

Nitsou Paul
 Form 4
 February 17, 2011

FORM 4 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
 Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
 Nitsou Paul

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
 REINSURANCE GROUP OF AMERICA INC [RGA]

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer
 (Check all applicable)
 Director 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) Other (specify below)
 President - RGA Intl.

(Last) (First) (Middle)
 1370 TIMBERLAKE MANOR PARKWAY
 (Street)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
 02/16/2011

CHESTERFIELD, MO 63017

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

(City) (State) (Zip)

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Indirect Ownership (Instr. 4)
				(A) or (D)	Price		
				Code	V	Amount	
Common Stock	02/16/2011		M		12,697	A	\$ 27.29 51,439 D
Common Stock	02/16/2011		S		12,697	D	\$ 61.4705 38,742 D

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474 (9-02)

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Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)
				Code	V (A) (D)	Date Exercisable Expiration Date	Title Amount or Number of Shares
Stock Option (right to purchase)	\$ 27.29	02/16/2011		M	12,697	12/31/2007 01/29/2013	Common Stock 12,697

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
Nitsou Paul 1370 TIMBERLAKE MANOR PARKWAY CHESTERFIELD, MO 63017			President - RGA Intl.	

Signatures

William Hutton, by power of attorney
Date: 02/17/2011

__Signature of Reporting Person Date

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
 - ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. D> \$5.38 \$5.39 \$5.26 \$5.13 \$5.29

(5) Tangible common shareholders equity to tangible assets, which is a non-GAAP measure, is computed by dividing tangible shareholders equity (shareholders equity less goodwill and other intangible assets) by tangible assets, as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	At June 30,		At December 31,				
	2015	2014	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Tangible common shareholders equity	\$ 1,263,297	\$ 1,113,287	\$ 1,248,350	\$ 1,076,676	\$ 1,043,020	\$ 916,056	\$ 941,394
Total assets	19,290,005	16,335,967	18,793,855	16,156,541	16,012,646	14,252,755	14,151,249
Less:							
Goodwill and other intangible assets	610,640	460,369	614,667	464,364	459,357	338,780	343,541
Tangible assets	\$ 18,679,365	\$ 15,875,598	\$ 18,179,188	\$ 15,692,177	\$ 15,553,289	\$ 13,913,975	\$ 13,807,708
Tangible common shareholders equity to tangible assets	6.76%	7.01%	6.87%	6.86%	6.71%	6.58%	6.82%

(6) As of June 30, 2015, Valley's capital ratios were calculated under the new Basel III capital rules which became effective January 1, 2015. Common Equity Tier 1 capital was not applicable as a regulatory ratio prior to January 1, 2015.

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Bancshares is providing the following information to aid you in your analysis of the financial aspects of the merger. Bancshares derived the financial information as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014 from its historical audited financial statements for these fiscal years. Bancshares derived the financial information as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 from its unaudited, internally prepared financial statements, which financial statements include, in the opinion of Bancshares management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of those results. The per common share data below have been restated to give retroactive effect to stock splits and stock dividends.

The results for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. This information is only a summary, and you should read it in conjunction with Bancshares' consolidated financial statements and the related notes contained in Bancshares' historical audited financial statements as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	As of and for the Six Months Ended		As of and for the Year Ended December 31,				
	June 30, 2015	2014	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Selected Financial Condition Data:							
Total assets	\$ 1,397,814	\$ 1,275,451	\$ 1,308,513	\$ 1,233,705	\$ 1,278,608	\$ 1,385,721	\$ 1,446,259
Loans and loans held for sale	843,031	747,748	808,490	730,498	753,385	886,570	1,069,204
Allowance for loan losses	13,904	13,309	13,791	10,996	14,130	19,907	44,663
Investment securities	373,996	359,354	405,582	389,952	353,489	351,878	271,799
Cash and interest bearing deposits with banks	127,295	108,826	37,662	43,844	84,293	50,252	20,899
Goodwill and other intangible assets							
Deposits	1,138,932	1,023,173	1,059,709	950,086	1,048,553	1,153,106	1,201,738
Borrowings	122,505	125,601	117,933	162,031	102,362	105,182	116,556
Shareholders' equity	124,690	114,127	118,365	108,898	114,531	111,608	117,308
Selected Operating Data:							
Interest income	\$ 24,199	\$ 22,433	\$ 45,631	\$ 44,897	\$ 52,294	\$ 61,606	\$ 71,088
Interest expense	3,155	3,331	6,663	7,204	8,722	13,450	20,159
Net interest income	21,044	19,102	38,968	37,693	43,572	48,156	50,929
Provision for credit losses		401	401	4,909	7,932	23,587	48,576

Net interest income after provision for loan losses	21,044	18,701	38,567	32,784	35,640	24,569	2,353
Gains on securities transactions, net	64	1,010	1,251	1,825	9,564	1,118	3,084
Net impairment losses on securities recognized in earnings							
Trading (losses) gains, net	88	123	123	(152)			
Gains on sales of loans, net		40	110	103	17		
(Losses) gains on sale of assets, net							
All other non-interest income	1,232	1,134	2,421	2,285	2,278	1,905	2,176
FDIC insurance assessment	1,012	1,494	2,435	2,995	3,167	4,282	3,693
All other non-interest expense	14,574	16,398	30,860	34,088	41,339	48,933	57,008
Income before income taxes	6,842	3,116	9,177	(238)	2,993	(25,623)	(53,088)
Income tax expense	2,555	1,135	3,388	(296)	849	(9,707)	(20,051)
Net income	\$ 4,287	\$ 1,981	\$ 5,789	\$ 58	\$ 2,144	\$ (15,916)	\$ (33,037)

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(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30,		As of and for the Year Ended December 31,				
	2015	2014	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:							
Performance Ratios:							
Return on average assets	.59%	.45%	.45%	0.00%	.16%	(1.10)%	(2.10)%
Return on average shareholders equity	6.43	5.11	5.08	0.05	1.87	(13.38)	(22.90)
Net interest margin	3.33	3.14	3.32	3.20	3.63	3.59	3.44
Efficiency ratio ⁽¹⁾	72.20	79.45	77.66	88.81	80.29	103.98	108.03
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	161.27	149.09	150.33	141.91	135.11	128.83	114.37
Per Common Share Data:							
Basic earnings per share	\$.22	\$.10	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.80)	\$ (1.64)
Diluted earnings per share	.16	.07	0.22	0.00	0.08	(0.61)	(1.50)
Dividends declared							
Book value (end of period)	4.86	4.53	4.75	4.26	4.58	4.42	5.18
Tangible book value ⁽²⁾	4.86	4.53	4.75	4.26	4.58	4.42	5.18
Dividend payout ratio	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Capital Ratios:							
Average shareholders equity to average assets	9.11%	8.90%	8.94%	8.90%	8.68%	8.27%	9.16%
Shareholders equity to total assets	8.92	8.95	9.05	8.83	8.96	8.05	8.11
Tangible common equity to tangible assets ⁽³⁾	8.92	8.95	9.05	8.83	8.96	8.05	8.11
Regulatory Capital Ratios⁽⁴⁾:							
Common equity tier 1 capital	9.96%	N/A%	N/A%	N/A%	N/A%	N/A%	N/A%
Tier 1 capital	9.77	8.77	8.75	8.57	8.25	6.79	7.34
Total capital	11.03	10.02	10.01	9.82	9.51	8.05	8.62
Leverage capital	7.14	5.93	6.28	5.81	5.50	4.59	5.37
Asset Quality Ratios:							
Non-performing assets (NPA's)	\$ 8,224	\$ 15,487	\$ 8,712	\$ 14,253	\$ 55,183	\$ 96,386	\$ 79,175
Non-accrual loans to total loans	0.78%	1.67%	.78%	1.43%	3.65%	6.71%	2.83%
NPA's to total loans and	0.97	2.07	1.08	1.94	7.07	10.44	7.08

NPAs							
Net loan charge-offs to average loans	(0.01)	(0.30)	(0.32)	1.11	1.65	4.99	2.54
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	1.65	1.78	1.70	1.50	1.88	2.25	4.18
Allowance for credit losses to total loans	1.65	1.78	1.70	1.50	1.88	2.25	4.18

Notes to Selected Financial Data:

- (1) The efficiency ratio measures total non-interest expense as a percentage of net interest income plus total non-interest income.
- (2) Tangible book value per common share, which is a non-GAAP measure, is computed by dividing shareholders equity less goodwill and other intangible assets by common shares outstanding, as follows:

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	At June 30,		At December 31,				
	2015	2014	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Common shares outstanding	20,226,335	19,360,835	19,360,835	19,360,835	19,360,835	19,394,106	20,098,014
Shareholders equity	\$ 124,690	\$ 114,127	\$ 118,365	\$ 108,898	\$ 114,531	\$ 111,608	\$ 117,308
Less: Goodwill and other intangible assets							
Tangible common shareholders equity	\$ 124,690	\$ 114,127	\$ 118,365	\$ 108,898	\$ 114,531	\$ 111,608	\$ 117,308
Tangible book value per common share	\$ 4.86	\$ 4.53	\$ 4.75	\$ 4.26	\$ 4.58	\$ 4.42	\$ 5.18

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- (3) Tangible common shareholders' equity to tangible assets, which is a non-GAAP measure, is computed by dividing tangible shareholders' equity (shareholders' equity less goodwill and other intangible assets) by tangible assets, as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	At June 30,		At December 31,				
	2015	2014	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Tangible common shareholders equity	\$ 124,690	\$ 114,127	\$ 118,365	\$ 108,898	\$ 114,531	\$ 111,608	\$ 117,308
Total assets	1,397,814	1,275,451	1,308,513	1,233,705	1,278,608	1,385,721	1,446,259
Less: Goodwill and other intangible assets							
Tangible assets	\$ 1,397,814	\$ 1,275,451	\$ 1,308,513	\$ 1,233,705	\$ 1,278,608	\$ 1,385,721	\$ 1,446,259
Tangible common shareholders equity to tangible assets	8.92%	8.95%	9.05%	8.83%	8.96%	8.05%	8.11%

- (4) As of June 30, 2015, Bancshares' capital ratios were calculated under the new Basel III capital rules which became effective January 1, 2015. Common Equity Tier 1 capital was not applicable as a regulatory ratio prior to January 1, 2015.

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COMPARATIVE PER SHARE MARKET PRICE AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION**

Set forth below are the earnings per share, period-end book value per share and cash dividends per share for the common stock of Valley and Bancshares for the periods noted. The data is presented on a historical and pro forma basis. The historical per share data for Valley were derived from the financial statements of Valley that have been filed with the SEC, certain of which are incorporated by reference herein. See Information Incorporated by Reference on page []. The historical per share data for Bancshares were derived from the audited financial statements of Bancshares as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014 and from unaudited, internally prepared financial statements of Bancshares as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015. The pro forma combined share data have been derived after giving effect to the Bancshares merger as if it occurred at the beginning of the period presented using the purchase method of accounting. See Summary Financial Data of Valley on page [] and Summary Financial Data of Bancshares on page [].

The preliminary pro forma financial information reflects estimated adjustments to record Bancshares' assets and liabilities at their respective fair values based on Valley management's best estimate using the information available at this time. The preliminary pro forma adjustments will be revised as additional information becomes available and as additional analyses are performed. The final allocation of the purchase price will be determined after the merger is completed and after the completion of a final analysis to determine the fair values of Bancshares' tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities as of the closing date. The final purchase price adjustments may differ materially from the estimated pro forma adjustments reflected in the preliminary pro forma financial information. Increases or decreases in the fair value of certain balance sheet amounts and other items of Bancshares as compared to the estimates reflected in the preliminary pro forma financial information may change the amount of the purchase price allocated to goodwill and other assets and liabilities and may impact the statement of income due to adjustments in yield and/or amortization of adjusted assets and liabilities.

It is anticipated that the merger will provide Valley with financial benefits, such as possible expense efficiencies and revenue enhancements, among other factors, although no assurances can be given that these benefits will actually be achieved. The impact of these benefits has not been reflected in the preliminary pro forma financial information. Additionally, merger related expenses and the amortization and accretion of the purchase accounting adjustments are not expected to be material to the post acquisition results of operation and are not included in the preliminary pro forma financial information.

The preliminary pro forma financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the financial results of the combined companies had the merger actually been completed as of or at the beginning of each period presented nor does it indicate future results for any other interim or full-year period.

Book value per share for the pro forma combined presentation is based upon outstanding shares of Valley common stock, adjusted to include the estimated number of shares of Valley common stock to be issued in the merger for outstanding shares of Bancshares common stock at the time the merger is completed, assuming that the exchange ratio is 0.75 of a share of Valley common stock for each share of Bancshares common stock. The per share equivalent pro forma combined data for shares of Bancshares common stock is also based on the assumption that the exchange ratio is 0.75 of a share of Valley common stock for each share of Bancshares common stock.

The dividend per share data shown below do not necessarily indicate the dividends that you should expect for any future period. The amount of future dividends payable by Valley or Bancshares, if any, is at the discretion

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of their respective Boards of Directors. When declaring dividends, the Boards of Directors normally consider cash needs, general business conditions, dividends from subsidiaries and applicable governmental regulations and policies. Pro forma amounts assume that Valley would have declared cash dividends per share on Valley common stock, including the Valley common stock issued in the merger for Bancshares common stock, equal to its historical cash dividends per share declared on Valley common stock.

	Historical Valley	Historical Bancshares	Pro Forma Combined
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015			
Earnings per common share:			
Basic	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.27
Diluted	0.27	0.16	0.26
Period-end book value per common share	8.06	4.86	8.42
Cash dividends per share	0.22		0.22
Year Ended December 31, 2014			
Earnings per common share:			
Basic	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.55
Diluted	0.56	0.22	0.54
Period-end book value per common share	8.03	4.75	8.32
Cash dividends per share	0.44		0.44

The first table below presents, for the periods indicated, the high and low prices per share of Valley common stock and Bancshares common stock and the cash dividends declared per share of Valley common stock and Bancshares common stock. The second table presents the implied value of one share of Bancshares common stock on May 26, 2015 (the last trading day before the public announcement of the merger), computed by multiplying the Valley closing price on that date by the 0.75 exchange ratio. The second table also presents the implied value of one share of Bancshares common stock on August [], 2015 (a date shortly before the date of this proxy statement-prospectus) by multiplying the 0.75 exchange ratio by the [], 2015 Valley closing price. Valley common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol VLY and Bancshares common stock is quoted on the OTC Pink marketplace under the symbol CNLB. Bancshares Series A preferred stock, Class B preferred stock and Class C preferred stock are not quoted on any marketplace. We urge you to obtain current market quotations for Valley common stock and Bancshares common stock. Because trading prices fluctuate, Bancshares shareholders are not assured of receiving any specific market value of Valley common stock. The price of Valley common stock when the merger becomes effective may be higher

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or lower than its price when the merger agreement was signed, when this proxy statement was mailed or when Bancshares shareholders meet to vote on the merger.

	Price of Valley Common Stock and Dividends Declared			Price of Bancshares Common Stock and Dividends Declared		
	High	Low	Dividends	High	Low	Dividends
2015:						
Third Quarter (through August [], 2015	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []
Second Quarter	10.48	9.26	0.11	7.25	3.50	0.00
First Quarter	9.80	8.80	0.11	(1)	(1)	0.00
2014:						
Fourth Quarter	\$ 10.09	\$ 9.05	\$ 0.11	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	\$ 0.00
Third Quarter	10.18	9.38	0.11	2.50	2.20	0.00
Second Quarter	10.81	9.42	0.11	(1)	(1)	0.00
First Quarter	10.50	9.28	0.11	(1)	(1)	0.00
2013:						
Fourth Quarter	\$ 10.53	\$ 9.67	\$ 0.11	\$ 1.85	\$ 1.85	\$ 0.00
Third Quarter	10.73	9.41	0.16	1.50	1.50	0.00
Second Quarter	10.28	8.75	0.16	(1)	(1)	0.00
First Quarter	10.50	9.50	0.16	(1)	(1)	0.00

(1) Bancshares is not aware of any trading of Bancshares common stock on the OTC Pink marketplace during this quarter.

Date	Closing Sale Price Per Share of Valley Common Stock	Closing Sale Price Per Share of Bancshares Common Stock	Equivalent Value of Merger Consideration Per Share of Bancshares Common Stock
May 26, 2015	\$ 9.67	\$ 4.25 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7.25
August [], 2015	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []

(1) There were no reported trades in Bancshares common stock on the OTC Pink marketplace on May 26, 2015. The last trade in Bancshares common stock occurred on May 14, 2015 and the closing sale price per share of Bancshares common stock on such date was \$4.25.

There were approximately 8,035 shareholders of record of Valley as of June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, there were approximately 373 shareholders of record of Bancshares common stock, 228 shareholders of record of Bancshares

Series A preferred stock, 126 shareholders of record of Bancshares Class B preferred stock and 91 shareholders of record of Bancshares Class C preferred stock.

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RISK FACTORS

*In addition to the other information included and incorporated by reference in this document, including the information addressed in *Forward-Looking Statements* beginning on page [], Bancshares shareholders should consider the risks described below in determining whether to approve the merger agreement.*

Bancshares shareholders cannot be sure of the market value of the merger consideration they will receive because the market price of Valley common stock may fluctuate and the exchange ratio may be adjusted.

Upon completion of the merger, each share of Bancshares common stock will be converted into merger consideration consisting of 0.75 of a share of Valley common stock, subject to adjustment in the event Valley's Average Closing Price falls below \$8.80 or rises above \$10.13 prior to the closing of the merger and subject to the payment of cash in lieu of fractional shares. In the event Valley's Average Closing Price is less than \$8.80, then the exchange ratio will be \$6.60 divided by Valley's Average Closing Price subject to Valley's option to pay cash in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio as described below; and if Valley's Average Closing Price is greater than \$10.13, the exchange ratio will be \$7.60 divided by Valley's Average Closing Price. In the event Valley's Average Closing Price is less than \$8.80, Valley will have the right in its discretion, in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio, to pay an amount of cash for each share of Bancshares common stock in an amount equal to the difference between (a) \$6.60 and (b) the product of Valley's Average Closing Price times 0.75, and the exchange ratio will be 0.75. The intent of this provision is that Bancshares' shareholders will receive at the closing of the merger Valley common stock with a value (based on Valley's Average Closing Price) of between \$6.60 and \$7.60 for each share of Bancshares common stock they own. As an example, on July 15, 2015, the closing price of Valley common stock was \$10.34. If this was Valley's Average Closing Price, the exchange ratio would have been reduced to 0.735 from 0.75 and the per share value of the consideration would have been equal to \$7.60.

On or prior to the consummation of the merger, outstanding shares of Bancshares Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock will be converted into Bancshares common stock, and outstanding shares of Bancshares Class C preferred stock will either be redeemed by Bancshares or, at the option of the holder, converted into Bancshares common stock. The market value of the merger consideration may vary from the closing price of Valley common stock on the date we announced the merger, on the date that this document was mailed to Bancshares shareholders, on the date of the special meeting of Bancshares voting shareholders and on the date we complete the merger and thereafter. Any change in the market price of Valley common stock prior to completion of the merger will affect the market value of the merger consideration that Bancshares shareholders will receive upon completion of the merger. Accordingly, at the time of the Bancshares special meeting, Bancshares shareholders will not know or be able to calculate the market value of the merger consideration they would receive upon completion of the merger.

Other than the adjustment in the event Valley's Average Closing Price falls below \$8.80 or rises above \$10.13 prior to the closing of the merger, there will be no adjustment to the merger consideration for changes in the market price of either shares of Valley common stock or shares of Bancshares common stock. Stock price changes may result from a variety of factors, including general market and economic conditions, changes in Valley's or Bancshares' respective businesses, operations and prospects, and regulatory considerations. Many of these factors are beyond Valley's or Bancshares' control. Bancshares shareholders should obtain current market quotations for shares of Valley common stock and for shares of Bancshares common stock before they vote on the merger.

The merger is subject to the receipt of consents and approvals from government entities that may not be received, or may impose burdensome conditions.

Before the merger may be completed, various approvals, waivers or consents must be obtained from the OCC and the FRB. These government entities may refuse to approve the merger or impose conditions on their approval of the merger or require changes to the terms of the merger. Such conditions or changes could have the

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effect of delaying or preventing completion of the merger or imposing additional costs on or limiting the revenues of the combined company following the merger, any of which might have an adverse effect on the combined company following the merger.

Valley may fail to realize all of the anticipated benefits of the merger.

The success of the merger will depend, in part, on Valley's ability to realize anticipated cost savings and to combine the businesses of Valley and Bancshares in a manner that permits growth opportunities to be realized and does not materially disrupt the existing customer relationships of Bancshares nor result in decreased revenues due to any loss of customers. However, to realize these anticipated benefits, the businesses of Valley and Bancshares must be successfully combined. If the combined company is not able to achieve these objectives, the anticipated benefits of the merger may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected.

Valley and Bancshares have operated and, until the completion of the merger, will continue to operate independently. The anticipated cost savings from the merger are largely expected to derive from the absorption by Valley of many of Bancshares' back-office administrative functions and the conversion of Bancshares' operating platform to Valley's systems. It is possible that the integration process could result in the loss of key employees, as well as the disruption of each company's ongoing businesses or inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies, any or all of which could adversely affect Valley's ability to maintain relationships with clients, customers, depositors and employees after the merger or to achieve the anticipated benefits of the merger. Integration efforts between the two companies will also divert management attention and resources. A failure to successfully navigate the complicated integration process could have an adverse effect on the combined company.

Another expected benefit from the merger is an expected increase in the revenues of the combined company from anticipated sales of Valley's wide variety of financial products, and from increased lending out of Valley's substantially larger capital base, to Bancshares' existing customers and to new customers in Bancshares' market area who may be attracted by the combined company's enhanced offerings. An inability to successfully market Valley's products to Bancshares' customer base could cause the earnings of the combined company to be less than anticipated.

Valley may be unable to retain Bancshares' employees.

The merger involves the integration of two companies that have previously operated independently. The difficulties of combining the operations of the two companies include integrating personnel with diverse business backgrounds, combining different corporate cultures and retaining key employees. The integration of the two companies will require the experience and expertise of certain executive officers of Bancshares who have agreed to work for Valley for periods of time following the completion of the merger and other key employees who Valley expects to retain. However, Valley may not be successful in retaining those employees who have not agreed to work for Valley for the time period necessary to successfully integrate Bancshares' operations with those of Valley. In addition, Valley may not be successful in retaining employees such as loan officers and branch personnel who prefer to work at locally based financial institutions in Florida. The loss of Bancshares employees could have an adverse effect on the business and results of operation of Valley in Florida following the merger.

Valley may be unable to retain Bancshares' customers or grow the Bancshares business.

Bancshares operates in geographic markets, and with customers primarily located, in and around northeast, southeast, southwest and central Florida, while Valley's markets and customers are located primarily in northern and central New Jersey, New York City and Long Island, New York and southeast and central Florida. Any time there is a change in products, services, ownership, or management of a bank, there is a risk that customers may

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choose to obtain some or all of their banking products and services from other banks. Valley believes that Bancshares customers will not seek products or services elsewhere as a result of the merger because Valley's community banking model is similar to Bancshares' community banking model. However, as the Bancshares operations and customers are in a relatively new geographic region for Valley, there can be no assurances that Valley will be able to retain all of Bancshares' customers or grow the customer base in southwest, southeast and central Florida.

The market price of Valley common stock after the merger may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the shares of Bancshares or Valley common stock.

The businesses of Valley and Bancshares differ in important respects and, accordingly, the results of operations of the combined company and the market price of the combined company's shares of common stock may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the independent results of operations of Valley and Bancshares. For a discussion of the business of Valley and of certain factors to consider in connection with those businesses, see the documents incorporated by reference in this document and referred to under "Information Incorporated by Reference" beginning on page [].

Valley may further reduce or eliminate the cash dividend on its common stock.

Holders of Valley common stock are only entitled to receive such cash dividends as the Valley Board of Directors may declare out of funds legally available for such payments. In the fourth quarter of 2013, Valley announced that it was reducing its quarterly cash dividend to \$0.11 per share from \$0.1625 per share. Although Valley has historically declared cash dividends on its common stock, Valley is not required to do so and may further reduce or eliminate its common stock cash dividend in the future depending upon Valley's results of operations, financial condition or other metrics. This could adversely affect the market price of Valley common stock. Additionally, as a bank holding company, Valley's ability to declare and pay dividends is dependent on federal regulatory policies and regulations, including the supervisory policies and guidelines of the OCC and the FRB regarding capital adequacy and dividends as well as the payment of prior dividends on its non-cumulative preferred stock in the current period. Among other things, consultation of the FRB supervisory staff is required in advance of Valley's declaration or payment of a dividend that exceeds its earnings for a period in which the dividend is being paid.

The merger agreement limits Bancshares' ability to pursue an alternative acquisition proposal and requires Bancshares to pay a termination fee of \$7.5 million, plus Valley's reasonable out of pocket expenses up to \$750,000, under certain circumstances relating to alternative acquisition proposals.

The merger agreement prohibits Bancshares from initiating, soliciting, knowingly encouraging or engaging in negotiations with, or providing any information to, any third party with respect to alternative acquisition proposals, subject to limited exceptions. Further, Valley generally has the opportunity to modify the terms of the merger in response to any competing acquisition proposals that may be made before the Bancshares Board of Directors withdrawal or modification of its recommendation to shareholders to approve the merger agreement. The merger agreement also provides for the payment by Bancshares of a termination fee in the amount of \$7.5 million, plus Valley's reasonable out of pocket expenses up to \$750,000, in the event that Valley or Bancshares terminate the merger agreement for certain reasons. These provisions might discourage a potential competing acquiror that might have an interest in acquiring all or a significant part of Bancshares. See "Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - The Merger Agreement - Agreement Not to Solicit Other Offers" on page [].

These provisions could discourage a potential competing acquiror that might have an interest in acquiring Bancshares from considering or proposing that acquisition, even if it were prepared to pay higher per share consideration proposed to be received or realized in the merger, or might result in a potential competing acquiror to pay a lower

price than it might otherwise be prepared to pay because of the added expense of the termination fee.

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If the merger is not completed, Bancshares will have incurred substantial expenses without realizing the expected benefits of the merger.

Bancshares has incurred substantial legal, accounting and investment banking expenses in connection with the negotiation and completion of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. If the merger is not completed, Bancshares would have to recognize these expenses without realizing the expected benefits of the merger.

Bancshares and Valley will be subject to business uncertainties and contractual restrictions while the merger is pending.

Uncertainties about the effect of the merger on their businesses may have an adverse effect on Bancshares and Valley. These uncertainties may also impair Bancshares' ability to attract, retain and motivate strategic personnel until the merger is consummated, and could cause their customers and others that deal with Bancshares to seek to change their existing business relationship, which could negatively impact Valley upon consummation of the merger. In addition, the merger agreement restricts Bancshares from taking certain specified actions without Valley's consent until the merger is consummated or the merger agreement is terminated. These restrictions may prevent Bancshares from pursuing or taking advantage of attractive business opportunities that may arise prior to the completion of the merger.

The merger is subject to certain closing conditions that, if not satisfied or waived, will result in the merger not being completed, which may cause the market price of Bancshares common stock to decline.

The merger is subject to customary conditions to closing, including the receipt of required regulatory approvals and approval of Bancshares common shareholders, Series A preferred shareholders and Class B preferred shareholders, voting together as a single class. If any condition to the merger is not satisfied or, where permitted, waived, the merger will not be completed. In addition, Valley and/or Bancshares may terminate the merger agreement under certain circumstances even if the merger is approved by such Bancshares shareholders.

If the merger is not completed, the market price of Bancshares common stock may decline to the extent that the current market price of its shares reflects a market assumption that the merger will be completed. If the merger is not completed, additional consequences could materialize, including any adverse effects from a failure to pursue other beneficial opportunities due to the focus of management on the merger, without realizing any of the anticipated benefits of completing the merger. For more information on closing conditions to the merger agreement, see the section entitled "Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Merger Agreement - Conditions to Complete the Merger" on page [].

Bancshares' directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that differ from the interests of Bancshares' shareholders.

Bancshares' executive officers and directors have interests in the merger that are in addition to, and may be different from, the interests of Bancshares shareholders generally. With respect to certain Bancshares executive officers, these interests include acceleration of vesting and payouts of their Bancshares equity compensation awards, the right to receive change-in-control payments, accelerated payouts, and enhancement of deferred compensation balances under supplemental executive retirement plan agreements. In addition, certain Bancshares executive officers have entered into employment agreements or a consulting agreement with Valley that will become effective upon the closing of the merger. See "Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Interests of Certain of Persons in the Merger - Interests of Bancshares Executive Officers and Directors in the Merger" beginning on page [] for a discussion of these interests.

The shares of Valley common stock to be received by Bancshares shareholders as a result of the merger will have different rights from the shares of Bancshares common stock and preferred stock.

Upon completion of the merger, Bancshares shareholders will become Valley shareholders and their rights as shareholders will be governed by New Jersey law, the Valley Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the

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Valley By-laws. The rights associated with Bancshares common stock and preferred stock are different from the rights associated with Valley common stock. Please see Comparison of the Rights of Shareholders of Valley and Bancshares beginning on page [] for a discussion of the different rights associated with Valley common stock.

Bancshares common shareholders will have a reduced ownership and voting interest after the merger and will exercise less influence over management.

Bancshares common shareholders currently have the right to vote in the election of Bancshares Board of Directors and on other matters affecting Bancshares. When the merger occurs, each Bancshares shareholder that receives shares of Valley common stock will become a shareholder of Valley with a percentage ownership of the combined organization that is much smaller than the shareholder's percentage ownership of Bancshares. Because of this, Bancshares common shareholders will have less influence on the management and policies of Valley than they now have on the management and policies of Bancshares.

The opinion from the financial advisor of Bancshares does not reflect any changes in circumstances that may have occurred since the signing of the merger agreement.

Hovde, Bancshares financial advisor in connection with the proposed merger, has delivered to the Board of Directors of Bancshares its opinion, dated May 26, 2015, regarding the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date of such opinion, to the shareholders of Bancshares of the 0.75 exchange ratio (subject to adjustment if Valley's Average Closing Price is greater than \$10.13 or less than \$8.80) in the merger. Bancshares has not obtained an updated opinion as of the date of this document from Hovde.

Changes in the operations and prospects of Valley or Bancshares, general market and economic conditions and other factors which may be beyond the control of Valley and Bancshares may have altered the value of Valley or Bancshares or the prices of shares of Valley common stock and shares of Bancshares common stock as of the date of this document, or may alter such values and prices by the time the merger is completed. Bancshares financial advisor's opinion does not speak as of any date other than the date of each such opinion. For a description of the opinion that the Bancshares Board of Directors received from Hovde, please refer to Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Opinions of Bancshares Financial Advisor beginning on page []. For a description of the other factors considered by Bancshares Board of Directors in determining to approve the merger, please refer to Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Recommendation of Bancshares Board of Directors and Reasons for the Merger beginning on page [].

Valley will be able to issue additional shares of its common stock in the future, which may adversely affect the market price of Valley common stock and dilute the holdings of existing shareholders.

In the future, Valley may issue additional shares of Valley common stock in connection with another acquisition, to increase its capital resources or, if Valley or Valley National Bank's capital ratios fall below or near the Basel III regulatory required minimums, Valley could be required to raise additional capital by making additional offerings of common stock. Additional common stock offerings may dilute the holdings of Valley's existing shareholders or reduce the market price of Valley common stock, or both. Valley may also issue additional shares of Valley preferred stock, which may have preferential voting, conversion or redemption rights. The issuance of additional preferred stock may be viewed as having adverse effects upon the holders of common stock. Holders of Valley common stock are not entitled to preemptive rights or other protections against dilution.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This proxy statement-prospectus, including information included or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement-prospectus, may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the benefits of the merger between Valley and Bancshares, including future financial and operating results and performance; statements about Valley's and Bancshares' plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as expects, anticipates, intends, plans, believes, views, seeks, estimates, predicts, continues, allows, reflects, typically, usually, will, or any negative of these terms or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of Valley's and Bancshares' management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of Valley and Bancshares. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the anticipated results discussed in these forward-looking statements.

The following factors, among others, including the risks and uncertainties listed in Risk Factors beginning on page [] of this proxy statement-prospectus, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements:

the failure of the parties to satisfy the closing conditions in the merger agreement in a timely manner or at all;

the failure of the voting shareholders of Bancshares to approve the merger agreement;

the failure to obtain governmental approvals of the merger or to satisfy other conditions to the merger on the proposed terms and within the proposed timeframe;

disruptions to the businesses of Valley and Bancshares as a result of the announcement and pendency of the merger;

higher than expected increases in Valley's or Bancshares' loan losses or in the level of nonperforming loans;

the risk that the businesses of Valley and Bancshares may not be combined successfully, or such combination may take longer or be more difficult, time-consuming or costly to accomplish than expected;

weakness or unexpected decline in the U.S. economy, in particular in New Jersey, the New York Metropolitan area, including Long Island, and Florida;

higher than expected costs and expenses incurred in connection with the merger, or in connection with potential litigation relating to the merger;

higher than expected charges Valley incurs in connection with marking Bancshares' assets to fair value;

unexpected changes in interest rates;

the possibility that litigation may be brought pertaining to fiduciary responsibility, environmental laws and other matters or that existing litigation may have unanticipated consequences;

cyber-attacks on Valley or Bancshares causing disruptions or intrusions and leading to unexpected losses;

unexpected declines in real estate values within Valley's and Bancshares' market areas;

other than temporary impairments or declines in value in Valley's or Bancshares' investment portfolio;

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higher than expected FDIC insurance assessments;

the failure of other financial institutions with whom Valley and Bancshares have trading, clearing, counterparty and other financial relationships;

lack of liquidity to fund Valley's and Bancshares' various cash obligations;

unanticipated reduction in Valley's and Bancshares' deposit base;

government intervention in the U.S. financial system and the effects of, and changes in, trade and monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including the interest rate policies of the FRB;

legislative and regulatory actions (including the impact of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and related regulations) subject Valley and Bancshares to additional regulatory oversight which may result in increased compliance costs and/or require Valley and Bancshares to change their business model;

changes in accounting policies or accounting standards;

Valley's and Bancshares' inability to promptly adapt to technological changes;

Valley's and Bancshares' internal controls and procedures may not be adequate to prevent losses;

the possibility that the expected benefits of this acquisition will not be fully realized by Valley;

the inability to realize expected cost savings and synergies from the merger of Bancshares with Valley in the amounts or in the timeframe anticipated;

costs or difficulties relating to integration matters might be greater than expected;

material adverse changes in Valley's or Bancshares' operations or earnings;

the inability to retain Bancshares' customers and employees; and

other unexpected material adverse changes in Valley's or Bancshares' operations or earnings. Additional factors that could cause Valley's results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found in Valley's filings with the SEC, including its Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this proxy statement-prospectus or the date of any document incorporated by reference in this proxy statement-prospectus. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning the merger or other matters addressed in this proxy statement-prospectus and attributable to Valley or Bancshares or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. Valley and Bancshares undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this proxy statement-prospectus or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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CERTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT VALLEY

General

Valley, a New Jersey corporation, was organized in 1983 as a holding company for Valley National Bank. Valley indirectly owns additional subsidiaries through Valley National Bank. Valley is registered as a bank holding company with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under the Bank Holding Company Act.

As of June 30, 2015, Valley had:

consolidated total assets of \$19.3 billion;

total deposits of \$14.3 billion;

total loans of \$14.5 billion; and

total shareholders' equity of \$2.0 billion.

In addition to Valley's principal subsidiary, Valley National Bank, Valley owns all of the voting and common shares of GCB Capital Trust III, State Bancorp Capital Trust I and State Bancorp Capital Trust II, through which trust preferred securities were issued.

Valley's principal executive offices and telephone number are:

1455 Valley Road

Wayne, New Jersey 07470

(973) 305-8800

Valley National Bank

Valley National Bank is a national banking association chartered in 1927 under the laws of the United States. Currently, Valley National Bank operates 224 branch locations throughout northern and central New Jersey, the New York City boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Queens, and Long Island, New York, and southeast and central Florida. Valley National Bank provides a full range of commercial, retail and wealth management financial services products. Valley National Bank provides a variety of banking services including automated teller machines, telephone, mobile and internet banking, remote deposit capture, overdraft facilities, drive-in and night deposit services, and safe deposit facilities. Valley National Bank also provides certain international banking services to customers including standby letters of credit, documentary letters of credit and related products, and certain ancillary services such as foreign exchange, documentary collections, foreign wire transfers and the maintenance of foreign bank accounts.

Valley National Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries are all included in the consolidated financial statements of Valley. These subsidiaries include:

an all-line insurance agency offering property and casualty, life and health insurance;

asset management advisors which are SEC registered investment advisors;

title insurance agencies in New Jersey, New York and Florida;

subsidiaries which hold, maintain and manage investment assets for the Bank;

a subsidiary which owns and services auto loans;

a subsidiary which owns and services general aviation aircraft loans and existing commercial equipment leases;

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a subsidiary which specializes in health care equipment and other commercial equipment leases; and

a subsidiary which owns and services New York commercial loans and specializes in asset-based lending. Valley National Bank's subsidiaries also include real estate investment trust subsidiaries (the REIT subsidiaries) which own real estate related investments and a REIT subsidiary, which owns some of the real estate utilized by Valley National Bank and related real estate investments. Except for Valley's REIT subsidiaries, all subsidiaries mentioned above are directly or indirectly wholly owned by Valley National Bank. Because each REIT subsidiary must have 100 or more shareholders to qualify as a REIT, each REIT subsidiary has issued less than 20 percent of its outstanding non-voting preferred stock to individuals, most of whom are non-senior management Valley National Bank employees. Valley National Bank owns the remaining preferred stock and all the common stock of the REIT subsidiaries.

Valley has grown significantly in the past five years primarily through bank acquisitions in the New York metropolitan area and in Florida.

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CERTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT BANCSHARES

General

Bancshares is a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, for CNLBank, and subject to the supervision and regulation of the Federal Reserve Board and the Florida Office of Financial Regulation. CNLBank's deposits are insured by Bank Insurance Fund of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to applicable limits. Bancshares is a corporation organized in 1998 under the laws of the State of Florida. Its main office is located at 450 South Orange Avenue, Suite 400, Orlando, Florida 32801. CNLBank is a Florida-chartered state member bank, which commenced operations in 1997. CNLBank is a full service commercial bank, providing a wide range of business and consumer financial services in its target marketplaces which is comprised primarily of Northeast, Central, Southeast and Southwest Florida.

As of June 30, 2015, Bancshares had:

consolidated assets of approximately \$1.4 billion;

total deposits of approximately \$1.1 billion;

total loans of approximately \$843 million; and

shareholders' equity of approximately \$125 million.

Business

Historically, CNLBank's market areas have been served both by large banks headquartered out of state as well as a number of community banks offering a higher level of personal attention, recognition and service. The large banks have generally applied a transactional business approach, based upon volume considerations, to the market while community banks have traditionally offered a more service relationship approach.

CNLBank provides a range of consumer and commercial banking services to individuals, businesses and industries. CNLBank's target market is affluent individuals, professionals, commercial business and business owners, property management companies, and non-profit organizations. These targeted customers have the opportunity to generate significant revenue for banks yet are generally underserved by large bank competitors. These customers generally can afford profitability opportunities more than the average retail customer.

The revenues of CNLBank are primarily derived from interest on, and fees received in connection with, real estate and other loans, from interest and dividends from investment securities, service charge income generated from demand accounts, gain on sale of residential loans, and ATM fees. The principal sources of funds for CNLBank's lending activities are its deposits (primarily consumer deposits), loan repayments, and proceeds from investment securities. The principal expenses of CNLBank are the interest paid on deposits, and operating and general administrative expenses.

As is the case with banking institutions generally, Bancshares' operations are materially and significantly influenced by general economic conditions and by related monetary and fiscal policies of financial institution regulatory agencies, including the Federal Reserve and the FDIC. Deposit flows and costs of funds are influenced by interest rates on competing investments and general market rates of interest. Lending activities are affected by the demand for financing of real estate and other types of loans, which in turn is affected by the interest rates at which such financing may be offered and other factors affecting local demand and availability of funds. CNLBank faces strong competition in the attraction of deposits (its primary source of lendable funds) and in the origination of loans.

Banking Services

Commercial Banking. CNLBank focuses its commercial loan originations on small and mid-sized business (generally up to \$25 million in annual sales) and such loans are usually accompanied by significant related deposits. Commercial underwriting is driven by cash flow analysis supported by collateral analysis and review.

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Commercial loan products include commercial real estate construction and term loans; working capital loans and lines of credit; demand, term and time loans; and equipment, inventory and accounts receivable financing. CNLBank offers a range of cash management services and deposit products to commercial customers.

Retail Banking. CNLBank's retail banking activities emphasize consumer deposit and checking accounts. An extensive range of these services is offered by CNLBank to meet the varied needs of its customers from young persons to senior citizens. In addition to traditional products and services, CNLBank offers contemporary products and services, such as debit cards, internet banking and electronic bill payment services. Consumer loan products offered by CNLBank include home equity lines of credit, second mortgages, new and used auto loans.

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INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANCSHARES MEETING

Date, Time and Place

This document solicits, on behalf of the Bancshares Board of Directors, proxies to be voted at a special meeting of Bancshares common shareholders, Series A preferred shareholders and Class B preferred shareholders, voting together as a single class, and at any adjournments or postponements thereof. The Bancshares meeting is scheduled for:

September 23, 2015, at 2:00 p.m. (local time)

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Purpose

At the meeting, Bancshares common shareholders, Series A preferred shareholders and Class B preferred shareholders, voting as a single class, will consider and vote on approval of the merger agreement and Bancshares common shareholders will consider and vote on approval of the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal.

Board Recommendations

The Bancshares Board of Directors unanimously recommends (i) that Bancshares common shareholders, Series A preferred shareholders and Class B preferred shareholders vote FOR approval of the merger agreement and (ii) that Bancshares common shareholders vote FOR approval of the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal.

Record Date; Quorum; Required Vote; Voting Agreements

As of the record date, August 7, 2015, 21,429,084 shares of common stock of Bancshares were issued and outstanding, 1,134,378 shares of Series A preferred stock were issued and outstanding and 701,103 shares of Class B preferred stock were issued and outstanding. In addition, as of the record date, August 7, 2015, 11,059 shares of Class C preferred stock were issued and outstanding. The holders of Class C preferred stock are not entitled to vote. They may convert their shares of Class C preferred stock into Bancshares common stock (at a ratio of 333.33 shares of Bancshares common stock for each share of Class C preferred stock). However, if the holders of Class C preferred stock convert their shares into Bancshares common stock after the record date, they will not be entitled to vote those shares of Bancshares common stock.

The common stock, Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock are Bancshares only classes of securities entitled to vote, each share being entitled to one vote. The presence at the Bancshares special meeting, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the issued and outstanding shares of Bancshares common stock, Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock, taken together as a single class, as of the record date is considered a quorum for the transaction of business. If Bancshares voting shareholders submit a properly completed proxy or if they appear at the Bancshares special meeting to vote in person, their shares of Bancshares voting stock will be considered part of the

quorum. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present to determine if a quorum for the transaction of business is present. In the absence of a quorum, the Bancshares special meeting will be adjourned or postponed.

The merger cannot be completed without Bancshares voting shareholders' approval of the merger agreement. The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of Bancshares common stock, Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock, voting together as a single class, that are outstanding on the record date is required to approve the merger agreement.

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On May 26, 2015, the directors and executive officers of Bancshares as a group beneficially owned a total of 9,832,057 shares of Bancshares common stock, vested options to purchase shares of Bancshares common stock, Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock, representing 43.90% of the aggregate of the 21,957,316 issued and outstanding voting shares and 440,200 vested options held by such directors and executive officers to purchase shares of Bancshares common stock. In connection with the execution of the merger agreement, Valley entered into voting agreements with each Bancshares director. Pursuant to the voting agreements, the Bancshares directors have each agreed to vote the shares of Bancshares voting stock beneficially owned by them (whether solely or jointly with others) in favor of approval of the merger agreement. On the record date, a total of 10,032,321 shares of Bancshares voting stock representing approximately 43.12% of the outstanding Bancshares voting stock are covered by the voting agreements.

Approval of the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal requires that the affirmative votes cast by the holders of Bancshares common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Bancshares special meeting and entitled to vote exceed the votes cast in opposition.

The matters to be considered at the Bancshares special meeting are of great importance to the Bancshares voting shareholders. Accordingly, you are urged to read and carefully consider the information presented in this proxy statement-prospectus, and to complete, date, sign and promptly return the enclosed proxy in the enclosed postage paid envelope as instructed on the proxy card.

Voting Rights; Proxies

If Bancshares voting shareholders properly execute a proxy card and send it to Bancshares in the enclosed envelope in a timely manner, their proxy will be voted in accordance with the instructions they indicate, unless they revoke their proxy prior to the vote. **If Bancshares voting shareholders send Bancshares a proxy card that does not instruct Bancshares how to vote, their shares will be voted FOR approval of the merger agreement. If Bancshares common shareholders send Bancshares a proxy card that does not instruct Bancshares how to vote, their shares will be voted FOR approval of the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal.**

Bancshares voting shareholders may revoke their grant of a proxy at any time before it is voted by:

- (a) filing a written revocation of the proxy with the Secretary of Bancshares;
- (b) submitting a signed proxy card bearing a later date; or
- (c) attending and voting in person at the Bancshares special meeting.

Written revocations should be sent to Chirag J. Bhavsar, Secretary, CNLBancshares, Inc., 450 South Orange Avenue, Suite 400, Orlando, Florida 32801. Attendance at the Bancshares special meeting will not in and of itself revoke a proxy, unless you choose to cast a ballot at such special meeting.

The inspectors of election appointed for the Bancshares special meeting, who will determine whether or not a quorum is present, will tabulate votes cast by proxy or in person at such special meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be treated as shares that are present and entitled to vote for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum. Abstentions occur when proxies are marked as abstentions, or when shareholders appear in person but abstain from

voting. Broker non-votes occur when a broker indicates on a proxy that it does not have discretionary authority regarding certain shares. Abstentions are effectively a vote AGAINST the merger agreement but will have no effect on the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal at the Bancshares special meeting. Broker non-votes will have the effect of a vote AGAINST the merger agreement but will have no effect on the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal at the Bancshares special meeting.

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If Bancshares voting shareholders do not vote by proxy or in person at the Bancshares special meeting, it will have the effect of a vote AGAINST the merger agreement, but will have no effect on the vote to approve the Bancshares Adjournment Proposal. Failure to vote, however, may also affect whether a quorum is present.

Solicitation of Proxies

Bancshares will bear all costs of soliciting proxies for the Bancshares special meeting. In addition to solicitations by mail, the directors, officers and employees of Bancshares may solicit proxies for the Bancshares special meeting from Bancshares voting shareholders in person or by telephone. These directors, officers and employees will not be specifically compensated for their services. Bancshares will also make arrangements with brokerage firms and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries to send proxy materials to their principals and will reimburse those parties for their expenses in doing so.

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PROPOSAL 1 OF THE BANCSHARES SPECIAL MEETING - THE MERGER

Background of the Merger

As a part of its ongoing consideration and evaluation of its long-term prospects and strategies, Bancshares' board of directors and senior management have regularly reviewed and assessed Bancshares' business strategies and objectives, including strategic opportunities and challenges, and have considered various strategic options potentially available, all with the goal of enhancing value for Bancshares' shareholders. The strategic discussions have focused on, among other things, the business environment facing financial institutions in general and Bancshares, in particular, as well as current conditions and ongoing consolidation in the financial services industry.

On February 6, 2014, Bancshares invited a Hovde representative to a meeting of the Bancshares' board of directors to give a presentation on the Florida banking market, consolidation activity, bank valuations, the acquirer landscape, and other information. On May 1, 2014 Bancshares invited a Hovde representative to the Bancshares' board of directors meeting to give an update on merger and acquisition activities in the Florida market.

In early September, 2014, a representative of Hovde had a discussion with Rudy Schupp (current President of Florida Division of Valley) regarding the Bancshares organization. Thereafter, Chirag Bhavsar (Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Bancshares) sent Mr. Schupp correspondence inquiring about the possibility of arranging a meeting to discuss the Valley and Bancshares organizations including a possible business combination between the two entities. On September 23, 2014, Lee Hanna (Chief Executive Officer and President of Bancshares) and Mr. Bhavsar had a dinner meeting with Mr. Schupp to discuss the Florida market, recent activities, and their respective organizations.

On November 4, 2014, Bancshares invited a Hovde representative to participate in a meeting of the Bancshares board of directors to provide an additional update on Florida merger and acquisition activity, valuations in the banking industry, and other information. On November 12, 2014, the Bancshares directors met to discuss strategic alternatives, potential acquisition interest from Valley and another financial institution, and to seek Hovde's advice regarding other parties who could have a possible interest in acquiring Bancshares. On November 25, 2014, Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar had dinner with Mr. Schupp to continue discussions regarding their respective organizations and the possible interest of Valley in pursuing an acquisition of Bancshares.

On December 15, 2014, Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar and a representative of Hovde met to discuss approaches to a possible exploration of an acquisition of Bancshares, including potential interested parties (including Valley), the due diligence process, and a possible timeline for soliciting indications of interest and pursuing an acquisition transaction.

On December 20, 2014, Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar met with Gerald H. Lipkin (Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Valley), Peter Crocitto (Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Valley) and Mr. Schupp in West Palm Beach, Florida to discuss a potential merger transaction involving the two organizations. They also discussed additional information with respect to their organizations.

During the fourth quarter of 2014, approximately four financial institutions contacted Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar (some were unsolicited and some were initially contacted by Hovde) and introductory meetings took place with two of these financial institutions (including Valley).

On January 8, 2015, Bancshares directors met at a special meeting to discuss potential parties who might have an interest in acquiring Bancshares.

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On January 27, 2015, Bancshares invited a Hovde representative to a special meeting of the Bancshares board of directors to give an updated presentation on the Florida merger and acquisition environment, and also asked Hovde to address Bancshares' other strategic options. The Bancshares board of directors determined to hire Hovde to assist it in connection with the review of its strategic alternatives but with an initial focus towards a potential merger transaction. On January 29, 2015, an engagement agreement with Hovde was entered into by Bancshares.

In early February, 2015, Hovde contacted a number of financial institutions (including Valley) to assess their interest in a potential acquisition of Bancshares. As a part of that process, Bancshares created a data room with initial due diligence information, and non-disclosure agreements were signed with four parties, including Valley.

On March 5, 2015, initial indications of interest were submitted by four financial institutions, with the Valley proposal at the highest level. On March 11, 2015, the Bancshares board of directors met to review the indications of interest received and decided to allow Valley to proceed with a more formal due diligence review of Bancshares. Also, another financial institution (Party A) was given the opportunity to perform a due diligence review if it would increase its per share indication of interest to a minimum of \$7.00. Party A did in fact increase its indication of interest to that level and thus moved forward with due diligence.

In mid-March and through the early part of April, 2015, Valley and Party A each conducted a formal due diligence review of Bancshares. On April 10, 2015, a third financial institution submitted an unsolicited offer of \$8.00 per share, which it withdrew shortly thereafter when it realized its offer was based upon inaccurate information regarding Bancshares and its outstanding capital structure.

On April 15, 2015, final indications of interest were received from Valley and Party A, with the Valley proposal at the highest level.

On April 22, 2015, the Bancshares board of directors met to review the final two indications of interest received and decided to pursue a potential transaction with Valley based on a number of factors including price, structure, trading liquidity, currency valuation and dividend yield. Also on that day, Valley and Bancshares entered into an agreement pursuant to which Bancshares agreed to negotiate exclusively with Valley for a period of 30 days. During the remaining portion of April, 2015 and through the first three weeks of May, counsel for Valley and Bancshares as well as the financial advisors and senior officers of each company negotiated and finalized the definitive agreement and related agreements. In addition, during this period, Valley and Bancshares completed their respective due diligence reviews of the other, and provided materials to the boards of their respective companies for review. On May 4, 2015, this exclusivity period was extended by seven days.

On May 19, 2015, the Valley board and the board of directors of Valley National Bank held a joint meeting, at which representatives from Day Pitney LLP and MG Advisors, Inc. were present, to consider approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger and the bank merger. At the meeting, the Valley board received an update from Valley's management team on the status of negotiations with Bancshares and information regarding the proposed merger and the combined business. Following the update and discussion among the members of the Valley board, the Valley board determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement were advisable and voted unanimously to approve the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, and the other transaction agreements.

On May 26, 2015, the board of Bancshares held a special meeting to review and consider the merger agreement and related agreements. Counsel for Bancshares and representatives of Hovde participated in the meeting. Bancshares counsel reviewed for the directors a presentation overviewing their fiduciary duties and responsibilities, and also reviewed the terms and conditions of the merger agreement and related agreements. Both the director fiduciary duty

presentation and merger agreement and related agreements were previously

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distributed to the directors in advance of the meeting. Representatives of Hovde provided the board with a presentation of Hovde's analysis of the fairness of the merger consideration to Bancshares shareholders and advised the Bancshares board that Hovde was issuing its written opinion to the Bancshares board to the effect that the exchange ratio in connection with the merger is fair to the shareholders of Bancshares from a financial point of view. The Bancshares board of directors discussed, among other things, the Valley proposal relative to the estimated standalone prospects for Bancshares capital stock and determined that the proposal was in the best interests of Bancshares shareholders. As a result, and after taking into account, among other things, the factors described under the heading - Recommendation of Bancshares Board of Directors and Reasons for the Merger, the Bancshares board of directors unanimously approved the merger agreement.

Bancshares and Valley signed the merger agreement and the transaction was announced in a press release issued on May 27, 2015.

Recommendation of Bancshares Board of Directors and Reasons for the Merger

Bancshares Board of Directors believes that the merger is in the best interests of Bancshares and its shareholders. Accordingly, Bancshares Board of Directors has approved the merger agreement and recommends that Bancshares voting shareholders vote FOR the approval of the merger agreement.

In reaching its decision to approve the merger agreement, Bancshares Board of Directors consulted with Bancshares outside legal counsel and Bancshares financial advisor regarding the merger and considered a variety of factors, including the following:

the Bancshares Board of Directors familiarity with and review of Bancshares business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, including, but not limited to, its business plan and its potential for growth, development, productivity and profitability;

the current and prospective environment in which Bancshares operates, including national and local economic conditions (including net interest margin pressures), the competitive environment for financial institutions generally, the increased regulatory burden on financial institutions generally, and the trend toward consolidation in the financial services industry;

Bancshares belief that Bancshares needs to grow to be in a position to deliver a competitive return to its shareholders and such growth would require, among other things, the raising of capital;

the Bancshares Board of Directors review, with the assistance of Bancshares legal and financial advisors, of strategic alternatives to the merger, including a potential merger of equals, a potential equity raise, the discussions with Valley and other bidders, and the possibility of remaining independent;

the likelihood that acquisition opportunities for Bancshares as a buyer are limited without raising additional capital, and the ability to do so and the price at which such shares would be sold are uncertain;

the Bancshares Board of Directors' review, based in part on presentations by Bancshares' management and advisors and on the due diligence performed in connection with the transaction, of Valley's business, financial condition, results of operations and management; the recent performance of Valley's common stock on both a historical and prospective basis; the strategic fit between the parties; the potential synergies expected from the merger; and the business risks associated with the merger;

the expectation that the merger will provide holders of Bancshares stock with the opportunity to receive a substantial premium over the historical trading prices for their shares and that the exchange of Valley shares for Bancshares shares will be tax-free for federal income tax purposes;

the expected pro forma financial impact of the transaction, taking into account anticipated cost savings and other factors, on both Bancshares shareholders and Valley shareholders, including that the transaction is expected to be accretive to the earnings per share of both Valley and Bancshares;

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the prospects for continuation of Valley's favorable quarterly dividend rate, which is currently \$0.11 per share of common stock, when compared to Bancshares' historic lack of a dividend for its share of common and preferred stock;

the expectation that the historical liquidity of Valley stock will offer Bancshares shareholders the opportunity to participate in the growth and opportunities of Valley by retaining their Valley stock following the merger, or to exit their investment, should they prefer to do so;

the lack of prospects for a superior offer for a strategic combination that affords Bancshares shareholders the ability to continue their equity investment in a tax-efficient manner;

the Bancshares Board of Directors' review with Bancshares' legal advisors of the non-solicitation and termination provisions of the merger agreement, the flexibility of the Bancshares Board of Directors to consider unsolicited proposals from other institutions after the execution of the merger agreement, and the \$7.5 million termination fee in favor of Valley in the event the merger agreement is terminated under certain specified circumstances;

the collar on the Valley consideration such that the minimum value of the consideration which Bancshares shareholders would receive is \$6.60 per share and the maximum value of the consideration which Bancshares shareholders would receive is \$7.60 per share;

the opinion, dated May 26, 2015, to the Bancshares Board of Directors of Hovde, financial advisor to Bancshares, as to the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date of such opinion, to the shareholders of Bancshares of the 0.75 exchange ratio (subject to adjustment if Valley's Average Closing Price is greater than \$10.13 or less than \$8.80) in the merger, as more fully described under Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Opinions of Bancshares' Financial Advisors on page [];

the similarity between Bancshares' and Valley's management philosophies, approaches and commitments to the communities, customers and shareholders they each serve and their respective employees;

the impact of the merger on depositors, customers and communities served by Bancshares and the expectation that the combined entity will continue to provide quality service to the communities and customers currently served by Bancshares;

the effects of the merger on Bancshares' employees, including the prospects for continued employment and the severance and other benefits agreed to be provided by Valley; and

Valley's requirement that certain of Bancshares' named executive officers and certain other key employees identified by Valley execute employment or retention agreements with Valley to provide economic

incentives for such persons to remain with the resulting entity for six months to three years following the closing of the merger to allow for an orderly and successful transition.

The Bancshares Board of Directors also considered potential risks relating to the merger, including the following:

the need to obtain regulatory approvals to complete the merger;

the potential for diversion of management and employee attention, and for employee attrition, during the period prior to the completion of the merger and the potential effect on Bancshares' business and relations with customers, service providers and other stakeholders, whether or not the merger is completed;

the merger agreement provisions generally requiring Bancshares to conduct its business in the ordinary course and the other restrictions on the conduct of Bancshares' business prior to completion of the merger, which may delay or prevent Bancshares from undertaking business opportunities that may arise pending completion of the merger;

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Valley could experience a decrease in profitability or regulatory pressure that would force it to reduce its dividends from historical levels;

with stock consideration based on a fixed exchange ratio, the risk that the consideration to be paid to Bancshares shareholders could be adversely affected by a decrease in the trading price of Valley common stock during the pendency of the merger;

expected benefits and synergies sought in the merger, including cost savings and Valley's ability to successfully market its financial products to Bancshares' customers, may not be realized or may not be realized within the expected time period;

the challenges of integrating the businesses, operations and employees of Bancshares and Valley;

certain provisions of the merger agreement prohibit Bancshares from soliciting, and limit its ability to respond to, proposals for alternative transactions;

Bancshares' obligation to pay to Valley a termination fee of \$7.5 million if Bancshares recommends or accepts an alternative acquisition proposal may deter others from proposing an alternative transaction that may be more advantageous to Bancshares' shareholders;

the possible effects on Bancshares should the parties fail to complete the merger, including the possible effects on Bancshares' common stock and the associated business and opportunity costs;

that Bancshares' directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that are different from or in addition to those of its shareholders generally, as described in the section entitled "Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Interests of Certain Persons in the Merger - Interests of Bancshares Executive Officers and Directors in the Merger" on page []; and

the other risks described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page [] and the risks of investing in Valley common stock identified in the Risk Factors sections of Valley's periodic reports filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference herein.

The discussion of the information and factors considered by the Bancshares Board of Directors is not exhaustive, but includes the material factors considered by the Bancshares Board of Directors. In view of the wide variety of factors considered by the Bancshares Board of Directors in connection with its evaluation of the merger and the complexity of these matters, the Bancshares Board of Directors did not attempt to quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors that it considered in reaching its decision. Furthermore, in considering the factors described above, individual members of Bancshares' Board of Directors may have given different weights to different factors. The Bancshares Board of Directors evaluated the factors described above, including asking questions of Bancshares' management and Bancshares' legal and financial advisors, and reached the unanimous decision that the merger was in the best interests of Bancshares and its shareholders. The Board of Directors realized there can be no

assurance about future results, including results expected or considered in the factors listed above. However, the Board of Directors concluded the potential positive factors outweighed the potential risks of completing the merger. It should be noted that this explanation of the Bancshares Board of Directors' reasoning and all other information presented in this section is forward-looking in nature and, therefore, should be read in light of the factors discussed under the heading "Forward-Looking Statements" beginning on page [].

On the basis of these considerations, Bancshares' Board of Directors unanimously approved the merger agreement.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THE VOTING SHAREHOLDERS OF BANCSHARES VOTE FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MERGER AGREEMENT.

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Valley s Reasons for the Merger

In reaching its decision to approve the merger agreement, the Valley Board of Directors consulted with its outside legal counsel and its financial advisor, and considered a variety of factors, including the following:

Valley s ongoing strategy of highly focused growth through acquisitions of other financial institutions, including in the Florida market;

its knowledge of Bancshares business, operations, financial condition, earnings and prospects, taking into account the results of Valley s due diligence review of Bancshares;

its belief that Bancshares and Valley share a compatible community banking model;

the similarity between Valley s and Bancshares approach to banking, which both focus on strong asset quality, customer service and earnings;

that Bancshares would enable Valley to expand its presence into desirable and economically growing Florida urban banking markets;

the financial and other terms and ability of the Bancshares Board of Directors to entertain third party acquisition proposals to acquire Bancshares and conditions of the merger agreement, including providing for payment by Bancshares to Valley of a termination fee of \$7.5 million, plus reasonable out of pocket expenses up to \$750,000, if the merger agreement is terminated under certain circumstances; and

the regulatory and other approvals required in connection with the transaction and the likelihood such approvals will be received in a timely manner and without unacceptable conditions.

Interests of Certain Persons in the Merger

Interests of Bancshares Executive Officers and Directors in the Merger

In considering the recommendations of the Bancshares Board of Directors, Bancshares voting shareholders should be aware that some of the executive officers and directors of Bancshares have interests in the merger that differ from, or may be in addition to, the interests of Bancshares voting shareholders. These interests may present such executive officers and directors with actual or potential conflicts of interests, and these interests, to the extent material, are described below:

Ownership of Bancshares

Some of the executive officers and directors of Bancshares and CNLBank currently own Bancshares voting stock and some of the executive officers and directors of Bancshares have been granted Bancshares stock options. As of August

7, 2015, such executive officers and directors beneficially owned an aggregate of 10,738,637 shares of Bancshares voting stock.

Indemnification; Directors and Officers Insurance

Pursuant to the merger agreement, for a period of six years after the effective time of the merger, Valley has agreed to indemnify, defend, hold harmless and advance expenses to each present and former officer and director of Bancshares and its subsidiaries to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by law. Valley also has agreed that all rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses from liabilities under Bancshares certificate of incorporation with respect to acts or omissions occurring prior to the effective time of the merger now existing in favor of current and former officers and directors of Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries will survive the merger and continue in full force and effect in accordance with the their terms and without regard to any subsequent amendment thereof.

The merger agreement further provides that Valley will cause the officers and directors of Bancshares and its subsidiaries to be covered for a period of six years after the effective time of the merger under an extension of

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Bancshares existing directors and officers liability insurance policy, provided, however, that Valley is only required to obtain such coverage at an aggregate cost not to exceed 300% of the annual premium currently paid by Bancshares for such coverage.

Summary of Payments and Benefits to Directors

Each of the non-employee directors of Bancshares entered into a non-competition agreement, dated as of May 26, 2015, with Valley pursuant to which he or she will receive, upon the closing of the merger, a stock option to purchase 10,000 shares of common stock of Valley at an exercise price equal to the closing price of Valley common stock on the trading day prior to the closing date of the merger. The stock option will vest and become exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of grant and expire on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant.

Other than as set forth above, non-employee directors of Bancshares are not expected to receive any compensation based on or related to the merger that has not already accrued or vested, other than the acceleration of vesting of stock options and restricted stock awards as discussed below.

Equity Compensation Awards

Bancshares directors and executive officers participate in Bancshares equity-based compensation plans and hold outstanding stock options granted under such plans. Unexercised Bancshares stock options, whether unvested or vested, will be cancelled immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and converted into the right to receive a number of shares of Valley common stock equal to the product of (A) the number of shares of Bancshares common stock underlying the option and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) the product of Valley's Average Closing Price times the exchange ratio (disregarding Valley's option to pay cash in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio), over (y) the exercise price per share of such option. The value of shares of Valley common stock paid to the Bancshares option holders shall be treated as compensation and shall be net of any applicable federal and state withholding taxes.

The following table sets forth, based on outstanding awards under Bancshares equity plans and other compensatory arrangements as of May 26, 2015, the number and value of all outstanding and unexercised Bancshares stock options held by each of Bancshares directors and executive officers.

Bancshares**Stock Options**

Name	Number of Shares Underlying Stock Options			Estimated Dollar Value of Stock Options ⁽¹⁾		
	Unvested	Vested	Total	Unvested	Vested	Total
Robert A. Bourne	17,000	23,000	40,000	\$ 69,750	\$ 97,750	\$ 167,500
Mitchel Laskey	17,000	23,000	40,000	69,750	97,750	167,500
Rafael E. Martinez	17,000		17,000	69,750		69,750
Dianna F. Morgan	17,000	38,000	55,000	69,750	161,500	231,250
Charles W. Newman	17,000	38,000	55,000	69,750	161,500	231,250
John D. Race	17,000		17,000	69,750		69,750
C. Daniel Rice	17,000	8,000	25,000	69,750	34,000	103,750
John A. Riley	17,000		17,000	69,750		69,750
Tracy G. Schmidt	17,000	23,000	40,000	69,750	97,750	167,500

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James M. Seneff, Jr.	25,500	127,000	152,500	104,625	539,750	644,375
Lee E. Hanna	130,150	70,100	200,250	540,638	297,925	838,563
Chirag Bhavsar	80,150	90,100	170,250	330,638	382,925	713,563

- (1) Based on closing sale price of \$9.67 per share of Valley Common Stock on May 26, 2015 and exchange ratio of 0.75, which is calculated as \$7.25. The estimated dollar value is calculated by multiplying (A) the number of stock options with exercise prices below \$7.25 and (B) the difference between \$7.25 and the exercise prices of such stock options.

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Settlement Agreements and New Employment Agreements for Lee E. Hanna and Chirag Bhavsar

Lee E. Hanna and Chirag Bhavsar are each a party to an existing Senior Executive Employment Agreement, effective March 24, 2009, with Bancshares and CNLBank. In connection with the execution of the merger agreement on May 26, 2015, each of Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar entered into a Settlement Agreement with Valley, Bancshares and CNLBank (as amended and restated on July 27, 2015) pursuant to which each of Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar agreed to terminate his Senior Executive Employment Agreement immediately prior to the effective time of the merger in exchange for a lump sum payment and the entry into a new Employment Agreement with Valley on May 26, 2015 to be effective at the effective time of the merger. Under the Settlement Agreements, Mr. Hanna is to receive a lump sum payment of \$366,250 on or before the effective time of the merger in full satisfaction of his rights under his Senior Executive Employment Agreement and Mr. Bhavsar is to receive a lump sum payment of \$180,370 on or before the effective time of the merger in full satisfaction of his rights under his Senior Executive Employment Agreement. In addition to the above amounts, Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar will receive approximately \$1.2 million and \$763,756, respectively, under their Supplemental Executive Retirement Plans and both Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar have stock options that will vest in connection with the closing of the merger and be converted into Valley common stock as set forth above.

The new Employment Agreements, dated as of May 26, 2015, with Valley take effect at the effective time of the merger and contain the following material terms:

Employment terms of 1 year and 2 years for Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar, respectively;

Base salaries at an annual rate of \$435,625 and \$281,875 for Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar, respectively;

In consideration of the covenants contained in the employment agreements, Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar will receive lump payments on or before the closing of the merger of \$510,000 and \$360,000, respectively;

Signing bonus of \$30,000 for Mr. Bhavsar to be paid on or before the effective time of the merger;

Eligibility for an annual bonus and annual equity awards for Mr. Bhavsar;

Fringe benefits and perquisites generally available to similarly situated Valley executives including use of a bank provided automobile and reimbursement for Mr. Bhavsar's current club membership and Mr. Hanna's current two club memberships;

If the executives are terminated due to death or disability, (i) Mr. Hanna or his estate will be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to the lesser of (a) six months of his annual salary and (b) the amount of his annual salary from his Termination Date (as such term is defined in the new Employment Agreements with Valley) to the end of the term of his Employment Agreement with Valley payable within 30 days of his Termination Date and (ii) Mr. Bhavsar or his estate will be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to

six months of his annual salary payable within 30 days of his Termination Date;

If the executives are terminated without Cause or for Good Reason (as each term is defined in the new Employment Agreements with Valley), (i) Mr. Hanna will be entitled to receive cash payments equal to one times his annual salary to be paid over twelve months and (ii) Mr. Bhavsar will be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to one times his annual salary to be paid on the first regular payroll date following his Termination Date;

Reimbursement for existing health insurance coverage for Mr. Hanna for a period of 12 months following termination of employment and for Mr. Bhavsar for a period of 18 months following termination of employment; and

Each of Mr. Hanna and Mr. Bhavsar agrees not to, for a period of 12 months and 18 months, respectively, following termination of employment, (i) engage in any business activity in which Valley engages in within the State of Florida, and (ii) solicit Valley customers or employees.

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Settlement Agreement and Non-Solicitation Agreement of Tim Little

Timothy J. Little is a party to an existing Senior Executive Employment Agreement, effective March 24, 2009, with Bancshares and CNLBank. In connection with the execution of the merger agreement, on July 27, 2015, Mr. Little entered into a Settlement Agreement with Valley, Bancshares and CNLBank pursuant to which he agreed to terminate his Senior Executive Employment Agreement immediately prior to the effective time of the merger in exchange for a lump sum payment and the entry into a Non-Solicitation Agreement with Valley to be effective at the effective time of the merger. Under the Settlement Agreement, Mr. Little is to receive a lump sum payment of \$368,750 on or before the effective time of the merger in full satisfaction of his rights under his Senior Executive Employment Agreement. In addition to the above amounts, Mr. Little will receive approximately \$763,027 under his Supplemental Executive Retirement Plans and Mr. Little has stock options that will vest in connection with the closing of the merger and be converted into Valley common stock as set forth above. Mr. Little's Non-Solicitation Agreement provides that in exchange for a lump sum payment at closing of \$200,000, Mr. Little will not solicit Valley's customers or employees for a period of six months following the effective time of the merger.

Other Employment Agreements and Change in Control Agreements

Bancshares and CNLBank previously entered into employment agreements with three other executive officers and change in control agreements with five other executive officers. Pursuant to the merger agreement, Valley has agreed to honor in accordance with their terms all benefits payable under these employment agreements and change in control agreements, which provide certain benefits in the event the executive officer's employment is terminated under specified circumstances and within a specified period of time following a change in control, such as the merger. Under the employment agreements, Valley has agreed to pay approximately \$1,499,437 to the three executive officers. Under the change in control agreements, Valley has agreed to pay approximately \$1,005,744 to the five other executive officers.

Other Employee Benefits

Before or following consummation of the merger, Valley will decide whether to continue each employee welfare benefit plan, within the meaning of ERISA, for the benefit of employees of Bancshares and CNLBank or have such employees become covered under a Valley welfare plan. Subject to the foregoing, following consummation of the merger, Valley will make available to all officers and employees of Bancshares who become employees of Valley National Bank coverage under the benefit plans generally available to Valley National Bank's officers and employees. No prior existing condition limitation not currently imposed by Bancshares or CNLBank medical or dental plans will be imposed on employees of Bancshares or CNLBank under Valley's or Valley National Bank's medical or dental plans. Employees of Bancshares or CNLBank will receive credit for any deductibles paid under Bancshares or CNLBank medical or dental plans. Bancshares employees will be given credit for eligibility and vesting purposes (but not for benefit accrual purposes) under Valley National Bank's medical, life, vacation, sick leave, disability and other welfare plans for prior service with Bancshares. Bancshares employees will be granted credit for prior service with Bancshares solely for purposes of eligibility and vesting under Valley National Bank's 401(k) plan.

Officers and employees of Bancshares and CNLBank who are not party to employment agreements or change in control agreements and are terminated involuntarily other than for cause by Valley or Valley National Bank upon or within one year following the consummation of the merger, will be eligible for severance payments. The amount of severance payments will vary based on the employment level and the number of years worked at Bancshares for each affected employee. Bancshares employees are eligible for enhanced benefits to the extent that they sign a standard separation agreement and waiver. None of Messrs. Hanna, Bhavsar, Little or the other executive officers with employment agreements or change in control agreements are eligible for these benefits as they each have separate

employment arrangements with Bancshares.

Table of Contents*Bancshares Board Considerations*

The Bancshares Board of Directors was aware of all of the above different and/or additional interests and considered them, among other matters, in their respective evaluations and negotiations of the merger agreement.

Ownership Interests of Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth, for each of the Bancshares directors and executive officers, the total number of shares of Bancshares common stock in which such director or executive officer owns, directly or indirectly, a beneficial interest, as of August 7, 2015. The information concerning the beneficial ownership of Bancshares directors and officers is based solely on information provided by those individuals. Unless otherwise stated, the beneficial owner has sole voting and investment power over the listed Bancshares common stock, or shares such power with his or her spouse.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Stock Beneficially Owned⁽¹⁾	
	Number of Shares of Common Stock	Percentage of Class
Robert A. Bourne ⁽²⁾	1,251,468	5.37%
Mitchel Laskey ⁽³⁾	110,125	0.47%
Rafael E. Martinez	76,041	0.33%
Dianna F. Morgan ⁽⁴⁾	45,142	0.19%
Charles W. Newman ⁽⁵⁾	156,188	0.67%
John D. Race	333,000	1.43%
C. Daniel Rice	676,109	2.91%
John A. Riley	413,000	1.78%
Tracy G. Schmidt ⁽⁶⁾	260,875	1.12%
James M. Seneff, Jr. ⁽⁷⁾	6,374,844	27.25%
Lee E. Hanna ⁽⁸⁾	677,629	2.90%
Chirag Bhavsar ⁽⁹⁾	364,216	1.56%
All executive officers and directors as a group (12 persons)	10,738,637	45.32%

- (1) For purposes of this table, a person is considered to beneficially own shares of Common Stock if he or she directly or indirectly has or shares voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of the shares, or investment power, which includes the power to dispose or direct the disposition of the shares, or if he/she has the right to acquire the shares under options which are exercisable currently or within 60 days of August 7, 2015. Each person named in the above table has sole voting power and sole investment power with respect to the indicated shares unless otherwise noted. A person is considered to have shared voting and investment power over shares indicated as being owned by the spouse or the IRA of the spouse of that person. The shares of common stock beneficially owned also includes the assumed conversion of each person's shares of Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock to shares of common stock.
- (2) Includes 23,000 shares Mr. Bourne has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Bourne has not exercised.
- (3) Includes 23,000 shares Mr. Laskey has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Laskey has not exercised.

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- (4) Includes 38,000 shares Ms. Morgan has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Ms. Morgan has not exercised.
- (5) Includes 38,000 shares Mr. Newman has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Newman has not exercised.
- (6) Includes 23,000 shares Mr. Schmidt has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Schmidt has not exercised.
- (7) Includes 127,000 shares Mr. Seneff has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Seneff has not exercised.

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- (8) Includes 70,100 shares Mr. Hanna has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Hanna has not exercised.
- (9) Includes 90,100 shares Mr. Bhavsar has the right to acquire under vested stock options that Mr. Bhavsar has not exercised.

Interests of Valley Officers and Directors

Ms. Mary Guilfoile, a director of Valley, is also a director and officer of MG Advisors, Inc. MG Advisors provided financial advisory services to Valley in connection with the merger although Ms. Guilfoile did not participate in such services. MG Advisors is paid a monthly fee by Valley of \$7,500 per month and will be paid an additional fee by Valley in connection with the merger. At this time, the amount of the additional fee has not been determined.

Opinion of Bancshares Financial Advisor

*Hovde Group, LLC (Hovde) has delivered a written opinion to the board of directors of Bancshares that, as of the date of the Agreement, based upon and subject to certain matters stated in the opinion, the exchange ratio in connection with the merger is fair to the holders of Bancshares common stock from a financial point of view. We have attached this opinion to this proxy statement/prospectus as **Appendix B**. The opinion of Hovde is not a recommendation to any Bancshares shareholder as to how to vote on the proposal to approve the Agreement. You should read this opinion completely to understand the procedures followed, matters considered and limitations and qualifications on the reviews undertaken by Hovde in providing its opinion.*

*The fairness opinion of Bancshares financial advisor, Hovde, is described below. The description contains projections, estimates and other forward-looking statements about the future earnings or other measures of the future performance of Bancshares. The projections were based on numerous variables and assumptions, which are inherently uncertain, including factors related to general economic and competitive conditions. Accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from those set forth in the projections. You should not rely on any of these statements as having been made or adopted by Bancshares or Valley. You should review the copy of the fairness opinion, which is attached as **Appendix B**.*

Hovde has acted as Bancshares financial advisor in connection with the proposed merger. Hovde is a nationally recognized investment banking firm with substantial experience in transactions similar to the merger and is familiar with Bancshares and its operations. As part of its investment banking business, Hovde is continually engaged in the valuation of businesses and their securities in connection with, among other things, mergers and acquisitions.

Hovde reviewed the financial aspects of the proposed merger with Bancshares board of directors and, on May 26, 2015, delivered a written opinion to Bancshares board of directors that the exchange ratio in connection with the merger was fair to the shareholders of Bancshares from a financial point of view.

The full text of Hovde s written opinion is included in this proxy statement/prospectus as Appendix B and is incorporated herein by reference. You are urged to read the opinion in its entirety for a description of the procedures followed, assumptions made, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken by Hovde. The summary of the opinion of Hovde set forth in this proxy statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of such opinion. Hovde s opinion is directed to Bancshares board of directors and addresses only the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio in connection with the merger to Bancshares shareholders. It does not address the underlying business decision to proceed with the merger and does not constitute a recommendation to any of the shareholders as to how such shareholder should vote at the special meeting on the merger or any related matter.

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During the course of its engagement, and as a basis for arriving at its opinion, Hovde reviewed and analyzed factors and materials bearing upon the financial and operating conditions of Bancshares, Valley and material prepared in connection with the merger, including, among other things, the following:

- (i) a draft of the Agreement, as provided to Hovde by Bancshares;
- (ii) certain unaudited financial statements of Bancshares and Valley for the three month period ended March 31, 2015;
- (iii) certain historical annual reports of Bancshares and Valley, including audited financials for the year ending December 31, 2014;
- (iv) certain historical publicly available business and financial information concerning Bancshares and Valley;
- (v) certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning Bancshares and Valley, including, without limitation, internal financial analyses and forecasts prepared by management of Bancshares and of Valley and held discussions with senior management of Bancshares regarding recent developments and regulatory matters;
- (vi) the terms of recent merger, acquisition and control investment transactions, to the extent publicly available, involving financial institutions and financial institution holding companies that we considered relevant;
- (vii) the pro forma impact of the merger on the combined company's earnings per share, consolidated capitalization and financial ratios;
- (viii) the pro forma ownership of Valley's common stock by the holders of the Bancshares common stock relative to the pro forma contribution of Bancshares' assets, deposits, equity and earnings to the combined company;
- (ix) historical market prices and trading volumes of Valley's common stock;
- (x) general economic, market and financial conditions;
- (xi) certain publicly available financial and stock market data relating to selected public companies that Hovde deemed relevant to its analysis; and

(xii) such other analyses and such other factors as we have deemed appropriate.

Hovde also considered discussions with the management of Bancshares and Valley, and its own prior experience, including the following:

- (i) discussions with certain members of senior management of Bancshares and Valley of the business, financial condition, results of operations and historical financial performance, outlook and future projections and prospects of Bancshares and Valley;
- (ii) Hovde's experience in other similar transactions and securities valuations as well as our knowledge of the banking and financial services industry; and
- (iii) discussions with the management of each of Bancshares and Valley, their assessment of the rationale for the merger.

In rendering its opinion, Hovde assumed, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the financial and other information and representations contained in the materials provided to it by Bancshares and in the discussions it had with the management of Bancshares. Hovde relied upon the reasonableness and achievability of the financial forecasts and projections (and the assumptions and bases therein) of Bancshares provided to Hovde by Bancshares and assumed that the financial forecasts, including without limitation, the projections, were reasonably prepared by Bancshares on a basis reflecting the best currently available information

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and judgments and estimates by Bancshares, and that such forecasts will be realized in the amounts and at the times contemplated thereby. Hovde did not assume any responsibility to verify such information or assumptions independently.

Hovde is not an expert in the evaluation of loan and lease portfolios for purposes of assessing the adequacy of the allowances for loan losses with respect thereto. Hovde assumed that such allowances for Bancshares and Valley were, in the aggregate, adequate to cover such losses, and would be adequate on a pro forma basis for the combined entity. Hovde was not requested to make, and did not conduct, an independent evaluation, physical inspection or appraisal of the assets, properties, facilities or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of Bancshares or Valley, the collateral securing any such assets or liabilities, or the collectability of any such assets, and Hovde was not furnished with any such evaluations or appraisals, nor did we review any loan or credit files of Bancshares or Valley.

Hovde assumed that the merger will be consummated substantially in accordance with the terms set forth in the Agreement, without any waiver of material terms or conditions by Bancshares or any other party to the Agreement and that the final Agreement will not differ materially from the draft Hovde reviewed. Hovde assumed that the merger is, and will be, in compliance with all laws and regulations that are applicable to Bancshares and Valley. Bancshares has advised Hovde that there are no factors that would impede any necessary regulatory or governmental approval of the merger. Hovde further assumed that, in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory and government approvals, no restriction will be imposed on Bancshares or on Valley that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits of the merger. Hovde also assumed that no changes in applicable law or regulation will occur that will cause a material adverse change in the prospects or operations of the institutions after the merger.

Bancshares engaged Hovde on January 29, 2015 to provide Bancshares with financial advisory services. Pursuant to the terms of the engagement, Hovde will receive consideration from Bancshares for services provided equal to 1.00% of the aggregate merger value at closing (which, as of the May 26, 2015 date of its fairness opinion, was a fee of approximately \$2.032 million), including a fee of \$50,000 for the delivery of its fairness opinion, which \$50,000 fee Hovde received on June 12, 2015. Pursuant to the engagement agreement, in addition to its fees and regardless of whether the merger is consummated, Bancshares has agreed to reimburse Hovde for certain reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in performing its services and to indemnify Hovde against certain claims, losses, and expenses arising out of the merger or Hovde's engagement.

In performing its analyses, Hovde made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of Hovde, Bancshares and Valley. Hovde's opinion was necessarily based on financial, economic, market, and other conditions and circumstances as they existed on, and on the information made available to Hovde as of, the dates used in its opinion. Hovde has no obligation to update or reaffirm its opinion at any time. Any estimates contained in the analyses performed by Hovde are not necessarily indicative of actual values or future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by these analyses. Additionally, estimates of the value of businesses or securities do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which such businesses or securities may be sold or the prices at which any securities may trade at any time in the future. Accordingly, these analyses and estimates are inherently subject to substantial uncertainty. Hovde's opinion does not address the relative merits of the merger as compared to any other business combination in which Bancshares might engage. In addition, Hovde's fairness opinion was among several factors taken into consideration by Bancshares' board of directors in making its determination to approve the Agreement and the merger. Consequently, the analyses described below should not be viewed as solely determinative of the decision of Bancshares' board of directors or Bancshares' management with respect to the fairness of the exchange ratio, or any consideration to be received, in connection with the merger.

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The following is a summary of the material analyses prepared by Hovde and delivered to Bancshares' board of directors on May 26, 2015, in connection with the fairness opinion. This summary is not a complete description

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of the analyses underlying the fairness opinion or the presentation prepared by Hovde, but it summarizes the material analyses performed and presented in connection with such opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex analytical process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to the particular circumstances. Therefore, a fairness opinion is not readily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Hovde did not attribute any particular weight to any analysis or factor that it considered, but rather made qualitative judgments as to the significance and relevance of each analysis and factor. The financial analyses summarized below include the information presented in tabular format. The analyses and the summary of the analyses must be considered as a whole and selecting portions of the analyses and factors or focusing on the information presented below in tabular format, without considering all analyses and factors or the full narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying the analyses and opinion of Hovde. The tables alone are not a complete description of the financial analyses.

Precedent Transactions Analysis. As part of its analysis, Hovde reviewed publicly available information related to three comparable groups (Group A , Group B , and Group C) of select acquisition transactions of banks. Group A consisted of acquisition transactions of banks headquartered in the state of Florida and announced in the last seventeen months and involving banks in which the target had assets greater than \$500 million. Group B consisted of acquisition transactions of banks headquartered in the Southeast Region of the United States announced in the last seventeen months, involving banks in which the target had assets between \$1 billion and \$2 billion. Group C consisted of acquisition transactions of banks in the United States announced in the last seventeen months, involving banks in which the target had assets between \$500 million and \$2 billion, a last-twelve-months return on average assets greater than 0.00% and less than 1.00%, and non-performing assets represented greater than 1.50% of total assets. Information for the target institutions was based on the last twelve months starting with the most recent quarter prior to announcement of the transaction. The resulting three groups consisted of the following transactions (5 for Group A; 10 for Group B; 15 for Group C):

Group A:**Buyer (State)**

IBERIABANK Corporation (LA)
 IBERIABANK Corporation (LA)
 Valley National Bancorp (NJ)
 Seacoast Banking Corporation of Florida (FL)
 Centerstate Banks, Inc. (FL)

Target (State)

Old Florida Bancshares, Inc. (FL)
 Florida Bank Group, Inc. (FL)
 1st United Bancorp, Inc. (FL)
 BANKshares, Inc. (FL)
 First Southern Bancorp, Inc. (FL)

Group B:**Buyer (State)**

United Community Banks, Inc. (GA)
 Atlantic Capital Bancshares, Inc. (GA)
 Renasant Corporation (MS)
 IBERIABANK Corporation (LA)
 IBERIABANK Corporation (LA)
 TowneBank (VA)
 Valley National Bancorp (NJ)
 Simmons First National Corporation (AR)

Target (State)

Palmetto Bancshares, Inc. (SC)
 First Security Group, Inc. (TN)
 Heritage Financial Group, Inc. (GA)
 Georgia Commerce Bancshares, Inc. (GA)
 Old Florida Bancshares, Inc. (FL)
 Franklin Financial Corporation (VA)
 1st United Bancorp, Inc. (FL)
 Community First Bancshares, Inc. (TN)

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Bank of the Ozarks, Inc. (AR)
CenterState Banks, Inc. (FL)

Summit Bancorp, Inc. (AR)
First Southern Bancorp, Inc. (FL)

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Pinnacle Financial Partners, Inc. (TN)
 United Community Banks, Inc. (GA)
 Chemical Financial Corporation (MI)
 Stupp Bros., Inc. (MO)
 Northwest Bancshares, Inc. (PA)
 IBERIABANK Corporation (LA)
 BNC Bancorp (NC)
 First Midwest Bancorp, Inc. (IL)
 State Bank Financial Corporation (GA)
 Valley National Bancorp (NJ)
 Seacoast Banking Corporation of Florida (FL)
 Community Bank Shares of Indiana, Inc. (IN)
 First Interstate BancSystem, Inc.
 TriCo Bancshares (CA)
 Old National Bancorp (IN)

Target (State)

Magna Bank (TN)
 Palmetto Bancshares, Inc. (SC)
 Lake Michigan Financial Corporation (MI)
 Southern Bancshares Corp. (MO)
 LNB Bancorp, Inc. (OH)
 Georgia Commerce Bancshares, Inc. (GA)
 Valley Financial Corporation (VA)
 Great Lakes Financial Resources, Inc. (IL)
 Georgia-Carolina Bancshares, Inc. (GA)
 1st United Bancorp, Inc. (FL)
 BANKshares, Inc. (FL)
 First Financial Service Corporation
 Mountain West Financial Corp.
 North Valley Bancorp (CA)
 United Bancorp, Inc. (MI)

For each precedent transaction, Hovde derived and compared the implied ratio of deal value to certain financial characteristics of Bancshares as follows:

the multiple of the purchase consideration to the acquired company's last twelve months net income (the Price-to-LTM Earnings Multiple);

the multiple of the purchase consideration to the acquired company's tangible book value (the Price-to-Tangible Common Book Value Multiple); and

the multiple of the difference between the purchase consideration and the acquired company's tangible book value to the acquired company's core deposits (the Premium-to-Core Deposits Multiple).

The results of the analysis are set forth in the table below. Transaction multiples for the merger were derived from an total implied purchase price of \$203.2⁽¹⁾ million or \$7.15 per diluted share for Bancshares.

Implied Value to Bancshares Based On:	Price-to-LTM EPS Multiple	Price-to-Tangible Common Book Value Multiple	Premium-to-Core Deposits Multiple
Agreement	26.9x	165.3%	7.68%
<i>Precedent Transactions Group A:</i>			
Median	25.4x	142.0%	8.2%
<i>Precedent Transactions Group B:</i>			
Median	24.6x	177.3%	10.9%

Precedent Transactions Group C:

Median	19.7x	173.0%	9.1%
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(1) Includes in-the-money value of options of \$13.9 million (to be exchanged for Valley common stock)

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Using publicly available information, Hovde compared the financial performance of Bancshares with that of the median of the precedent transactions from Groups A, B, and C. The performance highlights are based on the last twelve months starting with the quarter end information of Bancshares as of March 31, 2015.

	Tangible Equity/ Tangible Assets	LTM ROAA	LTM ROAE	Efficiency Ratio	Non- Interest Income/ Assets	NPAs/ Assets	LLR/ NPLs
Bancshares	9.01% ⁽¹⁾	0.58%	6.48%	74.80%	0.26%	2.66%	38.1%
<i>Precedent Transactions Group A:</i>							
Median	10.12%	0.47%	2.57%	71.53%	0.26%	1.24%	91.9%
<i>Precedent Transactions Group B:</i>							
Median	10.08%	0.72%	6.16%	71.98%	0.47%	1.36%	90.7%
<i>Precedent Transactions Group C:</i>							
Median	9.37%	0.62%	6.80%	72.44%	0.81%	2.41%	78.2%

⁽¹⁾ Assumes Bancshares tangible common equity of \$122.9 million as of March 31, 2015

No company or transaction used as comparison in the above transaction analyses is identical to Bancshares or Valley, and no transaction was consummated on terms identical to the terms of the Agreement. Accordingly, an analysis of these results is not strictly mathematical. Rather, it involves complex considerations and judgments concerning differences in financial and operating characteristics of the companies.

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis. Taking into account various factors including, but not limited to, Bancshares' recent performance, the current banking environment and the local economy in which Bancshares operates, Hovde utilized earnings estimates for Bancshares for a forward looking two and one-half year period with the assistance of information and guidance provided by the management of Bancshares; Bancshares management developed the forward-looking projections, which formed the basis of the discounted cash flow analyses.

In order to determine a value for Bancshares on a discounted cash flow basis, Hovde utilized three different methods of discounted cash flow analysis: 1) present value of future free cash flows into perpetuity, 2) present value of future earnings based off a price-to-LTM earnings takeout multiple of 19.0x, and 3) present value of future earnings based off a price-to-tangible common book value takeout multiple of 1.67x. In order to derive the terminal value in the takeout multiple methods, Hovde multiplied Bancshares' projected 2017 earnings and tangible book value by their respective takeout multiples, as mentioned above. The price-to-LTM earnings takeout multiple was derived from the 25-year average nationwide price-to-LTM earnings takeout multiple based on historical data from SNL Financial LLC. The price-to-tangible common book value takeout multiple was also derived from the 25-year average nationwide price-to-tangible common book value takeout multiple based on historical data from SNL Financial LLC.

Hovde performed variations of the discounted cash flow analysis using Bancshares' projections. For the discounted cash flow analysis (DCF Analysis), Hovde utilized management's earnings projections for 2015, 2016, and 2017. Net income projections for Bancshares for 2015, 2016, and 2017 were \$8.3 million, \$8.7 million, and \$12.9 million, respectively. A range of discount rates between 13% and 15% were employed. These rates were chosen to reflect

different assumptions regarding the required rates of return of holders or prospective buyers of Bancshares common stock. The resulting values of the three DCF analyses (using the median discount rate of 14%) were \$4.39 per share, \$6.30 per share, and \$6.32 per share, with an average of \$5.67 per share.

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These analyses and their underlying assumptions yielded a different values for Bancshares, which are outlined in the table below:

Implied Value to Bancshares Based On:	Implied Transaction Value (Per Share)	Price-to-LTM Net Income Multiple	Price-to-Tangible Book Value Multiple	Premium to Core Deposits Multiple
Agreement	\$ 7.15	26.9x	165.3%	7.68%
DCF Analysis Terminal Growth Model	\$ 4.39	16.0x	98.2%	-0.21%
DCF Analysis Takeout Price-to-Earnings	\$ 6.30	23.6x	144.6%	5.25%
DCF Analysis Takeout Price-to-Tangible Book Value	\$ 6.32	23.7x	145.1%	5.31%

Hovde noted that while the discounted cash flow present value analysis is a widely used valuation methodology, it relies on numerous assumptions, including asset and earnings growth rates, terminal values and discount rates. Hovde's analysis does not purport to be indicative of the actual values or expected values of Bancshares' common stock.

Other Factors and Analyses. Hovde took into consideration various other factors and analyses, including but not limited to: current market environment; merger and acquisition environment; movements in the common stock valuations of selected publicly-traded banking companies; and movements in the S&P 500 Index.

Conclusion. Based upon the foregoing analyses and other investigations and assumptions set forth in its opinion, without giving specific weightings to any one factor or comparison, Hovde determined that the exchange ratio in connection with the merger is fair from a financial point of view to Bancshares' shareholders. **Each shareholder is encouraged to read Hovde's fairness opinion in its entirety. The full text of this fairness opinion is included as Appendix B to this Proxy Statement.**

2015 Financial Forecasts and Projections

Bancshares does not as a matter of course publicly disclose internal management budgets, forecasts or projections as to future financial performance due to the unpredictability of the underlying assumptions and estimates. However, in connection with its confirmatory due diligence, Valley requested, and Bancshares' management provided Valley and its financial advisor with, certain non-public financial forecasts and projections prepared by Bancshares' management.

Set forth below is a summary of the material financial forecasts and projections that were provided by Bancshares to Valley and the financial advisors to Bancshares and Valley:

Summary of Financial Forecasts and Projections Provided by Bancshares for the Year Ending December 31, 2015 (all amounts are approximate)

	(dollars in thousands except per share data)	
Net Income Available to Common Shareholders	\$	8,112
Earnings Per Share	\$	0.31
Return on Average Assets		0.60%

Return on Average Equity		6.60%
Total Average Assets	\$	1,356,993

The financial forecasts and projections set forth above represent the projections prepared by Bancshares and delivered to Valley and the financial advisors to Bancshares and Valley prior to the announcement of the merger. The forecasts and projections provided by Bancshares to Valley and the financial advisors to Bancshares and

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Valley were contained in Bancshares' budget for 2015, which was prepared at approximately year-end 2014 for purposes of internal planning, and these forecasts and projections did not include any infrequent items of income or expense. At the time the financial forecasts and projections were prepared, they represented the best estimates and judgments of Bancshares' management team that prepared the forecasts and projections in good faith. These financial forecasts and projections cannot be considered to necessarily be predictive of actual future operating results, and no assurance can be given regarding future events. The financial forecasts and projections represent Bancshares' independent forecasts and projections. The financial forecasts and projections were not prepared with a view toward public disclosure or with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to prospective financial information or published guidelines of the SEC regarding forward-looking statements and do not fully comply with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). **In light of the foregoing, and considering that the Bancshares special meeting will be held several months after the financial forecasts and projections were prepared, as well as the uncertainties inherent in any financial forecasts and projections, shareholders of Bancshares are cautioned not to rely on these financial forecasts and projections as a predictor of future operating results or otherwise.**

The estimates and assumptions underlying Bancshares' financial forecasts and projections involve assumptions and judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, regulatory and financial market conditions and future business decisions. These estimates and assumptions may not be realized and are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and regulatory uncertainties, including those risk factors detailed in the sections entitled Risk Factors beginning on page [] and Forward-Looking Statements beginning on page [], all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond the control of Bancshares and will be beyond the control of the combined company after the merger. Estimates or projections of the value of businesses or securities do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which such businesses or securities might actually be sold. In addition, the financial forecasts and projections prepared by Bancshares represent its management's own evaluation of Bancshares' future financial performance on a stand-alone basis, and without reference to transaction-related costs or benefits. Accordingly, actual results could vary materially from those presented in the financial forecasts and projections, and actual value or future results could be significantly more or less favorable than what is suggested by the forecasts and projections. The inclusion of these financial forecasts and projections should not be interpreted as an indication that Bancshares considers this information as necessarily predictive of actual future results, and this information should not be relied on for that purpose. Valley and its management did not participate in preparing, and do not express any view on, the Bancshares financial forecasts and projections set forth above, or the assumptions underlying such financial forecasts and projections.

The prospective financial information of Bancshares included in this proxy statement-prospectus has been prepared by, and is the responsibility of, the management team of Bancshares. Neither Bancshares' auditors, nor any other independent registered public accounting firm, nor Bancshares' financial advisors have examined, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to these forecasts or projections, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on this information or its achievability.

Bancshares does not intend to disclose publicly any update or other revision to these forecasts or projections to reflect circumstances existing since their preparation or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes in general economic or industry conditions, even in the event that any or all of the underlying assumptions are shown to be in error.

Regulatory Approvals

Completion of the merger is subject to prior receipt of all approvals and consents required to be obtained from applicable governmental and regulatory authorities. Valley and Bancshares have also agreed to cooperate and use all

reasonable efforts to prepare as promptly as possible all documentation, to make all requisite regulatory filings and to obtain any necessary permits, consents approvals and authorizations of governmental entities necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement as soon as possible.

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There can be no assurance that regulatory approvals will be obtained, that such approvals will be received on a timely basis, or that such approvals will not impose conditions or requirements that, individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations, assets or business of the combined company following completion of the merger.

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. Immediately following the merger, Valley intends to merge CNLBank with and into Valley National Bank, with Valley National Bank as the surviving bank. Completion of the bank merger is subject to receipt of the approval of the OCC under the Bank Merger Act. Application for approval of the bank merger has been filed with the OCC and is subject to a comment and review period by the OCC. In evaluating an application filed under the Bank Merger Act, the OCC generally considers the financial and managerial resources of the banks and the convenience and needs of the community to be served as well as the banks' effectiveness in combating money-laundering activities. In connection with its review, the OCC will provide an opportunity for public comment on the application for the bank merger, and is authorized to hold a public meeting or other proceeding if they determine that would be appropriate. At this time, the OCC's decision on the application is pending.

Under the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (the CRA), the OCC must take into account the record of performance of each of Valley National Bank and CNLBank in meeting the credit needs of the entire communities, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, served by the banks.

Federal Reserve. Valley will file a request with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York seeking confirmation of an exemption from approval by the Federal Reserve for Valley's acquisition of Bancshares by merger of Bancshares with and into Valley. Valley will state in the request that it is Valley's position that the merger meets all of the conditions for transactions that do not require approval by the Federal Reserve. These conditions include, among others, that Bancshares will not be operated as a separate subsidiary by Valley, the merger of CNLBank, Bancshares' banking subsidiary, into Valley National Bank, Valley's banking subsidiary, requires the prior approval of the OCC under the Bank Merger Act, the subsidiaries of Bancshares and CNLBank will not be engaged in activities upon closing of the merger which would require prior approval of the Federal Reserve under the Bank Holding Company Act, and Valley, before and after the consummation of the merger, will meet the capital adequacy requirements of the Federal Reserve.

Florida Office of Financial Regulation. Valley National Bank has submitted a notice filing to the Florida Office of Financial Regulation setting forth the name of CNLBank as the Florida state-chartered bank that will be merged with and into Valley National Bank and the projected effective date of the merger. The approval of the Florida Office of Financial Regulation is not required.

Valley and Bancshares are not aware of any governmental approvals or compliance with banking laws and regulations that are required for the merger to become effective other than those described above. Valley and Bancshares intend to seek any other approval and to take any other action that may be required to complete the merger. There can be no assurance that any required approval or action can be obtained or taken prior to the Bancshares' special meeting.

Resale Considerations Regarding Valley Common Stock

The shares of Valley common stock that will be issued if the merger is consummated will have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These registered shares will be freely transferable, including those shares received by directors and executive officers of Bancshares.

Accounting Treatment of the Merger

Valley will account for the merger using the acquisition method under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities of Bancshares will be recorded, as of completion of the merger, at their respective fair values. The

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excess of the purchase price over the net assets acquired will be recorded as goodwill to the extent not allocated to core deposit or other intangibles. Goodwill resulting from the merger will not be amortized, but will be reviewed for impairment at least annually. Core deposit and other intangibles with finite useful lives recorded in connection with the merger will be amortized.

Financial statements and reported results of operations of Valley issued after completion of the merger will not be restated retroactively to reflect the historical financial position or results of operations of Bancshares.

Material Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger

The following discussion sets forth the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the merger to U.S. holders (as defined below) of Bancshares common stock that exchange their shares of Bancshares common stock for shares of Valley common stock in the merger.

The discussion set forth herein is based upon the Code, the regulations promulgated under the Code and court and administrative rulings and decisions, all as in effect on the date of this document. These authorities may change, possibly with retroactive effect, and any change could affect the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth in this discussion.

This discussion does not address any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction, or under any U.S. federal laws other than those pertaining to income tax. You should consult with your own tax advisor as to the state, local or foreign tax consequences of the merger in your particular circumstances.

This discussion is addressed only to those Bancshares shareholders who hold their shares of Bancshares common stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). Further, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances or that may be applicable to you if you are subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws, including if you are:

a financial institution;

a tax-exempt organization;

a partnership, S corporation or other pass-through entity (or an investor in a partnership, S corporation or other pass-through entity);

an insurance company;

a mutual fund;

a dealer or broker in stocks and securities, or currencies;

a trader in securities that elects mark-to-market treatment;

subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of the Code;

a holder of Bancshares common stock that received Bancshares common stock through the exercise of an employee stock option, through a tax qualified retirement plan, or otherwise as compensation;

a person that is not a U.S. holder (as defined below);

a person that has a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar;

a holder of Bancshares common stock that holds Bancshares common stock as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale, conversion, or other integrated transaction; or

subject to tax under Code sections 877 or 877A as a U.S. expatriate.

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Determining the actual tax consequences of the merger to you may be complex. They will depend on your specific situation and on factors that are not within our knowledge or control. You should consult with your own tax advisor as to the tax consequences of the merger in your particular circumstances, including the applicability and effect of the alternative minimum tax and any state, local, foreign or other tax laws and of changes in those laws.

For purposes of this discussion, the term *U.S. holder* means a beneficial owner of Bancshares common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual citizen or tax resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation, or entity treated as a corporation, organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (iii) a trust if (a) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (b) such trust has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes or (iv) an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences to a partner in an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes that holds Bancshares common stock generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership holding Bancshares common stock should consult their own tax advisors.

Tax Consequences of the Merger

Generally. The merger will qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. Accordingly, subject to the limitations set forth above, upon exchanging your Bancshares common stock for Valley common stock, you will not recognize gain (except to the extent of any cash which you may receive) or loss pursuant to Section 354(a) of the Code. The aggregate tax basis in the shares of Valley common stock that you receive in the merger will, pursuant to Section 358(a), equal your aggregate adjusted tax basis in the Bancshares common stock you surrender. Your holding period for the shares of Valley common stock that you receive in the merger will, pursuant to Section 1223(1), include your holding period for the shares of Bancshares common stock that you surrender (reduced by the amount of any cash you receive but increased by any gain you may have recognized) in the exchange. If you acquired different blocks of Bancshares common shares at different times or at different prices, the Valley common stock you receive will, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.358-2, be allocated pro rata to each block of Bancshares common stock, and the basis and holding period of each block of Valley common stock you receive will be determined on a block-for-block basis depending on the basis and holding period of the blocks of Bancshares common stock exchanged for such block of Valley common stock.

Cash Instead of Fractional Shares. If you receive cash instead of a fractional shares of Valley common stock, you will be treated as having received such fractional share of Valley common stock pursuant to the merger and then as having sold such fractional share of Valley common stock for cash. As a result, you generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and the basis in your fractional share of Valley common stock as set forth above. Such gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if, as of the effective date of the merger, the holding period for such fractional shares (including the holding period of shares of Bancshares common stock surrendered therefor) exceeds one year. Long-term capital gains of individuals are generally eligible for reduced rates of taxation. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. If you are a non-corporate holder of Bancshares common stock, you may be subject, under certain circumstances, to information reporting and backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) on any cash payments you receive. You generally will not be subject to backup withholding, however, if you

(1) furnish a correct taxpayer identification number, certify that you are not subject to backup withholding and otherwise comply with all applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules; or

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(2) provide proof that you are otherwise exempt from backup withholding. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not an additional tax and will generally be allowed as a refund or credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided you timely furnish the required information to the IRS.

Closing Tax Opinions of Each of Day Pitney LLP and Hacker, Johnson, Smith, PA

It is a condition to Valley's obligation to complete the merger that Valley receive an opinion from Day Pitney LLP, dated the closing date of the merger, substantially to the effect that the merger will be treated as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. It is a condition to Bancshares' obligation to complete the merger that Bancshares receive an opinion from Hacker, Johnson, Smith, PA, dated the closing date of the merger, substantially to the effect that the merger will be treated as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. These opinions will be based on representation letters provided by Valley and Bancshares and on customary factual assumptions. None of the opinions described above will be binding on the Internal Revenue Service. Valley and Bancshares have not sought and will not seek any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service regarding any matters relating to the merger, and as a result, there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the conclusions set forth above. In addition, if any of the representations upon which those opinions are based are inconsistent with the actual facts, the United States federal income tax consequences of the merger could be adversely affected.

Tax matters are complicated and the tax consequences of the merger to each holder of Bancshares common stock will depend on the facts of each such shareholder's particular situation. The United States federal income tax discussion set forth above does not address all United States federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a particular holder and may not be applicable to all holders' special situations. Bancshares shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisors about the federal income tax consequences under their own particular facts and circumstances, and also as to any state, local, foreign or other tax consequences arising out of the merger.

Appraisal Rights for Bancshares Shareholders

Holders of Bancshares common stock and preferred stock as of the record date are entitled to appraisal rights under the FBCA. Pursuant to Section 607.1302 of the FBCA, a Bancshares shareholder who does not wish to accept the consideration to be received pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement may dissent from the merger and elect to receive the fair value of his, her or its shares of Bancshares common stock and preferred stock immediately prior to the date of the special meeting to vote on the proposal to approve the merger agreement, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of the merger unless exclusion would be inequitable. Under the terms of the merger agreement, if 10% or more of the aggregate outstanding shares of Bancshares common stock and preferred stock validly exercise their appraisal rights, then Valley will not be obligated to complete the merger.

In order to exercise appraisal rights, a dissenting Bancshares shareholder must strictly comply with the statutory procedures of Sections 607.1301 through 607.1333 of the FBCA, which are summarized below. A copy of the full text of those Sections is included as *Appendix C* to this proxy statement-prospectus. Bancshares shareholders are urged to read *Appendix C* in its entirety and to consult with their legal advisors. Each Bancshares shareholder who desires to assert his, her or its appraisal rights is cautioned that failure on his, her or its part to adhere strictly to the requirements of Florida law in any regard will cause a forfeiture of any appraisal rights.

Procedures for Exercising Dissenters' Rights of Appraisal. The following summary of Florida law is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the applicable provisions of the FBCA, a copy of which is included as *Appendix C* to this proxy statement-prospectus.

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A dissenting shareholder who desires to exercise his, her or its appraisal rights must file with Bancshares, prior to the taking of the vote on the merger agreement, a written notice of intent to demand payment for his, her or its shares if the merger is effectuated. A vote against the merger agreement will not alone be deemed to be the written notice of intent to demand payment and will not be deemed to satisfy the notice requirements under the FBCA. A dissenting shareholder need not vote against the merger agreement, but cannot vote, or allow any nominee who holds such shares for the dissenting shareholder to vote, any of his, her or its shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock in favor of the merger agreement. A vote in favor of the merger agreement will constitute a waiver of the shareholder's appraisal rights. A shareholder's failure to vote against the merger agreement will not constitute a waiver of such shareholder's dissenters' rights. Such written notification should be delivered either in person or by mail (certified mail, return receipt requested, being the recommended form of transmittal) to:

CNLBancshares, Inc.

450 South Orange Avenue, Suite 400

Orlando, Florida 32801

Attn: Chirag J. Bhavsar, Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer

All such notices must be signed in the same manner as the shares are registered on the books of Bancshares. If a Bancshares shareholder has not provided written notice of intent to demand fair value before the vote on the proposal to approve the merger agreement is taken at the special meeting, then the Bancshares shareholder will be deemed to have waived his, her or its appraisal rights.

Within 10 days after the completion of the merger, Valley must provide to each Bancshares shareholder who filed a notice of intent to demand payment for his, her or its shares a written appraisal notice and an election form that specifies, among other things:

the date of the completion of the merger;

Valley's estimate of the fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock and preferred stock;

where to return the completed appraisal election form and the shareholder's stock certificates and the date by which each must be received by Valley or its agent, which date with respect to the receipt of the appraisal election form may not be fewer than 40, nor more than 60, days after the date Valley sent the appraisal election form to the shareholder (and shall state that the shareholder shall have waived the right to demand appraisal with respect to the shares unless such form is received by Valley by such specified date) and which with respect to the return of stock certificates must not be earlier than the date for receiving the appraisal election form;

that, if requested in writing, Valley will provide to the shareholder so requesting, within 10 days after the date set for receipt by Valley of the appraisal election form, the number of shareholders who return the forms by such date and the total number of shares owned by them; and

the date by which a notice from the Bancshares shareholder of his, her or its desire to withdraw his, her or its appraisal election must be received by Valley, which date must be within 20 days after the date set for receipt by Valley of the appraisal election form from the Bancshares shareholder.

The form must also contain Valley's offer to pay to the Bancshares shareholder the amount that it has estimated as the fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock, and request certain information from the Bancshares shareholder, including:

the shareholder's name and address;

the number of shares as to which the shareholder is asserting appraisal rights;

that the shareholder did not vote for the merger;

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whether the shareholder accepts the offer of Valley to pay its estimate of the fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock to the shareholder; and

if the shareholder does not accept the offer of Valley, the shareholder's estimated fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock and a demand for payment of the shareholder's estimated value plus interest.

The form must be accompanied by financial statements of Valley, consisting of a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year ending not more than 15 months prior to the date of the appraisal notice, an income statement for that year, cash flow statement for that year, and the latest available interim financial statements, if any. In addition the form also must be accompanied by a copy of Section 607.1301 through 607.1333 of the FBCA.

A dissenting shareholder must execute and submit the certificate(s) representing his, her or its shares and the appraisal election form, and in the case of certificated shares, deposit the shareholder's certificates, by the specified date. Any dissenting shareholder failing to return a properly completed appraisal election form and his, her or its stock certificates within the period stated in the form will lose his, her or its appraisal rights and be bound by the terms of the merger agreement. Upon returning the appraisal election form, a dissenting shareholder will be entitled only to payment pursuant to the procedure set forth in the applicable sections of the FBCA and will not be entitled to vote or to exercise any other rights of a shareholder, unless the dissenting shareholder withdraws his, her or its demand for appraisal within the time period specified in the appraisal election form.

A dissenting shareholder who has delivered the appraisal election form and his, her or its Bancshares common stock or preferred stock certificates may decline to exercise appraisal rights and withdraw from the appraisal process by giving written notice to Valley within the time period specified in the appraisal election form. Thereafter, a dissenting shareholder may not withdraw from the appraisal process without the written consent of Valley. Upon such withdrawal, the right of the dissenting shareholder to be paid the fair value of his, her or its shares will cease, and he, she or it will be reinstated as a shareholder and will be entitled to receive the merger consideration.

If the dissenting shareholder accepts the offer of Valley in the appraisal election form to pay Valley's estimate of the fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock, payment for the shares of the dissenting shareholder is to be made within 90 days after the receipt of the appraisal election form by Valley or its agent. Upon payment of the agreed value, the dissenting shareholder will cease to have any interest in such shares.

A shareholder must demand appraisal rights with respect to all of the shares registered in his, her or its name, except that a record shareholder may assert appraisal rights as to fewer than all of the shares registered in the record shareholder's name but which are owned by a beneficial shareholder, if the record shareholder objects with respect to all shares owned by the beneficial shareholder. A record shareholder must notify Bancshares in writing of the name and address of each beneficial shareholder on whose behalf appraisal rights are being asserted. A beneficial shareholder may assert appraisal rights as to any shares held on behalf of the beneficial shareholder only if the beneficial shareholder submits to Bancshares the record shareholder's written consent to the assertion of such rights before the date specified in the appraisal election form, and does so with respect to all shares that are beneficially owned by the beneficial shareholder.

A shareholder who is dissatisfied with Valley's estimate of the fair value of the shares of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock must notify Valley of the shareholder's estimate of the fair value of the shares and demand payment of that estimate plus interest in the appraisal election form within the time period specified in the form. A shareholder who fails to notify Valley in writing of the shareholder's demand to be paid its stated estimate of the fair value of the shares plus interest within the required time period waives the right to demand payment and will be entitled only to

the payment offered by Valley in the appraisal election form.

Section 607.1330 of the FBCA addresses what should occur if a dissenting shareholder fails to accept the offer of Valley to pay the value of the shares as estimated by Valley, and Valley fails to comply with the demand of the dissenting shareholder to pay the value of the shares as estimated by the dissenting shareholder, plus interest.

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If a dissenting shareholder refuses to accept the offer of Valley to pay the value of the shares as estimated by Valley, and Valley fails to comply with the demand of the dissenting shareholder to pay the value of the shares as estimated by the dissenting shareholder, plus interest, then within 60 days after receipt of a written demand from any dissenting shareholder, Valley shall, or at its election at any time within such period of 60 days may, file an action in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county in Florida where the registered office of Valley, maintained pursuant to Florida law, is located requesting that the fair value of such shares be determined by the court.

If Valley fails to institute a proceeding within the above-prescribed period, any dissenting shareholder may do so in the name of Valley. All dissenting shareholders whose demands remain unsettled shall be made parties to the proceeding as in an action against their shares and a copy of the initial pleading will be served on each dissenting shareholder as provided by law. The shareholders demanding appraisal rights are entitled to the same discovery rights as parties in other civil proceedings. There shall be no right to a jury trial.

Valley is required to pay each dissenting shareholder the amount found to be due within 10 days after final determination of the proceedings, which amount may, in the discretion of the court, include a fair rate of interest, which will also be determined by the court. Upon payment of the judgment, the dissenting shareholder ceases to have any interest in such shares.

Section 607.1331 of the FBCA provides that the costs of a court appraisal proceeding, including reasonable compensation for, and expenses of, appraisers appointed by the court, will be determined by the court and assessed against Valley, except that the court may assess costs against all or some of the dissenting shareholders, in amounts the court finds equitable, to the extent that the court finds such shareholders acted arbitrarily, vexatiously or not in good faith with respect to their appraisal rights. The court also may assess the fees and expenses of counsel and experts for the respective parties, in amounts the court finds equitable, against: (i) Valley and in favor of any or all dissenting shareholders if the court finds Valley did not substantially comply with the notification provisions set forth in Sections 607.1320 and 607.1322 of the FBCA; or (ii) either Valley or a dissenting shareholder, in favor of any other party, if the court finds that the party against whom the fees and expenses are assessed acted arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith with respect to the appraisal rights. If the court in an appraisal proceeding finds that the services of counsel for any dissenting shareholder were of substantial benefit to other dissenting shareholders, and that the fees for those services should not be assessed against Valley, the court may award to such counsel reasonable fees to be paid out of the amounts awarded the dissenting shareholders who were benefited. To the extent that Valley fails to make a required payment when a dissenting shareholder accepts Valley's offer to pay the value of the shares as estimated by Valley, the dissenting shareholder may sue directly for the amount owed and, to the extent successful, shall be entitled to recover from Valley all costs and expenses of the suit, including counsel fees.

Table of Contents**THE MERGER AGREEMENT**

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the merger agreement. The following description of the merger agreement is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the merger agreement, which is attached to this proxy statement-prospectus as Appendix A and is incorporated by reference into this document. This summary may not contain all of the information about the merger agreement that may be important to you. We urge you to read the merger agreement carefully and in its entirety, as it is the legal document governing the merger.

General Description

The merger agreement provides for the merger of Bancshares with and into Valley, with Valley as the surviving entity. A closing under the merger agreement is to occur on the day which is the last day of the month during which occurs the fifth business day following the last to occur of the receipt of all necessary regulatory and governmental approvals and consents (including the expiration of all applicable statutory waiting periods) and the satisfaction or waiver of all conditions to closing. The merger agreement also provides that Valley and Bancshares may agree on a different closing date. The merger will become effective at the time specified in a certificate of merger which Valley and Bancshares will prepare and which Valley will file with the New Jersey Department of Treasury, Division of Commercial Recording and the Florida Secretary of State simultaneous with the closing. Immediately after the merger is effective, CNLBank will merge with and into Valley National Bank, with Valley National Bank as the surviving entity.

Consideration

At the effective time of the merger, each share of Bancshares common stock will be converted into, and become the right to receive, 0.75 of a share of Valley common stock, subject to adjustment. The 0.75 exchange ratio will be adjusted (i) if the average closing market price of Valley common stock during the twenty trading-day period ending five trading days before the closing date (the Average Closing Price) is less than \$8.80, then the exchange ratio will be \$6.60 divided by Valley's Average Closing Price subject to Valley's option to pay cash in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio as described below; or (ii) if the Average Market Price is greater than \$10.13, the exchange ratio will be \$7.60 divided by Valley's Average Closing Price. In the event Valley's Average Closing Price is less than \$8.80, Valley will have the right in its discretion, in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio, to pay an amount of cash for each share of Bancshares common stock in an amount equal to the difference between (a) \$6.60 and (b) the product of Valley's Average Closing Price times 0.75, and the exchange ratio will be 0.75. On or prior to the consummation of the merger, outstanding shares of Bancshares Series A preferred stock and Class B preferred stock will be converted into Bancshares common stock, and outstanding shares of Bancshares Class C preferred stock will either be redeemed by Bancshares or, at the option of the holder, converted into Bancshares common stock. No fractional shares of Valley common stock will be issued. In lieu of fractional shares of Valley common stock, each holder of Bancshares common stock who would be entitled to a fractional interest will instead receive an amount in cash determined by multiplying his or her fractional interest by the Average Closing Price.

In the event holders of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock exercise appraisal rights under Florida law, Valley shall make a cash payment equal to the fair value of the dissenting shareholders' shares of Bancshares stock, rather than merger consideration.

If Valley declares a cash dividend on the shares of Valley common stock with a record date within 30 days prior to the date which is five business days following the last to occur of the receipt of all necessary regulatory and governmental approvals and consents and the expiration of all statutory waiting periods in respect thereof and the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the consummation of the merger, then each share of Bancshares common stock will

be entitled to receive as a part of the merger consideration a cash payment equal

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to the cash dividend that would have otherwise been payable assuming such share had been converted to Valley common stock on the record date and at the exchange ratio; provided, however, that if the merger consideration is so increased, in no event will the holders of Bancshares common stock be treated as shareholders of Valley as of the record date of such dividend.

Treatment of Bancshares Stock Options

The merger agreement provides that unexercised Bancshares stock options will be cancelled immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and holders of such cancelled Bancshares stock options will be entitled to consideration consisting of the right to receive a number of shares of Valley common stock equal to the product of (A) the number of shares of Bancshares common stock underlying the option and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) the product of Valley's Average Closing Price times the exchange ratio (disregarding Valley's option to pay cash in lieu of increasing the exchange ratio), over (y) the exercise price per share of such option. The payments to the Bancshares option holders shall be treated as compensation and holders shall be responsible for applicable federal and state withholding taxes. Each holder of a Bancshares stock option will be required to execute an acknowledgment that all options for such holder have been cancelled.

Bank Merger

Immediately after the merger is effective, CNLBank, a Florida state-chartered commercial bank and wholly-owned subsidiary of Bancshares, will merge with and into Valley National Bank, a national banking association and wholly-owned subsidiary of Valley, with Valley National Bank surviving the merger and continuing its corporate existence.

Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws

The Valley Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Valley By-laws as in effect immediately prior to the completion of the merger will be the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of the surviving corporation.

Board of Directors

The directors of Valley as of the effective time of the merger will continue to serve as directors of the surviving corporation.

Exchange of Shares

The exchange of Bancshares common stock for Valley common stock will occur after consummation of the merger. No later than five (5) business days after the effective time of the merger, American Stock Transfer and Trust Company will mail a letter of transmittal to each holder of Bancshares common stock at the effective time of the merger. This mailing will contain instructions on how to surrender Bancshares common stock represented in certificated or book-entry form in exchange for shares of Valley common stock to be received by holders of Bancshares common stock in the merger pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement.

Notwithstanding the time of surrender of Bancshares common stock, each holder of Bancshares common stock at the effective time of the merger will be deemed a shareholder of Valley for all purposes from the effective time of the merger, except that Valley will withhold the payment of dividends to such holder until such holder effects the exchange of Bancshares common stock represented in certificated or book-entry form for Valley common stock. Such holder of Bancshares common stock will receive any withheld dividends, without interest, upon effecting the share

exchange.

If a certificate for Bancshares common stock has been lost, stolen or destroyed, American Stock Transfer and Trust Company will issue shares of Valley common stock under the merger agreement upon receipt of an affidavit of that fact by the claimant and indemnity agreement and the posting of a bond in such amount as

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Valley determines is reasonably required as indemnity. Each holder of Bancshares common stock at the effective time of the merger will be deemed a shareholder of Valley for all purposes from the effective time of the merger, except that Valley will withhold the payment of dividends to such holder until the exchange of certificates for Valley common stock has occurred. Such holder of Bancshares common stock will receive any withheld dividends, without interest, upon the occurrence of the exchange of certificates for Valley common stock.

Each of Valley and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company will be entitled to deduct and withhold from the cash in lieu of fractional shares payable to any holder of Bancshares common stock the amounts it is required to deduct and withhold under any federal, state, local or foreign tax law. If Valley or American Stock Transfer and Trust Company withholds any amounts, these amounts will be treated for all purposes of the merger as having been paid to the shareholders from whom they were withheld.

Representations and Warranties

The representations and warranties described below and included in the merger agreement were made only for purposes of the merger agreement and as of specific dates, are solely for the benefit of Valley and Bancshares, may be subject to limitations, qualifications or exceptions agreed upon by the parties, including those included in confidential disclosures made for the purposes of, among other things, allocating contractual risk between Valley and Bancshares rather than establishing matters as facts, and may be subject to standards of materiality that differ from those standards relevant to investors. You should not rely on the representations and warranties or any description thereof as characterizations of the actual state of facts or condition of Valley, Bancshares or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates. Moreover, information concerning the subject matter of the representations and warranties may change after the date of the merger agreement, which subsequent information may or may not be fully reflected in public disclosures by Valley or Bancshares. The representations and warranties and other provisions of the merger agreement should not be read alone, but instead should be read only in conjunction with the information provided elsewhere in this proxy statement-prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference into this proxy statement-prospectus. See [Information Incorporated by Reference](#) on page [].

The merger agreement contains customary representations and warranties of Valley and Bancshares relating to their respective businesses. The representations and warranties in the merger agreement do not survive the effective time of the merger.

Each of Valley and Bancshares has made representations and warranties regarding, among other things:

corporate organization and similar corporate matters;

capitalization;

authorization, execution and enforceability of the merger agreement;

the accuracy of financial information and, for Valley, the accuracy of information contained in filings with the SEC;

fees payable to financial advisors;

the absence of changes or events since December 31, 2014 that may have a material adverse effect on the corporation making the representation and warranty;

pending or threatened legal proceedings and the absence of material litigation;

taxes and tax returns;

compliance with applicable laws;

environmental matters;

the adequacy of the allowance for loan and lease losses and reserve for taxes;

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no agreements with bank regulators;

the filing of material reports with governmental agencies and the adequacy and maintenance of internal and disclosure controls;

the enforceability and status of certain material contracts;

certain loan matters;

the filing of regulatory reports;

the absence of unlawful payments to third parties;

compliance with anti-money laundering laws and anti-terrorism laws; and

that either party did not make any untrue statement of a material fact or failure to disclose a material fact to the other party.

Bancshares also made representations and warranties regarding:

properties and insurance;

minute books;

insider loans;

intellectual property matters;

employee benefit plans and compliance with employee benefit laws and regulations;

excess parachute payments;

the taking of actions to exempt the merger from anti-takeover provisions in state law;

the absence of undisclosed indemnification arrangements;

the absence of any circumstance that would prevent the merger from being classified as a tax-free reorganization;

the vote required for Bancshares' shareholder meeting; and

investment securities, borrowings and deposits.

Valley also made representations and warranties regarding:

the filing of required SEC documents;

the absence of acceleration and other benefits to current or former employees as a result of the merger; and

the due and valid reservation of Valley common stock for issuance under the terms and conditions of the merger agreement.

Certain representations and warranties of Valley and Bancshares are qualified as to materiality or material adverse effect. For purposes of the merger agreement, a material adverse effect, when used in reference to Valley or Bancshares, means any effect which (i) is material and adverse to the business, assets, financial condition or results of operations of such party and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, or (ii) materially impairs the ability of such party and its subsidiaries to consummate the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement on a timely basis; provided, however, that material adverse effect will not be deemed to include the impact of:

changes in laws and regulations (or interpretations of such laws and regulations by courts or governmental agencies) affecting banks or their holding companies generally;

changes in GAAP or regulatory accounting principles generally applicable to financial institutions and their holding companies;

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actions and omissions of a party to the merger agreement (including their subsidiaries) taken with the prior written consent of the other party;

the impact of the announcement of the merger agreement and the merger, and compliance with the merger agreement on the business, financial condition or results of operations of the parties and their respective subsidiaries, including the expenses incurred in connection with consummating the merger;

changes in national or international political or social conditions, including the engagement by the United States in hostilities or the occurrence of any military or terrorist attack upon or within the United States, unless it uniquely and disproportionately affects either or both of the parties or any of their subsidiaries;

any change in the value of the securities or loan portfolio, or any change in the value of the deposits or borrowings, of Bancshares or Valley, or any of their subsidiaries, respectively, resulting from a change in interest rates generally; or

changes relating to securities markets in general (including any disruption thereof and any decline in the price of any security or market index).

Covenants and Agreements

Each of Valley and Bancshares has undertaken customary covenants that place restrictions on it and its subsidiaries until the completion of the merger. Each of Valley and Bancshares has agreed to carry on its business in the ordinary course consistent with past banking practice and cause their respective significant subsidiaries to do the same. Each of Valley and Bancshares will use commercially reasonable efforts to preserve intact its business organization and that of its significant subsidiaries, as well as maintain its rights, franchises and existing relations with customers, suppliers and employees.

In addition to the general covenants above, Valley further agreed that, except as otherwise approved by Bancshares in writing, Valley will not:

change any provision of its certificate of incorporation, bylaws or similar governing documents in a manner that would adversely affect the rights of the shareholders of Valley;

make any material change in its accounting methods or practices not required by GAAP or applicable regulatory accounting requirements; and

take any intentional action that would result in any of its closing conditions to the merger to not be satisfied. In addition to the general covenants above, Bancshares further agreed that, subject to specified exceptions and except as otherwise approved by Valley in writing, Bancshares will not, and will not permit its significant subsidiaries to, among other things, undertake the following actions:

change any provision of its certificate of incorporation, bylaws or similar governing documents;

change the number of shares of its authorized or issued capital stock (other than the issuance of capital stock in connection with the exercise of any Bancshares stock options or the conversion of the Bancshares preferred stock) or issue or grant any option, warrant, call, commitment, subscription, right to purchase or agreement of any character relating to the authorized or issued capital stock of Bancshares or any Bancshares Subsidiary or any securities convertible into shares of such stock, or split, combine or reclassify any shares of its capital stock, or redeem or otherwise acquire any shares of such capital stock, or declare, set aside or pay any dividend, or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of its capital stock;

grant any severance or termination pay, enter into or amend any employment agreement, adopt any new employee benefit plan or arrangement or amend any existing employee benefit plan or

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arrangement, or award any increase in compensation or benefits to directors, officers or employees except for increases in compensation in the usual and ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

sell or dispose of any assets with a market value in excess of \$100,000 or incur any liability with a principal balance greater than \$100,000 other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices and policies;

make any capital expenditure or enter into any new service agreement or similar contract not terminable by Bancshares within sixty (60) days and involving amounts in excess of \$100,000 individually or \$500,000 in the aggregate, other than pursuant to binding commitments as of the date of the merger agreement, expenditures necessary to maintain assets in good repair and expenditures described in business plans or budgets previously furnished to Valley;

file any applications or make any contracts regarding branching or site location or relocation;

agree to acquire any business or entity (other than to foreclose on collateral for a defaulted loan);

make any new investments in securities other than investments in government, municipal or agency bonds having a weighted average life or duration of not greater than five years;

make any material change in its accounting methods or practices not required by GAAP or applicable regulatory accounting requirements;

take any action that would result in the breach of any representation or warranty of Bancshares or result in any of its closing conditions to the merger not to be satisfied;

make or commit to make any new loan or other extension of credit in the amount of \$5,000,000 or more;

renew for more than one year any existing loan or extension of credit which would require Bancshares to advance additional funds greater than \$5,000,000 or increase by \$5,000,000 or more the aggregate credit outstanding to any one borrower or to any group of affiliated borrowers, except for renewals or increases that are committed as of the date of the merger agreement and residential mortgage loans made in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

settle any claim, action or proceeding or other liability for money damages in an amount in excess of \$200,000 or involving any material restriction on Bancshares or its subsidiaries;

make any investment or commitment to invest in real estate, other than investments related to maintenance of currently owned or leased real estate or any real estate development project, other than real estate acquired in satisfaction of defaulted mortgage loans;

establish any new branch banking office other than those for which Bancshares has already received regulatory approval; or

elect or nominate any new member of the Bancshares Board of Directors.

The merger agreement also contains covenants by Bancshares to furnish current information to Valley, to duly call and hold a meeting of its shareholders to approve the merger agreement and the merger, and to convert Bancshares Class C preferred stock into Bancshares common stock or redeem Class C preferred stock in accordance with Bancshares charter documents, subject to receipt of prior regulatory approval.

The merger agreement further contains mutual covenants relating to:

access to properties and records of the other party to the merger agreement;

the preparation and filing of this proxy statement-prospectus and all necessary regulatory applications with bank regulatory agencies;

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public announcements with respect to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

the treatment of the merger as a tax-free reorganization; and

the disposition of shares of Bancshares common stock or stock options in connection with the consummation of the merger being exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Employment and Director Matters

Valley, Bancshares and CNLBank have entered into Settlement Agreements with Lee E. Hanna and Chirag Bhavsar as of the date of the merger agreement pursuant to which each of Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar will receive a lump sum payment in satisfaction of any rights they have under their existing employment agreements with Bancshares and CNLBank. Messrs. Hanna and Bhavsar also entered into new employments with Valley which will take effect at the effective time of the merger. See Settlement Agreements and New Employment Agreements for Lee E. Hanna and Chirag Bhavsar, beginning at page [].

Before or following consummation of the merger, Valley will decide whether to continue each employee welfare benefit plan, within the meaning of ERISA, for the benefit of employees of Bancshares and CNLBank or have such employees become covered under a Valley welfare plan. Subject to the foregoing, following consummation of the merger, Valley will make available to all officers and employees of Bancshares who become employees of Valley National Bank coverage under the benefit plans generally available to Valley National Bank's officers and employees. No prior existing condition limitation not currently imposed by Bancshares or CNLBank medical or dental plans will be imposed on employees of Bancshares or CNLBank under Valley's or Valley National Bank's medical or dental plans. Employees of Bancshares or CNLBank will receive credit for any deductibles paid under Bancshares or CNLBank medical or dental plans. Bancshares employees will be given credit for eligibility and vesting purposes (but not for benefit accrual purposes) under Valley's or Valley National Bank's medical, life, vacation, sick leave, disability and other welfare plans for prior service with Bancshares. Bancshares employees will be granted credit for prior service with Bancshares solely for purposes of eligibility and vesting under Valley's or Valley National Bank's 401(k) plan.

Valley agrees to use reasonable efforts to retain Bancshares and CNLBank employees following consummation of the merger.

Except for Bancshares and CNLBank employees who have individual severance or similar contractual agreements, for a period of one year after the consummation of the merger, Valley agrees to pay severance to Bancshares and CNLBank employees who are involuntarily terminated for reasons other than cause in accordance with the current Bancshares severance plan. Bancshares and CNLBank employees will be advised individually of their severance benefits and should not rely on the general description of severance benefits set forth in this document or the merger agreement.

Valley and Valley National Bank have developed, implemented and communicated to key employees of Bancshares and CNLBank a retention program to retain the services of such key employees through the effective time of the merger and for a period of 180 days following the effective date of the merger or such earlier time as Valley and Valley National Bank may determine.

Valley and Valley National Bank may, in their discretion within thirty (30) days prior to the effective time of the merger, direct Bancshares and CNLBank to terminate any or all nonqualified deferred compensation plans in a manner that does not materially affect the rights of participants to benefits earned through the termination date.

Valley has entered into stock option agreements with the directors of Bancshares for the issuance of 10,000 shares of Valley common stock. In consideration for the stock option agreements, each director has entered into a non-competition and non-solicitation agreement.

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Agreement Not to Solicit Other Offers

Bancshares has agreed that it and its subsidiaries will not, and it and its subsidiaries will use their best efforts to cause their respective representatives not to:

initiate, solicit, or knowingly encourage or facilitate (including by way of providing information) any inquiries or proposals with respect to any Acquisition Proposal (as defined below); or

have any discussions with or provide any confidential or nonpublic information or data to any person relating to an Acquisition Proposal, or engage in any negotiations concerning an Acquisition Proposal. However, if Bancshares receives an unsolicited bona fide Acquisition Proposal after the date of the merger agreement, Bancshares may provide nonpublic information to, or engage in negotiations or discussions with, the person making the acquisition proposal if and only to the extent that:

approval of the merger agreement by Bancshares' shareholders has not yet been obtained;

Bancshares' Board of Directors concludes in good faith, after consulting with its financial advisor, that such Acquisition Proposal constitutes or is reasonably likely to result in a Superior Proposal (as defined below);

Bancshares' Board of Directors concludes in good faith, after considering the advice of its outside counsel, that failure to take such actions would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable law;

prior to providing any nonpublic information, Bancshares enters into a confidentiality agreement with the person making the Acquisition Proposal on terms no less favorable to Bancshares than those specified in the confidentiality agreement between Bancshares and Valley; and

Bancshares concurrently provides to Valley any non-public information concerning Bancshares or its subsidiaries provided to the party making the Acquisition Proposal which was not previously provided to Valley.

The Bancshares Board of Directors also has agreed not to (i) withdraw (or modify or qualify in any manner adverse to Valley) or refuse to make the Bancshares Board of Directors' recommendation that the shareholders of Bancshares approve the merger agreement at the Bancshares shareholders' meeting; (ii) adopt, approve, recommend, endorse or otherwise declare advisable the adoption of any Acquisition Proposal; or (iii) cause or permit Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries to enter into any letter of intent, memorandum of understanding, agreement in principle, acquisition agreement, merger agreement, option agreement, joint venture agreement, partnership agreement or other agreement constituting or related to, or which is intended to or is reasonably likely to lead to, any Acquisition Proposal (other than a confidentiality agreement permitted under the merger agreement). However, prior to the date of the Bancshares shareholders' meeting, the Bancshares Board of Directors may take the actions specified in the immediately preceding sentence if, after the second (2nd) business day following Valley's receipt of a written notice of a Superior Proposal

from Bancshares (which shall (i) state that the Bancshares Board of Directors has determined that such bona fide unsolicited written Acquisition Proposal constitutes a Superior Proposal, (ii) specify the materials terms and conditions of, and identity of party making, such Superior Proposal, and (iii) contain a copy of any specific transaction agreements with such party), the Bancshares Board of Directors has reasonably determined in good faith, after consultation with its financial and legal advisors, that the failure to take such actions would be reasonably likely to be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties and that such Acquisition Proposal is a Superior Proposal that has not been withdrawn and continues to be a Superior Proposal after taking into account all adjustments to the terms of the merger agreement that are committed to in writing by Valley.

In connection with any Acquisition Proposal, Bancshares has agreed to:

immediately cease and terminate any activities, discussions or negotiations before the date of the merger agreement with any persons other than Valley with respect to any Acquisition Proposal;

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not terminate, waive, amend, release or modify any confidentiality or standstill agreement relating to any Acquisition Proposal;

use its commercially reasonable efforts to enforce any confidentiality or similar agreement relating to any Acquisition Proposal;

advise Valley promptly (within two (2) business days) following receipt of any Acquisition Proposal or any request for non-public information or to engage in negotiations that the Bancshares directors reasonably believe is reasonably likely to lead to or that contemplates an Acquisition Proposal of the existence of such Acquisition Proposal or request, describing the material terms and conditions thereof (including the identity of the person making such Acquisition Proposal or request);

keep Valley reasonably well informed in all material respects of the status (including after the occurrence of any material amendment or modification) of any such Acquisition Proposal or request; and

notify Valley promptly (within two (2) business days) if Bancshares determines to begin providing non-public information or to engage in negotiations concerning an Acquisition Proposal.

As used in the merger agreement, Acquisition Proposal means other than the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, a tender or exchange offer to acquire 25% or more of the voting power in Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries, a proposal for a merger, consolidation, or other business combination involving Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries or any other proposal or offer to acquire in any manner 25% or more of the voting power in, or 25% or more of the business, assets or deposits of, Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries.

As used in the merger agreement, Superior Proposal means an unsolicited bona fide written Acquisition Proposal (with the percentages set forth in the definition of such term changed from 25% to 50%) that the Bancshares Board of Directors concludes in good faith to be more favorable from a financial point of view to its shareholders than the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement (including taking into account any adjustment to the terms and conditions proposed by Valley in response to such proposal), (1) after receiving the advice of its financial advisor (which shall be a nationally recognized investment banking firm), (2) after taking into account the likelihood of consummation of such transaction on the terms set forth in the Acquisition Proposal (as compared to the terms in the merger agreement), and (3) after taking into account all legal (with the advice of outside counsel), financial (including the financing terms of any such proposal), regulatory and other aspects of such proposal and any other relevant factors permitted under applicable law.

Costs and Expenses

In general, each of Valley and Bancshares will be responsible for all costs and expenses incurred by it in connection with the negotiation and completion of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. However, the costs and expenses of printing and mailing this proxy statement-prospectus will be borne equally by Valley and Bancshares if the merger is terminated.

Indemnification and Insurance

For a period of six years following the effective time of the merger, Valley has agreed to indemnify, defend and hold harmless all past and present officers and directors, and any person who becomes prior to the effective time of the merger a director or officer, of Bancshares and its subsidiaries in their capacities as such against all claims, damages, liabilities, losses, costs, charges, expenses, judgments, fines, penalties and amounts paid in settlement to the fullest extent such persons would be entitled to such indemnification under any applicable law and the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Bancshares (or charter documents of the applicable Bancshares subsidiary) as in effect on the date of the merger agreement.

The merger agreement further provides that Valley will cause the officers and directors of Bancshares and its subsidiaries to be covered for a period of six years after the effective time of the merger under an extension of

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Bancshares existing directors and officers liability insurance policy, provided, however, that Valley is only required to obtain such coverage at an aggregate cost not to exceed 300% of the annual premium currently paid by Bancshares for such coverage.

Conditions to Complete the Merger

The obligation of each party to consummate the merger is subject to satisfaction or waiver of certain conditions, including:

approval of the merger agreement by the shareholders of Bancshares;

receipt of all necessary consents, approvals and authorizations necessary to consummate the merger from federal and state government authorities;

absence of any governmental action, third party suit or other proceeding that would prevent the consummation of the merger or make it inadvisable to proceed with the merger;

receipt by Valley of an opinion of Day Pitney LLP regarding the tax-free nature of the merger and receipt by Bancshares of an opinion of Hacker, Johnson & Smith, P.A. regarding the tax-free nature of the merger and other related matters;

the Valley common stock to be issued in the merger being approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange; and

the registration statement covering the shares of Valley common stock to be issued in the merger has been declared effective by the SEC.

The obligation of Valley to consummate the merger is also conditioned on, among other things:

continued accuracy of the representations and warranties of Bancshares contained in the merger agreement, subject to a material adverse effect standard;

performance by Bancshares, in all material respects, of its obligations under the merger agreement;

CNLBank will have taken all necessary corporate action to effectuate the merger with Valley National Bank immediately following the effective time of the merger of Valley and Bancshares;

Bancshares will have furnished Valley with signed Option Cancellation Agreements for each holder of Bancshares Stock Options;

Each share of Bancshares preferred stock will have been converted into Bancshares common stock, or, in the case of Bancshares Class C preferred stock, redeemed; and

As of the effective time of the merger of Valley and Bancshares, the holders of no more than ten percent (10%) of Bancshares common stock or preferred stock will have taken the actions required by FBCA Sections 607.1302-607.1333, to qualify their Bancshares stock as dissenters' shares.

The obligation of Bancshares to consummate the merger is also conditioned on, among other things:

continued accuracy of the representations and warranties of Valley contained in the merger agreement, subject to a material adverse effect standard;

performance by Valley, in all material respects, of its obligations under the merger agreement; and

Valley National Bank will have taken all necessary corporate action to effectuate the merger with CNLBank immediately following the effective time of the merger of Valley and Bancshares.

Termination

Valley and Bancshares may terminate the merger agreement by mutual written consent at any time.

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Either Valley or Bancshares may terminate the merger agreement for certain reasons, including the following:

the merger has not been completed by March 31, 2016, provided that the failure to close was not the result of such party's material breach of a representation, warranty, covenant or agreement;

the Bancshares shareholders fail to approve the merger agreement at the meeting of the shareholders (or any adjournment or postponement thereof);

the approval of any government entity needed to complete the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement has been denied by final non-appealable action by such governmental entity, provided that the failure to receive such approval was not the result of such party's failure to comply with the merger agreement; or

the other party breaches any of its representations, warranties, covenants or other agreements contained in the merger agreement and such breach is not cured within 30 days following notice or cannot be cured prior to March 31, 2016, and would result in (i) the failure to satisfy any of the closing conditions by March 31, 2016, or (ii) a material adverse effect on the party committing such breach, provided that the terminating party is not in material breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement.

Bancshares may terminate the merger agreement if:

Bancshares receives a Superior Proposal and enters into an acquisition agreement with respect to the Superior Proposal;

the Bancshares Board of Directors withdraws, modifies or qualifies in any manner adverse to Valley its recommendation to Bancshares shareholders in favor of the merger with Valley based on advice from counsel that the failure to do so would cause the Bancshares Board of Directors to breach its fiduciary duties and prior to such termination Bancshares has paid to Valley the termination fee and termination expenses described below and delivers to Valley a release signed by the parties to such acquisition agreement and any entity that controls such parties, which release shall be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Valley and shall irrevocably waive any right the releasing parties may have to challenge the payment to Valley of the termination fee and the payment to Valley of the termination expenses; or

the conditions to its completion of the merger are not capable of being satisfied by Valley by March 31, 2016.

Valley may terminate the merger agreement if:

Bancshares or the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof) withdraws, modifies or qualifies in any manner adverse to Valley its recommendation to Bancshares shareholders in favor of the merger with Valley or approves, adopts, endorses or recommends an Acquisition Proposal;

the Bancshares Board of Directors fails to recommend the merger and the approval of the merger agreement by Bancshares shareholders or fails to publicly re-affirm its recommendation of the merger after receipt of a written request from Valley;

Bancshares or the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof) breaches Bancshares agreement not to solicit other offers and related obligations under the merger agreement in any material respect adverse to Valley;

the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof), in response to a competing tender offer or exchange offer for 10% or more of the outstanding shares of Bancshares common stock, recommends that Bancshares shareholders tender their shares into the offer or otherwise fails to recommend that the shareholders reject such tender offer or exchange offer promptly upon written request of Valley;

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any other event occurs giving rise to the payment by Bancshares of the termination fee and termination expenses to Valley as described below; or

the conditions to its completion of the merger are not capable of being satisfied by Bancshares by March 31, 2016.

Termination Fees and Termination Expenses

In the event that an Acquisition Proposal, or an intention to make an Acquisition Proposal, to acquire 50% or more of the voting power in, or 50% or more of the business, assets or deposits of, Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries shall have been made directly to Bancshares' shareholders or otherwise publicly disclosed or communicated or made known to senior management of Bancshares or Bancshares' Board of Directors and the merger agreement is thereafter terminated:

by either Valley or Bancshares because the merger shall not have been consummated on or before March 31, 2016 or Bancshares' shareholders failed to approve the merger agreement at the meeting of the shareholders; or

by Valley because Bancshares shall have breached any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement contained in the merger agreement and such breach would entitle Valley to terminate the merger agreement; then, Bancshares will be required to pay Valley up to \$750,000 in Valley's reasonable out of pocket expenses, and, if Bancshares completes a transaction contemplated by, or executes a definitive written agreement with respect to, any Acquisition Proposal to acquire 50% or more of the voting power in or 50% or more of the business, assets or deposits of Bancshares or any of its subsidiaries within 12 months after such termination, Bancshares shall pay Valley a termination fee of \$7.5 million.

Bancshares will be required to pay Valley the \$7.5 million termination fee and up to \$750,000 in Valley's reasonable out of pocket expenses immediately upon termination of the merger agreement in the event that the merger agreement is terminated:

by the Board of Directors of Valley if, prior to receipt of Bancshares' shareholder approval, Bancshares or the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof) withdraws, modifies or qualifies in any manner adverse to Valley its recommendation to Bancshares' shareholders in favor of the merger with Valley or approves, adopts, endorses or recommends an Acquisition Proposal;

by the Board of Directors of Valley if the Bancshares Board of Directors fails to recommend the merger and the approval of the merger agreement by Bancshares' shareholders;

by the Board of Directors of Valley if Bancshares or the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof) breaches Bancshares' agreement not to solicit other offers and related obligations in any material respect adverse to Valley;

by the Board of Directors of Valley if the Bancshares Board of Directors (or any committee thereof), in response to a competing tender offer or exchange offer for 10% or more of the outstanding shares of Bancshares common stock, recommends that Bancshares shareholders tender into the offer or otherwise timely fails to recommend that the shareholders reject such tender offer or exchange offer;

by the Board of Directors of Valley if any other event occurs giving rise to the payment by Bancshares of the termination fee and termination expenses to Valley;

by Bancshares if Bancshares has received a Superior Proposal and, as permitted by the merger agreement, enters into an acquisition agreement relating to the Superior Proposal; or

by Bancshares if the Bancshares Board of Directors withdraws, modifies or qualifies in any manner adverse to Valley its recommendation to Bancshares shareholders in favor of the merger with Valley based on advice from counsel that the failure to do so would could the Bancshares Board of Directors to breach its fiduciary duties.

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Either Valley or Bancshares shall pay the other party up to \$750,000 in reasonable out of pocket expenses if the merger agreement is terminated due to the breach of any of its representations, warranties, covenants or other agreements contained in the merger agreement and such breach is not cured within 30 days following notice or cannot be cured prior to March 31, 2016, and would result in (i) the failure to satisfy any of the closing conditions by March 31, 2016, or (ii) a material adverse effect on the party committing such breach.

Voting Agreement

In connection with the execution of the merger agreement, Valley entered into voting agreements with Bancshares directors. Pursuant to the voting agreements, the Bancshares directors, who owned, as of the record date of the Bancshares Special Meeting, a total of 10,032,321 shares of Bancshares voting stock representing approximately 43.12% of the outstanding Bancshares voting stock, have each agreed to vote the shares of Bancshares voting stock beneficially owned by them and over which they have sole or joint voting power on the record date in favor of approval of the merger agreement.

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DESCRIPTION OF VALLEY COMMON STOCK

The authorized capital stock of Valley is presently 362,023,233 shares, which consists of 332,023,233 shares of common stock and 30,000,000 shares of preferred stock. As of August 7, 2015, a date shortly before the date of this proxy statement-prospectus, there were 232,723,479 shares of Valley common stock and 4,600,000 shares of preferred stock outstanding.

General

Valley is a New Jersey business corporation governed by the New Jersey Business Corporation Act and a registered bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act. The following description of Valley common stock describes certain general terms of Valley common stock.

Dividend Rights

Holders of Valley common stock are entitled to dividends when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors of Valley out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends. The only statutory limitation is that such dividends may not be paid when Valley is insolvent. Funds for the payment of dividends by Valley must come primarily from the earnings of Valley's bank subsidiary. Thus, as a practical matter, any restrictions on the ability of Valley National Bank to pay dividends will act as restrictions on the amount of funds available for payment of dividends by Valley. In addition, so long as any of the Valley Series A preferred stock is outstanding, unless the full dividends for the most recently completed dividend period have been declared and paid on all outstanding shares of Valley Series A preferred stock, no dividend may be declared, paid or set aside for payment on Valley common stock.

As a national banking association, Valley National Bank is subject to limitations on the amount of dividends it may pay to Valley, Valley National Bank's only shareholder. Prior OCC approval is required to the extent the total dividends to be declared by Valley National Bank in any calendar year exceeds net profits for that year combined with the bank's retained net profits from the preceding two calendar years, less any transfers to capital surplus. However, declared dividends in excess of net profits in either of the preceding two years can be offset by retained net profits in the third and fourth years preceding the current year when determining Valley National Bank's dividend limitation. Under this limitation, Valley National Bank could declare dividends in 2015 without prior approval of the OCC of up to approximately \$35.2 million plus an amount equal to Valley National Bank's net profits for 2015 to the date of such dividend declaration.

Valley is also subject to certain FRB policies that may, in certain circumstances, limit its ability to pay dividends. These policies require, among other things, that a bank holding company maintain a minimum capital base. The FRB would most likely seek to prohibit any dividend payment that would reduce a holding company's capital below these minimum amounts.

Voting Rights

At meetings of shareholders, holders of Valley common stock are entitled to one vote per share. The quorum for shareholders' meetings is a majority of the outstanding common stock entitled to vote. Generally, actions and authorizations to be taken or given by shareholders require the approval of a majority of the votes cast by holders of Valley common stock at a meeting at which a quorum is present. The election of directors by the shareholders also requires a majority of the votes cast except in contested elections, in which directors would be elected by a plurality of the votes cast.

Liquidation Rights

In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Valley, holders of Valley common stock are entitled to share equally and ratably in assets available for distribution after payment of debts and liabilities.

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Assessment and Redemption

All outstanding shares of Valley common stock are fully paid and nonassessable. Valley common stock is not redeemable at the option of the issuer or the holders thereof.

Other Matters

American Stock Transfer and Trust Company is presently both the transfer agent and the registrar for Valley common stock. Valley common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol VLY , and is registered with the SEC under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act.

Blank Check Preferred Stock

The preferred stock that is authorized by Valley s Restated Certificate of Incorporation is typically referred to as blank check preferred stock. This term refers to stock for which the rights and restrictions are determined by the board of directors of a corporation. Except in limited circumstances, Valley s Restated Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the Valley Board of Directors to issue new shares of Valley preferred stock without further shareholder action.

Valley s Restated Certificate of Incorporation gives the Valley Board of Directors authority at any time to:

divide the authorized but unissued shares of preferred stock into series;

determine the designations, number of shares, and relative rights, preferences and limitations of any series of preferred stock;

increase the number of shares of any preferred series; and

decrease the number of shares in a preferred series, but not to a number less than the number of shares outstanding.

The issuance of additional preferred stock may be viewed as having adverse effects upon the holders of common stock. Holders of Valley common stock will not have preemptive rights with respect to any newly issued stock. The Valley Board of Directors could adversely affect the voting power of holders of Valley stock by issuing shares of preferred stock with certain voting, conversion and/or redemption rights. In the event of a proposed merger, tender offer or other attempt to gain control of Valley that the Board of Directors does not believe to be in the best interests of its shareholders, the Board of Directors could issue additional preferred stock which could make any such takeover attempt more difficult to complete. Blank check preferred stock may also be used in connection with the issuance of a shareholder rights plan, sometimes called a poison pill. The Board of Directors of Valley has not approved any plan to issue any preferred stock for this or any other purpose. Preferred stock may also be issued as additional capital and would constitute tier one capital if it was issued as perpetual, non-cumulative preferred stock. The Valley Board of Directors does not intend to issue any preferred stock except on terms that the Board of Directors deems to be in the best interests of Valley and its shareholders.

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**COMPARISON OF THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS OF VALLEY
AND BANCSHARES**

The rights of Valley shareholders are governed by the New Jersey Business Corporation Act, or NJBCA, and Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws. The rights of Bancshares shareholders are governed by the Florida Business Corporation Act, or FBCA, and Bancshares' Articles of Incorporation, as amended, and Bylaws. After the merger, the rights of Bancshares' common shareholders that receive Valley shares will be governed by the NJBCA and Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws. The following discussion summarizes the material differences between the rights of Bancshares' common shareholders and the rights of Valley common shareholders. We urge you to read Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Valley's By-laws, Bancshares' Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, Bancshares' Bylaws, and the NJBCA, the FBCA and federal law governing bank holding companies carefully and in their entirety. The statements in this section are qualified in their entirety by reference to and are subject to the detailed provisions of the NJBCA, FBCA, Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Valley's By-laws, Bancshares' Articles of Incorporation, as amended, and Bancshares' Bylaws.

Authorized Capital Stock

Valley. Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation currently authorizes it to issue up to 332,023,233 shares of common stock, no par value per share, and 30,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value per share. As of August 7, 2015, there were 232,723,479 shares of Valley common stock outstanding and 4,600,000 shares of Valley preferred stock outstanding.

Bancshares. Bancshares' Articles of Incorporation, as amended, (Articles) authorize up to 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 5,000,000 shares of blank-check preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Of the blank-check preferred stock, Bancshares has issued 1,500,000 shares of Series A preferred stock, 1,00,000 shares of Class B preferred stock, and 40,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$1.00 per share designated as Class C preferred stock. The FBCA permits, if authorized by the articles of incorporation, the issuance of blank-check preferred stock with preferences, limitations and relative rights determined by the corporation's board of directors without shareholder approval. As of the record date, there were 21,429,084 shares of Bancshares common stock outstanding, 1,134,378 shares of Bancshares Series A preferred stock outstanding, 701,103 shares of Bancshares Class B preferred stock outstanding, and 11,059 shares of Bancshares Class C preferred stock outstanding.

Size of Board of Directors

Valley. Valley's By-laws provide that its Board of Directors shall consist of not less than five and not more than 25 directors. The exact number of directors may be determined from time to time by the Valley Board of Directors. The Valley Board of Directors currently has 16 directors.

Bancshares. The FBCA permits the number of directors to be specified in either the corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws. If the number of directors is specified in the corporation's articles of incorporation, a change in the number of directors may be made only by amendment of the articles of incorporation. Bancshares' Articles fix the required number of directors at not less than one, with the actual number determined by the Bancshares Board of Directors according to Bancshares' Bylaws (Bylaws). The Bylaws provide that the Board of Directors shall consist of nine members, but allows the Board of Directors to increase or decrease that number. Bancshares currently has 11 directors.

Classes and Election of Directors

Valley. Valley's Board of Directors is not classified. Valley's By-laws provide that each director is elected annually. Each director is elected in an uncontested director election by a majority of votes cast at a shareholder meeting and has tendered an irrevocable resignation that will become effective if he or she fails to receive a

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majority of the votes cast at the annual shareholder meeting and the Board of Directors accepts the tendered resignation. In a contested election, directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast. Valley shareholders are not entitled to cumulative voting rights in the election of directors.

Bancshares. Bancshares Board of Directors is not classified. Each director of Bancshares is elected and serves until the next election of directors by shareholders. Under Florida law, directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote in the election at a meeting at which quorum is present. Bancshares Articles do not provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors. If a director's resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors, then the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may fill any resulting vacancy or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors.

Removal of Directors

Valley. The NJBCA allows shareholders to remove directors for cause or, unless the certificate of incorporation provides otherwise, without cause, in each case by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast by the holders of shares entitled to vote. Because the Valley Restated Certificate of Incorporation includes no additional provisions in this regard, Valley shareholders may remove directors with or without cause.

Bancshares. Under the FBCA, one or more directors serving on a nonclassified board may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the corporation's outstanding shares entitled to vote at an election of directors, unless the articles of incorporation provide that directors may be removed only for cause. The Bancshares Bylaws provide that the shareholders may remove one or more directors with or without cause. A director may be removed by the shareholders at a meeting of shareholders, provided the notice of the meeting states that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is removal of the director.

Filling Vacancies on the Board of Directors

Valley. Under Valley's By-laws, vacancies created by any reason may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, whether or not a quorum exists. Each director filling a vacancy shall remain in office until the next election of directors by shareholders.

Bancshares. Under the FBCA, unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, vacancies may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum of the board of directors, or by the shareholders. Bancshares Bylaws provide that vacancies are filled by a majority vote of the remaining directors. The person who fills any such vacancy holds office until the next election of directors by the shareholders.

Nomination of Director Candidates by Shareholders

Valley. Pursuant to Valley's By-laws, shareholder nominations of director candidates may be made by any shareholder of any outstanding class of stock entitled to vote for the election of directors if the shareholder delivers timely written notice to the Secretary of Valley at Valley's principal executive office containing the nominee's name, home and business address, citizenship, business background for the past 10 years, shares of Valley common stock beneficially owned as of the date of the nomination and expected to be held as of the annual meeting date in sufficient detail to identify the owner and qualifications to be a director. In addition, the written notice will state whether the nominee qualifies under Valley's corporate governance guidelines for directors and if the nominee does not qualify, the reasons why he/she does not qualify. For the written notice to be considered timely, the written notice must be delivered to the Secretary of Valley no earlier than 120 days and no later than 90 days before the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting if the annual meeting for which the nomination relates is to be held no earlier than 20 before and no

later than 60 days after the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting. If the annual meeting for which the nomination relates is to be held more than 20 days before or 60 days after the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, then to

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be considered timely, the written notice must be delivered to the Secretary of Valley no earlier than 120 days before the date of the current year's annual meeting and no later than 90 days before the date of the current year's annual meeting or 10 days after the first public announcement of the date fixed for that meeting, whichever is later.

Bancshares. Neither the Articles nor the Bylaws of Bancshares address the procedure for shareholders to submit a particular director's nomination for consideration by the Bancshares Board of Directors for inclusion in Bancshares proxy statement for an annual meeting.

Calling Special Meetings of Shareholders

Valley. Under the NJBCA, holders of at least 10% of the shares of a corporation entitled to vote may apply to the New Jersey Superior Court to request that a special meeting of shareholders be called for good cause shown. At such a meeting, the shareholders present in person or by proxy and having voting powers will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business as may be designated in the order of the court. In addition, Valley's By-laws provide that special meetings of shareholders may be called by (i) the Chairman of the Board of Directors, (ii) the Chief Executive Officer, (iii) the President or (iv) a majority of the Board of Directors.

Bancshares. Under Bancshares' Bylaws, special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the Chairman of the Board, the President or the Board of Directors. Shareholders may also request to hold special meetings of Bancshares shareholders only if such request is in writing by the holders of not less than ten percent (10%) of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting. Shareholders must sign, date and deliver to Bancshares' Secretary one or more written demands for the special meeting describing the purpose or purposes for which such special meeting is to be held. A meeting requested by shareholders shall be called for a date not less than ten nor more than sixty days after the request is made. The call for the meeting shall be issued by the Secretary, unless the Chairman of the Board, the President, the Board of Directors, or shareholders requesting the calling of the meeting shall designate another person to do so.

Notice of Shareholder Proposals

Valley. The NJBCA requires that the written notice of any meeting specify the time, place and purpose or purposes of the meeting and be given not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of the meeting to shareholders of record entitled to vote at the meeting. Therefore, business conducted at a Valley annual meeting is limited to the business specified in the meeting notice. The Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of Valley do not contain any provisions that govern the submission of proposals by shareholders.

Bancshares. Neither the Articles of Incorporation nor the Bylaws of Bancshares address the procedure for shareholders to submit a particular proposal for consideration by the Bancshares Board of Directors for inclusion in Bancshares' proxy statement for an annual meeting.

Anti-Takeover Provisions; Dissenters' Appraisal Rights

Valley. Under the NJBCA, unless a greater vote is specified in the certificate of incorporation, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by shareholders entitled to vote on the matter is required to approve:

an amendment to the certificate of incorporation;

the voluntary dissolution of the corporation;

the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporation's assets outside the ordinary course of business; or

the merger or consolidation of the corporation with another corporation.

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Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation contains no provisions specifying the required votes for approving the above matters. Valley's By-laws require a majority of the votes cast by shareholders entitled to vote to approve any matter submitted to the shareholders.

The New Jersey Shareholders Protection Act limits certain transactions involving an interested shareholder and a resident domestic corporation. A resident domestic corporation is an issuer of voting stock organized under New Jersey laws with its principal executive offices or significant business operations located in New Jersey. An interested shareholder is one that (1) beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the resident domestic corporation or (2) is an affiliate or associate of the resident domestic corporation and at any time within the past five years beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding stock of the resident domestic corporation. The New Jersey Shareholders Protection Act prohibits certain business combinations between an interested shareholder and a resident domestic corporation for five years following the interested shareholder acquiring its stock, unless the corporation's board of directors approved the business combination prior to the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date and a subsequent business combination is approved by (i) independent directors and (ii) a majority of the shareholders (excluding the shares owned by the interested shareholder). After the five-year period expires, the prohibition on certain business combinations continues unless the combination is approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the voting stock not beneficially owned by the interested shareholder, the combination is approved by the board prior to the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date or certain fair price provisions are satisfied. The New Jersey Shareholders Protection Act applies to Valley.

Under the NJBCA, appraisal rights are available in connection with (i) a merger or consolidation to which the corporation is a party, (ii) any sale, lease or exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of a corporation's assets other than in the usual and regular course of business or (iii) an acquisition of some or all of the outstanding shares or assets of a legal entity, either directly or through a subsidiary, in exchange for the corporation's shares (a share exchange) if, as a result of the share exchange, the number of voting or participating shares issued in connection with the share exchange, when combined with shares already outstanding, would exceed by more than 40% the number of those shares outstanding immediately before the share exchange, unless an exception applies. A New Jersey corporation may provide in its certificate of incorporation that shareholders will have appraisal rights even in cases where the exceptions to the availability of appraisal rights discussed below exist. Valley's restated certificate of incorporation does not so provide.

The NJBCA does not confer appraisal rights to shareholders in connection with:

a merger or consolidation in which the corporation is a party if the merger does not require shareholder approval. Under the NJBCA, shareholder approval for a merger or consolidation is required if the merger amends the certificate of incorporation, affects the outstanding shares of the surviving corporation or, if the number of voting or participating shares issued in connection with the merger or consolidation, when combined with shares already outstanding, would exceed by more than 40% the number of those shares outstanding immediately before the merger;

the merger of the corporation into a wholly-owned subsidiary if certain conditions are met;

(i) a merger or consolidation in which the corporation is a party or (ii) a share exchange if (i) the shares held by the corporation's shareholders are listed on a national securities exchange or are held of record by at least 1,000 holders or (ii) in the case of a merger or consolidation, the corporation's shareholders will receive (a) cash, (b) shares, obligations or other securities that will either be listed on a national securities exchange or held of record by not less than 1,000 holders or (c) a combination thereof;

a sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of a corporation's assets if the shares held by the corporation's shareholders are listed on a national securities exchange or are held of record by at least 1,000 holders; or

a dissolution transaction in which substantially all of a corporation's net assets are to be distributed to its shareholders within one year after the date of the transaction, so long as the transaction is wholly for cash, shares, obligations or other securities which will be listed on a national securities exchange or held of record by not less than 1,000 holders or a combination thereof.

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Bancshares. Under Florida law, holders of Bancshares common and preferred stock as of the record date are entitled to appraisal rights under the FBCA. Pursuant to Section 607.1302 of the FBCA, a Bancshares shareholder who does not wish to accept the consideration to be received pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement may dissent from the merger and receive a cash payment equal to the fair value of his or her shares of Bancshares stock instead of receiving the merger consideration. To exercise appraisal rights, Bancshares common and preferred shareholders must strictly follow the procedures established by Sections 607.1301 through 607.1333 of the Florida Business Corporation Act. A dissenting shareholder who desires to exercise his or her appraisal rights must file with Bancshares, prior to the taking of the vote on the merger agreement, a written notice of intent to demand payment for his or her shares if the merger is effectuated. A vote against the merger agreement will not alone be deemed to be the written notice of intent to demand payment and will not be deemed to satisfy the notice requirements under the FBCA. A dissenting shareholder need not vote against the merger agreement, but cannot vote, or allow any nominee who holds such shares for the dissenting shareholder to vote, any of his or her shares of Bancshares common or preferred stock in favor of the merger agreement. A vote in favor of the merger agreement will constitute a waiver of the shareholder's appraisal rights. A shareholder's failure to vote against the merger agreement will not constitute a waiver of such shareholder's dissenters rights. See Proposal 1 of the Bancshares Special Meeting - The Merger - Appraisal Rights for Bancshares Shareholders, beginning at page [].

Section 607.0901 of the FBCA is an affiliated transactions statute which provides that certain transactions involving a corporation and a shareholder owning 10% or more of the corporation's outstanding voting shares (an affiliated shareholder) must generally be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the voting shares other than those owned by the affiliated shareholder. The transactions covered by the statute include, with certain exceptions, (i) mergers and consolidations to which the corporation and the affiliated shareholder are parties; (ii) sales or other dispositions of substantial amounts of the corporation's assets to the affiliated shareholder; (iii) issuances by the corporation of substantial amounts of its securities to the affiliated shareholder; (iv) the adoption of any plan for the liquidation or dissolution of the corporation proposed by or pursuant to an arrangement with the affiliated shareholder; (v) any reclassification of the corporation's securities which has the effect of substantially increasing the percentage of the outstanding voting shares of the corporation beneficially owned by the affiliated shareholder; and (vi) the receipt by the affiliated shareholder of certain loans or other financial assistance from the corporation.

These special shareholder approval requirements do not apply in any of the following circumstances: (a) if the transaction was approved by a majority of the corporation's disinterested directors; (b) if the corporation did not have more than 300 shareholders of record at any time during the preceding three years; (c) if the affiliated shareholder has been the beneficial owner of at least 80% of the corporation's outstanding voting shares for the past five years; (d) if the affiliated shareholder is the beneficial owner of at least 90% of the corporation's outstanding voting shares, exclusive of those acquired in a transaction not approved by a majority of disinterested directors; or (e) if the consideration received by each shareholder in connection with the transaction satisfies the "fair price" provisions of the statute.

Section 607.0901 applies to any Florida corporation unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws contain a provision expressly electing not to be governed by this statute. Any amendment to the articles of incorporation or bylaws related to the foregoing must be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of disinterested shareholders and will not be effective until 18 months after approval.

Section 607.0902 of the FBCA contains a control-share acquisition statute which limits the voting rights of "control shares" acquired in a control-share acquisition, which is intended to deter hostile takeovers of publicly held Florida corporations. Under this section, unless an exception applies (for example, this statute does not apply to mergers effected in compliance with certain provisions of the FBCA, and acquisitions approved by the board of directors of the target corporation prior to the acquisition), control shares acquired in a control share acquisition have voting rights

only if, and to the extent, granted in a resolution of the shareholders of the corporation approved by (i) the majority of all the votes entitled to be cast by each class or series entitled to vote

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on the proposed control-share acquisition and (ii) a majority of all shares of each class or series entitled to vote separately on the proposal, excluding any shares that are owned by the acquiring person or persons, each officer of the corporation and each employee of the corporation who is also a director of the corporation.

For the purposes of the FBCA, control shares means shares of a corporation which provide for at least 20% of the voting power in the election of the corporation's directors. For the purposes of the FBCA, control share acquisition means, with certain exceptions, the direct or indirect acquisition of control shares. Shares which are acquired within a 90-day period are treated as acquired on the same date for the purposes of Section 607.0902.

Bancshares Articles and Bylaws do not contain any provision to opt-out of the FBCA's affiliate transaction or control-share acquisition statutes.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers; Limitation of Liability

Valley. Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that the corporation shall indemnify its present and former officers, directors, employees, and agents and persons serving at its request against expenses, including attorney's fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement, incurred in connection with any pending or threatened civil, criminal administrative or investigative proceeding to the full extent permitted by the NJBCA. The NJBCA permits a New Jersey corporation by a provision in its certificate of incorporation to eliminate the liability of directors or officers to the corporation or its shareholders for the breach of any duty owed to the corporation or its shareholders, except for any breach of duty based upon an act or omission (i) in breach of such person's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its shareholders, (ii) not in good faith or involving a knowing violation of law or (iii) resulting in receipt by the person of an improper personal benefit. In this context, an act or omission in breach of a director or officer's duty of loyalty is defined as an act or omission which the director or officer knows or believes to be contrary to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders in connection with a matter in which the director or officer has a material conflict of interest. Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation adopts such exculpation provisions.

Bancshares. The FCBA permits, under certain circumstances, the indemnification of officers, directors, employees and agents of a corporation with respect to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, to which such person was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party, by reason of his or her being an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of, such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against liability incurred in connection with such proceeding, including appeals thereof; *provided, however*, that the officer, director, employee or agent acted in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The termination of any such third-party action by judgment, order, settlement, or conviction or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent does not, of itself, create a presumption that the person (i) did not act in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation or (ii) with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

In the case of proceedings by or in the right of the corporation, the FBCA permits for indemnification of any person by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of, such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against liability incurred in connection with such proceeding, including appeals thereof; *provided, however*, that the officer, director, employee or agent acted in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification is made where such person is adjudged liable, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines

that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which such court shall deem proper.

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To the extent that such person is successful on the merits or otherwise in defending against any such proceeding, Florida law provides that he or she shall be indemnified against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the proceeding.

The FBCA further provides that any permissive indemnification, unless ordered by a court, may be made only after a determination that the indemnitee met the specified standard of conduct. Under the FBCA, the applicable standard of conduct requires that an indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner the indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. The determination may be made (i) by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of the directors who were not parties to the proceeding, (ii) by a committee of such directors designated by majority vote of such directors, even though less than a quorum, (iii) if there are no such directors, or if such directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (iv) by the shareholders.

The FBCA generally provides that a director of a Florida corporation is not personally liable for monetary damages to the corporation or any other person for any statement, vote, decision or failure to act regarding corporate management or policy, unless the director breached or failed to perform his or her duties as a director and the director's breach or failure to perform those duties constitutes (i) a violation of criminal law, unless the director had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was lawful or had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful, (ii) a transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit, either directly or indirectly, (iii) an unlawful distribution, (iv) in a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation or in the right of a shareholder, conscious disregard for the best interest of the corporation or willful misconduct, or (v) in a proceeding by or in the right of someone other than the corporation or a shareholder, recklessness or an act or omission which was committed in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety or property.

Bancshares Bylaws contain indemnification provisions similar to the FBCA.

Amendments to Certificates of Incorporation and By-laws

Valley. The NJBCA provides that a corporation may amend its certificate of incorporation, from time to time, in any and as many respects as may be desired so long as the amendment contains only such provisions as might lawfully be contained in an original certificate of incorporation filed at the time of making such amendment. A corporation's certificate of incorporation may be amended or changed by a vote of the board of directors and a vote of a majority of the votes cast by shares entitled to vote.

The NJBCA provides that the board of directors has the power to make, alter and repeal by-laws unless such power is reserved to the shareholders in the certificate of incorporation, but by-laws made by the board of directors may be altered or repealed, and new by-laws made, by the shareholders. The shareholders may prescribe in the by-laws that any by-law made by them may not be altered or repealed by the board of directors. Whenever any amendment to the by-laws, other than as regards the election of directors, is to be taken by vote of the shareholders, it must be authorized by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon, unless a greater plurality is required by the certificate of incorporation or the NJBCA. Valley's Restated Certificate of Incorporation contains no provision related to amendments to by-laws. Valley's By-laws give the Board of Directors and the shareholders the power to alter, amend or repeal the by-laws. Any by-law adopted, amended or repealed by the shareholders may be amended or repealed by the Board of Directors unless the resolution of the shareholders adopting such by-law expressly reserves to the shareholders the right to amend or repeal such by-law.

Bancshares. The Bancshares Articles provide that they may be amended by the corporation through its board of directors. Under the FBCA, with the exception of certain non-substantive amendments that can be effected by a

corporation's board of directors without shareholder approval, a corporation's board of directors

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may propose one or more amendments to the shareholders. For the amendments to be adopted, the board of directors must recommend the amendment to the shareholders, unless the board of directors determines that, because of a conflict of interest or other special circumstances, it should make no recommendation and communicates the basis for its determination to the shareholders with the amendment, and the shareholders entitled to vote on the amendment must approve the amendment. Unless the FBCA, the Articles or the Board of Directors requires a greater vote, the amendment must be approved by the corporation's board of directors and holders of a majority of the outstanding stock of a corporation entitled to vote thereon and, in cases in which class voting is required, by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of such class. The Board of Directors may condition its submission of the proposed amendment on any basis.

Under the Bancshares Bylaws, the Board of Directors has the power to appeal, alter, amend, and rescind the Bylaws. Under the FBCA, Bancshares' shareholders may, by majority vote of all of the shares having voting power, amend or repeal the Bylaws even though the Bylaws may also be amended or repealed by the Board of Directors.

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**PROPOSAL 2 OF THE BANCSHARES SPECIAL MEETING - AUTHORIZATION TO VOTE ON
ADJOURNMENT OR OTHER MATTERS**

As of the date of this document, the Bancshares Board of Directors does not know of any matters that will be presented for consideration at the Bancshares special meeting other than as described in this document. However, if any other matter shall properly come before the Bancshares special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof and shall be voted upon, the Bancshares Board of Directors intends that properly completed proxies will be deemed to confer authority to the individuals named as authorized therein to vote the shares of Bancshares voting stock represented by the proxy on any matters that fall within the purposes set forth in Bancshares notice of meeting. In particular, if Bancshares does not receive a sufficient number of votes to constitute a quorum or approve the merger agreement, it may propose to adjourn or postpone the Bancshares special meeting to a later date for the purpose of soliciting additional proxies to establish a quorum or approve the merger agreement. Bancshares does not currently intend to propose adjournment or postponement at the Bancshares special meeting if there are sufficient votes to approve the merger agreement.

Vote Required for Approval

The proposal to authorize the Bancshares Board of Directors, in its discretion, to adjourn or postpone the Bancshares special meeting to a later date, if necessary or appropriate, to solicit additional proxies in favor of approval of the merger agreement or to vote on other matters properly before such special meeting will be approved if the affirmative votes cast by common shareholders present in person or represented by proxy at the Bancshares special meeting and entitled to vote exceed the votes cast in opposition.

Recommendation of the Bancshares Board of Directors

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF BANCSHARES UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT COMMON SHAREHOLDERS VOTE FOR THIS PROPOSAL 2 TO AUTHORIZE THE BANCSHARES BOARD OF DIRECTORS, IN ITS DISCRETION, TO ADJOURN OR POSTPONE THE BANCSHARES SPECIAL MEETING TO A LATER DATE, IF NECESSARY OR APPROPRIATE, TO SOLICIT ADDITIONAL PROXIES IN FAVOR OF APPROVAL OF THE MERGER AGREEMENT OR TO VOTE ON OTHER MATTERS PROPERLY BEFORE SUCH SPECIAL MEETING.

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INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents filed by Valley (Commission File No. 001-11277) with the SEC are hereby incorporated in this proxy statement-prospectus:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as amended by Amendment No.1 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on May 1, 2015;

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for each of the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015;

Current Reports filed on Form 8-K on January 29, 2015, February 10, 2015, April 21, 2015 (as amended on April 22, 2015), April 30, 2015, May 1, 2015, May 27, 2015, June 1, 2015, June 4, 2015, June 16, 2015, June 19, 2015, June 24, 2015, June 30, 2015 and July 30, 2015 (in each case except to the extent furnished but not filed);

The definitive proxy statement for the 2015 annual meeting of shareholders; and

The description of Valley's common stock which is contained in Valley's Registration Statement on Form 8-A including any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description.

All documents filed by Valley pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this document but before the earlier of (1) the date of the Bancshares meeting or (2) the termination of the merger agreement, are hereby incorporated by reference into this document and shall be deemed a part of this document from the date they are filed (other than the portions of those documents not deemed to be filed).

Any statement contained in a document incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this proxy statement-prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any subsequently filed document which is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this proxy statement-prospectus.

Valley files reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Valley's SEC filings are also available over the Internet at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. The SEC website contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. You may also read and copy any document Valley files by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than what is included in this document or incorporated by reference, including previous filings on Form 425 or Schedule 14A, which are superseded by this document. If any information or representation is given or made, it must not be relied upon as having been authorized.

OTHER MATTERS

As of the date of this proxy statement, the Bancshares Board of Directors knows of no other matters to be presented for action by the Bancshares voting shareholders at the Bancshares special meeting. If any other matters are properly presented, however, it is the intention of the persons named in the enclosed Bancshares proxy to vote in accordance with their best judgment on such matters.

LEGAL OPINION

Day Pitney LLP, counsel to Valley, will pass upon certain legal matters relating to the issuance and validity of the shares of Valley common stock offered hereby.

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EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Valley National Bancorp as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2014, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014 have been incorporated by reference herein in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

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APPENDIX A

Execution Version

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

Dated as of May 26, 2015

Between

VALLEY NATIONAL BANCORP

and

CNLBANCSHARES, INC.

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THIS AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER, dated as of May 26, 2015 (this *Agreement*), is among Valley National Bancorp, a New Jersey corporation and registered bank holding company (*Valley*) and CNLBancshares, Inc., a Florida corporation and registered bank holding company (*Bancshares*).

RECITALS

Valley desires to acquire Bancshares, and Bancshares Board of Directors has determined, based upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, that the acquisition is in the best interests of Bancshares and its shareholders. The acquisition will be accomplished by merging Bancshares into Valley with Valley as the surviving corporation and, at the same time, merging CNLBank, a Florida state-chartered commercial bank (*CNL*) and wholly owned subsidiary of Bancshares, into Valley National Bank, a national banking association (*VNB*) and wholly owned subsidiary of Valley, with VNB as the surviving bank, and Bancshares shareholders receiving the consideration hereinafter set forth. It is the intention of the parties that the Merger, for federal income tax purposes, shall qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the *Code*).

NOW, THEREFORE, intending to be legally bound, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I. - THE MERGER

1.1 The Merger. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time (as hereafter defined), Bancshares shall be merged with and into Valley (the *Merger*) in accordance with the New Jersey Business Corporation Act (the *NJBCA*) and the Florida Business Corporation Act (the *FBCA*) and Valley shall be the surviving corporation (the *Surviving Corporation*). Immediately following the Effective Time, CNL shall be merged with and into VNB as provided in Section 1.7 hereof.

1.2 Effect of the Merger. The Merger shall have the effects as set forth in the NJBCA and the FBCA.

1.3 Certificate of Incorporation. The certificate of incorporation of Valley as it exists immediately prior to the Effective Time shall not be amended by the Merger, but shall continue as the certificate of incorporation of the Surviving Corporation until otherwise amended as provided by law.

1.4 Bylaws. The bylaws of Valley as they exist immediately prior to the Effective Date shall continue as the bylaws of the Surviving Corporation until otherwise amended as provided by law.

1.5 Directors and Officers. The directors and officers of Valley as of the Effective Time shall continue as the directors and officers of the Surviving Corporation.

1.6 Closing Date, Closing and Effective Time. Unless a different date, time and/or place are agreed to by the parties hereto, the closing of the Merger (the *Closing*) shall take place at 10:00 a.m., at the offices of Valley, 1455 Valley Road, Wayne, New Jersey, on a date (the *Closing Date*) which is the last day of the month during which occurs the fifth business day following the last to occur of the receipt of all necessary regulatory and governmental approvals and consents and the expiration of all statutory waiting periods in respect thereof and the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the consummation of the Merger specified in Article VI hereof (other than the delivery of certificates, opinions and other instruments and documents to be delivered at the Closing), with the exact date determined by the mutual agreement of Valley and Bancshares. Simultaneous with the Closing, Valley and Bancshares shall cause to be filed a certificate of merger, in form and substance satisfactory to Valley and Bancshares, with the Division of Treasury of the State of New Jersey and the Florida Secretary of State (the *Certificate of Merger*). The Certificate of Merger shall specify as the *Effective Time* of the Merger a date and time following the

Closing agreed to by Valley and Bancshares (which date and time the parties currently anticipate will be at 12:01 am on the date following the Closing Date).

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1.7 The Bank Merger. Immediately following the Effective Time, CNL shall be merged with and into VNB (the *Bank Merger*) in accordance with the provisions of the National Bank Act and, to the extent applicable, the relevant banking statutes of the State of Florida (the *Banking Law*) and the regulations of the Florida Office of Financial Regulation (the *OFR*), and VNB shall be the surviving bank (the *Surviving Bank*). The Bank Merger shall have the effects as set forth in the National Bank Act and the Banking Law. Bancshares and Valley shall cause the Boards of Directors of CNL and VNB, respectively, to approve a separate merger agreement (the *Bank Merger Agreement*) in substantially the form of Exhibit A, annexed hereto, and cause the Bank Merger Agreement to be executed and delivered as soon as practicable following the date of execution of this Agreement.

ARTICLE II. - CONVERSION OF BANCSHARES COMMON STOCK AND OPTIONS**2.1 Conversion of Bancshares Common Stock; Exchange Ratio; Cash in Lieu of Fractional Shares.**

(a) At the Effective Time, subject to the other provisions of this Section 2.1 and Section 2.2, each share of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of Bancshares (*Bancshares Common Stock*) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than Excluded Shares (as such term is hereinafter defined), and including all unvested restricted stock awards), shall by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of Bancshares, Valley or the holder thereof, cease to be outstanding and shall be converted into and become the right to receive that number of shares of common stock, no par value, of Valley (*Valley Common Stock*) equal to the Exchange Ratio (as hereinafter defined) and, potentially, the cash consideration set forth in Section 2.1(h). No fractional shares of Valley Common Stock will be issued, and in lieu thereof, each holder of Bancshares Common Stock who would otherwise be entitled to a fractional interest of Valley Common Stock will receive an amount in cash determined by multiplying such fractional interest by the Average Closing Price as defined below. For purposes of this Section 2.1, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(A) *Closing Price* shall mean the closing sale price of Valley Common Stock on a Trading Day as supplied by the New York Stock Exchange (as reported in a mutually agreed to authoritative source).

(B) *Trading Day* shall mean a day for which a Closing Price is so supplied.

(C) *Average Closing Price* shall mean the average of the Closing Prices on the twenty (20) Trading Days immediately preceding the date which is five (5) Trading Days prior to the Closing Date.

(D) *Exchange Ratio* shall mean the following:

(A) If the Average Closing Price is between \$8.80 and \$10.13, the Exchange Ratio shall be equal to 0.75 of Valley Common Stock;

(B) Subject to Section 2.1(b) below, if the Average Closing Price is less than \$8.80, the Exchange Ratio shall be \$6.60 divided by the Average Closing Price, rounded to three decimal places; and

(C) If the Average Closing Price is greater than \$10.13, the Exchange Ratio shall be \$7.60 divided by the Average Closing Price, rounded to three decimal places.

(b) If the Average Closing Price is less than \$8.80, Valley shall have the right, in its sole discretion, in lieu of increasing the Exchange Ratio, to pay an amount of cash for each share of Bancshares Common Stock in an amount equal to the difference between (A) \$6.60 and (B) the product of the Average Closing Price times 0.75. In the event that Valley chooses this option, the Exchange Ratio shall equal 0.75, provided, however, that Valley shall not pay cash to the extent that such payment would result in the Merger failing to satisfy the continuity of interest requirement applicable to reorganizations under Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Code; in the event of any such reduced cash payment, the Exchange Ratio shall be adjusted accordingly.

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(c) On or before the Effective Time and in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of Bancshares, (i) each issued and outstanding share of Bancshares Series A Preferred Stock and Bancshares Class B Preferred Stock (as such terms are hereinafter defined) shall be converted into Bancshares Common Stock and receive the Merger Consideration set forth in Section 2.1 and (ii) each issued and outstanding share of Bancshares Class C Preferred Stock (as such term is hereinafter defined) shall be either (A) redeemed by Bancshares in accordance with the terms of such securities, or (B) at the option of the holders thereof, converted into Bancshares Common Stock and receive the Merger Consideration set forth in Section 2.1.

(d) At the Effective Time, all shares of Bancshares Common Stock held by Bancshares in its treasury or owned by Valley or by any of Valley's Subsidiaries (other than Dissenters' Shares (as such term is hereinafter defined), shares held as trustee or in a fiduciary capacity and shares held as collateral on or in lieu of a debt previously contracted) (*Excluded Shares*) shall be canceled and shall cease to exist and no Merger Consideration (as hereinafter defined) shall be delivered in exchange therefor.

(e) On and after the Effective Time, holders of certificates which immediately prior to the Effective Time represented outstanding shares of Bancshares Common Stock (the *Certificates*) shall cease to have any rights as shareholders of Bancshares, except the right to receive the consideration set forth in this Section 2.1 for each such share held by them. The (i) Valley Common Stock, (ii), cash delivered pursuant to Sections 2.1(b) and (h), if any, and (iii) cash in lieu of fractional shares, which any one Bancshares shareholder may receive pursuant to this Section 2.1 is referred to herein as the *Merger Consideration* and total number of shares of Valley Common Stock, plus any cash in lieu of fractional shares which all of Bancshares shareholders are entitled to receive pursuant to this Section 2.1 is referred to herein as the *Aggregate Merger Consideration*.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, if, during the period from the date hereof to the Effective Time, the shares of Valley Common Stock shall be changed into a different number or class of shares by reason of any reclassification, recapitalization, split-up, combination, exchange of shares or readjustment, or a stock dividend thereon shall be declared with a record date within said period, appropriate adjustments shall be made to the Exchange Ratio to provide the Bancshares shareholders with the equivalent value of the Merger Consideration set forth in Section 2.1.

(g) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, Valley shall pay for any shares of Bancshares Common Stock and Bancshares Preferred Stock, the holders of which have exercised their rights under FBCA Sections 607.1302-607.1333 (*Dissenters' Shares*) and the holders thereof shall not be entitled to receive any Merger Consideration; provided, that if appraisal rights under FBCA Sections 607.1302-607.1333 with respect to any Dissenters' Shares shall have been effectively withdrawn or lost, such shares will thereupon cease to be treated as Dissenters' Shares and shall be converted into the right to receive the Merger Consideration pursuant to this Article II.

(h) If Valley declares a cash dividend on the shares of Valley Common Stock with a record date within thirty (30) days prior to the day which is five (5) business days following the last to occur of the receipt of all necessary regulatory and governmental approvals and consents and the expiration of all statutory waiting periods in respect thereof and the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the consummation of the Merger specified in Article VI hereof (other than the delivery of certificates, opinions and other instruments and documents to be delivered at the Closing), then each share of Bancshares Common Stock shall be entitled to receive as a part of the Merger Consideration a cash payment equal to the cash dividend that would have otherwise been payable assuming such share had been converted to Valley Common Stock on the record date and at the Exchange Ratio, provided, however, that in the event the increase in Merger Consideration is effected pursuant to this Section 2.1(h) in no event shall the holders of Bancorp Common Stock be treated as shareholders of Valley as of the record date of such dividend.

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Table of Contents**2.2 Exchange of Shares.**

(a) Bancshares and Valley hereby appoint American Stock Transfer and Trust Company as the exchange agent (the ***Exchange Agent***) for purposes of effecting the conversion of Bancshares Common Stock. Not later than five (5) business days after the Effective Time, Valley shall cause the Exchange Agent to mail to each holder of record of Bancshares Common Stock (other than holders of Dissenters Shares) as of the Effective Time (a ***Record Holder***) a letter of transmittal in form mutually agreed upon by Valley and Bancshares (which shall specify that delivery shall be effected, and risk of loss and title to the Certificates shall pass, only upon delivery of the Certificates to the Exchange Agent), and instructions for use in effecting the surrender of the Certificates in exchange for the Merger Consideration as provided in Section 2.1 hereof.

(b) Upon surrender of Certificates for exchange and cancellation to the Exchange Agent, together with such letter of transmittal, duly completed and executed, the Record Holder shall be entitled to promptly receive in exchange for such Certificates the Merger Consideration which such Record Holder has the right to receive pursuant to Section 2.1 hereof. Certificates so surrendered shall be canceled. As soon as practicable, but no later than five (5) business days following receipt of the properly completed letter of transmittal and any necessary accompanying documentation, Valley shall cause the Exchange Agent to distribute the Merger Consideration. The Exchange Agent shall not be obligated to deliver or cause to be delivered to any Record Holder the consideration to which such Record Holder would otherwise be entitled until such Record Holder surrenders the Certificates for exchange or, in default thereof, an appropriate Affidavit of Loss and Indemnity Agreement and bond as may be required in each case by Valley. Notwithstanding the time of surrender of the Certificates, Record Holders shall be deemed shareholders of Valley for all purposes from the Effective Time, except that Valley shall withhold the payment of dividends from any Record Holder until such Record Holder effects the exchange of Certificates for Valley Common Stock. Such Record Holder shall receive such withheld dividends, without interest, upon effecting the share exchange.

(c) After the Effective Time, there shall be no transfers on the stock transfer books of Bancshares of the shares of Bancshares Common Stock or Bancshares Preferred Stock which were outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time and, if any Certificates representing such shares are presented for transfer, they shall be canceled and exchanged for the consideration as provided in Section 2.1 hereof.

(d) If payment of the consideration pursuant to Section 2.1 hereof is to be made in a name other than that in which the Certificates surrendered in exchange therefor is registered, it shall be a condition of such payment that the Certificates so surrendered shall be properly endorsed (or accompanied by an appropriate instrument of transfer) and otherwise in proper form for transfer, and that the person requesting such payment shall pay to the Exchange Agent in advance any transfer or other Taxes required by reason of the payment to a person other than that of the registered holder of the Certificates surrendered, or required for any other reason, or shall establish to the satisfaction of the Exchange Agent that such Tax has been paid or is not payable.

(e) Valley and the Exchange Agent shall be entitled to rely upon Bancshares stock transfer books to establish the identity of those persons entitled to receive the Merger Consideration, which books shall be conclusive with respect thereto. In the event of a dispute with respect to ownership of stock represented by any Certificate, Valley and the Exchange Agent shall be entitled to deposit any Merger Consideration or dividends or distributions thereon represented thereby in escrow with an independent third party and thereafter be relieved with respect to any claims thereto.

(f) Immediately prior to the Effective Date, Valley shall deposit, or shall cause to be deposited, with the Exchange Agent for the benefit of the holders of Bancshares Common Stock, for exchange in accordance with this Section 2.2, certificates (or other electronic evidence) representing the shares of Valley Common Stock to be issued to Bancshares

shareholders as part of the Aggregate Merger Consideration plus an estimated aggregate amount of cash to be paid pursuant to Section 2.1(b), if any, and cash in lieu of fractional shares of Valley Common Stock.

Table of Contents**2.3 Treatment of Bancshares Stock Options and Stock Awards.**

(a) All options which may be exercised for issuance of Bancshares Common Stock (each, a ***Bancshares Stock Option*** and collectively the ***Bancshares Stock Options***) are described in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* and are issued and outstanding pursuant to the Bancshares stock plans described in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* (collectively, the ***Bancshares Stock Plans***) and the forms of agreements pursuant to which such Bancshares Stock Options were granted (each, an ***Option Grant Agreement***). True and complete copies of all outstanding grant agreements for Bancshares Stock Options issued under Bancshares Stock Option Plans will be delivered to Valley promptly after execution of this Agreement.

(b) Holders of unexercised Bancshares Stock Options (including currently unvested options which would become vested and exercisable as a result of the Merger or otherwise) will be entitled to receive, in cancellation of their Bancshares Stock Options, a payment from Valley in Valley Common Stock, in an amount equal to the product of (A) the number of shares of Bancshares Common Stock into which such Bancshares Stock Options are convertible and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) the product of the Average Closing Price times the Exchange Ratio (subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 2.1(f) hereof but disregarding Section 2.1(b) hereof), over (y) the exercise price per share provided for in such Bancshares Stock Option (the ***Option Payment***), which payment shall be treated as compensation and holders shall be responsible for applicable federal and state withholding Taxes. The fair market value of Valley Common Stock for purposes of this Section 2.3(b) will be determined by the Average Closing Price. No fractional shares of Valley Common Stock will be issued, and in lieu thereof, each holder of Bancshares Stock Options who would otherwise be entitled to a fractional interest of Valley Common Stock will receive an amount in cash determined by multiplying such fractional interest by the Average Closing Price. At the time of receipt of such Option Payment, (i) each holder of a Bancshares Stock Option shall acknowledge in writing, in a form reasonably satisfactory to Valley that such payment is in full satisfaction of such holder's rights under such Bancshares Stock Option, or (ii) or any holders of Bancshares Stock Options whose options are not entitled to any payment based upon the foregoing, Bancshares shall take such action as necessary to cancel each Bancshares Stock Option and receive an agreement of the holders thereof agreeing to such cancellation (in either case, the ***Option Cancellation Agreements***). Immediately prior to the Effective Time, no Bancshares Stock Options will be outstanding.

(c) Bancshares shall take all requisite action so that, at the Effective Time, each stock settled phantom stock award or stock appreciation right and other right, contingent or accrued, to acquire or receive shares of Bancshares Common Stock or benefits measured by the value of such shares, and each award of any kind consisting of shares of Bancshares Common Stock that may be held, awarded, outstanding, payable or reserved for issuance under any Bancshares Stock Plan (as defined below), other than Bancshares Stock Options (each, a ***Bancshares Stock Award***) immediately prior to the Effective Time, whether or not then vested or exercisable, shall be, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of Bancshares or Valley, the holder of that Bancshares Stock Award or any other person, cancelled and converted into the right to receive from Valley, as promptly as reasonably practicable after the Effective Time, a payment of an amount, payable in shares of Valley Common Stock, without interest, equal to the product of (x) the aggregate number of shares of Bancshares Common Stock in respect of such Bancshares Stock Award multiplied by (y) the Average Closing Price times the Exchange Ratio (subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 2.1(f) hereof but disregarding Section 2.1(b) hereof), which payment shall be treated as compensation and which payment shall be treated as compensation and holders shall be responsible for applicable federal and state withholding Taxes. The fair market value of Valley Common Stock for purposes of this Section 2.3(c) will be determined by the Average Closing Price. No fractional shares of Valley Common Stock will be issued, and in lieu thereof, each holder of Bancshares Stock Awards who would otherwise be entitled to a fractional interest of Valley Common Stock will receive an amount in cash determined by multiplying such fractional interest by the Average Closing Price. At the time of receipt of such payment, (i) each holder of a Bancshares Stock Award shall acknowledge in writing, in a form reasonably satisfactory to Valley that such payment is in full satisfaction of such holder's rights under such Bancshares Stock

Award, or (ii) or any holders of Bancshares Stock Awards whose options are not entitled to any payment based upon the foregoing, Bancshares shall take such action as necessary to cancel each Bancshares Stock Award and receive an agreement of the holders thereof agreeing to such cancellation.

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(d) At or prior to the Effective Time, Bancshares, the Bancshares Board and the compensation committee of such board, as applicable, shall adopt any resolutions and take any actions (including obtaining any employee consents) that may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section 2.3.

2.4 Valley Shares. The shares of Valley Common Stock outstanding at the Effective Time shall not be affected by the Merger, but along with the additional shares of Valley Common Stock to be issued as provided in Section 2.1 hereof, shall become the outstanding common stock of the Surviving Corporation.

2.5 Tax Consequences. It is intended that the Merger shall constitute reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and that this Agreement shall constitute a plan of reorganization for purposes of Section 368 of the Code.

ARTICLE III. - REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF BANCSHARES

References herein to ***Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*** shall mean all of the disclosure schedules required by Article III and Article V hereof, dated as of the date hereof and referenced to the specific sections and subsections of Article III and Article V of this Agreement, which have been delivered on the date hereof by Bancshares to Valley. As used in this Agreement, the term ***Material Adverse Effect*** means, with respect to Bancshares or Valley, as the case may be, an effect which (i) is material and adverse to the business, assets, financial condition or results of operations of such party and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, or (ii) materially impairs the ability of such party and its Subsidiaries to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby on a timely basis; *provided, however*, that ***Material Adverse Effect*** shall not be deemed to include the impact of (a) changes in laws and regulations affecting banks or thrift institutions or their holding companies generally, or interpretations thereof by courts or governmental agencies, (b) changes in United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (***GAAP***) or regulatory accounting principles generally applicable to financial institutions and their holding companies, (c) actions and omissions of a party hereto (or any of its Subsidiaries) taken with the prior written consent of the other party, (d) the impact of the announcement of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, and compliance with this Agreement on the business, financial condition or results of operations of the parties and their respective Subsidiaries, including the expenses (inclusive of any change in control, severance and related payments to be made to employees prior to the Closing Date) incurred by the parties hereto in consummating the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (and any loss of personnel subsequent to the date of this Agreement), (e) changes in national or international political or social conditions, including the engagement by the United States in hostilities, whether or not pursuant to the declaration of a national emergency or war, or the occurrence of any military or terrorist attack upon or within the United States or any of its territories, possessions or diplomatic or consular offices or upon any military installation, equipment or personnel of the United States, unless it uniquely or disproportionately affects either or both of the parties or any of their Subsidiaries, (f) any change in the value of the securities or loan portfolio, or any change in the value of the deposits or borrowings, of Bancshares or Valley, or any of their Subsidiaries, respectively, resulting from a change in interest rates generally, or (g) changes resulting to securities markets in general (including the disruption thereof and any decline in price of any security or market index). For the purposes of this Agreement, ***knowledge*** shall mean, with respect to a party hereto, actual knowledge of the members of the Board of Directors of that party, any executive officer of that party with the title ranking not less than executive vice president and that party's corporate secretary. Bancshares hereby represents and warrants to Valley as follows:

3.1 Corporate Organization. (a) Bancshares is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Florida. Bancshares has the corporate power and authority to own or lease all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as it is now being conducted and is duly licensed or qualified to do business and in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the nature of the business conducted by it or the character or location of the properties and assets owned or leased by it makes such licensing or

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qualification necessary, except where the failure to be so licensed or qualified or in good standing would not have, or would not reasonably be expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares. Bancshares is registered as a bank holding company under The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (the **BHCA**). None of Bancshares' activities require Bancshares to be a financial holding company under the BHCA.

(b) All of the Subsidiaries of Bancshares are listed in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* with a designation of which Subsidiaries are Significant Subsidiaries. For purposes of this Agreement, a **Subsidiary** shall mean any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other entity of which at least a majority of the capital stock or other ownership interest having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or other persons performing similar functions are at the time directly or indirectly owned by such person. As used in this Agreement, the term **Significant Subsidiary** shall mean each Subsidiary which is a significant subsidiary as defined in Regulation S-X, promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the **SEC**), as in effect as of the date hereof. Each Significant Subsidiary of Bancshares is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its state of incorporation or organization. CNL is a commercial bank chartered under the laws of the State of Florida whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the **FDIC**) to the fullest extent permitted by law. Each Significant Subsidiary of Bancshares has the power and authority to own or lease all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as it is now being conducted and is duly licensed or qualified to do business in each jurisdiction in which the nature of the business conducted by it or the character or location of the properties and assets owned or leased by it makes such licensing or qualification necessary, except where the failure of each of the foregoing would not have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares. The *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* sets forth true and complete copies of the certificate of incorporation, articles of association, bylaws or other comparable formation and governing documents (together the **Bancshares Charter Documents**) of Bancshares and of each Bancshares Significant Subsidiary as in effect on the date hereof. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, Bancshares does not own or control, directly or indirectly, any equity interest in any corporation, company, association, partnership, joint venture or other entity and owns no real estate, except (i) residential real estate acquired through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure in each individual instance with a fair market value less than \$500,000 and (ii) real estate used for its banking premises.

3.2 Capitalization. (a) The authorized capital stock of Bancshares consists of (i) 50,000,000 shares of Bancshares Common Stock, (ii) 1,500,000 shares of Series A preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (the **Bancshares Series A Preferred Stock**), (iii) 1,000,000 shares of Class B preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (the **Bancshares Class B Preferred Stock**) and (iv) 40,000 shares of Class C preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (the **Bancshares Class C Preferred Stock** and collectively with the Series A Preferred Stock and Class B Preferred Stock, the **Bancshares Preferred Stock**). As of the date hereof, there were (i) 20,121,835 shares of Bancshares Common Stock issued and outstanding, and no shares of Bancshares Common Stock issued and held in the treasury, (ii) 1,134,378 shares of Bancshares Series A Preferred Stock issued and outstanding and no shares of Bancshares Series A Preferred Stock issued and held in treasury, (iii) 701,103 shares of Bancshares Class B Preferred Stock issued and outstanding and no shares of Bancshares Class B Preferred Stock issued and held in treasury, and (iv) 13,558 shares of Bancshares Class C Preferred Stock issued and outstanding and no shares of Bancshares Class C Preferred Stock issued and held in treasury. As of the date hereof, except for 3,415,000 shares of Bancshares Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding stock options granted pursuant to the Bancshares Stock Option Plans, there were no shares of Bancshares Common Stock or Bancshares Preferred Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options or otherwise. All issued and outstanding shares of Bancshares Common Stock and Bancshares Preferred Stock have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid, and nonassessable. The authorized capital stock of CNL consists of 2,000,000 shares of common stock, \$5.00 par value per share. As of the date hereof, there were 558,500 shares of CNL common stock outstanding. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, neither Bancshares nor any Bancshares Subsidiary has or is bound by any outstanding subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, commitments or agreements of

any character calling for the transfer, purchase or issuance of any shares of capital stock of Bancshares or any Bancshares Subsidiary or any securities representing the right to purchase or otherwise receive

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any shares of such capital stock or any securities convertible into or representing the right to purchase or subscribe for any such shares, and there are no agreements or understandings with respect to voting of any such shares. The *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* contains a list setting forth as of the date of this Agreement all record and beneficial owners of Bancshares Common Stock and Bancshares Preferred Stock, and, in the case of the Bancshares Preferred Stock, the number of shares of Bancshares Common Stock into which shares of Bancshares Preferred Stock will be converted into as of the Closing.

(b) The *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* contains a list setting forth as of the date of this Agreement (i) all outstanding Bancshares Stock Options, the names of the option holders, the date each such option was granted, the number of shares subject to each such option, the expiration date of each such option, any vesting schedule with respect to an option which is not yet fully vested, and the price at which each such option may be exercised and (ii) comparable information for any other outstanding awards under the Bancshares Stock Option Plans. Each Bancshares Stock Option intended to qualify as an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Code so qualifies. The exercise price of each Bancshares Stock Option is not less than the fair market value of a share of Bancshares Common Stock as determined on the date of grant of such Bancshares Stock Option and within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and associated guidance set forth by Treasury. Bancshares has made available to Valley true and complete copies of all Bancshares Stock Option Plans and the forms of all award agreements and other agreements evidencing outstanding Bancshares Stock Options.

(c) The *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* lists the name(s), jurisdiction of incorporation or organization, authorized and outstanding shares of capital stock and record and beneficial owners of such capital stock for each Subsidiary of Bancshares. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, Bancshares owns, directly or indirectly, all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of or all other equity interests in each of Bancshares Subsidiaries, free and clear of any lien, claim, charge, mortgage, pledge, security interest, restriction, encumbrance or security interest (*Liens*), and all of such shares are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid, nonassessable and free of preemptive rights. Neither Bancshares nor any Subsidiary of Bancshares has or is bound by any right with respect to the capital stock or any other equity security of any Subsidiary of Bancshares.

(d) Except (i) as disclosed in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, (ii) for Bancshares ownership in its Subsidiaries, (iii) for securities held for the benefit of third parties in trust accounts, managed accounts and the like for the benefit of customers, (iv) for securities acquired after the date of this Agreement in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in good faith, and (v) unmarketable Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock, neither Bancshares nor any of its Subsidiaries beneficially owns or controls, directly or indirectly, any shares of stock or other equity interest in any corporation, firm, partnership, joint venture or other entity.

(e) Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, no bonds, debentures, trust-preferred securities or other similar indebtedness of Bancshares (parent company only) are issued or outstanding.

3.3 Authority; No Violation.

(a) Subject to the approval of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby by the shareholders of Bancshares, and subject to the parties obtaining all necessary regulatory approvals, Bancshares has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby in accordance with the terms hereof and CNL has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver the Bank Merger Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby in accordance with the terms thereof. On or prior to the date of this Agreement, Bancshares Board of Directors, by resolutions duly adopted by unanimous vote of those voting at a meeting duly called and held, (i) determined that this Agreement and the Merger are fair to and in the best interests of Bancshares and its shareholders and declared the Merger and the other transactions

contemplated hereby to be advisable, (ii) approved this Agreement, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby and (iii) resolved to recommend that the shareholders of Bancshares approve this Agreement at the Bancshares Shareholders Meeting (the ***Bancshares Recommendation***). The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly approved by the Board of Directors

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of Bancshares. The execution and delivery of the Bank Merger Agreement has been duly and validly approved by the Board of Directors of CNL. Except for the approvals described in paragraph (b) below, no other corporate proceedings on the part of Bancshares or CNL are necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Bancshares and, assuming due and valid execution and delivery of this Agreement by Valley, constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Bancshares, enforceable against Bancshares in accordance with its terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies generally and subject, as to enforceability, to general principles of equity, whether applied in a court of law or a court of equity.

(b) Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Bancshares or the execution and delivery of the Bank Merger Agreement by CNL, nor the consummation by Bancshares of the transactions contemplated hereby in accordance with the terms hereof or the consummation by CNL of the transactions contemplated thereby in accordance with the terms thereof, or compliance by Bancshares with any of the terms or provisions hereof or compliance by CNL with any of the terms of provisions thereof, will (i) violate any provision of the Bancshares Charter Documents, (ii) assuming that the consents and approvals set forth below are duly obtained, violate any statute, code, ordinance, rule, regulation, judgment, order, writ, decree or injunction applicable to Bancshares or CNL or any of their respective properties or assets, or (iii) except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, violate, conflict with, result in a breach of any provisions of, constitute a default (or an event which, with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute a default) under, result in the termination of, accelerate the performance required by, or result in the creation of any lien, security interest, charge or other encumbrance upon any of the respective properties or assets of Bancshares or CNL under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, deed of trust, license, lease, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Bancshares or CNL is a party, or by which either or both of them or any of their respective properties or assets may be bound or affected except, with respect to (ii) and (iii) above, such as individually and in the aggregate will not have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares. Except for consents and approvals of or filings or registrations with or notices to the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (the *OCC*), the FDIC, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the *FRB*), the OFR, the Florida Department of State, the SEC, and the shareholders of Bancshares, or as listed in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, no consents or approvals of or filings or registrations with or notices to any federal or state governmental authority, instrumentality or administrative agency or, to the knowledge of Bancshares, any third party (other than consents or approvals of third parties the absence of which will not have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares or CNL) are necessary on behalf of Bancshares or CNL in connection with (x) the execution and delivery by Bancshares of this Agreement and (y) the consummation by Bancshares of the transactions contemplated hereby and (z) the execution and delivery by CNL of the Bank Merger Agreement and the consummation by CNL of the transactions contemplated thereby. To the knowledge of Bancshares, there is no reason why the consents and approvals referenced in the preceding sentence will not be obtained in a timely fashion.

3.4 Financial Statements.

(a) Complete copies of Bancshares' audited financial statements consisting of the balance sheet of Bancshares as at December 31 in each of the years 2014, 2013 and 2012 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, shareholders' equity and cash flow for the years then ended (the *Audited Financial Statements*), and unaudited financial statements consisting of the balance sheet of the Company as at March 31, 2015 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, shareholders' equity and cash flow for the three-month period then ended (the *Interim Financial Statements* and together with the Audited Financial Statements, the *Bancshares Financial Statements*) are included in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*. The Bancshares Financial Statements (including the related notes), have been prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied during the periods involved, and fairly present in all material respects (subject, in the case of the unaudited interim statements, to normal year-end adjustments) the consolidated financial position of Bancshares as of the respective dates set forth therein, and the related consolidated

statements of income, changes in shareholders equity and of cash flows (including the related notes, where applicable) fairly present in

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all material respects (subject, in the case of the unaudited interim statements, to normal year-end adjustments) the consolidated results of operations and changes in shareholders' equity and of cash flows of Bancshares for the respective fiscal periods set forth therein.

(b) The books and records of Bancshares and its Significant Subsidiaries have been and are being maintained in material compliance with applicable legal and accounting requirements, and reflect only actual transactions.

(c) Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* and except to the extent reflected, disclosed or reserved against in the Bancshares Financial Statements, as of December 31, 2014, neither Bancshares nor any of its Significant Subsidiaries had any obligations or liabilities, whether absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise material to the business, operations, assets or financial condition of Bancshares or any of its Significant Subsidiaries and which are required by GAAP to be disclosed in the Bancshares Financial Statements. Since December 31, 2014 and to the date hereof, neither Bancshares nor any of its Significant Subsidiaries have incurred any material liabilities except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past banking practice, except as specifically contemplated by or incurred in connection with this Agreement.

(d) The *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* includes a copy of Bancshares' Consolidated Financial Statements for Bank Holding Companies (on Form FRY 9C) as of December 31, 2014 which includes information regarding off-balance sheet arrangements effected by Bancshares.

(e) Hacker, Johnson & Smith, PA, which has expressed its opinion with respect to the financial statements of Bancshares and its Subsidiaries (including the related notes), is and has been throughout the periods covered by such financial statements independent with respect to Bancshares within the meaning of the rules of applicable bank regulatory authorities and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

3.5 Financial Advisor Fees and Other Fees. Other than Hovde Group, LLC (*Hovde*), neither Bancshares nor any of its Subsidiaries nor any of their respective directors or officers has employed any broker, investment banker, financial advisor or finder or incurred any liability for any broker's, financial advisor, finder's fees or similar fees or commissions in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. A copy of Bancshares' agreement with Hovde has previously been delivered to Valley. Hovde has delivered to the Board of Directors of Bancshares its opinion (which, if initially rendered verbally, has been or will be confirmed by a written opinion, dated the same date) with respect to the fairness, as of the date of such opinion and based upon and subject to the factors, limitations and assumptions set forth therein, from a financial point of view, of the Exchange Ratio in the Merger to the shareholders of Bancshares. Other than pursuant to the agreement with Hovde, there are no fees (other than time charges billed at usual and customary rates) payable to any consultants, including lawyers and accountants, in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and which would be contingent upon the consummation of the Merger or the termination of services of such consultants by Bancshares or any of its Subsidiaries.

3.6 Absence of Certain Changes or Events.

(a) Since December 31, 2014, there has not been any condition, event, change or occurrence that, individually or in the aggregate, has had, or is reasonably likely to have, a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares.

(b) Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, neither Bancshares nor any of its Subsidiaries has taken or permitted any of the actions set forth in Section 5.2 hereof between December 31, 2014 and the date hereof and Bancshares and the Bancshares Subsidiaries have conducted their business only in the ordinary course, consistent with past practice.

3.7 Legal Proceedings. Except as disclosed in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, neither Bancshares nor any of its Subsidiaries is a party to any, and there are no pending or, to Bancshares knowledge, threatened, legal,

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administrative, arbitral or other proceedings, claims, actions or governmental investigations of any nature against Bancshares or any of its Subsidiaries which, if decided adversely to Bancshares, or any of its Subsidiaries, would be reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares. Except as disclosed in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, neither Bancshares nor any of its Subsidiaries is a party to any order, judgment or decree entered against Bancshares or any Bancshares Subsidiary in any lawsuit or proceeding which would have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares.

3.8 Taxes and Tax Returns.

(a) Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule* or as would not have a Material Adverse Effect on Bancshares or CNL, Bancshares, CNL and each of their Subsidiaries have timely filed (and until the Effective Time will so file) all Returns required to be filed by them in respect of any Taxes (which such Returns which have already been filed were and continue to be, true, correct and complete in all material respects and which such Returns which will be filed will be true, correct and complete in all material respects when filed) and each has duly paid (and until the Effective Time will so pay) all such Taxes shown as due and payable on such Returns, other than Taxes or other charges which are being contested in good faith (and disclosed to Valley in writing). Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, Bancshares, CNL and each of their Subsidiaries have established (and until the Effective Time will establish) on their books and records reserves for the payment of all Taxes not yet due and payable, but incurred in respect of Bancshares, CNL or any Subsidiary through such date, which reserves are adequate for such purposes. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, the federal income Tax Returns of Bancshares, CNL and each of their Subsidiaries have been examined by the Internal Revenue Service (the *IRS*) (or are closed to examination due to the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations) and no deficiencies were asserted as a result of such examinations which have not been resolved and paid in full. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, the applicable state income and local Tax Returns of Bancshares, CNL and each of their Subsidiaries have been examined by the applicable authorities (or are closed to examination due to the expiration of the statute of limitations) and no deficiencies were asserted as a result of such examinations which have not been resolved and paid in full. Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, to the knowledge of each of Bancshares and CNL, there are no audits or other administrative or court proceedings presently pending nor any other disputes pending, or claims asserted for, Taxes or assessments upon Bancshares, CNL or any of their Subsidiaries, nor has Bancshares, CNL or any of their Subsidiaries given any currently outstanding waivers or comparable consents regarding the application of the statute of limitations with respect to any Taxes or Returns.

(b) Except as set forth in the *Bancshares Disclosure Schedule*, neither Bancshares, CNL nor any of their Subsidiaries:

- (i) has requested any extension of time within which to file any Tax Return which Return has not since been filed;
- (ii) is a party to any agreement providing for the allocation or sharing of Taxes (except agreements between and/or among Bancshares, CNL and/or any of their Subsidiaries);
- (iii) is required to include in income any adjustment pursuant to Section 481(a) of the Code, by reason of a voluntary change in accounting method initiated by Bancshares, CNL or any Subsidiary (nor does Bancshares or CNL have any knowledge that the IRS has proposed any such adjustment or change of accounting method);
- (iv) has taken or agreed to take any action, has failed to take any action, or knows of any fact, agreement, plan or other circumstances that could prevent the Merger from qualifying as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Code;
- (v) has been a party to any distribution occurring in the last five years in which the parties to such distribution treated the distribution as one to which Section 355 of the Code applied;
- (vi) has been included in any consolidated, unitary or combined Re