

AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS INC

Form 10-Q

August 27, 2015

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended August 1, 2015**

**OR**

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Commission File Number: 1-33338**

**American Eagle Outfitters, Inc.**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

<b>Delaware</b> <b>(State or other jurisdiction of</b>	<b>No. 13-2721761</b> <b>(I.R.S. Employer</b>
<b>incorporation or organization)</b>	<b>Identification No.)</b>
<b>77 Hot Metal Street, Pittsburgh, PA</b> <b>(Address of principal executive offices)</b>	<b>15203-2329</b> <b>(Zip Code)</b>
<b>Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (412) 432-3300</b>	

**Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report:**

N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 195,429,368 Common Shares were outstanding at August 24, 2015.

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**Table of Contents****PART I- FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.****AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

<i>(In thousands, except per share amount)</i>	August 1, 2015 (Unaudited)	January 31, 2015	August 2, 2014 (Unaudited)
<b>Assets</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,290	\$ 410,697	\$ 262,628
Merchandise inventory	408,541	278,972	393,316
Accounts receivable	50,693	67,894	47,028
Prepaid expenses and other	75,477	73,848	89,426
Deferred income taxes	60,974	59,102	41,646
Total current assets	922,975	890,513	834,044
Property and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation	712,279	694,856	729,463
Intangible assets, at cost, net of accumulated amortization	47,154	47,206	48,510
Goodwill	13,006	13,096	13,616
Non-current deferred income taxes	13,166	14,035	13,534
Other assets	51,629	37,202	40,894
Total assets	\$ 1,760,209	\$ 1,696,908	\$ 1,680,061
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 263,145	\$ 191,146	\$ 254,802
Accrued compensation and payroll taxes	37,851	44,884	25,917
Accrued rent	77,127	78,567	75,649
Accrued income and other taxes	14,654	33,110	6,225
Unredeemed gift cards and gift certificates	30,502	47,888	29,092
Current portion of deferred lease credits	13,240	12,969	13,635
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	55,625	50,529	34,469
Total current liabilities	492,144	459,093	439,789
Non-current liabilities:			
Deferred lease credits	56,421	54,516	62,779
Non-current accrued income taxes	5,441	10,456	11,089
Other non-current liabilities	40,525	33,097	32,557
Total non-current liabilities	102,387	98,069	106,425

Commitments and contingencies

Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 5,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding

Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 600,000 shares authorized; 249,566 shares issued; 195,429, 194,516 and 194,432 shares outstanding, respectively

	2,496	2,496	2,496
Contributed capital	577,146	569,675	559,694
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(18,378)	(9,944)	15,949
Retained earnings	1,553,380	1,543,085	1,522,856
Treasury stock, 54,137, 55,050 and 55,134 shares, respectively	(948,966)	(965,566)	(967,148)
 Total stockholders' equity	 1,165,678	 1,139,746	 1,133,847
 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	 \$ 1,760,209	 \$ 1,696,908	 \$ 1,680,061

Refer to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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## AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS

(Unaudited)

<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	13 Weeks Ended		26 Weeks Ended	
	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
Total net revenue	\$ 797,428	\$ 710,595	\$ 1,496,948	\$ 1,356,724
Cost of sales, including certain buying, occupancy and warehousing expenses	512,389	473,048	949,697	893,332
Gross profit	285,039	237,547	547,251	463,392
Selling, general and administrative expenses	195,791	190,078	380,882	375,136
Depreciation and amortization expense	36,109	35,422	71,237	67,784
Operating income	53,139	12,047	95,132	20,472
Other (expense) income, net	(2,237)	850	3,733	1,536
Income before income taxes	50,902	12,897	98,865	22,008
Provision for income taxes	17,637	7,084	36,547	12,329
Net income	\$ 33,265	\$ 5,813	\$ 62,318	\$ 9,679
Basic income per common share:				
Net income per basic share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.05
Diluted income per common share:				
Net income per diluted share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.05
Cash dividends per common share	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	195,508	194,511	195,241	194,285
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted	196,885	194,747	196,532	194,751
Retained earnings, beginning	\$ 1,545,674	\$ 1,542,106	\$ 1,543,085	\$ 1,569,851
Net income	33,265	5,813	62,318	9,679
Cash dividends and dividend equivalents	(24,428)	(24,954)	(49,417)	(49,831)
Reissuance of treasury stock	(1,131)	(109)	(2,606)	(6,843)
Retained earnings, ending	\$ 1,553,380	\$ 1,522,856	\$ 1,553,380	\$ 1,522,856

Refer to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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**AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

**(Unaudited)**

<i>(In thousands)</i>	13 Weeks Ended		26 Weeks Ended	
	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
Net income	\$ 33,265	\$ 5,813	\$ 62,318	\$ 9,679
Other comprehensive (loss) gain:				
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain	(7,334)	(145)	(8,434)	3,792
Other comprehensive (loss) gain:	(7,334)	(145)	(8,434)	3,792
Comprehensive income	\$ 25,931	\$ 5,668	\$ 53,884	\$ 13,471

Refer to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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**AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(Unaudited)**

<i>(In thousands)</i>	26 Weeks Ended	
	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 62,318	\$ 9,679
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	71,582	68,635
Share-based compensation	22,091	6,559
Deferred income taxes	(1,272)	6,332
Foreign currency transaction loss	(1,062)	121
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Merchandise inventory	(131,345)	(101,006)
Accounts receivable	16,189	25,660
Prepaid expenses and other	(1,800)	(1,982)
Other assets	(16,074)	4,773
Accounts payable	67,869	36,312
Unredeemed gift cards and gift certificates	(17,285)	(18,188)
Deferred lease credits	2,349	3,448
Accrued compensation and payroll taxes	(6,407)	2,390
Accrued income and other taxes	(22,926)	52
Accrued liabilities	3,289	(13,145)
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<b>(14,802)</b>	<b>19,961</b>
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>47,516</b>	<b>29,640</b>
Investing activities:		
Capital expenditures for property and equipment	(78,927)	(146,326)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,680)	(894)
Sale of available-for-sale securities		10,002
<b>Net cash used for investing activities</b>	<b>(80,607)</b>	<b>(137,218)</b>
Financing activities:		
Payments on capital leases	(3,084)	(2,567)
Repurchase of common stock from employees	(5,149)	(7,389)
Net proceeds from stock options exercised	6,362	6,755
Excess tax benefit from share-based payments	653	697
Cash dividends paid	(48,809)	(48,602)
<b>Net cash used for financing activities</b>	<b>(50,027)</b>	<b>(51,106)</b>



Effect of exchange rates changes on cash	(289)	2,379
<b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(83,407)</b>	<b>(156,305)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period	410,697	418,933
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	<b>\$ 327,290</b>	<b>\$ 262,628</b>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ 60,936	\$ 11,108
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 611	\$ 317

Refer to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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**AMERICAN EAGLE OUTFITTERS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

**1. Interim Financial Statements**

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. (the Company) at August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014 and for the 13 and 26 week periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Certain notes and other information have been condensed or omitted from the interim Consolidated Financial Statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Therefore, these Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Fiscal 2014 Annual Report. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and those described in the footnotes that follow) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

As used in this report, all references to we, our and the Company refer to American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. American Eagle Outfitters, American Eagle, AEO and the AE Brand refer to our American Eagle Outfitters stores. aerie refers to our aerie by American Eagle® stores. AEO Direct refers to our e-commerce operations, ae.com and aerie.com.

The Company's business is affected by the pattern of seasonality common to most retail apparel businesses. The results for the current and prior periods are not necessarily indicative of future financial results.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

***Principles of Consolidation***

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. At August 1, 2015, the Company operated in one reportable segment.

***Fiscal Year***

The Company's financial year is a 52/53 week year that ends on the Saturday nearest to January 31. As used herein, Fiscal 2015 refers to the 52 week period ending January 30, 2016. Fiscal 2014 refers to the 52 week period ended January 31, 2015.

***Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of our contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. On an ongoing basis, our management reviews the Company's estimates based on currently available information. Changes in facts and circumstances may result in

revised estimates.

***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ( ASU 2014-09 ). ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that expands disclosure requirements and requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Originally, ASU 2014-09 was effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption was not permitted. In July 2015, the FASB voted to approve amendments that deferred the effective date by one year to be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The amendment allows early adoption, but not before the original effective date of December 15, 2016. Accordingly, the Company will adopt ASU 2014-09 on February 4, 2018. The Company does not expect a material impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

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### ***Foreign Currency Translation***

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 830, *Foreign Currency Matters*, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were translated into United States dollars ( USD ) (the reporting currency) at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies were translated into USD at the monthly average exchange rates for the period. Gains or losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the results of operations, whereas, related translation adjustments are reported as an element of other comprehensive income in accordance with ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income*.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

Revenue is recorded for store sales upon the purchase of merchandise by customers. The Company's e-commerce operation records revenue upon the estimated customer receipt date of the merchandise. Shipping and handling revenues are included in total net revenue. Sales tax collected from customers is excluded from revenue and is included as part of accrued income and other taxes on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Revenue is recorded net of estimated and actual sales returns and deductions for coupon redemptions and other promotions. The Company records the impact of adjustments to its sales return reserve quarterly within total net revenue and cost of sales. The sales return reserve reflects an estimate of sales returns based on projected merchandise returns determined through the use of historical average return percentages.

Revenue is not recorded on the issuance of gift cards. A current liability is recorded upon issuance, and revenue is recognized when the gift card is redeemed for merchandise. Additionally, the Company recognizes revenue on unredeemed gift cards based on an estimate of the amounts that will not be redeemed ( gift card breakage ), determined through historical redemption trends. Gift card breakage revenue is recognized in proportion to actual gift card redemptions as a component of total net revenue. For further information on the Company's gift card program, refer to the Gift Cards caption below.

The Company recognizes royalty revenue generated from its license agreements based on a percentage of merchandise sales by the licensee. This revenue is recorded as a component of total net revenue when earned.

### ***Cost of Sales, Including Certain Buying, Occupancy and Warehousing Expenses***

Cost of sales consists of merchandise costs, including design, sourcing, importing and inbound freight costs, as well as markdowns, shrinkage and certain promotional costs (collectively merchandise costs ) and buying, occupancy and warehousing costs.

Design costs are related to the Company's Design Center operations and include compensation, travel, supplies and samples for our design teams, as well as rent and depreciation for our Design Center. These costs are included in cost of sales as the respective inventory is sold.

Buying, occupancy and warehousing costs consist of compensation, employee benefit expenses and travel for our buyers and certain senior merchandising executives; rent and utilities related to our stores, corporate headquarters, distribution centers and other office space; freight from our distribution centers to the stores; compensation and supplies for our distribution centers, including purchasing, receiving and inspection costs; and shipping and handling costs related to our e-commerce operation. Gross profit is the difference between total net revenue and cost of sales.

### ***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses***

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of compensation and employee benefit expenses, including salaries, incentives and related benefits associated with our stores and corporate headquarters. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include advertising costs, supplies for our stores and home office, communication costs, travel and entertainment, leasing costs and services purchased. Selling, general and administrative expenses do not include compensation, employee benefit expenses and travel for our design, sourcing and importing teams, our buyers and our distribution centers as these amounts are recorded in cost of sales.

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### ***Other (Expense) Income, Net***

Other (expense) income, net consists primarily of foreign currency transaction gain/loss and interest income/expense.

### ***Other-than-Temporary Impairment***

The Company evaluates its investments for impairment in accordance with ASC 320, *Investments Debt and Equity Securities* ( ASC 320 ). ASC 320 provides guidance for determining when an investment is considered impaired, whether impairment is other-than-temporary, and measurement of an impairment loss. An investment is considered impaired if the fair value of the investment is less than its cost. If, after consideration of all available evidence to evaluate the realizable value of its investment, impairment is determined to be other-than-temporary, then an impairment loss is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations equal to the difference between the investment's cost and its fair value. There was no net impairment loss for investment securities recognized in earnings during the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 or August 2, 2014.

### ***Cash and Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments***

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

As of August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, the Company held no short-term investments.

Unrealized gains and losses on the Company's available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity, within accumulated other comprehensive income, until realized. When available-for-sale securities are sold, the cost of the securities is specifically identified and is used to determine any realized gain or loss.

Refer to Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

### ***Merchandise Inventory***

Merchandise inventory is valued at the lower of average cost or market, utilizing the retail method. Average cost includes merchandise design and sourcing costs and related expenses. The Company records merchandise receipts when both title and risk of loss for the merchandise have transferred to the Company.

The Company reviews its inventory levels to identify slow-moving merchandise and generally uses markdowns to clear merchandise. Additionally, the Company estimates a markdown reserve for future planned permanent markdowns related to current inventory. Markdowns may occur when inventory exceeds customer demand for reasons of style, seasonal adaptation, changes in customer preference, lack of consumer acceptance of fashion items, competition, or if it is determined that the inventory in stock will not sell at its currently ticketed price. Such markdowns may have a material adverse impact on earnings, depending on the extent and amount of inventory affected. The Company also estimates a shrinkage reserve for the period between the last physical count and the balance sheet date. The estimate for the shrinkage reserve, based on historical results, can be affected by changes in merchandise mix and changes in actual shrinkage trends.

### ***Income Taxes***

The Company calculates income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ( ASC 740 ), which requires the use of the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the difference between the Consolidated Financial Statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases as computed pursuant to ASC 740. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates, based on certain judgments regarding enacted tax laws and published guidance, in effect in the years when those temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established against the deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred taxes may not be realized. Changes in the Company's level and composition of earnings, tax laws or the deferred tax valuation allowance, as well as the results of tax audits may materially impact the Company's effective income tax rate.

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The Company evaluates its income tax positions in accordance with ASC 740, which prescribes a comprehensive model for recognizing, measuring, presenting and disclosing in the financial statements tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return, including a decision whether to file or not to file in a particular jurisdiction. Under ASC 740, a tax benefit from an uncertain position may be recognized only if it is more likely than not that the position is sustainable based on its technical merits.

The calculation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities, as well as the decision to recognize a tax benefit from an uncertain position and to establish a valuation allowance require management to make estimates and assumptions. The Company believes that its assumptions and estimates are reasonable, although actual results may have a positive or negative material impact on the balances of deferred tax assets and liabilities, valuation allowances or net income.

Refer to Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding income taxes.

***Property and Equipment***

Property and equipment is recorded on the basis of cost, including costs to prepare the asset for use, with depreciation computed utilizing the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. The useful lives of our major classes of assets are as follows:

Buildings	25 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of 10 years or the term of the lease
Fixtures and equipment	5 years

In accordance with ASC 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment* (ASC 360), the Company evaluates long-lived assets for impairment at the individual store level, which is the lowest level at which individual cash flows can be identified, for stores that have been open for a period of time sufficient to reach maturity. Impairment losses are recorded on long-lived assets used in operations when events and circumstances indicate that the assets are impaired and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than their carrying amounts. When events such as these occur, the impaired assets are adjusted to their estimated fair value and an impairment loss is recorded.

Refer to Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding property and equipment.

***Goodwill***

The Company's goodwill is primarily related to the acquisition of its importing operations, Canadian business and businesses in Hong Kong and China. In accordance with ASC 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* (ASC 350), the Company evaluates goodwill for possible impairment on at least an annual basis and last performed an annual impairment test as of January 31, 2015. As a result of the Company's annual goodwill impairment test, the Company concluded that its goodwill was not impaired.

***Intangible Assets***

Intangible assets are recorded on the basis of cost with amortization computed utilizing the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. The Company's intangible assets, which primarily include trademark assets, are generally amortized over 15 to 25 years.



The Company evaluates intangible assets for impairment in accordance with ASC 350 when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. Such an evaluation includes the estimation of undiscounted future cash flows to be generated by those assets. If the sum of the estimated future undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying amounts of the assets, then the assets are impaired and are adjusted to their estimated fair value. No intangible asset impairment charges were recorded during the 13 or 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 or August 2, 2014.

Refer to Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding intangible assets.

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**Table of Contents*****Gift Cards***

The value of a gift card is recorded as a current liability upon issuance, and revenue is recognized when the gift card is redeemed for merchandise. The Company estimates gift card breakage and recognizes revenue in proportion to actual gift card redemptions as a component of total net revenue. The Company determines an estimated gift card breakage rate by continuously evaluating historical redemption data and the time when there is a remote likelihood that a gift card will be redeemed. The Company recorded \$1.5 million and \$1.3 million of revenue related to gift card breakage during both the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively. During the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, the Company recorded \$3.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, of revenue related to gift card breakage.

***Deferred Lease Credits***

Deferred lease credits represent the unamortized portion of construction allowances received from landlords related to the Company's retail stores. Construction allowances are generally comprised of cash amounts received by the Company from its landlords as part of the negotiated lease terms. The Company records a receivable and a deferred lease credit liability at the lease commencement date (date of initial possession of the store). The deferred lease credit is amortized on a straight-line basis as a reduction of rent expense over the term of the original lease (including the pre-opening build-out period). The receivable is reduced as amounts are received from the landlord.

***Co-branded Credit Card and Customer Loyalty Program***

The Company offers a co-branded credit card (the AEO Visa Card) and a private label credit card (the AEO Credit Card). These credit cards are issued by a third-party bank (the Bank), and the Company has no liability to the Bank for bad debt expense, provided that purchases are made in accordance with the Bank's procedures. Once a customer is approved to receive the AEO Visa Card or the AEO Credit Card and the card is activated, the customer is eligible to participate in the credit card rewards program. Customers who make purchases earn discounts in the form of savings certificates when certain purchase levels are reached. Also, AEO Visa Card customers who make purchases at other retailers where the card is accepted earn additional discounts. Savings certificates are valid for 90 days from issuance.

Points earned under the credit card rewards program on purchases are accounted for by analogy to ASC 605-25, *Revenue Recognition, Multiple Element Arrangements* (ASC 605-25). The Company believes that points earned under its point and loyalty programs represent deliverables in a multiple element arrangement rather than a rebate or refund of cash. Accordingly, the portion of the sales revenue attributed to the award points is deferred and recognized when the award is redeemed or when the points expire. Additionally, credit card reward points earned on non-AE or aerie purchases are accounted for in accordance with ASC 605-25. As the points are earned, a current liability is recorded for the estimated cost of the award, and the impact of adjustments is recorded in cost of sales.

The Company offers its customers the AEREWARDS<sup>sm</sup> loyalty program (the Program). Under the Program, customers accumulate points based on purchase activity and earn rewards by reaching certain point thresholds during three-month earning periods. Rewards earned during these periods are valid through the stated expiration date, which is approximately one month from the mailing date of the reward. These rewards can be redeemed for a discount on a purchase of merchandise. Rewards not redeemed during the one-month redemption period are forfeited. The Company determined that rewards earned using the Program should be accounted for in accordance with ASC 605-25. Accordingly, the portion of the sales revenue attributed to the award credits is deferred and recognized when the awards are redeemed or expire.

***Segment Information***

In accordance with ASC 280, *Segment Reporting* ( ASC 280 ), the Company has identified three operating segments (American Eagle Brand retail stores, aerie retail stores and AEO Direct) that reflect the basis used internally to review performance and allocate resources. All of the operating segments have been aggregated and are presented as one reportable segment, as permitted by ASC 280.

***Reclassification***

Certain reclassifications have been made to the Consolidated Financial Statements for prior periods in order to conform to the current period presentation.

**Table of Contents****3. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments**

The following table summarizes the fair market values for the Company's cash and marketable securities, which are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	August 1, 2015	January 31, 2015	August 2, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash	\$ 248,824	\$ 370,692	\$ 186,840
Money-market	78,466	40,005	53,606
Treasury bills			22,182
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 327,290</b>	<b>\$ 410,697</b>	<b>\$ 262,628</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 327,290</b>	<b>\$ 410,697</b>	<b>\$ 262,628</b>

Proceeds from the sale of investments were \$10.0 million for the 26 weeks August 2, 2014. There were no sales or purchases of investments for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015.

There were no unrecognized gains or losses for the Company's available-for-sale securities for the 13 or 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 or August 2, 2014.

**4. Fair Value Measurements**

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement Disclosures* (ASC 820), defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined under ASC 820 as the exit price associated with the sale of an asset or transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

***Financial Instruments***

Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under ASC 820 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. In addition, ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs (i.e., projections, estimates, interpretations, etc.) that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

As of August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, the Company held certain assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These include cash and cash equivalents.

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In accordance with ASC 820, the following table represents the Company's fair value hierarchy for its financial assets (cash equivalents) measured at fair value on a recurring basis at August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014:

	Fair Value Measurements at August 1, 2015			
	Carrying Amount	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,824		
Money-market	78,466	78,466		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,290	\$ 327,290		
Total	\$ 327,290	\$ 327,290		

	Fair Value Measurements at August 2, 2014			
	Carrying Amount	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$ 186,840	\$ 186,840		
Money-market	53,606	53,606		
Treasury bills	22,182	22,182		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 262,628	\$ 262,628		
Total	\$ 262,628	\$ 262,628		

In the event the Company holds Level 3 investments, a discounted cash flow model is used to value those investments. There were no Level 3 investments at August 1, 2015 or August 2, 2014.

**Non-Financial Assets**

The Company's non-financial assets, which include goodwill, intangible assets and property and equipment, are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. However, if certain triggering events occur, or if an annual impairment test is required, and the Company is required to evaluate the non-financial instrument for impairment, a resulting asset impairment would require that the non-financial asset be recorded at the estimated fair value.

**5. Earnings per Share**

The following is a reconciliation between basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	13 Weeks Ended		26 Weeks Ended	
	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
<b>Weighted average common shares outstanding:</b>				
Basic number of common shares outstanding	195,508	194,511	195,241	194,285
Dilutive effect of stock options and non-vested restricted stock	1,377	236	1,291	466
Diluted number of common shares outstanding	196,885	194,747	196,532	194,751

Equity awards to purchase approximately 40,000 shares of common stock during the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015, respectively, and approximately 2.6 million and 2.5 million shares of common stock during the 13 weeks and 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014, respectively, were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of weighted average diluted common share amounts as the effect of doing so would be anti-dilutive.

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There were no shares for both the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015, respectively, and no shares and 1.6 million shares for the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014, respectively, of restricted stock units that were outstanding but not included in the computation of weighted average diluted common share amounts as the effect of doing so would be anti-dilutive. Additionally, approximately 0.9 million shares of restricted stock units for the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015, respectively, were not included in the computation of weighted average diluted common share amounts because the number of shares ultimately issued is contingent on the Company's performance compared to pre-established annual performance goals.

Refer to Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding share-based compensation.

**6. Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consists of the following:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	August 1, 2015	January 31, 2015	August 2, 2014
Property and equipment, at cost	\$ 1,752,491	\$ 1,684,709	\$ 1,731,661
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,040,212)	(989,853)	(1,002,198)
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>	<b>\$ 712,279</b>	<b>\$ 694,856</b>	<b>\$ 729,463</b>

**7. Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets consist of the following:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	August 1, 2015	January 31, 2015	August 2, 2014
Trademarks and other intangibles, at cost	\$ 61,065	\$ 59,385	\$ 59,015
Less: Accumulated amortization	(13,911)	(12,179)	(10,505)
<b>Intangible assets, net</b>	<b>\$ 47,154</b>	<b>\$ 47,206</b>	<b>\$ 48,510</b>

**8. Other Credit Arrangements**

In Fiscal 2014, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement ( *Credit Agreement* ) for five-year, syndicated, asset-based revolving credit facilities (the *Credit Facilities* ). The Credit Agreement provides senior secured revolving credit for loans and letters of credit up to \$400 million, subject to customary borrowing base limitations. The Credit Facilities provide increased financial flexibility and take advantage of a favorable credit environment.

All obligations under the Credit Facilities are unconditionally guaranteed by certain subsidiaries. The obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by a first-priority security interest in certain working capital assets of the borrowers and guarantors, consisting primarily of cash, receivables, inventory and certain other assets and have been further secured by first-priority mortgages on certain real property.



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As of August 1, 2015, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the Credit Agreement and had \$8.1 million outstanding in stand-by letters of credit. No loans were outstanding under the Credit Agreement as of August 1, 2015.

Additionally, the Company has borrowing agreements with two separate financial institutions under which it may borrow an aggregate of \$155.0 million USD for the purposes of trade letter of credit issuances. The availability of any future borrowings under the trade letter of credit facilities is subject to acceptance by the respective financial institutions.

As of August 1, 2015, the Company had outstanding trade letters of credit of \$20.6 million

**Table of Contents****9. Share-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for share-based compensation under the provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation* ( ASC 718 ), which requires companies to measure and recognize compensation expense for all share-based payments at fair value. Total share-based compensation expense included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was \$14.0 million (\$8.6 million, net of tax) and \$22.1 million (\$13.5 million, net of tax), respectively, and for the 13 and 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014 was \$3.4 million (\$2.1 million, net of tax) and \$6.6 million (\$4.0 million, net of tax), respectively.

**Stock Option Grants**

The Company grants both time-based and performance-based stock options. Time-based stock option awards vest over the requisite service period of the award or to an employee's eligible retirement date, if earlier. Performance-based stock option awards vest over one year and are earned if the Company meets pre-established performance goals.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 follows:

	Options (In thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (In years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (In thousands)
Outstanding - January 31, 2015	2,390	\$ 16.28		
Exercised (1)	(403)	\$ 15.80		
Cancelled	(720)	\$ 19.38		
Outstanding - August 1, 2015	1,267	\$ 14.67	2.6	3,931
Vested and expected to vest - August 1, 2015	1,261	\$ 14.67	2.6	3,910
Exercisable - August 1, 2015 (2)	1,170	\$ 14.62	2.4	3,658

(1) Options exercised during the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 had exercise prices ranging from \$8.09 to \$16.49.

(2) Options exercisable represent in-the-money vested options based upon the weighted-average exercise price of vested options compared to the Company's stock price at August 1, 2015.

Cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$6.4 million for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and \$6.8 million for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014. The actual tax benefit realized from stock option exercises totaled \$0.6 million for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and \$0.8 million for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014.

There were no stock options granted during the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015. The weighted-average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014 was \$3.99. The aggregate intrinsic value of

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options exercised during the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014 was \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively.

The fair value of stock options was estimated based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

Black-Scholes Option Valuation Assumptions	26 Weeks Ended August 2, 2014
Risk-free interest rate (1)	1.5%
Dividend yield	3.1%
Volatility factor (2)	41.2%
Weighted-average expected term (3)	4.5 years
Expected forfeiture rate (4)	8.0%

- (1) Based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant with a term consistent with the expected life of our stock options.
- (2) Based on a combination of historical volatility of the Company's common stock and implied volatility.
- (3) Represents the period of time options are expected to be outstanding, based on historical experience.
- (4) Based upon historical experience.

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As of August 1, 2015, there was \$0.3 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested time-based stock option awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.7 years.

**Restricted Stock Grants**

Time-based restricted stock awards are comprised of time-based restricted stock units. These awards vest over three years. Time-based restricted stock units receive dividend equivalents in the form of additional time-based restricted stock units, which are subject to the same restrictions and forfeiture provisions as the original award.

Performance-based restricted stock awards include performance-based restricted stock units. These awards cliff vest at the end of a one to three year period based upon the Company's achievement of pre-established goals throughout the term of the award. Performance-based restricted stock units receive dividend equivalents in the form of additional performance-based restricted stock units, which are subject to the same restrictions and forfeiture provisions as the original award.

The grant date fair value of all restricted stock awards is based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

A summary of the Company's restricted stock activity is presented in the following tables:

	Time-Based Restricted Stock Units		Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units	
	Shares	Date Fair Value	Shares	Date Fair Value
<i>(Shares in thousands)</i>				
Nonvested - January 31, 2015	1,596	\$ 15.95	2,435	\$ 16.02
Granted	1,094	14.90	1,230	14.97
Vested	(583)	16.97	(166)	14.77
Cancelled	(62)	15.10	(735)	14.72
Nonvested - August 1, 2015	2,045	\$ 15.13	2,764	\$ 15.97

As of August 1, 2015, there was \$21.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested time-based restricted stock unit awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.2 years. Based on current probable performance, there was \$10.2 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to performance-based restricted stock unit awards which will be recognized as achievement of performance goals is probable over a one to three year period.

As of August 1, 2015, the Company had 6.7 million shares available for all equity grants.

**10. Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes is based on the current estimate of the annual effective income tax rate and is adjusted as necessary for discrete quarterly events. The effective income tax rate based on actual operating results for the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was 34.7% compared to 54.9% for the 13 weeks ended August 2, 2014. The effective income tax rate based on actual operating results for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was 37.0% compared to

56.0% for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014. The decrease in the effective income tax rate for the 13 weeks and 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was primarily due to a decrease in the amount of valuation allowance recorded as a result of reduced foreign losses as well as increased worldwide earnings in addition to income tax settlements and other changes in income tax reserves.

The Company records accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. The Company recognizes income tax liabilities related to unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with ASC 740 and adjusts these liabilities when its judgment changes as the result of the evaluation of new information not previously available. Unrecognized tax benefits decreased by approximately \$5.7 million during the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to income tax settlements and other changes in income tax reserves. Over the next twelve months, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by approximately \$3.8 million due to settlements, expiration of statute of limitations or other changes in unrecognized tax benefits.

**Table of Contents****11. Legal Proceedings**

The Company is subject to certain legal proceedings and claims arising out of the conduct of its business. In accordance with ASC 450, *Contingencies* ( ASC 450 ), management records a reserve for estimated losses when the loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of possible loss exists and no anticipated loss within the range is more likely than any other anticipated loss, the Company records the accrual at the low end of the range, in accordance with ASC 450. As the Company believes that it has provided adequate reserves, it anticipates that the ultimate outcome of any matter currently pending against the Company will not materially affect the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

**12. Discontinued Operations**

In Fiscal 2012, the Company exited the 77kids business. In connection with the exit of the 77kids business, the Company became secondarily liable for obligations under lease agreements for 21 store leases assumed by the third party purchaser. In Fiscal 2014, the third party purchaser did not fulfill its obligations under the leases, resulting in the Company becoming primarily liable. The Company was required to make rental and lease termination payments and received reimbursement from the \$11.5 million stand-by letter of credit provided by the third party purchaser. The cash outflow for the remaining lease termination costs is expected to be paid in Fiscal 2015.

In accordance with ASC 460, *Guarantees* ( ASC 460 ), as the Company became primarily liable under the leases upon the third party purchaser's default, the estimated remaining amounts to terminate the lease agreements have been accrued in our Consolidated Financial Statements related to these guarantees.

During the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, there were no costs associated with discontinued operations incurred on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

A rollforward of the liabilities recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets is as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Accrued liability as of January 31, 2015	\$ 14,636
Add: Costs incurred	
Less: Cash payments	(1,542)
Accrued liability as of August 1, 2015	\$ 13,094

**13. Restructuring Charges**

During Fiscal 2014, the Company undertook restructuring aimed at strengthening the store portfolio and reducing corporate overhead, including severance and office space consolidation. These changes are aimed at driving efficiencies and aligning investments in areas that help fuel the business.

Costs associated with restructuring activities are recorded when incurred. During the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, there were no costs associated with restructuring incurred on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

A rollforward of the liabilities recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets is as follows:

*(In thousands)*

Accrued liability as of January 31, 2015	\$ 12,456
Add: Costs incurred	
Less: Cash payments	(7,933)
Accrued liability as of August 1, 2015	\$ 4,523

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**Review by Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Ernst & Young LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, has performed a limited review of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the thirteen week periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, as indicated in their report on the limited review included below. Since they did not perform an audit, they express no opinion on the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements referred to above.

**Review Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of

American Eagle Outfitters, Inc.

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheets of American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. (the Company) as of August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations and retained earnings, and comprehensive income for the thirteen and twenty-six week periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the twenty-six week periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. as of January 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and we expressed an unqualified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our report dated March 11, 2015. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. as of January 31, 2015, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

August 27, 2015



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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.**

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Fiscal 2014 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations which can be found in our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In addition, the following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements and should be read in conjunction with these statements and notes thereto.

This report contains various forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which represent our expectations or beliefs concerning future events, including the following:

the planned opening of approximately 20 AEO stores in the Factory store format in North America and continued international expansion during Fiscal 2015;

the success of our efforts to expand internationally, engage in future franchise/license agreements, and/or growth through acquisitions or joint ventures;

the selection of approximately 25 to 30 American Eagle Outfitters stores in the United States and Canada for remodeling and refurbishing during Fiscal 2015;

the potential closure of approximately 45 to 50 American Eagle Outfitters and 20 aerie stores in the United States and Canada during Fiscal 2015;

the planned opening of approximately 30 new international third party operated American Eagle Outfitters stores during Fiscal 2015;

the success of our continued omni-channel transformation and the success of our American Eagle Outfitters and aerie brands within North America and internationally;

the expected payment of a dividend in future periods;

the possibility that our credit facilities may not be available for future borrowings;

the possibility that rising prices of raw materials, labor, energy and other inputs to our manufacturing process, if unmitigated, will have a significant impact to our profitability; and

the possibility that we may be required to take additional store impairment charges related to underperforming stores.

We caution that these forward-looking statements, and those described elsewhere in this report, involve material risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on factors beyond our control as discussed within Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Item 1A of our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Accordingly, our future performance and financial results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in any such forward-looking statements.

### **Key Performance Indicators**

Our management evaluates the following items, which are considered key performance indicators, in assessing our performance:

*Comparable sales* Comparable sales provide a measure of sales growth for stores and channels open at least one year over the comparable prior year period. In fiscal years following those with 53 weeks the prior year period is shifted by one week to compare similar calendar weeks. A store is included in comparable sales in the thirteenth month of operation. However, stores that have a gross square footage increase of 25% or greater due to a remodel are removed from the comparable sales base, but are included in total sales. These stores are returned to the comparable sales base in the thirteenth month following the remodel. Sales from American Eagle Outfitters and aerie stores, as well as sales from AEO Direct, are included in total comparable sales. Sales from franchise stores are not included in comparable sales. Individual American Eagle Outfitters and aerie brand comparable sales disclosures represent sales from stores and AEO Direct.

AEO Direct sales are included in the individual American Eagle Outfitters and aerie brand comparable sales metric for the following reasons:

Our approach to customer engagement is *omni-channel*, which provides a seamless customer experience through both traditional and non-traditional channels, including four wall store locations, web, mobile/tablet devices, social networks, email, in-store displays and kiosks;

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Shopping behavior has continued to evolve across multiple channels that work in tandem to meet all customer needs. Management believes that presenting a brand level performance metric that includes all channels (i.e., stores and AEO Direct) to be the most appropriate, given customer behavior; and

We no longer present AEO Direct separately due to the continued evolution of omni-channel engagement and the reasons discussed above.

Our management considers comparable sales to be an important indicator of our current performance. Comparable sales results are important to achieve leveraging of our costs, including store payroll, store supplies, rent, etc. Comparable sales also have a direct impact on our total net revenue, cash and working capital.

*Gross profit* Gross profit measures whether we are optimizing the price and inventory levels of our merchandise and achieving an optimal level of sales. Gross profit is the difference between total net revenue and cost of sales. Cost of sales consists of: merchandise costs, including design, sourcing, importing and inbound freight costs, as well as markdowns, shrinkage, certain promotional costs and buying, occupancy and warehousing costs. Design costs are related to our Design Center operations and include compensation, travel, supplies and samples for our design teams, as well as rent and depreciation for our Design Center. Buying, occupancy and warehousing costs consist of: compensation, employee benefit expenses and travel for our buyers and certain senior merchandising executives; rent and utilities related to our stores, corporate headquarters, distribution centers and other office space; freight from our distribution centers to the stores; compensation and supplies for our distribution centers, including purchasing, receiving and inspection costs; and shipping and handling costs related to our e-commerce operation. The inability to obtain acceptable levels of sales, initial markups or any significant increase in our use of markdowns could have an adverse effect on our gross profit and results of operations.

*Operating income* Our management views operating income as a key indicator of our success. The key drivers of operating income are comparable sales, gross profit, our ability to control selling, general and administrative expenses, and our level of capital expenditures. Management also uses earnings before interest and taxes as an indicator of successful operating results.

*Return on invested capital* Our management uses return on invested capital as a key measure to assess our efficiency at allocating capital to profitable investments. This measure is critical in determining which strategic alternatives to pursue.

*Store productivity* Store productivity, including total net revenue per average square foot, sales per productive hour, average unit retail price ( AUR ), conversion rate, the number of transactions per store, the number of units sold per store and the number of units per transaction, is evaluated by our management in assessing our operational performance.

*Inventory turnover* Our management evaluates inventory turnover as a measure of how productively inventory is bought and sold. Inventory turnover is important as it can signal slow moving inventory. This can be critical in determining the need to take markdowns on merchandise.

*Cash flow and liquidity* Our management evaluates cash flow from operations, investing and financing in determining the sufficiency of our cash position. Cash flow from operations has historically been sufficient to cover our uses of cash. Our management believes that cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund anticipated capital expenditures and working capital requirements.

Our management's goals are to drive improvements to our gross profit performance, bring greater consistency to our results and to deliver profitable growth over the long term.

## **Results of Operations**

### **Overview**

Our second quarter performance reflected a strong customer response to our product and brand initiatives, leading to record sales and strong earnings growth over last year. Our efforts to create a better overall customer experience, strengthen our process and gain efficiencies have created the underlying foundation for the improved results. Customers responded favorably to merchandise improvements, greater innovation, on-trend style and outstanding value. As a result, we had more full-priced selling and lower markdowns, leading to higher gross margin. Additionally, expenses leveraged on a positive low double-digit sales increase, supported by expense reductions and store fleet repositioning.

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Our second quarter total net revenue increased 12% to \$797.4 million and consolidated comparable sales, including AEO Direct, increased 11%, following a 7% decrease last year. By brand, American Eagle Outfitters comparable sales increased 10% while aerie increased 18%.

Gross profit rose 20% to \$285.0 million compared to \$237.5 million last year and increased 230 basis points to 35.7% as a rate to total net revenue. The increase is the result of leverage of buying, occupancy and warehousing costs on positive comparable sales. Additionally, improved markdowns drove additional margin improvement as we continued to successfully reduce promotional activity.

Operating income for the second quarter was \$53.1 million compared to \$12.0 million last year. Net income this year was \$33.3 million, or \$0.17 per diluted share compared to net income of \$5.8 million, or \$0.03 per diluted share, last year.

We had \$327.3 million in cash and cash equivalents as of August 1, 2015. Merchandise inventory at the end of the second quarter was \$408.5 million, compared to \$393.3 million last year, an increase of 5% on a cost per foot basis.

Our business is affected by the pattern of seasonality common to most retail apparel businesses. The results for the current and prior periods are not necessarily indicative of future financial results.

The following table shows the percentage relationship to total net revenue of the listed line items included in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	13 Weeks Ended		26 Weeks Ended	
	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
Total net revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales, including certain buying, occupancy and warehousing expenses	64.3	66.6	63.4	65.8
Gross profit	35.7	33.4	36.6	34.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24.5	26.7	25.4	27.7
Depreciation and amortization expense	4.5	5.0	4.8	5.0
Operating income	6.7	1.7	6.4	1.5
Other income, net	(0.3)	0.1	0.2	0.1
Income before income taxes	6.4	1.8	6.6	1.6
Provision for income taxes	2.2	1.0	2.4	0.9
Net income	4.2%	0.8%	4.2%	0.7%

The following table shows our adjusted consolidated store data:

13 Weeks Ended

26 Weeks Ended

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	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014	August 1, 2015	August 2, 2014
<b>Number of stores:</b>				
Beginning of period	1,054	1,057	1,056	1,066
Opened	6	20	10	31
Closed	(3)	(5)	(9)	(25)
<b>End of period</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>1,072</b>
Total gross square feet at end of period	6,643,357	6,632,056	6,643,357	6,632,056
<b>International licensed/franchise stores at end of period (1)</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>84</b>

- (1) International licensed/franchise stores are not included in the consolidated store data or the total gross square feet calculation.

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Our operations are conducted in one reportable segment, which includes 960 American Eagle Outfitters retail stores, 97 aerie stand-alone retail stores and AEO Direct.

### **Comparison of the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 to the 13 weeks ended August 2, 2014**

#### *Total net revenue*

Total net revenue increased 12% to \$797.4 million compared to \$710.6 million last year. The increase resulted primarily from a consolidated comparable sales increase of 11% for the period. By brand, including the respective AEO Direct sales, American Eagle Outfitters brand comparable sales increased 10%, or \$63.6 million, and aerie brand comparable sales increased 18%, or \$7.1 million.

Total comparable sales for AE women's and men's increased 16% and 1%, respectively. For the second quarter, the average transaction value increased 15%, driven by a 15% increase in our AUR. The strength in AUR was primarily driven by less promotional activity.

#### *Gross Profit*

Gross profit increased 20% to \$285.0 million compared to \$237.5 million last year. As a rate to total net revenue, gross profit was 35.7% compared to 33.4% in the same quarter last year. Buying, occupancy, and warehousing costs leveraged 130 basis points, primarily due to strong sales, combined with our fleet rationalization. Reduced markdowns drove another 100 basis points of margin expansion.

There was \$8.6 million and \$1.5 million of share-based payment expense included in gross profit for the periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively, comprised of both time and performance-based awards.

Our gross profit may not be comparable to that of other retailers, as some retailers include all costs related to their distribution network as well as design costs in cost of sales and others may exclude a portion of these costs from cost of sales, including them in a line item such as selling, general and administrative expenses. Refer to Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of our accounting policy regarding cost of sales, including certain buying, occupancy and warehousing expenses.

#### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative ( SG&A ) expenses increased 3% to \$195.8 million from \$190.1 million last year. As a rate to total net revenue, SG&A expenses improved 220 basis points to 24.5%. Expense reduction initiatives partially offset increases in incentive and variable selling expense, driven by strong sales performance.

There was \$5.4 million and \$1.9 million of share-based payment expense included in SG&A expenses for the periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively, comprised of both time and performance-based awards. The decrease is due to a change in performance this year and reduced levels of outstanding share awards.

#### *Depreciation and Amortization Expense*

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$36.1 million, compared to \$35.4 million last year. As a rate to total net revenue, depreciation and amortization expense was 4.5% this year as compared to 5.0% last year. The increase was driven by omni-channel and technology investments and our new distribution center located in Hazelton, Pennsylvania.

*Other (Expense) Income, Net*

Other expense was \$2.2 million, compared to income of \$0.9 million last year. The expense this year was due to currency losses related to cash held in Canadian Dollars.



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### *Provision for Income Taxes*

The provision for income taxes is based on the current estimate of the annual effective income tax rate and is adjusted as necessary for quarterly events. The effective income tax rate based on actual operating results for the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was 34.7% compared to 54.9% for the 13 weeks ended August 2, 2014. The decrease in the effective income tax rate for the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was primarily due to a decrease in the amount of valuation allowance recorded as a result of reduced foreign losses as well as increased worldwide earnings in addition to income tax settlements and other changes in income tax reserves.

### *Net Income*

Net income increased to \$33.3 million, or 4.2% as a percent to total net revenue, from \$5.8 million, or 0.8% as a percent to total net revenue last year. Net income per diluted share increased to \$0.17 per diluted share from \$0.03 per diluted share in the prior year. The change in net income is attributable to the factors noted above.

## **Comparison of the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 to the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014**

### *Total net revenue*

Total net revenue increased 10% to \$1.497 billion compared to \$1.357 billion last year. The change in total net revenue resulted primarily from a comparable sales increase of 9% for the period. By brand, including the respective AEO Direct sales, American Eagle Outfitters brand comparable sales increased 9%, or \$100.9 million, and aerie brand comparable sales increased 15%, or \$11.5 million.

AE women's and men's comparable sales increased 13% and 1%, respectively. For the 26 week period, AUR, average transaction value and traffic increased. AUR increased in mid-teens, average transaction value increased in the low-teens, and overall traffic increased in the low single-digits.

### *Gross Profit*

Gross profit increased 18% to \$547.2 million compared to \$463.4 million. As a rate to total net revenue, gross profit was 36.6%, compared to 34.2% last year. Buying, occupancy and warehousing costs leveraged 70 basis points, primarily due to strong sales, combined with our fleet rationalization. Additionally, the 240 basis point increase in gross margin was primarily due to reduced markdowns and promotional activity.

There was \$13.1 million and \$2.9 million of share-based payment expense included in gross profit for the periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively, comprised of both time and performance-based awards.

Our gross profit may not be comparable to that of other retailers, as some retailers include all costs related to their distribution network as well as design costs in cost of sales and others may exclude a portion of these costs from cost of sales, including them in a line item such as selling, general and administrative expenses. Refer to Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of our accounting policy regarding cost of sales, including certain buying, occupancy and warehousing expenses.

### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$380.9 million from \$375.1 million last year. As a rate to total net revenue SG&A decreased to 25.4% from 27.7% last year. Expense reduction initiatives partially offset

increases in incentive and variable selling expenses, driven by strong sales performance.

There was \$9.0 million and \$3.7 million of share-based payment expense included in selling, general and administrative expenses for the periods ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively, comprised of both time and performance-based awards.

*Depreciation and Amortization Expense*

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$71.6 million, compared to \$67.8 million last year. As a rate to total net revenue, depreciation and amortization expense was 4.8% this year as compared to 5.0% last year.

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### *Other Income, Net*

Other income was \$3.7 million this year, compared to \$1.5 million last year. The change resulted primarily from foreign currency fluctuations.

### *Provision for Income Taxes*

The provision for income taxes is based on the current estimate of the annual effective income tax rate and is adjusted as necessary for discrete quarterly events. The effective income tax rate based on actual operating results for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was 37.0% compared to 56.0% for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014. The decrease in the effective income tax rate for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 was primarily due to a decrease in the amount of valuation allowance recorded as a result of reduced foreign losses as well as increased worldwide earnings in addition to income tax settlements and other changes in income tax reserves.

### *Net Income*

Net income increased to \$62.3 million, or 4.2% as a percent to total net revenue, from \$9.7 million, or 0.7% as a percent to total net revenue last year. Net income per diluted share increased to \$0.32 per diluted share from \$0.05 per diluted share in the prior year. The change in net income is attributable to the factors noted above.

## **International Operations**

We have agreements with multiple third party operators to expand our brands internationally. Through these agreements, a series of franchised, licensed or other brand-dedicated American Eagle Outfitters stores have opened and will continue to open in areas including Eastern Europe, the Middle East, Central and South America, Northern Africa and parts of Asia. These agreements do not involve a significant capital investment or operational involvement from the Company. We continue to increase the number of countries in which we enter into these types of arrangements as part of our strategy to expand internationally. As of August 1, 2015, we had 114 stores operated by our third party operators in 19 countries. International third party operated stores are not included in the consolidated store data or the total gross square feet calculation.

As of August 1, 2015, we had 101 company-operated stores in Canada, 19 in Mexico, five in Hong Kong, nine in China, six in Puerto Rico, and three in the United Kingdom. We continue to evaluate further opportunities to expand internationally, which may include additional company-operated stores in Mexico, Asia and the United Kingdom as well as stores operated by third party operators under license, franchise and/or joint venture agreements.

## **Fair Value Measurements**

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined under ASC 820 as the exit price associated with the sale of an asset or transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

### *Financial Instruments*

Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under ASC 820 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. In addition, ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs (i.e., projections, estimates, interpretations, etc.) that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

As of August 1, 2015, we held certain assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These include cash and cash equivalents.

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In accordance with ASC 820, the following table represents the fair value hierarchy of our financial assets (cash equivalents and investments) measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of August 1, 2015:

(In thousands)	Fair Value Measurements at August 1, 2015			
	Carrying Amount	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b>				
Cash	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,824		
Money-market	78,466	78,466		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,290	\$ 327,290		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 327,290</b>	<b>\$ 327,290</b>		
Percent to Total	100.0%	100.0%	%	%

Refer to Notes 3 and 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on our investment securities, including a description of the securities and a discussion of the uncertainties relating to their liquidity.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our uses of cash are generally for working capital, the construction of new stores and remodeling of existing stores, information technology upgrades, distribution center improvements and expansion, the purchase of short-term investments and the return of value to shareholders through the repurchase of common stock and the payment of dividends. Historically, these uses of cash have been funded with cash flow from operations and existing cash on hand. Additionally, our uses of cash include the development of the aerie brand and our international expansion efforts. We expect to be able to fund our future cash requirements in North America through current cash holdings as well as cash generated from operations. In the future, we expect that our uses of cash will also include further expansion of our brands internationally.

Our growth strategy includes fortifying our brands and further international expansion or acquisitions. We periodically consider and evaluate these options to support future growth. In the event we do pursue such options, we could require additional equity or debt financing. There can be no assurance that we would be successful in closing any potential transaction, or that any endeavor we undertake would increase our profitability.

The following sets forth certain measures of our liquidity:

	August 1, 2015	January 31, 2015	August 2, 2014
Working Capital (in thousands)	\$ 430,831	\$ 431,420	\$ 394,255
Current Ratio	1.88	1.94	1.90

Working capital was relatively flat compared to January 31, 2015 and increased \$36.6 million compared to last year. Our operating cash flows have been sufficient to fund our use of cash for financing and investing activities including

capital expenditures and the distribution of cash to shareholders through the payment of dividends.

*Cash Flows from Operating Activities*

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$47.5 million and \$29.6 million for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, respectively. For both periods, our major source of cash from operations was merchandise sales and our primary outflow of cash for operations was for the payment of operational costs. The year-over-year increase in cash flows from operations was primarily driven by increased earnings levels resulting from positive sales results and reduced promotional activity.

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### *Cash Flows from Investing Activities*

Investing activities for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 primarily consisted of \$78.9 million of capital expenditures for property and equipment. Investing activities for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014 primarily included \$146.3 million of capital expenditures for property and equipment partially offset by \$10.0 million of proceeds from the sale of investments classified as available-for-sale.

### *Cash Flows from Financing Activities*

Cash used for financing activities for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 consisted primarily of \$48.8 million for cash dividends paid at a quarterly rate of \$0.125 per share, \$5.1 million for the repurchase of common stock from employees for the payment of taxes in connection with the vesting of share-based payment and \$3.1 million for the payments on capital leases, partially offset by \$6.4 million of net proceeds from stock option exercises. There were no purchases of common stock from publically announced programs this year.

Cash used for financing activities for the 26 weeks ended August 2, 2014 consisted primarily of \$48.6 million for cash dividends paid at a quarterly rate of \$0.125 per share, \$7.4 million for the repurchase of common stock from employees for the payment of taxes in connection with the vesting of share-based payment and \$2.6 million for the payments on capital leases, partially offset by \$6.8 million of net proceeds from stock option exercises. There were no purchases of common stock from publically announced programs last year.

### *Credit Facilities*

In Fiscal 2014, we entered into a Credit Agreement ( *Credit Agreement* ) for five-year, syndicated, asset-based revolving credit facilities (the *Credit Facilities* ). The Credit Agreement provides senior secured revolving credit for loans and letters of credit up to \$400 million, subject to customary borrowing base limitations. The Credit Facilities provide increased financial flexibility and take advantage of a favorable credit environment.

All obligations under the Credit Facilities are unconditionally guaranteed by certain subsidiaries. The obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by a first-priority security interest in certain working capital assets of the borrowers and guarantors, consisting primarily of cash, receivables, inventory and certain other assets and have been further secured by first-priority mortgages on certain real property.

As of August 1, 2015, we were in compliance with the terms of the Credit Agreement and had \$8.1 million outstanding in stand-by letters of credit. No loans were outstanding under the Credit Agreement on August 1, 2015.

Additionally, we had borrowing agreements with two separate financial institutions under which we may borrow an aggregate of \$155.0 million USD for the purposes of trade letter of credit issuances. The availability of any future borrowings under the trade letter of credit facilities is subject to acceptance by the respective financial institutions.

As of August 1, 2015, we had outstanding trade letters of credit of \$20.6 million.

### *Capital Expenditures for Property and Equipment*

Capital expenditures for the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 were \$78.9 million and included \$26.7 million related to investments in our stores, including 10 new AE stores and 13 remodels. Additionally, we continued to support our infrastructure growth by investing in information technology initiatives (\$14.9 million), other home office projects (\$13.5 million), the improvement and expansion of our distribution centers (\$13.2 million) and investments in

e-commerce (\$10.6 million).

For Fiscal 2015, we expect capital expenditures to be approximately \$150 million related to the continued construction of our new distribution center to support our expansion efforts, stores, information technology upgrades to support growth and investments in e-commerce. New store growth is primarily related to AEO Factory stores, which are among our most productive format, and new wholly-owned international locations in Mexico, Asia and the United Kingdom. Additionally, we plan to remodel and refurbish approximately 25 to 30 AEO stores.

#### *Stock Repurchases*

During the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, there were no share repurchases as a part of our publicly announced repurchase programs.

During the 26 weeks ended August 1, 2015 and August 2, 2014, we repurchased approximately 0.3 million and 0.5 million shares, respectively, from certain employees at market prices totaling \$5.1 million and \$7.4 million, respectively. These shares were repurchased for the payment of taxes, not in excess of the minimum statutory withholding requirements, in connection with the vesting of share-based payments, as permitted under the Company's equity incentive plans. The aforementioned shares repurchased have been recorded as treasury stock.



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### *Dividends*

During the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.125 per share, which was paid on July 20, 2015. The payment of future dividends is at the discretion of our Board and is based on future earnings, cash flow, financial condition, capital requirements, changes in U.S. taxation and other relevant factors. It is anticipated that any future dividends paid will be declared on a quarterly basis.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our critical accounting policies are described in Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, and in the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended January 31, 2015 contained in our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Any new accounting policies or updates to existing accounting policies as a result of new accounting pronouncements have been discussed in the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The application of our critical accounting policies may require our management to make judgments and estimates about the amounts reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Our management uses historical experience and all available information to make these estimates and judgments, and different amounts could be reported using different assumptions and estimates.

### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

There were no material changes in our exposure to market risk from January 31, 2015. Our market risk profile as of January 31, 2015 is disclosed in Item 7A, *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*, of our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

#### *Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management including our Principal Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as of August 1, 2015, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### *Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.**

Risk factors that affect our business and financial results are discussed within Item 1A of our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to the disclosures relating to this item from those set forth in our Fiscal 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Table of Contents****ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.****Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table provides information regarding our repurchases of our common stock during the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share (2)	Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Programs (1)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (1) (3)
Month #1 (May 3, 2015 through May 30, 2015)	4,067	\$ 16.72		18,400,000
Month #2 (May 31, 2015 through July 4, 2015)	612	\$ 17.45		18,400,000
Month #3 (July 5, 2015 through August 1, 2015)	299	\$ 17.53		18,400,000
Total	4,978	\$ 16.86		18,400,000

- (1) There were no shares repurchased as part of our publicly announced share repurchase program during the 13 weeks ended August 1, 2015, and there were 4,978 shares repurchased for the payment of taxes in connection with the vesting of share-based payments.
- (2) Average price paid per share excludes any broker commissions paid.
- (3) In January 2013, our Board authorized the repurchase of 20.0 million shares of our common stock. The authorization of the remaining 18.4 million shares that may yet be purchased expires on January 28, 2017.

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**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

* Exhibit 15	Acknowledgement of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
* Exhibit 31.1	Certification by Jay L. Schottenstein pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)
* Exhibit 31.2	Certification by Mary M. Boland pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)
**Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
**Exhibit 32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
* Exhibit 101	Interactive Data File

\* Filed with this report.

\*\* Furnished with this report.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 27, 2015

American Eagle Outfitters, Inc.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Jay L. Schottenstein  
Jay L. Schottenstein  
Interim Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Mary M. Boland  
Mary M. Boland  
Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)