

BROADRIDGE FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, INC.
Form 10-Q
May 08, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File Number 001-33220

BROADRIDGE FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 33-1151291
(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

1981 Marcus Avenue 11042
Lake Success, NY (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (516) 472-5400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer" "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, as of April 30, 2015 was 119,874,874.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | | March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Revenues | \$634.2 | \$606.3 | \$1,764.6 | \$1,672.1 |
| Cost of revenues | 452.6 | 427.6 | 1,273.1 | 1,210.2 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 92.0 | 95.6 | 284.8 | 255.1 |
| Other expenses, net | 7.7 | 6.2 | 23.2 | 17.9 |
| Total expenses | 552.3 | 529.4 | 1,581.1 | 1,483.2 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 81.9 | 76.9 | 183.5 | 188.9 |
| Provision for income taxes | 27.9 | 26.1 | 62.3 | 66.1 |
| Net earnings | \$54.0 | \$50.8 | \$121.2 | \$122.8 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.45 | \$0.42 | \$1.01 | \$1.03 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.43 | \$0.41 | \$0.97 | \$0.99 |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 120.6 | 119.7 | 120.2 | 119.3 |
| Diluted | 125.0 | 124.8 | 124.4 | 124.0 |
| Dividends declared per common share | \$0.27 | \$0.21 | \$0.81 | \$0.63 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
 (In millions)
 (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| | March 31, | | March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net earnings | \$54.0 | \$50.8 | \$121.2 | \$122.8 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net: | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (16.7 |) (0.5 |) (32.6 |) 2.8 |
| Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes of \$0.0 and \$0.0 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively; and \$0.0 and \$(0.4) for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively | — | 0.1 | — | 0.6 |
| Pension and post-retirement liability adjustment, net of taxes of \$(0.1) and \$(0.1) for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively; and \$(0.2) and \$(0.2) for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively | — | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net | (16.7 |) (0.3 |) (32.5 |) 3.6 |
| Comprehensive income | \$37.3 | \$50.5 | \$88.7 | \$126.4 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.
 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
 (In millions, except per share amounts)
 (Unaudited)

| | March 31, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$310.1 | \$347.6 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2.3 and \$3.3, respectively | 486.4 | 424.8 |
| Other current assets | 135.5 | 108.2 |
| Total current assets | 932.0 | 880.6 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 81.4 | 88.3 |
| Goodwill | 891.1 | 856.1 |
| Intangible assets, net | 135.0 | 130.0 |
| Other non-current assets | 241.7 | 237.1 |
| Total assets | \$2,281.2 | \$2,192.1 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$117.9 | \$116.3 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 250.9 | 306.6 |
| Deferred revenues | 161.9 | 61.5 |
| Total current liabilities | 530.7 | 484.4 |
| Long-term debt | 629.3 | 524.1 |
| Deferred taxes | 44.1 | 62.4 |
| Deferred revenues | 73.3 | 59.0 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 105.1 | 100.5 |
| Total liabilities | 1,382.5 | 1,230.4 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note12) | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock: Authorized, 25.0 shares; issued and outstanding, none | — | — |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Authorized, 650.0 shares; issued, 154.5 and 154.5 shares, respectively; outstanding, 119.1 and 119.5 shares, respectively | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 851.9 | 810.7 |
| Retained earnings | 998.0 | 973.9 |
| Treasury stock, at cost: 35.4 and 35.0 shares, respectively | (930.6 |) (834.8 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (22.2 |) 10.3 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 898.7 | 961.7 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$2,281.2 | \$2,192.1 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | |
| Net earnings | \$121.2 | \$122.8 |
| Adjustments to reconcile Net earnings to Net cash flows provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 36.5 | 34.7 |
| Amortization of acquired intangibles | 17.8 | 16.6 |
| Amortization of other assets | 23.1 | 20.5 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 29.9 | 25.0 |
| Deferred income taxes | (28.7) | (15.3) |
| Excess tax benefits from the issuance of stock-based compensation awards | (21.4) | (7.7) |
| Other | 8.8 | 6.6 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Current assets and liabilities: | | |
| (Increase) decrease in Accounts receivable, net | (57.6) | 18.8 |
| Increase in Other current assets | (18.0) | (30.0) |
| Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable | 1.5 | (18.3) |
| Decrease in Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | (43.7) | (67.6) |
| Increase in Deferred revenues | 97.4 | 91.7 |
| Non-current assets and liabilities: | | |
| Increase in Other non-current assets | (36.0) | (36.2) |
| Increase in Other non-current liabilities | 25.8 | 25.8 |
| Net cash flows provided by operating activities | 156.6 | 187.4 |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities | | |
| Capital expenditures | (22.9) | (32.8) |
| Purchases of intangibles | (7.7) | (10.9) |
| Equity method investment | (5.5) | — |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | (64.9) | (97.1) |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | (101.0) | (140.8) |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | |
| Proceeds from Long-term debt | 120.0 | 399.5 |
| Repayments of Long-term debt | (15.0) | (400.0) |
| Excess tax benefits from the issuance of stock-based compensation awards | 21.4 | 7.7 |
| Dividends paid | (90.1) | (71.5) |
| Purchases of Treasury stock | (156.0) | (34.0) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 50.3 | 33.2 |
| Costs related to amendment of revolving credit facility | (1.9) | — |
| Costs related to issuance of bonds | — | (4.3) |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | (71.3) | (69.4) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on Cash and cash equivalents | (21.8) | 1.2 |
| Net change in Cash and cash equivalents | (37.5) | (21.6) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 347.6 | 266.0 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$310.1 | \$244.4 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |

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| | | |
|--|--------|---------|
| Cash payments made for interest | \$19.7 | \$13.3 |
| Cash payments made for income taxes | \$71.5 | \$101.5 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities: | | |
| Dividends payable | \$6.9 | \$3.7 |
| Property, plant and equipment | \$0.1 | \$1.6 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

A. Description of Business. Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. (“Broadridge” or the “Company”), a Delaware corporation, is a leading global provider of investor communication solutions and securities processing and business process outsourcing services to the financial services industry. In the second quarter of fiscal year 2015, the Company changed the name of its Securities Processing Solutions segment to the Global Technology and Operations segment. The Company classifies its operations into the following two reportable segments:

Investor Communication Solutions—The Bank/Broker-Dealer Investor Communication Solutions, Corporate Issuer Solutions and Mutual Fund and Retirement Solutions businesses operate within this segment. A large portion of Broadridge’s Investor Communication Solutions business involves the processing and distribution of proxy materials to investors in equity securities and mutual funds, as well as the facilitation of related vote processing. ProxyEdge®, Broadridge’s innovative electronic proxy delivery and voting solution for institutional investors and financial advisors, helps ensure the participation of the largest stockholders of many companies. Broadridge also provides the distribution of regulatory reports and corporate action/reorganization event information, as well as tax reporting solutions that help its clients meet their regulatory compliance needs. In addition, Broadridge provides financial information distribution and transaction reporting services to both financial institutions and securities issuers. These services include the processing and distribution of account statements and trade confirmations, traditional and personalized document fulfillment and content management services, marketing communications, and imaging, archival and workflow solutions that enable and enhance Broadridge’s clients’ communications with investors. All of these communications are delivered through paper or electronic channels. In addition, Broadridge provides corporate issuers with registered proxy services as well as registrar, stock transfer and record-keeping services.

In July 2013, Broadridge acquired Bonaire Software Solutions, LLC (“Bonaire”), a leading provider of fee calculation, billing, and revenue and expense management solutions for asset managers including institutional asset managers, wealth managers, mutual funds, bank trusts, hedge funds and capital markets firms.

In February 2014, Broadridge acquired Emerald Connect, LLC (“Emerald”), a leading provider of websites and related communications solutions for financial advisors.

In March 2015, the Company acquired Direxxis LLC (“Direxxis”), a provider of cloud-based marketing solutions and services.

Global Technology and Operations (formerly known as Securities Processing Solutions)—Broadridge’s Global Technology and Operations business offers a suite of advanced computerized real-time transaction processing services that automate the securities transaction lifecycle, from desktop productivity tools, data aggregation, performance reporting, and portfolio management to order capture and execution, trade confirmation, settlement, and accounting. Broadridge’s services help financial institutions and investment managers efficiently and cost-effectively consolidate their books and records, gather and service assets under management, focus on their core businesses, and manage risk. With multi-currency capabilities, Broadridge’s Global Processing Solution supports real-time global trading of equity, option, mutual fund, and fixed income securities in established and emerging markets. In addition, Broadridge’s business process outsourcing services allow broker-dealers to outsource certain administrative functions relating to clearing and settlement, from order entry to trade matching and settlement, while maintaining their ability to finance and capitalize their businesses.

In December 2014, Broadridge acquired TwoFour Systems LLC (“TwoFour Systems”), a provider of real-time foreign exchange solutions for banks and broker-dealers.

B. Basis of Presentation. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) in the United States of America (“U.S.”). These financial statements present the condensed consolidated position of the Company. These financial statements include the entities in which

the Company directly or indirectly has a controlling financial interest and various entities in which the Company has investments recorded under both the cost and equity methods of accounting. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year or any subsequent interim period. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report") filed on August 7, 2014 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

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These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation in accordance with GAAP of the Company's financial position at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the results of its operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and its cash flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

C. Use of Estimates. The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes thereto. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents. Investment securities with an original maturity of 90 days or less are considered cash equivalents. The fair value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents approximates carrying value.

E. Financial Instruments. Substantially all of the financial instruments of the Company other than Long-term debt are carried at fair values, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair values because of the short maturity of the instruments. The carrying value of the Company's long-term fixed-rate senior notes represents the face value of the long-term fixed-rate senior notes net of the unamortized discount. The fair value of the Company's long-term fixed-rate senior notes is based on quoted market prices. See Note 9, "Borrowings," for a further discussion of the Company's long-term fixed-rate senior notes.

F. Equity Method Investments. The Company's investments resulting in a 50% or less ownership interest are accounted for using the equity method of accounting when the ability to exercise significant influence is maintained by the Company. The Company's share of net income or losses of equity method investments is included in losses from equity method investments in Other expenses, net. Equity method investments are included in Other non-current assets. Equity method investments are reviewed for impairment by assessing if a decline in market value of the investment below the carrying value is other than temporary, which considers the intent and ability to retain the investment, the length of time and extent that the market value has been less than cost, and the financial condition of the investee.

G. Subsequent Events. In preparing the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic ("ASC") No. 855, "Subsequent Events," the Company has reviewed events that have occurred after March 31, 2015, through the date of issuance of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. During this period, the Company completed an acquisition in the Investor Communication Solutions segment. Please see Note 15, "Subsequent Event."

NOTE 2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-3, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" ("ASU No. 2015-3") to require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. ASU No. 2015-3 is effective for the Company in first quarter of fiscal year 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of ASU No. 2015-3 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-2, "Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis" ("ASU No. 2015-2") to provide consolidation guidance for limited partnerships, limited liability companies and securitization structures. In addition to reducing the number of consolidation models, the new standard places more emphasis on risk of loss when determining a controlling financial interest. ASU No. 2015-2 is effective for the Company in fiscal year 2017 and subsequent interim periods beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of ASU No. 2015-2 on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU No. 2014-09"), to supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The core principle of ASU No. 2014-09 is to recognize revenues when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. ASU No. 2014-09 defines a five step process to achieve this core principle and, in doing so, it is possible more judgment and estimates may be required within the revenue recognition process than required under existing U.S. GAAP including identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. ASU No. 2014-09 is effective for

the Company in our first quarter of fiscal year 2018 using either of two methods: (i) retrospective to each prior reporting period presented with the option to elect certain practical expedients as defined within ASU No. 2014-09; or (ii) retrospective with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASU No. 2014-09 recognized at the date of initial application and providing certain additional disclosures as defined per ASU No. 2014-09. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 on its consolidated financial statements.

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In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-08, "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" ("ASU No. 2014-08"), to change the criteria for determining which disposals can be presented as discontinued operations and enhanced the related disclosure requirements. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective for the Company on a prospective basis in our first quarter of fiscal year 2016 with early adoption permitted for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued. The impact of adopting ASU No. 2014-08 is dependent upon the nature of dispositions, if any, after adoption.

NOTE 3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the Company's Net earnings by the basic Weighted-average shares outstanding for the periods presented.

Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if outstanding stock options at the presented date are exercised and shares of restricted stock units have vested.

The computation of diluted EPS did not include 0.9 million and 1.6 million options to purchase Broadridge common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2015, and 2014, respectively, and 0.9 million and 0.6 million options to purchase Broadridge common stock for the nine months ended March 31, 2015, and 2014, respectively, as the effect of their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

The following table sets forth the denominators of the basic and diluted EPS computations (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 120.6 | 119.7 | 120.2 | 119.3 |
| Common stock equivalents | 4.4 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| Diluted | 125.0 | 124.8 | 124.4 | 124.0 |

NOTE 4. OTHER EXPENSES, NET

Other expenses, net consisted of the following:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Interest expense on borrowings | \$6.4 | \$6.2 | \$18.8 | \$17.0 |
| Interest income | (0.8 |) (0.7 |) (2.2 |) (1.4 |
| Losses from equity method investments | 1.7 | — | 5.1 | — |
| Foreign currency exchange (gain) loss | (0.2 |) 0.1 | — | (0.5 |
| Other, net | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 2.8 |
| Other expenses, net | \$7.7 | \$6.2 | \$23.2 | \$17.9 |

NOTE 5. ACQUISITIONS

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations were recorded on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of the respective acquisition dates based upon their estimated fair values at such dates. The results of operations of businesses acquired by the Company were included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings since their respective dates of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the underlying assets acquired and liabilities assumed was allocated to Goodwill.

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During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company acquired two businesses:

Direxxis

In March 2015, the Company's Investor Communication Solutions segment acquired Direxxis, a provider of cloud-based marketing solutions and services. The purchase price was \$33.3 million, net of cash acquired. Net assets assumed in the transaction were \$0.3 million. In addition, the Company recorded a \$0.8 million liability for the fair value of potential additional cash payments, which are payable over the next three years contingent upon the achievement by the acquired business of certain revenue and earnings targets. This acquisition resulted in \$20.1 million of Goodwill and \$13.7 million of intangible assets, consisting primarily of acquired customer relationships and software technology, which are being amortized over a ten-year life and five-year life, respectively. The results of Direxxis' operations were included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q from the date of acquisition. The allocation of the purchase price will be finalized upon completion of the analysis of the fair values of Direxxis' assets and liabilities. Pro forma supplemental financial information is not provided as the impact of the acquisition on the Company's operating results, financial position or cash flows was not material.

TwoFour Systems

In December 2014, the Company's Global Technology and Operations segment acquired TwoFour Systems, a provider of real-time foreign exchange solutions for banks and broker-dealers. The purchase price was \$31.6 million. Net liabilities assumed in the transaction were \$3.2 million. In addition, the Company recorded a \$1.1 million liability for the fair value of potential additional cash payments, which are payable over the next three years contingent upon the achievement by the acquired business of certain revenue and earnings targets. This acquisition resulted in \$25.4 million of Goodwill. Intangible assets acquired, which totaled \$10.5 million, consist primarily of acquired software technology and customer relationships, which are being amortized over a seven-year life and ten-year life, respectively. The results of TwoFour Systems' operations were included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q from the date of acquisition. Pro forma supplemental financial information is not provided as the impact of the acquisition on the Company's operating results, financial position or cash flows was not material.

NOTE 6. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Accounting guidance on fair value measurements for certain financial assets and liabilities requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 Inputs that are based upon unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. Level 1 assets for the Company includes a money market deposit account ("MMDA account").

Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active or financial instruments for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

In valuing assets and liabilities, the Company is required to maximize the use of quoted market prices and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The Company calculates the fair value of its Level 1 and Level 2 instruments based on the exchange traded price of similar or identical instruments where available or based on other observable instruments. These calculations take into consideration the credit risk of both the Company and its counterparties. The Company has not changed its valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of any financial assets and liabilities during the period.

In June 2013, the Company purchased certain available-for-sale securities in a non-public entity for which the lowest level of significant inputs was unobservable. On a recurring basis, the Company uses pricing models and similar techniques for which the determination of fair value requires significant judgment by management. Accordingly, the Company classifies the available-for-sale securities as Level 3 in the table below.

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The following tables set forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively, that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the period, segregated by level within the fair value hierarchy:

| | Level 1 (\$ in millions) | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | |
| Money market funds (1) | \$68.9 | \$— | \$— | \$68.9 |
| Other current assets: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale equity securities | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 |
| Other non-current assets: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale equity securities | 24.0 | — | 1.1 | 25.1 |
| Total as of March 31, 2015 | \$93.0 | \$— | \$1.1 | \$94.1 |

| | Level 1 (\$ in millions) | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | |
| Money market funds (1) | \$138.9 | \$— | \$— | \$138.9 |
| Other current assets: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale equity securities | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 |
| Other non-current assets: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale equity securities | 19.8 | — | 1.1 | 20.9 |
| Total as of June 30, 2014 | \$158.8 | \$— | \$1.1 | \$159.9 |

(1) Money market funds include MMDA account balances of \$53.7 million and \$71.6 million as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The following table sets forth an analysis of changes during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, in Level 3 financial assets of the Company:

| | March 31, 2015 (\$ in millions) | March 31, 2014 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$1.1 | \$1.1 |
| Net realized/unrealized gains (losses) | — | — |
| Purchases | — | — |
| Transfers in (out) of Level 3 | — | — |
| Ending balance | \$1.1 | \$1.1 |

The Company did not incur any Level 3 fair value asset impairments during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Changes in economic conditions or model based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments between levels. The Company's policy is to record transfers between levels if any, as of the beginning of the fiscal year. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no transfers between levels.

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NOTE 7. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Other non-current assets consisted of the following:

| | March 31, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| | (\$ in millions) | |
| Deferred client conversion and start-up costs | \$135.6 | \$135.5 |
| Deferred data center costs | 44.2 | 44.9 |
| Long-term investments | 29.8 | 25.3 |
| Long-term broker fees | 6.1 | 8.7 |
| Other | 26.0 | 22.7 |
| Total | \$241.7 | \$237.1 |

NOTE 8. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

| | March 31, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | (\$ in millions) | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | \$132.6 | \$164.4 |
| Accrued broker fees | 49.8 | 62.0 |
| Accrued taxes | 24.7 | 35.0 |
| Accrued dividend payable | 31.6 | 24.7 |
| Other | 12.2 | 20.5 |
| Total | \$250.9 | \$306.6 |

NOTE 9. BORROWINGS

Outstanding borrowings and available capacity under the Company's borrowing arrangements were as follows:

| | Expiration Date | March 31, 2015 | June 30, 2014 | Unused Available Capacity |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | (\$ in millions) | | |
| Long-term debt | | | | |
| Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility | August 2019 | \$105.0 | \$— | \$645.0 |
| Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes | June 2017 | 124.7 | 124.6 | — |
| Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes | September 2020 | 399.6 | 399.5 | — |
| Total debt | | \$629.3 | \$524.1 | \$645.0 |

Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility: On August 14, 2014, the Company entered into an amended and restated \$750.0 million five-year revolving credit facility (the "Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility"), which replaced the \$500.0 million five-year revolving credit facility entered into in September 2012 (the "Fiscal 2012 Revolving Credit Facility"). The Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility is comprised of a \$670.0 million U.S. dollar tranche and an \$80.0 million multicurrency tranche.

Borrowings under the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility initially bear interest at LIBOR plus 112.5 basis points. The Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility has an annual facility fee equal to 12.5 basis points on the unused portion of the facility, which totaled \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015. The Company incurred \$1.9 million in debt issuance costs to establish the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility. During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the Company expensed \$0.1 million of issuance costs related to certain lenders from the 2012 Revolving Credit Facility that are not participating in the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2015, \$2.1 million of debt issuance costs remain to be amortized (including \$0.4 million of issuance costs from the Fiscal 2012 Revolving Credit Facility). Such costs are capitalized in Other non-current assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and are being amortized to Other expenses, net on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of this facility.

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The Company may voluntarily prepay, in whole or in part and without premium or penalty, borrowings under the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility at any time. The Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility is subject to covenants, including financial covenants consisting of a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. At March 31, 2015, the Company is not aware of any instances of non-compliance with the financial covenants of the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility.

Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes: In May 2007, the Company completed an offering of \$250.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior notes (the "Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes"). The Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes will mature on June 1, 2017 and bear interest at a rate of 6.125% per annum. Interest on the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1st and December 1st each year. The Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes were issued at a price of 99.1% (effective yield to maturity of 6.251%). The indenture governing the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes contains certain covenants including covenants restricting the Company's ability to create or incur liens securing indebtedness for borrowed money and to enter into certain sale-leaseback transactions. At March 31, 2015, the Company is not aware of any instances of non-compliance with the covenants of the indenture governing the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes. The indenture also contains covenants regarding the purchase of the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes upon a change of control triggering event. The Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally with the Company's other senior indebtedness. The Company may redeem the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes in whole or in part at any time before their maturity. The Company incurred \$1.9 million in debt issuance costs to establish the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes. These costs have been capitalized and are being amortized to Other expenses, net on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method, over the ten-year term. As of March 31, 2015, \$0.3 million of debt issuance costs remain to be amortized. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Company purchased \$125.0 million principal amount of the Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes (including \$1.0 million unamortized bond discount) pursuant to a cash tender offer for such notes. The fair value of the fixed-rate Fiscal 2007 Senior Notes at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 was \$136.2 million and \$139.1 million, respectively, based on quoted market prices and has been classified as a Level 1 financial liability (as defined in Note 6, "Fair Value of Financial Instruments").

Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes: In August 2013, the Company completed an offering of \$400.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior notes (the "Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes"). The Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes will mature on September 1, 2020 and bear interest at a rate of 3.95% per annum. Interest on the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1st and September 1st each year. The Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes were issued at a price of 99.871% (effective yield to maturity of 3.971%). The indenture governing the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes contains certain covenants including covenants restricting the Company's ability to create or incur liens securing indebtedness for borrowed money and to enter into certain sale-leaseback transactions. At March 31, 2015, the Company is not aware of any instances of non-compliance with the covenants of the indenture governing the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes. The indenture also contains covenants regarding the purchase of the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes upon a change of control triggering event. The Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally with the Company's other senior indebtedness. The Company may redeem the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes in whole or in part at any time before their maturity. The Company incurred \$4.3 million in debt issuance costs to establish the Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes. These costs have been capitalized and are being amortized to Other expenses, net on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method, over the seven-year term. As of March 31, 2015, \$3.3 million of debt issuance costs remain to be amortized. The fair value of the fixed-rate Fiscal 2014 Senior Notes at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 was \$424.3 million and \$426.6 million based on quoted market prices and has been classified as a Level 1 financial liability (as defined in Note 6, "Fair Value of Financial Instruments").

In addition, certain of the Company's subsidiaries established unsecured, uncommitted lines of credit with banks. As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, there were no outstanding borrowings under these lines of credit.

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NOTE 10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The activity related to the Company's incentive equity awards for the three months ended March 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

| | Stock Options | | Time-based Restricted Stock Units | | Performance-based Restricted Stock Units | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Number of Options (d) | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Number of Shares | Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value | Number of Shares | Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| Balances at January 1, 2015 | 8,410,158 | \$24.83 | 2,506,669 | \$29.33 | 868,014 | \$28.90 |
| Granted | 936,042 | 50.95 | 19,844 | 48.58 | — | — |
| Exercise of stock options (a) | (1,073,373) | 19.34 | — | — | — | — |
| Vesting of restricted stock units (b) | — | — | (61,769) | 22.54 | (3,652) | 21.26 |
| Expired/forfeited | (34,692) | 27.47 | (69,201) | 28.74 | (6,444) | 26.80 |
| Balances at March 31, 2015 (c) | 8,238,135 | \$28.50 | 2,395,543 | \$29.68 | 857,918 | \$28.95 |

(a) Stock options exercised during the period of January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015 had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$32.9 million.

(b) Time-based and performance-based restricted stock units that vested during the period of January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015 had a fair value of \$3.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015, the Company's outstanding "in the money" stock options using the March 31, 2015 closing stock price of \$55.01 (approximately 5.0 million shares) had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$159.5 million. As of (c) March 31, 2015, time-based restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units expected to vest using the March 31, 2015 share price of \$55.01 (approximately 2.3 million and 0.9 million shares, respectively) had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$126.3 million and \$47.6 million, respectively.

(d) Stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2015 have a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 6.3 years and 5.0 million stock options are exercisable.

The activity related to the Company's incentive equity awards for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

| | Stock Options | | Time-based Restricted Stock Units | | Performance-based Restricted Stock Units | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Number of Options | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Number of Shares | Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value | Number of Shares | Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| Balances at July 1, 2014 | 9,847,291 | \$23.73 | 1,866,408 | \$25.69 | 662,282 | \$26.30 |
| Granted | 1,072,672 | 50.10 | 714,273 | 39.20 | 215,840 | 36.91 |
| Exercise of stock options (a) | (2,591,210) | 19.43 | — | — | — | — |
| Vesting of restricted stock units (b) | — | — | (71,793) | 22.96 | (8,862) | 22.46 |
| Expired/forfeited | (90,618) | 24.98 | (113,345) | 28.28 | (11,342) | 30.27 |
| Balances at March 31, 2015 | 8,238,135 | \$28.50 | 2,395,543 | \$29.68 | 857,918 | \$28.95 |

(a) Stock options exercised during the period of July 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015 had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$68.9 million.

(b) Time-based and performance-based restricted stock units that vested during the period of July 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015 had a fair value of \$3.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

The Company has stock-based compensation plans under which the Company annually grants stock option and restricted stock unit awards. Exercise prices on options granted have been and continue to be set equal to the market price of the underlying shares on the date of the grant (except special stock option grants which were granted in fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010 to certain executive officers who were with the brokerage division of Automatic Data Processing, Inc. at the time of the spin-off, some of which have a premium exercise price), with the measurement of stock-based compensation expense recognized in Net earnings based on the fair value of the award on the date of grant. Stock-based compensation expense of

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\$10.3 million, as well as related tax benefits of \$3.9 million was recognized for both the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Stock-based compensation expense of \$29.9 million and \$25.0 million, as well as related tax benefits of \$11.3 million and \$9.4 million was recognized for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015, the total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options and restricted stock unit awards amounted to \$17.4 million and \$36.2 million, respectively, which will be amortized over the weighted-average remaining requisite service periods of 3.3 years and 1.7 years, respectively.

For stock options issued, the fair value of each stock option was estimated on the date of grant using a binomial option pricing model. The binomial model considers a range of assumptions related to volatility, risk-free interest rate and employee exercise behavior. Expected volatilities utilized in the binomial model are based on a combination of implied market volatilities, historical volatility of the Company's stock price and other factors. Similarly, the dividend yield is based on historical experience and expected future changes. The risk-free rate is derived from the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The binomial model also incorporates exercise and forfeiture assumptions based on an analysis of historical data. The expected life of the stock option grants is derived from the output of the binomial model and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding.

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

The Provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$27.9 million and 34.1%, and \$62.3 million and 34.0%, compared to \$26.1 million and 33.9%, and \$66.1 million and 35.0% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable prior year period is primarily attributable to the decrease in the percentage of lower taxed non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes.

The decrease for the nine month period ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable prior year period is primarily attributable to the recognition of the U.S. federal research and development tax credits based on the December 2014 legislative reinstatement of this credit for calendar year 2014, as well as a lower U.S. state effective rate and certain reserve items released due to statute of limitation expiration, partially offset by a change in the geographical mix of income which lowered the percentage of lower taxed non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes when compared to the comparable prior year period.

NOTE 12. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to various claims and litigation. While the outcome of any claim or litigation is inherently unpredictable, the Company believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2010, the Company and International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") entered into an Information Technology Services Agreement (the "IT Services Agreement"), under which IBM provides certain aspects of the Company's information technology infrastructure. Under the IT Services Agreement, IBM provides a broad range of technology services to the Company including supporting its mainframe, midrange, open systems, network and data center operations, as well as providing disaster recovery services. The Company has the option of incorporating additional services into the agreement over time. The migration of data center processing to IBM was completed in August 2012. The IT Services Agreement would have expired on June 30, 2022. In March 2015, the Company signed a two-year extension to the IT Services Agreement which expires on June 30, 2024. The Company has the right to renew the term of the IT Services Agreement for up to one additional 12-month term. Commitments remaining under this agreement at March 31, 2015 are \$551.7 million through fiscal year 2024, the final year of the contract.

In March 2014, the Company and IBM United Kingdom Limited ("IBM UK") entered into an Information Technology Services Agreement (the "EU IT Services Agreement"), under which IBM UK provides data center services supporting the Company's technology outsourcing services for certain clients in Europe and Asia. The EU IT Services Agreement expires in October 2023. The Company has the right to renew the initial term of the EU IT Services Agreement for up to one additional 12-month term or one additional 24-month term. Commitments remaining under this agreement at March 31, 2015 are \$41.4 million through fiscal year 2024, the final year of the contract.

In July 2014, the Company entered into an agreement providing for a capital commitment of \$7.5 million to be made by the Company into an equity method investment. The Company contributed \$5.5 million to this investment during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, and has a remaining commitment of \$2.0 million through June 30, 2015.

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It is not the Company's business practice to enter into off-balance sheet arrangements. However, the Company is exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates that could impact its financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. The Company manages its exposure to these market risks through its regular operating and financing activities and, when deemed appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. The Company may use derivative financial instruments as risk management tools and not for trading purposes. The Company was not a party to any derivative financial instruments as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014. In the normal course of business, the Company also enters into contracts in which it makes representations and warranties that relate to the performance of the Company's products and services. The Company does not expect any material losses related to such representations and warranties, or collateral arrangements.

The Company's business process outsourcing and mutual fund processing services are performed by a securities broker-dealer, Broadridge Business Process Outsourcing, LLC ("BBPO"). BBPO is registered with the SEC, is a member of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), and is required to participate in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). Although BBPO's FINRA membership agreement allows it to engage in clearing, and the retailing of corporate securities in addition to mutual fund retailing on a wire order basis, BBPO does not clear customer transactions, process any retail business or carry customer accounts. BBPO is subject to regulations concerning many aspects of its business, including trade practices, capital requirements, record retention, money laundering prevention, the protection of customer funds and customer securities, and the supervision of the conduct of directors, officers and employees. A failure to comply with any of these laws, rules or regulations could result in censure, fine, the issuance of cease-and-desist orders, or the suspension or revocation of SEC or FINRA authorization granted to allow the operation of its business or disqualification of its directors, officers or employees. Recently, there has been increased regulatory scrutiny of the securities industry including the outsourcing by firms of their operations or functions. This oversight could result in the future enactment of more restrictive laws or rules with respect to business process outsourcing. In addition, MG Trust Company, LLC ("MG Trust Company"), a subsidiary of the Company's Matrix Financial Solutions, Inc. ("Matrix"), is a Colorado State non-depository trust company and National Securities Clearing Corporation trust member, whose primary business is to provide cash agent, custodial and directed or non-discretionary trust services to institutional customers. MG Trust Company operates pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Colorado Division of Banking.

NOTE 13. CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY COMPONENT

The following tables summarize the changes in the accumulated balances for each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2015, and 2014, respectively:

| | Foreign Currency Translation | Available- for-Sale Securities | Pension and Post- Retirement Liabilities | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Balances at January 1, 2015 | \$(2.3) | \$1.9 | \$(5.1) | \$(5.5) |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications | (16.7) | — | — | (16.7) |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income | — | — | — | — |
| Balances at March 31, 2015 | \$(19.0) | \$1.9 | \$(5.1) | \$(22.2) |

| | Foreign Currency Translation | Available- for-Sale Securities | Pension and Post- Retirement Liabilities | Total |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------|
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Balances at January 1, 2014 | \$10.9 | \$1.6 | \$(4.4) | \$8.1 |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications | (0.5) | 0.1 | — | (0.4) |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------|-------|--------|---------|
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income | — | — | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Balances at March 31, 2014 | \$10.4 | \$1.7 | \$(4.3 |) \$7.8 |

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The following tables summarize the changes in the accumulated balances for each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for the nine months ended March 31, 2015, and 2014, respectively:

| | Foreign Currency Translation | Available- for-Sale Securities | Pension and Post- Retirement Liabilities | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Balances at July 1, 2014 | \$13.6 | \$1.9 | \$(5.2) | \$10.3 |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications | (32.6) | — | — | (32.6) |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income | — | — | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Balances at March 31, 2015 | \$(19.0) | \$1.9 | \$(5.1) | \$(22.2) |

| | Foreign Currency Translation | Available- for-Sale Securities | Pension and Post- Retirement Liabilities | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------|
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Balances at July 1, 2013 | \$7.6 | \$1.1 | \$(4.5) | \$4.2 |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications | 2.8 | 0.6 | — | 3.4 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income | — | — | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Balances at March 31, 2014 | \$10.4 | \$1.7 | \$(4.3) | \$7.8 |

The following table summarizes the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | | Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014 | |
|---|---|-------|--|-------|
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Pension and Post-retirement liabilities: | | | | |
| Amortization of loss reclassified into Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$0.1 | \$0.2 | \$0.3 | \$0.4 |
| Tax income | (0.1) | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.2) |
| Amortization of loss net of tax | \$— | \$0.1 | \$0.1 | \$0.2 |

NOTE 14. INTERIM FINANCIAL DATA BY SEGMENT

The Company classifies its operations into the following two reportable segments: Investor Communication Solutions and Global Technology and Operations (formerly known as Securities Processing Solutions).

The primary components of “Other” are the elimination of intersegment revenues and profits as well as certain unallocated expenses. Foreign currency exchange is a reconciling item between the actual foreign currency exchange rates and fiscal year 2015 budgeted foreign currency exchange rates.

Certain corporate expenses, as well as certain centrally managed expenses, are allocated based upon budgeted amounts in a reasonable manner. Because the Company compensates the management of its various businesses on, among other factors, segment profit, the Company may elect to record certain segment-related expense items in Other rather than reflect such items in segment profit.

In connection with an organizational change made in 2014 in order to further align and enhance our portfolio of services, certain discrete services that were previously reported in our Global Technology and Operations reportable segment are now reported within the Investor Communication Solutions reportable segment. As a result, our prior period segment results have been revised to reflect this change in reporting segments.

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Segment results:

| | Revenues | | Earnings (Loss) before Income Taxes | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Investor Communication Solutions | \$466.1 | \$435.5 | \$1,264.4 | \$1,163.4 |
| Global Technology and Operations | 178.0 | 172.7 | 514.9 | 509.7 |
| Foreign currency exchange | (9.9 |) (1.9 |) (14.7 |) (1.0 |
| Total | \$634.2 | \$606.3 | \$1,764.6 | \$1,672.1 |
| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Investor Communication Solutions | \$63.0 | \$57.2 | \$135.4 | \$117.7 |
| Global Technology and Operations | 33.6 | 36.1 | 91.7 | 103.5 |
| Other | (16.4 |) (20.0 |) (53.5 |) (45.3 |
| Foreign currency exchange | 1.7 | 3.6 | 9.9 | 13.0 |
| Total | \$81.9 | \$76.9 | \$183.5 | \$188.9 |

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 10, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of the trade processing business of the Wilmington Trust Retirement and Institutional Services unit of M&T Bank Corporation. The acquired business is being combined with Broadridge's mutual fund and ETF trade processing platform in its Investor Communication Solutions segment. The purchase price was \$61.0 million, subject to net working capital and post-closing adjustments. As of the date of the acquisition, the acquired net assets will be recorded at fair value in accordance with the purchase method of accounting and the results of operations of the acquired business will be included in the results of operations of the Investor Communication Solutions segment. This acquisition was not material to the Company's operations, financial position, or cash flows. As of the date of the filing of this report, the preliminary purchase price allocation has not been finalized.

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes thereto included elsewhere herein.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements that are not historical in nature and which may be identified by the use of words such as "expects," "assumes," "projects," "anticipates," "estimates," "we believe," "could be" and other words of similar meaning, are forward-looking statements. In particular, information appearing under "Business," "Risk Factors," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" includes

forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management's expectations and assumptions and are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements include: the success of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. ("Broadridge" or the "Company") in retaining and selling additional services to its existing clients and in obtaining new clients;

Broadridge's reliance on a relatively small number of clients, the continued financial health of those clients, and the continued use by such clients of Broadridge's services with favorable pricing terms;

changes in laws and regulations affecting Broadridge's clients or the services provided by Broadridge;

declines in participation and activity in the securities markets;

any material breach of Broadridge security affecting its clients' customer information;

the failure of our outsourced data center services provider to provide the anticipated levels of service;

a disaster or other significant slowdown or failure of Broadridge's systems or error in the performance of Broadridge's services;

overall market and economic conditions and their impact on the securities markets;

Broadridge's failure to keep pace with changes in technology and demands of its clients;

the ability to attract and retain key personnel;

the impact of new acquisitions and divestitures; and

competitive conditions.

There may be other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements.

Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements. We can give no assurances that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking statements will occur or, if any of them do, what impact they will have on our results of operations and financial condition. You should carefully read the factors described in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report") for a description of certain risks that could, among other things, cause our actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements. We have changed the name of our Securities Processing Solutions business to the Global Technology and Operations business. Any references to the Securities Processing Solutions business in the Risk Factors now refer to the Global Technology and Operations business.

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the 2014 Annual Report. We disclaim any obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, other than as required by law.

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Overview

Broadridge is a leading global provider of investor communications and technology-driven solutions to banks, broker-dealers, mutual funds and corporate issuers. Our systems and services include investor communication solutions, and securities processing and business process outsourcing services. In short, we provide the infrastructure that helps the financial services industry operate. With over 50 years of experience, we provide financial services firms with advanced, dependable, scalable and cost-effective integrated systems. Our systems help reduce the need for clients to make significant capital investments in operations infrastructure, thereby allowing them to increase their focus on core business activities. Our operations are classified into two business segments: Investor Communication Solutions and Global Technology and Operations. In the second quarter of fiscal year 2015, we changed the name of our Securities Processing Solutions business segment to Global Technology and Operations.

Investor Communication Solutions

Our Bank/Broker-Dealer Investor Communication Solutions, Corporate Issuer Solutions, and Mutual Fund and Retirement Solutions businesses operate within this segment. A large portion of our Investor Communication Solutions business involves the processing and distribution of proxy materials to investors in equity securities and mutual funds, as well as the facilitation of related vote processing. ProxyEdge, our innovative electronic proxy delivery and voting solution for institutional investors and financial advisors, helps ensure the participation of the largest stockholders of many companies. We also provide the distribution of regulatory reports and corporate action/reorganization event information, as well as tax reporting solutions that help our clients meet their regulatory compliance needs. In addition, we provide financial information distribution and transaction reporting services to both financial institutions and securities issuers. These services include the processing and distribution of account statements and trade confirmations, traditional and personalized document fulfillment and content management services, marketing communications, and imaging, archival and workflow solutions that enable and enhance our clients' communications with investors. All of these communications are delivered through paper or electronic channels. In addition, Broadridge provides corporate issuers with registered proxy services as well as registrar, stock transfer and record-keeping services.

In July 2013, Broadridge acquired Bonaire Software Solutions, LLC ("Bonaire"), a leading provider of fee calculation, billing, and revenue and expense management solutions for asset managers including institutional asset managers, wealth managers, mutual funds, bank trusts, hedge funds and capital markets firms.

In February 2014, Broadridge acquired Emerald Connect, LLC ("Emerald"), a leading provider of websites and related communications solutions for financial advisors.

In March 2015, the Company acquired Direxxis LLC ("Direxxis"), a provider of cloud-based marketing solutions and services.

Global Technology and Operations

Our Global Technology and Operations business offers a suite of advanced computerized real-time transaction processing services that automate the securities transaction lifecycle, from desktop productivity tools, data aggregation, performance reporting, and portfolio management to order capture and execution, trade confirmation, settlement, and accounting. Our services help financial institutions and investment managers efficiently and cost-effectively consolidate their books and records, gather and service assets under management, focus on their core businesses, and manage risk. With multi-currency capabilities, our Global Processing Solution supports real-time global trading of equity, option, mutual fund, and fixed income securities in established and emerging markets. In addition, our business process outsourcing services allow broker-dealers to outsource certain administrative functions relating to clearing and settlement, from order entry to trade matching and settlement, while maintaining their ability to finance and capitalize their businesses.

In December 2014, Broadridge acquired TwoFour Systems LLC ("TwoFour Systems"), a provider of real-time foreign exchange solutions for banks and broker-dealers.

Basis of Presentation

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America ("U.S."). These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements present the condensed consolidated position of the Company. These financial statements include the

entities in which the Company directly or indirectly has a controlling financial interest and various entities in which the Company has investments recorded under both the cost and equity methods of accounting. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The

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results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year or any subsequent interim period. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 in the 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on August 7, 2014.

In presenting the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and available information. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. In management's opinion, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results reported. The results of operations reported for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for subsequent periods.

Critical Accounting Policies

In presenting the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Management continually evaluates the accounting policies and estimates used to prepare the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment, available information, and historical experience and are believed to be reasonable. However, actual amounts and results could differ from these estimates made by management. In management's opinion, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results reported. Certain accounting policies that require significant management estimates and are deemed critical to our results of operations or financial position are discussed in the "Critical Accounting Policies" section of Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Results of Operations

The following discussions of Analysis of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Analysis of Reportable Segments refer to the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014. The Analysis of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings should be read in conjunction with the Analysis of Reportable Segments, which provides a more detailed discussion concerning certain components of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

The following references are utilized in the discussions of Analysis of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Analysis of Reportable Segments:

"Acquisition Amortization and Other Costs" represents amortization charges associated with acquired intangible assets as well as other transaction costs associated with the Company's acquisitions.

"Net New Business" refers to recurring revenue from closed sales less recurring revenue from client losses.

The following definitions describe the Company's Revenues:

Fee revenues in the Investor Communication Solutions segment are derived from both recurring and event-driven activity. In addition, the level of recurring and event-driven activity we process directly impacts distribution revenues. While event-driven activity is highly repeatable, it may not recur on an annual basis. The types of services we provide that comprise event-driven activity are:

Mutual Fund Proxy: The proxy and related services we provide to mutual funds when certain events occur requiring a shareholder vote including changes in directors, sub-advisors, fee structures, investment restrictions, and mergers of funds.

Mutual Fund Communications: Mutual fund communications services consist primarily of the distribution on behalf of mutual funds of supplemental information required to be provided to the annual mutual fund prospectus as a result of certain triggering events such as a change in portfolio managers. In addition, mutual fund communications consist of notices and marketing materials such as newsletters.

Proxy Contests and Specials, Corporate Actions, and Other: The proxy services we provide in connection with shareholder meetings driven by special events such as proxy contests, mergers and acquisitions, and tender/exchange offers.

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Event-driven fee revenues are based on the number of special events and corporate transactions we process. Event-driven activity is impacted by financial market conditions and changes in regulatory compliance requirements, resulting in fluctuations in the timing and levels of event-driven fee revenues. As such, the timing and level of event-driven activity and its potential impact on revenues and earnings is difficult to forecast.

Generally, mutual fund proxy activity has been subject to a greater level of volatility than the other components of event-driven activity. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, mutual fund proxy fee revenues were 5% higher than the nine months ended March 31, 2014. During fiscal years 2014 and 2013, mutual fund proxy fee revenues were 31% and 54% higher, respectively, than the prior fiscal year. During fiscal year 2012, mutual fund proxy revenues were 28% lower than the prior fiscal year. Although it is difficult to forecast the levels of event-driven activity, we expect that the portion of fee revenues derived from mutual fund proxy activity may continue to experience volatility in the future.

Distribution revenues primarily include revenues related to the physical mailing of proxy materials, interim communications, transaction reporting, and fulfillment services as well as Matrix Financial Solutions, Inc. ("Matrix") administrative services.

Distribution cost of revenues consists primarily of postage-related expenses incurred in connection with our Investor Communication Solutions segment as well as Matrix shareholder services fees. These costs are reflected in Cost of Revenues.

Closed sales represent anticipated revenues for new client contracts that were signed by Broadridge during the periods referenced. A sale is considered closed when the Company has received the signed client contract. For recurring revenue closed sales, the amount of the closed sale is generally a reasonable estimate of annual revenues based on client volumes or activity, excluding pass-through revenues such as distribution revenues. Event-driven revenue closed sales primarily occur in our Investor Communication Solutions segment. The amount of the event-driven revenue closed sale is generally a reasonable estimate of production revenues based on client volumes or activity, excluding pass-through revenues such as distribution revenues. Broadridge's determination of the amount of a closed sale is based on the client's estimate of transaction volumes and activity levels, as our fees are largely based on transaction volume and activity levels. The inherent variability of transaction volumes and activity levels can result in some variability of amounts reported as closed sales. Larger recurring revenue closed sales can take up to 12 to 24 months or longer to convert to revenues, particularly for the services provided by our Global Technology and Operations segment. The majority of event-driven revenue closed sales are usually recognized during the year the contract is signed.

The Company tracks actual revenues achieved during the first year that the client contract is fully implemented and compares this to the amount that was included in the Company's previously reported closed sales amount. The Company adjusts the current year closed sales amount for any difference between the prior year's reported closed sales amount and the actual revenues achieved in the first year of the applicable contract. Recurring revenue closed sales were adjusted by \$0.7 million and zero for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Recurring revenue closed sales were adjusted by \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Event-driven revenue closed sales were adjusted by \$(0.1) million and zero for both the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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Analysis of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

The table below presents Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings data for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the dollar and percentage changes between periods:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | Change | |
|--|--|---------|--------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ | % |
| | (\$ in millions, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Revenues | \$634.2 | \$606.3 | \$27.9 | 5 |
| Cost of revenues | 452.6 | 427.6 | 25.0 | 6 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 92.0 | 95.6 | (3.6) | (4) |
| Other expenses, net | 7.7 | 6.2 | 1.5 | 24 |
| Total expenses | 552.3 | 529.4 | 22.9 | 4 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 81.9 | 76.9 | 5.0 | 7 |
| Margin | 12.9 | % 12.7 | % | 0.2 pts |
| Provision for income taxes | 27.9 | 26.1 | 1.8 | 7 |
| Effective tax rate | 34.1 | % 33.9 | % | 0.2 pts |
| Net earnings | \$54.0 | \$50.8 | \$3.2 | 6 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.45 | \$0.42 | \$0.03 | 7 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.43 | \$0.41 | \$0.02 | 5 |

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014

The table below presents Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings data for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the dollar and percentage changes between periods:

| | Nine Months Ended March 31, | | Change | |
|--|--|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ | % |
| | (\$ in millions, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Revenues | \$1,764.6 | \$1,672.1 | \$92.5 | 6 |
| Cost of revenues | 1,273.1 | 1,210.2 | 62.9 | 5 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 284.8 | 255.1 | 29.7 | 12 |
| Other expenses, net | 23.2 | 17.9 | 5.3 | 30 |
| Total expenses | 1,581.1 | 1,483.2 | 97.9 | 7 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 183.5 | 188.9 | (5.4) | (3) |
| Margin | 10.4 | % 11.3 | % | (0.9) pts |
| Provision for income taxes | 62.3 | 66.1 | (3.8) | (6) |
| Effective tax rate | 34.0 | % 35.0 | % | (1.0) pts |
| Net earnings | \$121.2 | \$122.8 | \$(1.6) | (1) |
| Basic earnings per share | \$1.01 | \$1.03 | \$(0.02) | (2) |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.97 | \$0.99 | \$(0.02) | (2) |

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$634.2 million, an increase of \$27.9 million, or 5%, compared to \$606.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The \$27.9 million increase was driven by higher recurring fee revenues of \$18.9 million, or 5%, higher event-driven fee revenues of \$9.4 million, or 25%, and higher distribution revenues of \$7.6 million, or 4%. The positive contribution from recurring fee revenues reflected gains from Net

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New Business (2pts), internal growth (1pt) and contributions from acquisitions (1pt). Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates negatively impacted revenues by \$8.0 million.

Closed sales for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$51.0 million, an increase of \$9.6 million, or 23%, compared to \$41.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Recurring revenue closed sales for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$26.7 million, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 14%, compared to \$23.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Event-driven revenue closed sales for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$24.3 million, an increase of \$6.4 million, or 36%, compared to \$17.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues. Revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$1,764.6 million, an increase of \$92.5 million, or 6%, compared to \$1,672.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The \$92.5 million increase was driven by higher recurring fee revenues of \$59.1 million, or 5%, and higher distribution revenues of \$33.9 million, or 7%. The positive contribution from recurring fee revenues reflected gains from Net New Business (3pts), internal growth (1pt), and contributions from acquisitions (1pt). Event-driven fee revenues were \$120.0 million, an increase of \$13.2 million, or 12%, compared to \$106.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates negatively impacted revenues by \$13.7 million.

Closed sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$155.6 million, an increase of \$59.7 million, or 62%, compared to \$95.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Recurring revenue closed sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$107.6 million, an increase of \$46.0 million, or 75%, compared to \$61.6 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Event-driven revenue closed sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$48.0 million, an increase of \$13.7 million, or 40%, compared to \$34.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

Total Expenses. Total expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$552.3 million, an increase of \$22.9 million, or 4%, compared to \$529.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Cost of revenues were higher by \$25.0 million, or 6%, Other expenses, net increased by \$1.5 million, or 24%, and Selling, general and administrative expenses were lower by \$3.6 million, or 4%.

Cost of revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$452.6 million, an increase of \$25.0 million, or 6%, compared to \$427.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase reflects higher distribution cost of revenues of \$8.0 million driven mostly by the increase in distribution revenues, higher costs related to acquisitions of \$4.8 million and higher variable expenses driven mostly by the increase in recurring and event-driven fee revenues. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates decreased cost of fee revenues by \$6.2 million.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$92.0 million, a decrease of \$3.6 million, or 4%, compared to \$95.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease was primarily related to lower performance-based compensation expenses of \$4.5 million and lower professional services fees of \$2.7 million primarily in support of the Company's corporate and growth initiatives, partially offset by higher costs related to acquisitions of \$2.0 million and higher selling and marketing expenses of \$1.5 million as the Company continues to raise its brand and service awareness in the marketplace to increase its sales capabilities.

Other expenses, net for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$7.7 million, an increase of \$1.5 million, or 24%, compared to \$6.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, mainly reflecting \$1.7 million related to losses from equity method investments. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates decreased Other expenses, net by \$0.3 million.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 versus Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014

Total Expenses. Total expenses for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$1,581.1 million, an increase of \$97.9 million, or 7%, compared to \$1,483.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Cost of revenues were higher by \$62.9 million, or 5%, Selling, general and administrative expenses were higher by \$29.7 million, or 12%, and Other expenses, net increased by \$5.3 million, or 30%.

Cost of revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$1,273.1 million, an increase of \$62.9 million, or 5%, compared to \$1,210.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increase reflects higher distribution

cost of revenues of \$33.1 million driven mostly by the increase in distribution revenues, higher costs related to acquisitions of \$11.9

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million and higher variable expenses driven mostly by the increase in recurring and event-driven fee revenues.

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates decreased cost of fee revenues by \$11.0 million.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$284.8 million, an increase of \$29.7 million, or 12%, compared to \$255.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily related to higher selling and marketing expenses of \$6.4 million as the Company continues to focus on increasing its sales capabilities, higher commissions of \$5.8 million due to the growth in closed sales as discussed above, higher costs related to acquisitions of \$5.7 million, a \$2.8 million increase in costs related to corporate staffing changes in the current year and higher professional services fees of \$1.9 million primarily in support of the Company's corporate and growth initiatives. Also contributing to the increase was a \$3.6 million change in the fair value of our obligations under contingent acquisition consideration arrangements.

Other expenses, net for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$23.2 million, an increase of \$5.3 million, or 30%, compared to \$17.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, mainly reflecting a \$5.1 million increase related to losses from equity method investments and higher interest expense of \$1.8 million related to our borrowings, slightly offset by a \$0.8 million increase in interest income.

Earnings before Income Taxes. Earnings before income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$81.9 million, an increase of \$5.0 million, or 7%, compared to \$76.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

The increase is mainly due to higher revenues and improvement in pre-tax margins, which increased to 12.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 12.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Earnings before income taxes for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$183.5 million, a decrease of \$5.4 million, or 3%, compared to \$188.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease is mainly due to higher Selling, general, and administrative expenses as the Company has focused on expanding its sales organization to increase its sales capabilities. Pre-tax margins decreased to 10.4% for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to 11.3% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Provision for Income Taxes. The Provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$27.9 million and 34.1%, compared to \$26.1 million and 33.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The Provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$62.3 million and 34.0%, compared to \$66.1 million and 35.0% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable three month prior year period is primarily attributable to the decrease in the percentage of lower taxed non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes as a result of weakening foreign currencies versus the U.S. dollar. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the nine month period ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable nine month prior year period is primarily attributable to the recognition of the U.S. federal research and development tax credits based on the December 2014 legislative reinstatement of this credit for calendar year 2014, as well as a lower U.S. state effective rate and certain reserve items released due to statute of limitation expiration, partially offset by a change in the geographical mix of income which lowered the percentage of taxable non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes when compared to the comparable prior year period.

Net Earnings and Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share. Net earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$54.0 million, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 6%, compared to \$50.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase in Net earnings primarily reflects higher revenues and improvement in pre-tax margins as discussed above.

Net earnings for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$121.2 million, a decrease of \$1.6 million, or 1%, compared to \$122.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease in Net earnings primarily reflects higher Selling, general and administrative expenses as discussed above.

Basic and Diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$0.45 and \$0.43, an increase of \$0.03 and \$0.02, or 7% and 5%, respectively, compared to \$0.42 and \$0.41 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, respectively.

Basic and Diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$1.01 and \$0.97, a decrease of \$0.02 and \$0.02, or 2% and 2%, respectively, compared to \$1.03 and \$0.99 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, respectively.

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Analysis of Reportable Segments

The Company classifies its operations into the following two reportable segments: Investor Communication Solutions and Global Technology and Operations.

The primary components of “Other” are the elimination of intersegment revenues and profits and certain unallocated expenses. Foreign currency exchange is a reconciling item between the actual foreign currency exchange rates and the fiscal year 2015 budgeted foreign currency exchange rates reflected in the segments.

Certain corporate expenses, as well as certain centrally managed expenses, are allocated based upon budgeted amounts in a reasonable manner. Because the Company compensates the management of its various businesses on, among other factors, segment profit, the Company may elect to record certain segment-related expense items in Other rather than reflect such items in segment profit.

In connection with an organizational change made in 2014 in order to further align and enhance our portfolio of services, certain discrete services that were previously reported in our Global Technology and Operations reportable segment are now reported within the Investor Communication Solutions reportable segment. As a result, our prior period segment results have been revised to reflect this change in reporting segments.

Revenues

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---|
| | 2015 (\$ in millions) | 2014 | Change \$ | % | 2015 (\$ in millions) | 2014 | Change \$ | % |
| Investor Communication Solutions | \$466.1 | \$435.5 | \$30.6 | 7 | \$1,264.4 | \$1,163.4 | \$101.0 | 9 |
| Global Technology and Operations | 178.0 | 172.7 | 5.3 | 3 | 514.9 | 509.7 | 5.2 | 1 |
| Foreign currency exchange | (9.9) | (1.9) | (8.0) | * | (14.7) | (1.0) | (13.7) | * |
| Total | \$634.2 | \$606.3 | \$27.9 | 5 | \$1,764.6 | \$1,672.1 | \$92.5 | 6 |

* Not Meaningful

Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|
| | 2015 (\$ in millions) | 2014 | Change \$ | % | 2015 (\$ in millions) | 2014 | Change \$ | % |
| Investor Communication Solutions | \$63.0 | \$57.2 | \$5.8 | 10 | \$135.4 | \$117.7 | \$17.7 | 15 |
| Global Technology and Operations | 33.6 | 36.1 | (2.5) | (7) | 91.7 | 103.5 | (11.8) | (11) |
| Other | (16.4) | (20.0) | 3.6 | 18 | (53.5) | (45.3) | (8.2) | (18) |
| Foreign currency exchange | 1.7 | 3.6 | (1.9) | (53) | 9.9 | 13.0 | (3.1) | (24) |
| Total | \$81.9 | \$76.9 | \$5.0 | 7 | \$183.5 | \$188.9 | \$(5.4) | (3) |

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Investor Communication Solutions

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | Nine Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------|----|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|----|
| | 2015 | 2014 | Change | % | 2015 | 2014 | Change | % |
| | (\$ in millions) | | | | (\$ in millions) | | | |
| Recurring fee revenues | \$228.1 | \$214.5 | \$13.6 | 6 | \$619.5 | \$565.6 | \$53.9 | 10 |
| Event-driven fee revenues | 47.6 | 38.2 | 9.4 | 25 | 120.0 | 106.8 | 13.2 | 12 |
| Distribution revenues | 190.4 | 182.8 | 7.6 | 4 | 524.9 | 491.0 | 33.9 | 7 |
| Total | \$466.1 | \$435.5 | \$30.6 | 7 | \$1,264.4 | \$1,163.4 | \$101.0 | 9 |

Revenues. Investor Communication Solutions segment's Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$466.1 million, an increase of \$30.6 million, or 7%, compared to \$435.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was attributable to higher recurring fee revenues which contributed \$13.6 million, higher event-driven fee revenues which contributed \$9.4 million and a \$7.6 million increase in distribution revenues.

Higher recurring fee revenues of 6% were driven by contributions from our recent acquisitions of Emerald and Direxxis (2pts), Net New Business (2pts) from increases in revenues from closed sales, and market-based internal growth activities (2pts). Position growth for mutual fund interim and annual equity proxy communications, both components of internal growth, was 8% and 12%, respectively, as compared to the same period in the prior year. Higher event-driven fee revenues were the result of increased mutual fund proxy communications activity.

Investor Communication Solutions segment's Revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$1,264.4 million, an increase of \$101.0 million, or 9%, compared to \$1,163.4 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was attributable to higher recurring fee revenues which contributed \$53.9 million, higher distribution revenues which contributed \$33.9 million, and a \$13.2 million increase in event-driven fee revenues.

Higher recurring fee revenues of 10% were the result of contributions from Net New Business (4pts) from increases in revenues from closed sales, internal growth from market-based activities (3pts), and contributions from our acquisitions of Emerald and Direxxis (3pts). Position growth for both mutual fund interim and annual equity proxy communications, a component of internal growth, was 8% and 8%, respectively, as compared to the same period in the prior year. Higher event-driven fee revenues were the result of increased equity proxy specials, and mutual fund proxy communications activity. Although these indicators were positive, the first nine months results are not necessarily indicative of our full-year results due to the seasonality of our business.

Earnings before Income Taxes. Earnings before income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$63.0 million, an increase of \$5.8 million, or 10%, compared to \$57.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Pre-tax margins increased by 0.4 percentage points to 13.5% mainly due to the contributions from the growth in revenues more than offsetting expenses from growth initiatives, including losses from equity method investments. Earnings before income taxes for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$135.4 million, an increase of \$17.7 million, or 15%, compared to \$117.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Pre-tax margins increased by 0.6 percentage points to 10.7% mainly due to contributions from the growth in revenues more than offsetting higher Selling, general and administrative expenses from acquisitions, the continued expansion of our sales capabilities, higher commissions due to growth in closed sales, and growth initiatives including losses from equity method investments.

Global Technology and Operations

Revenues. Global Technology and Operations segment's Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$178.0 million, an increase of \$5.3 million, or 3%, compared to \$172.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The 3% increase was mainly the result of higher Net New Business (2pts) from increases in revenues from closed sales and contributions from our recent acquisition of TwoFour Systems (1pt).

Global Technology and Operations segment's Revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$514.9 million, an increase of \$5.2 million, or 1%, compared to \$509.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The 1% increase was attributable to higher Net New Business (2pts) from increases in revenues from closed sales partially offset by lower internal growth due to contract renewals and other equity services (-1pt).

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Earnings before Income Taxes. Earnings before income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$33.6 million, a decrease of \$2.5 million, or 7%, compared to \$36.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Pre-tax margins decreased by 2.0 percentage points to 18.9% primarily as a result of incremental costs related to the acquisition of TwoFour Systems and continued expansion of our sales capabilities and growth initiatives, partially offset by contributions from higher revenues.

Earnings before income taxes for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$91.7 million, a decrease of \$11.8 million, or 11%, compared to \$103.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Pre-tax margins decreased by 2.5 percentage points to 17.8% primarily as a result of higher performance-based compensation expenses, continued expansion of our sales capabilities and growth initiatives and incremental costs related to the acquisition of TwoFour Systems, partially offset by contributions from higher revenues.

Other

Revenues. There were no Revenues in our Other segment for the periods presented.

Loss before Income Taxes. Loss before income taxes was \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, a decrease of \$3.6 million, compared to \$20.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decreased loss was mainly due to a \$5.5 million decrease in performance-based compensation expenses, partially offset by a \$0.6 million increase in expenses related to corporate staffing changes, and an increase in expenses related to corporate initiatives in the current year.

Loss before income taxes was \$53.5 million, an increase of \$8.2 million, compared to \$45.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increased loss was mainly due to a \$3.6 million change in the fair value of our obligations under contingent acquisition consideration arrangements, a \$2.8 million increase in expenses related to corporate staffing changes and a \$1.9 million increase in acquisition related expenses.

Explanation and Reconciliation of the Company's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Our results in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are presented in accordance with GAAP; however, in certain circumstances the Company may present results that are not generally accepted accounting principles measures ("Non-GAAP"). We use Non-GAAP financial measures, such as Adjusted net earnings, Adjusted diluted earnings per share, and Free cash flows, for a number of reasons, including:

- in communications with our board of directors concerning our consolidated financial performance;
- in communications with analysts and investors as they are commonly reported and widely used enterprise level performance measures; and
- for internal planning purposes, including the preparation of our annual operating budget.

We provide our Net earnings and Diluted earnings per share information on an adjusted basis to exclude the impact of certain costs, expenses, gains and losses and other specified items that due to their significant nature are evaluated on an individual basis. These items are excluded from our GAAP results because we believe this information helps our investors understand the effect of these significant items on our reported results and, therefore, will provide a better representation of our performance. These Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, our reported results presented in accordance with GAAP. Our fiscal year 2015 and fiscal year 2014 Non-GAAP results exclude the impact of Acquisition Amortization and Other Costs.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted net earnings (Non-GAAP) to the comparable GAAP measure:

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| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| | March 31, | | March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Adjusted net earnings (Non-GAAP) | \$58.8 | \$55.1 | \$135.4 | \$134.4 |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Acquisition Amortization and Other Costs | (7.3 |) (6.4 |) (21.6 |) (17.8 |
| Tax impact of adjustments | 2.5 | 2.1 | 7.3 | 6.2 |
| Net earnings (GAAP) | \$54.0 | \$50.8 | \$121.2 | \$122.8 |

Note: Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted diluted earnings per share (Non-GAAP) to the comparable GAAP measure:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | March 31, | | March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Adjusted diluted earnings per share (Non-GAAP) | \$0.47 | \$0.44 | \$1.09 | \$1.08 |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Acquisition Amortization and Other Costs | (0.06 |) (0.05 |) (0.17 |) (0.14 |
| Tax impact of adjustments | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Diluted earnings per share (GAAP) | \$0.43 | \$0.41 | \$0.97 | \$0.99 |

Note: Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

We also provide information on our Free cash flows because we believe this information helps our investors understand the amount of cash available for dividends, share repurchases, acquisitions and other discretionary investments. The Company defines Free cash flows to exclude capital expenditures and software purchases from our GAAP net operating activity cash flow results.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Free cash flows (Non-GAAP) to the comparable GAAP measure:

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Free cash flows (Non-GAAP) | \$126.0 | \$143.7 |
| Adjustment: | | |
| Capital expenditures and software purchases | 30.6 | 43.7 |
| Net cash flows provided by operating activities (GAAP) | \$156.6 | \$187.4 |

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

At March 31, 2015, Cash and cash equivalents were \$310.1 million and Total stockholders' equity was \$898.7 million. At March 31, 2015, working capital was \$401.3 million, compared to \$396.2 million at June 30, 2014. At the current time, and in future periods, we expect cash generated by our operations, together with existing cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and borrowings from the capital markets, to be sufficient to cover cash needs for working capital, capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions, dividends and common stock repurchases.

As of March 31, 2015, \$189.3 million of the \$310.1 million of Cash and cash equivalents were held by our foreign subsidiaries, and \$41.4 million of Cash and cash equivalents were held by regulated entities. We expect existing domestic cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, borrowings available under credit facilities and cash flows from operations to continue to be sufficient to fund our domestic operating activities and cash commitments for investing and financing activities, such as regular quarterly dividends, debt repayment schedules, and material capital expenditures, for at least the next 12 months

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and thereafter for the foreseeable future. In addition, we expect existing foreign cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, and cash flows from operations to continue to be sufficient to fund our foreign operating activities and cash commitments for investing activities, such as material capital expenditures, for at least the next 12 months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. If these funds are needed for our operations in the U.S., we would be required to accrue and pay U.S. taxes to repatriate these funds. However, our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate them to fund our U.S. operations, as we consider these funds to be permanently reinvested outside the U.S.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had \$629.3 million outstanding Long-term debt. The Company has \$124.7 million principal amount of senior notes due June 2017 and \$399.6 million principal amount of senior notes due September 2020. These senior notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally with the Company's other senior indebtedness. Interest on the senior notes due 2017 is payable semiannually on June 1st and December 1st each year based on a fixed per annum rate equal to 6.125%. Interest on the senior notes due 2020 is payable semiannually on March 1st and September 1st each year based on a fixed per annum rate equal to 3.95%.

In addition to the senior notes, the Company has a \$750.0 million five-year revolving credit facility (the "Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility"), which is comprised of a \$670.0 million U.S. dollar tranche and an \$80.0 million multicurrency tranche. Borrowings under the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at LIBOR plus 112.5 basis points. The Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility has an annual facility fee equal to 12.5 basis points on the unused portion of the facility, which totaled \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had \$105.0 million outstanding borrowings on the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility.

Our liquidity position may be negatively affected by changes in general economic conditions, regulatory requirements and access to the capital markets, which may be limited if we were to fail to renew any of the credit facilities on their renewal dates or if we were to fail to meet certain ratios.

Based upon current and anticipated levels of operation, management believes that the Company's cash on hand and cash flows from operations, combined with borrowings available under credit facilities, will be sufficient to enable the Company to meet its current and anticipated cash operating requirements, capital expenditures and working capital needs. Please refer to the discussion of Net cash flows used in financing activities in the following section for more detail regarding the Company's financing activities.

Cash Flows

Net cash flows provided by operating activities were \$156.6 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to \$187.4 million in Net cash flows provided by operating activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities of \$30.8 million is primarily due to an increase in working capital primarily driven by the timing of accounts receivable collections and vendor payments, slightly offset by the collection of a \$26.1 million tax refund by a Canadian subsidiary resulting from the prior settlement and execution of the Advanced Pricing Agreement with the Internal Revenue Service and the Canadian Revenue Authority.

Free cash flows provided by operating activities were \$126.0 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to \$143.7 million in Free cash flows provided by operating activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease of \$17.7 million was driven by a decrease in Net cash flows provided by operating activities of \$30.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2014, offset by decreased capital expenditures and software purchases of \$13.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Net cash flows used in investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$101.0 million, a decrease of \$39.8 million compared to \$140.8 million in Net cash flows used in investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease primarily reflects lower spending of \$32.2 million on acquisitions and lower capital expenditures and software purchases of \$13.1 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Net cash flows used in financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were \$71.3 million, an increase of \$1.9 million compared to \$69.4 million in Net cash flows used in financing activities for the nine months ended

March 31, 2014. The increased use of cash in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 primarily an increase in the repurchases of common stock of \$122.0 million and a \$18.6 million increase in dividend payments in the current year period compared to the prior year partially offset by net proceeds from borrowings on the revolving credit facility of \$105.0 million, an increase of \$17.1 million

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in proceeds from the exercise of stock options, and an increase of \$13.7 million in excess tax benefits from the issuance of stock-based compensation awards in the current year period compared to the prior year.

Seasonality

Processing and distributing proxy materials and annual reports to investors in equity securities and mutual funds comprises a large portion of our Investor Communication Solutions business. We process and distribute the greatest number of proxy materials and annual reports during our fourth fiscal quarter (the second quarter of the calendar year). The recurring periodic activity of this business is linked to significant filing deadlines imposed by law on public reporting companies and mutual funds. Historically this has caused our revenues, operating income, net earnings, and cash flows from operating activities to be higher in our fourth fiscal quarter than in any other fiscal quarter. The seasonality of our revenues makes it difficult to estimate future operating results based on the results of any specific fiscal quarter and could affect an investor's ability to compare our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows on a fiscal quarter-by-quarter basis.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 were 34.1% and 34.0%, respectively, compared to 33.9% and 35.0% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable prior year period is primarily attributable to the decrease in the percentage of lower taxed non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes. The decrease for the nine month period ended March 31, 2015 compared to the comparable prior year period is primarily attributable to the recognition of the U.S. federal research and development tax credits based on the December 2014 legislative reinstatement of this credit for calendar year 2014, as well as a lower U.S. state effective rate and certain reserve items released due to statute of limitation expiration, partially offset by a change in the geographical mix of income which lowered the percentage of lower taxed non-U.S. earnings as a percentage of total earnings before income taxes when compared to the comparable prior year period.

Contractual Obligations

In March 2010, the Company and International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") entered into an Information Technology Services Agreement (the "IT Services Agreement"), under which IBM provides certain aspects of the Company's information technology infrastructure. Under the IT Services Agreement, IBM provides a broad range of technology services to the Company including supporting its mainframe, midrange, server, network and data center operations, as well as providing disaster recovery services. The Company has the option of incorporating additional services into the agreement over time. The migration of data center processing to IBM was completed in August 2012. The IT Services Agreement would have expired on June 30, 2022. In March 2015, the Company signed a two-year extension to the IT Services Agreement which expires on June 30, 2024. The Company has the right to renew the term of the IT Services Agreement for up to one additional 12-month term. Commitments remaining under this agreement at March 31, 2015 are \$551.7 million through fiscal year 2024, the final year of the contract.

In March 2014, the Company and IBM United Kingdom Limited ("IBM UK") entered into an Information Technology Services Agreement (the "EU IT Services Agreement"), under which IBM UK provides data center services supporting the Company's business process outsourcing services for certain clients in Europe and Asia. The EU IT Services Agreement expires in October 2023. The Company has the right to renew the initial term of the EU IT Services Agreement for up to one additional 12-month term or one additional 24-month term. Commitments remaining under this agreement at March 31, 2015 are \$41.4 million through fiscal year 2024, the final year of the contract.

In July 2014, the Company entered into an agreement providing for a capital commitment of \$7.5 million to be made by the Company into an equity method investment. The Company contributed \$5.5 million to this investment during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, and has a remaining commitment of \$2.0 million through June 30, 2015.

On April 10, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of the trade processing business of the Wilmington Trust Retirement and Institutional Services unit of M&T Bank Corporation. The acquired business is being combined with Broadridge's mutual fund and ETF trade processing platform in its Investor Communication Solutions segment. The purchase price was \$61.0 million, subject to net working capital and post-closing adjustments. As of the date of the acquisition, the acquired net assets will be recorded at fair value in accordance with the purchase method of accounting and the results of operations of the acquired business will be included in the results of operations of the

Investor Communication Solutions

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segment. This acquisition was not material to the Company's operations, financial position, or cash flows. As of the date of the filing of this report, the preliminary purchase price allocation has not been finalized.

Other Commercial Agreements

The Company's Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility has an available capacity of \$750.0 million. This revolving credit facility had \$105.0 million outstanding borrowings at March 31, 2015.

Certain of the Company's foreign subsidiaries established unsecured, uncommitted lines of credit with banks. There were no outstanding borrowings under these lines of credit at March 31, 2015.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

It is not the Company's business practice to enter into off-balance sheet arrangements. However, the Company is exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates that could impact its financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The Company manages its exposure to these market risks through its regular operating and financing activities and, when deemed appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. The Company uses derivative financial instruments as risk management tools and not for trading purposes. The Company was not a party to any derivative financial instruments at March 31, 2015 or at June 30, 2014. In the normal course of business, the Company also enters into contracts in which it makes representations and warranties that relate to the performance of the Company's products and services. The Company does not expect any material losses related to such representations and warranties or collateral arrangements.

Recently-issued Accounting Pronouncements

Please refer to Note 2. "New Accounting Pronouncements" to our Financial Statements under Item 1. of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion on the impact of new accounting pronouncements.

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Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our business process outsourcing and mutual fund processing services are performed by a securities broker-dealer, Broadridge Business Process Outsourcing, LLC (“BBPO”). BBPO is registered with the SEC, is a member of FINRA and is required to participate in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (“SIPC”). Although BBPO’s FINRA membership agreement allows it to engage in clearing, and the retailing of corporate securities in addition to mutual fund retailing on a wire order basis, BBPO does not clear customer transactions, process any retail business or carry customer accounts. BBPO is subject to regulations concerning many aspects of its business, including trade practices, capital requirements, record retention, money laundering prevention, the protection of customer funds and customer securities, and the supervision of the conduct of directors, officers and employees. A failure to comply with any of these laws, rules or regulations could result in censure, fine, the issuance of cease-and-desist orders, or the suspension or revocation of SEC or Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. authorization granted to allow the operation of its business or disqualification of its directors, officers or employees. Recently, there has been increased regulatory scrutiny of the securities industry including the outsourcing by firms of their operations or functions. This oversight could result in the future enactment of more restrictive laws or rules with respect to business process outsourcing. In addition, MG Trust Company, LLC (“MG Trust Company”), a subsidiary of Matrix, is a Colorado State non-depository trust company and National Securities Clearing Corporation trust member, whose primary business is to provide cash agent, custodial and directed or non-discretionary trust services to institutional customers. MG Trust Company operates pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Colorado Division of Banking.

As of March 31, 2015, \$524.3 million of our total \$629.3 million in debt outstanding is based on fixed interest rates. Our only variable interest rate borrowing, the Fiscal 2015 Revolving Credit Facility, had \$105.0 million outstanding as of March 31, 2015, and the interest rate is based on LIBOR plus 112.5 basis points.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management’s Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2015. The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2015 were effective to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to claims and litigation. While the outcome of any claim or litigation is inherently unpredictable, the Company believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the “Risk Factors” disclosed under Item 1A. to Part I in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, filed on August 7, 2014. You should be aware that these risk factors and other information may not describe every risk facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. There have been no material changes to the risk factors we have disclosed in the “Risk Factors” section of our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K, except that as a result of the change of the name of our Securities Processing Solutions business to Global Technology and Operations, any references to the Securities Processing Solutions business in the Risk Factors now refer to the Global Technology and Operations business.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

The following table contains information about our purchases of our equity securities for each of the three months during our third fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2015:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans (2) | Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans (2) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|---|
| January 1, 2015 - January 31, 2015 | — | \$— | — | 9,389,347 |
| February 1, 2015 - February 28, 2015 | 1,606,606 | 52.50 | 1,606,606 | 7,782,741 |
| March 1, 2015 - March 31, 2015 | 867,987 | (1) 53.65 | 839,006 | 6,943,735 |
| Total | 2,474,593 | \$52.90 | 2,445,612 | |

(1) Includes 28,981 shares purchased from employees to pay taxes related to the vesting of restricted stock units.

(2) During the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Company repurchased 2,445,612 shares of common stock at an average price per share \$52.90.

On August 6, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional 6,200,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The share repurchases will be made in the open market or privately negotiated transactions in compliance with applicable legal requirements and other factors.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had 6,943,735 shares available for repurchase under its share repurchase program.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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Item 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are being filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

- 10.1 Amendment No. 12 to the Information Technology Services Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2015, by and between International Business Machines Corporation and Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.
- 31.1 Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc., pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc., pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- The following financial statements from the Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL):
- 101 (i) condensed consolidated statements of earnings for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, (ii) condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, (iii) condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, (iv) condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and (v) the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

BROADRIDGE FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

Date: May 8, 2015

By: /s/ James M. Young
James M. Young
Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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