MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE CO INC

Form 10-Q

April 29, 2015 <u>Table Of Contents</u>
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission file number 001-06510
MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

HAWAII 99-0107542 (State or other jurisdiction (IRS Employer of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

200 Village Road, Lahaina, Maui, Hawaii 96761

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (808) 877-3351

None

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable

date.

Class Common Stock, no par value	Outstanding at April 15, 2015 18,895,791 shares	

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	3
Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)	3
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficiency, Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	13
Forward-Looking Statements and Risks	17
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	18
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	18
Item 5. Other Information	19
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	19
Item 1A. Risk Factors	19
Item 6. Exhibits	19
Signature	20
EXHIBIT INDEX	21
Exhibit 10.1 Exhibit 31.1	

Exhibit 31.2 Exhibit 32.1 Exhibit 32.2 Exhibit 101

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

	31, 2015	31, 2014
		inds except
	share data	a)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$973	\$415
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$194 for doubtful accounts	1,689	1,272
Assets held for sale	147	147
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	129	170
Total current assets	2,938	2,004
PROPERTY	75,401	75,401
Accumulated depreciation	(39,886)	
Net property	35,515	36,066
OTHER ASSETS		
Deferred development costs	9,356	9,347
Other noncurrent assets	1,730	1,854
Total other assets	11,086	11,201
TOTAL ASSETS	\$49,539	\$49,271
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		

March

December

CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$400	\$ 2,533	
Accounts payable	687	968	
Payroll and employee benefits	498	270	
Current portion of accrued retirement benefits	384	391	
Income taxes payable	421	566	
Deferred revenue	855	222	
Accrued interest	348	352	
Other current liabilities	620	546	
Total current liabilities	4,213	5,848	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt	50,376	47,643	
Accrued retirement benefits	6,720	6,893	
Deposits	2,731	2,683	
Deferred revenue	957	1,011	
Other noncurrent liabilities	216	375	
Total long-term liabilities	61,000	58,605	
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 11)			
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY			
Common stockno par value, 43,000,000 shares authorized, 18,846,786 and 18,766,246	77.405	77 105	
shares issued and outstanding	77,495	77,105	
Additional paid in capital	9,246	9,246	
Accumulated deficit	(77,052)	(75,959)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(25,363)	(25,574)	
Total stockholders' deficiency	(15,674)	(15,182)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	\$49,539	\$49,271	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(UNAUDITED)

	Three M Ended M 31, 2015 (in thous except per shar amounts	Tarch 2014 sands
OPERATING REVENUES	amounts	''
Real estate	\$112	\$83
Leasing	1,415	•
Utilities	817	722
Resort amenities and other	450	352
Total operating revenues	2,794	2,469
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Real estate	168	279
Leasing	532	550
Utilities	612	573
Resort amenities and other	213	281
General and administrative	582	351
Share-based compensation	549	142
Depreciation	558	584
Pension and other postretirement expenses	76	141
Total operating costs and expenses	3,290	2,901
OPERATING LOSS	(496)	(432)
Interest expense	(597)	(477)
NET LOSS	\$(1,093)	\$(909)
Pension, net of income taxes of \$0	211	146
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$(882)	\$(763)
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHAREBASIC AND DILUTED	\$(0.06)	\$(0.05)

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

,

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

(UNAUDITED)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(in thousands)

	Common Stock Shares Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance, January 1, 2015	18,785 \$77,105	\$ 9,246	\$ (75,959)	\$ (25,574)	\$(15,182)
Share-based compensation Vested restricted stock issued Shares cancelled to pay tax liability	104 645 4 30 (46) (285)	30 (30))		675 - (285)
Other comprehensive income - pension				211	211
Net loss Balance, March 31, 2015	18,847 \$77,495	\$ 9,246	(1,093) \$ (77,052)	\$ (25,363)	(1,093) \$(15,674)
Balance, January 1, 2014	18,737 \$76,810	\$ 9,245	\$ (93,594)	\$ (19,692)	\$(27,231)
Share-based compensation Vested restricted stock issued Shares cancelled to pay tax liability	36 218 17 98 (24) (150)	99 (98))		317 - (150)
Other comprehensive income - pension				146	146
Net loss Balance, March 31, 2014	18,766 \$76,976	\$ 9,246	(909) \$ (94,503)	\$ (19,546)	(909) \$(27,827)

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

	Ended 31, 2015	Months March 2014 usands)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$243	\$(1,287	7)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for other assets	-	(34)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	(34)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from long-term debt	600	1,600	
Debt and common stock issuance costs and other	(285)	(159)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	315	1,441	
NET INCREASE IN CASH	558	120	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	415	359	
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$973	\$479	
Cash paid during the period:			
Interest	\$547	\$426	
Income taxes	\$150	\$150	

SUPPLEMENTAL NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:

Common stock issued to certain members of the Company's management totaled \$645,000 and \$218,000 through March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information that are consistent in all material respects with those applied in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, and pursuant to the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 promulgated by Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes to financial statements required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements contain all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to fairly present the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The condensed consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

LIQUIDITY

The Company had outstanding borrowings under three credit facilities totaling \$50.8 million as of March 31, 2015. The Company has pledged a significant portion of its real estate holdings as security for borrowings under its credit facilities, limiting its ability to borrow additional funds. The Company's credit facilities mature on August 1, 2016.

Absent the sale of some of its real estate holdings, refinancing, or extending the maturity date of its credit facilities, the Company does not expect to be able to repay its outstanding borrowings on the maturity date.

The credit facilities have covenants requiring among other things, a minimum of \$2 million in liquidity (as defined), a maximum of \$175 million in total liabilities, and a limitation on new indebtedness. The Company's ability to continue to borrow under its credit facilities to fund its ongoing operations and meet its commitments depends upon its ability to comply with its covenants. If the Company fails to satisfy any of its loan covenants, each lender may elect to accelerate its payment obligations under such lender's credit agreement.

The Company's cash outlook for the next twelve months and its ability to continue to meet its loan covenants is highly dependent on selling certain real estate assets at acceptable prices. If the Company is unable to meet its loan covenants, borrowings under its credit facilities may become immediately due, and it would not have sufficient liquidity to repay such outstanding borrowings.

The Company's credit facilities require that a portion of the proceeds received from the sale of any real estate assets be repaid toward its loans. The amount of proceeds paid to its lenders will reduce the net sale proceeds available for working capital purposes.

The aforementioned circumstances raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully achieve its initiatives summarized below in order to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern and do not include any adjustments that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

In response to these circumstances, the Company continues to undertake efforts to generate cash flow by employing its real estate assets in leasing and other arrangements, by the sale of several real estate assets, and by continued cost reduction efforts.

2. USE OF ESTIMATES AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

The Company's reports for interim periods utilize numerous estimates of general and administrative expenses and other costs for the full year. Future actual amounts may differ from these estimates. Amounts reflected in interim reports are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. Certain amounts in the December 31, 2014 condensed consolidated balance sheet and condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss for the three months March 31, 2014 were reclassified to conform to the presentation for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Such amounts had no impact on total assets and liabilities or net loss and comprehensive loss previously reported.

3. NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014

Basic and diluted 18,820,775 18,747,529 Potentially dilutive 47,500 74,397

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net loss per share is computed similar to basic net loss per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive potential common shares from share-based compensation arrangements had been issued.

Potentially dilutive shares arise from non-qualified stock options to purchase common stock and non-vested restricted stock. The treasury stock method is applied to determine the number of potentially dilutive shares for non-vested restricted stock and stock options assuming that the shares of non-vested restricted stock are issued for an amount based on the grant date market price of the shares and that the outstanding stock options are exercised. These amounts were excluded because the effect would be insignificant.

4. PROPERTY

	March 31,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	(in	
	thousands)	
Land	\$ 5,158	\$5,158
Land improvements	24,951	24,951
Buildings	33,479	33,479
Machinery and equipment	11,813	11,813
Total property	75,401	75,401
Less accumulated depreciation	(39,886) (39,335)
Net property	\$ 35,515	\$ 36,066

Land

Most of the Company's 23,000 acres of land were acquired between 1911 and 1932 and is carried in its balance sheets at cost. Approximately 21,000 acres of land are located in West Maui and comprise a largely contiguous parcel that extends from the sea to an elevation of approximately 5,700 feet. This parcel includes approximately 900 acres within the Kapalua Resort's 3,000 acres. The Company's remaining land properties are former agricultural fields including processing and maintenance facilities located in Upcountry Maui in an area commonly known as Haliimaile.

Land Improvements

Land improvements are comprised primarily of roads, utilities, and landscaping infrastructure improvements at the Kapalua Resort. Also included is the Company's potable and non-potable water system in West Maui. The majority of the Company's land improvements were constructed and placed in service in the mid-to-late 1970's. Depreciation expense would be considerably higher if these assets were stated at current replacement cost.

Buildings

Buildings are comprised of restaurant, retail and light industrial spaces located at the Kapalua Resort and Haliimaile which are used in the Company's leasing operations. The majority of the buildings were constructed and placed in service in the mid-to-late 1970's. Depreciation expense would be considerably higher if these assets were stated at current replacement cost.

Table Of Contents

Machinery and Equipment

Machinery and equipment are mainly comprised of zipline course equipment installed in 2008 at the Kapalua Resort and used in the Company's leasing operations. Also included are machinery and equipment used in the Company's utilities operations.

5. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, assets held for sale consisted of a 630-acre parcel of agricultural land in Upcountry Maui.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

	March	December
	31,	31,
	2015	2014
	(in thous	ands)
Wells Fargo revolving line of credit, 3.83% and 3.82%, respectively	\$30,843	\$ 30,643
American AgCredit term loan, 5.00%	19,533	19,533
First Hawaiian Bank, revolving line of credit, 4.38%	400	-
Total	50,776	50,176
Less current portion	400	2,533
Long-term debt	\$50,376	\$ 47,643

WELLS FARGO

The Company has a \$30.8 million revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo that matures on August 1, 2016. Interest on borrowings is at LIBOR plus 3.65% and the line of credit is collateralized by approximately 880 acres of the Company's real estate holdings at the Kapalua Resort. The line of credit agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million, and a limitation on new indebtedness. The credit agreement includes predetermined release prices for the real property securing the credit facility. There are no commitment fees on the unused portion of the revolving facility. Absent the sale of some of its real estate holdings or refinancing, the Company does not expect to be able to pay the outstanding balance of the revolving line of credit on the maturity date.

AMERICAN AGCREDIT

The Company has a term loan with an outstanding principal balance of \$19.5 million with American AgCredit that matures on August 1, 2016. On April 24, 2015, the term loan agreement was amended to eliminate previously required principal reduction payments, modify interest rates and payments, and provide additional collateral as security for the loan.

Interest on the loan balance is at the greater of 8.00% or LIBOR plus 7.75%. Interest is paid monthly at the greater of 4.00% or LIBOR plus 3.75%, with the remaining amount deferred until the maturity date. The amount of interest paid increases by 0.75% if the loan balance has not been reduced below \$15.0 million by November 1, 2015 and increases by an additional 0.75% if the loan balance has not been reduced below \$12.5 million by April 1, 2016. Interest on the loan balance decreases by 1.00% if the loan balance is reduced below \$15.0 million, an additional 1.25% if the loan balance is reduced below \$5.0 million. The loan is collateralized by approximately 3,700 acres of the Company's real estate holdings in West Maui and Upcountry Maui and a pledge of the Company's 100% equity interests in the Kapalua Water Company, Ltd. and the Kapalua Waste Treatment Company, Ltd.

The loan agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million and a limitation on new indebtedness. It also requires mandatory principal repayments of 100% of the net proceeds of the sale of certain real property pledged as collateral for the loan and mandatory principal repayments based on predetermined percentages of 60% to 75% of the net proceeds from the sale of non-collateralized real property. The Company has agreed to provide by May 1, 2016: (a) a refinancing loan commitment, (b) escrowed real estate sales contracts, (c) a filed registration statement for an equity offering, or a combination thereof, in an amount sufficient to repay the outstanding balance of the term loan on the maturity date.

FIRST HAWAIIAN BANK

The Company has a \$3.5 million revolving line of credit with First Hawaiian Bank that matures on June 5, 2015. Interest on borrowings is at the Bank's Prime Rate and the line of credit is collateralized by an approximately 1.1 acre property and building in the Kapalua Resort, commonly known as the Honolua Store. The line of credit agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million, and a limitation on new indebtedness. There are no commitment fees on the unused portion of the revolving facility. The Company is currently negotiating an extension of the maturity date of the line of credit to August 1, 2016.

As of March 31, 2015, the Company believes it is in compliance with the covenants under its Wells Fargo, American AgCredit and First Hawaiian Bank credit facilities.

7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company's non-employee directors, officers and certain members of management receive a portion of their compensation in shares of the Company's common stock granted under the Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. 2006 Equity and Incentive Award Plan (2006 Plan). Share-based compensation is valued based on the average of the high and low share price on the date of grant. Shares are issued upon execution of agreements reflecting the grantee's acceptance of the respective shares subject to the terms and conditions of the 2006 Plan. Restricted shares issued under the 2006 Plan vest quarterly and have voting and regular dividend rights but cannot be disposed of until such time as they are vested. All unvested restricted shares are forfeited upon the grantee's termination of directorship or employment from the Company.

Each of the Company's non-employee directors receive restricted shares of common stock upon their annual appointment to the Company's board of directors. Share-based compensation totaled \$30,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 for vesting of restricted shares granted to the Company's non-employee directors.

The Company's officers and certain members of management receive share-based compensation based on their achievement of certain predefined performance goals and objectives under an incentive compensation plan. Such share-based compensation is comprised of an annual incentive paid in shares of common stock and a long-term incentive paid in restricted shares vesting quarterly over a period of three years. Share-based compensation totaled \$549,000 and \$142,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for shares issued and the vesting of restricted shares granted to the Company's officers and certain members of management.

8. ACCRUED RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Accrued retirement benefits at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2015 (in thou	December 31, 2014 (sands)	er
Defined Benefit Pension Plans	\$2,359	\$ 2,540	
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	4,485	4,468	
Deferred Compensation Plan	260	276	
Total	7,104	7,284	
Less current portion	(384)	(391)
Non-current portion of accrued retirement benefits	\$6,720	\$ 6,893	

The net periodic benefit costs for pension and postretirement benefits for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)

211

Interest cost \$691 \$772 Expected return on plan assets (826) (777)

Pension and other postretirement expenses \$76 \$141

The Company's cessation of its former agriculture and golf operations in 2009 and 2010, required the Company to pledge security to the Pension Benefits Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) of approximately \$23.9 million to support the unfunded liabilities of its pension plans. In 2011 and 2012, the Company pledged a total of 8,400 acres of former agricultural lands in West Maui to the PBGC for five years in satisfaction of the requirement. No formal appraisal or determination of the fair value of the pledged properties was performed by the Company or the PBGC.

146

In October 2014, the Company sold an unimproved 244-acre parcel of former agricultural land located in West Maui, commonly known as Lipoa Point, to the State of Hawaii for \$19.8 million. Proceeds from the sale totaling \$19.4 million were utilized to fund the Company's pension plans and the Company does not expect to be required to make minimum contributions to its pension plans for the foreseeable future.

9. INCOME TAXES

Recognized actuarial loss

The Company's effective tax rate for 2015 and 2014 reflects the recognition of expected federal alternative minimum tax liabilities and interim period tax benefits and changes to its tax valuation allowance.

The Company uses a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Interest accrued related to unrecognized

tax benefits is recognized as interest expense and penalties are recognized in general and administrative expense in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss; and such amounts are included in income taxes payable on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In April 2013, the Company and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) arrived at a settlement which concluded an IRS examination of the Company's federal income tax returns for 2003 through 2008. Under terms of the settlement, the Company agreed to pay \$1.8 million to the IRS, of which \$1.4 million was paid as of March 31, 2015.

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's reportable operating segments are comprised of the discrete business units whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer – it's chief decision maker – in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. Reportable segments are as follows:

Real Estate includes the development and sale of real estate inventory and the operations of Kapalua Realty Company, a general brokerage real estate company located within the Kapalua Resort.

Leasing primarily includes revenues and expenses from real property leasing activities, license fees and royalties for the use of certain of the Company's trademarks and trade names by third parties, and the cost of maintaining the Company's real estate assets, including conservation activities.

Utilities primarily include the operations of Kapalua Water Company and Kapalua Waste Treatment Company, the Company's water and sewage transmission services (regulated by the Hawaii Public Utilities Commission) for the Kapalua Resort. The operating segment also includes the management of ditch, reservoir and well systems that provide non-potable irrigation water to West and Upcountry Maui areas.

Resort Amenities include a membership program that provides certain benefits and privileges within the Kapalua Resort for its members.

Reportable operating segments are measured based on operating income (loss), exclusive of general and administrative, share-based compensation, depreciation, pension and other post retirement expenses and interest expense.

Condensed financial information for each of the Company's reportable operating segments for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
	(in thousands)		
Operating Segment Revenues			
Real estate	\$112	\$83	
Leasing	1,415	1,312	
Utilities	817	722	
Resort amenities and other	450	352	
Total Operating Segment Revenues	\$2,794	\$2,469	
Operating Segment Income (Loss)			
Real estate	\$(56)	\$(196)	
Leasing	883	762	
Utilities	205	149	
Resort amenities and other	237	71	
Total Operating Segment Income	\$1,269	\$786	

11. COMMITEMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There have been no changes in status of commitments and contingencies as reported in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. There are various other claims and legal actions pending against the Company. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, the resolution of these other matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements to enable the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. GAAP requires that financial assets and liabilities be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The fair value of cash, receivables and payables approximate their carrying value due to the short-term nature of the instruments. The valuation is based on settlements of similar financial instruments all of which are short-term in nature and are generally settled at or near cost. The fair value of debt was estimated based on borrowing rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar terms and maturities. The carrying amount of debt at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$50,776,000 and \$50,176,000, respectively, which approximated fair value. The fair value of debt has been classified as level 2 measurements, respectively.

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2015-03, Interest-Imputation of Interest. This ASU requires an entity to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability by presenting it in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability. This ASU will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Depending upon the context, the terms the "Company," "we," "our," and "us," refer to either Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. alone, or to Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries collectively.

Overview

Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. is a Hawaii corporation and the successor to a business organized in 1909. The Company consists of a landholding and operating parent company, its principal subsidiary, Kapalua Land Company, Ltd. and certain other subsidiaries of the Company.

We own approximately 23,000 acres of land on Maui and develop, sell, and manage residential, resort, commercial, and industrial real estate through the following business segments:

Real Estate—Our real estate operations consist of land planning and entitlement, development, and sales.

Leasing—Our leasing activities include commercial, industrial and agricultural land and facilities leases, licensing of our registered trademarks and trade names, and stewardship and conservation efforts.

Utilities—We operate two publicly-regulated utility companies which provide potable and non-potable water and sewage transmission services to the Kapalua Resort. In addition, we also manage ditch, reservoir and well systems which provide non-potable irrigation water to West and Upcountry Maui areas.

Resort Amenities—Within the Kapalua Resort, we manage a private, non-equity club program.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of accounting estimates. Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein. Our critical accounting policies that require the use of estimates and assumptions were discussed in detail in our most recently filed Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies during the first three months of 2015.

There are no accounting pronouncements or interpretations that have been issued but not yet applied by us that we believe will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

CONSOLIDATED

Three Months
Ended March 31,
2015 2014
(in thousands
except share
amounts)

Operating revenues	\$2,794	\$2,469	
Operating costs and expenses	(1,525)	(1,68)	3)
General and administrative	(582)	(351)
Share-based compensation	(549)	(142)
Depreciation	(558)	(584)
Pension and other postretirement expenses	(76)	(141)
Operating loss	(496)	(432)
Interest expense	(597)	(477)
Net Loss	\$(1,093)	\$(909)

The increase in consolidated revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was due to higher sales of non-potable water in our utilities business segment, higher rent revenues from our leasing business segment and higher membership revenues from our resort amenities segment. The decrease in operating costs and expenses was primarily due to lower legal expenses in the real estate segment during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to a change in estimated uncertain tax positions in the prior period. The increase in share-based compensation for the periods compared was due to stock awards for annual incentive bonuses paid to the Company's officers and certain members of management in March 2015.

REAL ESTATE

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)

Operating revenues \$112 \$83 Operating costs and expenses (168) (279) Operating loss \$(56) \$(196)

We had no sales of real estate inventory during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were from real estate sales commissions from resales of properties owned by private residents in the Kapalua Resort and surrounding areas by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Kapalua Realty Company, Ltd. The decrease in operating costs and expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to lower legal expenses related to the project formerly known as The Ritz-Carlton Club and Residences, Kapalua Bay.

We did not have any significant real estate development expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2015 or 2014.

Real estate development and sales are cyclical and depend on a number of factors. Results for one period are therefore not necessarily indicative of future performance trends in this business segment.

Table Of Contents

LEASING

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)

Operating revenues	\$1,415	\$1,312
Operating costs and expenses	(532)	(550)
Operating income	\$883	\$762

Average Occupancy Rates:

Kapalua Resort	83	%	79	%
Hali'imaile Town	89	%	88	%
Other West Maui	37	%	38	%

We have contracted a third-party property management company to manage our commercial leasing portfolio. The increase in operating revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to higher occupancy levels for our Kapalua Resort commercial spaces.

Other West Maui leased properties are mainly large-acre former pineapple field parcels and maintenance facilities.

Our leasing operations face substantial competition from other property owners in Maui and Hawaii.

UTILITIES

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)

Operating revenues	\$817	\$722
Operating costs and expenses	(612)	(573)
Operating income	\$205	\$149

Consumption (in million gallons):

Potable3837Non-potable/irrigation13081

We have contracted a third-party water engineering and management company to manage the operations of our wholly-owned subsidiaries: Kapalua Water Company, Ltd. and Kapalua Waste Treatment Company, Ltd. We have contracted a water maintenance company to manage our non-potable irrigation water systems in West and Upcountry Maui.

The increase in operating revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in sales of non-potable water resulting from drier weather conditions in West Maui in the current period. The increase in operating costs and expenses for the periods compared were due to higher utilities costs and repair and maintenance of our non-potable irrigation water system reservoirs in West Maui.

Table Of Contents

RESORT AMENITIES

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 2013 (in thousands)

Operating revenues\$450\$352Operating costs and expenses(213)(281)Operating income\$237\$71

Kapalua Club Members 496 495

Our Resort Amenities segment includes the operations of the Kapalua Club, a private, non-equity club providing its members special programs, access and other privileges at certain of the amenities at the Kapalua Resort including a 30,000 square foot full-service spa and a private pool-side dining beach club. The increase in operating revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in annual membership dues.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity

We had outstanding borrowings under three credit facilities totaling \$50.8 million and cash on hand of \$1.0 million as of March 31, 2015. We had \$3.1 million of available credit under our First Hawaiian Bank credit facility as of March 31, 2015.

Revolving Line of Credit with Wells Fargo

We have a \$30.8 million revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo that matures on August 1, 2016. Interest on borrowings is at LIBOR plus 3.65% and the line of credit is collateralized by approximately 880 acres of the Company's real estate holdings at the Kapalua Resort. The line of credit agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million, and a limitation on new indebtedness. The credit agreement includes predetermined release prices for the real property securing the credit facility. There are no commitment fees on the unused portion of the revolving facility. Absent the sale of some of our real estate holdings or refinancing, we do not expect to be able to pay the outstanding balance of the revolving line of credit on the maturity date.

Term Loan with American AgCredit

We have a term loan with an outstanding principal balance of \$19.5 million with American AgCredit that matures on August 1, 2016. On April 24, 2015, the term loan agreement was amended to eliminate previously required principal reduction payments, modify interest rates and payments, and provide additional collateral as security for the loan.

Interest on the loan balance is at the greater of 8.00% or LIBOR plus 7.75%. Interest is paid monthly at the greater of 4.00% or LIBOR plus 3.75%, with the remaining amount deferred until the maturity date. The amount of interest paid increases by 0.75% if the loan balance has not been reduced below \$15.0 million by November 1, 2015 and increases by an additional 0.75% if the loan balance has not been reduced below \$12.5 million by April 1, 2016. Interest on the loan balance decreases by 1.00% if the loan balance is reduced below \$15.0 million, an additional 1.25% if the loan balance is reduced below \$5.0 million. The loan is collateralized by approximately 3,700 acres of the Company's real estate holdings in West Maui and Upcountry Maui and a pledge of the Company's 100% equity interests in the Kapalua Water Company, Ltd. and the Kapalua Waste Treatment Company, Ltd.

The loan agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million and a limitation on new indebtedness. It also requires mandatory principal repayments of 100% of the net proceeds of the sale of certain real property pledged as collateral for the loan and mandatory principal repayments based on predetermined percentages of 60% to 75% of the net proceeds from the sale of non-collateralized real property. The Company has agreed to provide by May 1, 2016: (a) a refinancing loan commitment, (b) escrowed real estate sales contracts, (c) a filed registration statement for an equity offering, or a combination thereof, in an amount sufficient to repay the outstanding balance of the term loan on the maturity date.

Table Of Contents

Revolving Line of Credit with First Hawaiian Bank

We have a \$3.5 million revolving line of credit with First Hawaiian Bank that matures on June 5, 2015. Interest on borrowings is at the Bank's Prime Rate and the line of credit is collateralized by an approximately 1.1 acre property and building in the Kapalua Resort, commonly known as the Honolua Store. The line of credit agreement contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants and events of default customary for financings of this type. Financial covenants include a required minimum liquidity (as defined) of \$2 million, maximum total liabilities of \$175 million, and a limitation on new indebtedness. There are no commitment fees on the unused portion of the revolving facility. We are currently negotiating an extension of the maturity date of the line of credit to August 1, 2016.

As of March 31, 2015, we believe we are in compliance with the covenants under our Wells Fargo, American AgCredit and First Hawaiian Bank credit facilities.

Cash Flows

During the first three months of 2015, net cash provided by our operating activities was \$0.2 million compared to \$1.3 million of net cash used in our operating activities for the first three months of 2014. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to the reduction in costs associated with defending various claims and legal actions pending against the Company.

Future Cash Inflows and Outflows

Our plans include continued efforts to generate cash flow by employing our real estate assets in leasing and other arrangements, by the sale of several real estate assets, and by continued cost reduction efforts. Proceeds from the sale of any of our real estate assets will be used principally to repay our outstanding indebtedness.

With the funding of our pension plans from the sale of Lipoa Point in October 2014, we do not expect to be required to make minimum contributions to our pension plans in 2015. Our current development activities are limited to planning, permitting and other efforts to secure and maintain project entitlements and we do not have any significant development or capital expenditures planned at this time.

Our cash outlook for the next twelve months and our ability to continue to meet our loan covenants and to continue as a going concern is highly dependent on successfully implementing our business initiatives and selling real estate assets at acceptable prices. There can be no assurance that we will be able to sell any of our real estate assets on acceptable terms, if at all. If we are unable to meet our loan covenants, borrowings under our credit facilities may become immediately due, and we would not have sufficient liquidity to repay such outstanding borrowings. In addition, absent the sale of some of our real estate holdings, refinancing, or extending the maturity date of our credit facilities, we do not expect to be able to repay our outstanding borrowings on the maturity date.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISKS

This and other reports filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, contain forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They contain words such as "may," "will," "project," "might," "expect," "believe," "antici "intend," "could," "would," "estimate," "continue" or "pursue," or the negative or other variations thereof or comparable terminology. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements as a result of the following factors, among others:

unstable macroeconomic market conditions, including, but not limited to, energy costs, credit markets and changes in income and asset values:

risks associated with real estate investments generally, and more specifically, demand for real estate and tourism in Hawaii:

risks due to joint venture relationships;

our ability to complete land development projects within forecasted time and budget expectations, if at all;

Table Of Contents

our ability to obtain required land use entitlements at reasonable costs, if at all;

our ability to compete with other developers of real estate in Maui;

potential liabilities and obligations under various federal, state and local environmental regulations with respect to the presence of hazardous or toxic substances;

changes in weather conditions or the occurrence of natural disasters;

our ability to maintain the listing of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange;

our ability to comply with funding requirements for our defined benefit pension plans;

our ability to comply with the terms of our indebtedness, including the financial covenants set forth therein, and to extend maturity dates, or refinance such indebtedness, prior to its maturity dates;

• our expectation, absent the sale of some of our real estate holdings or refinancing, that we do not expect to be able to pay any significant amount of our debt;

our ability to raise capital through the sale of certain real estate assets; and

availability of capital on terms favorable to us, or at all.

Such risks and uncertainties also include those risks and uncertainties discussed in the sections entitled "Business," "Risk Factors," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as other factors described from time to time in our reports filed with the SEC. Although we believe that our opinions and expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date of this report, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements, and our actual results may differ substantially from the views and expectations set forth in this report. Thus, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Further, any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made and, except as

required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly revise our forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date of this report.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are not required to provide disclosure in response to Part 1: Item 3 of Form 10-Q because we are considered to be a "smaller reporting company."

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this report. Based upon the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable SEC rules and forms.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Potential risks and uncertainties include, among other things, those factors discussed in the sections entitled "Business," "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Readers should carefully review those risks and the risks and uncertainties disclosed in other documents we file from time to time with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

On April 27, 2015, Ryan Churchill informed the Company that he will be resigning from his position as President of the Company, effective May 31, 2015, to pursue other business interests.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

- Fourth Amendment Agreement dated April 24, 2015, entered into by and among Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. and American AgCredit, FLCA.
- Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(d) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(d) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) / 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) / 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
- 101.LABXBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Link Document

Table Of Contents

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MAUI LAND & PINEAPPLE COMPANY, INC.

April 29, 2015 /s/ TIM T. ESAKI

Date Tim T. Esaki

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Fourth Amendment Agreement dated April 24, 2015, entered into by and among Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. and American AgCredit, FLCA. (1)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(d) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. (1)
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(d) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. (1)
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) / 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. (2)
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) / 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. (2)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document (2)
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (2)
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Document (2)
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase (2)
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document (2)
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Link Document (2)

⁽¹⁾ Filed herewith.

⁽²⁾ Furnished herewith and not "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.