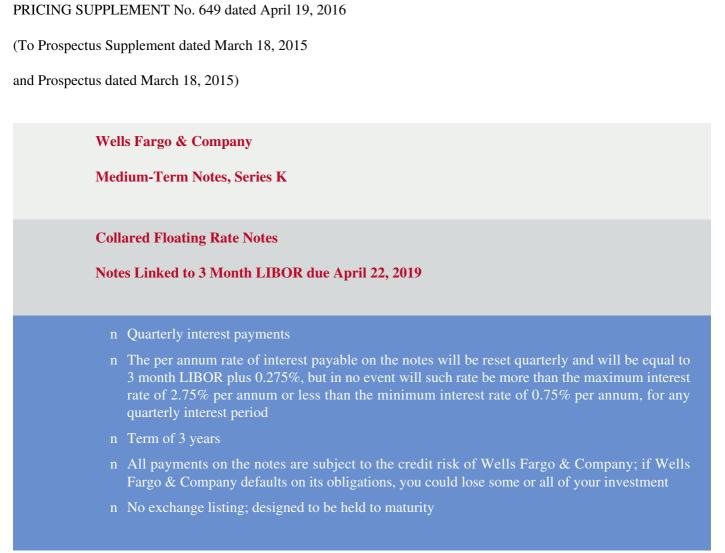
WELLS FARGO & COMPANY/MN Form 424B2 April 21, 2016

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2) File No. 333-202840

Title of Each Class of	Maximum Aggregate	Amount of
Securities Offered	Offering Price	Registration Fee ⁽¹⁾
Medium Term Notes, Series K, Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR		
due April 22, 2019	\$5,947,000	\$598.86

⁽¹⁾ The total filing fee of \$598.86 is calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act) and will be paid by wire transfer within the time required by Rule 456(b) of the Securities Act.



Investing in the notes involves risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. See Risk Factors on page PRS-5.

The notes are unsecured obligations of Wells Fargo & Company and all payments on the notes are subject to the credit risk of Wells Fargo & Company. The notes are not deposits or other obligations of a depository institution and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Deposit Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Original Offering Price	Agent Discount ⁽¹⁾	Proceeds to Wells Fargo
Per Note	\$1,000.00	\$4.00	\$996.00
Total	\$5,947,000.00	\$23,788.00	\$5,923,212.00

(1) See Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest) in the prospectus supplement for further information including information regarding how we may hedge our obligations under the notes and offering expenses. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, is the agent for the distribution of the notes and is acting as principal.

Wells Fargo Securities

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

Investment Description

The Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019 are senior unsecured debt securities of Wells Fargo & Company and are part of a series entitled Medium-Term Notes, Series K.

All payments on the notes are subject to the credit risk of Wells Fargo.

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus supplement dated March 18, 2015 and prospectus dated March 18, 2015 for additional information about the notes. Information included in this pricing supplement supersedes information in the prospectus supplement and prospectus to the extent it is different from that information. Certain defined terms used but not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the prospectus supplement.

You may access the prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

Prospectus Supplement dated March 18, 2015 and Prospectus dated March 18, 2015 filed with the SEC on March 18, 2015: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/72971/000119312515096449/d890684d424b2.htm

Investor Considerations

We have designed the notes for investors who:

- n seek an investment with a per annum interest rate that will be reset quarterly and will be equal to 3 month LIBOR plus 0.275%, but in no event will such rate be more than the maximum interest rate of 2.75% per annum or less than the minimum interest rate of 0.75% per annum, for any quarterly interest period;
- n understand that the interest rate on the notes for any quarterly interest period will never be higher than 2.75% per annum regardless of how high 3 month LIBOR rises;
- n understand that if 3 month LIBOR plus 0.275% is less than 2.75% per annum for any quarterly interest period in a given year, the cumulative interest rate for that year will be less than 2.75% per annum; and

n are willing to hold the notes until maturity.

The notes are not designed for, and may not be a suitable investment for, investors who:

- n seek a liquid investment or are unable or unwilling to hold the notes to maturity;
- n expect interest rates to increase beyond the maximum interest rate provided by the notes;
- n are unwilling to accept the credit risk of Wells Fargo; or
- n prefer the certainty of investments with fixed coupons and with comparable maturities issued by companies with comparable credit ratings.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

	Terms of the Notes
Pricing Date:	April 19, 2016.
Issue Date:	April 22, 2016. (T+3)
Original Offering Price:	\$1,000 per note. References in this pricing supplement to a <u>note</u> are to a note with a principal amount of \$1,000.
Stated Maturity Date:	April 22, 2019. The notes are not subject to redemption by Wells Fargo or repayment at the option of any holder of the notes prior to the stated maturity date.
Payment at Maturity:	A holder will be entitled to receive on the stated maturity date a cash payment in U.S. dollars equal to \$1,000 per note, plus any accrued and unpaid interest.
Interest Payment Dates:	Each January 22, April 22, July 22 and October 22, commencing July 22, 2016, and at maturity. Except as described below for the first interest period, on each interest payment date, interest will be paid for the period commencing on and including the immediately preceding interest payment date and ending on and including the day immediately preceding that interest payment date. This period is referred to as an <u>interest period</u> . The first interest period will commence on and include the issue date and end on and include July 21, 2016. Interest payable with respect to an interest period will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year and the actual number of days in such interest period. If a scheduled interest payment date is not a business day, interest will be paid on the next business day, and interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the scheduled interest payment date.
Interest Rate:	The interest rate that will apply during an interest period will be equal to 3 month LIBOR on the determination date for such interest period plus 0.275%, but in no event will such rate be more than the maximum interest rate or less than the minimum interest rate.

The <u>determination date</u> for an interest period will be two London banking days prior to the first day of such interest period. As a result, the interest rate for the first interest period will be determined two London banking days before the issue date.

<u>3 month LIBOR</u> means, for any determination date, the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in U.S. dollars having a 3 month maturity, commencing on the second London banking day immediately following that determination date that appear on the designated LIBOR page as of 11:00 a.m., London time, on that determination date, if at least two offered rates appear on the designated LIBOR page, provided that if the designated LIBOR page by its terms provides only for a single rate, that single rate will be used. The <u>designated LIBOR page</u> means the display on Reuters, or any successor service, on page LIBOR01, or any other page as may replace that page on that service, for the purpose of displaying the London Interbank rates for U.S. dollars.

If (i) fewer than two offered rates appear or (ii) no rate appears and the designated LIBOR page by its terms provides only for a single rate, then the calculation agent will request the principal London offices of each of four major banks in the London Interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent, to provide the calculation agent with its offered quotation for deposits in U.S. dollars for a 3 month period commencing on the second London banking day immediately following that determination date to prime banks in the London

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

Terms of the Notes (Continued)

	Interbank market at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on that determination date and in a principal amount that is representative of a single transaction in U.S. dollars in that market at that time. If at least two quotations are provided, 3 month LIBOR determined on that determination date will be the arithmetic mean of those quotations.
	If fewer than two quotations are provided, 3 month LIBOR will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 a.m. in New York, New York on that determination date by three major banks in New York, New York selected by the calculation agent for loans in U.S. dollars to leading European banks, having a 3 month maturity and in a principal amount that is representative of a single transaction in U.S. dollars in that market at that time.
	If the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, 3 month LIBOR on such determination date will be determined by the calculation agent in a commercially reasonable manner.
Calculation	
Agent:	Wells Fargo Securities, LLC.
Maximum	
Interest Rate:	2.75% per annum
Minimum	
Interest Rate:	0.75% per annum
Material Tax	For a discussion of the material U.S. federal income and certain estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the notes, see . United States Federal Tax Considerations
Consequences:	ownership and disposition of the notes, see United States Federal Tax Considerations.

Agent:	 Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company. The agent may resell the notes to other securities dealers at the original offering price of the notes less a concession not in excess of \$4.00 per note. Such securities dealers may include Wells Fargo Advisors, LLC, one of our affiliates. The agent or another affiliate of ours expects to realize hedging profits projected by its proprietary pricing models to the extent it assumes the risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes. If any dealer participating in the distribution of the notes or any of its affiliate sconducts hedging activities for us in connection with the notes, that dealer or its affiliate will expect to realize a profit projected by its proprietary pricing models from such hedging activities. Any such projected profit will be in addition to the discount or concession received in connection with the sale of the notes to you.
No Listing:	The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or automated quotation system.
Denominations:	\$1,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000
CUSIP:	94986RK42

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

Risk Factors

Your investment in the notes will involve risks. You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth below as well as the other information contained in the prospectus supplement and prospectus, including the documents they incorporate by reference. You should reach an investment decision only after you have carefully considered with your advisors the suitability of an investment in the notes in light of your particular circumstances.

The Amount Of Interest You Receive May Be Less Than The Return You Could Earn On Other Investments.

Interest rates may change significantly over the term of the notes, and it is impossible to predict what interest rates will be at any point in the future. Although the interest rate on the notes will be based on the level of 3 month LIBOR, the interest rate that will apply at any time on the notes may be more or less than other prevailing market interest rates at such time and in any event will never exceed 2.75% per annum regardless of the level of 3 month LIBOR on any determination date. In addition, if 3 month LIBOR plus 0.275% is less than 2.75% per annum for any quarterly interest period in any given year, the cumulative interest rate for that year will be less than 2.75% per annum. As a result, the amount of interest you receive on the notes may be less than the return you could earn on other investments.

The Notes Are Subject To The Credit Risk Of Wells Fargo.

The notes are our obligations and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party, and any amounts payable under the notes are subject to our creditworthiness. As a result, our actual and perceived creditworthiness may affect the value of the notes and, in the event we were to default on our obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the notes.

The Agent Discount, Offering Expenses And Certain Hedging Costs Are Likely To Adversely Affect The Price At Which You Can Sell Your Notes.

Assuming no changes in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which you may be able to sell the notes will likely be lower than the original offering price. The original offering price includes, and any price quoted to you is likely to exclude, the agent discount paid in connection with the initial distribution, offering expenses and the projected profit that our hedge counterparty (which may be one of our affiliates) expects to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes. In addition, any such price is also likely to reflect dealer discounts, mark-ups and other transaction costs, such as a discount to account for costs associated with establishing or unwinding any related hedge transaction. The price at which the agent or any other potential buyer may be willing to buy your notes will also be affected by the maximum interest rate provided by the notes and by the market and other conditions discussed in the next risk factor.

The Value Of The Notes Prior To Stated Maturity Will Be Affected By Numerous Factors, Some Of Which Are Related In Complex Ways.

The value of the notes prior to stated maturity will be affected by interest rates at that time and a number of other factors, some of which are interrelated in complex ways. The effect of any one factor may be offset or magnified by the effect of another factor. The following factors, among others, are expected to affect the value of the notes. When we refer to the <u>value</u> of your note, we mean the value that you could receive for your note if you are able to sell it in the open market before the stated maturity date.

3 Month LIBOR. The value of the notes prior to maturity will be influenced by the level of 3 month LIBOR forward rates at that time.

Interest Rates. The value of the notes may be affected by changes in the interest rates and in the yield curve in the U.S. markets.

Time Remaining To Maturity. The value of the notes at any given time prior to maturity will likely be different from that which would be expected based on the then-current level of 3 month LIBOR. This difference will most likely reflect a discount due to expectations and uncertainty concerning the level of 3 month LIBOR during the period of time still remaining to the maturity date. In general, as the time remaining to maturity decreases, the value of the notes will approach the amount payable at maturity.

Volatility of 3 Month LIBOR. Volatility is the term used to describe the size and frequency of fluctuations in the level of the 3 month LIBOR. The value of the notes may be affected if the volatility of 3 month LIBOR changes.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

Risk Factors (Continued)

Our Creditworthiness. Actual or anticipated changes in our creditworthiness may affect the value of the notes. However, because the return on the notes is dependent upon factors in addition to our ability to pay our obligations under the notes, such as the level of 3 month LIBOR, an improvement in our creditworthiness will not reduce the other investment risks related to the notes.

The Notes Will Not Be Listed On Any Securities Exchange And We Do Not Expect A Trading Market For The Notes To Develop.

The notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any automated quotation system. Although the agent and/or its affiliates may purchase the notes from holders, they are not obligated to do so and are not required to make a market for the notes. There can be no assurance that a secondary market will develop. Because we do not expect that any market makers will participate in a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to sell your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which the agent is willing to buy your notes.

If a secondary market does exist, it may be limited. Accordingly, there may be a limited number of buyers if you decide to sell your notes prior to stated maturity. This may affect the price you receive upon such sale. Consequently, you should be willing to hold the notes to stated maturity.

Our Economic Interests And Those Of Any Dealer Participating In The Offering Are Potentially Adverse To Your Interests.

You should be aware of the following ways in which our economic interests and those of any dealer participating in the distribution of the notes, which we refer to as a <u>participating dealer</u>, are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes. In engaging in certain of the activities described below, our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may take actions that may adversely affect the value of and your return on the notes, and in so doing they will have no obligation to consider your interests as an investor in the notes. Our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may realize a profit from these activities even if investors do not receive a favorable investment return on the notes.

The calculation agent is our affiliate and may be required to make discretionary judgments that affect the return you receive on the notes. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, which is our affiliate, will be the calculation agent for the notes. As calculation agent, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC will determine 3 month LIBOR in the event that 3 month LIBOR is not determined by reference to the designated LIBOR page or bank quotations. In performing its functions, the fact that Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is our affiliate may cause it to have economic interests that are adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes, and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC s determinations as calculation agent may adversely affect your return on the notes.

A participating dealer or its affiliates may realize hedging profits projected by its proprietary pricing models in addition to any selling concession, creating a further incentive for the participating dealer to sell the

notes to you. If any participating dealer or any of its affiliates conducts hedging activities for us in connection with the notes, that participating dealer or its affiliates will expect to realize a projected profit from such hedging activities and this projected profit will be in addition to the concession that the participation dealer realizes for the sale of the notes to you. This additional projected profit may create a further incentive for the participating dealer to sell the notes to you.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

Historical LIBOR Information

The following graph sets forth 3 month LIBOR for each day in the period from January 1, 2006 to April 19, 2016. On April 19, 2016, 3 month LIBOR was 0.63485%. The historical 3 month LIBOR set forth below should not be taken as an indication of 3 month LIBOR in the future.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

United States Federal Tax Considerations

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income and certain estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the notes. It applies to you only if you purchase a note for cash in the initial offering at the <u>issue price</u>, which is the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to the public, and hold the note as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the <u>Code</u>). It does not address all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances or if you are an investor subject to special rules, such as:

a financial institution;

a regulated investment company ;

a real estate investment trust ;

a tax-exempt entity, including an individual retirement account or Roth IRA ;

a dealer or trader subject to a mark-to-market method of tax accounting with respect to the notes;

a person holding a note as part of a straddle or conversion transaction or who has entered into a constructive sale with respect to a note;

a U.S. holder (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar; or

an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If an entity that is classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds the notes, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partnership holding the notes or a partner in such a partnership, you should consult your tax adviser as to the particular U.S. federal tax consequences of holding and disposing of the notes to you.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date hereof, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this pricing supplement may affect the tax consequences described herein, possibly with retroactive effect. This discussion does not address the effects of any applicable state, local or non-U.S. tax laws or the potential application of alternative minimum tax or the Medicare tax on net investment income. You should consult your tax adviser concerning the application of the U.S. federal income and estate tax laws to your particular situation, as well as any tax consequences

arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. jurisdiction.

Tax Treatment of the Notes

In the opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, the notes will be treated as variable rate debt instruments that provide for a single qualified floating rate for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

United States Federal Tax Considerations (Continued)

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

This section applies only to U.S. holders. You are a <u>U.S. holder</u> if you are a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

a citizen or individual resident of the United States;

a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state therein or the District of Columbia; or

an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source. *Interest.* Pursuant to rules governing the tax treatment of variable rate debt instruments, interest will be taxable to you as ordinary interest income at the time it is accrued or received, in accordance with your method of tax accounting.

Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Notes. Upon a sale, exchange or retirement of the notes, you generally will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement (other than amounts attributable to accrued interest, which will be taxed as described in the preceding section) and your tax basis in the notes that are sold, exchanged or retired. Your tax basis in the notes will equal the amount you paid to acquire them. This gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of the sale, exchange or retirement, you held the notes for more than one year, and short-term capital gain or loss otherwise. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate U.S. holders are generally subject to taxation at reduced rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

This section applies only to non-U.S. holders. You are a <u>non-U.S. holder</u> if you are a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

an individual who is classified as a nonresident alien;

a foreign corporation; or

a foreign estate or trust.

You are not a non-U.S. holder for purposes of this discussion if you are (i) an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition, (ii) a former citizen or resident of the United States or (iii) a person for whom income or gain in respect of the notes is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States. If you are or may become such a person during the period in which you hold a note, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the notes.

Subject to the discussion below concerning FATCA, you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax in respect of the notes, provided that:

you do not own, directly or by attribution, ten percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

you are not a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to us through stock ownership;

you are not a bank receiving interest under Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

you provide to the applicable withholding agent an appropriate IRS Form W-8 on which you certify under penalties of perjury that you are not a U.S. person.

Notes Linked to 3 Month LIBOR due April 22, 2019

United States Federal Tax Considerations (Continued)

U.S. Federal Estate Tax

Individual non-U.S. holders and entities the property of which is potentially includible in such an individual s gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers) should consider the U.S. federal estate tax implications of an investment in the notes. Absent an applicable treaty benefit, a note will be treated as U.S.-situs property subject to U.S. federal estate tax if payments on the note if received by the decedent at the time of death would have been subject to U.S. federal withholding tax as described above (even if the Form W-8 certification requirement described above were satisfied and not taking into account an elimination of such U.S. federal estate tax consequences of an investment in the notes in your particular situation and the availability of benefits provided by an applicable estate tax treaty, if any.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Information returns generally will be filed with the Internal Revenue Service (the <u>IRS</u>) with respect to payments of interest on the notes and may be filed with the IRS in connection with the payment of proceeds from a sale, exchange or other disposition of the notes. If you fail to provide certain identifying information (such as an accurate taxpayer identification number if you are a U.S. holder) or meet certain other conditions, you may also be subject to backup withholding at the rate specified in the Code. If you are a non-U.S. holder that provides an appropriate IRS Form W-8, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the relevant information is timely furnished to the IRS.

FATCA Legislation

Legislation commonly referred to as <u>FATCA</u> generally imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments to certain non-U.S. entities (including financial intermediaries) with respect to certain financial instruments, unless various U.S. information reporting and due diligence requirements have been satisfied. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and the non-U.S. entity s jurisdiction may modify these requirements. Withholding under these rules (if applicable) applies to payments of amounts treated as interest on the notes and to payments of gross proceeds of the disposition (including upon retirement) of the notes. Pursuant to published guidance issued by the IRS, withholding on the payment of gross proceeds (other than any amount treated as interest) of a disposition will be required only for dispositions after December 31, 2018. If withholding applies to the notes, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts withheld. Both U.S. and non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the potential application of FATCA to the notes.

The preceding discussion constitutes the full opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP regarding the material U.S. federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the notes.

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(US\$ million)	
9M09	
9M08	
3Q09	
2Q09	
3Q08	
Treasury Division:	
Net interest income	¢1 6 ¢60 ¢1 2 ¢00 ¢1 7
Non-interest operating income (loss) (1)	\$1.6 \$6.0 \$1.3 \$0.8 \$1.7
Net operating revenues (2)	11.2 2.0 1.6 5.8 (0.8)
Operating expenses	12.8 8.0 2.9 6.7 0.8
Net operating income (loss) (3, 12)	(6.2) (4.8) (1.8) (2.2) (1.6)
	6.6 3.3 1.2 4.4 (0.7)
Net Income (loss)	\$6.6 \$3.3 \$1.2 \$4.4 \$(0.7)

The Treasury Division's net income for the third quarter 2009 was \$1.2 million, compared to net income of \$4.4 million in the second quarter 2009, and a net loss of \$0.7 million during the third quarter 2008. The \$3.2 million net income decrease in the third quarter 2009 versus the previous quarter was the result of: (i) a \$4.2 million decrease in non-interest operating income, mainly reflecting lower gains from trading securities, (ii) a \$0.5 million increase in net interest income, and (iii) a \$0.5 million decrease in operating expenses.

The Division's total non-interest operating income in the third quarter 2009 was \$2.5 million, partially offset by a \$0.9 million net loss on foreign currency exchange. The portfolio of trading assets decreased \$115 million, or 70%, versus the previous quarter to reach \$50 million as of September 30, 2009, compared to none recorded as of September 30, 2008. The sale of trading assets resulted in net gains of \$2.0 million in the third quarter 2009. The portfolio of securities available for sale as of September 30, 2009 totaled \$461 million, representing a decrease of 24% from June 30, 2009 and a decrease of 40% from September 30, 2008. The decrease corresponds to the sale of \$147 million in book value of the securities portfolio, which generated net gains of \$0.5 million in the third quarter 2009. The available for sale portfolio as of September 30, 2009 consisted entirely of readily quoted Latin American securities, 80% of which were sovereign and state-owned risk in nature (refer to Exhibit XI for a per country distribution of the treasury portfolio). The available for sale portfolio is marked to market, with the impact recorded in stockholders' equity through the Other Comprehensive Income Account ("OCI") which, for the third quarter 2009, recorded a \$12 million improvement in value, reflecting mostly the increased market valuation of the securities portfolio (refer to Exhibit I.)

Liquid assets (11) decreased to \$431 million as of September 30, 2009, compared to \$456 million as of June 30, 2009, and \$461 million as of September 30, 2008. The Bank is gradually reducing liquidity balances to historically prevalent levels as the funding markets improve.

The Bank is reducing its repurchase agreement obligations and selectively replacing bank borrowings. Weighted average funding costs for the third quarter 2009 amounted to 2.16%, a decrease of 35 bps, or 14%, compared to the second quarter 2009, and a decrease of 138 bps, or 39%, compared to the third quarter 2008.

Asset Management Division

The Asset Management Division incorporates the Bank's asset management activities. The Division's Investment Fund follows primarily a Latin America macro strategy, utilizing a combination of products (foreign exchange, equity indices, interest rate swaps, and credit derivative products) to establish long and short positions in the markets.

The Division's net income includes net interest income on the Investment Fund, as well as net gains (losses) from Investment Fund trading, other related income (loss), allocated operating expenses, and the participation of minority interest in gains of the Investment Fund.

(US\$ million)	9M09		9M08		3Q09		2Q09		3Q08	
Asset Management Division:										
Net interest loss	\$	(2.7)	\$	(2.3)	\$	(0.7)	\$	(1.0)	\$	(0.7)
Non-interest operating income										
(loss) (1)		22.1		17.8		5.5		4.9		(1.1)
Net operating revenues (2)		19.4		15.4		4.7		3.9		(1.8)
Operating expenses		(5.0)		(4.3)		(1.5)		(1.3)		(0.3)
Net operating income (loss) (3)		14.4		11.2		3.3		2.6		(2.1)
Participation of the minority										
interest in gains of the										
investment fund		(0.9)		(0.1)		(0.5)		(0.1)		0.0
Net Income (loss)	\$	13.5	\$	11.1	\$	2.8	\$	2.5	\$	(2.1)

Net income in the third quarter 2009 totaled \$2.8 million, compared to net income of \$2.5 million in the prior quarter and a net loss of \$2.1 million in the third quarter 2008. The \$0.3 million net income increase in the quarter was mainly due to \$0.6 million increase in non-interest operating income attributed to higher net gains from Investment Fund trading.

As of September 30, 2009, the Investment Fund's asset value totaled \$189 million, compared to \$166 million as of June 30, 2009, and \$150 million as of September 30, 2008.

As of September 30, 2009, Bladex owned 85.53% of Bladex Offshore Feeder Fund, with the balance owned by third party investors, compared to 95.32% in ownership as of June 30, 2009, and 95.92% in ownership as of September 30, 2008.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS KEY FINANCIAL FIGURES AND RATIOS

The following table illustrates the consolidated results of operations of the Bank for the periods indicated below:

(US\$ million, except percentages and per										
share amounts)	9M09		9M	08	3Q	09	2Q	09	3Q	08
Net Interest Income	\$	49.6	\$	63.1	\$	17.4	\$	16.8	\$	21.8
Net Operating Income (Loss) by										
Business Segment:										
Commercial Division	\$	38.4	\$	44.5	\$	13.0	\$	12.6	\$	16.6
Treasury Division	\$	6.6	\$	3.3	\$	1.2	\$	4.4	\$	(0.7)
Asset Management Division	\$	14.4	\$	11.2	\$	3.3	\$	2.6	\$	(2.1)
Net Operating Income	\$	59.4	\$	59.0	\$	17.4	\$	19.7	\$	13.8
Net Income	\$	42.9	\$	59.4	\$	15.8	\$	10.5	\$	14.0
Net Income per Share(5)	\$	1.18	\$	1.63	\$	0.43	\$	0.29	\$	0.38
Book Value per common share (period										
end)	\$	18.23	\$	16.87	\$	18.23	\$	17.61	\$	16.87
Return on Average Equity ("ROE")		9.1%		12.6%		9.5%		6.6%		8.6%
Operating Return on Average Equity										
("Operating ROE") (6)		12.6%		12.5%		10.6%		12.4%		8.5%
Return on Average Assets ("ROA")		1.4%		1.5%		1.6%		1.0%		1.0%
Net Interest Margin		1.63%		1.64%		1.76%		1.62%		1.61%
Efficiency Ratio (7)		32%	34%		33%		30%			39%
Tier 1 Capital(8)	\$	671	\$	654	\$	671	\$	662	\$	654
Total Capital(9)	\$	706	\$	699	\$	706	\$	701	\$	699
Risk-Weighted Assets	\$	2,732	\$	3,573	\$	2,732	\$	3,129	\$	3,573
Tier 1 Capital Ratio(8)		24.6%		18.3%		24.6%		21.1%		18.3%
Total Capital Ratio (9)		25.8%		19.5%		25.8%		22.4%		19.5%
Stockholders' Equity	\$	666	\$	614	\$	666	\$	643	\$	614
Stockholders' Equity to Total Assets		17.9%		11.5%		17.9%		15.8%		11.5%
Other Comprehensive Income Account	t									
("OCI")		(9)		(44)		(9)		(21)		(44)
Leverage (times) (10)		5.6		8.7		5.6		6.3		8.7
Liquid Assets / Total Assets (11)		11.6%		8.6%		11.6%		11.2%		8.6%
Liquid Assets / Total Deposits		35.3%		29.7%		35.3%		36.2%		29.7%
Non-Accruing Loans to Total Loans, net		1.4%		0.0%		1.4%		0.0%		0.0%
Allowance for Credit Losses to										
Commercial Portfolio		3.5%		2.0%		3.5%		3.5%		2.0%
Total Assets	\$	3,723	\$	5,351	\$	3,723	\$	4,067	\$	5,351

The following graphs illustrate the trends in Net Income and Return on Average Stockholders' Equity for the periods indicated:

NET INTEREST INCOME AND MARGINS

(US\$ million, except										
percentages)	9M0	9	9M	08	3Q	09	2Q	09	3Q	08
Net Interest Income (Loss)										
Commercial Division	\$	50.7	\$	59.4	\$	16.7	\$	17.0	\$	20.7
Treasury Division		1.6		6.0		1.3		0.8		1.7
Asset Management Division		(2.7)		(2.3)		(0.7)		(1.0)		(0.7)
Consolidated	\$	49.6	\$	63.1	\$	17.4	\$	16.8	\$	21.8
Net Interest Margin*		1.63%		1.64%		1.76%		1.62%		1.61%

* Net interest income divided by average balance of interest-earning assets.

For the third quarter 2009, net interest income amounted to \$17.4 million, an increase of \$0.6 million, or 3%, from the second quarter 2009, mostly reflecting increased lending spreads, offset by a slight reduction in average loan balances. The \$4.4 million, or 20% decrease in net interest income in the third quarter 2009, compared to the third quarter 2008, was mainly due to decreased average loan balances.

FEES AND COMMISSIONS

(US\$ million)	9M09		9M08		3Q09		2Q09		3Q08	
Letters of credit	\$	3.2	\$	4.0	\$	1.2	\$	0.4	\$	1.7
Guarantees		0.9		0.9		0.2		0.2		0.2
Loans		0.2		0.5		0.0		0.0		0.1
Other*		0.3		0.7		0.1		0.1		0.2
Fees and Commissions, net	\$	4.5	\$	6.1	\$	1.5	\$	0.7	\$	2.2

* Net of commission expenses

Compared to the previous quarter, fees and commissions in the third quarter 2009 increased \$0.8 million to \$1.5 million mostly due to increased letter of credit activity, but \$0.7 million lower than the third quarter 2008, reflecting lower general trade flows in the Region.

PORTFOLIO QUALITY AND PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES

	30-8	30-Sep-08		31-Dic-08		31-Mar-09		30-Jun-09		30-Sep-09
Allowance for Loan Losses:		-								_
Balance at beginning of the										
period	\$	69.8	\$	69.1	\$	54.6	\$	80.6	\$	90.2
Provisions (reversals)		(0.8)		(14.5)		25.8		8.9		(0.4)
Recoveries, net of charge-offs		0.2		0.1		0.1		0.8		0.0
End of period balance	\$	69.1	\$	54.6	\$	80.6	\$	90.2	\$	89.9
-										
Reserve for Losses on										
Off-balance Sheet Credit Risk:										
Balance at beginning of the										
period	\$	16.2	\$	16.9	\$	30.7	\$	10.1	\$	10.3
Provisions (reversals)		0.7		13.8		(20.6)		0.2		1.5
End of period balance	\$	16.9	\$	30.7	\$	10.1	\$	10.3	\$	11.8
Total Allowance for Credit										
Losses	\$	86.0	\$	85.4	\$	90.7	\$	100.5	\$	101.7

During the third quarter 2009, the allowance for credit losses increased by a net amount of \$1.2 million, reflecting: a (i) \$2.0 million increase in specific reserves assigned to loans in the restructuring process that have been placed in non-accrual status, (ii) a \$2.4 million reduction in generic loan loss reserves driven by decreased loan exposure within the portfolio, and (iii) a \$1.5 million increase in generic off-balance sheet credit risk reserves reflecting the increased portfolio balances of acceptances and contingencies (mostly letters of credit).

The ratio of the allowance for credit losses to the commercial portfolio as of September 30, 2009 remained at the previous quarter's level of 3.5%, compared to 2.0% as of September 30, 2008.

(US\$ million)	9M09		9M08		3Q09		2Q09		3Q08	
Salaries and other employee										
expenses	\$	15.1	\$	15.7	\$	4.7	\$	4.2	\$	5.2
Depreciation, amortization and										
impairment of premises and										
equipment		2.0		3.1		0.6		0.7		0.7
Professional services		2.4		2.4		0.8		1.0		0.6
Maintenance and repairs		0.8		1.0		0.3		0.3		0.3
Expenses from the investment										
fund		2.7		1.7		0.6		0.6		(0.3)
Other operating expenses		5.3		6.3		1.6		1.9		2.2
Total Operating Expenses	\$	28.3	\$	30.3	\$	8.5	\$	8.6	\$	8.7

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Bank's efficiency ratio was 33% in the third quarter 2009, compared to 30% in the second quarter 2009, and 39% in the third quarter 2008.

Operating expenses during the third quarter 2009 decreased to \$8.5 million, compared to \$8.6 million in the second quarter 2009, and \$8.7 million in the third quarter 2008. The quarter-on-quarter decrease was mainly the result of lower expenditures for professional services and other operating expenses, which more than offset an increase in salaries and other employee expenses.

OTHER EVENTS

- §Quarterly Dividend Payment: On October 14, 2009, the Bank announced a quarterly common dividend payment of US\$0.15 per share related to the third quarter 2009. The dividend will be paid on November 2, 2009, to stockholders registered as of the October 23, 2009 record date.
- S Closing of Two-Year Syndicated Loan: On September 16, 2009, the Bank announced the successful closing of a \$100 million two-year syndicated loan structured and placed through Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. and China Development Bank Corporation, which enhances the diversification of the Bank's financing sources, while further developing the Bank's presence in the Asian markets.
- §Ratings Affirmed: On September 14, 2009, Fitch Ratings affirmed the Bank's credit rating at BBB; with a "Stable" Outlook.
- §New Executive Officers joining the Bank's Management Team: The Bank appointed Mr. Christopher Schech as Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Gustavo Díaz as the Bank's Controller.
- o Mr. Schech joined Bladex after working for Volvo Financial Services in Europe and GE Capital on assignments in Latin America, Asia and the United States. Mr. Schech is responsible for the Bank's financial management, as well as the interaction with rating agencies, shareholders, and investors.

o Mr. Gustavo Díaz joined Bladex from Banco Centroamericano de Integración Económica (BCIE) in Honduras. He previously worked for Corporación Financiera del Valle in Colombia, and KPMG Peat Marwick in Chile and Colombia. Mr. Díaz is responsible for the Bank's internal audit and compliance functions.

Note: Various numbers and percentages set forth in this press release have been rounded and, accordingly, may not total exactly.

Footnotes:

(1)Non-interest operating income (loss) refers to net other income (expense) excluding reversals (provisions) for credit losses and recoveries (impairment) on assets. By business segment, non-interest operating income includes: Commercial Division: Net fees and commissions and Net related other income (expense).

Treasury Division: net gain (loss) on sale of securities available-for-sale, impact of derivative hedging instruments, gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange, and gain (loss) on trading securities.

Asset Management Division: Gain from Investment Fund trading and related other income (expense).

- (2) Net Operating Revenues refers to net interest income plus non-interest operating income.
- (3)Net Operating Income (Loss) refers to net interest income plus non-interest operating income, minus operating expenses.
- (4)Lending spreads are calculated as loan portfolio weighted average lending spread, net of weighted average Libor-based cost rate, excluding loan commissions.
- (5) Net Income per Share calculations are based on the average number of shares outstanding during each period.
 - (6) Operating ROE: Annualized net operating income divided by average stockholders' equity.
 - (7) Efficiency ratio refers to consolidated operating expenses as a percentage of net operating revenues.
- (8) Tier 1 Capital is calculated according to the US Federal Reserve Board, and Basel I capital adequacy guidelines, and is equivalent to stockholders' equity excluding the OCI effect of the available for sale portfolio. Tier 1 Capital ratio is calculated as a percentage of risk weighted assets. Risk-weighted assets are, in turn, also calculated based on US Federal Reserve Board, and Basel I capital adequacy guidelines.
- (9) Total Capital refers to Tier 1 Capital plus Tier 2 Capital, based on US Federal Reserve Board, and Basel I capital adequacy guidelines. Total Capital ratio refers to Total Capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets.
 - (10) Leverage corresponds to assets divided by stockholders' equity.
- (11)Liquidity ratio refers to liquid assets as a percentage of total assets. Liquid assets consist of investment-grade 'A' securities, and cash and due from banks, excluding pledged regulatory deposits.
- (12) Treasury Division's net operating income includes: (i) interest income from interest bearing deposits with banks, investment securities and trading assets, net of allocated cost of funds; (ii) other income (expense) from derivative financial instrument and hedging; (iii) net gain (loss) from trading securities; (iv) net gain (loss) on sale of securities available for sale; (v) gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange; and (vi) allocated operating expenses.

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

This press release contains forward-looking statements of expected future developments. The Bank wishes to ensure that such statements are accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements pursuant to the safe harbor established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward-looking statements in this press release refer to the growth of the credit portfolio, including the trade portfolio, the increase in the number of the Bank's corporate clients. the positive trend of lending spreads, the increase in activities engaged in by the Bank that are derived from the Bank's client base, anticipated operating income and return on equity in future periods, including income derived from the Treasury Division and Asset Management Division, the improvement in the financial and performance strength of the Bank and the progress the Bank is making. These forward-looking statements reflect the expectations of the Bank's management and are based on currently available data; however, actual experience with respect to these factors is subject to future events and uncertainties, which could materially impact the Bank's expectations. Among the factors that can cause actual performance and results to differ materially are as follows: the anticipated growth of the Bank's credit portfolio; the continuation of the Bank's preferred creditor status; the impact of increasing/decreasing interest rates and of the macroeconomic environment in the Region on the Bank's financial condition; the execution of the Bank's strategies and initiatives, including its revenue diversification strategy; the adequacy of the Bank's allowance for credit losses; the need for additional provisions for credit losses; the Bank's ability to achieve future growth, to reduce its liquidity levels and increase its leverage; the Bank's ability to maintain its investment-grade credit ratings; the availability and mix of future sources of funding for the Bank's lending operations; potential trading losses; the possibility of fraud; and the adequacy of the Bank's sources of liquidity to replace deposit withdrawals.

About Bladex

Bladex is a supranational bank originally established by the Central Banks of Latin American and Caribbean countries to support trade finance in the Region. Based in Panama, its shareholders include central banks and state-owned entities in 23 countries in the Region, as well as Latin American and international commercial banks, along with institutional and retail investors. Through September 30, 2009, Bladex had disbursed accumulated credits of approximately \$161 billion.

Conference Call Information

There will be a conference call to discuss the Bank's quarterly results on Friday, October 30, 2009 at 11:00 a.m. New York City time (Eastern Time). For those interested in participating, please dial (800) 311-9401 in the United States or, if outside the United States, (334) 323-7224. Participants should use conference ID# 8034, and dial in five minutes before the call is set to begin. There will also be a live audio web cast of the conference at http://www.bladex.com.

The conference call will become available for review on Conference Replay one hour after its conclusion, and will remain available through December 29, 2009. Please dial (877) 919-4059 or (334) 323-7226, and follow the instructions. The Conference ID# for the replayed call is 96623186. For more information, please access http://www.bladex.com or contact:

Mr. Christopher Schech Chief Financial Officer Bladex Calle 50 y Aquilino de la Guardia Panama City, Panama Tel: (507) 210-8630 E-mail address: cschech@bladex.com

Investor Relations Firm: i-advize Corporate Communications, Inc. Mrs. Melanie Carpenter / Mr. Peter Majeski 82 Wall Street, Suite 805, New York, NY 10005 Tel: (212) 406-3690 E-mail address: bladex@i-advize.com

EXHIBIT I

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	-	(A) ptember 0, 2009	Ju	HE END (B) une 30, 2009	Se	(C) eptember 0, 2008) - (B) ANGE	%		A) - (C) HANGE	%
ASSETS:												
Cash and due from banks	\$	460	\$	485	\$	445	\$	(25)	(5)%	\$	15	3%
Trading assets		50		165		0		(115)	(70)		50	n.m.(*)
Securities available for												
sale		461		608		774		(147)	(24)		(313)	(40)
Securities held to maturity	,	0		0		29		0	n.m.(*)		(29)	(100)
Investment fund		189		166		150		23	14		39	26
Loans		2,608		2,682		3,868		(74)	(3)		(1,260)	(33)
Less:												
Allowance for loan losses		(90)		(90)		(69)		0	0		(21)	30
Unearned income and						(
deferred fees		(5)		(4)		(6)		(1)	25		1	(17)
Loans, net		2,513		2,587		3,793		(74)	(3)		(1,280)	(34)
Customers' liabilities		~		0		00		-			(05)	
under acceptances		5		0		90		5	n.m.(*)		(85)	(94)
Premises and equipment,		7		0		0		(1)	(10)		(1)	(10)
net		7		8		8		(1)	(13)		(1)	(13)
Accrued interest		25		41		50		(10)	(20)			(52)
receivable		25		41		53		(16)	(39)		(28)	(53)
Derivative financial												
instruments used for		1		1		1		0	0		0	0
hedging - receivable		1 11		1 7		1		0	0 57		0	0 22
Other assets		11		1		9		4	57		Z	22
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,723	\$	4,067	\$	5,351	\$	(344)	(8)%	\$	(1,628)	(30)%
IOTAL ASSETS	¢	5,725	Φ	4,007	Φ	5,551	φ	(344)	(0)%	φ	(1,020)	(30)%
LIABILITIES AND												
STOCKHOLDERS'												
EQUITY:												
Deposits:												
Deposits. Demand	\$	36	\$	156	\$	96	\$	(120)	(77)%	\$	(60)	(63)%
Time	Ψ	1,186	Ψ	1,104	Ψ	1,455	Ψ	82	7	Ψ	(269)	(18)
Total Deposits		1,221		1,261		1,551		(40)	(3)		(330)	(21)
		1,221		1,201		1,001		(10)	(5)		(550)	(21)
Trading liabilities		3		11		0		(8)	(73)		3	n.m.(*)
Securities sold under		-						(-)	()		-	
repurchase agreements		86		312		652		(226)	(72)		(566)	(87)
Short-term borrowings		306		598		1,022		(292)	(49)		(716)	(70)
Borrowings and long-term	L					,		()			()	
debt		1,298		1,128		1,296		170	15		2	0

Acceptances outstanding	5	0	90	5	n.m.(*)	(85)	(94)
Accrued interest payable	13	17	36	(4)	(24)	(23)	(64)
Derivative financial							
instruments used for							
hedging - payable	70	69	41	1	1	29	71
Reserve for losses on							
off-balance sheet credit							
risk	12	10	17	2	20	(5)	(29)
Other liabilities	15	10	25	5	50	(10)	(40)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 3,030	\$ 3,416	\$ 4,731	\$ (386)	(11)%	\$ (1,701)	(36)%
Minority interest in the							
investment fund	27	8	6	19	238	21	350
STOCKHOLDERS'							
EQUITY:							
Common stock, no par							
value, assigned value of							
US\$6.67	280	280	280	0	0	0	0
Additional paid-in capital							
in exces of assigned value							
of common stock	134	135	135	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Capital reserves	95	95	95	0	0	0	0
Retained earnings	295	285	281	10	4	14	5
Accumulated other							
comprehensive loss	(9)	(21)	(44)	12	(57)	35	(80)
Treasury stock	(130)	(131)	(133)	1	(1)	3	(2)
TOTAL							
STOCKHOLDERS'							
EQUITY	\$ 666	\$ 643	\$ 614	\$ 23	4%	\$ 52	8%
TOTAL LIABILITIES							
AND STOCKHOLDERS'							
EQUITY	\$ 3,723	\$ 4,067	\$ 5,351	\$ (344)	(8)%	\$ (1,628)	(30)%

(*) "n.m." means not meaningful.

EXHIBIT II

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Se	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED(A)(B)(C)(A) - (B)SeptemberJune 30,September30, 2009200930, 2008CHANGE						A) - (C) HANGE	%			
		-		sand, excep nts and rati	-	er share						
INCOME					,							
STATEMENT DATA:												
Interest income	\$	34,423	\$	38,252	\$		\$		(10)%	\$ (29,430)		(46)%
Interest expense		(17,070)		(21,464)		(42,093)		4,394	(20)	25,023		(59)
NET INTEREST												
INCOME		17,353		16,788		21,760		565	3	(4,407)		(20)
Reversal (provision)												
for loan losses		380		(8,905)		842		9,285	(104)	(462)		(55)
NET INTEREST												
INCOME AFTER												
REVERSAL												
(PROVISION)												
FOR LOAN LOSSES		17,733		7,883		22,602		9,850	125	(4,869)		(22)
OTHER INCOME												
(EXPENSE):												
Provision for losses on												
off-balance sheet credit												
risk		(1,549)		(177)		(654)		(1,372)	775	(895)		137
Fees and commissions,												
net		1,463		734		2,222		729	99	(759)		(34)
Derivative financial												
instrument and												
hedging.		(1,105)		(2,591)		41		1,486	(57)	(1,146)	n.m.	(*)
Net gain (loss) from												
investment fund trading	5	5,478		4,918		(1,083)		560	11	6,561	()	506)
Net gain (loss) from												
trading securities		2,936		7,653		(23)		(4,717)	(62)	2,959	n.m.	(*)
Net gain on sale of												
securities												
available-for-sale		546		0		0		546	n.m. (*)	546	n.m.	(*)
Gain (loss) on foreign												
currency exchange		(843)		705		(895)		(1,548)	(220)	52		(6)
Other income, net		138		93		481		45	48	(343)		(71)
NET OTHER												
INCOME.		7,064		11,336		91		(4,272)	(38)	6,973	7,0	563
OPERATING												

EXPENSES:

~											
Salaries and other	(4.(50)		(4.005)		(5.047)		(107)	10		505	(11)
employee expenses	(4,652)		(4,225)		(5,247)		(427)	10		595	(11)
Depreciation,											
amortization and											
impairment of premises							50			0.0	(1.1)
and equipment	(644)		(697)		(724)		53	(8)		80	(11)
Professional services	(751)		(972)		(584)		221	(23)		(167)	29
Maintenance and					(2.40)		10	<i>(</i> -)		07	
repairs	(253)		(266)		(340)		13	(5)		87	(26)
Expenses from the			(5.7.1)		0.01			-			(200)
investment fund.	(601)		(571)		301		(30)	5		(902)	(300)
Other operating	(1.(27)		(1.001)		(0.155)		054	(10)		510	$\langle 2 4 \rangle$
expenses	(1,637)		(1,891)		(2,155)		254	(13)		518	(24)
TOTAL OPERATING	(0.507)		(0, (22))		(0, 7, 10)		05	(1)		010	
EXPENSES	(8,537)		(8,622)		(8,749)		85	(1)		212	(2)
INCOME BEFORE											
PARTICIPATION OF											
THE MINORITY											
INTEREST IN GAINS											
OF THE	¢ 16.260	¢	10.507	¢	12.044	¢	5.660	50	¢	0.016	17
INVESTMENT FUND	\$ 16,260	\$	10,597	\$	13,944	\$	5,663	53	\$	2,316	17
Participation of the											
minority interest in											
gains of the investment	(507)		(100)		24		(200)	265		(521)	
fund	(507)		(109)		24		(398)	365		(531) 1	n.m. (*)
NET INCOME	\$ 15,753	¢	10,488	\$	13,968	\$	5,265	50%	\$	1,785	13%
	\$ 15,755	\$	10,400	φ	15,900	φ	5,205	30%	φ	1,705	13%
PER COMMON											
SHARE DATA:											
Net income per share	0.43		0.29		0.38						
Diluted earnings per	0.43		0.29		0.58						
share	0.43		0.29		0.38						
share	0.45		0.29		0.50						
Average basic shares	36,539		36,471		36,396						
Average diluted shares	36,804		36,669		36,449						
Tiverage unded shares	50,001		50,007		50,117						
PERFORMANCE											
RATIOS:											
Return on average											
assets	1.6%		1.0%		1.0%						
Return on average	1.070		1.070		1.0 /0						
6	9.5%		6.6%		8.6%						
stockholders' equity	9.5% 1.76%		6.6%		8.6%						
stockholders' equity Net interest margin	1.76%		1.62%		1.61%						
stockholders' equity Net interest margin Net interest spread											
stockholders' equity Net interest margin	1.76%		1.62%		1.61%						

(*)"n.m." means not meaningful.

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

(Consolidated Statements of Income, Balance Sheets, and Selected	Financial Ratios)	EXHIBIT III
	FOR THE NINE	E MONTHS ENDED
	September	September 30,
	30, 2009	2008

(In US\$ thousand, except per share amounts & ratios)

INCOME STATEMENT DATA:				
Net interest income	\$	49,569	\$	63,126
Fees and commissions, net	Ψ	4,364	Ψ	5,984
Reversal (provision) for loan and off-balance sheet credit losses, net		(15,437)		878
Derivative financial instrument and hedging		(2,026)		(37)
Impairment on assets		(94)		(339)
Net gain from investment fund trading		22,092		17,770
Net gain (loss) from trading securities		13,751		(4)
Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale		546		2,095
Loss on foreign currency exchange		(1,217)		(157)
Other income, net		590		526
Operating expenses		(28,305)		(30,279)
INCOME BEFORE PARTICIPATION OF THE MINORITY INTEREST		(,)		(2 3)= (2)
IN GAINS OF THE INVESTMENT FUND	\$	43,833		59,563
Minority interest in the investment fund	Ŧ	(885)		(129)
NET INCOME	\$	42,948	\$	59,434
BALANCE SHEET DATA (In US\$ millions):)	·	, -
Investment securities and trading assets		511		803
Investment fund		189		150
Loans, net		2,513		3,793
Total assets		3,723		5,351
Deposits		1,221		1,551
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		86		652
Short-term borrowings		306		1,022
Borrowings and long-term debt		1,298		1,296
Total liabilities		3,030		4,731
Stockholders' equity		666		614
PER COMMON SHARE DATA:				
Net income per share		1.18		1.63
Diluted earnings per share		1.17		1.63
Book value (period average)		17.22		17.30
Book value (period end)		18.23		16.87
(In thousand):				
Average basic shares		36,476		36,379
Average diluted shares		36,649		36,432
Basic shares period end		36,546		36,413
SELECTED FINANCIAL RATIOS:				
PERFORMANCE RATIOS:				
Return on average assets		1.4%		1.5%
Return on average stockholders' equity		9.1%		12.6%
Net interest margin		1.63%		1.64%
Net interest spread		1.11%		1.08%

Operating expenses to total average assets	0.93%	0.78%
ASSET QUALITY RATIOS:		
Non-accruing loans to total loans, net of discounts (1)	1.4%	0.0%
Charge offs net of recoveries to total loan portfolio (1)	0.0%	0.1%
Allowance for loan losses to total loan portfolio (1)	3.5%	1.8%
Allowance for losses on off-balance sheet credit risk to total contingencies	4.2%	4.5%
CAPITAL RATIOS:		
Stockholders' equity to total assets	17.9%	11.5%
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	24.6%	18.3%
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	25.8%	19.5%
(1) \mathbf{I}		

(1) Loan portfolio is presented net of unearned income and deferred loan fees.

EXHIBIT IV

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

		FOR THE N	INE M IDED	IONTHS		
	Se	(A) eptember	Set	(B) otember 30,	(A) - (B)	
		0, 2009	Sel	2008	CHANGE	%
(In US\$ thousand)						
INCOME STATEMENT DATA:	.	112	.	100.055	• (= • • • • •	(11) ~
Interest income	\$	113,708	\$,	\$ (79,267)	(41)%
Interest expense		(64,139)		(129,849)	65,710	(51)
NET INTEREST INCOME		49,569		63,126	(13,557)	(21)
Reversal (provision) for loan losses		(34,357)		4,045	(38,402)	(949)
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER						
REVERSAL (PROVISION)		15 010		(7.171	(51.050)	
FOR LOAN LOSSES		15,212		67,171	(51,959)	(77)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Reversal (provision) for losses on off-balance						
sheet credit risk		18,920		(3,167)	22,087	(697)
Fees and commissions, net		4,364		5,984	(1,620)	(27)
Derivative financial instrument and hedging		(2,026)		(37)	(1,989)	5,376
Impairment on assets		(94)		(339)	245	(72)
Net gain from investment fund trading		22,092		17,770	4,322	24
Net gain (loss) from trading securities		13,751		(4)	13,755	n.m. (*)
Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale		546		2,095	(1,549)	(74)
Loss on foreign currency exchange		(1,217)		(157)	(1,060)	675
Other income, net		590		526	64	12
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		56,926		22,671	34,255	151
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries and other employee expenses		(15,069)		(15,746)	677	(4)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment of					1 0 0 0	
premises and equipment		(2,025)		(3,053)	1,028	(34)
Professional services		(2,427)		(2,435)	8	(0)
Maintenance and repairs		(780)		(1,005)	225	(22)
Expenses from the investment fund		(2,720)		(1,694)	(1,026)	61
Other operating expenses		(5,284)		(6,346)	1,062	(17)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		(28,305)		(30,279)	1,974	(7)
INCOME BEFORE PARTICIPATION OF THE]					
MINORITY INTEREST IN GAINS OF THE	¢	40.000	¢	50 560	ф (1 5 7 20)	
INVESTMENT FUND	\$	43,833	\$	59,563	\$ (15,730)	(26)
Participation of the minority interest in gains of						
the investment fund		(885)		(129)	(756)	586
		(00)		(129)	(750)	500

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NET INCOME	\$	42,948	\$	59,434 \$	(16,486)	(28)%					
(*) "n.m." means not meaningful.											

EXHIBIT V

CONSOLIDATED NET INTEREST INCOME AND AVERAGE BALANCES

		Septe ERAGE LANKSE	Ξ	oer 30, REST	2009	AV	Ju TERAGE LANKSE	ne (E FEF	30, 200	AVG. RATE	AV	Septer ERAGE LANKSE	Ξ	er 30, 2 REST	2008 AVG. RATE
INTEREST															
EARNING ASSETS															
Interest bearing															
deposits with banks	\$	551	\$	0.3	0.21%	\$	685	\$	0.4	0.23%	\$	394	\$	2.1	2.08%
Loans, net of unearned income &															
deferred loan fees		2,478		27.4	4.33		2,543		29.8	4.64		4,021		51.7	5.03
Impaired loans		24		0.1	1.34		0		0.0	n.m. (*)		0		0.0	n.m. (*)
Trading assets		145		2.7	7.30		161		3.1	7.67		(0)		0.0	0.00
Investment securities		528		3.6	2.67		598		4.6	3.05		821		9.0	4.27
Investment fund		177		0.3	0.66		162		0.3	0.73		147		1.1	2.91
TOTAL INTEREST															
EARNING ASSETS	\$	3,905	\$	34.4	3.45%	\$	4,150	\$	38.3	3.65%	\$	5,383	\$	63.9	4.64%
Non interest earning		4.4					40					01			
assets		44					49					91			
Allowance for loan losses		(00)					(81)					(70)			
Other assets		(90) 10					(81)					18			
							-								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,868				\$	4,124				\$	5,422			
INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES															
Deposits		1,223	\$	2.7			1,206	\$	3.3	1.08%		1,677		10.9	2.54%
Trading liabilities Securities sold under repurchase agreement and Short-term		10		0.3	13.13		11		0.5	18.72		0		0.6	n.m.(*)
borrowings		639		4.3	2.65		1,011		7.6	2.98		1,692		15.8	3.66
Borrowings and long															
term debt		1,213		9.7	3.12		1,154		10.0	3.43		1,277		14.8	4.52
TOTAL INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES	\$	3,085	\$	17.1	2.16%	\$	3,382	\$	21.5	2.51%	\$	4,647	\$	42.1	3.54%
	+	.,	Ŧ			Ŷ	-,	4			Ŷ	.,	Ŧ		2.2.70

Non interest bearing liabilities and other liabilities	\$ 108		\$ 101		\$ 1	128	
TOTAL							
LIABILITIES	3,193		3,483		4,7	775	
					, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
Minority interest in							
the investment fund	20		5			4	
STOCKHOLDERS'	655		635			544	
EQUITY	033		055		()44	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 3,868		\$ 4,124		\$ 5,4	422	
NET INTEREST SPREAD			1.28%		1.14%		1.10%
NET INTEREST			1.20 /0		1.1470		1.1070
INCOME AND							
INTEREST							
MARGIN		\$ 17.4	1.76%	\$ 16.8	1.62%	\$ 21.8	1.61%
(*) "n.m." means not	meaningfu	ul.					

(*) "n.m." means not meaningful.

EXHIBIT VI

CONSOLIDATED NET INTEREST INCOME AND AVERAGE BALANCES

				FOR	THE NINE I	MON	THS END	DED,		
			pteml	ber 30, 20			-	otemb	per 30, 2008	
		ERAGE			AVG.		/ERAGE			AVG.
	BA	LANCE	INT	EREST	RATE		LANCE	INT	EREST	RATE
					(In USS	milli	ion)			
INTEREST EARNING ASSETS										
Interest bearing deposits with										
banks	\$	655	\$	1.1	0.21%	5 \$	362	\$	6.9	2.53%
Loans, net of unearned income &	5									
deferred loan fees		2,551		89.8	4.64		3,896		156.8	5.29
Impaired loans		8		0.1	1.34		0		0.0	n.m.(*)
Trading assets		119		6.4	7.07		(0)		0.0	0.00
Investment securities		576		14.9	3.42		740		26.4	4.68
Investment fund		165		1.4	1.13		133		2.9	2.85
TOTAL INTEREST EARNING										
ASSETS	\$	4,073	\$	113.7	3.68%	5 \$	5,131	\$	193.0	4.94%
100110	Ψ	1,075	Ψ	110.7	5.007	Ψ	5,151	Ψ	175.0	1.7170
Non interest earning assets		49					93			
Allowance for loan losses		(75)					(70)			
Other assets		9					16			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,055				\$	5,170			
INTEREST BEARING										
LIABILITIES										
Deposits	\$	1,209	\$	9.2	1.00%	5 \$	1,572	\$	36.3	3.03%
Trading liabilities	Ψ	1,209	Ψ	1.7	20.12	φ	0	Ψ	1.9	n.m.(*)
Securities sold under repurchase				1.7	20.12		Ŭ		1.7	()
agreement and Short-term										
borrowings		891		20.6	3.05		1,681		50.6	3.95
Borrowings and long term debt		1,179		32.6	3.65		1,164		41.1	4.63
TOTAL INTEREST BEARING										
LIABILITIES	\$	3,291	\$	64.1	2.57%	5 \$	4,418	\$	129.8	3.86%
Non interest bearing liabilities		100				¢	101			
and other liabilities	\$	126				\$	121			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,417					4,539			
I OTAL LIADILITIES		5,717					т,339			
Minority interest in the										
investment fund		10					1			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		628					629			

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	4,055			\$ 5,170		
NET INTEREST SPREAD NET INTEREST INCOME				1.11%			1.08%
AND NET INTEREST MARGIN			\$ 49.6	1.63%		\$ 63.1	1.64%
(*) "n.m." means not meaningful	•						

EXHIBIT VII CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (In US\$ thousand, except per share amounts and ratios)

		E MONTH ENDED	S	FOR THE T	HREE MONT	THS ENDED	NINE MONTHS ENDED		
	S	EP 30/09	SEP 30/09	JUN 30/09	MAR 31/09	DEC 31/08	SEP 30/08	SEP 30/08	
INCOME STATEMENT DATA:									
Interest income	\$	113,708	\$ 34,423 (17,070)	\$ 38,252	\$ 41,033	\$ 51,268	\$ 63,853	\$ 192,975	
Interest expense NET INTEREST		(64,139)	(17,070)	(21,464)	(25,605)	(36,547)	(42,093)	(129,849)	
INCOME		49,569	17,353	16,788	15,428	14,721	21,760	63,126	
Reversal (provision)								
for loan losses		(34,357)	380	(8,905)	(25,831)	14,495	842	4,045	
NET INTEREST									
INCOME (LOSS) AFTER REVERSA									
(PROVISION) FOI LOAN LOSSES	۲.	15,212	17,733	7,883	(10,403)	29,217	22,602	67,171	
OTHER INCOME		13,212	17,755	7,005	(10,403)	27,217	22,002	07,171	
(EXPENSE):									
Reversal (provision)								
for losses on off-balance sheet									
credit risk		18,920	(1,549)	(177)	20,644	(13,830)	(654)	(3,167)	
Fees and		10,720	(1,57)	(177)	20,044	(15,050)	(054)	(3,107)	
commissions, net		4,364	1,463	734	2,167	1,267	2,222	5,984	
Derivative financia	1								
instrument and									
hedging		(2,026)	(1,105)	(2,591)	1,670	9,993	41	(37)	
Impairment on asse		(94)	0	0	(94)	(428)	0	(339)	
Net gain (loss) fron investment fund	1								
trading		22,092	5,478	4,918	11,696	3,587	(1,083)	17,770	
Net gain (loss) from	1	22,072	5,770	ч,)10	11,070	5,507	(1,005)	17,770	
trading securities		13,751	2,936	7,653	3,161	(20,994)	(23)	(4)	
Net gains (loss) on									
sale of securities									
available-for-sale		546	546	0	0	(2,028)	0	2,095	
Gain (loss) on forei	gn	(1.017)	(0.42)	705	(1.070)	(1, 100)		(157)	
currency exchange		(1,217)	(843)	705	(1,079)	(1,439)	(895)	(157)	
Other income (expense), net		590	138	93	360	130	481	526	
NET OTHER		56,926	7,064	11,336	38,525	(23,743)	401 91	22,671	
INCOME		50,720	7,004	11,550	50,525	(23,743)	71	22,071	

(EXPENSE)														
TOTAL														
OPERATING														
EXPENSES		(28,305)		(8,537)		(8,622)		(11,146)		(9,711)		(8,749)		(30,279)
INCOME (LOSS)														
BEFORE														
PARTICIPATION														
OF THE MINORITY														
INTEREST IN														
GAINS OF														
INVESTMENT	¢	40.000	<i>•</i>	16.000	.	10.505	¢	10070	.	(1.005)	.	10011	¢	
FUND	\$	43,833	\$	16,260	\$	10,597	\$	16,976	\$	(4,237)	\$	13,944	\$	59,563
Participation of the														
minority interest in														
gains of the														
investment fund		(885)		(507)		(109)		(269)		(79)		24		(129)
investment runa		(005)		(307)		(10))		(20))		(12)		21		(12))
NET INCOME														
(LOSS)	\$	42,948	\$	15,753	\$	10,488	\$	16,707	\$	(4,316)	\$	13,968	\$	59,434
SELECTED														
FINANCIAL DATA														
PER COMMON														
SHARE DATA														
Net income (loss) per	¢	1.10	_	0.40	_	0.00	¢	0.46	•	(0.10)		0.00	_	1.62
share	\$	1.18	\$	0.43	\$	0.29	\$	0.46	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.38	\$	1.63
PERFORMANCE														
RATIOS Baturn on avanage														
Return on average assets		1.4%		1.6%		1.0%		1.6%		-0.4%		1.0%		1.5%
Return on average		1.4%		1.070		1.070		1.0%		-0.470		1.0%		1.3%
stockholders' equity		9.1%		9.5%		6.6%		11.4%		-3.0%		8.6%		12.6%
Net interest margin		1.63%		1.76%		1.62%		1.50%		1.24%		1.61%		1.64%
Net interest spread		1.11%		1.28%		1.14%		0.94%		0.68%		1.10%		1.04%
Operating expenses		1,1170		1.2070		1,1770		0.7470		0.0070		1.1070		1.00 /0
to average assets		0.93%		0.88%		0.84%		1.08%		0.81%		0.64%		0.78%
		0.0070		0.0070		0.0170		1.0070		0.0170		0.0170		0.7070

EXHIBIT VIII BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS (In US\$ million)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEP 30/09 SEP 30/08 SEP 30/09 JUN 30/09 SEP 30/08

COMMERCIAL DIVISION:					
Net interest income (1)	\$ 50.7	\$ 59.4 \$	16.7	\$ 17.0	\$ 20.7
Non-interest operating income (2)	4.8	6.4	1.6	0.8	2.7
Operating expenses (3)	(17.1)	(21.3)	(5.3)	(5.1)	(6.8)
Net operating income (4)	38.4	44.5	13.0	12.6	16.6
Reversal (provision) for loan and					
off-balance sheet credit losses, net	(15.4)	0.9	(1.2)	(9.1)	0.2
Impairment on assets	(0.1)	(0.3)	0.0	0.0	0.0
NET INCOME	\$ 22.9	\$ 45.1 \$	11.8	\$ 3.6	\$ 16.8
Average interest-earning assets (5)	2,559	3,896	2,502	2,543	4,021
End-of-period interest-earning assets					
(5)	2,603	3,862	2,603	2,677	3,862
TREASURY DIVISION:					
Net interest income (1)	\$ 1.6	\$ 6.0 \$	1.3	\$ 0.8	\$ 1.7
Non-interest operating income (loss)(2)	11.2	2.0	1.6	5.8	(0.8)
Operating expenses (3)	(6.2)	(4.8)	(1.8)	(2.2)	(1.6)
Net operating income (loss) (4)	6.6	3.3	1.2	4.4	(0.7)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 6.6	\$ 3.3 \$	1.2	\$ 4.4	\$ (0.7)
Average interest-earning assets (6)	1,349	1,101	1,225	1,444	1,214
End-of-period interest-earning assets					
(6)	971	1,248	971	1,257	1,248
ASSET MANAGEMENT DIVISION:					
Net interest loss (1)	\$ (2.7)	\$ (2.3) \$	(0.7)	\$ (1.0)	\$ (0.7)
Non-interest operating income (loss)					
(2)	22.1	17.8	5.5	4.9	(1.1)
Operating expenses (3)	(5.0)	(4.3)	(1.5)	(1.3)	(0.3)
Net operating income (loss) (4)	14.4	11.2	3.3	2.6	(2.1)
Participation of the minority interest in					
gains of the investment fund	(0.9)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)	0.0
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 13.5	\$ 11.1 \$	2.8	\$ 2.5	\$ (2.1)
Average interest-earning assets (7)	165	133	177	162	148
End-of-period interest-earning assets					
(7)	189	150	189	166	150
CONSOLIDATED:					
Net interest income (1)	\$ 49.6	\$ 63.1 \$	17.4	\$ 16.8	\$ 21.8
Non-interest operating income (2)	38.1	26.2	8.6	11.5	0.7
Operating expenses (3)	(28.3)	(30.3)	(8.5)	(8.6)	(8.7)
Net operating income (4)	59.4	59.0	17.4	19.7	13.8
Reversal (provision) for loan and					
off-balance sheet credit losses, net	(15.4)	0.9	(1.2)	(9.1)	0.2

Impairment on assets	(0.1)	(0.3)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Participation of the minority interest in					
gains of the investment fund	(0.9)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)	0.0
NET INCOME	\$ 42.9	\$ 59.4 \$	15.8	\$ 10.5	\$ 14.0
Average interest-earning assets	4,073	5,131	3,905	4,150	5,383
End-of-period interest-earning assets	3,763	5,259	3,763	4,100	5,259

The bank has aligned its operations into three major business segments, based on the nature of clients, products and on credit risk standards.

Interest expenses are allocated based on average credits.

(1) Interest income on interest-earning assets, net of allocated cost of funds.

(2)Non-interest operating income consists of net other income (expense), excluding reversals of provisions for credit losses and impairment on assets.

(3) Operating expenses are calculated based on average credits.

(4)Net operating income refers to net income excluding reversals of provisions for credit losses and impairment on assets.

(5) Includes loans, net of unearned income and deferred loan fees.

(6) Includes cash and due from banks, interest-bearing deposits with banks, securities available for sale, securities held to maturity, and trading assets.

(7)

Includes investment fund.

EXHIBIT IX CREDIT PORTFOLIO DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY (In US\$ million)

AT THE END OF,											
	(.	A)	(B)	(C)						
	30S	EP09	30Л	UN09			Change in	n Amount			
		% of Total		% of Total		% of Total	C C				
COUNTRY	Amount	Outstanding	Amount	Outstanding	Amount	Outstanding (A	ч) - (В)	(A) - (C)			
ARGENTINA	\$ 158	4.6	\$ 139	3.8	\$ 258	5.1 \$	19	\$ (100)			
BOLIVIA	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.1	0	(5)			
BRAZIL	1,393	40.9	1,516	41.7	1,785	35.5	(123)	(392)			
CHILE	162	4.8	99	2.7	50	1.0	64	113			
COLOMBIA	359	10.6	439	12.1	550	10.9	(80)	(191)			
COSTA RICA	95	2.8	137	3.8	127	2.5	(43)	(32)			
DOMINICAN											
REPUBLIC	63	1.9	24	0.7	92	1.8	40	(29)			
ECUADOR	49	1.4	70	1.9	179	3.6	(21)	(130)			
EL SALVADOR	81	2.4	122	3.4	126	2.5	(41)	(45)			
GUATEMALA	77	2.3	127	3.5	127	2.5	(50)	(50)			
HONDURAS	22	0.6	21	0.6	51	1.0	1	(29)			
JAMAICA	22	0.6	23	0.6	67	1.3	(2)	(46)			
MEXICO	411	12.1	442	12.2	552	11.0	(31)	(141)			
NICARAGUA	1	0.0	1	0.0	31	0.6	0	(30)			
PANAMA	112	3.3	185	5.1	181	3.6	(72)	(69)			
PERU	152	4.5	64	1.8	463	9.2	88	(311)			
TRINIDAD &											
TOBAGO	20	0.6	59	1.6	103	2.0	(39)	(83)			
URUGUAY	41	1.2	74	2.0	65	1.3	(33)	(24)			
VENEZUELA	106	3.1	8	0.2	147	2.9	97	(41)			
OTHER	79	2.3	83	2.3	64	1.3	(4)	15			
TOTAL CREDIT PORTFOLIO (1)	\$ 3,402	100%	\$ 3,631	100%	\$ 5,021	100% \$	(229)	\$ (1,619)			
UNEARNED INCOME AND COMMISSION (2)	(5)		(4)		(6)		(1)	1			
TOTAL CREDIT PORTFOLIO, NET OF UNEARNED INCOME AND COMMISSION	\$ 3,397		\$ 3,627		\$ 5,015	\$	(230)	\$ (1,618)			

(1)

Includes book value of loans, fair value of investment securities, acceptances, and contingencies (including confirmed letters of credit, stand-by letters of credit, and guarantees covering commercial and country risks, credit

default swap and credit commitments).

(2)

Represents unearned income and commission on loans.

EXHIBIT X COMMERCIAL PORTFOLIO DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY (In US\$ million)

		A)	(END OF, B)		C)				
	308	EP09 % of Total	3010	UN09 % of Total	30S	EP08 % of Total	Change in Amount			
COUNTRY	Amount		Amount		Amount	Outstanding (A) - (B)	(A) - (C)		
ARGENTINA	\$ 158	5.5	\$ 139	4.9	\$ 258	6.1	\$ 19	\$ (100)		
BOLIVIA	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.1	0	(5)		
BRAZIL	1,266	43.8	1,354	47.4	1,636	38.5	(88)	(369)		
CHILE	135	4.7	73	2.5	9	0.2	62	125		
COLOMBIA	214	7.4	251	8.8	370	8.7	(37)	(156)		
COSTA RICA	95	3.3	119	4.2	109	2.6	(24)	(14)		
DOMINICAN										
REPUBLIC	57	2.0	16	0.6	83	2.0	41	(26)		
ECUADOR	49	1.7	70	2.4	179	4.2	(21)	(130)		
EL SALVADOR	65	2.2	67	2.3	67	1.6	(2)	(2)		
GUATEMALA	66	2.3	85	3.0	83	2.0	(19)	(17)		
HONDURAS	22	0.7	21	0.7	51	1.2	1	(29)		
JAMAICA	22	0.7	23	0.8	67	1.6	(2)	(46)		
MEXICO	354	12.3	345	12.1	456	10.7	9	(102)		
NICARAGUA	1	0.0	1	0.0	31	0.7	0	(30)		
PANAMA	68	2.4	91	3.2	90	2.1	(23)	(22)		
PERU	121	4.2	35	1.2	435	10.3	86	(314)		
TRINIDAD &										
TOBAGO	20	0.7	59	2.1	103	2.4	(39)	(83)		
URUGUAY	41	1.4	74	2.6	65	1.5	(33)	(24)		
VENEZUELA	106	3.7	8	0.3	147	3.5	97	(41)		
OTHER	30	1.0	26	0.9	1	0.0	4	29		
TOTAL										
COMMERCIAL	• • • • • •	1000		1000		1000	.			
PORTFOLIO (1)	\$ 2,888	100%	\$ 2,856	100%	\$ 4,245	100%	\$ 33	\$ (1,356)		
UNEARNED										
INCOME AND	(5)		(A)				(1)	1		
COMMISSION (2)	(5)		(4)		(6)		(1)	1		
TOTAL COMMERCIAL PORTFOLIO, NET OF UNEARNED INCOME AND										
COMMISSION	\$ 2,883		\$ 2,852		\$ 4,239	;	\$ 32	\$ (1,355)		

(1)

Includes book value of loans, acceptances, and contingencies (including confirmed letters of credit, stand-by letters of credit, and guarantees covering commercial and country risks and credit commitments).

(2)

Represents unearned income and commission on loans.

EXHIBIT XI TREASURY PORTFOLIO DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY (In US\$ million)

	AT THE END OF, (A) (B) (C)			(C)	Change in Amount					
COUNTRY	30	(A) SEP09	3	(B) 0JUN09	3	(C) 0SEP08		(A) - (B)		(A) - (C)
BRAZIL	\$	127	\$	162	\$	149	\$	(35)	\$	(22)
CHILE		28		26		41		2		(13)
COLOMBIA		145		188		179		(42)		(34)
COSTA RICA		0		18		18		(18)		(18)
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC		6		8		9		(1)		(3)
EL SALVADOR		16		55		59		(39)		(43)
GUATEMALA		11		43		44		(31)		(32)
MEXICO		57		97		96		(40)		(39)
PANAMA		44		94		91		(50)		(47)
PERU		31		29		27		2		3
OTHER		49		57		63		(8)		(14)
TOTAL TREASURY PORTOFOLIO (1)	\$	514	\$	775	\$	777	\$	(261)	\$	(263)

(1)

Includes securities available for sale, trading assets and contingent assets, which consist of credit default swap.

EXHIBIT XII CREDIT DISBURSEMENTS DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY (In US\$ million)

		QUARTERLY INFORMATION					Change in Amount			
		(A)		(B)	(C)					
COUNTRY	30	QTR09		2QTR09	3QTR08		(A) - (B)	(A) - (C)		
	¢	20	¢		ф О			(15)		
ARGENTINA	\$	20	\$	77	\$ 35		()	(15)		
BRAZIL		329		291	413		38	(84)		
CHILE		62		65	((3)	62		
COLOMBIA		51		10	83	3	41	(32)		
COSTA RICA		67		95	100	5	(27)	(39)		
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC		55		1	99)	54	(44)		
ECUADOR		37		67	149)	(30)	(112)		
EL SALVADOR		30		13	72	2	18	(42)		
GUATEMALA		19		48	10)	(29)	9		
HONDURAS		17		20	1	l	(3)	6		
JAMAICA		20		22	54	1	(1)	(34)		
MEXICO		95		89	140	5	6	(51)		
NICARAGUA		0		1	3	L	(1)	(31)		
PANAMA		1		42	37	7	(41)	(36)		
PERU		109		53	92	2	56	17		
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO		0		60	70	5	(60)	(76)		
URUGUAY		8		34	75	5	(26)	(68)		
VENEZUELA		108		3	25	5	105	84		
OTHER		30		36	()	(6)	30		
TOTAL CREDIT DISBURSED (1)	\$	1,058	\$	1,025	\$ 1,515	5\$	33 \$	(457)		

(1)

Includes book value of loans, fair value of selected investment securities, and contingencies (including confirmed letters of credit, stand-by letters of credit, guarantees covering commercial and country risks, credit default swap and credit commitments).