

NXP Semiconductors N.V.  
Form 6-K  
May 06, 2013  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 6-K**

**Report of Foreign Private Issuer**  
**Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16**  
**of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

May 6, 2013

**NXP Semiconductors N.V.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

**The Netherlands**

(Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

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**60 High Tech Campus, 5656 AG, Eindhoven, The Netherlands**

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F  Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T

Rule 101(b)(1). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T

Rule 101(b)(7). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes  No

Name and address of person authorized to receive notices

and communications from the Securities and Exchange Commission

Dr. Jean A.W. Schreurs

60 High Tech Campus

5656 AG Eindhoven The Netherlands

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This report contains the interim report of NXP Semiconductors N.V. for the period ended March 31, 2013, which shall be incorporated by reference into our shelf registration statement on Form F-3 filed on August 23, 2011 (File No. 333-176435) and any prospectus or prospectus supplement that form part thereof.

**Exhibits**

1. Interim report of NXP Semiconductors N.V. for the period ended March 31, 2013.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized at Eindhoven, on the 6<sup>th</sup> day of May 2013.

**NXP Semiconductors N.V.**

/s/ P. Kelly  
P. Kelly, CFO

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**NXP Semiconductors**

**INTERIM REPORT**

**NXP SEMICONDUCTORS N.V.**

**PERIOD ENDED**

**MARCH 31, 2013**

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Forward-looking statements

This document includes forward-looking statements which include statements regarding our business strategy, financial condition, results of operations, and market data, as well as any other statements which are not historical facts. By their nature, forward-looking statements are subject to numerous factors, risks and uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes and results to be materially different from those projected. These factors, risks and uncertainties include the following: market demand and semiconductor industry conditions, our ability to successfully introduce new technologies and products, the demand for the goods into which our products are incorporated, our ability to generate sufficient cash, raise sufficient capital or refinance our debt at or before maturity to meet both our debt service and research and development and capital investment requirements, our ability to accurately estimate demand and match our production capacity accordingly or obtain supplies from third-party producers, our access to production from third-party outsourcing partners, and any events that might affect their business or our relationship with them, our ability to secure adequate and timely supply of equipment and materials from suppliers, our ability to avoid operational problems and product defects and, if such issues were to arise, to rectify them quickly, our ability to form strategic partnerships and joint ventures and successfully cooperate with our alliance partners, our ability to win competitive bid selection processes to develop products for use in our customers' equipment and products, our ability to successfully establish a brand identity, our ability to successfully hire and retain key management and senior product architects; and, our ability to maintain good relationships with our suppliers. In addition, this document contains information concerning the semiconductor industry and our business segments generally, which is forward-looking in nature and is based on a variety of assumptions regarding the ways in which the semiconductor industry, our market segments and product areas will develop. We have based these assumptions on information currently available to us, if any one or more of these assumptions turn out to be incorrect, actual market results may differ from those predicted. While we do not know what impact any such differences may have on our business, if there are such differences, our future results of operations and financial condition, and the market price of the notes, could be materially adversely affected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak to results only as of the date the statements were made; and, except for any ongoing obligation to disclose material information as required by the United States federal securities laws, we do not have any intention or obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after we distribute this document, whether to reflect any future events or circumstances or otherwise. For a discussion of potential risks and uncertainties, please refer to the risk factors listed in our SEC filings. Copies of our filings are available from our Investor Relations department or from the SEC website, www.sec.gov.

Use of fair value measurements

In presenting the NXP Group's financial position, fair values are used for the measurement of various items in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. These fair values are based on market prices, where available, and are obtained from sources that we consider to be reliable. Users are cautioned that these values are subject to changes over time and are only valid as of the balance sheet date. When a readily determinable market value does not exist, we estimate fair values using valuation models which we believe are appropriate for their purpose. These require management to make significant assumptions with respect to future developments which are inherently uncertain and may therefore deviate from actual developments. In certain cases independent valuations are obtained to support management's determination of fair values.

Use of non-U.S. GAAP information

In presenting and discussing NXP's financial position, operating results and cash flows, management uses certain non-U.S. GAAP financial measures. These non-U.S. GAAP financial measures should not be viewed in isolation as alternatives to the equivalent U.S. GAAP measure(s) and should be used in conjunction with the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure(s).

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### **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*The following information should be read together with the consolidated condensed financial statements included elsewhere in this document. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements.*

### **Introduction**

#### *The Company*

Our legal name is NXP Semiconductors N.V. and our commercial name is NXP or NXP Semiconductors.

We are incorporated in the Netherlands as a Dutch public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootschap).

We are a holding company whose only material assets are the 100% ownership of the shares of NXP B.V., a Dutch private company with limited liability (*besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid*), which provides leading High-Performance Mixed-Signal and Standard Products solutions that leverages application insight and technology and manufacturing expertise in radio frequency, analog, power management, interface, security and digital processing products. NXP's product solutions are used in a wide range of automotive, identification, wireless infrastructure, lighting, industrial, mobile, consumer and computing applications.

Our corporate seat is in Eindhoven, the Netherlands. Our principal executive office is at High Tech Campus 60, 5656 AG Eindhoven, the Netherlands, and our telephone number is +31 40 2729233. Our registered agent in the United States is NXP Semiconductors USA, Inc., 411 East Plumeria Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, United States of America, phone number +1 408 518 5500.

#### *Business segments*

#### ***Realignment of Business Segments***

During the first quarter of 2013, we realigned several product lines to better reflect underlying market dynamics, product complexity and the management of the business. The changes described below to the Company's internal management reporting structure were evaluated under the criteria of ASC Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 280 Segment Reporting and the Company determined that its reportable segments remain unchanged:

Movement of product line General Purpose Logic (GPL) from segment HPMS (Portable & Computing) to segment SP and

Movement of product line NXP software from Corporate and Other to segment HPMS (Industrial & Infrastructure).

As a result of the above change to the composition of our operating and reportable segments, corresponding information for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

The Company is organized into three reportable segments in compliance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 280 Segment Reporting. We have two market-oriented business segments, High Performance Mixed Signal (HPMS) and Standard Products (SP), and one other reportable segment, Manufacturing Operations. Corporate and Other represents the remaining portion to reconcile to the consolidated financial statements.

Our HPMS business segment delivers high performance mixed signal solutions to our customers to satisfy their system and sub systems needs across eight application areas: automotive, identification, mobile, consumer, computing, wireless infrastructure, lighting and industrial, and software solutions for mobile phones.



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Our SP business segment offers standard products for use across many application markets, as well as application-specific standard products predominantly used in application areas such as mobile handsets, computing, consumer and automotive.

Our manufacturing operations are conducted through a combination of wholly owned manufacturing facilities, manufacturing facilities operated jointly with other semiconductor companies and third-party foundries and assembly and test subcontractors, which together form our Manufacturing Operations segment. While the main function of our Manufacturing Operations segment is to supply products to our HPMS and SP segments, revenue and costs in this segment are to a large extent derived from revenue of wafer foundry and packaging services to third parties and to our divested businesses in order to support their separation and, on a limited basis, their ongoing operations. As these divested businesses develop or acquire their own foundry and packaging capabilities, our revenue from these sources is expected to further decline.

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Corporate and Other is not a separate reporting segment because it does not meet the quantitative threshold criteria for being separately reported. Corporate and Other includes unallocated research expenses, corporate restructuring charges and other expenses not related to any specific business segment.

**Results of Operations**

The following table presents the composition of operating income (loss).

	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)		
Revenue	1,085	978
% nominal growth	10.9	(9.6)
Gross profit	483	424
Research and development	(153)	(148)
Selling, general and administrative	(222)	(222)
Other income (expense)	7	1
Operating income (loss)	115	55

**Revenue**

The following table presents revenue and revenue growth by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012. The growth percentages represent the nominal growth of revenue compared to the same period in the previous year.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013		Q1 2012	
	Revenue	Growth %	Revenue	Growth %
HPMS	776	20.1	646	(3.4)
SP	279	1.8	274	(13.8)
Manufacturing Operations	29	(49.1)	57	(38.0)
Corporate and Other	1		1	
Total	1,085	10.9	978	(9.6)

The revenue discussion below is qualitative in nature as it pertains to price, volume and mix analysis. Traditional price, volume and mix analysis is not practicable due to the diversity of our product lines and the rapid evolution of technology, including the frequent integration of additional functionality on a single integrated circuit.

*Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Revenue was \$1,085 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$978 million in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was primarily driven by growth in HPMS partly offset by a decline in revenue from our Manufacturing Operations segment.

Our HPMS segment experienced an increase in revenue of \$130 million to \$776 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$646 million in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was primarily driven by increased volumes associated with our banking and mobile transaction businesses within our Identification portfolio, and by our high speed interface business that also experienced increasing volumes in the first quarter of 2013.

Revenue for our SP segment increased by \$5 million to \$279 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$274 million in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was primarily due to slightly higher volumes in our small signal diode and integrated discrete businesses within our general applications portfolio. The volume increase was partly offset by competitive pricing pressure as the business continues to experience overcapacity in the market.

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Revenue from our Manufacturing Operations segment was \$29 million in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$57 million in the first quarter of 2012. The decline in revenue was primarily due to the expiration of contractual obligation to provide manufacturing

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services for previously divested businesses. As these businesses develop or acquire their own foundry and packaging capabilities, our revenue from these sources is expected to further decline.

**Gross Profit**

The following table presents gross profit by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013		Q1 2012	
	Gross profit	% of segment revenue	Gross profit	% of segment revenue
HPMS	417	53.7	347	53.7
SP	70	25.1	81	29.6
Manufacturing Operations	(5)	(17.2)	(7)	(12.3)
Corporate and Other	1		3	
<b>Total</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>43.4</b>

*Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Gross profit in the first quarter of 2013 increased \$59 million to \$483 million, or 44.5% of revenue, compared to \$424 million, or 43.4% of revenue in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was mainly driven by higher revenue in the HPMS segment, partly offset by a more competitive pricing. Our gross profit as a percentage of our revenue was impacted by the dilutive effect of product sales at cost to divested businesses by our Manufacturing Operations.

Our HPMS segment had a gross profit of \$417 million or 53.7% of revenue in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$347 million or 53.7% in the first quarter of 2012. The improvement in gross profit is mainly attributed to higher volumes in the segment; this was partly offset by price declines and higher cost for restructuring.

In our SP segment, we had a gross profit of \$70 million or 25.1% of revenue in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$81 million or 29.6% of revenue in the first quarter of 2012. The decrease in gross profit was mainly attributed to poorer product mix and a tougher price environment.

**Operating expenses**

The following table presents operating expenses by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013		Q1 2012	
	Operating expenses	% of segment revenue	Operating expenses	% of segment revenue
HPMS	294	37.9	284	44.0
SP	63	22.6	63	23.0
Manufacturing Operations	4	13.8	4	7.0
Corporate and Other	14		19	
<b>Total</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>34.6</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>37.8</b>

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The following table below presents the composition of operating expenses by line item in the statement of operations.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
Research and development	153	148
Selling, general and administrative	222	222
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>370</b>

*Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Operating expenses amounted to \$375 million, or 34.6% of revenue in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$370 million or 37.8% of revenue in the first quarter of 2012. The increase primarily relates to increased salary and benefits cost within our HPMS segment specifically within our Identification business to support its revenue growth. This increase was partly offset by the absence of \$5 million operating expenses associated with our high speed data converter business that was sold during 2012.

In our HPMS segment operating expenses amounted to \$294 million or 37.9% of revenue in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$284 million or 44.0% of revenue in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was driven by higher salary and benefits cost related to R&D activities in our Automotive and Identification businesses and for SG&A activities in our Identification business. We also experienced increased costs for external consultants within our Identification business and higher costs related to stock based compensation of \$4 million for our HPMS segment. These increases were partly offset by the absence of \$5 million operating expenses after selling our high speed data converter business during 2012.

Operating expenses in our SP segment were \$63 million or 22.6% of revenue in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$63 million or 23.0% of revenue in the first quarter of 2012.

Operating expenses in our Manufacturing Operations segment amounted to \$4 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$4 million in the first quarter of 2012 and was mainly related to PPA effects in both years.

Operating expenses in Corporate and Other were \$14 million compared to \$19 million in the first quarter of 2012. The decrease was primarily due to lower restructuring costs of \$4 million.

**Other income (expense)**

The following table presents other income (expense) for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
Other income (expense)	7	1

*Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Other income (expense) reflects income of \$7 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to income of \$1 million in the first quarter of 2012, primarily due to a \$5 million benefit associated with the final settlement of a post-closing adjustment of a divestment.

**Table of Contents****Operating income (loss)**

The following table presents operating income (loss) by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013		Q1 2012	
	Operating income (loss)	% of segment revenue	Operating income (loss)	% of segment revenue
HPMS	123	15.9	63	9.8
SP	7	2.5	18	6.6
Manufacturing Operations	(7)	(24.1)	(10)	(17.5)
Corporate and Other	(8)		(16)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>5.6</b>

The table below depicts the PPA effects for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012 per line item in the statement of operations.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
Gross profit	(3)	(5)
Selling, general and administrative	(64)	(64)
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	<b>(67)</b>	<b>(69)</b>

PPA effects reflect the amortization in the period related to fair value adjustments resulting from acquisition accounting and other acquisition adjustments charged to the income statement applied to the formation of NXP on September 29, 2006 and all subsequent acquisitions. The PPA effect on the Company's gross profit refers to additional depreciation charges on tangible fixed assets, resulting from the step-up in fair values. The amortization charges related to long-lived intangible assets are reflected in general and administrative expenses.

The table below summarizes the PPA effects for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012 on operating income (loss) by segment.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
HPMS	(46)	(48)
SP	(15)	(15)
Manufacturing Operations	(6)	(6)
Corporate and Other		
<b>Total</b>	<b>(67)</b>	<b>(69)</b>

**Table of Contents****Net income (loss)**

The following table presents the composition of net income.

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
Operating income (loss)	115	55
Financial income (expense)	(152)	(73)
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	(11)	5
Result equity-accounted investees	47	1
Discontinued operations		1
Net income (loss)	(1)	(11)

The following table presents the details of financial income and expenses.

**Financial income (expense)**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q1 2013	Q1 2012
Interest income	1	1
Interest expense	(50)	(77)
Foreign exchange results	(53)	53
Extinguishment of debt	(37)	(36)
Other	(13)	(14)
Total	(152)	(73)

*Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Financial income (expense) (including the extinguishment of debt) was an expense of \$152 million in the first quarter of 2013, compared to an expense of \$73 million in the first quarter of 2012. Extinguishment of debt in 2013 amounted to a loss of \$37 million compared to a loss of \$36 million in the first quarter of 2012. During the first three months of 2013 financial income (expense) included a loss of \$53 million as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates mainly applicable to re-measurement of our U.S. dollar-denominated notes and short term loans, which reside in a euro functional currency entity, compared to a gain of \$53 million in the first three months of 2012. The net interest expense amounted to \$49 million in the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$76 million in the first quarter of 2012. The decrease in net interest expense is mainly due to lower average debt balances outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to the three months ended April 1, 2012.

**Benefit (provision) for income taxes***Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

The effective income tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012 were (29.7%) and 27.8%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 differed from the Netherlands statutory rate primarily due to losses recorded in jurisdictions where a valuation allowance was recorded and certain non-tax deductible expenditure, offset by the effect of tax incentives in certain jurisdictions. The effective tax rate for the three months ended April 1, 2012 differed from the statutory rate in the Netherlands primarily due to losses recorded in jurisdictions with a full valuation allowance compensated by the impact of an extended tax holiday in one of our jurisdictions.





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Results relating to the equity accounted investees amounted to a gain of \$47 million for the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$1 million in the first quarter of 2012. The gain in the first quarter of 2013 primarily reflects a \$46 million release of a legal provision following a favorable decision in an outstanding legal dispute.

**Income (Loss) on Discontinued Operations***Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

There were no results in the first quarter of 2013 related to income (loss) on discontinued operations compared to \$1 million of income recognized in the first quarter of 2012 related to our previously divested Sound Solution business.

**Non-controlling interests***Q1 2013 compared to Q1 2012*

Non-controlling interests are related to the third party share in the results of consolidated companies, predominantly SSMC. Their share of non-controlling interests amounted to a profit of \$13 million in the first quarter of 2013, compared to a profit of \$13 million in the first quarter of 2012.

**Employees**

The following tables provide an overview of the number of full-time employees per segment and geographic area at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

(number of full-time employees)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
HPMS	3,086	3,065
SP	1,980	1,960
Manufacturing Operations	16,706	16,490
Corporate and Other	3,543	3,843
<b>Total</b>	<b>25,315</b>	<b>25,358</b>

(number of full-time employees)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Europe and Africa	6,863	6,957
Americas	523	552
Greater China	6,982	7,243
Asia Pacific	10,947	10,606
<b>Total</b>	<b>25,315</b>	<b>25,358</b>

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### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At the end of the first quarter of 2013, our cash balance was \$595 million. Taking into account the undrawn amount of the Secured Revolving Credit Facility, we had access to \$1,257 million of liquidity as of March 31, 2013. Since December 31, 2012 our cash balance decreased by \$22 million.

Capital expenditures increased in the first quarter of 2013 to \$41 million from \$39 million in the first quarter of 2012.

At March 31, 2013, our cash balance was \$595 million, of which \$327 million was held by SSMC, our consolidated joint venture company with TSMC. Under the terms of our joint venture agreement with TSMC, a portion of this cash can be distributed by way of a dividend to us, but 38.8% of the dividend will be paid to our joint venture partner. During the first quarter of 2013, no dividend has been distributed by SSMC.

Since December 2012, our total debt has decreased from \$3,492 million to \$3,440 million as of March 31, 2013. Several cash buybacks and debt redemptions partially offset by the issuance of new senior unsecured notes resulted in a total debt reduction of \$52 million.

The total amount of cash used for financing activities amounted to \$90 million. We repurchased the Term Loan 2017 for a principal amount of \$494 million and repurchased the Term Loan 2019 for a principal amount of \$471 million. We also reduced the amount outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility by \$100 million. This has been financed with \$500 million aggregate principal amount Senior Unsecured Notes 2021 and \$500 million aggregate principal amount Senior Unsecured Notes 2023.

At the end of the first quarter 2013, we had a capacity of \$662 million remaining under the Secured Revolving Credit Facility, net of outstanding bank guarantees, based on the end of quarter exchange rate. The amount of this availability varies with fluctuations between the euro and the U.S. dollar as the total amount of the facility, 620 million, is denominated in euro and the amounts drawn are denominated in U.S. dollars.

### ***Cash Flow from Operating Activities***

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$119 million and \$97 million for the first three months of 2013 and 2012, respectively. The improvement was primarily due to an increase in operating income and lower accounts payable and accrued liabilities partially offset by higher working capital requirements for inventories and receivables.

Net cash interest payments were \$54 million in the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$115 million in the first quarter of 2012. Various capital markets transactions resulted in an improved debt maturity profile, which resulted in lower interest coupons and contributed to lower cash interest payments in the first quarter of 2013.

### **Cash Flow from Investing Activities**

Net cash used for investing activities amounted to \$43 million in first three months of 2013, compared to net cash used of \$45 million in the first three months of 2012. The decrease in cash used for investing activities was primarily due to the absence of proceeds from the disposals of property, plant and equipments of \$2 million in the first quarter of 2012 and lower purchases of identified intangible assets of \$1 million partially offset by higher capital expenditures of \$2 million.

### **Cash Flow from Financing Activities**

Net cash used for financing activities in first quarter of 2013 was \$90 million compared to \$28 million in the first quarter of 2012. Cash flows related to financing transactions in the first quarters of 2013 and 2012 are primarily related to the financing activities described below under the captions *YTD 2013 Financing Activities* and *YTD 2012 Financing Activities*, respectively. In addition to the financing activities described below, the increase in net cash used for financing activities resulted from higher repayments under the revolving credit facility of \$280 million, lower amounts drawn under the revolving credit facility of \$150 million and higher treasury share repurchases of \$35 million partially offset by increased cash proceeds from the exercise of stock options of \$38 million.

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### **YTD 2013 Financing Activities**

#### *Senior Unsecured Notes 2021*

On February 14, 2013 our subsidiary, NXP B.V. together with NXP Funding LLC entered into a \$500 million aggregate principal amount Senior Unsecured notes due February 15, 2021. The Notes were issued at par and were recorded at their fair value of \$500 million on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. On March 4, 2013, the net proceeds of \$495 million together with approximately \$14 million of cash on hand were used to fully repay \$494 million principal amount Senior Secured Term Loan Facility due April 3, 2017, as well as pay related call premiums of \$10 million and accrued interest of \$5 million.

#### *Senior Unsecured Notes 2023*

On March 5, 2013 our subsidiary, NXP B.V. together with NXP Funding LLC entered into a \$500 million aggregate principal amount Senior Unsecured notes due March 15, 2023. The Notes were issued at par and were recorded at their fair value of \$500 million on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. On March 12, 2013, the net proceeds of \$495 million were used to fully repay the \$471 million principal amount Senior Secured Term Loan Facility due March 19, 2019, as well as pay related call premiums of \$5 million and accrued interest of \$5 million with the balance of \$14 million used for general corporate purposes.

### **YTD 2012 Financing Activities**

#### *2019 Term Loan*

On February 16, 2012, our subsidiary, NXP B.V. together with NXP Funding LLC entered into a new \$475 million aggregate principal amount Senior Secured Term Loan Facility due March 19, 2019. The Term Loan was issued with an original issue discount at 98.5% of par and was recorded at its fair value of \$468 million on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. The net proceeds of this issuance, together with a \$330 million draw-down under our existing Revolving Credit Facility and approximately \$52 million of cash on hand, were used to redeem \$510 million of the U.S. dollar-denominated 9 1/2% Senior Notes due October 2015, 203 million of the euro-denominated 8 5/8% Senior Notes due October 2015, and pay related call premiums of \$36 million and accrued interest of \$31 million.

### **Contractual Obligations**

No material changes in our contractual obligations occurred since December 2012, other than in relation to the Senior Unsecured Notes 2021 and the Senior Unsecured Notes 2023 issued in the first quarter of 2013.

### **Off-balance Sheet Arrangements**

At the end of the first quarter of 2013, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements other than operating leases and other commitments resulting from normal business operations.

Eindhoven, May 6, 2013

*Board of directors*

**Table of Contents****Condensed consolidated statements of operations of NXP Semiconductors N.V. (unaudited)**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
Revenue	1,085	978
Cost of revenue	(602)	(554)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>483</b>	424
Research and development	(153)	(148)
Selling, general and administrative	(222)	(222)
Other income (expense)	7	1
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	<b>115</b>	55
Financial income (expense):		
Extinguishment of debt	(37)	(36)
Other financial income (expense)	(115)	(37)
<b>Income (loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>(37)</b>	(18)
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	(11)	5
Results relating to equity-accounted investees	47	1
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>(1)</b>	(12)
Income (loss) on discontinued operations, net of tax		1
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	(11)
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling Interests	13	13
Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders	(14)	(24)
<b>Earnings per share data:</b>		
<i>Basic and diluted earnings per common share attributable to Stockholders in \$</i>		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(0.06)	(0.10)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		
Net income (loss)	(0.06)	(0.10)
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period (in thousands):		
- Basic and diluted	249,668	247,979

The accompanying notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements

**Table of Contents****Condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income of NXP Semiconductors N.V. (unaudited)**

	For the three months ended	
	March 31,	April
(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	2013	1, 2012
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(11)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:</b>		
Net investment hedge, net of deferred taxes of \$0 and \$0	<b>(52)</b>	53
Changes in fair value cash flow hedges	<b>1</b>	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	<b>20</b>	(17)
Net actuarial gain (loss), net of deferred taxes of \$0 and \$0	<b>1</b>	
Reclassification adjustments:		
Net investment hedge		
Changes in fair value cash flow hedges		
Foreign currency translation adjustments		
Amortization of net actuarial gain (loss)		
<b>Total other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>(30)</b>	36
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>(31)</b>	25
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>13</b>	13
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to stockholders</b>	<b>(44)</b>	12

The accompanying notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements

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**Table of Contents****Condensed consolidated balance sheets of NXP Semiconductors N.V. (unaudited)**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	595	617
Receivables, net	512	510
Assets held for sale	10	10
Inventories, net	730	715
Deferred tax assets	10	12
Other current assets	99	90
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,956</b>	<b>1,954</b>
<b>Non-current assets:</b>		
Investments in equity-accounted investees	46	45
Other non-current assets	131	128
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,075 and \$1,033	1,039	1,070
Identified intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,682 and \$1,646	888	965
Goodwill	2,221	2,227
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>4,325</b>	<b>4,485</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>6,281</b>	<b>6,439</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable	513	562
Restructuring liabilities-current	126	138
Accrued liabilities	473	489
Short-term debt	291	307
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>1,403</b>	<b>1,496</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities:</b>		
Long-term debt	3,149	3,185
Pension and postretirement benefits	265	269
Restructuring liabilities	27	32
Other non-current liabilities	162	173
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>3,603</b>	<b>3,659</b>
<b>Equity:</b>		
Non-controlling interests	248	235
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Common stock, par value 0.20 per share:		
- Authorized: 430,503,000 shares (2012: 430,503,000 shares)		
- Issued and fully paid: 251,751,500 shares (2012: 251,751,500 shares)	51	51
Capital in excess of par value	6,108	6,090
Treasury shares, at cost:		
- 1,703,528 shares (2012: 2,726,000 shares)	(50)	(58)
Accumulated deficit	(5,352)	(5,334)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	270	300
<b>Total Stockholders' equity</b>	<b>1,027</b>	<b>1,049</b>
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1,275</b>	<b>1,284</b>

**Total liabilities and equity**

**6,281**

6,439

The accompanying notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements

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**Table of Contents****Condensed consolidated statements of cash flows of NXP Semiconductors N.V. (unaudited)**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
<i>Cash flows from operating activities:</i>		
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(11)</b>
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(1)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	132	134
Stock-based compensation	17	9
Net (gain) loss on sale of assets	(1)	
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	37	36
Results relating to equity-accounted investees	(47)	(1)
<i>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</i>		
(Increase) decrease in receivables and other current assets	(23)	30
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(20)	12
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(28)	(70)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets	2	5
Exchange differences	53	(53)
Other items	(2)	7
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>97</b>
<i>Cash flows from investing activities:</i>		
Purchase of identified intangible assets	(6)	(7)
Capital expenditures on property, plant and equipment	(41)	(39)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	2	
Decrease (increase) in non-current assets and deposits	2	1
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities</b>	<b>(43)</b>	<b>(45)</b>
<i>Cash flows from financing activities:</i>		
Net (repayments) borrowings of short-term debt	(1)	(5)
Amounts drawn under the revolving credit facility	180	330
Repayments under the revolving credit facility	(280)	
Repurchase of long-term debt	(980)	(815)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(4)	(4)
Net proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	990	464
Cash proceeds from exercise of stock options	40	2
Purchase of treasury shares	(35)	
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities</b>	<b>(90)</b>	<b>(28)</b>
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash positions	(8)	15
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(22)	39
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	617	743
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>782</b>

The accompanying notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements



**Table of Contents****Condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity of NXP Semiconductors N.V. (unaudited)**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Outstanding number of shares (in thousands)	Common stock	Capital in excess of par value	Treasury shares at cost	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated	Total stockholders equity	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
						other comprehensive income (loss)			
Balance as of December 31, 2012	249,026	51	6,090	(58)	(5,334)	300	1,049	235	1,284
Net income (loss)					(14)		(14)	13	(1)
Other comprehensive income						(30)	(30)		(30)
Share-based compensation plans			17				17		17
Treasury shares	(1,116)			(35)			(35)		(35)
Shares issued pursuant to stock awards	2,138		1	43	(4)		40		40
<b>Balance as of March 31, 2013</b>	<b>250,048</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>6,108</b>	<b>(50)</b>	<b>(5,352)</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>1,027</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>1,275</b>

The accompanying notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements

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**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**OF NXP SEMICONDUCTORS N.V.**

1 Basis of Presentation

NXP Semiconductors N.V. and its subsidiaries are referred to herein collectively as NXP, Company, we, us, and our, unless the context indicates otherwise. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of NXP and its subsidiaries after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions.

We have prepared these statements without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012 has been derived from audited financial statements. To prepare the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain information and note disclosures, normally included in comprehensive financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations of the SEC. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our latest annual report on Form 20-F.

In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (which consist only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of NXP and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013, the consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income and the cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012, and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

Under the direction of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that (i) our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2013, and (ii) no change in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2013, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting.

***Realignment of Business Segments***

During the first quarter of 2013, we realigned several product lines to better reflect underlying market dynamics, product complexity and the management of the business. The changes described below to the Company's internal management reporting structure were evaluated under the criteria of ASC Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 280 Segment Reporting and the Company determined that its reportable segments remain unchanged:

Movement of product line General Purpose Logic (GPL) from segment HPMS (Portable & Computing) to segment SP and

Movement of product line NXP software from Corporate and Other to segment HPMS (Industrial & Infrastructure).

As a result of the above change to the composition of our operating and reportable segments, corresponding information for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

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### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### ***Principles for consolidated financial statements***

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company together with its consolidated subsidiaries and all entities in which the Company holds a direct or indirect controlling interest, in such a way that the Company would have the power to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb the losses or the right to receive benefits of the entity that could be potentially significant to the Company.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Net income (loss) includes the portion of the earnings of subsidiaries applicable to non-controlling interests. The income (loss) and equity attributable to non-controlling interests are disclosed separately in the consolidated statements of operations and in the consolidated balance sheets under non-controlling interests.

#### ***Share-based compensation***

NXP has share-based payment plans under which its employees receive options and other share-based awards. The plans provide for the granting of stock options, performance share units, restricted stock units and equity rights. All plans are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718 Compensation, Stock Compensation at the estimated fair value of the equity instruments measured at the grant date. For grants issued up to August 2010, the Company used a binomial option-pricing model to determine the estimated fair value for options and determined the fair value of equity rights on the basis of the estimated fair value of the Company, using a discounted cash flow technique. For option grants issued since August 2010, the Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton method and determined the fair value of equity awards with a market condition using a Monte Carlo simulation approach. NXP stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to 100% of the market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant, generally have ten-year contractual terms, and vest ratably over four years from date of grant. NXP has also granted performance share units and restricted stock units at no cost to the employee that vest, subject to the relevant performance and service conditions being met, ratably over a three year period. In addition, NXP has granted equity awards that vest based on a combination of a required service period and satisfaction of meeting a market condition. These awards vest over a one-year or three-year period from the date of grant if the market condition has been met at that time. If the market condition has not been met, the awards will lapse and any compensation cost previously recognized will not be reversed. The estimated fair value of equity instruments is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period on a straight-line basis taking into account estimated forfeitures. For performance share units and awards subject to a market condition the recognition of cost is based on graded vesting of the performance share units.

#### ***Treasury shares***

In connection with the Company's share repurchase programs, which commenced in 2011, and in accordance with the Company's policy to provide share awards from its treasury share inventory, shares which have been repurchased and are held in treasury for delivery upon exercise of options and under restricted share programs, are accounted for as a reduction of stockholders' equity. Treasury shares are recorded at cost, representing the market price on the acquisition date. When issued, shares are removed from treasury shares on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Differences between the cost and the proceeds received when treasury shares are reissued are recorded in capital in excess of par value. Deficiencies in excess of net gains arising from previous treasury share issuances are charged to retained earnings.

#### ***Accounting standards adopted in 2013***

The FASB issued several pronouncements which were adopted by the Company in 2013 as follows.

##### **ASU No. 2011-11 Balance Sheet (Topic 210). Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities**

ASU 2011-11 was issued by the FASB in December 2011 with an effective date for NXP of January 1, 2013. It requires retrospective application to prior periods reported.

The ASU primarily requires more extensive disclosures about financial assets and financial liabilities that have been offset in the statement of financial position or that were allowed to be offset but for which the Company made an accounting policy



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choice not to offset. The disclosures are either by type of financial asset and financial liability or by counterparty. The offsetting conditions were not changed by the ASU. The ASU has no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

**ASU No. 2012-04 Technical Corrections and Improvements**

The amendments in this Update make technical corrections, clarifications and limited-scope improvements to various Topics throughout the Codification with an effective date for NXP of January 1, 2013. The ASU has no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

**ASU No. 2013-01 Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities**

ASU 2013-01 was issued by the FASB in January 2013 with an effective date for NXP of January 1, 2013. It clarifies the scope of the offsetting disclosure requirements in ASU 2011-11. The ASU has no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

**ASU No. 2013-02 Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income**

On February 5, 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02 which requires entities to disclose the following additional information about items reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI):

Changes in AOCI balances by component (e.g., unrealized gains or losses on available-for-sale securities or foreign-currency items). Both before-tax and net-of-tax presentations of the information are acceptable as long as an entity presents the income tax benefit or expense attributed to each component of OCI and reclassification adjustments in either the financial statements or the notes to the financial statements.

Significant items reclassified out of AOCI by component either on the face of the income statement or as a separate footnote to the financial statements.

The ASU did not change current U.S. GAAP requirements for condensed financial statement reporting of comprehensive income. However, public entities will need to include information about (1) changes in AOCI balances by component and (2) significant items reclassified out of AOCI in their interim reporting periods. The effective date for NXP was January 1, 2013. The amendments in the ASU should be applied prospectively. The ASU will have an impact on the Company's financial statements because of the additional disclosure requirements.

***Recently issued accounting standards***

**ASU No. 2013-05 Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity**

On March 4, 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-05, which indicates that the entire amount of a cumulative translation adjustment (CTA) related to an entity's investment in a foreign entity should be released when there has been a:

Sale of a subsidiary or group of net assets within a foreign entity and the sale represents the substantially complete liquidation of the investment in the foreign entity.

Loss of a controlling financial interest in an investment in a foreign entity (i.e., the foreign entity is deconsolidated).

Step acquisition for a foreign entity (i.e., when an entity has changed from applying the equity method for an investment in a foreign entity to consolidating the foreign entity).

The ASU does not change the requirement to release a pro rata portion of the CTA of the foreign entity into earnings for a partial sale of an equity method investment in a foreign entity. The effective date for NXP is January 1, 2014. The ASU should be applied prospectively. The impact on the Company's financial statements can be significant.

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## 3 Supplemental Financial Information

*Statement of Operations Information***Earnings per share**

The computation of earnings per share (EPS) is presented in the following table:

	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(1)	(12)
Less: net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	13	13
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to stockholders	(14)	(25)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to stockholders		1
Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders	(14)	(24)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (after deduction of treasury shares) - in thousands -		
Basic and diluted <sup>1)</sup>	249,668	247,979
<i>Basic and diluted EPS attributable to stockholders in \$:</i>		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(0.06)	(0.10)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		
Net income (loss)	(0.06)	(0.10)

1) In Q1 2013, 31,437,667 securities (Q1 2012: 27,932,975 securities) that could potentially dilute basic EPS were excluded in the computation of dilutive EPS, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive for the period presented.

*Balance Sheet Information***Inventories**

Inventories are summarized as follows:

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Raw materials	67	70
Work in process	535	515
Finished goods	128	130
	730	715

The portion of finished goods stored at customer locations under consignment amounted to \$18 million as of March 31, 2013 (December 31, 2012: \$20 million).

The amounts recorded above are net of allowance for obsolescence, totaling \$56 million as of March 31, 2013 (December 31, 2012: \$61 million).

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**Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax**

Total comprehensive income (loss) represents net income (loss) plus the results of certain equity changes not reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and their corresponding changes are shown below:

	Net investment hedge	Cash flow hedges	Currency translation differences	Net actuarial gain/ (losses)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)
As of December 31, 2012	(185)		514	(29)	300
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(52)	1	20	1	(30)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income					
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(52)	1	20	1	(30)
As of March 31, 2013	(237)	1	534	(28)	270

**Cash Flow Information**

	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
<i>Supplement disclosures to the condensed consolidated cash flows</i>		
<b>Net cash paid during the period for:</b>		
Interest	54	115
Income taxes	7	4
<b>Net gain (loss) on sale of assets:</b>		
Cash proceeds from (consideration related to) the sale of assets	4	1
Book value of these assets	(3)	(1)
	1	
<b>Other items:</b>		
Other items consist of the following non-cash elements in income:		
Non-cash interest cost due to applying effective interest method	1	7
Others	(3)	
	(2)	7

**4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities**

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value and carrying amount of our financial instruments measured on a recurring basis:

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Fair value hierarchy <sup>1)</sup>	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
		Carrying amount	Estimated fair value	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value
<b>Assets;</b>					

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Other financial assets	2	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	18	18
Derivative instruments assets	2	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	1	1
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Short-term debt	2	<b>41</b>	<b>41</b>	42	42
Short-term debt (bonds)	1	<b>250</b>	<b>251</b>	265	267
Long-term debt (bonds)	1	<b>2,397</b>	<b>2,512</b>	2,332	2,453
Long-term debt (bonds) <sup>2)</sup>	2	<b>609</b>	<b>626</b>	608	635
Other long-term debt	2	<b>143</b>	<b>143</b>	245	245
Derivative instruments liabilities	2	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	2	2

<sup>1)</sup> Transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy are recognized when a change in circumstances would require it. There were no transfers during the reporting periods presented in the table above.

<sup>2)</sup> Represent bonds which are privately held (floating rate secured notes 2016).

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The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

**Other financial assets**

For other financial assets, the fair value is based upon significant other observable inputs depending on the nature of the other financial asset.

**Debt**

The fair value is estimated on the basis of the quoted market prices for certain issues, or on the basis of discounted cash flow analyses based upon the incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements with comparable terms and maturities. Accrued interest is included under accounts payable and not within the carrying amount or estimated fair value of debt.

**Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis**

We measure and record our non-marketable equity investments (non-marketable equity method and cost method investments) and non-financial assets, such as intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, at fair value when an impairment charge is required.

5 Debt

**Short-term debt**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Bank borrowings	35	36
Current portion of long-term debt	256	271
<b>Total</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>307</b>

At March 31, 2013, other short-term bank borrowings of \$35 million (at December 31, 2012: \$36 million) consisted of a local bank borrowing by our Chinese subsidiary.

**Long-term debt**

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Range of interest rates	Average rate of interest	Amount outstanding March 31, 2013	Due within 1 yr	Due after Q1, 2014	Due after Q1, 2018	Average remaining term (in years)	Amount outstanding December 31, 2012
EUR notes	2.9%	2.9%	182	182			0.5	187
USD notes	3.1%-9.8%	5.9%	3,074	68	3,006	1,894	6.1	3,018
Revolving Credit Facility	2.7%	2.7%	130		130		3.9	230
Bank borrowings	2.0%	2.0%	4		4		1.5	5
Liabilities arising from capital lease transactions	2.6%-13.8%	5.8%	15	6	9		1.9	16
		5.6%	3,405	256	3,149	1,894	5.7	3,456

During the first three months ended March 31, 2013, the book value of our long-term debt, excluding the current portion of long-term debt classified within short-term debt, decreased by \$36 million to \$3,149 million, mainly due to the full repayment of Term Loan 2017 and the full repayment of Term Loan 2019 and partial repayments on the Revolving Credit Facility offset in part by issuance of a new Senior Unsecured Notes 2021 and issuance of a new Senior Unsecured Notes 2023. The Super Priority Notes, outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and due within

one year are classified within short-term debt.

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### ***Euro notes***

The Euro note outstanding as of the end of March 31, 2013 consists of the following:

- a 142 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured notes due 2013 with an interest rate of three month EURIBOR plus 2.75%.

### ***U.S. dollar-denominated notes***

The U.S. dollar-denominated notes consist of the following:

- a \$58 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured notes due 2013 with an interest rate of three month LIBOR plus 2.75%; and

- a \$616 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured notes due 2016 with an interest rate of three month LIBOR plus 5.5%; and

- a \$490 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured term loan due 2017 with an interest rate of LIBOR plus 3.25% with a floor of 1.25%; and

- a \$422 million aggregate principal amount of 9.75% senior secured notes due 2018; and

- a \$499 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured term loan due 2020 with an interest rate of LIBOR plus 3.50% with a floor of 1.25%; and

- a \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due 2021; and

- a \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due 2023.

### ***Certain terms and Covenants of the Euro and U.S. dollar-denominated notes***

The Company is not required to make mandatory redemption payments or sinking fund payments with respect to the notes. With respect to the Term Loans, the Company is required to repay \$10 million annually (\$5 million per Term Loan).

The indentures governing the notes contain covenants that, among other things, limit the Company's ability and that of restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, create liens, pay dividends, redeem capital stock or make certain other restricted payments or investments; enter into agreements that restrict dividends from restricted subsidiaries; sell assets, including capital stock of restricted subsidiaries; engage in transactions with affiliates; and effect a consolidation or merger.

Certain portions of long-term and short-term debt as of March 31, 2013 in the principal amount of \$2,397 million (December 31, 2012: \$3,470 million) have been secured by collateral on substantially all of the Company's assets and of certain of its subsidiaries.

The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed jointly and severally, on a senior basis by certain of the Company's current and future material wholly owned subsidiaries (Guarantors).

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Pursuant to various security documents related to the above mentioned secured notes and the \$795 million (denominated 620 million) committed revolving credit facility, the Company and each Guarantor has granted first priority liens and security interests in, amongst others, the following, subject to the grant of further permitted collateral liens:

- (a) all present and future shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) each of its present and future direct subsidiaries, other than SMST Unterstützungskasse GmbH, and material joint venture entities;
- (b) all present and future intercompany debt of the Company and each Guarantor;
- (c) all of the present and future property and assets, real and personal, of the Company, and each Guarantor, including, but not limited to, machinery and equipment, inventory and other goods, accounts receivable, owned real estate, leaseholds, fixtures, general intangibles, license rights, patents, trademarks, trade names, copyrights, chattel paper, insurance proceeds, contract rights, hedge agreements, documents, instruments, indemnification rights, tax refunds, but excluding cash and bank accounts; and
- (d) all proceeds and products of the property and assets described above.

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Notwithstanding the foregoing, certain assets may not be pledged (or the liens not perfected) in accordance with agreed security principles, including:

if the cost of providing security is not proportionate to the benefit accruing to the holders; and

if providing such security requires consent of a third party and such consent cannot be obtained after the use of commercially reasonable efforts; and

if providing such security would be prohibited by applicable law, general statutory limitations, financial assistance, corporate benefit, fraudulent preference, thin capitalization rules or similar matters or providing security would be outside the applicable pledgor's capacity or conflict with fiduciary duties of directors or cause material risk of personal or criminal liability after using commercially reasonable efforts to overcome such obstacles; and

if providing such security would have a material adverse effect (as reasonably determined in good faith by such subsidiary) on the ability of such subsidiary to conduct its operations and business in the ordinary course as otherwise permitted by the indenture; and

if providing such security or perfecting liens thereon would require giving notice (i) in the case of receivables security, to customers or (ii) in the case of bank accounts, to the banks with whom the accounts are maintained. Such notice will only be provided after the secured notes are accelerated.

Subject to agreed security principles, if material property is acquired by the Company or a Guarantor that is not automatically subject to a perfected security interest under the security documents, then the Company or relevant Guarantor will within 60 days provide security over this property and deliver certain certificates and opinions in respect thereof as specified in the indenture governing the notes.

**6 Interest Rate Risk**

The Company has significant outstanding debt, which creates an inherent interest rate risk. Through a combination of several private and open market transactions since 2009, the Company's long-term debt profile has been improved. During the first three months ended March 31, 2013, long-term debt has been reduced to \$3,149 million.

The following table summarizes the outstanding notes as of March 31, 2013:

	Principal amount <sup>*)</sup>	Fixed/ floating	Current coupon rate	Maturity date
Senior Secured Notes	\$ 422	Fixed	9.75%	2018
Senior Unsecured Notes	\$ 500	Fixed	5.75%	2021
Senior Unsecured Notes	\$ 500	Fixed	5.75%	2023
Senior Secured Notes	\$ 616	Floating	5.79%	2016
Senior Secured Notes	142	Floating	2.95%	2013
Senior Secured Notes	\$ 58	Floating	3.05%	2013
Term Loan	\$ 490	Floating	4.5%	2017
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 130	Floating	2.7%	2017
Term Loan	\$ 499	Floating	4.75%	2020

\* amount in millions

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A sensitivity analysis in relation to our long-term debt shows that if interest rates were to increase by 1% from the level of March 31, 2013 with all other variables held constant, the annualized interest expense would increase by \$10 million. If interest rates were to decrease by 1% from the level of March 31, 2013 with all other variables held constant, the annualized interest expense would decrease by \$3 million. This impact is based on the outstanding debt position as of March 31, 2013.

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7 Litigation

We are regularly involved as plaintiffs or defendants in claims and litigation relating to matters such as commercial transactions and intellectual property rights. In addition, our divestments sometimes result in, or are followed by, claims or litigation by either party. From time to time, we also are subject to alleged patent infringement claims. We rigorously defend ourselves against these alleged patent infringement claims, and we rarely participate in settlement discussions. Although the ultimate disposition of asserted claims and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, it is our belief that the outcome of any such claims, either individually or on a combined basis, will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position. However, such outcomes may be material to our consolidated statement of operations for a particular period.

With the support from its in-house and outside counsel and based on its best estimate, the Company records an accrual for any claim that arises whenever it considers that it is probable that it is exposed to a loss contingency and the amount of the loss contingency can be reasonably estimated. Based on the most current information available to it and based on its best estimate, the Company also reevaluates at least on a quarterly basis the claims that have arisen to determine whether any new accruals need to be made or whether any accruals made need to be adjusted.

Based on the procedures described above, the Company has an aggregate amount of approximately \$9 million accrued for legal proceedings pending as of March 31, 2013, compared to approximately \$59 million as of December 31, 2012. There can be no assurance that the Company's accruals will be sufficient to cover the extent of its potential exposure to losses. Historically, legal actions have not had a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

Set forth below are descriptions of our most important legal proceedings pending as of March 31, 2013, for which the related loss contingency is either probable or reasonably possible, including the legal proceedings for which accruals have been made:

Three former employees of Signetics Corp, a predecessor of NXP Semiconductors USA, Inc. and their respective children each separately filed various counts against NXP Semiconductors USA, Inc. (negligence, premises liability, strict liability, abnormal and ultrahazardous activity, willful and wanton misconduct and loss of consortium) asserting exposure to harmful chemicals and substances while the employees concerned were working in a factory clean room of Signetics Corp., resulting in alleged physical injuries and eventual birth defects to their children (cases No. N09C-10-032 JRJ, N10C-05-137 JRJ and 1-10-CV-188679). Initial discovery has commenced by both sides in above mentioned cases. Actual substantive responses are pending. Trial dates for Case No. N09C-10 032 and Case No. N10C-05-137 have been set at October 7, 2013 and April 28, 2014, respectively. In Case No. 1-10-CV-188679 a trial setting conference is scheduled for Q2, 2013.

Norit Winkelsteeg B.V. and Vitens N.V. alleged that NXP Semiconductors Netherlands B.V. breached a contract it had entered into with them to build a so-called permeate-water factory or, in the alternative, had terminated negotiations to enter into such contract in bad faith. Claimants hold NXP Semiconductors Netherlands B.V. liable for all costs, expenses and damages, including loss of profit. In an interim judgment dated January 27, 2009, the Court of Appeal in Arnhem, the Netherlands, recognized that part of the claim related to costs and expenses could be awarded but the Court further stated that reticence must be observed in awarding compensation for loss of profits. The Court ruled on April 9, 2013 and ordered NXP to pay part of the claim related to costs and expenses plus interest over part of that amount. NXP will make payment of the amount set by the Court during Q2 2013 for which it will utilize the provision made for this claim.

In 2007, certain former employees of NXP Semiconductors France SAS employed by a subsidiary of the DSP Group, Inc. filed a claim against NXP Semiconductors France SAS before the Tribunal de Grande Instance in an emergency procedure (procédure de référé) to demand re-integration within NXP Semiconductors France SAS, following the closure of the DSP Group's activities in France and the consequent termination of their employment agreements. The claim was rejected by the Tribunal de Grande Instance. The employees concerned then brought the same claim before the Social Court (Conseil de Prud'hommes) in Caen which, on April 27, 2010, also ruled in favor of NXP Semiconductors France SAS. The claimants filed for an appeal in last resort on May 18, 2010, which is still pending.

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On April 2, 2013, the ICC arbitration tribunal issued a final award in a second arbitration commenced by STMicroelectronics ( ST ) to reverse the economic effect of the award by the ICC Tribunal in a first arbitration between ST and NXP of April 5, 2012 concerning the interpretation of the contractual arrangements concerning underloading in the NXP wafer fabs and ST 's liability for the associated costs. According to this first arbitration, ST paid to NXP approximately \$59 million in the second quarter of 2012. By ruling of April 2, 2013, the ICC arbitration tribunal dismissed all claims made by ST in this second arbitration. No appeal is available to ST.

The estimated aggregate range of reasonably possible losses is based on currently available information in relation to the claims that have arisen and on the Company 's best estimate of such losses for those cases for which such estimate can be made. For certain claims, the Company believes that an estimate cannot currently be made. The estimated aggregate range requires significant judgment, given the varying stages of the proceedings (including the fact that many of them are currently in preliminary stages), the existence of multiple defendants (including the Company) in such claims whose share of liability has yet to be determined, the numerous yet-unresolved issues in many of the claims, and the attendant uncertainty of the various potential outcomes of such claims. Accordingly, the Company 's estimate will change from time to time, and actual losses may be more than the current estimate. As at March 31, 2013, the Company believes that for all litigation pending its aggregate exposure to loss in excess of the amount accrued could range between \$0 and approximately \$4 million.

**8 Related-party transactions**

The Company 's related parties are the Private Equity Consortium, the members of the board of directors of NXP Semiconductors N.V., Philips, the members of the management team of NXP Semiconductors N.V. and equity-accounted investees.

On March 8, 2013, certain of our stockholders offered 25 million shares of our common stock, at a price of \$31.40 per share. The offering was settled and closed on March 13, 2013. Subsequent to the settlement and closing, the consortium of funds advised by KKR, Bain, Silver Lake, APAX and Alpinvest collectively beneficially owns 34% of our shares of common stock as of that date. NXP did not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares in the offering.

Upon completion of this secondary offering, in total up to 50% of the options under the Pre-IPO Plans became exercisable, subject to applicable laws and regulations. At the end of Q1 2013, a number of 5,702,416 options were exercisable with a weighted average exercise price of 16.28.

**Other**

We have a number of strategic alliances and joint ventures. We have relationships with certain of our alliance partners in the ordinary course of business whereby we enter into various sale and purchase transactions, generally on terms comparable to transactions with third parties. However, in certain instances upon divestment of former businesses where we enter into supply arrangements with the former owned business, sales are conducted at cost.

The following table presents the amounts related to revenue and expenses incurred in transactions with these related parties:

	For the three months ended	
	March	April
	31,	1,
	2013	2012
Revenue		23
Purchase of goods and services	21	45

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The following table presents the amounts related to accounts receivable and payable balances with these related parties:

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	<b>March 31, 2013</b>	December 31, 2012
Receivables (net)		
Payables	<b>29</b>	30

## 9 Restructuring charges

There are no new restructuring projects in 2013.

The restructuring liabilities mainly relate to:

the OPEX Reduction Program as announced in 2012,

the future closure of ICN 4 and ICN 6 wafer fabrication facilities in Nijmegen, the Netherlands, and

actions to lower headcount, primarily in locations within Europe.

The following table presents the changes in the position of restructuring liabilities in 2013 by segment:

(\$ in millions, unless otherwise stated)	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions	Utilized	Released	Other <sup>(1)</sup> changes	Balance March 31, 2013
HPMS	<b>57</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(7)</b>		<b>(2)</b>	<b>49</b>
SP	<b>41</b>		<b>(1)</b>		<b>(1)</b>	<b>39</b>
Manufacturing Operations	<b>9</b>		<b>(3)</b>			<b>6</b>
Corporate and Other	<b>63</b>		<b>(3)</b>		<b>(1)</b>	<b>59</b>
	<b>170</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(14)</b>		<b>(4)</b>	<b>153</b>

(1) Other changes primarily related to translation differences

The total restructuring liability as of March 31, 2013 of \$153 million is classified in the balance sheet under current liabilities: \$126 million and non-current liabilities: \$27 million.

No releases of restructuring liabilities were recorded in the first three months of 2013 and 2012.

The utilization of the restructuring liabilities mainly reflects the execution of ongoing restructuring programs the Company initiated in earlier years.

The components of restructuring charges less releases recorded in the liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012 are as follows:

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	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
Personnel lay-off costs	1	5
Other restructuring costs		
Release of excess provisions/accruals		
Net restructuring charges less releases	1	5

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The restructuring charges less releases recorded in operating income are included in the following line items in the statement of operations:

	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
Cost of revenue	1	1
Selling, general and administrative		4
Research and development		
Net restructuring charges	1	5

In addition, restructuring related costs (excluding product transfers) of \$3 million were directly charged to operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2013 (for the three months ended April 1, 2012: \$3 million), and included in the following line items:

	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2013	April 1, 2012
Cost of revenue	1	1
Selling, general and administrative	2	2
Research and development		
	3	3

**10 Provision for Income Taxes**

The effective income tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and April 1, 2012 were (29.7%) and 27.8%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 differed from the Netherlands statutory rate primarily due to losses recorded in jurisdictions where a valuation allowance was recorded and certain non-tax deductible expenditure, offset by the effect of tax incentives in certain jurisdictions. The effective tax rate for the three months ended April 1, 2012 differed from the statutory rate in the Netherlands primarily due to losses recorded in jurisdictions with a full valuation allowance compensated by the impact of an extended tax holiday in one of our jurisdictions.

**11 Segments Information**

NXP is organized into three reportable segments in compliance with ASC 280 Segment Reporting .

NXP has two market-oriented business segments, High Performance Mixed Signal ( HPMS ) and Standard Products ( SP ) and one other reportable segment, Manufacturing Operations. Corporate and Other represents the remaining portion to reconcile to the consolidated financial statements.

Our HPMS business segment delivers high performance mixed signal solutions to our customers to satisfy their system and sub systems needs across eight application areas: automotive, identification, mobile, consumer, computing, wireless infrastructure, lighting and industrial, and software solutions for mobile phones.

Our SP business segment offers standard products for use across many application markets, as well as application-specific standard products predominantly used in application areas such as mobile handsets, computing, consumer and automotive.

Our manufacturing operations are conducted through a combination of wholly owned manufacturing facilities, manufacturing facilities operated jointly with other semiconductor companies and third-party foundries and assembly and test subcontractors, which together form

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our Manufacturing Operations segment. While the main function of our Manufacturing Operations segment is to supply products to our HPMS and SP segments, revenue and costs in this segment are to a large extent derived from revenue of wafer foundry and packaging services to third parties and to our divested businesses in order to support their separation and, on a limited basis, their ongoing operations. As these divested businesses develop or acquire their own foundry and packaging capabilities, our revenue from these sources is expected to further decline.

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Corporate and Other is not a separate reporting segment because it does not meet the quantitative threshold criteria for being separately reported. Corporate and Other includes unallocated research expenses, corporate restructuring charges and other expenses not related to any specific business segment.

**Revenue, R&D and operating income (loss)**

All amounts in millions of USD

For the three months ended

unless otherwise indicated

	March 31, 2013				April 1, 2012			
	Revenue	Research and development	Operating income (loss)		Revenue	Research and development	Operating income (loss)	
			in % of					
			Amount	revenue			Amount	in % of revenue
HPMS	776	129	123	15.9	646	127	63	9.8
SP	279	14	7	2.5	274	13	18	6.6
Manufacturing Operations	29		(7)	(24.1)	57		(10)	(17.5)
Corporate and Other <sup>1)</sup>	1	10	(8)		1	8	(16)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>5.6</b>

<sup>1)</sup> Corporate and Other is not a segment under ASC Segment Reporting .