

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS INC

Form 10-Q

May 07, 2012

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2012

OR

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Transition Period from            to

Commission file number 001-35095

**UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Georgia**  
(State of Incorporation)

**58-1807304**  
(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

**125 Highway 515 East**

**Blairsville, Georgia**  
Address of Principal Executive Offices

**30512**  
(Zip Code)

**(706) 781-2265**

(Telephone Number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES  NO

Common stock, par value \$1 per share 57,613,842 shares outstanding as of April 30, 2012

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**Table of Contents****Part I Financial Information****Item 1 Financial Statements****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.****Consolidated Statement of Operations (Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>		
<b>Interest revenue:</b>		
Loans, including fees	\$ 55,759	\$ 61,107
Investment securities, including tax exempt of \$250 and \$259	13,004	13,604
Federal funds sold, reverse repurchase agreements, commercial paper and deposits in banks	1,012	819
<b>Total interest revenue</b>	<b>69,775</b>	<b>75,530</b>
<b>Interest expense:</b>		
Deposits:		
NOW	637	1,324
Money market	641	2,028
Savings	37	77
Time	6,159	11,732
Total deposit interest expense	7,474	15,161
Federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings	1,045	1,042
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	466	590
Long-term debt	2,372	2,780
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>11,357</b>	<b>19,573</b>
<b>Net interest revenue</b>	<b>58,418</b>	<b>55,957</b>
Provision for loan losses	15,000	190,000
<b>Net interest revenue after provision for loan losses</b>	<b>43,418</b>	<b>(134,043)</b>
<b>Fee revenue:</b>		
Service charges and fees	7,783	6,720
Mortgage loan and other related fees	2,099	1,494
Brokerage fees	813	677
Securities gains, net	557	55
Loss from prepayment of debt	(482)	
Other	4,609	2,892
<b>Total fee revenue</b>	<b>15,379</b>	<b>11,838</b>
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>58,797</b>	<b>(122,205)</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits	25,225	24,924
Communications and equipment	3,155	3,344
Occupancy	3,771	4,074

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Advertising and public relations	846	978
Postage, printing and supplies	979	1,118
Professional fees	1,975	3,330
Foreclosed property	3,825	64,899
FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges	2,510	5,413
Amortization of intangibles	732	762
Other	3,937	6,429
Total operating expenses	46,955	115,271
Net income (loss) before income taxes	11,842	(237,476)
Income tax expense (benefit)	314	(140)
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>11,528</b>	<b>(237,336)</b>
Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion	3,030	2,778
<b>Net income (loss) available to common shareholders</b>	<b>\$ 8,498</b>	<b>\$ (240,114)</b>
Earnings (loss) per common share Basic / Diluted	\$ .15	\$ (13.00)
Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic / Diluted	57,764	18,466

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.****Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)**

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
Net income (loss)	\$ 11,528	\$ (237,336)
Other comprehensive loss:		
Unrealized losses on available for sale securities:		
Unrealized holding losses arising during period	(3,340)	(959)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(557)	(55)
Amortization of gains included in net income (loss) on available for sale securities transferred to held to maturity	(413)	(663)
Amortization of gains included in net income (loss) on derivative financial instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges	(1,600)	(4,223)
Amortization of prior service cost and actuarial losses included in net periodic pension cost for defined benefit pension plans	154	
Total other comprehensive loss	(5,756)	(5,900)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 5,772	\$ (243,236)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.****Consolidated Balance Sheet**

<i>(in thousands, except share and per share data)</i>	<b>March 31, 2012</b>	<b>December 31, 2011</b>	<b>March 31, 2011</b>
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	<i>(audited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 53,147	\$ 53,807	\$ 153,891
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	139,439	139,609	465,656
Federal funds sold, reverse repurchase agreements, commercial paper and short-term investments	235,000	185,000	470,087
Cash and cash equivalents	427,586	378,416	1,089,634
Securities available for sale	1,898,815	1,790,047	1,638,494
Securities held to maturity (fair value \$318,490, \$343,531 and \$248,361)	303,636	330,203	245,430
Loans held for sale			80,629
Mortgage loans held for sale	24,809	23,881	25,364
Loans, net of unearned income	4,127,566	4,109,614	4,194,372
Less allowance for loan losses	113,601	114,468	133,121
Loans, net	4,013,965	3,995,146	4,061,251
Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC	72,854	78,145	125,789
Premises and equipment, net	174,419	175,088	179,143
Bank owned life insurance	80,956	80,599	79,777
Accrued interest receivable	20,292	20,693	21,687
Intangible assets	7,695	8,428	10,684
Foreclosed property	31,887	32,859	54,378
Unsettled securities sales	43,527		
Other assets	73,252	69,915	97,228
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 7,173,693</b>	<b>\$ 6,983,420</b>	<b>\$ 7,709,488</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Liabilities:			
Deposits:			
Demand	\$ 1,101,757	\$ 992,109	\$ 864,708
NOW	1,389,016	1,509,896	1,320,136
Money market	1,123,734	1,038,778	967,938
Savings	214,150	199,007	193,591
Time:			
Less than \$100,000	1,207,479	1,332,394	1,576,505
Greater than \$100,000	796,882	847,152	990,289
Brokered	167,521	178,647	684,581
Total deposits	6,000,539	6,097,983	6,597,748
Federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings	101,925	102,577	102,107
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	215,125	40,625	55,125
Long-term debt	120,245	120,225	150,166
Unsettled securities purchases	119,565	10,325	177,532
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	36,755	36,199	40,766
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>6,594,154</b>	<b>6,407,934</b>	<b>7,123,444</b>

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Shareholders' equity:

Preferred stock, \$1 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized;			
Series A; \$10 stated value; 21,700 shares issued and outstanding	217	217	217
Series B; \$1,000 stated value; 180,000 shares issued and outstanding	177,451	177,092	176,049
Series D; \$1,000 stated value; 16,613 shares issued and outstanding	16,613	16,613	16,613
Series F; \$1,000 stated value; 195,872 shares issued and outstanding			195,872
Series G; \$1,000 stated value; 151,185 shares issued and outstanding			151,185
Common stock, \$1 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 41,688,647, 41,647,100 and 20,903,111 shares issued and outstanding	41,689	41,647	20,903
Common stock, non-voting, \$1 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 15,914,209 shares issued and outstanding	15,914	15,914	
Common stock issuable; 90,126, 93,681 and 79,428 shares	2,948	3,233	3,681
Capital surplus	1,056,135	1,054,940	738,963
Accumulated deficit	(722,363)	(730,861)	(732,390)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(9,065)	(3,309)	14,951
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>579,539</b>	<b>575,486</b>	<b>586,044</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 7,173,693</b>	<b>\$ 6,983,420</b>	<b>\$ 7,709,488</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



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**UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.**

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)**

**For the Three Months Ended March 31,**

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	Preferred Stock					Non-Voting Common				Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Total
	Series A	Series B	Series D	Series F	Series G	Common Stock	Common Stock	Stock Issuable	Capital Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	(Loss)	
<b>Balance, December 31, 2010</b>	\$ 217	\$ 175,711	\$	\$	\$	\$ 18,937	\$	\$ 3,894	\$ 741,244	\$ (492,276)	\$ 20,851	\$ 468,578
Net loss										(237,336)		(237,336)
Other comprehensive loss											(5,900)	(5,900)
Preferred for common equity exchange related to tax benefits preservation plan (1,551,126 common shares)			16,613			(1,551)			(15,062)			
Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan and employee benefit plans (46,019 shares)						46			329			375
Common and preferred stock issued (3,467,699 common shares)				195,872	151,185	3,468			12,004			362,529
Amortization of stock options and restricted stock awards									549			549
Vesting of restricted stock (1,419 shares issued, 6,382 shares deferred)						1		54	(55)			
Deferred compensation plan, net, including dividend equivalents								65				65
Shares issued from deferred compensation plan (2,098 shares)						2		(332)	330			
Tax on option exercise and restricted stock vesting									(376)			(376)
Preferred stock dividends:												
Series A										(3)		(3)
Series B		338								(2,602)		(2,264)
Series D										(173)		(173)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2011</b>	\$ 217	\$ 176,049	\$ 16,613	\$ 195,872	\$ 151,185	\$ 20,903	\$	\$ 3,681	\$ 738,963	\$ (732,390)	\$ 14,951	\$ 586,044
<b>Balance, December 31, 2011</b>	\$ 217	\$ 177,092	\$ 16,613	\$	\$	\$ 41,647	\$ 15,914	\$ 3,233	\$ 1,054,940	\$ (730,861)	\$ (3,309)	\$ 575,486
Net income										11,528		11,528
Other comprehensive loss											(5,756)	(5,756)
Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan and to employee benefit plans (35,648 shares)						36			242			278
Amortization of stock options and restricted stock awards									585			585
Vesting of restricted stock (4,397 shares issued, 8,399 shares deferred)						4		(151)	187			40
Deferred compensation plan, net, including dividend equivalents								49				49

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Shares issued from deferred compensation plan (1,502 shares)						2	(183)	181				
Preferred stock dividends:												
Series A									(3)	(3)		
Series B		359							(2,608)	(2,249)		
Series D									(419)	(419)		
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	\$ 217	\$ 177,451	\$ 16,613	\$	\$	\$ 41,689	\$ 15,914	\$ 2,948	\$ 1,056,135	\$ (722,363)	\$ (9,065)	\$ 579,539

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.****Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 11,528	\$ (237,336)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	6,803	4,743
Provision for loan losses	15,000	190,000
Stock based compensation	585	549
Securities gains, net	(557)	(55)
Losses and write downs on sales of other real estate owned	2,204	60,605
Loss on prepayment of borrowings	482	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Other assets and accrued interest receivable	(2,612)	(4,770)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	646	6,518
Mortgage loans held for sale	(928)	10,544
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>33,151</b>	<b>30,798</b>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Investment securities held to maturity:		
Proceeds from maturities and calls	25,653	21,116
Purchases		(1,500)
Investment securities available for sale:		
Proceeds from sales	61,585	51,240
Proceeds from maturities and calls	142,236	116,175
Purchases	(253,229)	(405,979)
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(41,418)	93,949
Funds collected from FDIC under loss sharing agreements	2,568	9,299
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	14	160
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,614)	(3,604)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate	6,696	36,003
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(57,509)</b>	<b>(83,141)</b>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Net change in deposits	(97,444)	128,576
Net change in federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings	(652)	1,040
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	499,000	
Settlement of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(324,982)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for dividend reinvestment and employee benefit plans	278	375
Proceeds from issuance of common and preferred stock, net of offering costs		362,529
Cash dividends on preferred stock	(2,672)	
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>73,528</b>	<b>492,520</b>
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>49,170</b>	<b>440,177</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	378,416	649,457
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 427,586</b>	<b>\$ 1,089,634</b>

**Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:**

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$ 12,252	\$ 17,936
Income taxes	1,026	1,287
Unsettled securities sales	43,527	
Unsettled securities purchases	119,565	177,532

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Note 1 Accounting Policies**

The accounting and financial reporting policies of United Community Banks, Inc. ( United ) and its subsidiaries conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ( GAAP ) and general banking industry practices. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have not been audited. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. A more detailed description of United s accounting policies is included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

In management s opinion, all accounting adjustments necessary to accurately reflect the financial position and results of operations on the accompanying financial statements have been made. These adjustments are normal and recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair and accurate presentation. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any other interim periods.

Foreclosed property is initially recorded at fair value, less estimated costs to sell. If the fair value, less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure, is less than the loan balance, the deficiency is charged against the allowance for loan losses. If the fair value, less cost to sell, of the foreclosed property decreases during the holding period, a valuation allowance is established with a charge to operating expenses. When the foreclosed property is sold, a gain or loss is recognized on the sale for the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property. Financed sales of foreclosed property are accounted for in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board s Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 360-20, *Real Estate Sales*.

**Note 2 Accounting Standards Updates**

In April 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a proposed Accounting Standards Update to address the subsequent measurement of indemnification assets recognized as a result of a government assisted acquisition of a financial institution. The proposal requires an indemnification asset recognized as a result of a government assisted acquisition to be subsequently measured on the same basis as the indemnified item subject to the contractual limitations and amounts of the underlying contract. Comment letters on this proposed guidance are due by July 16, 2012. Because this standard is still in the proposal stage, the impact on United s financial position, results of operations and disclosures has not been assessed.

**Note 3 Mergers and Acquisitions**

On June 19, 2009, United Community Bank ( UCB or the Bank ) purchased substantially all the assets and assumed substantially all the liabilities of Southern Community Bank ( SCB ) from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ( FDIC ), as Receiver of SCB. UCB and the FDIC entered loss sharing agreements regarding future losses incurred on loans and foreclosed loan collateral existing at June 19, 2009. Under the terms of the loss sharing agreements, the FDIC will absorb 80 percent of losses and share 80 percent of loss recoveries on the first \$109 million of losses and, absorb 95 percent of losses and share in 95 percent of loss recoveries on losses exceeding \$109 million. The term for loss sharing on 1-4 Family loans is ten years, while the term for loss sharing on all other loans is five years.

Under the loss sharing agreement, the portion of the losses expected to be indemnified by FDIC is considered an indemnification asset in accordance with ASC 805, *Business Combinations*. The indemnification asset, referred to as estimated loss reimbursement from the FDIC is included in the balance of Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The indemnification asset was recognized at fair value, which was estimated at the acquisition date based on the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The indemnification asset is expected to be collected over a four-year average life. No valuation allowance was required.

Loans, foreclosed property and the estimated FDIC reimbursement resulting from the loss sharing agreements with the FDIC are reported as assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC in the consolidated balance sheet.

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The table below shows the components of covered assets at March 31, 2012 (*in thousands*).

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>Purchased Impaired Loans</b>	<b>Other Purchased Loans</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$	\$ 29,888	\$	\$ 29,888
Commercial & industrial		1,751		1,751
Construction and land development	546	7,896		8,442
Residential mortgage	145	6,797		6,942
Consumer installment		143		143
Total covered loans	691	46,475		47,166
Covered foreclosed property			13,983	13,983
Estimated loss reimbursement from the FDIC			11,705	11,705
<b>Total covered assets</b>	<b>\$ 691</b>	<b>\$ 46,475</b>	<b>\$ 25,688</b>	<b>\$ 72,854</b>

**Note 4 Reverse Repurchase Agreements**

United enters into reverse repurchase agreements in order to invest short-term funds. In addition, United enters into repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements with the same counter party in transactions that are subject to master netting agreements under which the balances are netted in the balance sheet in accordance with ASC 210-20. The following table presents a summary of amounts outstanding under reverse repurchase agreements including those entered into in connection with repurchase agreements with the same counterparty under master netting agreements (*in thousands*).

	<b>Reverse Repurchase Agreements (Assets)</b>	<b>March 31, 2012 Repurchase Agreements (Liabilities)</b>	<b>Net Reported Balance (Asset)</b>
Amounts subject to master netting agreements	\$ 171,000	\$ 171,000	\$
Other reverse repurchase agreements	235,000		235,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 406,000</b>	<b>\$ 171,000</b>	<b>\$ 235,000</b>

Weighted average interest rate 1.17% .32%

United did not have any outstanding reverse repurchase agreements at March 31, 2011.

**Note 5 Securities**

Realized gains and losses are derived using the specific identification method for determining the cost of securities sold. The following table summarizes securities sales activity for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 (*in thousands*).

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	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2012	2011
Proceeds from sales	\$ 105,111	\$ 51,240
Gross gains on sales	\$ 557	\$ 331
Gross losses on sales		(276)
Net gains on sales of securities	\$ 557	\$ 55

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Substantially all securities with a carrying value of \$1.38 billion, \$1.72 billion, and \$1.83 billion were pledged to secure public deposits, FHLB advances and other secured borrowings at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

Securities are classified as held to maturity when management has the positive intent and ability to hold them until maturity. Securities held to maturity are carried at amortized cost. The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities held to maturity at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011, and March 31, 2011 are as follows (*in thousands*).

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>As of March 31, 2012</b>				
State and political subdivisions	\$ 51,893	4,413		\$ 56,306
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	251,743	10,441		262,184
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 303,636</b>	<b>\$ 14,854</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 318,490</b>
<b>As of December 31, 2011</b>				
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 5,000	\$ 6	\$	\$ 5,006
State and political subdivisions	51,903	4,058	13	55,948
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	273,300	9,619	342	282,577
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 330,203</b>	<b>\$ 13,683</b>	<b>\$ 355</b>	<b>\$ 343,531</b>
<b>As of March 31, 2011</b>				
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 4,989	\$ 12	\$	\$ 5,001
State and political subdivisions	48,497	616	731	48,382
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	191,944	3,041	7	194,978
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 245,430</b>	<b>\$ 3,669</b>	<b>\$ 738</b>	<b>\$ 248,361</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> All are residential type mortgage-backed securities

The cost basis, unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of securities available for sale at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 are presented below (*in thousands*).

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>As of March 31, 2012</b>				
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 43,593	\$ 286	\$ 90	\$ 43,789
State and political subdivisions	21,490	1,321	3	22,808
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	1,692,446	33,212	590	1,725,068
Corporate bonds	119,154		14,568	104,586
Other	2,564			2,564



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Total	\$ 1,879,247	\$ 34,819	\$ 15,251	\$ 1,898,815
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As of December 31, 2011

U.S. Government agencies	\$ 43,592	\$ 158	\$	\$ 43,750
State and political subdivisions	24,997	1,345	3	26,339
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	1,576,064	33,988	143	1,609,909
Corporate bonds	119,110		11,432	107,678
Other	2,371			2,371

Total	\$ 1,766,134	\$ 35,491	\$ 11,578	\$ 1,790,047
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As of March 31, 2011

U.S. Government agencies	\$ 94,966	\$ 16	\$ 1,204	\$ 93,778
State and political subdivisions	26,870	983	20	27,833
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>	1,388,702	27,617	1,474	1,414,845
Corporate bonds	100,956	150	1,520	99,586
Other	2,452			2,452

Total	\$ 1,613,946	\$ 28,766	\$ 4,218	\$ 1,638,494
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<sup>(1)</sup> All are residential type mortgage-backed securities

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

There were no held to maturity securities in an unrealized loss position at March 31, 2012. The following table summarizes held to maturity securities in an unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
<b>As of December 31, 2011</b>						
State and political subdivisions	\$	\$	\$ 363	\$ 13	\$ 363	\$ 13
Mortgage-backed securities	10,967	342			10,967	342
Total unrealized loss position	\$ 10,967	\$ 342	\$ 363	\$ 13	\$ 11,330	\$ 355
<b>As of March 31, 2011</b>						
State and political subdivisions	\$ 21,313	\$ 731	\$	\$	\$ 21,313	\$ 731
Mortgage-backed securities	1,942	7			1,942	7
Total unrealized loss position	\$ 23,255	\$ 738	\$	\$	\$ 23,255	\$ 738

The following table summarizes available for sale securities in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
<b>As of March 31, 2012</b>						
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 9,905	\$ 90	\$	\$	\$ 9,905	\$ 90
State and political subdivisions			11	3	11	3
Mortgage-backed securities	405,039	574	21,067	16	426,106	590
Corporate bonds	35,306	2,872	69,230	11,696	104,536	14,568
Total unrealized loss position	\$ 450,250	\$ 3,536	\$ 90,308	\$ 11,715	\$ 540,558	\$ 15,251
<b>As of December 31, 2011</b>						
State and political subdivisions	\$	\$	\$ 11	\$ 3	\$ 11	\$ 3
Mortgage-backed securities	98,687	110	22,719	33	121,406	143
Corporate bonds	42,864	5,197	64,765	6,235	107,629	11,432
Total unrealized loss position	\$ 141,551	\$ 5,307	\$ 87,495	\$ 6,271	\$ 229,046	\$ 11,578
<b>As of March 31, 2011</b>						
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 73,763	\$ 1,204	\$	\$	\$ 73,763	\$ 1,204
State and political subdivisions	1,098	15	11	5	1,109	20
Mortgage-backed securities	292,379	1,474			292,379	1,474
Corporate bonds	79,386	1,520			79,386	1,520

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Total unrealized loss position	\$ 446,626	\$ 4,213	\$ 11	\$ 5	\$ 446,637	\$ 4,218
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At March 31, 2012, there were 53 available for sale securities and no held to maturity securities that were in an unrealized loss position. United does not intend to sell nor believes it will be required to sell securities in an unrealized loss position prior to the recovery of its amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses at March 31, 2012 are primarily related to changes in interest rates, however the unrealized losses in corporate bonds also reflect downgrades in the underlying securities ratings. The bonds remain above investment grade and United does not consider them to be impaired. Unrealized losses at March 31, 2011 were primarily attributable to changes in interest rates.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, among other factors. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and industry analyst's reports. No impairment charges were recognized during the first quarter of 2012 or 2011.

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The amortized cost and fair value of available for sale and held to maturity securities at March 31, 2012, by contractual maturity, are presented in the following table (*in thousands*).

	Available for Sale		Held to Maturity	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
<b>U.S. Government agencies:</b>				
5 to 10 years	\$ 34,995	\$ 35,153	\$	\$
More than 10 years	8,598	8,636		
	43,593	43,789		
<b>State and political subdivisions:</b>				
Within 1 year	1,600	1,608		
1 to 5 years	14,121	14,966	4,813	5,132
5 to 10 years	4,921	5,317	23,667	25,896
More than 10 years	848	917	23,413	25,278
	21,490	22,808	51,893	56,306
<b>Corporate bonds:</b>				
1 to 5 years	18,594	17,668		
5 to 10 years	99,560	86,618		
More than 10 years	1,000	300		
	119,154	104,586		
<b>Other:</b>				
More than 10 years	2,564	2,564		
	2,564	2,564		
<b>Total securities other than mortgage-backed securities:</b>				
Within 1 year	1,600	1,608		
1 to 5 years	32,715	32,634	4,813	5,132
5 to 10 years	139,476	127,088	23,667	25,896
More than 10 years	13,010	12,417	23,413	25,278
Mortgage-backed securities	1,692,446	1,725,068	251,743	262,184
	\$ 1,879,247	\$ 1,898,815	\$ 303,636	\$ 318,490

Maturities of mortgage-backed securities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses**

Major classifications of loans as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, are summarized as follows (*in thousands*).

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,843,207	\$ 1,821,414	\$ 1,692,154
Commercial & industrial	439,496	428,249	431,473
Commercial construction	167,122	164,155	213,177
Total commercial	2,449,825	2,413,818	2,336,804
Residential mortgage	1,131,248	1,134,902	1,186,531
Residential construction	435,375	448,391	549,618
Consumer installment	111,118	112,503	121,419
Total loans	4,127,566	4,109,614	4,194,372
Less allowance for loan losses	113,601	114,468	133,121
Loans, net	\$ 4,013,965	\$ 3,995,146	\$ 4,061,251

The Bank makes loans and extensions of credit to individuals and a variety of firms and corporations located primarily in counties in north Georgia, the Atlanta, Georgia metropolitan statistical area, the Gainesville, Georgia metropolitan statistical area, coastal Georgia, western North Carolina and east Tennessee. Although the Bank has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of the loan portfolio is collateralized by improved and unimproved real estate and is dependent upon the real estate market.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 are summarized as follows (*in thousands*).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Balance beginning of period	\$ 114,468	\$ 174,695
Provision for loan losses	15,000	190,000
Charge-offs:		
Commercial (secured by real estate)	3,928	48,707
Commercial & industrial	756	4,362
Commercial construction	364	49,715
Residential mortgage	5,767	36,676
Residential construction	5,629	92,255
Consumer installment	753	1,096
Total loans charged-off	17,197	232,811
Recoveries:		
Commercial (secured by real estate)	231	100
Commercial & industrial	87	322

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Commercial construction	30	
Residential mortgage	392	293
Residential construction	315	117
Consumer installment	275	405
Total recoveries	1,330	1,237
Net charge-offs	15,867	231,574
Balance end of period	\$ 113,601	\$ 133,121

At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, loans with a carrying value of \$1.58 billion, \$1.52 billion and \$857 million were pledged as collateral to secure FHLB advances and other contingent funding sources.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following table presents the balance and activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment based on impairment method as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	Commercial (Secured by Real Estate)	Commercial & Industrial	Commercial Construction	Residential Mortgage	Residential Construction	Consumer Installment	Unallocated	Total
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2012</b>								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning balance	\$ 31,644	\$ 5,681	\$ 6,097	\$ 29,076	\$ 30,379	\$ 2,124	\$ 9,467	\$ 114,468
Charge-offs	(3,928)	(756)	(364)	(5,767)	(5,629)	(753)		(17,197)
Recoveries	231	87	30	392	315	275		1,330
Provision	2,667	460	3,820	3,655	4,408	252	(262)	15,000
Ending balance	\$ 30,614	\$ 5,472	\$ 9,583	\$ 27,356	\$ 29,473	\$ 1,898	\$ 9,205	\$ 113,601
Ending allowance attributable to loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 7,654	\$ 1,122	\$ 1,920	\$ 2,254	\$ 3,236	\$ 63	\$	\$ 16,249
Collectively evaluated for impairment	22,960	4,350	7,663	25,102	26,237	1,835	9,205	97,352
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 30,614	\$ 5,472	\$ 9,583	\$ 27,356	\$ 29,473	\$ 1,898	\$ 9,205	\$ 113,601
Loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 117,999	\$ 60,568	\$ 46,549	\$ 21,525	\$ 47,048	\$ 331	\$	\$ 294,020
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,725,208	378,928	120,573	1,109,723	388,327	110,787		3,833,546
Total loans	\$ 1,843,207	\$ 439,496	\$ 167,122	\$ 1,131,248	\$ 435,375	\$ 111,118	\$	\$ 4,127,566
<b>December 31, 2011</b>								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Ending allowance attributable to loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 7,491	\$ 1,117	\$ 236	\$ 2,234	\$ 3,731	\$ 16	\$	\$ 14,825
Collectively evaluated for impairment	24,153	4,564	5,861	26,842	26,648	2,108	9,467	99,643
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 31,644	\$ 5,681	\$ 6,097	\$ 29,076	\$ 30,379	\$ 2,124	\$ 9,467	\$ 114,468
Loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 107,831	\$ 57,828	\$ 26,245	\$ 18,376	\$ 46,687	\$ 292	\$	\$ 257,259
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,713,583	370,421	137,910	1,116,526	401,704	112,211		3,852,355
Total loans	\$ 1,821,414	\$ 428,249	\$ 164,155	\$ 1,134,902	\$ 448,391	\$ 112,503	\$	\$ 4,109,614
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2011</b>								
Allowance for loan losses:								
Beginning balance	\$ 31,191	\$ 7,580	\$ 6,780	\$ 22,305	\$ 92,571	\$ 3,030	\$ 11,238	\$ 174,695
Charge-offs	(48,707)	(4,362)	(49,715)	(36,676)	(92,255)	(1,096)		(232,811)
Recoveries	100	322		293	117	405		1,237
Provision	37,675	4,047	48,916	39,207	62,087	217	(2,149)	190,000
Ending balance	\$ 20,259	\$ 7,587	\$ 5,981	\$ 25,129	\$ 62,520	\$ 2,556	\$ 9,089	\$ 133,121

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Ending allowance attributable to loans:									
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Collectively evaluated for impairment		20,259		7,587		5,981		25,129	
									62,520
									2,556
									9,089
									133,121
Total ending allowance balance	\$	20,259	\$	7,587	\$	5,981	\$	25,129	\$
									62,520
									2,556
									9,089
									133,121
Loans:									
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	17,154	\$		\$	3,624	\$	5,157	\$
Collectively evaluated for impairment		1,675,000		431,473		209,553		1,181,374	
									22,667
									48,602
Total loans	\$	1,692,154	\$	431,473	\$	213,177	\$	1,186,531	\$
									549,618
									121,419
									4,194,372

United reviews all loans that are on nonaccrual with a balance of \$500,000 or greater for impairment as well as accruing substandard relationships greater than \$2 million and all troubled debt restructurings ( TDRs ). A loan is considered impaired when, based on current events and circumstances, it is probable that all amounts due, according to the contractual terms of the loan, will not be collected. All troubled debt restructurings are considered impaired regardless of accrual status. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, at the loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Interest payments received on impaired loans that are on nonaccrual status are applied as a reduction of the outstanding principal balance. For impaired loans not on nonaccrual status, interest is accrued according to the terms of the loan agreement. Impairment amounts are recorded quarterly and specific reserves are recorded in the allowance for loan losses.

In the first quarter of 2011, United's Board of Directors adopted an accelerated problem asset disposition plan which included the bulk sale of \$267 million in classified loans. Those loans were classified as held for sale at the end of the first quarter and were written down to the expected proceeds from the sale. The charge-offs on the loans transferred to held for sale in anticipation of the bulk loan sale, which closed on April 18, 2011, increased first quarter 2011 loan charge-offs by \$186 million. The actual loss on the bulk loan sale at closing was less than the amount charged-off in the first quarter, resulting in a \$7.27 million reduction of second quarter 2011 charge-offs.



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The recorded investments in individually evaluated impaired loans at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were as follows (*in thousands*).

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Period-end loans with no allocated allowance for loan losses	\$ 208,302	\$ 188,509	\$ 48,602
Period-end loans with allocated allowance for loan losses	85,718	68,750	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 294,020</b>	<b>\$ 257,259</b>	<b>\$ 48,602</b>

Amount of allowance for loan losses allocated \$ 16,249 \$ 14,825 \$

The increase in the amount of impaired loans is due to an increase in the number and balance of TDRs. The average balances of impaired loans and income recognized on impaired loans while they were considered impaired is presented below for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Average balance of individually evaluated impaired loans during period	\$ 280,626	\$ 95,163
Interest income recognized during impairment	2,267	
Cash-basis interest income recognized	3,192	

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	March 31, 2012			December 31, 2011			March 31, 2011		
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated
With no related allowance recorded:									
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 91,399	\$ 82,593	\$	\$ 82,887	\$ 76,215	\$	\$ 27,811	\$ 17,154	\$
Commercial & industrial	81,896	56,896		77,628	52,628				
Commercial construction	30,188	27,295		24,927	23,609		4,360	3,624	
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>203,483</b>	<b>166,784</b>		<b>185,442</b>	<b>152,452</b>		<b>32,171</b>	<b>20,778</b>	
Residential mortgage	15,375	13,041		13,845	10,804		8,801	5,157	
Residential construction	44,018	28,477		38,955	25,190		49,205	22,667	
Consumer installment				63	63				
<b>Total with no related allowance recorded</b>	<b>262,876</b>	<b>208,302</b>		<b>238,305</b>	<b>188,509</b>		<b>90,177</b>	<b>48,602</b>	
With an allowance recorded:									
Commercial (secured by real estate)	36,536	35,406	7,654	31,806	31,616	7,491			
Commercial & industrial	3,672	3,672	1,122	5,200	5,200	1,117			

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Commercial construction	20,056	19,254	1,920	2,636	2,636	236			
Total commercial	60,264	58,332	10,696	39,642	39,452	8,844			
Residential mortgage	9,255	8,484	2,254	7,642	7,572	2,234			
Residential construction	19,235	18,571	3,236	21,629	21,497	3,731			
Consumer installment	340	331	63	235	229	16			
Total with an allowance recorded	89,094	85,718	16,249	69,148	68,750	14,825			
Total	\$ 351,970	\$ 294,020	\$ 16,249	\$ 307,453	\$ 257,259	\$ 14,825	\$ 90,177	\$ 48,602	\$

There were no loans more than 90 days past due and still accruing interest at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011. Nonaccrual loans at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were \$130 million, \$127 million and \$83.8, respectively. Nonaccrual loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually evaluated impaired loans with larger balances.

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The following table presents the recorded investment (unpaid principal less amounts charged-off) in nonaccrual loans by loan class as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

	Nonaccrual Loans		
	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 26,081	\$ 27,322	\$ 20,648
Commercial & industrial	36,314	34,613	2,198
Commercial construction	23,319	16,655	3,701
Total commercial	85,714	78,590	26,547
Residential mortgage	18,741	22,358	23,711
Residential construction	24,341	25,523	32,038
Consumer installment	908	1,008	1,473
Total	\$ 129,704	\$ 127,479	\$ 83,769
Balance as a percentage of unpaid principal	70.6%	71.3%	57.3%

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 by class of loans (*in thousands*).

	Loans Past Due			Total	Loans Not Past Due	Total
	30 - 59 Days	60 - 89 Days	> 90 Days			
<b>As of March 31, 2012</b>						
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 6,777	\$ 3,219	\$ 14,461	\$ 24,457	\$ 1,818,750	\$ 1,843,207
Commercial & industrial	1,930	244	2,905	5,079	434,417	439,496
Commercial construction	256	55	8,620	8,931	158,191	167,122
Total commercial	8,963	3,518	25,986	38,467	2,411,358	2,449,825
Residential mortgage	14,540	5,223	9,103	28,866	1,102,382	1,131,248
Residential construction	7,462	1,584	11,201	20,247	415,128	435,375
Consumer installment	961	248	346	1,555	109,563	111,118
Total loans	\$ 31,926	\$ 10,573	\$ 46,636	\$ 89,135	\$ 4,038,431	\$ 4,127,566
<b>As of December 31, 2011</b>						
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 8,036	\$ 4,182	\$ 10,614	\$ 22,832	\$ 1,798,582	\$ 1,821,414
Commercial & industrial	3,869	411	407	4,687	423,562	428,249
Commercial construction	166		1,128	1,294	162,861	164,155
Total commercial	12,071	4,593	12,149	28,813	2,385,005	2,413,818
Residential mortgage	15,185	4,617	9,071	28,873	1,106,029	1,134,902
Residential construction	3,940	2,636	10,270	16,846	431,545	448,391
Consumer installment	1,534	308	430	2,272	110,231	112,503

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Total loans	\$ 32,730	\$ 12,154	\$ 31,920	\$ 76,804	\$ 4,032,810	\$ 4,109,614
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**As of March 31, 2011**

Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 11,522	\$ 9,244	\$ 9,659	\$ 30,425	\$ 1,661,729	\$ 1,692,154
Commercial & industrial	1,485	854	876	3,215	428,258	431,473
Commercial construction	5,458	1,880	1,237	8,575	204,602	213,177
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>18,465</b>	<b>11,978</b>	<b>11,772</b>	<b>42,215</b>	<b>2,294,589</b>	<b>2,336,804</b>
Residential mortgage	16,439	6,658	10,789	33,886	1,152,645	1,186,531
Residential construction	13,349	9,514	13,405	36,268	513,350	549,618
Consumer installment	1,705	346	573	2,624	118,795	121,419
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 49,958</b>	<b>\$ 28,496</b>	<b>\$ 36,539</b>	<b>\$ 114,993</b>	<b>\$ 4,079,379</b>	<b>\$ 4,194,372</b>

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As of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, United has allocated \$12.2 million and \$8.65 million, respectively, of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings. There were no specific reserves established for loans considered to be troubled debt restructurings at March 31, 2011. United committed to lend additional amounts totaling up to \$891,000, \$1.12 million and \$519,000 as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively, to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as TDRs.

The modification of the terms of troubled debt restructurings included one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date or an extension of the amortization period at a stated rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; or a permanent reduction of the principal amount.

The following table presents additional information on troubled debt restructurings including the number of loan contracts restructured and the pre and post modification recorded investment (*dollars in thousands*).

	March 31, 2012			December 31, 2011			March 31, 2011		
	Pre-Modification Number of Contracts	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Pre-Modification Number of Contracts	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Pre-Modification Number of Contracts	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment
Commercial (see by RE)	92	\$ 83,230	\$ 79,844	74	\$ 70,380	\$ 69,054	29	\$ 25,094	\$ 22,211
Commercial & industrial	26	3,487	3,487	18	806	806	5	155	155
Commercial construction	16	35,184	34,066	11	18,053	18,053	6	9,622	9,622
Total commercial	134	121,901	117,397	103	89,239	87,913	40	34,871	31,988
Residential mortgage	99	15,718	14,832	80	11,943	11,379	32	4,013	3,882
Residential construction	63	27,128	25,948	54	24,921	24,145	54	14,582	13,759
Consumer installment	40	340	330	34	298	293	7	122	117
Total loans	336	\$ 165,087	\$ 158,507	271	\$ 126,401	\$ 123,730	133	\$ 53,588	\$ 49,746

The following table presents new troubled debt restructurings during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and those troubled debt restructurings that have subsequently defaulted, which we define as 90 days or more past due (*dollars in thousands*).

New Troubled Debt Restructurings for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012	Pre-Modification Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Troubled Debt Restructurings Modified Within the Previous Twelve Months that Have Subsequently Defaulted During the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012	
				Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment

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Commercial (secured by real estate)	24	\$ 15,099	\$ 13,741	\$	\$
Commercial & industrial	10	2,724	2,724	1	43
Commercial construction	7	20,781	20,781	2	4,174
Total commercial	41	38,604	37,246	3	4,217
Residential mortgage	24	5,279	5,273	3	373
Residential construction	14	3,751	3,189	3	1,476
Consumer installment	7	60	55		
Total loans	86	\$ 47,694	\$ 45,763	9	\$ 6,066

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Risk Ratings**

United categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, current economic trends, among other factors. United analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed on a continuous basis. United uses the following definitions for its risk ratings:

**Watch.** Loans in this category are presently protected from apparent loss; however weaknesses exist that could cause future impairment, including the deterioration of financial ratios, past due status and questionable management capabilities. These loans require more than the ordinary amount of supervision. Collateral values generally afford adequate coverage, but may not be immediately marketable.

**Substandard.** These loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or by the collateral pledged. Specific and well-defined weaknesses exist that may include poor liquidity and deterioration of financial ratios. The loan may be past due and related deposit accounts experiencing overdrafts. There is the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if deficiencies are not corrected. Immediate corrective action is necessary.

**Doubtful.** Specific weaknesses characterized as Substandard that are severe enough to make collection in full highly questionable and improbable. There is no reliable secondary source of full repayment.

**Loss.** Loans categorized as Loss have the same characteristics as Doubtful however probability of loss is certain. Loans classified as Loss are charged-off.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed as not rated are generally deposit account overdrafts or new loans that have not yet been assigned a grade.

As of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows (*in thousands*).

	Pass	Watch	Substandard	Doubtful / Loss	Not Rated	Total
<b><u>As of March 31, 2012</u></b>						
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,586,934	\$ 96,352	\$ 159,921	\$	\$	\$ 1,843,207
Commercial & industrial	381,097	4,126	53,532		741	439,496
Commercial construction	99,825	20,722	46,575			167,122
Total commercial	2,067,856	121,200	260,028		741	2,449,825
Residential mortgage	995,982	40,790	94,476			1,131,248
Residential construction	298,592	48,168	88,615			435,375
Consumer installment	106,124	1,476	3,518			111,118
Total loans	\$ 3,468,554	\$ 211,634	\$ 446,637	\$	\$ 741	\$ 4,127,566

**As of December 31, 2011**

Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,561,204	\$ 89,830	\$ 170,380	\$	\$	\$ 1,821,414
Commercial & industrial	369,343	7,630	50,366		910	428,249
Commercial construction	114,817	14,173	35,165			164,155

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Total commercial	2,045,364	111,633	255,911	910	2,413,818
Residential mortgage	993,779	42,323	98,800		1,134,902
Residential construction	312,527	38,386	97,478		448,391
Consumer installment	107,333	1,411	3,759		112,503

Total loans	\$ 3,459,003	\$ 193,753	\$ 455,948	\$ 910	\$ 4,109,614
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**As of March 31, 2011**

Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,469,140	\$ 82,715	\$ 140,299	\$ 982	\$ 1,692,154
Commercial & industrial	405,059	6,824	18,608		431,473
Commercial construction	166,386	8,205	38,586		213,177

Total commercial	2,040,585	97,744	197,493	982	2,336,804
Residential mortgage	1,052,909	40,779	92,843		1,186,531
Residential construction	376,583	60,463	112,572		549,618
Consumer installment	116,964	626	3,829		121,419

Total loans	\$ 3,587,041	\$ 199,612	\$ 406,737	\$ 982	\$ 4,194,372
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**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 7 Foreclosed Property**

Major classifications of foreclosed properties at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 are summarized as follows (*in thousands*).

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Commercial real estate	\$ 11,463	\$ 10,866	\$ 15,500
Commercial construction	3,266	3,336	11,568
Total commercial	14,729	14,202	27,068
Residential mortgage	6,757	7,840	12,927
Residential construction	28,147	29,799	67,406
Total foreclosed property	49,633	51,841	107,401
Less valuation allowance	17,746	18,982	53,023
Foreclosed property, net	\$ 31,887	\$ 32,859	\$ 54,378
Balance as a percentage of original loan unpaid principal	36.1%	35.9%	30.3%

Activity in the valuation allowance for foreclosed property is presented in the following table (*in thousands*).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 18,982	\$ 16,565
Additions charged to expense	2,111	48,585
Direct write downs	(3,347)	(12,127)
Balance at end of period	\$ 17,746	\$ 53,023

Expenses related to foreclosed assets include (*in thousands*).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Net loss on sales	\$ 93	\$ 12,020
Provision for unrealized losses	2,111	48,585
Operating expenses, net of rental income	1,621	4,294
Total foreclosed property expense	\$ 3,825	\$ 64,899

**Note 8 Earnings Per Share**

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United is required to report on the face of the statement of operations, earnings (loss) per common share with and without the dilutive effects of potential common stock issuances from instruments such as options, convertible securities and warrants. Basic earnings (loss) per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period while the effects of potential common shares outstanding during the period are included in diluted earnings (loss) per common share.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, United accrued dividends on preferred stock, including accretion of discounts, as shown in the following table (*in thousands*).

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
Series A 6% fixed	\$ 3	\$ 3
Series B 5% fixed until December 6, 2013, 9% thereafter	2,608	2,602
Series D LIBOR plus 9.6875%, resets quarterly	419	173
 Total preferred stock dividends	 \$ 3,030	 \$ 2,778

*All preferred stock dividends are payable quarterly.*

*Series B preferred stock was issued at a discount. Dividend amounts shown include discount accretion for each period.*

The preferred stock dividends were subtracted from net income (loss) in order to arrive at net income (loss) available to common shareholders. There is no dilution from dilutive securities for the three months ended March 31, 2011, due to the antidilutive effect of the net loss for that period.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 (*in thousands, except per share data*).

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 8,498	\$ (240,114)
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding:</b>		
Basic	57,764	18,466
Effect of dilutive securities		
Convertible securities		
Stock options		
Warrants		
Diluted	57,764	18,466
<b>Earnings (loss) per common share:</b>		
Basic	\$ .15	\$ (13.00)
Diluted	\$ .15	\$ (13.00)

At March 31, 2012, United had the following potentially dilutive stock options and warrants outstanding: a warrant to purchase 219,908.49 common shares at \$61.39 per share issued to the U.S. Treasury in conjunction with the issuance of United's fixed rate cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series B; 129,670 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants attached to trust preferred securities with an exercise price

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of \$100 per share; 514,068 common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options granted to employees with a weighted average exercise price of \$98.22; 404,281 common shares issuable upon completion of vesting of restricted stock awards; 1,411,765 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants exercisable at a price equivalent to \$21.25 per share granted to Fletcher International Ltd. ( Fletcher ) in connection with a 2010 asset purchase and sale agreement; 2,476,191 common shares issuable upon conversion of preferred stock if Fletcher exercises its option to purchase \$65 million in convertible preferred stock, convertible at \$26.25 per share; 1,162,791 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants exercisable at a price equivalent to \$30.10 per share to be granted to Fletcher upon exercise of its option to acquire preferred stock; and 1,551,126 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants owned by Elm Ridge Offshore Master Fund, Ltd. and Elm Ridge Value Partners, L.P. (collectively, the Elm Ridge Parties ), exercisable at \$12.50 per share.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 9 Derivatives and Hedging Activity****Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives**

United is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. United principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. United manages interest rate risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its investment securities portfolio and debt funding and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, United enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. United's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of United's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to United's loans and wholesale borrowings.

The table below presents the fair value of United's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (*in thousands*).

**Derivatives accounted for as hedges under ASC 815**

Interest Rate	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value		
		March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
<b>Products</b>				
Liability derivatives	Other liabilities	\$ 2,526	\$ 422	\$

**Derivatives not accounted for as hedges under ASC 815**

Interest Rate	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value		
		March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
<b>Products</b>				
Asset derivatives	Other assets	\$ 73	\$	\$
Liability derivatives	Other liabilities	\$ 73	\$	\$

Derivative contracts that are not accounted for as hedges under ASC 815 are between United and certain commercial loan customers with offsetting positions to dealers under a back-to-back swap program.

**Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk**

United's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to net interest revenue and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, United primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. For United's variable-rate loans, interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. Interest rate floors designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty if the designated rate index falls below the strike rate on the contract. United pays an up front premium for this interest rate protection. United had no active derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011 that were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk.

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The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated, and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest revenue as interest payments are received on United's prime-based, variable-rate loans. At March 31, 2012, the amount included in other comprehensive income represents deferred gains from terminated cash flow hedges where the forecasted hedging transaction is expected to remain effective over the remaining unexpired term of the original contract. Such gains are being deferred and recognized over the remaining life of the original derivative contract. For terminated swap contracts, the gains are recognized over the original life of the contract on a straight line basis. For terminated floors, the gains are recognized over the original term based on the original floorlet schedule. During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, United accelerated the reclassification of \$81,000 and \$1.30 million, respectively, in gains from terminated positions as a result of the forecasted transactions becoming probable not to occur. During the next twelve months, United estimates that an additional \$2.60 million of the deferred gains on terminated cash flow hedging positions will be reclassified as an increase to interest revenue.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk**

United is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed rate obligations due to changes in LIBOR, a benchmark interest rate. United uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making variable rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. At March 31, 2012, United had four interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$64.5 million that were designated as fair value hedges of interest rate risk. At March 31, 2011, United had no active derivative contracts outstanding that were designated as fair value hedges.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in earnings. United includes the gain or loss on the hedged items in the same financial statement line item as the offsetting loss or gain on the related derivatives. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, United recognized net gains/(losses) of \$34,000 related to ineffectiveness of the fair value hedging relationships. United also recognized a net reduction of interest expense of \$278,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012, related to United's fair value hedges, which includes net settlements on the derivatives. There were no active fair value hedges during the first quarter of 2011.

**Tabular Disclosure of the Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Income Statement**

The tables below present the effect of United's derivative financial instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

**Derivatives in Fair Value Hedging Relationships (in thousands):****Location of Gain (Loss)**

Recognized in Income on Derivative	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Hedged Item	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>				
Other fee revenue	\$ (1,264)	\$	\$ 1,298	\$

**Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships (in thousands):**

	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income on Derivative (Effective Portion)		Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (Effective Portion) Location	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (Effective Portion)	
	2012	2011		2012	2011
<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>					
			Interest revenue	\$ 1,519	\$ 2,923
			Other income	81	1,303
Interest rate products	\$	\$	Total	\$ 1,600	\$ 4,226

**Credit-risk-related Contingent Features**

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United manages its credit exposure on derivatives transactions by entering into a bi-lateral credit support agreement with each counterparty. The credit support agreements require collateralization of exposures beyond specified minimum threshold amounts. The details of these agreements, including the minimum thresholds, vary by counterparty.



**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

United's agreements with each of its derivative counterparties contain a provision where if either party defaults on any of its indebtedness, then it could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. The agreements with derivatives counterparties also include provisions that if not met, could result in United being declared in default. United has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if United fails to maintain its status as a well-capitalized institution or is subject to a prompt corrective action directive, the counterparty could terminate the derivative positions and United would be required to settle its obligations under the agreements.

**Note 10 Stock Based Compensation**

United has an equity compensation plan that allows for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards (also referred to as nonvested stock awards), stock awards, performance share awards or stock appreciation rights. Options granted under the plan can have an exercise price no less than the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. The general terms of the plan include a vesting period (usually four years) with an exercisable period not to exceed ten years. Certain option and restricted stock awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the plan). As of March 31, 2012, no additional awards could be granted under the plan. Through March 31, 2012, incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards and units and base salary stock grants had been granted under the plan.

The following table shows stock option activity for the first three months of 2012.

Options	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	583,647	\$ 94.48		
Forfeited	(1,203)	48.85		
Expired	(68,376)	67.19		
Outstanding at March 31, 2012	514,068	98.22	4.3	\$
Exercisable at March 31, 2012	450,507	105.70	3.9	

The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model. No stock options were granted during the three month periods ended March 31, 2012 or 2011.

Compensation expense relating to options of \$180,000 and \$441,000, respectively, was included in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. The amount of compensation expense for all periods was determined based on the fair value of options at the time of grant, multiplied by the number of options granted that were expected to vest, which was then amortized over the vesting period. The forfeiture rate for options is estimated to be approximately 3% per year. There were no options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2012 or 2011.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

The table below presents the activity in restricted stock awards for the first three months of 2012.

<b>Restricted Stock</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value</b>
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	414,644	\$ 12.19
Granted	4,734	8.43
Exercised	(8,497)	19.87
Cancelled	(6,600)	10.25
<b>Outstanding at March 31, 2012</b>	<b>404,281</b>	<b>12.69</b>
Vested at March 31, 2012	15,490	35.62

Compensation expense for restricted stock is based on the fair value of restricted stock awards at the time of grant, which is equal to the value of United's common stock on the date of grant. The value of restricted stock grants that are expected to vest is amortized into expense over the vesting period. For the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, compensation expense of \$405,000 and \$107,000, respectively, was recognized related to restricted stock awards. The total intrinsic value of restricted stock at March 31, 2012 was approximately \$3.94 million.

As of March 31, 2012, there was \$3.41 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options and restricted stock awards granted under the plan. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years. The aggregate grant date fair value of options and restricted stock that vested during the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$329,000.

**Note 11 Common and Preferred Stock Issued / Common Stock Issuable**

United sponsors a Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ( DRIP ) that allows participants who already own United's common stock to purchase additional shares directly from the company. The DRIP also allows participants to automatically reinvest their quarterly dividends in additional shares of common stock without a commission. The DRIP is currently suspended. United's 401(k) retirement plan regularly purchases shares of United's common stock directly from United. In addition, United has an Employee Stock Purchase Program that allows eligible employees to purchase shares of common stock at a 5% discount, with no commission charges. During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, United issued, 35,648 shares and 46,019 shares, respectively, and increased capital by \$278,000 and \$375,000, respectively through these programs.

United offers its common stock as an investment option in its deferred compensation plan. The common stock component is accounted for as an equity instrument and is reflected in the consolidated balance sheet as common stock issuable. The deferred compensation plan does not allow for diversification once an election is made to invest in United stock and settlement must be accomplished in shares at the time the deferral period is completed. At March 31, 2012 and 2011, United had 90,126 shares and 79,428 shares, respectively, of its common stock that was issuable under the deferred compensation plan.

On February 22, 2011, United entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with the Elm Ridge Parties. Under the Share Exchange Agreement, the Elm Ridge Parties agreed to transfer to the Company 1,551,126 shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for 16,613 shares of the Company's cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series D, and warrants to purchase 1,551,126 common shares with an exercise price of \$12.50 per share that expire on August 22, 2013. This exchange transaction did not result in a net increase or decrease to total shareholders' equity for the year ended December 31, 2011.

**Note 12 Reclassifications and Reverse Stock Split**

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Certain 2011 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2012 presentation. On June 17, 2011, United completed a 1-for-5 reverse stock split, whereby each 5 shares of United's common stock was reclassified into one share of common stock, and each 5 shares of United's non-voting common stock was reclassified into one share of non-voting common stock. All share and per share amounts for all periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the reverse split as though it had occurred prior to the earliest period presented.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 13 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value****Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

The table below presents United's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within with those measurements fall (*in thousands*).

<b>March 31, 2012</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$	\$ 43,789	\$	\$ 43,789
State and political subdivisions		22,808		22,808
Mortgage-backed securities		1,725,068		1,725,068
Corporate bonds		104,236	350	104,586
Other		2,564		2,564
Deferred compensation plan assets	2,973			2,973
Derivative financial instruments		73		73
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,973</b>	<b>\$ 1,898,538</b>	<b>\$ 350</b>	<b>\$ 1,901,861</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$ 2,973	\$	\$	\$ 2,973
Brokered certificates of deposit		61,069		61,069
Derivative financial instruments		2,599		2,599
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 2,973</b>	<b>\$ 63,668</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 66,641</b>
<b>December 31, 2011</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$	\$ 43,750	\$	\$ 43,750
State and political subdivisions		26,339		26,339
Mortgage-backed securities		1,609,909		1,609,909
Corporate bonds		107,328	350	107,678
Other		2,371		2,371
Deferred compensation plan assets	2,859			2,859
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,859</b>	<b>\$ 1,789,697</b>	<b>\$ 350</b>	<b>\$ 1,792,906</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$ 2,859	\$	\$	\$ 2,859
Brokered certificates of deposit		13,107		13,107
Derivative financial instruments		422		422
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 2,859</b>	<b>\$ 13,529</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 16,388</b>

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<b>March 31, 2011</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$	\$ 93,778	\$	\$ 93,778
State and political subdivisions		27,833		27,833
Mortgage-backed securities		1,410,411	4,434	1,414,845
Corporate bonds		99,236	350	99,586
Other		2,452		2,452
Deferred compensation plan assets	3,107			3,107
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,107</b>	<b>\$ 1,633,710</b>	<b>\$ 4,784</b>	<b>\$ 1,641,601</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$ 3,107	\$	\$	\$ 3,107
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 3,107</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 3,107</b>

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following table shows a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs that are classified as Level 3 values (*in thousands*).

	Securities Available for Sale Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 350	\$ 5,284
Amounts included in earnings		(8)
Paydowns		(492)
Balance at end of period	\$ 350	\$ 4,784

**Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis**

United may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or market that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. The table below presents United's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall (*in thousands*).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>March 31, 2012</b>				
Assets				
Loans	\$	\$	\$ 176,632	\$ 176,632
Foreclosed properties			27,675	27,675
Total	\$	\$	\$ 204,307	\$ 204,307
<b>December 31, 2011</b>				
Assets				
Loans	\$	\$	\$ 133,828	\$ 133,828
Foreclosed properties			29,102	29,102
Total	\$	\$	\$ 162,930	\$ 162,930
<b>March 31, 2011</b>				
Assets				
Loans	\$	\$	\$ 32,241	\$ 32,241
Loans held for sale			80,629	80,629
Foreclosed properties			53,102	53,102
Total	\$	\$	\$ 165,972	\$ 165,972

**Assets and Liabilities Not Measured at Fair Value**

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For financial instruments that have quoted market prices, those quotes are used to determine fair value. Financial instruments that have no defined maturity, have a remaining maturity of 180 days or less, or reprice frequently to a market rate, are assumed to have a fair value that approximates reported book value, after taking into consideration any applicable credit risk. If no market quotes are available, financial instruments are valued by discounting the expected cash flows using an estimated current market interest rate for the financial instrument. For off-balance sheet derivative instruments, fair value is estimated as the amount that United would receive or pay to terminate the contracts at the reporting date, taking into account the current unrealized gains or losses on open contracts.

**Table of Contents****UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

The short maturity of United's assets and liabilities results in having a significant number of financial instruments whose fair value equals or closely approximates carrying value. Such financial instruments are reported in the following balance sheet captions: cash and cash equivalents, mortgage loans held for sale, federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings. The fair value of securities available for sale equals the balance sheet value.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect the premium or discount on any particular financial instrument that could result from the sale of United's entire holdings. Because no ready market exists for a significant portion of United's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on many judgments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Fair value estimates are based on existing on and off-balance sheet financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. Significant assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments include the mortgage banking operation, brokerage network, deferred income taxes, premises and equipment and goodwill. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in the estimates.

Off-balance sheet instruments (commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit) are generally short-term and at variable rates. Therefore, both the carrying amount and the estimated fair value associated with these instruments are immaterial.

The carrying amount and fair values for other financial instruments included in United's balance sheet at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were as follows (*in thousands*).

	Carrying Amount	March 31, 2012 Fair Value Level			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>Assets:</b>					
Securities held to maturity	\$ 303,636	\$	\$ 318,490	\$	\$ 318,490
Loans, net	4,013,965			3,825,482	3,825,482
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Deposits	6,000,539		5,986,925		5,986,925
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	215,125		217,033		217,033
Long-term debt	120,245			113,891	113,891

	December 31, 2011		March 31, 2011	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<b>Assets:</b>				
Securities held to maturity	\$ 330,203	\$ 343,531	\$ 245,430	\$ 248,361
Loans, net	3,995,146	3,800,343	4,061,251	3,933,549
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Deposits	6,097,983	6,093,772	6,597,748	6,588,398
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	40,625	43,236	55,125	58,965
Long-term debt	120,225	115,327	150,166	124,603





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### **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

#### **Forward-looking Statements**

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the Exchange Act), about United and its subsidiaries. These forward-looking statements are intended to be covered by the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact, and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as believes, expects, may, will, could, should, projects, plans, goal, targets, potential, seeks, intends, or anticipates or the negative thereof or comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements include discussions of strategy, financial projections, guidance and estimates (including their underlying assumptions), statements regarding plans, objectives, expectations or consequences of various transactions, and statements about the future performance, operations, products and services of United and its subsidiaries. We caution our shareholders and other readers not to place undue reliance on such statements.

Our businesses and operations are and will be subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Consequently, actual results and experiences may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results and experience to differ from those projected include, but are not limited to, the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, as well as the following factors:

our ability to maintain profitability;

our ability to fully realize our deferred tax asset balances, including net operating loss carry-forwards;

the condition of the banking system and financial markets;

the results of our most recent internal credit stress test may not accurately predict the impact on our financial condition if the economy were to continue to deteriorate;

our ability to raise capital as may be necessary;

our ability to maintain liquidity or access other sources of funding;

changes in the cost and availability of funding;

the success of the local economies in which we operate;

our concentrations of residential and commercial construction and development loans and commercial real estate loans are subject to unique risks that could adversely affect our earnings;

changes in prevailing interest rates may negatively affect our net income and the value of our assets;

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the accounting and reporting policies of United;

if our allowance for loan losses is not sufficient to cover actual loan losses;

we may be subject to losses due to fraudulent and negligent conduct of our loan customers, third party service providers or employees;

competition from financial institutions and other financial service providers;

the U.S. Treasury may change the terms of our fixed rate cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series B (the Series B preferred stock );

risks with respect to future expansion and acquisitions;

if the conditions in the stock market, the public debt market and other capital markets deteriorate;

the impact of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform Act of 2010 and related regulations and other changes in financial services laws and regulations;

the failure of other financial institutions;

a special assessment that may be imposed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the FDIC ) on all FDIC-insured institutions in the future, similar to the assessment in 2009 that decreased our earnings; and

regulatory or judicial proceedings, board resolutions, informal memorandums of understanding or formal enforcement actions imposed by regulators that may occur, or any such proceedings or enforcement actions that is more severe than we anticipate.

Additional information with respect to factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements may also be included in other reports that United files with the Securities and Exchange Commission. United cautions that the foregoing list of factors is not exclusive and not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. United does not intend to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, relating to the matters discussed in this Form 10-Q.

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### Overview

The following discussion is intended to provide insight into the results of operations and financial condition of United Community Banks, Inc. ( United ) and its subsidiaries and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes.

United is a bank holding company registered with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve ( the Federal Reserve Board ) under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 that was incorporated under the laws of the state of Georgia in 1987 and commenced operations in 1988. At March 31, 2012, United had total consolidated assets of \$7.17 billion, total loans of \$4.13 billion, excluding the loans acquired from Southern Community Bank ( SCB ) that are covered by loss sharing agreements and therefore have a different risk profile. United also had total deposits of \$6.00 billion and shareholders' equity of \$580 million.

United's activities are primarily conducted through its wholly-owned Georgia banking subsidiary, United Community Bank (the Bank ), which operates under a community bank model that is organized as 27 community banks with local bank presidents and boards in north Georgia, the Atlanta, Georgia metropolitan statistical area (the Atlanta MSA ), the Gainesville, Georgia metropolitan statistical area (the Gainesville MSA ), coastal Georgia, western North Carolina, and east Tennessee.

Included in management's discussion and analysis are certain non-GAAP (accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ( GAAP )) performance measures. United's management believes that non-GAAP performance measures are useful in analyzing United's financial performance trends and therefore this section will refer to non-GAAP performance measures. A reconciliation of these non-GAAP performance measures to GAAP performance measures is included in the table on page 32.

United reported net income of \$11.5 million for the first quarter of 2012, compared to a net loss of \$237 million for the first quarter of 2011. Diluted earnings per common share was \$.15 for the first quarter of 2012, compared to a diluted loss per common share of \$13.00 for the first quarter of 2011. The first quarter of 2011 operating loss reflects United's Board of Directors' decision to adopt a problem asset disposition plan to quickly dispose of problem assets (the Problem Asset Disposition Plan ) following United's successful private placement in the first quarter of 2011 that raised \$380 million in new capital (the Private Placement ).

United's provision for loan losses was \$15.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$190 million for the same period in 2011. During the first quarter of 2011, performing substandard loans with a pre-charge down carrying amount of \$166 million and nonperforming loans with a pre-charge down carrying amount of \$101 million were collectively written down to the expected sales proceeds of \$80.6 million in conjunction with the bulk loan sale that was part of the Problem Asset Disposition Plan (the Bulk Loan Sale ). Net charge-offs for the first quarter of 2012 were \$15.9 million compared to \$232 million for the first quarter of 2011, which were elevated due to the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. As of March 31, 2012, United's allowance for loan losses was \$114 million, or 2.75% of loans, compared to \$133 million, or 3.17% of loans, at March 31, 2011. Nonperforming assets of \$162 million, which excludes assets of SCB that are covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC, were 2.25% of total assets at March 31, 2012, compared to 2.30% as of December 31, 2011 and 1.79% as of March 31, 2011. United did not see a downward movement in the balance of nonperforming assets from the previous quarter, due to the winter months, which are typically slow for foreclosed property sales. However, during the first quarter of 2012, the inflow of new nonperforming loans slowed to \$32.4 million compared with \$45.7 million in the fourth quarter of 2011 and \$54.7 million in the first quarter of 2011.

Taxable equivalent net interest revenue was \$58.9 million for the first quarter of 2012, compared to \$56.4 million for the same period of 2011. The slight increase in net interest revenue was primarily the result of the \$2.0 million reversal of accrued interest in the prior year on performing loans included in the Bulk Loan Sale and the 23 basis point improvement in net interest margin that was substantially offset by average loans declining \$431 million from the preceding year. Net interest margin increased from 3.30% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 to 3.53% for the same period in 2012. Interest reversals on nonperforming loans that were moved to held for sale in the first quarter of 2011 reduced the first quarter 2011 net interest margin by 11 basis points. Over the past year, United has maintained above normal levels of liquidity. The level of excess liquidity lowered the margin by 53 basis points in the first quarter of 2012, compared to 49 basis points in the first quarter of 2011.

Fee revenue increased \$3.54 million, or 30%, from the first quarter of 2011. The increase was due to an increase in service charges and fees, mortgage fees as well as other fee revenue, which included \$1.1 million in interest for a 2008 federal tax refund.

For the first quarter of 2012, operating expenses of \$47.0 million were down \$68.3 million from the first quarter of 2011. The decrease was primarily due to an elevated level of foreclosed property costs in 2011 in anticipation of the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. Foreclosed property costs were down \$61.1 million from the first quarter of 2011. Professional fees were \$1.36 million lower in the first quarter of 2012 compared to the same period last year, primarily due to fees related to the Private Placement and Bulk Loan Sale. In addition, FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges were down \$2.90 million.



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### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The accounting and reporting policies of United are in accordance with GAAP and conform to general practices within the banking industry. The more critical accounting and reporting policies include United's accounting for the allowance for loan losses, fair value measurements, and income taxes. In particular, United's accounting policies related to allowance for loan losses, fair value measurements and income taxes involve the use of estimates and require significant judgment to be made by management. Different assumptions in the application of these policies could result in material changes in United's consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations. See Asset Quality and Risk Elements herein for additional discussion of United's accounting methodologies related to the allowance for loan losses.

### **GAAP Reconciliation and Explanation**

This Form 10-Q contains non-GAAP financial measures, which are performance measures determined by methods other than in accordance with GAAP. Such non-GAAP financial measures include, among others the following: taxable equivalent interest revenue, taxable equivalent net interest revenue, tangible book value per share, tangible equity to assets, tangible common equity to assets, and tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes they are useful for evaluating our operations and performance over periods of time, as well as in managing and evaluating our business and in discussions about our operations and performance. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide users of our financial information with a meaningful measure for assessing our financial results and credit trends, as well as comparison to financial results for prior periods. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as a substitute for operating results determined in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to other similarly titled financial measures used by other companies. A reconciliation of these operating performance measures to GAAP performance measures is included in the table on page 32.

**Table of Contents****Table 1 Financial Highlights****Selected Financial Information**

	2012		2011			First Quarter
	First Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter	2012-2011 Change
<i>(in thousands, except per share data; taxable equivalent)</i>						
<b>INCOME SUMMARY</b>						
Interest revenue	\$ 70,221	\$ 71,905	\$ 74,543	\$ 76,931	\$ 75,965	
Interest expense	11,357	12,855	15,262	17,985	19,573	
Net interest revenue	58,864	59,050	59,281	58,946	56,392	4 %
Provision for loan losses	15,000	14,000	36,000	11,000	190,000	
Fee revenue	15,379	12,667	11,498	13,905	11,838	30
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>59,243</b>	<b>57,717</b>	<b>34,779</b>	<b>61,851</b>	<b>(121,770)</b>	
Operating expenses	46,955	51,080	46,520	48,728	115,271	(59)
Income (loss) before income taxes	12,288	6,637	(11,741)	13,123	(237,041)	
Income tax expense (benefit)	760	(3,264)	(402)	1,095	295	
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>11,528</b>	<b>9,901</b>	<b>(11,339)</b>	<b>12,028</b>	<b>(237,336)</b>	
Preferred dividends and discount accretion	3,030	3,025	3,019	3,016	2,778	
<b>Net income (loss) available to common shareholders</b>	<b>\$ 8,498</b>	<b>\$ 6,876</b>	<b>\$ (14,358)</b>	<b>\$ 9,012</b>	<b>\$ (240,114)</b>	
<b>PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>						
Per common share:						
Diluted income (loss)	\$ .15	\$ .12	\$ (.25)	\$ .16	\$ (13.00)	
Book value	6.68	6.62	6.77	7.11	2.20	204
Tangible book value <sup>(2)</sup>	6.54	6.47	6.61	6.94	1.69	287
Key performance ratios:						
Return on equity <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	8.78%	7.40%	(15.06)%	42.60%	(526.54)%	
Return on assets <sup>(3)</sup>	.66	.56	(.64)	.66	(13.04)	
Net interest margin <sup>(3)</sup>	3.53	3.51	3.55	3.41	3.30	
Efficiency ratio	63.31	71.23	65.73	66.88	169.08	
Equity to assets	8.19	8.28	8.55	8.06	6.15	
Tangible equity to assets <sup>(2)</sup>	8.08	8.16	8.42	7.93	6.01	
Tangible common equity to assets <sup>(2)</sup>	5.33	5.38	5.65	1.37	2.70	
Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets <sup>(2)</sup>	8.21	8.25	8.52	8.69	.75	
<b>ASSET QUALITY *</b>						
Non-performing loans	\$ 129,704	\$ 127,479	\$ 144,484	\$ 71,065	\$ 83,769	
Foreclosed properties	31,887	32,859	44,263	47,584	54,378	
Total non-performing assets (NPAs)	161,591	160,338	188,747	118,649	138,147	
Allowance for loan losses	113,601	114,468	146,092	127,638	133,121	
Net charge-offs	15,867	45,624	17,546	16,483	231,574	
Allowance for loan losses to loans	2.75%	2.79%	3.55%	3.07%	3.17%	
Net charge-offs to average loans <sup>(3)</sup>	1.55	4.39	1.68	1.58	20.71	
NPAs to loans and foreclosed properties	3.88	3.87	4.54	2.82	3.25	
NPAs to total assets	2.25	2.30	2.74	1.66	1.79	
<b>AVERAGE BALANCES (\$ in millions)</b>						

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Loans	\$ 4,168	\$ 4,175	\$ 4,194	\$ 4,266	\$ 4,599	(9)
Investment securities	2,153	2,141	2,150	2,074	1,625	32
Earning assets	6,700	6,688	6,630	6,924	6,902	(3)
Total assets	7,045	7,019	7,000	7,363	7,379	(5)
Deposits	6,028	6,115	6,061	6,372	6,560	(8)
Shareholders' equity	577	581	598	594	454	27
Common shares - basic ( <i>thousands</i> )	57,764	57,646	57,599	25,427	18,466	
Common shares - diluted ( <i>thousands</i> )	57,764	57,646	57,599	57,543	18,466	
<b>AT PERIOD END (\$ in millions)</b>						
Loans *	\$ 4,128	\$ 4,110	\$ 4,110	\$ 4,163	\$ 4,194	(2)
Investment securities	2,202	2,120	2,123	2,188	1,884	17
Total assets	7,174	6,983	6,894	7,152	7,709	(7)
Deposits	6,001	6,098	6,005	6,183	6,598	(9)
Shareholders' equity	580	575	583	603	586	(1)
Common shares outstanding ( <i>thousands</i> )	57,603	57,561	57,510	57,469	20,903	

(1) Net loss available to common shareholders, which is net of preferred stock dividends, divided by average realized common equity, which excludes accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). (2) Excludes effect of acquisition related intangibles and associated amortization. (3) Annualized.

\* Excludes loans and foreclosed properties covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC.



**Table of Contents****Table 1 Continued Non-GAAP Performance Measures Reconciliation****Selected Financial Information**

<i>(in thousands, except per share data; taxable equivalent)</i>	2012		2011		
	First Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter
<b>Interest revenue reconciliation</b>					
Interest revenue taxable equivalent	\$ 70,221	\$ 71,905	\$ 74,543	\$ 76,931	\$ 75,965
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(446)	(423)	(420)	(429)	(435)
Interest revenue (GAAP)	\$ 69,775	\$ 71,482	\$ 74,123	\$ 76,502	\$ 75,530
<b>Net interest revenue reconciliation</b>					
Net interest revenue taxable equivalent	\$ 58,864	\$ 59,050	\$ 59,281	\$ 58,946	\$ 56,392
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(446)	(423)	(420)	(429)	(435)
Net interest revenue (GAAP)	\$ 58,418	\$ 58,627	\$ 58,861	\$ 58,517	\$ 55,957
<b>Total revenue reconciliation</b>					
Total operating revenue	\$ 59,243	\$ 57,717	\$ 34,779	\$ 61,851	\$ (121,770)
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(446)	(423)	(420)	(429)	(435)
Total revenue (GAAP)	\$ 58,797	\$ 57,294	\$ 34,359	\$ 61,422	\$ (122,205)
<b>Income (loss) before taxes reconciliation</b>					
Income (loss) before taxes	\$ 12,288	\$ 6,637	\$ (11,741)	\$ 13,123	\$ (237,041)
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(446)	(423)	(420)	(429)	(435)
Income (loss) before taxes (GAAP)	\$ 11,842	\$ 6,214	\$ (12,161)	\$ 12,694	\$ (237,476)
<b>Income tax (benefit) expense reconciliation</b>					
Income tax (benefit) expense	\$ 760	\$ (3,264)	\$ (402)	\$ 1,095	\$ 295
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(446)	(423)	(420)	(429)	(435)
Income tax (benefit) expense (GAAP)	\$ 314	\$ (3,687)	\$ (822)	\$ 666	\$ (140)
<b>Book value per common share reconciliation</b>					
Tangible book value per common share	\$ 6.54	\$ 6.47	\$ 6.61	\$ 6.94	\$ 1.69
Effect of goodwill and other intangibles	.14	.15	.16	.17	.51
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$ 6.68	\$ 6.62	\$ 6.77	\$ 7.11	\$ 2.20
<b>Average equity to assets reconciliation</b>					
Tangible common equity to assets	5.33%	5.38%	5.65%	1.37%	2.70%
Effect of preferred equity	2.75	2.78	2.77	6.56	3.31
Tangible equity to assets	8.08	8.16	8.42	7.93	6.01
Effect of goodwill and other intangibles	.11	.12	.13	.13	.14
Equity to assets (GAAP)	8.19%	8.28%	8.55%	8.06%	6.15%

<b>Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets reconciliation</b>					
Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets	8.21%	8.25%	8.52%	8.69%	.75%
Effect of other comprehensive income	.10	(.03)	(.29)	(.42)	(.32)
Effect of trust preferred	1.15	1.18	1.19	1.15	1.13
Effect of preferred equity	4.23	4.29	4.33	4.20	5.87
Tier I capital ratio (Regulatory)	13.69 %	13.69 %	13.75%	13.62 %	7.43%

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**Table of Contents****Results of Operations**

United reported net income of \$11.5 million for the first quarter of 2012. This compared to a net loss of \$237 million for the same period in 2011. For the first quarter of 2012, diluted earnings per common share was \$.15. This compared to diluted loss per common share of \$13.00 for the first quarter of 2011. The first quarter of 2011 operating loss reflects the Board of Directors' decision to adopt the Problem Asset Disposition Plan to quickly dispose of problem assets following United's successful Private Placement at the end of the first quarter of 2011.

***Net Interest Revenue (Taxable Equivalent)***

Net interest revenue (the difference between the interest earned on assets and the interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds) is the single largest component of total revenue. United actively manages this revenue source to provide optimal levels of revenue while balancing interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. Taxable equivalent net interest revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$58.9 million, up \$2.47 million, or 4%, from the first quarter of 2011. The increase in net interest revenue for the first quarter of 2012 compared to the first quarter of 2011 was mostly due to interest reversals on performing substandard loans reclassified as held for sale in anticipation of the second quarter 2011 Bulk Loan Sale and the 23 basis point improvement in net interest margin that was substantially offset by average loans declining \$431 million from the preceding year.

Average loans decreased \$430 million, or 9%, from the first quarter of last year. The decrease in the average loan portfolio was a result of the Bulk Loan Sale completed in April 2011, where \$80.6 million of loans were reclassified as held for sale in the first quarter of 2011. During the first quarter of 2012, United funded \$131 million in new loans, compared with \$52.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Average interest earning assets for the first quarter of 2012 decreased \$202 million, or 3%, from the same period in 2011. The decrease of \$430 million in average loans and \$299 million in federal funds sold and other interest-earning assets was partially offset by increases of \$528 million in the average investment securities portfolio. The increase in the securities portfolio was due to purchases of floating rate mortgage-backed securities in an effort to temporarily invest excess liquidity, including the proceeds from the new capital raised at the end of the first quarter of 2011. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$677 million, or 11%, from the first quarter of 2011 due to the rolling off of higher-cost brokered deposits and certificates of deposit as funding needs decreased. The average yield on interest earning assets for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was 4.21%, down 24 basis points from 4.45% for the same period of 2011. Interest reversals on performing loans classified as held for sale as part of the Bulk Loan Sale in 2011 reduced the 2011 yield on interest-earning assets by 11 basis points and therefore accounted for 11 basis points of the increase. The yield on the securities portfolio decreased 94 basis points due to the increasing balance of floating rate mortgage-backed securities to temporarily invest excess liquidity and accelerated prepayment of mortgage-backed securities which resulted in accelerated premium amortization and a reinvestment yield that was lower than the securities being replaced.

The average cost of interest bearing liabilities for the first quarter of 2012 was .85% compared to 1.32% for the same period in 2011, reflecting United's concerted efforts to reduce deposit pricing. Also contributing to the overall lower rate on interest bearing liabilities was a shift in the mix of deposits away from more expensive time deposits toward lower-rate transaction deposits.

The banking industry uses two key ratios to measure relative profitability of net interest revenue—the net interest spread and the net interest margin. The net interest spread measures the difference between the average yield on interest earning assets and the average rate paid on interest bearing liabilities. The interest rate spread eliminates the effect of non-interest-bearing deposits and other non-interest bearing funding sources and gives a direct perspective on the effect of market interest rate movements. The net interest margin is an indication of the profitability of a company's overall balance sheet management activities and is defined as net interest revenue as a percentage of total average interest earning assets, which takes into consideration the positive effect of funding a portion of interest earning assets with customers' non-interest bearing deposits and with shareholders' equity.

For the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, United's net interest spread was 3.36% and 3.13%, respectively, while the net interest margin was 3.53% and 3.30%, respectively. Interest reversals on performing loans classified as held for sale as part of the Bulk Loan Sale reduced net interest margin by 11 basis points in 2011. Excess liquidity lowered the net interest margin by 53 basis points in the first quarter of 2012 and 49 basis points in the first quarter of 2011.

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The following table shows the relationship between interest revenue and expense, and the average amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

**Table 2 - Average Consolidated Balance Sheets and Net Interest Analysis**

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

<i>(in thousands, taxable equivalent)</i>	<b>Average</b>	<b>2012</b>		<b>Average</b>	<b>2011</b>	
	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Avg. Rate</b>	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Avg. Rate</b>
<b>Assets:</b>						
Interest-earning assets:						
Loans, net of unearned income <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 4,168,440	\$ 55,842	5.39 %	\$ 4,598,860	\$ 61,070	5.39 %
Taxable securities <sup>(3)</sup>	2,127,794	12,754	2.40	1,599,481	13,345	3.34
Tax-exempt securities <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	25,438	410	6.45	25,827	424	6.57
Federal funds sold and other interest-earning assets	377,988	1,215	1.29	677,453	1,126	.66
<b>Total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>6,699,660</b>	<b>70,221</b>	<b>4.21</b>	<b>6,901,621</b>	<b>75,965</b>	<b>4.45</b>
Non-interest-earning assets:						
Allowance for loan losses	(117,803)			(169,113)		
Cash and due from banks	54,664			134,341		
Premises and equipment	174,849			179,353		
Other assets <sup>(3)</sup>	233,676			332,827		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 7,045,046</b>			<b>\$ 7,379,029</b>		
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders Equity:</b>						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Interest-bearing deposits:						
NOW	\$ 1,458,112	637	.18	\$ 1,373,142	1,324	.39
Money market	1,069,658	641	.24	928,542	2,028	.89
Savings	205,402	37	.07	187,423	77	.17
Time less than \$100,000	1,271,351	3,026	.96	1,540,342	5,451	1.44
Time greater than \$100,000	821,164	2,415	1.18	990,881	4,151	1.70
Brokered	161,335	718	1.79	698,288	2,130	1.24
<b>Total interest-bearing deposits</b>	<b>4,987,022</b>	<b>7,474</b>	<b>.60</b>	<b>5,718,618</b>	<b>15,161</b>	<b>1.08</b>
Federal funds purchased and other borrowings	102,258	1,045	4.11	101,097	1,042	4.18
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	138,372	466	1.35	55,125	590	4.34
Long-term debt	120,237	2,372	7.93	150,157	2,780	7.51
<b>Total borrowed funds</b>	<b>360,867</b>	<b>3,883</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>306,379</b>	<b>4,412</b>	<b>5.84</b>
<b>Total interest-bearing liabilities</b>	<b>5,347,889</b>	<b>11,357</b>	<b>.85</b>	<b>6,024,997</b>	<b>19,573</b>	<b>1.32</b>
Non-interest-bearing liabilities:						
Non-interest-bearing deposits	1,040,587			841,351		
Other liabilities	79,612			58,634		
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>6,468,088</b>			<b>6,924,982</b>		

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Shareholders' equity	576,958	454,047
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 7,045,046</b>	<b>\$ 7,379,029</b>
<b>Net interest revenue</b>	<b>\$ 58,864</b>	<b>\$ 56,392</b>
Net interest-rate spread	3.36 %	3.13 %
<b>Net interest margin <sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>3.53 %</b>	<b>3.30 %</b>

(1) Interest revenue on tax-exempt securities and loans has been increased to reflect comparable interest on taxable securities and loans. The rate used was 39%, reflecting the statutory federal income tax rate and the federal tax adjusted state income tax rate.

(2) Included in the average balance of loans outstanding are loans where the accrual of interest has been discontinued and loans that are held for sale.

(3) Securities available for sale are shown at amortized cost. Pretax unrealized gains of \$23.6 million in 2012 and \$27.2 million in 2011 are included in other assets for purposes of this presentation.

(4) Net interest margin is taxable equivalent net-interest revenue divided by average interest-earning assets.

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The following table shows the relative effect on net interest revenue for changes in the average outstanding amounts (volume) of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the rates earned and paid on such assets and liabilities (rate). Variances resulting from a combination of changes in rate and volume are allocated in proportion to the absolute dollar amounts of the changes in each category.

**Table 3 Change in Interest Revenue and Expense on a Taxable Equivalent Basis***(in thousands)*

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to 2011 Increase (decrease) Due to Changes in</b>		
	<b>Volume</b>	<b>Rate</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Interest-earning assets:</b>			
Loans	\$ (5,762)	\$ 534	\$ (5,228)
Taxable securities	3,738	(4,329)	(591)
Tax-exempt securities	(6)	(8)	(14)
Federal funds sold and other interest-earning assets	(647)	736	89
<b>Total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>(2,677)</b>	<b>(3,067)</b>	<b>(5,744)</b>
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities:</b>			
NOW accounts	77	(764)	(687)
Money market accounts	269	(1,656)	(1,387)
Savings deposits	6	(46)	(40)
Time deposits less than \$100,000	(843)	(1,582)	(2,425)
Time deposits greater than \$100,000	(634)	(1,102)	(1,736)
Brokered deposits	(2,109)	697	(1,412)
<b>Total interest-bearing deposits</b>	<b>(3,234)</b>	<b>(4,453)</b>	<b>(7,687)</b>
Federal funds purchased & other borrowings	12	(9)	3
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	471	(595)	(124)
Long-term debt	(581)	173	(408)
<b>Total borrowed funds</b>	<b>(98)</b>	<b>(431)</b>	<b>(529)</b>
<b>Total interest-bearing liabilities</b>	<b>(3,332)</b>	<b>(4,884)</b>	<b>(8,216)</b>
<b>Increase in net interest revenue</b>	<b>\$ 655</b>	<b>\$ 1,817</b>	<b>\$ 2,472</b>

**Provision for Loan Losses**

The provision for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of losses inherent in the loan portfolio and corresponding analysis of the allowance for loan losses at the end of each reporting period. The provision for loan losses was \$15.0 million for the first quarter of 2012, compared with \$190 million for the same period in 2011. The decrease in the provision for loan losses compared to a year ago was primarily due to the increased level of charge-offs in the first quarter of 2011 recorded in conjunction with the Problem Asset Disposition Plan and transfer of loans to the held for sale category in anticipation of the Bulk Loan Sale, as well as decreasing risk in the loan portfolio evidenced by a general trend of declining loss rates across the portfolio. The amount of provision recorded in each period was the amount required such that the total allowance for loan losses reflected the appropriate balance, in the estimation of management, and was sufficient to cover inherent losses in the loan portfolio. For the three months ended March 31, 2012 net loan charge-offs to average outstanding loans were 1.55%, compared to 20.71% for the same period in 2011. When charge-offs specifically related to loans transferred to the held for sale classification are excluded, the charge-off rate for the first quarter of 2011 was 4.08%.

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As the residential construction and housing markets have struggled, it has been difficult for many builders and developers to obtain cash flow needed to service debt from selling lots and houses. This deterioration of the residential construction and housing market was the primary factor that resulted in higher credit losses and an increase in nonperforming assets over the last four years. Although a majority of the loan charge-offs have been within the residential construction and development portion of the portfolio, credit quality deterioration has migrated to other loan categories as pressure resulting from economic conditions has persisted and unemployment levels have remained high throughout United States markets. Additional discussion on credit quality and the allowance for loan losses is included in the Asset Quality and Risk Elements section of this report on page 39.

**Table of Contents****Fee Revenue**

Fee revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$15.4 million, an increase of \$3.54 million, or 30%, from the same period of 2011. The following table presents the components of fee revenue for the first quarters of 2012 and 2011.

**Table 4 Fee Revenue**

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	
	2012	2011	Amount	Percent
Overdraft fees	\$ 3,245	\$ 3,510	\$ (265)	(8)
Debit card fees	3,102	2,530	572	23
Other service charges and fees	1,436	680	756	111
Service charges and fees	7,783	6,720	1,063	16
Mortgage loan and related fees	2,099	1,494	605	40
Brokerage fees	813	677	136	20
Securities gains, net	557	55	502	
Losses from prepayment of debt	(482)		(482)	
Hedge ineffectiveness	115	1,303	(1,188)	(91)
Other	4,494	1,589	2,905	183
<b>Total fee revenue</b>	<b>\$ 15,379</b>	<b>\$ 11,838</b>	<b>\$ 3,541</b>	<b>30</b>

Service charges and fees of \$7.78 million were up \$1.06 million, or 16%, from the first quarter of 2011. The increase was primarily due new service fees on deposit accounts that became effective in the first quarter of 2012. A \$265,000 decrease in overdraft fees was partially offset by these new fees and by \$572,000 in higher debit card interchange revenue.

Mortgage loans and related fees for the first quarter of 2012 were up \$605,000, or 40%, from the same period in 2011. In the first quarter of 2012, United closed 517 loans totaling \$81.7 million compared with 481 loans totaling \$74.5 million in the first quarter of 2011. The comparison to the prior period is largely influenced by the interest rate environment and refinancing activities.

United recognized net securities gains of \$557,000 and \$55,000, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. United also recognized \$482,000 in charges from the prepayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances in the first quarter of 2012. The prepayment charges were the result of the same balance sheet management activities that resulted in the securities gains. The securities gains and prepayment charges are mostly offsetting and had little net impact on the first quarter of 2012 financial results.

For the three months ended March 31, 2012, United recognized \$115,000 in revenue from hedge ineffectiveness compared with \$1.30 million in revenue from hedge ineffectiveness in 2011. Most of the hedge ineffectiveness in 2011 and 2012 related to terminated cash flow hedges where the gains realized on the terminated positions are being deferred over the original term of the derivative instrument. The ineffectiveness, which is caused by a decrease in qualifying prime-based loans, results in the accelerated recognition of the deferred gains.

Other fee revenue of \$4.49 million for the first quarter of 2012 was up \$2.91 million from the three months ended March 31, 2011. During the first quarter of 2012, United recognized \$1.10 million in interest on a 2008 federal tax refund. United also recognized a \$728,000 gain from the sale of low income housing tax credits and a \$300,000 positive mark to market adjustment on mutual fund investments in the first quarter of 2012.



**Table of Contents****Operating Expenses**

The following table presents the components of operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

**Table 5 Operating Expenses**

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	
	2012	2011	Amount	Percent
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 25,225	\$ 24,924	\$ 301	1
Communications and equipment	3,155	3,344	(189)	(6)
Occupancy	3,771	4,074	(303)	(7)
Advertising and public relations	846	978	(132)	(13)
Postage, printing and supplies	979	1,118	(139)	(12)
Professional fees	1,975	3,330	(1,355)	(41)
FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges	2,510	5,413	(2,903)	(54)
Amortization of intangibles	732	762	(30)	(4)
Other	3,937	6,429	(2,492)	(39)
Total excluding foreclosed property expenses and loss on NPA sale	43,130	50,372	(7,242)	(14)
Net losses on sales of foreclosed properties	93	12,020	(11,927)	
Foreclosed property write downs	2,111	48,585	(46,474)	
Foreclosed property maintenance expenses	1,621	4,294	(2,673)	(62)
Total operating expenses	\$ 46,955	\$ 115,271	\$ (68,316)	(59)

Operating expenses for the first quarter of 2012 totaled \$46.9 million, down \$68.3 million, or 59%, from the first quarter of 2011, mostly reflecting a higher level of foreclosed property losses incurred in connection with United's Problem Asset Disposition Plan in the prior year. Excluding foreclosed property costs, total operating expenses were \$43.1 million, down \$7.24 million, or 14%, from a year ago.

Salaries and employee benefits for the first quarter of 2012 were \$25.2 million, up \$301,000, or 1%, from the same period of 2011. The increase was primarily due to a lower level of deferred direct loan origination costs and higher incentive compensation. Headcount totaled 1,707 at March 31, 2012, compared to 1,815 at March 31, 2011 and 1,754 at December 31, 2011, reflecting staff reductions in the second half of 2011 and 2012 relating to United's efficiency program.

Occupancy expense of \$3.77 million for the first quarter of 2012 was down \$303,000, or 7%, compared to the first quarter of 2011. The decrease was due to lower costs for utilities, insurance premiums and depreciation.

Postage, printing and supplies expense for the first quarter of 2012 totaled \$979,000, down \$139,000, or 12%, from the same period of 2011. The decrease was primarily due to lower outside courier expenses primarily as a result of further use of branch capture and imaging technology.

Professional fees were \$1.98 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, a decrease of \$1.36 million, or 41%, from 2011. The decrease was primarily due to professional services costs associated with the Bulk Loan Sale incurred in the first quarter of 2011.

FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges expense for the first quarter of 2012 was \$2.51 million, a decrease of \$2.90 million from 2011, reflecting a decrease in United's assessment rate and the change from a deposit-based assessment to an asset-based assessment which became effective for all insured depository institutions on April 1, 2011.

Losses on sale of foreclosed property totaled \$93,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012, compared to \$12.0 million for the same period in 2011, which were elevated due to the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. Foreclosed property write-downs for the first quarter of 2012 were \$2.11 million, a decrease of \$46.5 million compared to the prior year, also due to the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. The foreclosure and

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carrying costs category includes legal fees, property taxes, marketing costs, utility services, maintenance and repair charges. These expenses totaled \$1.62 million for the first quarter of 2012, compared to \$4.29 million for the same period in 2011.

Other expenses totaled \$3.94 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, a decrease of \$2.49 million, or 39%, from the same period of 2011, primarily due to higher property taxes and other loan collateral costs incurred to prepare loans for the Bulk Loan Sale in 2011.

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### ***Income Taxes***

Income tax expense was \$314,000 in the first quarter of 2011, compared to income tax benefit of \$140,000 for the first quarter of 2011, representing an effective tax rate of approximately 2.7% and .1% for each period, respectively. Because of the full valuation allowance on United's net deferred tax asset, United's tax expense on its pre-tax earnings represents adjustments to its reserve for uncertain tax positions and amounts payable under the Federal Alternative Minimum Tax.

At March 31, 2012, United reported no net deferred tax asset due to a full valuation allowance of \$274 million. The Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, *Income Taxes* requires that companies assess whether a valuation allowance should be established against their deferred tax assets based on the consideration of all available evidence using a more likely than not standard. Management considers both positive and negative evidence and analyzes changes in near-term market conditions as well as other factors which may impact future operating results. In making such judgments, significant weight is given to evidence that can be objectively verified. The deferred tax assets are analyzed quarterly for changes affecting realizability. Because management has determined that the objective negative evidence outweighs the positive evidence, management has established a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset.

Management will continue to evaluate and weigh the positive and negative evidence going forward and, if the weight of evidence shifts such that the positive evidence outweighs the negative evidence, the valuation allowance will be adjusted or completely reversed as appropriate.

In February 2011, United adopted a tax benefits preservation plan designed to protect its ability to utilize its substantial tax assets. Those tax assets include net operating losses that it could utilize in certain circumstances to offset taxable income and reduce its federal income tax liability and the future tax benefits from potential net unrealized built-in losses. United's ability to use its tax benefits would be substantially limited if it were to experience an ownership change as defined under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. In general, an ownership change would occur if United's 5-percent shareholders, as defined under Section 382, collectively increase their ownership in United by more than 50% over a rolling three-year period. The tax benefits preservation plan is designed to reduce the likelihood that United will experience an ownership change by discouraging any person or group from becoming a beneficial owner of 4.99% or more of United's common stock then outstanding.

In connection with the tax benefits preservation plan in February 2011, United entered into a share exchange agreement with the Elm Ridge Offshore Master Fund, Ltd. and Elm Ridge Value Partners, L.P. (collectively, the Elm Ridge Parties) to transfer to the Company 1,551,126 shares of United's common stock in exchange for 16,613 shares of United's cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series D (the Series D preferred stock) and warrants to purchase 1,551,126 shares of common stock at \$12.50 per share. The warrants can be exercised after October 1, 2012 and expire on August 22, 2013. Prior to entering into the share exchange agreement, collectively, the Elm Ridge Parties were United's largest shareholder. By exchanging the Elm Ridge Parties' common stock for the Series D preferred stock and warrants, United eliminated its only 5-percent shareholder and, as a result, obtained further protection against an ownership change under Section 382.

Additional information regarding income taxes, including a reconciliation of the differences between the recorded income tax provision and the amount of income tax computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before income taxes, can be found in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements filed with United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

### **Balance Sheet Review**

Total assets at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were \$7.17 billion, \$6.98 billion, and \$7.71 billion, respectively. Average total assets for the first quarter of 2012 were \$7.05 billion, down from \$7.38 billion in the first quarter of 2011.

**Table of Contents****Loans**

The following table presents a summary of the loan portfolio.

**Table 6 Loans Outstanding (excludes loans covered by loss share agreement)**

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
<b>By Loan Type</b>			
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,843,207	\$ 1,821,414	\$ 1,692,154
Commercial & industrial	439,496	428,249	431,473
Commercial construction	167,122	164,155	213,177
Total commercial	2,449,825	2,413,818	2,336,804
Residential mortgage	1,131,248	1,134,902	1,186,531
Residential construction	435,375	448,391	549,618
Consumer installment	111,118	112,503	121,419
Total loans	\$ 4,127,566	\$ 4,109,614	\$ 4,194,372
As a percentage of total loans:			
Commercial (secured by real estate)	44%	44%	41%
Commercial & industrial	11	10	10
Commercial construction	4	4	5
Total commercial	59	58	56
Residential mortgage	27	28	28
Residential construction	11	11	13
Consumer installment	3	3	3
Total	100%	100%	100%
<b>By Geographic Location</b>			
North Georgia	\$ 1,407,701	\$ 1,425,811	\$ 1,531,279
Atlanta MSA	1,238,622	1,219,652	1,179,362
North Carolina	587,790	597,446	639,897
Coastal Georgia	365,943	346,189	312,090
Gainesville MSA	262,055	264,567	281,591
East Tennessee	265,455	255,949	250,153
Total loans	\$ 4,127,566	\$ 4,109,614	\$ 4,194,372

Substantially all of United's loans are to customers (including customers who have a seasonal residence in United's market areas) located in the immediate market areas of its community banks in Georgia, North Carolina, and Tennessee, and more than 85% of the loans are secured by real estate. At March 31, 2012, total loans, excluding loans acquired from SCB that are covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC and loans classified as held for sale, were \$4.13 billion, an increase of \$18.0 million from December 31, 2011 and a decrease of \$66.8 million, or 2%, from March 31, 2011. The rate of loan growth began to decline in the first quarter of 2007, and the balances have continued to decline through the subsequent years. In the fourth quarter of 2011, the loan portfolio began to stabilize indicating a possible inflection point upon which loan growth is expected to return. The deterioration over the past five years resulted in part from an oversupply of lot inventory, houses and land within United's markets, which further slowed construction activities and acquisition and development projects. The resulting recession that began in the housing market led to high rates of unemployment that resulted in stress in the other segments of United's loan portfolio. Despite the weak economy and lack of loan demand, United continued to pursue lending opportunities which resulted in \$131 million in new loans funded

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during the first quarter of 2012 and net positive loan growth of \$18 million in the first quarter of 2012.

### *Asset Quality and Risk Elements*

United manages asset quality and controls credit risk through review and oversight of the loan portfolio as well as adherence to policies designed to promote sound underwriting and loan monitoring practices. United's credit administration function is responsible for monitoring asset quality, establishing credit policies and procedures and enforcing the consistent application of these policies and procedures among all of the community banks. Additional information on United's credit administration function is included in Item 1 under the heading *Loan Review and Nonperforming Assets* in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

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United classifies performing loans as substandard when there is a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment by the borrower and there is a distinct possibility that United could sustain some loss if the deficiency is not corrected. The table below presents performing substandard loans for the last five quarters.

**Table 7 Performing Substandard Loans**

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	September 30, 2011	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011
<b>By Category</b>					
Commercial (sec. by RE)	\$ 133,840	\$ 143,058	\$ 134,356	\$ 117,525	\$ 119,651
Commercial & industrial	17,217	15,753	24,868	16,645	16,425
Commercial construction	23,256	18,510	26,530	31,347	34,887
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>174,313</b>	<b>177,321</b>	<b>185,754</b>	<b>165,517</b>	<b>170,963</b>
Residential mortgage	75,736	76,442	76,707	70,396	69,119
Residential construction	64,274	71,955	76,179	74,277	80,534
Consumer installment	2,610	2,751	2,703	2,923	2,352
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 316,933</b>	<b>\$ 328,469</b>	<b>\$ 341,343</b>	<b>\$ 313,113</b>	<b>\$ 322,968</b>
<b>By Market</b>					
North Georgia	\$ 131,253	\$ 134,945	\$ 156,063	\$ 140,886	\$ 148,228
Atlanta MSA	94,191	99,453	97,906	97,931	100,200
North Carolina	38,792	40,302	36,724	30,202	27,280
Coastal Georgia	19,342	24,985	23,966	22,945	23,104
Gainesville MSA	18,745	17,338	19,615	14,957	17,417
East Tennessee	14,610	11,446	7,069	6,192	6,739
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 316,933</b>	<b>\$ 328,469</b>	<b>\$ 341,343</b>	<b>\$ 313,113</b>	<b>\$ 322,968</b>

At March 31, 2012, performing substandard loans totaled \$317 million and decreased \$6.04 million from a year ago. Most of the decrease occurred in United's Atlanta MSA and north Georgia markets and was primarily in the residential construction category.

Reviews of substandard performing and non-performing loans, troubled debt restructures, past due loans and larger credits, are conducted on a weekly, monthly or quarterly basis with management and are designed to identify risk migration and potential charges to the allowance for loan losses. These reviews are performed by the lending officers and the loan review department, and also consider such factors as the financial strength of borrowers, the value of the applicable collateral, past loan loss experience, anticipated loan losses, changes in risk profile, prevailing economic conditions and other factors. In addition to United's internal loan review, United also uses external loan review to ensure the independence of the loan review process.

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The following table presents a summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

**Table 8 Allowance for Loan Losses**

(in thousands)

	2012	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011					Other Charge-Offs Recoveries	Total
		Total	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Asset Disposition Plan Bulk Loan Sale <sup>(1)</sup> Other Bulk Loan Sales <sup>(2)</sup>	Foreclosure Charge-Offs <sup>(3)</sup>		
Balance beginning of period	\$ 114,468							\$ 174,695
Provision for loan losses	15,000							190,000
Charge-offs:								
Commercial (secured by real estate)	3,928	\$ 29,451	\$ 11,091	\$ 3,318	\$ 1,905	\$ 2,942		48,707
Commercial & industrial	756	365	2,303	859		835		4,362
Commercial construction	364	32,530	15,328	292	419	1,146		49,715
Residential mortgage	5,767	13,917	14,263	1,676	1,538	5,282		36,676
Residential construction	5,629	43,018	23,459	3,325	11,693	10,760		92,255
Consumer installment	753	86	168	30	24	788		1,096
Total loans charged-off	17,197	119,367	66,612	9,500	15,579	21,753		232,811
Recoveries:								
Commercial (secured by real estate)	231					100		100
Commercial & industrial	87					322		322
Commercial construction	30							
Residential mortgage	392					293		293
Residential construction	315					117		117
Consumer installment	275					405		405
Total recoveries	1,330					1,237		1,237
Net charge-offs	15,867	\$ 119,367	\$ 66,612	\$ 9,500	\$ 15,579	\$ 20,516		231,574
Balance end of period	\$ 113,601							\$ 133,121
Total loans: *								
At period-end	\$ 4,127,566							\$ 4,194,372
Average	4,117,635							4,534,294
Allowance as a percentage of period-end loans	2.75							3.17%
As a percentage of average loans:								
Net charge-offs	1.55							20.71
Provision for loan losses	1.47							16.99
Allowance as a percentage of non-performing loans	88							159

\* Excludes loans covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC

(1) Charge-offs totaling \$186 million were recognized on the bulk loan sale in the first quarter of 2011. The loans were transferred to the loans held for sale category in anticipation of the second quarter bulk loan sale that was completed on April 18, 2011.

(2) Losses on smaller bulk sale transactions completed during the first quarter of 2011.

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<sup>(3)</sup> Loan charge-offs recognized in the first quarter of 2011 related to loans transferred to foreclosed properties. Such charge-offs were elevated in the first quarter as a result of the asset disposition plan, which called for aggressive write downs to expedite sales in the second and third quarters of 2011.

The provision for loan losses charged to earnings was based upon management's judgment of the amount necessary to maintain the allowance at a level appropriate to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. The amount each quarter is dependent upon many factors, including growth and changes in the composition of the loan portfolio, net charge-offs, delinquencies, management's assessment of loan portfolio quality, the value of collateral, and other macro-economic factors and trends. The evaluation of these factors is performed quarterly by management through an analysis of the appropriateness of the allowance for loan losses. The decreases in the provision and the stabilization of the level of the allowance for loan losses compared to the previous periods reflects stabilizing trends in substandard loans, leading to an expectation that charge-off levels will continue to decline.

At March 31, 2012, the allowance for loan losses was \$114 million, or 2.75% of loans, compared with \$114 million, or 2.79% of total loans at December 31, 2011, and \$133 million, or 3.17% of total loans at March 31, 2011.



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Management believes that the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2012 reflects the losses inherent in the loan portfolio. This assessment involves uncertainty and judgment; therefore, the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses cannot be determined with precision and may be subject to change in future periods. The amount of any change could be significant if management's assessment of loan quality or collateral values change substantially with respect to one or more loan relationships or portfolio categories. In addition, bank regulatory authorities, as part of their periodic examination of the Bank, may require adjustments to the provision for loan losses in future periods if, in their opinion, the results of their review warrant such additions. See the *Critical Accounting Policies* section for additional information on the allowance for loan losses.

**Nonperforming Assets**

The table below summarizes non-performing assets, excluding SCB's assets covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC. Those assets have been excluded from non-performing assets, as the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC and purchase price adjustments to reflect credit losses effectively eliminate the likelihood of recognizing any losses on the covered assets.

**Table 9 Nonperforming Assets***(in thousands)*

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Nonperforming loans*	\$ 129,704	\$ 127,479	\$ 83,769
Foreclosed properties (OREO)	31,887	32,859	54,378
<b>Total nonperforming assets</b>	<b>\$ 161,591</b>	<b>\$ 160,338</b>	<b>\$ 138,147</b>
Nonperforming loans as a percentage of total loans	3.14%	3.10%	2.00%
Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total loans and OREO	3.88	3.87	3.25
Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	2.25	2.30	1.79

\* There were no loans 90 days or more past due that were still accruing at period end.

At March 31, 2012, nonperforming loans were \$130 million, compared to \$127 million at December 31, 2011 and \$83.8 million at March 31, 2011. Contributing to the increase in the ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans from March 31, 2011 to March 31, 2012 was the classification of United's largest lending relationship. Nonperforming assets, which include nonperforming loans and foreclosed real estate, totaled \$162 million at March 31, 2012, compared with \$160 million at December 31, 2011, and \$138 million at March 31, 2011. United sold \$8.63 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, of foreclosed properties during the first quarters of 2012 and 2011. The slowdown in foreclosed property sales is typical for the winter months, aside from the accelerated disposition in the first quarter of 2011. Also, in the first quarter of 2011, write-downs totaling \$48.6 million were recorded in conjunction with the Problem Asset Disposition Plan to expedite sales.

United's policy is to place loans on nonaccrual status when, in the opinion of management, the principal and interest on a loan is not likely to be repaid in accordance with the loan terms or when the loan becomes 90 days past due and is not well secured and in the process of collection. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed against current interest revenue. Interest payments received on nonaccrual loans are applied as a reduction of principal.

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The following table summarizes nonperforming assets by category and market. As with Tables 6, 7 and 9, assets covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB, are excluded from this table.

**Table 10 Nonperforming Assets by Quarter<sup>(1)</sup>***(in thousands)*

	March 31, 2012			December 31, 2011			March 31, 2011		
	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs
<b>BY CATEGORY</b>									
Commercial (sec. by RE)	\$ 26,081	\$ 10,808	\$ 36,889	\$ 27,322	\$ 9,745	\$ 37,067	\$ 20,648	\$ 7,886	\$ 28,534
Commercial & industrial	36,314		36,314	34,613		34,613	2,198		2,198
Commercial construction	23,319	3,266	26,585	16,655	3,336	19,991	3,701	11,568	15,269
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>85,714</b>	<b>14,074</b>	<b>99,788</b>	<b>78,590</b>	<b>13,081</b>	<b>91,671</b>	<b>26,547</b>	<b>19,454</b>	<b>46,001</b>
Residential mortgage	18,741	5,882	24,623	22,358	6,927	29,285	23,711	9,117	32,828
Residential construction	24,341	11,931	36,272	25,523	12,851	38,374	32,038	25,807	57,845
Consumer installment	908		908	1,008		1,008	1,473		1,473
<b>Total NPAs</b>	<b>\$ 129,704</b>	<b>\$ 31,887</b>	<b>\$ 161,591</b>	<b>\$ 127,479</b>	<b>\$ 32,859</b>	<b>\$ 160,338</b>	<b>\$ 83,769</b>	<b>\$ 54,378</b>	<b>\$ 138,147</b>
<b>Balance as a % of Unpaid Principal</b>									
	70.6%	36.1%	59.4%	71.3%	35.9%	59.3%	57.3%	30.3%	42.4%
<b>BY MARKET</b>									
North Georgia	\$ 81,117	\$ 14,559	\$ 95,676	\$ 88,600	\$ 15,136	\$ 103,736	\$ 30,214	\$ 23,094	\$ 53,308
Atlanta MSA	22,321	7,647	29,968	14,480	6,169	20,649	21,501	16,913	38,414
North Carolina	15,765	4,650	20,415	15,100	5,365	20,465	18,849	7,802	26,651
Coastal Georgia	5,622	1,268	6,890	5,248	1,620	6,868	5,847	3,781	9,628
Gainesville MSA	2,210	3,387	5,597	2,069	3,760	5,829	4,332	2,157	6,489
East Tennessee	2,669	376	3,045	1,982	809	2,791	3,026	631	3,657
<b>Total NPAs</b>	<b>\$ 129,704</b>	<b>\$ 31,887</b>	<b>\$ 161,591</b>	<b>\$ 127,479</b>	<b>\$ 32,859</b>	<b>\$ 160,338</b>	<b>\$ 83,769</b>	<b>\$ 54,378</b>	<b>\$ 138,147</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes non-performing loans and foreclosed properties covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB.

In April 2011, United sold nonperforming loans in the Bulk Loan Sale with a pre-write down carrying amount of \$101 million and performing substandard loans with a pre-write down carrying amount of \$166 million. In anticipation of that sale, United recorded charge-offs of \$186 million and transferred these loans to the held for sale category at March 31, 2011. Nonperforming assets in the residential construction category were \$36.3 million at March 31, 2012, compared with \$57.8 million at March 31, 2011, a decrease of \$21.6 million, or 37%. Residential mortgage non-performing assets of \$24.6 million decreased \$8.2 million from March 31, 2011. These declines were offset by an increase in Commercial nonperforming assets of \$53.8 million, or 117%, from March 31, 2011. The overall increase in nonperforming assets was concentrated in the North Georgia market and is mostly due to placing United's largest lending relationship on nonaccrual in the third quarter of 2011.

At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 United had \$159 million, \$124 million and \$49.7 million, respectively, in loans with terms that have been modified in troubled debt restructurings ( TDRs ). Included therein were \$32.7 million, \$17.9 million and \$6.4 million, respectively, of TDRs that were not performing in accordance with their modified terms and were included in nonperforming loans. The remaining TDRs with an aggregate balance of \$126 million, \$106 million and \$43.3 million, respectively, were performing according to their modified terms and are therefore not considered to be nonperforming assets.

At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, there were \$294 million, \$257 million and \$48.6 million, respectively, of loans classified as impaired under the definition outlined in the ASC. Included in impaired loans at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were \$208 million, \$189 million and \$48.6 million, respectively, in impaired loans that did not require specific reserves or had

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previously been charged down to net realizable value. The balance of impaired loans at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 of \$85.7 million and \$68.8 million, respectively, had specific reserves that totaled \$16.2 million and \$14.8 million, respectively. At March 31, 2011, there were no impaired loans with specific reserves. The average recorded investment in impaired loans for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and March 31, 2011 was \$281 million and \$95.2 million, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, United recognized \$2.27 million in interest revenue on impaired loans. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, there was no interest revenue recognized on loans while they were impaired. United's policy is to discontinue the recognition of interest revenue for loans classified as impaired under the ASC 310-10-35, *Receivables*, when the loan meets the criteria for nonaccrual status. Impaired loans increased from 2011 to 2012 due to the classification and change of accrual status of United's largest lending relationship and the increase in TDRs which are considered impaired.

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The table below summarizes activity in nonperforming assets by quarter. Assets covered by loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB, are not included in this table.

**Table 11 Activity in Nonperforming Assets by Quarter**

(in thousands)

	First Quarter 2012 <sup>(1)</sup>			Fourth Quarter 2011 <sup>(1)</sup>			First Quarter 2011 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		
	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs
<b>Beginning Balance</b>	\$ 127,479	\$ 32,859	\$ 160,338	\$ 144,484	\$ 44,263	\$ 188,747	\$ 179,094	\$ 142,208	\$ 321,302
Loans placed on non-accrual <sup>(2)</sup>	32,437		32,437	45,675		45,675	54,730		54,730
Payments received	(5,945)		(5,945)	(1,884)		(1,884)	(3,550)		(3,550)
Loan charge-offs	(14,733)		(14,733)	(44,757)		(44,757)	(43,969)		(43,969)
Foreclosures	(9,534)	9,534		(16,039)	16,039		(17,052)	17,052	
Capitalized costs		329	329		141	141		270	270
Note / property sales		(8,631)	(8,631)		(20,651)	(20,651)	(11,400)	(44,547)	(55,947)
Loans transferred to held for sale							(74,084)		(74,084)
Write downs		(2,111)	(2,111)		(3,893)	(3,893)		(48,585)	(48,585)
Net gains (losses) on sales		(93)	(93)		(3,040)	(3,040)		(12,020)	(12,020)
<b>Ending Balance</b>	\$ 129,704	\$ 31,887	\$ 161,591	\$ 127,479	\$ 32,859	\$ 160,338	\$ 83,769	\$ 54,378	\$ 138,147

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes non-performing loans and foreclosed properties covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB.

<sup>(2)</sup> The NPA activity shown for the first quarter of 2011 is presented with all activity related to loans transferred to the held for sale classification on one line as if those loans were transferred to held for sale at the beginning of the period. During the first quarter of 2011, \$27.1 million in loans transferred to held for sale were placed on nonaccrual, \$1.1 million in payments were received on nonaccrual loans transferred to held for sale and \$66.6 million in charge-offs were recorded on nonaccrual loans transferred to held for sale to mark them down to the expected proceeds from the sale.

Foreclosed property is initially recorded at fair value, less estimated costs to sell. If the fair value, less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure, is less than the loan balance, the deficiency is charged against the allowance for loan losses. If the lesser of fair value, less estimated costs to sell or the listed selling price, less the cost to sell, of the foreclosed property decreases during the holding period, a valuation allowance is established with a charge to foreclosed property expense. When the foreclosed property is sold, a gain or loss is recognized on the sale for the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property. Financed sales of foreclosed property are accounted for in accordance with ASC 360-20, *Real Estate Sales*. For the first quarters of 2012 and 2011, United transferred \$9.53 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, of loans into foreclosed property. During the same periods, proceeds from sales of foreclosed properties were \$8.63 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, which includes \$1.94 million and \$8.54 million, respectively, of sales that were financed by United. During the first quarter of 2011, United recorded \$48.6 million in write-downs on foreclosed properties in order to expedite sales in the following quarters.

**Investment Securities**

The composition of the investment securities portfolio reflects United's investment strategy of maintaining an appropriate level of liquidity while providing a relatively stable source of revenue. The investment securities portfolio also provides a balance to interest rate risk and credit risk in other categories of the balance sheet, while providing a vehicle for the investment of available funds, furnishing liquidity, and supplying securities to pledge as required collateral for certain deposits and borrowings, including repurchase agreements. Total investment securities at March 31, 2012 increased \$319 million from a year ago. The increase in the securities portfolio was a result of a buildup of liquidity resulting partially from strong core deposit growth with little loan demand to invest the proceeds and the proceeds from the capital transaction that closed in the first quarter of 2011 and the Bulk Loan Sale that closed in the second quarter of 2011. In addition, United had sought to maintain above normal amounts of liquidity due to the uncertain economy. United invested this excess liquidity in floating rate mortgage-backed securities which totaled \$512 million and \$545 million at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. United chose floating rate securities because they have less market risk in the event rates begin to rise.

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At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, United had securities held to maturity with a carrying value of \$304 million, \$330 million and \$245 million, respectively, and securities available for sale totaling \$1.90 billion, \$1.79 billion and \$1.64 billion, respectively. At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, the securities portfolio represented approximately 31%, 30% and 24% of total assets, respectively.

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The investment securities portfolio primarily consists of U.S. government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities, non-agency mortgage-backed securities, U.S. government agency securities, corporate bonds and municipal securities. Mortgage-backed securities rely on the underlying pools of mortgage loans to provide a cash flow of principal and interest. The actual maturities of these securities will differ from the contractual maturities because the loans underlying the security can prepay. Decreases in interest rates will generally cause an acceleration of prepayment levels. In a declining interest rate environment, United may not be able to reinvest the proceeds from these prepayments in assets that have comparable yields. In a rising rate environment, the opposite occurs and prepayments tend to slow and the weighted average life extends. This is referred to as extension risk, which can lead to lower levels of liquidity due to the delay of cash receipts, and can result in the holding of a below market yielding asset for a longer period of time.

### ***Other Intangible Assets***

Other intangible assets, primarily core deposit intangibles representing the value of United's acquired deposit base, are amortizing intangible assets that are required to be tested for impairment only when events or circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. There were no events or circumstances that lead management to believe that any impairment exists in United's other intangible assets.

### ***Deposits***

United initiated several programs beginning in early 2009 to improve core earnings by growing customer transaction deposit accounts and lowering overall pricing on deposit balances to improve its net interest margin and to increase net interest revenue. The programs were successful in increasing core transaction deposit accounts and reducing more costly time deposit balances, as United's funding needs decreased due to lower loan demand. United has continued to pursue customer transaction deposits by stressing its high customer satisfaction scores.

At March 31, 2012, total deposits were \$6.00 billion compared with \$6.60 billion at March 31, 2011, a decrease of \$597 million, or 9%. Total non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts of \$1.10 billion increased \$237 million, or 27%, due to the success of core deposit programs. Also impacted by the programs were NOW, money market and savings accounts of \$2.73 billion which increased \$245 million, or 10%, from March 31, 2011.

Total time deposits, excluding brokered deposits, as of March 31, 2012 were \$2.00 billion, down \$562 million from March 31, 2011. Time deposits less than \$100,000 totaled \$1.21 billion, a decrease of \$369 million, or 23%, from a year ago. Time deposits of \$100,000 and greater totaled \$797 million as of March 31, 2012, a decrease of \$193 million, or 20%, from March 31, 2011. United continued to offer low rates on certificates of deposit, allowing balances to decline as United's funding needs declined due to weak loan demand. Additional liquidity also allowed United to reduce brokered deposits, which totaled \$168 million at March 31, 2012, compared with \$685 million at March 31, 2011.

### ***Wholesale Funding***

The Bank is a shareholder in the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) of Atlanta. Through this affiliation, FHLB secured advances totaled \$215 million and \$55.1 million at March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. United anticipates continued use of this short and long-term source of funds. FHLB advances outstanding at March 31, 2012 had fixed interest rates ranging up to 4.49%. During the first quarter of 2012, United prepaid \$15.5 million, of fixed-rate advances and incurred prepayment charges of \$482,000. United will prepay advances from time to time as funding needs change. Additional information regarding FHLB advances, including scheduled maturities, is provided in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements included in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

At March 31, 2012 and 2011, United had \$102 million in repurchase agreements reported as Federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings in the consolidated balance sheet. United takes advantage of these additional sources of liquidity when rates are favorable compared to other forms of short-term borrowings, such as FHLB advances and brokered deposits.

### ***Interest Rate Sensitivity Management***

The absolute level and volatility of interest rates can have a significant effect on United's profitability. The objective of interest rate risk management is to identify and manage the sensitivity of net interest revenue to changing interest rates, in order to achieve United's overall financial goals. Based on economic conditions, asset quality and various other considerations, management establishes tolerance ranges for interest rate sensitivity and manages within these ranges.

United's net interest revenue, and the fair value of its financial instruments, are influenced by changes in the level of interest rates. United manages its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates through policies established by its Asset Liability Committee (ALCO). ALCO meets monthly and has responsibility for approving asset/liability management policies, formulating and implementing strategies to improve balance

sheet positioning and/or earnings and reviewing United's interest rate sensitivity.

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One of the tools management uses to estimate the sensitivity of net interest revenue to changes in interest rates is an asset/liability simulation model. Resulting estimates are based upon a number of assumptions for each scenario, including the level of balance sheet growth, loan and deposit repricing characteristics and the rate of prepayments. ALCO regularly reviews the assumptions for accuracy based on historical data and future expectations, however, actual net interest revenue may differ from model results. The primary objective of the simulation model is to measure the potential change in net interest revenue over time using multiple interest rate scenarios. The base scenario assumes rates remain flat and is the scenario to which all others are compared to in order to measure the change in net interest revenue. Policy limits are based on gradually rising and falling rate scenarios, which are compared to this base scenario. Another commonly analyzed scenario is a most likely scenario that projects the most likely change in rates based on the slope of the yield curve. Other scenarios analyzed may include rate shocks, narrowing or widening spreads, and yield curve steepening or flattening. While policy scenarios focus on a twelve month time frame, longer time horizons are also modeled.

United's policy is based on the 12-month impact on net interest revenue of interest rate ramps that increase 200 basis points and decrease 200 basis points from the base scenario. In the ramp scenarios, rates change 25 basis points per month over the initial eight months. The policy limits the change in net interest revenue over the next 12 months to a 10% decrease in either scenario. The policy ramp and base scenarios assume a static balance sheet. Historically low rates on March 31, 2012 and 2011 made use of the down 200 basis point scenario problematic. At March 31, 2012 United's simulation model indicated that a 200 basis point increase in rates would cause an approximate 1.1% increase in net interest revenue over the next twelve months and a 25 basis point decrease in rates would cause an approximate .5% decrease in net interest revenue over the next twelve months. At March 31, 2011, United's simulation model indicated that a 200 basis point increase in rates over the next twelve months would cause an approximate 3.4% increase in net interest revenue and a 25 basis point decrease in rates over the next twelve months would cause an approximate .1% increase in net interest revenue.

Interest rate sensitivity is a function of the repricing characteristics of the portfolio of assets and liabilities. These repricing characteristics are the time frames within which the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities are subject to change in interest rates either at replacement, repricing or maturity during the life of the instruments. Interest rate sensitivity management focuses on the maturity structure of assets and liabilities and their repricing characteristics during periods of changes in market interest rates. Effective interest rate sensitivity management seeks to ensure that both assets and liabilities respond to changes in interest rates within an acceptable timeframe, thereby minimizing the effect of interest rate changes on net interest revenue.

United may have some discretion in the extent and timing of deposit repricing depending upon the competitive pressures in the markets in which it operates. Changes in the mix of earning assets or supporting liabilities can either increase or decrease the net interest margin without affecting interest rate sensitivity. The interest rate spread between an asset and its supporting liability can vary significantly even when the timing of repricing for both the asset and the liability remains the same, due to the two instruments repricing according to different indices.

Varying interest rate environments can create unexpected changes in prepayment levels of assets and liabilities that are not reflected in an interest rate sensitivity gap analysis. These prepayments may have significant effect on the net interest margin. Because of these limitations, an interest sensitivity gap analysis alone generally does not provide an accurate assessment of exposure to changes in interest rates.

In order to manage its interest rate sensitivity, United periodically enters into off-balance sheet contracts that are considered derivative financial instruments. Derivative financial instruments can be a cost-effective and capital-effective means of modifying the repricing characteristics of on-balance sheet assets and liabilities. These contracts generally consist of interest rate swaps under which United pays a variable rate and receives a fixed rate and interest rate floor contracts where United pays a premium up front to a counterparty to the right to be compensated if a specified rate index falls below a pre-determined floor rate.

United's derivative financial instruments that are entered into for interest rate risk management purposes are classified as either cash flow or fair value hedges. The change in fair value of cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income. Fair value hedges recognize currently in earnings both the effect of the change in the fair value of the derivative financial instrument and the offsetting effect of the change in fair value of the hedged asset or liability associated with the particular risk of that asset or liability being hedged.



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The following table presents United's outstanding derivative positions at March 31, 2012.

**Table 12 - Derivative Financial Instruments**

(in thousands)

Type/Maturity	Notional Amount	Rate Received / Floor Rate	Rate Paid	Fair Value <sup>(5)</sup>
<b>Fair Value Hedges:</b>				
<b>LIBOR Swaps (Brokered CDs)</b>				
November 10, 2031 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 15,000	5.00%	(.09)%	\$ (853)
August 17, 2027 <sup>(2)</sup>	17,000	2.25	.05	(524)
August 27, 2027 <sup>(3)</sup>	17,000	2.00	.04	(624)
September 23 ,2027 <sup>(4)</sup>	15,500	2.25	.02	(525)
<b>Total Fair Value Hedges</b>	<b>\$ 64,500</b>			<b>\$ (2,526)</b>

(1) Receive rate is fixed at 5.00% to November 10, 2012, then 4 \* ((10-year Constant Maturity Swap rate - 2-year Constant Maturity Swap rate) - 50 basis points), capped at 5.00% and floored at 0.00%. Pay rate is 90 day LIBOR minus 60 basis points which results in a negative pay rate when 90 day LIBOR falls below 60 basis points. Swap is callable by counterparty on November 10, 2012 and quarterly thereafter on the 10th with 15 calendar days notice.

(2) Pay rate is 90 day LIBOR minus 45 basis points. Receive rate is fixed according to the following schedule:

From 2/17/12 to 2/17/20: 2.25%

From 2/17/20 to 2/17/22: 2.30%

From 2/17/22 to 2/17/23: 3.00%

From 2/17/23 to 2/17/24: 4.00%

From 2/17/24 to 2/17/25: 7.00%

From 2/17/25 to 8/17/27: 10.00%

Swap is callable by counterparty quarterly commencing on May 17, 2012 with 20 business days notice prior to the redemption date.

(3) Pay rate is 90 day LIBOR minus 45 basis points. Receive rate is fixed according to the following schedule:

From 2/27/12 to 2/27/18: 2.00%

From 2/27/18 to 2/27/22: 2.50%

From 2/27/22 to 2/27/23: 3.00%

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From 2/27/23 to 2/27/24: 4.00%

From 2/27/24 to 2/27/25: 7.00%

From 2/27/25 to 8/27/27: 10.00%

Swap is callable by counterparty semi-annually commencing on August 27, 2012 with 25 business days notice prior to the redemption date.

<sup>(4)</sup> Pay rate is 90 day LIBOR minus 45 basis points. Receive rate is fixed according to the following schedule:

From 3/23/12 to 3/23/17: 2.25%

From 3/23/17 to 3/23/20: 2.38%

From 3/23/20 to 3/23/23: 2.50%

From 3/23/23 to 3/23/24: 3.00%

From 3/23/24 to 3/23/25: 4.00%

From 3/23/25 to 3/23/26: 6.00%

From 3/23/26 to 9/23/27: 10.00%

Swap is callable by counterparty at any time commencing on September 24, 2012 with 15 calendar days notice prior to the redemption date.

<sup>(5)</sup> Fair value does not include accrued interest.

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From time to time, United will terminate swap or floor positions when conditions change and the position is no longer necessary to manage United's overall sensitivity to changes in interest rates. In those situations where the terminated swap or floor was in an effective hedging relationship at the time of termination and the hedging relationship is expected to remain effective throughout the original term of the swap or floor, the resulting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the original contract. For swap contracts, the gain or loss is amortized over the remaining original contract term using the straight line method of amortization. For floor contracts, the gain or loss is amortized over the remaining original contract term based on the original floorlet schedule. At March 31, 2012, United had \$3.02 million in gains from terminated derivative positions included in other comprehensive income that will be amortized into earnings over their remaining original contract terms. Approximately \$2.60 million is expected to be reclassified into interest revenue over the next twelve months.

United's policy requires all derivative financial instruments be used only for asset/liability management through the hedging of specific transactions or positions, and not for trading or speculative purposes. Management believes that the risk associated with using derivative financial instruments to mitigate interest rate risk sensitivity is minimal and should not have any material unintended effect on our financial condition or results of operations. In order to mitigate potential credit risk, from time to time United may require the counterparties to derivative contracts to pledge securities as collateral to cover the net exposure.

### **Liquidity Management**

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that sufficient funding is available, at reasonable cost, to meet ongoing operational cash needs and to take advantage of revenue producing opportunities as they arise. While the desired level of liquidity will vary depending on a number of factors, it is the primary goal of United to maintain a sufficient level of liquidity in all expected economic environments. United's liquidity policy requires contingent liquidity reserves to cover expected funding needs for a period of twelve months. Liquidity is defined as the ability of a bank to convert assets into cash or cash equivalents without significant loss and to raise additional funds by increasing liabilities. Liquidity management involves maintaining United's ability to meet the daily cash flow requirements of the Bank's customers, both depositors and borrowers. In addition, because United is a separate entity and apart from the Bank, it must provide for its own liquidity. United is responsible for the payment of dividends declared for its common and preferred shareholders, and interest and principal on any outstanding debt or trust preferred securities.

Because substantially all of United's liquidity is obtained from subsidiary service fees and dividends from the Bank, which are limited by applicable law and an informal memorandum of understanding the Bank has entered into with the FDIC and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance (the Bank MOU), United currently has limited internal capital resources to meet these obligations. United has not received a dividend from the Bank since 2008 and does not anticipate receiving dividends from the Bank until 2013. United deferred the payment of interest on trust preferred securities and dividends on preferred stock during the first quarter of 2011. As a result of such deferrals, United could not pay dividends on any common or preferred stock or trust preferred securities until all accrued and unpaid amounts under the deferred securities had been paid. Effective April 15, 2011, United received approval to make payments for currently payable and previously deferred dividends and interest on its preferred stock and trust preferred securities. Since then, United has continued to receive quarterly approvals of all payments, including the fourth quarter of 2011 and first quarter of 2012. Additionally, pursuant to an informal memorandum of understanding United entered into with the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (the Federal Reserve Bank) and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance (the Holding Company MOU) United must, among other things, ensure that the Bank functions in a safe and sound manner. United believes it is in compliance with all requirements of the Holding Company MOU and the Bank MOU.

Two key objectives of asset/liability management are to provide for adequate liquidity in order to meet the needs of customers and to maintain an optimal balance between interest-sensitive assets and interest-sensitive liabilities, to optimize interest revenue. Daily monitoring of the sources and uses of funds is necessary to maintain a position that meets both requirements.

The asset portion of the balance sheet provides liquidity primarily through loan sales and repayments and the maturities and sales of securities, as well as the ability to use these as collateral for borrowings on a secured basis. The Bank also maintains excess funds in short-term, interest-bearing assets that provide additional liquidity. Mortgage loans held for sale totaled \$24.8 million at March 31, 2012, and typically turn over every 45 days as closed loans are sold to investors in the secondary market. In addition, at March 31, 2012, United held \$878 million in excess liquidity, including \$103 million in cash equivalent balances, primarily balances in excess of reserve requirements at the Federal Reserve Bank and \$540 million in floating rate securities.

The liability section of the balance sheet provides liquidity primarily through interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposit accounts. Federal funds purchased, FHLB advances, brokered deposits, Federal Reserve Board short-term borrowings and securities sold under agreements to repurchase are additional sources of liquidity and represent United's incremental borrowing capacity. These sources of liquidity are generally short-term in nature and are used as necessary to fund asset growth and meet other short-term liquidity needs.



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At March 31, 2012, United had sufficient qualifying collateral to increase FHLB advances by \$715 million and Federal Reserve Board discount window capacity of \$468 million. United also has the ability to raise substantial funds through brokered deposits. In addition to these wholesale sources, United has the ability to attract retail deposits at any time by competing more aggressively on pricing.

As disclosed in United's consolidated statement of cash flows, net cash provided by operating activities was \$33.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The net income of \$11.5 million for the three month period included non-cash expenses for provision for loan losses of \$15.0 million; depreciation, amortization and accretion of \$6.80 million; and losses and write downs on foreclosed property of \$2.20 million. Other assets increased \$2.61 million. Net cash used in investing activities of \$57.5 million consisted primarily of \$253 million of purchases of securities, an increase in net loans of \$41.4 million and purchases of premises and equipment of \$1.61 million, that were offset by proceeds from sales of securities of \$61.6 million, maturities and calls of investment securities of \$168 million and net proceeds from sales of other real estate of \$6.70 million. Funds collected from the FDIC under loss sharing agreements were \$2.57 million, providing another source of cash flows from investing activities. The \$73.5 million of net cash used in financing activities consisted primarily of net proceeds of \$174 million from FHLB advances offset by a net decrease in deposits of \$97.4 million. In the opinion of management, United's liquidity position at March 31, 2012 was sufficient to meet its expected cash flow requirements.

**Capital Resources and Dividends**

Shareholders' equity at March 31, 2012 was \$580 million, an increase of \$4.05 million from December 31, 2011. Accumulated other comprehensive income, which includes unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale and the unrealized gains and losses on derivatives qualifying as cash flow hedges, is excluded in the calculation of regulatory capital adequacy ratios. Excluding the change in the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity increased \$9.81 million, or 2%, from December 31, 2011.

During the first quarter of 2011, United closed the Private Placement. Pursuant to the Private Placement, the investors purchased and United issued \$33.0 million of the Company's existing common stock, consisting of 3,467,699 shares, for \$9.50 per share and issued \$347 million in preferred stock consisting of \$196 million of United's mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock, Series F (the Series F preferred stock), and \$151 million of United's mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock Series G (the Series G preferred stock). Under the terms of the Private Placement Agreement and following receipt of required shareholder approvals, which were received on June 16, 2011 at United's annual shareholders' meeting, the Series F preferred stock converted into 20,618,156 shares of voting common stock and the Series G preferred stock converted into 15,914,209 shares of non-voting common stock. Following such conversion, the investors owned an aggregate of 24,085,855 shares of common stock and 15,914,209 shares of non-voting common stock. The Private Placement resulted in an increase to shareholders' equity of \$362 million, net of transaction costs.

On February 22, 2011, United entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with the Elm Ridge Parties. Under the Share Exchange Agreement, the Elm Ridge Parties agreed to transfer to the Company 1,551,126 shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for 16,613 Series D Preferred Shares and warrants to purchase 1,551,126 common shares.

United accrued \$3.03 million in dividends, including accretion of discounts, on its Series A non-cumulative preferred stock (the Series A preferred stock), Series B preferred stock and Series D preferred stock in the first quarter of 2012. In the first quarter of 2011, United accrued \$2.79 million in dividends, including discount accretion, on its Series A preferred stock, Series B preferred stock and Series D preferred stock.

United granted a warrant to Fletcher to purchase common stock equivalent junior preferred stock that would be convertible into 1,411,765 common shares exercisable at a price equivalent to \$21.25 per share. In May 2012, United received a purported partial warrant exercise notice from Fletcher with respect to its warrants that included an incorrect calculation of the number of settlement shares Fletcher would receive upon exercise. On June 17, 2011, United completed a 1-for-5 reverse stock split, or recombination. United believes that any current exercise of Fletcher's warrant would not result in the issuance of any settlement shares because the warrant may only be exercised for net shares via a cashless exercise formula, and the reverse stock split-adjusted market price component of that formula does not exceed the exercise price to yield any net shares. United responded to Fletcher with United's calculations related to the warrant.

In November 2011, United entered into the Holding Company MOU with the Federal Reserve Bank and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance, which superseded the board resolution previously requested by the Federal Reserve Bank. The Holding Company MOU provides, similar to the superseded resolution, that United may not incur additional indebtedness, pay cash dividends, make payments on our trust preferred securities or subordinated indebtedness or repurchase outstanding stock without prior approval of the Federal Reserve Bank. United was not given permission to pay interest on trust preferred securities and dividends on preferred stock during the first quarter of 2011. Effective April 15, 2011, United received approval to make payments for currently payable and previously deferred dividends and interest on its preferred stock and trust preferred securities. Since then, United has continued to receive quarterly approvals of all payments. Additionally, the Holding Company MOU requires, among other things, that United ensures that the Bank functions in a safe and sound manner. United believes it is in compliance with all requirements of the Holding Company MOU.

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The Bank is currently subject to the Bank MOU that it entered into with the FDIC and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance. The Bank MOU requires, among other things, that the Bank maintain its Tier 1 leverage ratio at not less than 8% and its total risk-based capital ratio at not less than 10% during the life of the Bank MOU. Additionally, the Bank MOU requires, among other things, that prior to declaring or paying any cash dividends to United, the Bank must obtain the written consent of its regulators. The Bank believes it is in compliance with all requirements of the Bank MOU.

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United's common stock trades on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol UCBI. Below is a quarterly schedule of high, low and closing stock prices and average daily volume for 2012 and 2011.

**Table 13 Stock Price Information**

	2012				2011			
	High	Low	Close	Avg Daily Volume	High	Low	Close	Avg Daily Volume
First quarter	\$ 10.30	\$ 6.37	\$ 9.75	142,987	\$ 11.85	\$ 5.95	\$ 11.65	227,321
Second quarter					14.65	9.80	10.56	139,741
Third quarter					11.33	7.67	8.49	214,303
Fourth quarter					8.90	6.22	6.99	202,024

The stock price information shown above has been adjusted to reflect United's 1 for 5 reverse stock split as though it had occurred at the beginning of the earliest reported period.

The Federal Reserve Board has issued guidelines for the implementation of risk-based capital requirements by U.S. banks and bank holding companies. These risk-based capital guidelines take into consideration risk factors, as defined by regulators, associated with various categories of assets, both on and off balance sheet. Under the guidelines, capital strength is measured in two tiers which are used in conjunction with risk-weighted assets to determine the risk-based capital ratios. The guidelines require an 8% Total risk-based capital ratio, of which 4% must be Tier 1 capital. However, to be considered well-capitalized under the guidelines, a 10% Total risk-based capital ratio is required, of which 6% must be Tier 1 capital.

Under the risk-based capital guidelines, assets and credit equivalent amounts of derivatives and off-balance sheet items are assigned to one of several broad risk categories according to the obligor, or, if relevant, the guarantor or the nature of the collateral. The aggregate dollar amount in each risk category is then multiplied by the risk weight associated with the category. The resulting weighted values from each of the risk categories are added together, and generally this sum is a company's total risk weighted assets. Risk-weighted assets for purposes of United's capital ratios are calculated under these guidelines.

A minimum leverage ratio is required in addition to the risk-based capital standards and is defined as Tier 1 capital divided by average assets adjusted for goodwill and deposit-based intangibles. Although a minimum leverage ratio of 3% is required, the Federal Reserve Board requires a bank holding company to maintain a leverage ratio of greater than 4% if it is experiencing or anticipating significant growth or is operating with less than well-diversified risks in the opinion of the Federal Reserve Board. The Federal Reserve Board uses the leverage and risk-based capital ratios to assess capital adequacy of banks and bank holding companies.

The following table shows United's capital ratios, as calculated under regulatory guidelines, at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011.

**Table 14 Capital Ratios**

(in thousands)

	Regulatory Guidelines		United Community Banks, Inc. (Consolidated)			United Community Bank		
	Minimum	Well Capitalized	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
			2012	2011	2011	2012	2011	2011
Risk-based ratios:								
Tier I capital	4.0%	6.0%	13.68%	13.69%	7.43%	13.70%	13.60%	12.71%
Total capital	8.0	10.0	15.41	15.41	14.85	14.96	14.87	14.49
Leverage ratio	3.0	5.0	8.94	8.83	4.75	8.96	8.78	8.12
Tier I capital			\$ 629,411	\$ 618,695	\$ 349,734	\$ 629,082	\$ 614,532	\$ 597,963
Total capital			708,595	696,881	699,468	687,190	671,718	681,671

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United's Tier 1 capital excludes other comprehensive income, and consists of shareholders' equity and qualifying capital securities, less goodwill and deposit-based intangibles. Tier II capital components include supplemental capital items such as qualifying allowance for loan losses and qualifying subordinated debt. Tier I capital plus Tier II capital components are referred to as Total Risk-Based Capital.



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### **Effect of Inflation and Changing Prices**

A bank's asset and liability structure is substantially different from that of an industrial firm in that primarily all assets and liabilities of a bank are monetary in nature, with relatively little investment in fixed assets or inventories. Inflation has an important effect on the growth of total assets and the resulting need to increase equity capital at higher than nominal rates in order to maintain an appropriate equity to assets ratio.

United's management believes the effect of inflation on financial results depends on United's ability to react to changes in interest rates and, by such reaction, reduce the inflationary effect on performance. United has an asset/liability management program to monitor and manage United's interest rate sensitivity position. In addition, periodic reviews of banking services and products are conducted to adjust pricing in view of current and expected costs.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk**

There have been no material changes in United's quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk as of March 31, 2012 from that presented in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The interest rate sensitivity position at March 31, 2012 is included in management's discussion and analysis on page 45 of this report.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

United's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, supervised and participated in an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2012. Based on, and as of the date of that evaluation, United's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective in accumulating and communicating information to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures of that information under the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that the disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in reports that are filed or submitted by United under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There were no significant changes in the internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

## **Part II. Other Information**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

In the ordinary course of operations, United and the Bank are defendants in various legal proceedings. In the opinion of management, there is no pending or threatened proceeding in which an adverse decision could result in a material adverse change in the consolidated financial condition or results of operations of United.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds** None

### **Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities** None

### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures** None

### **Item 5. Other Information** None

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**Item 6. Exhibits**

31.1	Certification by Jimmy C. Tallent, President and Chief Executive Officer of United Community Banks, Inc., as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification by Rex S. Schuette, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of United Community Banks, Inc., as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Report Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report on Form 10-Q, to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.  
(Registrant)**

By: */s/ Jimmy C. Tallent*  
Jimmy C. Tallent  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: */s/ Rex S. Schuette*  
Rex S. Schuette  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial  
Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

By: */s/ Alan H. Kumler*  
Alan H. Kumler  
Senior Vice President, Controller and Chief  
Accounting Officer  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: May 7, 2012