midstream assets and \$15.0 million in cash to us in exchange for 5,142,857 Series A Preferred Units issued by the Partnership. As a result of these transactions, which were also consummated on April 15, 2013, High Point acquired both control of our general partner and a majority of our outstanding limited partnership interests. See Note 17 "Subsequent Events" for further information.

10. Long-Term Incentive Plan

Our general partner manages our operations and activities and employs the personnel who provide support to our operations. On November 2, 2009, the board of directors of our general partner adopted a long-term incentive plan ("LTIP") for its employees and consultants and directors who perform services for it or its affiliates. On May 25, 2010, the board of directors of our general partner adopted an amended and restated long-term incentive plan. On July 11, 2012, the board of directors of our general partner adopted a second amended and restated long-term incentive plan that effectively increased available awards by 871,750 units. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, 903,079 and 920,193 units, respectively, were available for future grant under the LTIP, giving retroactive treatment to the reverse unit split in connection with our recapitalization described in our Annual Report.

Ownership in the awards is subject to forfeiture until the vesting date. The LTIP is administered by the board of directors of our general partner. The board of directors of our general partner, at its discretion, may elect to settle such vested phantom units with a number of units equivalent to the fair market value at the date of vesting in lieu of cash. Although, our general partner has the option to settle in cash upon the vesting of phantom units, our general partner does not currently intend to settle these awards in cash. Although other types of awards are contemplated under the LTIP, all currently outstanding awards are phantom units without distribution equivalent rights ("DERs"). Generally, grants issued under the LTIP vest in increments of 25% on each of the first four anniversary dates of the date of the grant and do not contain any other restrictive conditions related to vesting other than continued employment.

The following table summarizes our unit-based awards for each of the periods indicated, in units:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Outstanding at beginning of period	90,938	162,860
Granted	23,921	—
Forfeited	(2,427)) —
Vested	(10,483)	) (20,308)
Outstanding at end of period	101,949	142,552
Fair value per unit	\$13.36 to \$21.40	\$14.70 to \$19.69

The fair value of our phantom units, which are subject to equity classification, is based on the fair value of our units at the grant date. Compensation costs related to these awards, including amortization, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, which is classified as equity compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and the non-cash portion in partners' capital on the

condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The total fair value of vested units at the time of vesting was \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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The total compensation cost related to unvested awards not yet recognized at March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$1.3 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, and the weighted average period over which this cost is expected to be recognized as of March 31, 2013 is approximately 1.3 years.

11. Post-Employment Benefits

We sponsor a contributory postretirement plan that provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits for qualifying U.S. retired employees (referred to as the "OPEB Plan").

Components of Net Periodic (Benefit) Cost recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

	OPEB Plan	
	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Service cost	\$1	1
Interest cost	4	4
Expected return on plan assets	(17	) (17
Amortization of net (gain) loss	(6	) (9
Net periodic (benefit) cost	\$(18	) \$(21

Future contributions to the Plans

We expect to make contributions to the OPEB Plan for the year ending December 31, 2013 of \$0.1 million.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Environmental matters

We are subject to federal and state laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. Environmental risk is inherent to natural gas pipeline and processing operations and we could, at times, be subject to environmental cleanup and enforcement actions. We attempt to manage this environmental risk through appropriate environmental policies and practices to minimize any impact our operations may have on the environment.

Commitments and contractual obligations

Future non-cancellable commitments related to certain contractual obligations as of March 31, 2013 are presented below:

	Payments Due by Period						
	(in thousands)						
	Total	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Thereafter
Operating leases and service contracts	\$2,210	\$317	\$447	\$420	\$176	\$140	\$710
Asset retirement obligations	8,329	—	—	—	7,867	—	462
Total	\$10,539	\$317	\$447	\$420	\$8,043	\$140	\$1,172

Total expenses related to operating leases, asset retirement obligations, land site leases and right-of-way agreements were:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Operating leases	\$219	\$205
Asset retirement obligation	10	6
	\$229	\$211

13. Related-Party Transactions

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Employees of our general partner are assigned to work for us. Where directly attributable, the costs of all compensation, benefits expenses and employer expenses for these employees are charged directly by our general partner to American Midstream, LLC, which, in turn, charges the appropriate subsidiary. Our general partner does not record any profit or margin for the administrative and operational services charged to us. During the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, administrative and operational services expenses of \$2.7 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, were charged to us by our general partner. For the three months ended March 31, 2013, our general partner incurred approximately \$0.3 million of costs associated with certain business development activities. If the business development activities result in a project that will be pursued and funded by the Partnership, we will reimburse our general partner for the business development costs related to that project.

14. Reporting Segments

Our operations are located in the United States and are organized into two reporting segments: (1) Gathering and Processing and (2) Transmission.

Gathering and Processing

Our Gathering and Processing segment provides “wellhead-to-market” services, which include transporting raw natural gas from the wellhead through gathering systems, treating the raw natural gas, processing raw natural gas to separate the NGLs from the natural gas, performing fractionation and selling or delivering pipeline-quality natural gas and NGLs to various markets and pipeline systems, to producers of natural gas and oil.

Transmission

Our Transmission segment transports and delivers natural gas from producing wells, receipt points or pipeline interconnects for shippers and other customers, including local distribution companies, or LDCs, utilities and industrial, and commercial and power generation customers.

These segments are monitored separately by management for performance and are consistent with internal financial reporting. These segments have been identified based on the differing products and services, regulatory environment and the expertise required for these operations. Gross margin is a performance measure utilized by management to monitor the business of each segment.

The following tables set forth our segment information:

	Three Months Ended					
	March 31, 2013			2012		
	Gathering and Processing	Transmission	Total	Gathering and Processing	Transmission	Total
	(in thousands)					
Revenue	\$48,862	\$ 14,659	\$63,521	\$34,250	\$ 13,138	\$47,388
Segment gross margin (a)	8,926	3,995	12,921	8,956	4,018	12,974
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	(481)	—	(481)	323	—	323
Direct operating expenses	3,744	1,399	5,143	2,157	1,083	3,240
Selling, general and administrative expenses			3,425			3,329
Equity compensation expense			388			331
Depreciation and accretion expense			5,678			5,159
Gain (loss) on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment			421			—
Gain (loss) on sale of assets, net			—			5
Interest expense			1,731			757
Net income (loss)			(3,398)			1,691
			155			—

Less: Net income (loss) attributable to
noncontrolling interests
Net income (loss) attributable to the
Partnership

\$(3,553)

\$1,691

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Segment gross margin for our Gathering and Processing segment consists of revenue less construction, operating and maintenance agreement (“COMA”) income, less purchases of natural gas, NGLs and condensate. Segment gross margin for our Transmission segment consists of revenue, less COMA income, less purchases of natural gas. Gross margin consists of the sum of the segment gross margin amounts for each of these segments. As an indicator of our operating performance, gross margin should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income or cash flow from operations as determined in accordance with GAAP. Our gross margin may not be (a) comparable to a similarly titled measure of another company because other entities may not calculate gross margin in the same manner. Effective October 1, 2012, we changed our segment gross margin measure to exclude COMA income. For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, less than \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million in COMA income was excluded from our Gathering and Processing segment gross margin, respectively and less than \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million in COMA income was excluded from our Transmission segment gross margin, respectively.

Asset information, including capital expenditures, by segment is not included in reports used by our management in their monitoring of performance and therefore is not disclosed.

15. Subsidiary Guarantors

The Partnership has filed a registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC to register, among other securities, debt securities. The subsidiaries of the Partnership (the "Subsidiaries") will be co-registrants with the Partnership, and the registration statement will register guarantees of debt securities by one or more of the Subsidiaries (other than American Midstream Finance Corporation, a 100% owned subsidiary of the Partnership whose sole purpose is to act as co-issuer of such debt securities). The financial position and operations of the co-issuer are minor and therefore have been included with the Parent's financial information. As of June 30, 2012, the Subsidiaries were 100% owned by the Partnership and any guarantees by the Subsidiaries will be full and unconditional. Beginning July 1, 2012, the Subsidiaries have had an investment in the non-guarantor subsidiaries equal to a 87.4% undivided interest in its Chatom system. The Partnership has no assets or operations independent of the Subsidiaries, and there are no significant restrictions upon the ability of the Subsidiaries to distribute funds to the Partnership. In the event that more than one of the Subsidiaries provide guarantees of any debt securities issued by the Partnership, such guarantees will constitute joint and several obligations. None of the assets of the Partnership or the Subsidiaries represent restricted net assets pursuant to Rule 4-08(e)(3) of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. For purposes of the following unaudited condensed consolidating financial information, the Partnership's investments in its Subsidiaries and the guarantor subsidiaries' investment in its 87.4% undivided interest in the Chatom system are presented in accordance with the equity method of accounting. The financial information may not necessarily be indicative of the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows had the subsidiary guarantors operated as independent entities. Condensed consolidating financial information for the Partnership, its combined guarantor subsidiaries and non-guarantor subsidiary as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 is as follows:

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

March 31, 2013

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
	(in thousands)				
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1	\$44	\$—	\$—	