

Resource Capital Corp.
Form 10-Q
May 07, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 1-32733

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other
jurisdiction of
incorporation or
organization)

20-2287134
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

712 5th Avenue, 10th
Floor
New York, New York
(Address of principal
executive offices)

10019
(Zip code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): 212-506-3870

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | (Do not check if a smaller reporting Company) | Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | R |
| Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | | Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/> | |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock on May 3, 2010 was 41,403,172 shares.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT
ON FORM 10-Q

| | | PAGE |
|----------------|--|------|
| PART I | FINANCIAL INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. | Financial Statements | |
| | <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets – March 31, 2010 (unaudited) and December 31, 2009</u> | 3 |
| | <u>Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009</u> | 4 |
| | <u>Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31, 2010</u> | 5 |
| | <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009</u> | 6 |
| | <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – March 31, 2010 (unaudited)</u> | 7 |
| Item 2. | <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u> | 28 |
| Item 3. | <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u> | 45 |
| Item 4. | <u>Controls and Procedures</u> | 47 |
| PART II | OTHER INFORMATION | |
| Item 2. | <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u> | 48 |
| Item 5. | <u>Exhibits</u> | 48 |
| | <u>SIGNATURES</u> | 50 |

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|
| (Unaudited) | | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$27,650 | \$51,991 |
| Restricted cash | 82,176 | 85,125 |
| Investment securities available-for-sale, pledged as collateral, at fair value | 46,086 | 39,304 |
| Investment securities available-for-sale, at fair value | 5,238 | 5,238 |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity, pledged as collateral | 31,559 | 31,401 |
| Loans, pledged as collateral and net of allowances of \$37.9 million and \$47.1 million | 1,555,593 | 1,558,687 |
| Loans held for sale | 2,376 | 8,050 |
| Direct financing leases and notes, net of allowances of \$650,000 and \$1.1 million and net of unearned income | 10,325 | 927 |
| Loans receivable – related party | 10,000 | – |
| Investments in unconsolidated entities | 4,040 | 3,605 |
| Interest receivable | 5,367 | 5,754 |
| Other assets | 4,735 | 3,878 |
| Total assets | \$1,785,145 | \$1,793,960 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Borrowings | \$1,517,330 | \$1,536,500 |
| Distribution payable | 10,053 | 9,170 |
| Accrued interest expense | 1,551 | 1,516 |
| Derivatives, at fair value | 13,267 | 12,767 |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities | 3,297 | 5,177 |
| Total liabilities | 1,545,498 | 1,565,130 |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$0.001: 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding | – | – |
| Common stock, par value \$0.001: 500,000,000 shares authorized; 40,079,753 and 36,545,737 shares issued and outstanding (including 566,575 and 437,319 unvested restricted shares) | 40 | 36 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 424,584 | 405,517 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (61,761) | (62,154) |
| Distributions in excess of earnings | (123,216) | (114,569) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 239,647 | 228,830 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$1,785,145 | \$1,793,960 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| REVENUES | | |
| Net interest income: | | |
| Loans | \$18,267 | \$22,620 |
| Securities | 2,874 | 1,422 |
| Leases | 235 | 2,233 |
| Interest income – other | 197 | 347 |
| Total interest income | 21,573 | 26,622 |
| Interest expense | 7,937 | 13,877 |
| Net interest income | 13,636 | 12,745 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Management fees – related party | 1,152 | 1,001 |
| Equity compensation – related party | 724 | 88 |
| Professional services | 819 | 964 |
| Insurance expense | 212 | 172 |
| General and administrative | 645 | 405 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 105 | (45) |
| Total expenses | 3,657 | 2,585 |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | 9,979 | 10,160 |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) | | |
| Impairment losses on investment securities | – | (5,620) |
| Recognized in other comprehensive loss | – | – |
| Net impairment losses recognized in earnings | – | (5,620) |
| Net realized gains on loans and investments | 146 | 237 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | (15,371) | (16,951) |
| Gain on the extinguishment of debt | 6,628 | – |
| Other income | 24 | 22 |
| Total expenses | (8,573) | (22,312) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,406 | \$(12,152) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE – BASIC | \$0.04 | \$(0.50) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE – DILUTED | \$0.04 | \$(0.50) |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES | | |
| OUTSTANDING – BASIC | 37,987,192 | 24,467,408 |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES | 38,150,605 | 24,467,408 |

OUTSTANDING – DILUTED

| | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE | \$0.25 | \$0.30 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010
(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Common Stock | | Additional Paid-In Capital | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | | Retained Earnings | Distributions in Excess of Treasury Shares | | Total Stockholder Equity | Comprehensive Income |
|---|--------------|--------|----------------------------------|---|---------|----------------------|--|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | | | Earnings | Earnings | | |
| Balance, January 1, 2010 | 36,545,737 | \$ 36 | \$ 405,517 | \$ (62,154) | \$ - | \$ (114,569) | \$ - | \$ 228,830 | | |
| Proceeds from dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan | 3,127,357 | 3 | 18,032 | - | - | - | - | 18,035 | | |
| Offering costs | - | - | (64) | - | - | - | - | (64) | | |
| Stock based compensation | 406,659 | 1 | 375 | - | - | - | - | 376 | | |
| Amortization of stock based compensation | - | - | 724 | - | - | - | - | 724 | | |
| Net income | - | - | - | - | 1,406 | - | - | 1,406 | \$ 1,406 | |
| Securities available-for-sale, fair value adjustment, net | - | - | - | 724 | - | - | - | 724 | 724 | |
| Designated derivatives, fair value adjustment | - | - | - | (331) | - | - | - | (331) | (331) | |
| Distributions on common stock | - | - | - | - | (1,406) | (8,647) | - | (10,053) | | |
| Comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | \$ 1,799 | |
| Balance, March 31, 2010 | 40,079,753 | \$ 40 | \$ 424,584 | \$ (61,761) | \$ - | \$ (123,216) | \$ - | \$ 239,647 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$1,406 | \$(12,152) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 15,371 | 16,951 |
| Depreciation and amortization of term facilities | 181 | 187 |
| Accretion of net discounts on investments | (4,044) | (988) |
| Amortization of discount on notes of CDOs | 13 | 48 |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs on notes of CDOs | 1,067 | 823 |
| Amortization of stock based compensation | 724 | 88 |
| Amortization of terminated derivative instruments | 133 | 120 |
| Non-cash incentive compensation to the Manager | - | (1) |
| Unrealized losses on non-designated derivative instruments | 36 | 92 |
| Net realized gains on investments | (146) | (237) |
| Net impairment losses recognized in earnings | - | 5,620 |
| Gain on the extinguishment of debt | (6,628) | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | (1,556) | 3,297 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 6,557 | 13,848 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Increase in restricted cash | (5,002) | (3,162) |
| Purchase of securities available-for-sale | (4,923) | - |
| Investment in unconsolidated entity | (435) | - |
| Purchase of loans | (69,825) | (36,680) |
| Principal payments received on loans | 55,592 | 27,131 |
| Proceeds from sale of loans | 17,988 | 8,376 |
| Purchase of direct financing leases and notes | (10,333) | - |
| Payments received on direct financing leases and notes | 397 | 6,825 |
| Proceeds from sale of direct financing leases and notes | 465 | 506 |
| Investment in loans – related parties | (10,000) | - |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities | (26,076) | 2,996 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net proceeds from issuances of common stock (net of offering costs of \$64 and \$0) | (64) | - |
| Net proceeds from dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan (net of offering costs of \$0 and \$0) | 18,035 | 44 |
| Repurchase of common stock | - | (2,800) |
| Payments on borrowings: | | |
| Repurchase agreements | - | (1,054) |
| Secured term facility | - | (7,003) |
| Repurchase of debt | (13,623) | - |
| Distributions paid on common stock | (9,170) | (9,946) |

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Net cash used in financing activities | (4,822) | (20,759) |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (24,341) | (3,915) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 51,991 | 14,583 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | \$27,650 | \$10,668 |
| NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Distributions on common stock declared but not paid | \$10,053 | \$7,529 |
| Issuance of restricted stock | \$333 | \$217 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE: | | |
| Interest expense paid in cash | \$7,978 | \$13,933 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF QUARTERLY PRESENTATION

Resource Capital Corp. and subsidiaries' (collectively the "Company") principal business activity is to purchase and manage a diversified portfolio of commercial real estate-related assets and commercial finance assets. The Company's investment activities are managed by Resource Capital Manager, Inc. ("Manager") pursuant to a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"). The Manager is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Resource America, Inc. ("Resource America") (NASDAQ-GS: REXI). The following subsidiaries are consolidated on the Company's financial statements:

- RCC Real Estate, Inc. ("RCC Real Estate") holds real estate investments, including commercial real estate loans and commercial real estate-related securities. RCC Real Estate owns 100% of the equity of the following variable interest entities ("VIEs"):
 - Resource Real Estate Funding CDO 2006-1 ("RREF CDO 2006-1"), a Cayman Islands limited liability company and qualified real estate investment trust ("REIT") subsidiary ("QRS"). RREF CDO 2006-1 was established to complete a collateralized debt obligation ("CDO") issuance secured by a portfolio of commercial real estate loans and commercial mortgage-backed securities.
 - Resource Real Estate Funding CDO 2007-1 ("RREF CDO 2007-1"), a Cayman Islands limited liability company and QRS. RREF CDO 2007-1 was established to complete a CDO issuance secured by a portfolio of commercial real estate loans and commercial mortgage-backed securities.
- RCC Commercial, Inc. ("RCC Commercial") holds bank loan investments and commercial real estate-related securities. RCC Commercial owns 100% of the equity of the following VIEs:
 - Apidos CDO I, Ltd. ("Apidos CDO I"), a Cayman Islands limited liability company and taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS"). Apidos CDO I was established to complete a CDO secured by a portfolio of bank loans.
 - Apidos CDO III, Ltd. ("Apidos CDO III"), a Cayman Islands limited liability company and TRS. Apidos CDO III was established to complete a CDO secured by a portfolio of bank loans.
 - Apidos Cinco CDO, Ltd. ("Apidos Cinco CDO"), a Cayman Islands limited liability company and TRS. Apidos Cinco CDO was established to complete a CDO secured by a portfolio of bank loans.
- Resource TRS, Inc. ("Resource TRS"), the Company's directly-owned TRS, holds all the Company's direct financing leases and notes.

The consolidated financial statements and the information and tables contained in the notes to the consolidated financial statements are unaudited. However, in the opinion of management, these interim financial statements include all adjustments necessary to fairly present the results of the interim periods presented. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2010.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has a 100% interest valued at \$1.5 million in the common shares (three percent of the total equity) in two trusts, Resource Capital Trust I (“RCT I”) and RCC Trust II (“RCT II”). The Company completed a qualitative analysis to determine whether or not it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The Company does not have the power to direct the activities of either trust, nor do they have the obligation to absorb losses or recognize benefits of these trusts. Therefore, the Company is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary of either trust and they are not consolidated into the Company’s consolidated financial statements. The Company records its investments in RCT I and RCT II’s common shares of \$774,000 each as investments in unconsolidated trusts using the cost method and records dividend income upon declaration by RCT I and RCT II. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company recognized \$875,000 and \$765,000, respectively, of interest expense with respect to the subordinated debentures it issued to RCT I and RCT II which included \$74,000 and \$37,000, respectively, of amortization of deferred debt issuance costs. The Company will continue to do a continuous reassessment as to whether or not they are deemed to be the primary beneficiary of the trusts.

All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Investment Securities Available-for-Sale

The Company classifies its investment portfolio as either trading investments, available-for-sale or held-to-maturity. Although the Company generally plans to hold most of its investments to maturity, it may, from time to time, sell any of its investments due to changes in market conditions or in accordance with its investment strategy. The Company's available-for-sale securities are reported at fair value which for the Company's securities purchased during 2009 is based on dealer quotes due to their higher ratings and more active markets and for the Company's securities purchased prior to 2009 is based on taking a weighted average of the following three measures:

- an income approach utilizing an appropriate current risk-adjusted yield, time value and projected estimated losses from default assumptions based on analysis of underlying loan performance;
- quotes on similar-vintage, higher rate, more actively traded commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") adjusted as appropriate for the lower subordination level of the Company's securities; and
- dealer quotes on the Company's securities for which there is not an active market.

On a quarterly basis, the Company evaluates its investments for other-than-temporary impairment. An investment is impaired when its fair value has declined below its amortized cost basis. An impairment is considered other-than-temporary when the amortized cost basis of the investment value will not be recovered over its remaining life. In addition, the Company's intent to sell as well as the likelihood that the Company will be required to sell the security before the recovery of the amortized cost basis is considered. Where credit quality is believed to be the cause of the other-than-temporary impairment, that component of the impairment is recognized as an impairment loss in the statement of operations. Where other market components are believed to be the cause of the impairment, that component of the impairment is recognized on the balance sheet as other comprehensive loss.

Investment securities transactions are recorded on the trade date. Purchases of newly issued securities are recorded when all significant uncertainties regarding the characteristics of the securities are removed, generally shortly before settlement date. Realized gains and losses on investment securities are determined on the specific identification method.

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The Company maintains an allowance for loan and lease losses. Loans and leases held for investment are first individually evaluated for impairment so specific reserves can be applied. Loans for which a specific reserve was not applicable are then evaluated for impairment as a homogeneous pool of loans with substantially similar characteristics so that a general reserve can be established, if needed. The reviews are performed at least quarterly.

The Company considers a loan to be impaired when, based on current information and events, management believes it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. When a loan is impaired, the allowance for loan losses is increased by the amount of the excess of the amortized cost basis of the loan over its fair value. Fair value may be determined based on the present value of

estimated cash flows; on market price, if available; or on the fair value of the collateral less estimated disposition costs. When a loan, or a portion thereof, is considered uncollectible and pursuit of collection is not warranted, the Company will record a charge-off or write-down of the loan against the allowance for loan and lease losses.

The balance of impaired loans and leases was \$120.6 million and \$100.1 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The total balance of impaired loans and leases with a valuation allowance at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 was \$65.9 million and \$82.2 million, respectively. The total balance of impaired loans and leases without a specific valuation allowance was \$54.7 million and \$17.9 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The specific valuation allowance related to these impaired loans and leases was \$20.9 million and \$31.0 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The Company did not recognize any income on impaired loans and leases during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the year ended December 31, 2009 once each individual loan or lease became impaired unless cash was received.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses – (Continued)

An impaired loan or lease may remain on accrual status during the period in which the Company is pursuing repayment of the loan or lease; however, the loan or lease would be placed on non-accrual status at such time as (i) management believes that scheduled debt service payments will not be met within the coming 12 months; (ii) the loan or lease becomes 90 days delinquent; (iii) management determines the borrower is incapable of, or has ceased efforts toward, curing the cause of the impairment; or (iv) the net realizable value of the loan's underlying collateral approximates the Company's carrying value of such loan. While on non-accrual status, the Company recognizes interest income only when an actual payment is received.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance which removes the requirement for an U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filer to disclose a date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both issued and revised financial statements. Revised financial statements include financial statements revised as a result of either a correction of error or retrospective application of U.S. GAAP. This guidance was effective upon issuance.

In January 2010, the FASB issued guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures. The guidance requires new disclosures for transferring in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 amounts and clarifies existing disclosures regarding levels of disaggregation and inputs surrounding valuation techniques. This guidance will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009. The adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements. In addition, this guidance requires new disclosure surrounding activity in Level 3 fair value measurements, to present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements. This guidance will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2010. Adoption will require additional disclosure to delineate such categories in the notes to the Company's consolidated financial statements (see Note 14).

In January 2010, the FASB issued guidance that requires new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurements. The new pronouncement requires a reporting entity: (1) to disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers; and (2) to present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs. In addition, it clarifies the requirements of the following existing disclosures: (1) for purposes of reporting fair value measurement for each class of assets and liabilities, a reporting entity needs to use judgment in determining the appropriate classes of assets and liabilities, and (2) a reporting entity should provide disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. The new guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the rollforward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements which will be effective for the Company in fiscal 2011.

In December 2009, the FASB issued guidance for improving financial reporting for enterprises involved with VIEs regarding power to direct the activities of a VIE as well as obligations to absorb the losses. This guidance is effective

for interim and annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009. The Company has evaluated the potential impact of adopting this statement. The Company's evaluation indicated that the adoption of this accounting guidance will not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance for consolidation of VIEs which changes the consolidation guidance applicable to a VIE and amends the guidance governing the determination of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a VIE and therefore, required to consolidate an entity, by requiring a qualitative analysis rather than a quantitative analysis. This standard also requires continuous reassessment of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a VIE as well as enhanced disclosures about an enterprise's involvement with a VIE. This guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009. The Company has evaluated the potential impact of adopting this statement and concluded that it will continue to consolidate its VIEs that it identified in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company will do a continuous reassessment of its conclusion as stipulated in this statement.

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance for accounting for transfers of financial assets. The guidance eliminates the concept of a "qualifying special-purpose entity," changes the requirements for derecognizing financial assets and requires greater transparency of related disclosures. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2009. Adoption did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2009 consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2010 presentation. The adoption of these new accounting standards did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

The following table summarizes the Company's mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and asset-backed securities ("ABS"), including those pledged as collateral and classified as available-for-sale, which are carried at fair value (in thousands):

| | Amortized Cost (1) | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value (1) |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed private placement | \$98,169 | \$4,954 | \$(51,823) | \$51,300 |
| Other asset-backed | 24 | – | – | 24 |
| Total | \$98,193 | \$4,954 | \$(51,823) | \$51,324 |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed private placement | \$92,110 | \$2,622 | \$(50,214) | \$44,518 |
| Other asset-backed | 24 | – | – | 24 |
| Total | \$92,134 | \$2,622 | \$(50,214) | \$44,542 |

(1)As of March 31, 2010 and 2009, \$47.0 million and \$39.3 million, respectively, of securities were pledged as collateral security under related financings.

The following table summarizes the estimated maturities of the Company's MBS and other ABS according to their estimated weighted average life classifications (in thousands, except percentages):

| Weighted Average Life | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Weighted Average Coupon |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | |
| Less than one year | \$ 9,022 | (1) \$ 25,044 | 1.59% |
| Greater than one year and less than five years | 3,648 | 9,432 | 2.91% |
| Greater than five years | 38,654 | 63,717 | 5.80% |
| Total | \$ 51,324 | \$ 98,193 | 4.45% |
| December 31, 2009: | | | |
| Less than one year | \$ 7,503 | \$ 20,043 | 1.50% |
| Greater than one year and less than five years | 4,346 | 12,728 | 2.24% |
| Greater than five years | 32,693 | 59,363 | 5.76% |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----|--------|----|--------|-------|
| Total | \$ | 44,542 | \$ | 92,134 | 4.35% |
|-------|----|--------|----|--------|-------|

(1) All of the \$9.0 million of CMBS maturing in these categories are collateralized by floating-rate loans and are expected to extend for up to a minimum of two additional years as the loans in the floating-rate structures have a contractual right to extend with options ranging from two one-year options to three one-year options.

The contractual maturities of the investment securities available-for-sale range from January 2011 to October 2017.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE – (Continued)

The following table shows the fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time, of those individual investment securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position (in thousands):

| | Less than 12 Months | | More than 12 Months | | Total | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| March 31, 2010: | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed private placement | \$ 8,527 | \$ (1,207) | \$ 13,191 | \$ (50,616) | \$ 21,718 | \$ (51,823) |
| Total temporarily impaired securities | \$ 8,527 | \$ (1,207) | \$ 13,191 | \$ (50,616) | \$ 21,718 | \$ (51,823) |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed private placement | \$ 11,193 | \$ (1,073) | \$ 14,588 | \$ (49,141) | \$ 25,781 | \$ (50,214) |
| Total temporarily impaired securities | \$ 11,193 | \$ (1,073) | \$ 14,588 | \$ (49,141) | \$ 25,781 | \$ (50,214) |

The Company holds 18 and 13 investment securities available-for-sale that have been in a loss position for more than 12 months as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The unrealized losses in the above table are considered to be temporary impairments due to market factors and are not reflective of credit deterioration.

The determination of other-than-temporary impairment is a subjective process, and different judgments and assumptions could affect the timing of loss realization. The Company reviews its portfolios monthly and the determination of other-than-temporary impairment is made at least quarterly. The Company considers the following factors when determining if there is an other-than-temporary impairment on a security:

- the length of time the market value has been less than amortized cost;
- the severity of the impairment;
- the expected loss of the security as generated by third party software;
- credit ratings from the rating agencies;
- underlying credit fundamentals of the collateral backing the securities; and
- the Company's intent is more likely than not to sell the security before the recovery of the amortized cost basis.

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company held \$51.3 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, net of unrealized losses of \$46.9 million and \$47.6 million, respectively, of CMBS at fair value which, for the Company's positions purchased after 2009, is based on dealer quotes due to their higher ratings and more active markets and, for the Company's positions purchased during 2009, is based on taking a weighted average of the following three measures:

- an income approach utilizing an appropriate current risk-adjusted yield, time value and projected estimated losses from default assumptions based on historical analysis of underlying loan performance;
- quotes on similar-vintage, higher rated, more actively traded CMBS securities adjusted for the lower subordination level of its securities; and
 - dealer quotes on its securities for which there is not an active market.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE – (Continued)

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, a collateral position that supported the Company's other-ABS investment weakened to the point that default of that position became probable. As a result, the Company recognized a \$5.6 million other-than-temporary impairment on its other-ABS investment as of March 31, 2009 and an additional \$45,000 of other-than-temporary impairment on this investment during the three months ended June 30, 2009 bringing the fair value to \$0. During the three months ended December 31, 2009, two collateral positions that supported the Company's CMBS portfolio weakened to the point that default of these positions became probable. The assumed default of these collateral positions in the Company's cash flow model yielded a value of less than full recovery of the Company's cost basis. The Company recognized a \$6.9 million other-than-temporary impairment on its CMBS investments as of December 31, 2009 bringing the combined fair value to \$206,000. All of the Company's other-than-temporary impairment losses are related to credit losses.

While the Company's remaining securities classified as available-for-sale have continued to decline in fair value, the decline continues to be temporary. The Company performs an on-going review of third-party reports and updated financial data on the underlying property financial information to analyze current and projected loan performance. All securities but the ones described above are current with respect to interest and principal payments. Rating agency downgrades are considered with respect to the Company's income approach when determining other-than-temporary impairment and when inputs are stressed, the resulting projected cash flows reflect a full recovery of principal. The Company does not believe that any other of its securities classified as available-for-sale were other-than-temporarily impaired as of March 31, 2010.

Changes in interest rates may also have an effect on the rate of mortgage principal prepayments and, as a result, prepayments on MBS in the Company's investment portfolio. The Company seeks to mitigate the effect of changes in the mortgage principal repayment rate by balancing assets purchased at a premium with assets purchased at a discount. At March 31, 2010, the aggregate discount exceeded the aggregate premium on the Company's MBS by approximately \$30.8 million. At December 31, 2009, the aggregate discount exceeded the aggregate premium on the Company's MBS by approximately \$29.1 million.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY

The following table summarizes the Company's securities held-to-maturity which are carried at amortized cost (in thousands):

| | Amortized Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | | |
| Collateralized loan obligation securities | \$31,559 | \$314 | \$(8,684) | \$23,189 |
| Total | \$31,559 | \$314 | \$(8,684) | \$23,189 |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | |
| Collateralized loan obligation securities | \$31,401 | \$267 | \$(10,348) | \$21,320 |
| Total | \$31,401 | \$267 | \$(10,348) | \$21,320 |

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY – (Continued)

The following table summarizes the estimated maturities of the Company's securities held-to-maturity according to their contractual lives (in thousands):

| Contractual Life | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Weighted Average Coupon |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | |
| Greater than five years and less than ten years | \$16,536 | \$19,725 | 3.03% |
| Greater than ten years | 6,653 | 11,834 | 4.13% |
| Total | \$23,189 | \$31,559 | |
| December 31, 2009: | | | |
| Greater than five years and less than ten years | \$15,628 | \$19,667 | 3.06% |
| Greater than ten years | 5,692 | 11,734 | 4.14% |
| Total | \$21,320 | \$31,401 | |

The following table shows the fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time, of those individual investment securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position (in thousands):

| | Less than 12 Months | | More than 12 Months | | Total | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| March 31, 2010: | | | | | | |
| Collateralized loan obligations | \$ 3,751 | \$ (44) | \$ 12,747 | \$ (8,640) | \$ 16,498 | \$ (8,684) |
| Total temporarily impaired securities | \$ 3,751 | \$ (44) | \$ 12,747 | \$ (8,640) | \$ 16,498 | \$ (8,684) |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | | | |
| Collateralized loan obligations | \$ 2,530 | \$ (44) | \$ 10,980 | \$ (10,304) | \$ 13,510 | \$ (10,348) |
| Total temporarily impaired securities | \$ 2,530 | \$ (44) | \$ 10,980 | \$ (10,304) | \$ 13,510 | \$ (10,348) |

The Company holds 14 investment securities held-to-maturity that have been in a loss position for more than 12 months at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. The unrealized losses in the above table are considered to be temporary impairments due to market factors and are not reflective of credit deterioration.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, based on a credit rating downgrade and the cash flow analysis performed, a collateral position that supported the investments held-to-maturity became impaired as the Company's cash flow model yielded a value of less than full recovery of the Company's cost basis. As a result, the Company recognized an

\$895,000 other-than-temporary impairment on one of its investments held-to-maturity as of December 31, 2009. Because of the impairment charges, the cost of this security was written down to fair value through net impairment losses recognized in earnings in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company does not believe that any other of its investments classified as held-to-maturity were other-than-temporarily impaired as of March 31, 2010.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, based on the downgrading of the issuers' published credit rating, the Company sold three securities classified as held-to-maturity. The Company is more likely than not to hold its remaining securities until maturity.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 5 – LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT

The following is a summary of the Company's loans (in thousands):

| Loan Description | Principal | Unamortized (Discount) Premium | Carrying Value (1) |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | |
| Bank loans (2) | \$904,325 | \$ (29,864) | \$874,461 |
| Commercial real estate loans: | | | |
| Whole loans | 457,535 | (157) | 457,378 |
| B notes | 81,303 | 18 | 81,321 |
| Mezzanine loans | 182,523 | 159 | 182,682 |
| Total commercial real estate loans | 721,361 | 20 | 721,381 |
| Subtotal loans before allowances | 1,625,686 | (29,844) | 1,595,842 |
| Allowance for loan loss | (37,873) | – | (37,873) |
| Total | \$1,587,813 | \$ (29,844) | \$1,557,969 |
| December 31, 2009: | | | |
| Bank loans (2) | \$893,183 | \$ (27,682) | \$865,501 |
| Commercial real estate loans: | | | |
| Whole loans | 484,464 | (269) | 484,195 |
| B notes | 81,450 | 27 | 81,477 |
| Mezzanine loans | 182,523 | 163 | 182,686 |
| Total commercial real estate loans | 748,437 | (79) | 748,358 |
| Subtotal loans before allowances | 1,641,620 | (27,761) | 1,613,859 |
| Allowance for loan loss | (47,122) | – | (47,122) |
| Total | \$1,594,498 | \$ (27,761) | \$1,566,737 |

(1) Substantially all loans are pledged as collateral under various borrowings at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

(2) Amounts include \$2.4 million and \$8.1 million of loans held for sale as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

At March 31, 2010, the Company's bank loan portfolio consisted of \$862.7 million (net of allowance of \$11.9 million) of floating rate loans, which bear interest ranging between the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 0.50% and LIBOR plus 17.25% with maturity dates ranging from March 2011 to March 2017.

At December 31, 2009, the Company's bank loan portfolio consisted of \$847.7 million (net of allowance of \$17.8 million) of floating rate loans, which bear interest ranging between the LIBOR plus 0.50% and LIBOR plus 18.25% with maturity dates ranging from June 2011 to August 2022.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 5 – LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT – (Continued)

The following is a summary of the Company's commercial real estate loans (in thousands):

| Description | Quantity | Amortized Cost | Contracted Interest Rates | Maturity Dates (3) |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | | |
| Whole loans, floating rate (1) | 35 | \$ 398,562 | LIBOR plus 1.50% to LIBOR plus 4.50% | May 2010 to February 2017 |
| Whole loans, fixed rate (1) | 4 | 58,816 | 6.98% to 10.00% | June 2011 to August 2012 |
| B notes, floating rate | 3 | 26,500 | LIBOR plus 2.50% to LIBOR plus 3.01% | July 2010 to October 2010 |
| B notes, fixed rate | 3 | 54,821 | 7.00% to 8.68% | July 2011 to July 2016 |
| Mezzanine loans, floating rate | 10 | 124,048 | LIBOR plus 2.15% to LIBOR plus 3.45% | May 2010 to January 2013 |
| Mezzanine loans, fixed rate | 5 | 58,634 | 8.14% to 11.00% | September 2010 to September 2016 |
| Total (2) | 60 | \$ 721,381 | | |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | |
| Whole loans, floating rate (1) | 32 | \$ 403,890 | LIBOR plus 1.50% to LIBOR plus 4.40% | May 2010 to February 2017 |
| Whole loans, fixed rate (1) | 6 | 80,305 | 6.98% to 10.00% | May 2010 to August 2012 |
| B notes, floating rate | 3 | 26,500 | LIBOR plus 2.50% to | July 2010 to |

| | | | LIBOR plus 3.01% | October 2010 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | July 2011 to |
| B notes, fixed rate | 3 | 54,977 | 7.00% to 8.68% | July 2016 |
| | | | LIBOR plus 2.15% to | May 2010 to |
| Mezzanine loans, floating rate | 10 | 124,048 | LIBOR plus 3.45% | January 2013 |
| | | | | May 2010 to |
| Mezzanine loans, fixed rate | 5 | 58,638 | 8.14% to 11.00% | September 2016 |
| Total (2) | 59 | \$ 748,358 | | |

(1) Whole loans had \$5.6 million and \$5.6 million in unfunded loan commitments as of March 31, 2010 unchanged from December 31, 2009. These commitments are funded as the loans require additional funding and the related borrowers have satisfied the requirements to obtain this additional funding.

(2) The total does not include an allowance for loan losses of \$26.0 million and \$29.3 million recorded as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

(3) Excludes one floating rate whole loan which matured in July 2009 and is in foreclosure.

The following table shows the changes in the allowance for loan loss (in thousands):

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Allowance for loan loss at January 1, 2010 | \$47,122 |
| Allowance charged to expense | 15,285 |
| Loans charged-off | (24,534) |
| Recoveries | — |
| Allowance for loan loss at March 31, 2010 | \$37,873 |

As of March 31, 2010, the Company had recorded an allowance for loan losses of \$37.9 million consisting of a \$11.9 million allowance on the Company's bank loan portfolio and a \$26.0 million allowance on the Company's commercial real estate portfolio as a result of the Company deeming five bank loans and eight commercial real estate loans impaired as well as the establishment of a general reserve on these portfolios.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 5 – LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT – (Continued)

As of December 31, 2009, the Company had recorded an allowance for loan loss of \$47.1 million consisting of a \$17.8 million allowance on the Company's bank loan portfolio and a \$29.3 million allowance on the Company's commercial real estate portfolio as a result of the Company having seven bank loans and three commercial real estate loan that were deemed impaired as well as the establishment of a general reserve on these portfolios.

NOTE 6 – DIRECT FINANCING LEASES AND NOTES

The Company's direct financing leases and notes have weighted average initial lease and note terms of 54 months and 65 months as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The interest rates on notes receivable range from 8.8% to 14.0% and from 8.0% to 15.0% as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. Investments in direct financing leases and notes, net of unearned income, were as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Direct financing leases, net of unearned income | \$4,915 | \$1,397 |
| Operating leases | 384 | – |
| Notes receivable | 5,676 | 670 |
| Subtotal | 10,975 | 2,067 |
| Allowance for lease losses | (650) | (1,140) |
| Total | \$10,325 | \$927 |

The components of net investment in direct financing leases are as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Total future minimum lease payments | \$5,616 | \$1,610 |
| Unguaranteed residual | 160 | – |
| Unearned income | (861) | (213) |
| Total | \$4,915 | \$1,397 |

The components of net investment in operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Investment in operating leases | \$486 | \$– |
| Accumulated depreciation | (102) | – |
| Total | \$384 | \$– |

The Company evaluates the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses in commercial finance based upon, among other factors, management's historical experience with the commercial finance portfolios it manages, an analysis of contractual delinquencies, economic conditions and trends, industry statistics and equipment finance portfolio characteristics, as adjusted for expected recoveries. In evaluating historic performance of leases and loans, the Company performs a migration analysis, which estimates the likelihood that an account progresses through delinquency stages to ultimate write-off. As a result, the Company had recorded a provision for lease losses of \$86,000. The Company also recorded a charge-off to the general reserve of \$581,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and recorded provisions of \$86,000 to bring the total general reserve to \$650,000 at March 31, 2010. At December 31, 2009, the Company had recorded an allowance for lease losses of \$1.1 million.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 6 – DIRECT FINANCING LEASES AND NOTES - (Continued)

The following table shows the changes in the allowance for lease loss (in thousands):

| | |
|---|----------|
| Allowance for lease loss at January 1, 2010 | \$ 1,140 |
| Provision for lease loss | 86 |
| Leases charged-off | (581) |
| Recoveries | 5 |
| Allowance for lease loss at March 31, 2010 | \$ 650 |

NOTE 7 – BORROWINGS

The Company has financed the acquisition of its investments, including securities available-for-sale, loans and equipment leases and notes, primarily through the use of secured and unsecured borrowings in the form of CDOs, repurchase agreements, a secured term facility, warehouse facilities, trust preferred securities issuances and other secured and unsecured borrowings. Certain information with respect to the Company's borrowings at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 is summarized in the following table (in thousands, except percentages):

| | Outstanding Borrowings | Weighted Average Borrowing Rate | Weighted Average Remaining Maturity | Value of Collateral |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | | |
| RREF CDO 2006-1 Senior Notes (1) | \$ 220,656 | 1.17% | 36.4 years | \$ 249,998 |
| RREF CDO 2007-1 Senior Notes (2) | 346,637 | 0.80% | 36.5 years | 445,392 |
| Apidos CDO I Senior Notes (3) | 319,264 | 0.83% | 7.3 years | 307,955 |
| Apidos CDO III Senior Notes (4) | 260,289 | 0.71% | 10.2 years | 247,170 |
| Apidos Cinco CDO Senior Notes (5) | 318,936 | 0.76% | 10.1 years | 313,894 |
| Unsecured Junior Subordinated Debentures (6) | 51,548 | 6.22% | 26.4 years | – |
| Total | \$ 1,517,330 | 1.02% | 20.0 years | \$ 1,564,409 |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | |
| RREF CDO 2006-1 Senior Notes (1) | \$ 240,227 | 1.11% | 36.6 years | \$ 267,153 |
| RREF CDO 2007-1 Senior Notes (2) | 346,673 | 0.81% | 36.8 years | 435,225 |
| Apidos CDO I Senior Notes (3) | 319,103 | 0.86% | 7.6 years | 290,578 |
| Apidos CDO III Senior Notes (4) | 260,158 | 0.71% | 10.5 years | 237,499 |
| Apidos Cinco CDO Senior Notes (5) | 318,791 | 0.78% | 10.4 years | 299,874 |
| Unsecured Junior Subordinated Debentures (6) | 51,548 | 6.19% | 26.7 years | – |
| Total | \$ 1,536,500 | 1.02% | 20.4 years | \$ 1,530,329 |

(1) Amount represents principal outstanding of \$223.5 million and \$243.5 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. This CDO transaction closed in August 2006.

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

- (2) Amount represents principal outstanding of \$351.0 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$4.4 million as of March 31, 2010 and principal outstanding of \$351.2 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$4.6 million as of December 31, 2009. This CDO transaction closed in June 2007.
- (3) Amount represents principal outstanding of \$321.5 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$2.2 million as of March 31, 2010 and \$2.4 million as of December 31, 2009. The CDO transaction closed in August 2005.
- (4) Amount represents principal outstanding of \$262.5 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$2.2 million as of March 31, 2010 and \$2.3 million as of December 31, 2009. This CDO transaction closed in May 2006.
- (5) Amount represents principal outstanding of \$322.0 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$3.1 million as of March 31, 2010 and \$3.3 million as of December 31, 2009. This CDO transaction closed in May 2007.
- (6) Amount represents junior subordinated debentures issued to Resource Capital Trust I and RCC Trust II in May 2006 and September 2006, respectively.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 7 – BORROWINGS – (Continued)

Collateralized Debt Obligations

Resource Real Estate Funding CDO 2007-1

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company repurchased \$250,000 of the Class J note in RREF CDO 2007-1 at a weighted average price of 9.00% to par which resulted in a \$228,000 gain, reported as a gain on the extinguishment of debt in the consolidated statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company repurchased \$33.5 million of the Class E, F, G and J notes in RREF CDO 2007-1 at a weighted average price of 25.66% to par which resulted in a \$24.9 million gain, reported as a gain on the extinguishment of debt in the consolidated statements of operations.

Resource Real Estate Funding CDO 2006-1

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company repurchased \$20.0 million of the Class A-1 note in RREF CDO 2006-1 at a weighted average price of 68.0% to par which resulted in a \$6.4 million gain, reported as a gain on the extinguishment of debt in the consolidated statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company repurchased \$22.0 million of the Class D, E, and F notes in RREF CDO 2006-1 at a weighted average price of 10.80% to par which resulted in a \$19.6 million gain, reported as a gain on the extinguishment of debt in its consolidated statements of operations.

NOTE 8 – SHARE ISSUANCE AND REPURCHASE

Under a dividend reinvestment plan authorized by the board of directors on June 12, 2008, the Company was authorized to issue up to 5.5 million shares of common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company issued 3.1 million shares of common stock through this plan at a weighted-average share price of \$5.91 per share and received proceeds of \$18.0 million (net of costs). Including 1.9 million shares of common stock issued in 2009, through March 31, 2010, the Company has issued an aggregate of 5.0 million shares through this plan.

On March 22, 2010, the Company filed a prospectus to issue up to 8.0 million shares through an updated dividend reinvestment plan with similar terms, including the unused 500,000 shares under the previous plan, which are incorporated into the new plan. The new plan became effective on April 7, 2010.

Under a share repurchase plan authorized by the board of directors on July 26, 2007, the Company is authorized to repurchase up to 2.5 million of its outstanding common shares. No shares were repurchased during the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Company has repurchased a total of 1,663,000 shares under this program as of March 31, 2010.

NOTE 9 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The following table summarizes restricted common stock transactions:

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

| | Non-Employee | | Total |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| | Directors | Non-Employees | |
| Unvested shares as of January 1, 2009 | 52,632 | 384,687 | 437,319 |
| Issued | 16,939 | 315,905 | 332,844 |
| Vested | (52,632) | (150,956) | (203,588) |
| Forfeited | – | – | – |
| Unvested shares as of March 31, 2010 | 16,939 | 549,636 | 566,575 |

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION – (Continued)

The Company is required to value any unvested shares of restricted common stock granted to non-employees at the current market price. The estimated fair value of the unvested shares of restricted stock granted during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2009, including shares issued to the five non-employee directors, was \$1.8 million and \$624,000, respectively.

On January 14, 2010, the Company issued 173,404 shares of restricted common stock under its 2007 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan. These restricted shares will vest 33.3% on January 22, 2011. The balance will vest annually thereafter through January 22, 2013.

On February 1, 2010 and March 8, 2010, the Company granted 4,083 and 12,856 shares of restricted stock, respectively, under its 2005 Stock Incentive Plan and 2007 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan, respectively, to the Company's non-employee directors as part of their annual compensation. These shares vest in full on the first anniversary of the date of grant.

On February 10, 2010, the Company issued 142,501 shares of restricted common stock under its 2005 Stock Incentive Plan and 2007 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan. These restricted shares will vest 33.3% on February 10, 2011. The balance will vest annually thereafter through February 10, 2013.

The following table summarizes stock option transactions:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Outstanding as of January 1, 2010 | 607,666 | \$ 14.99 | | |
| Granted | – | – | | |
| Exercised | – | – | | |
| Forfeited | (5,000) | 15.00 | | |
| Outstanding as of March 31, 2010 | 602,666 | \$ 14.99 | 5 | \$ 1,006 |
| Exercisable at March 31, 2010 | 582,666 | \$ 15.00 | 5 | \$ 951 |

The stock options have a remaining contractual term of five years. Upon exercise of options, new shares are issued.

The following table summarizes the status of the Company's unvested stock options as of March 31, 2010:

| Unvested Options | Options | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|---------|---|
| Unvested at January 1, 2010 | 21,666 | \$ 14.88 |

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|
| Granted | - | - |
| Vested | (1,666) | \$ 18.37 |
| Forfeited | - | - |
| Unvested at March 31, 2010 | 20,000 | \$ 14.59 |

The weighted average period the Company expects to recognize the remaining expense on the unvested stock options is approximately one year.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION – (Continued)

The following table summarizes the status of the Company's vested stock options as of March 31, 2010:

| Vested Options | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Vested as of January 1, 2010 | 586,000 | \$ 14.99 | | |
| Vested | 1,666 | \$ 18.37 | | |
| Exercised | – | – | | |
| Forfeited | (5,000) | \$ 15.00 | | |
| Vested as of March 31, 2010 | 582,666 | \$ 15.00 | 5 | \$ 951 |

The stock option transactions are valued using the Black-Scholes model using the following assumptions:

| | As of March 31, 2010 |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| Expected life | 7 years |
| Discount rate | 3.40% |
| Volatility | 112.34% |
| Dividend yield | 15.08% |

The estimated fair value of each option granted for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$1.632 and \$0.897, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the components of equity compensation expense were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Month Ended March 31, | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Options granted to Manager and non-employees | \$20 | \$(1) |
| Restricted shares granted to Manager and non-employees | 676 | 61 |
| Restricted shares granted to non-employee directors | 28 | 28 |
| Total equity compensation expense | \$724 | \$88 |

During the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Manager received 73,815 and 26,097 shares as incentive compensation valued at \$1.5 million and \$98,000, respectively pursuant to the Management Agreement. The incentive management fee is paid one quarter in arrears.

Apart from incentive compensation payable under the Management Agreement, the Company has established no formal criteria for equity awards as of March 31, 2010. All awards are discretionary in nature and subject to approval by the compensation committee.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 10 –EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table presents a reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods presented as follows (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Basic: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$1,406 | \$(12,152) |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding | 37,987,192 | 24,467,408 |
| Basic net income (loss) per share | \$0.04 | \$(0.50) |
| Diluted: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$1,406 | \$(12,152) |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding | 37,987,192 | 24,467,408 |
| Additional shares due to assumed conversion of dilutive instruments | 163,413 | – |
| Adjusted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding | 38,150,605 | 24,467,408 |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$0.04 | \$(0.50) |

Potentially dilutive shares relating to 163,413 and 242,464 shares of restricted stock are not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, because the effect was anti-dilutive.

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Relationship with Resource America and Certain of its Subsidiaries

At March 31, 2010, Resource America owned 2,265,824 shares, or 5.7%, of the Company's outstanding common stock. In addition, Resource America held 2,166 options to purchase restricted stock.

The Company is managed by the Manager pursuant to the management agreement that provides for both base and incentive management fees. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Manager earned base management fees of approximately \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. The Company also reimburses the Manager and Resource America for expenses and employees of Resource America who perform legal, accounting, due diligence and other services that outside professionals or consultants would otherwise perform. On October 16, 2009, the Company entered into an amendment to the management agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, the Manager must provide the Company with a Chief Financial Officer and three accounting professionals, each of whom will be exclusively dedicated to the operations of the Company. The Manager must also provide the Company with a director of investor relations who will be 50% dedicated to the Company's operations. The Company will bear the expense of the wages, salaries and benefits of the Chief Financial Officer and three accounting professionals and 50% of the salary and benefits of the director of investor relations. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company paid the Manager \$440,000 and \$146,000, respectively, as expense reimbursements.

At March 31, 2010, the Company was indebted to the Manager for base management fees of \$402,000 and for the reimbursement of expenses of \$276,000. At December 31, 2009, the Company was indebted to the Manager for base management fees of \$371,000, incentive management fees of \$1.5 million and expense reimbursements of \$129,000. These amounts are included in accounts payable and other liabilities.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

Relationship with Resource America and Certain of its Subsidiaries – (Continued)

The Company purchased a membership interest in RRE VIP Borrower, LLC (an unconsolidated VIE that holds the Company's interests in a real estate joint venture) from Resource America at book value. This joint venture, which is structured as a credit facility with Värde Investment Partners, LP acting as lender, finances the acquisition of distressed properties and mortgage loans and has the objective of repositioning both the directly owned properties and the properties underlying the mortgage loans to enhance their value. The Company acquired the membership interests for \$2.1 million. The agreement requires the Company to contribute 3% of the total funding required for each asset acquisition on a monthly basis. The investment balance of \$2.5 million and \$2.1 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, is recorded as an investment in unconsolidated entities on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

On January 15, 2010, the Company loaned \$2.0 million to Resource Capital Partners, Inc. so that it could acquire a 5.0% limited partnership interest in Resource Real Estate Opportunity Fund, L.P. The loan is secured by Resource Capital Partner's partnership interest in the Resource Real Estate Opportunity Fund, L.P. The promissory note bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.0% per annum on the unpaid principal balance. In the event of default, interest will accrue and be payable at a rate of 5.0% in excess of the fixed rate. Interest payments are due quarterly commencing on April 15, 2010. Mandatory principal payments must also be made to the extent distributable cash or other proceeds from the partnership represents a return of Resource Capital Partners, Inc.'s capital. The term of the loan ends on January 14, 2015, with an option to extend for two additional 12-month periods each.

On March 5, 2010, the Company entered into a Promissory Note with Lease Equity Appreciation Fund II, L.P. ("LEAF II"), that allows for an \$8.0 million facility, of which all \$8.0 million was funded by March 31, 2010, for a one year term at 12% payable quarterly, with a 1% loan origination fee and 20% amortization, which is secured by the all assets of LEAF II, including its entire ownership interest in LEAF II Receivables Funding, LLC. The loan is to be fully repaid by March 3, 2011.

Relationship with LEAF

LEAF Financial Corp. ("LEAF"), a majority-owned subsidiary of Resource America, originates and manages equipment leases and notes on the Company's behalf. The Company purchases its equipment leases and notes from LEAF at a price equal to their book value plus a reimbursable origination cost not to exceed 1% to compensate LEAF for its origination costs. For the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company had acquired \$10.2 million of equipment lease and note investments from LEAF, including \$102,000 of origination cost reimbursements. In addition, the Company pays LEAF an annual servicing fee, equal to 1% of the book value of managed assets, for servicing the Company's equipment leases and notes. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company was indebted to LEAF for servicing fees in connection with the Company's equipment finance portfolio of \$9,000 and \$8,000, respectively. LEAF servicing fees for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were \$18,000 and \$253,000, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company sold two equipment notes back to LEAF at a price equal to their book value. The total proceeds received on the sale of the outstanding notes receivable were

\$140,000. During three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company sold two equipment notes back to LEAF at a price equal to their book value. The total proceeds received on the sale of the outstanding notes receivable were \$822,000.

Relationship with Resource Real Estate

Resource Real Estate, a subsidiary of Resource America, originates, finances and manages the Company's commercial real estate loan portfolio, including whole loans, A notes, B notes and mezzanine loans. The Company reimburses Resource Real Estate for loan origination costs associated with all loans originated. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had no indebtedness to Resource Real Estate for loan origination costs in connection with the Company's commercial real estate loan portfolio.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

Relationship with Law Firm

Until 1996, director Edward E. Cohen, a director who was the Company's Chairman from its inception until November 2009, was of counsel to Ledgewood, P.C., a law firm. In addition, one of the Company's executive officers, Jeffrey F. Brotman, was employed by Ledgewood until 2007. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company paid Ledgewood approximately \$24,000 and \$15,000, respectively, for legal services. Mr. Cohen receives certain debt service payments from Ledgewood related to the termination of his affiliation with Ledgewood and its redemption of his interest in the firm. Mr. Brotman also receives certain debt service payments from Ledgewood related to the termination of his affiliation with Ledgewood.

NOTE 12 – DISTRIBUTIONS

In order to qualify as a REIT, the Company must currently distribute at least 90% of its taxable income. In addition, the Company must distribute 100% of its taxable income in order not to be subject to corporate federal income taxes on retained income. The Company anticipates it will distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its stockholders. Because taxable income differs from cash flow from operations due to non-cash revenues or expenses (such as provisions for loan and lease losses and depreciation), in certain circumstances, the Company may generate operating cash flow in excess of its distributions or, alternatively, may be required to borrow to make sufficient distribution payments.

The Company's 2010 dividends will be determined by the Company's board which will also consider the composition of any dividends declared, including the option of paying a portion in cash and the balance in additional common shares. Generally, dividends payable in stock are not treated as dividends for purposes of the deduction for dividends, or as taxable dividends to the recipient. The Internal Revenue Service, in Revenue Procedures 2009-15 and 2010-12, has given guidance with respect to certain stock distributions by publicly traded REITs. These Revenue Procedures apply to distributions made on or after January 1, 2008 and declared with respect to a taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2011. They provide that publicly-traded REITs can distribute stock (common shares in the Company's case) to satisfy their REIT distribution requirements if stated conditions are met. These conditions include that at least 10% of the aggregate declared distributions be paid in cash and the shareholders be permitted to elect whether to receive cash or stock, subject to the limit set by the REIT on the cash to be distributed in the aggregate to all shareholders. The Company did not use these Revenue Procedures with respect to any distributions for its 2008 and 2009 taxable years, but may do so for distributions with respect to 2010 and 2011.

On March 18, 2010, the Company declared a quarterly distribution of \$0.25 per share of common stock, \$10.1 million in the aggregate, which was paid on April 27, 2010 to stockholders of record on March 31, 2010.

NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company follows the fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The Company determines fair value based on quoted prices when available or, if quoted prices are not available, through the use of alternative approaches, such as discounting the expected cash flows using market interest rates commensurate with the credit quality and duration of

the investment. The hierarchy followed defines three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset and liability or can be corroborated with observable market data for substantially the entire contractual term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in the pricing of the asset or liability and are consequently not based on market activity, but rather through particular valuation techniques.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – (Continued)

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. The Company evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each quarter; depending on various factors, it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from quarter to quarter. However, the Company expects that changes in classifications between levels will be rare.

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following is a discussion of these assets and liabilities as well as the valuation techniques applied to each for fair value measurement.

The Company classifies all of its investment securities as available-for-sale and reports them at fair value which, for the Company's positions purchased in the three months ended March 31, 2010, is based on dealer quotes due to their higher ratings and more active markets and, for the Company's positions purchased prior to the three months ended March 31, 2010, is based on taking a weighted average of the following three measures:

- an income approach utilizing an appropriate current risk-adjusted yield, time value and projected estimated losses from default assumptions based on analysis of underlying loan performance;
- quotes on similar-vintage, higher rate, more actively traded CMBS adjusted as appropriate for the lower subordination level of the Company's securities; and
 - dealer quotes on the Company's securities for which there is not an active market.

Derivatives (interest rate swap contracts), both assets and liabilities, are valued by a third-party pricing agent using an income approach and utilizing models that use as their primary basis readily observable market parameters. This valuation process considers factors including interest rate yield curves, time value, credit factors and volatility factors. Although the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads, to evaluate the likelihood of default by the Company and its counterparties. The Company has assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and has determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, the Company has determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets (including derivatives that are presented net) measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2010 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value (in thousands):

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for-sale | \$– | \$– | \$51,324 | \$51,324 |
| Total assets at fair value | \$– | \$– | \$51,324 | \$51,324 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Derivatives (net) | \$– | \$13,267 | \$– | \$13,267 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| Total liabilities at fair value | \$- | \$13,267 | \$- | \$13,267 |
|---------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|----------|

The following table presents additional information about assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis for which the Company has utilized Level 3 inputs (in thousands):

| | Level 3 |
|---|-----------|
| Beginning balance, January 1, 2010 | \$ 44,542 |
| Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized): | |
| Included in earnings | 1,080 |
| Purchases | 4,978 |
| Unrealized gains – included in accumulated other comprehensive income | 724 |
| Ending balance, March 31, 2010 | \$ 51,324 |

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – (Continued)

The Company did not have any losses included in earnings due to the other-than-temporary impairment charges during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Loans held for sale consist of bank loans identified for sale due to credit issues. Interest on loans held for sale is recognized according to the contractual terms of the loan and included in interest income on loans. The fair value of loans held for sale and impaired loans is based on what secondary markets are currently offering for these loans. As such, the Company classifies loans held for sale and impaired loans as recurring Level 2. The amount of the adjustment for fair value for loans held for sale for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$14,818 and is included in the consolidated statement of operations as realized losses on loans and investments. For loans where there is no market, the loans are measured using cash flows and other valuation techniques and these loans are classified as nonrecurring Level 3. The amount of nonrecurring fair value losses for impaired loans for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$15.1 million and is included in the consolidated statement of operations as provision for loan and lease loss.

The following table summarizes the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2010 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value (in thousands):

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Loans held for sale | \$– | \$2,376 | \$– | \$2,376 |
| Impaired loans | – | 8,606 | 88,651 | 97,257 |
| Total assets at fair value | \$– | \$10,982 | \$88,651 | \$99,633 |

The Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value. The fair value of short-term financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, interest receivable, other assets, repurchase agreements, warehouse lending facilities and accrued interest expense approximates their carrying value on the consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the Company's investment securities available-for-sale is reported in Note 3. The fair value of the Company's derivative instruments is reported in Note 14.

The fair values of the Company's remaining financial instruments that are not reported at fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position are reported below.

| | Fair Value of Financial Instruments (in thousands) | | | |
|--|---|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | March 31, 2010 | | December 31, 2009 | |
| | Carrying value | Fair value | Carrying value | Fair value |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity | \$ 31,559 | \$ 23,189 | \$ 31,401 | \$ 21,320 |
| Loans held-for-investment | \$ 1,555,593 | \$ 1,538,290 | \$ 1,558,687 | \$ 1,515,626 |
| CDO notes | \$ 1,465,782 | \$ 862,106 | \$ 1,484,952 | \$ 857,262 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Junior subordinated notes | \$ 51,548 | \$ 18,042 | \$ 51,548 | \$ 18,042 |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

NOTE 14 – INTEREST RATE RISK AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

At March 31, 2010, the Company had 11 interest rate swap contracts outstanding whereby the Company will pay an average fixed rate of 5.16% and receive a variable rate equal to one-month LIBOR. The aggregate notional amount of these contracts was \$195.5 million at March 31, 2010. In addition, the Company also has one interest rate cap agreement with a notional of \$14.8 million outstanding whereby it reduced its exposure to variability in future cash flows attributable to LIBOR. The interest rate cap is a non-designated cash flow hedge and, as a result, the change in fair value is recorded through the consolidated statement of operations.

At December 31, 2009, the Company had 13 interest rate swap contracts outstanding whereby the Company will pay an average fixed rate of 5.18% and receive a variable rate equal to one-month LIBOR. The aggregate notional amount of these contracts was \$217.9 million at December 31, 2009.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 14 – INTEREST RATE RISK AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS – (Continued)

The estimated fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps was (\$13.3) million and (\$12.8) million as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The Company had aggregate unrealized losses of \$14.9 million and \$14.6 million on the interest rate swap agreements as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss. In connection with the August 2006 close of RREF CDO 2006-1, the Company realized a swap termination loss of \$119,000, which is being amortized over the life of RREF CDO 2006-1. The amortization is reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the June 2007 close of RREF CDO 2007-1, the Company realized a swap termination gain of \$2.6 million, which is being amortized over the life of RREF CDO 2007-1. The accretion is reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the termination of a \$53.6 million swap related to RREF CDO 2006-1 during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company realized a swap termination loss of \$4.2 million, which is being amortized over the life of a new \$45.0 million swap. The amortization is reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the payoff of a fixed-rate commercial real estate loan during the three months ended September 30, 2008, the Company terminated a \$12.7 million swap and realized a \$574,000 swap termination loss, which is being amortized over the life of the terminated swap and the amortization is reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

The following tables present the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2010 and on the consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010:

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments as of March 31, 2010
(in thousands)

| | Notional Amount | Liability Derivatives | Fair Value |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| | | Balance Sheet Location | |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under SFAS 133 | | | |
| Interest rate cap agreement | \$ 14,841 | Derivatives, at fair value | \$ 10 |
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under SFAS 133 | | | |
| Interest rate swap contracts | \$ 195,459 | Derivatives, at fair value | \$ (13,277) |
| | | Accumulated other comprehensive loss | \$ 13,277 |

The Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Operations for the
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

(in thousands)

| | Notional Amount | Liability Derivatives Statement of Operations Location | Unrealized Loss (1) |
|---|-----------------|--|------------------------|
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under SFAS 133 | | | |
| Interest rate cap agreement | \$ 14,841 | Interest expense | \$ 36 |

(1) Negative values indicate a decrease to the associated balance sheet or consolidated statement of operations line items.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

RESOURCE CAPITAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2010
(Unaudited)

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the filing of this form and determined that there have not been any events that have occurred that would require adjustments to or disclosures in the unaudited consolidated financial statements, other than listed below.

On April 7, 2010, the Company, as borrower, entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with Resource TRS, as guarantor, The Bancorp Bank, as lender, and LEAF Financial Corporation, as collateral servicer. The loan, in the principal amount of \$6.5 million with a fixed rate of 6.0% and a loan fee of 1.0%, matures in 30 months, is secured by small business equipment leases serviced by LEAF Financial Corporation, and was made in the ordinary course of the bank's business on the same terms as those prevailing for comparable transactions with other lenders. Our President is the brother of the Chairman of the Board and son of the Chief Executive Officer of the bank's parent, The Bancorp, Inc. One of our directors is the father of the Chairman of the Board and the spouse of the Chief Executive Officer of Bancorp. One of our directors also serves as a director of Bancorp, and an additional Bancorp director serves as a director of Resource America. All of the directors with related interests in the loan did not vote or participate in any way in the loan approval.

On April 12, 2010, the Company repurchased \$26.6 million of debt issued by RREF CDO 2006-1.

The Company received \$9.0 million in proceeds related to the issuance of 1,318,524 shares of common stock on the Company's dividend reinvestment plan during April 2010.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL
CONDITION
AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion provides information to assist you in understanding our financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed in or implied by those forward looking statements. Please see "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 for a discussion of certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions associated with those statements.

Overview

We are a specialty finance company that focuses primarily on commercial real estate and commercial finance. We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a REIT under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Our objective is to provide our stockholders with total returns over time, including quarterly distributions and capital appreciation, while seeking to manage the risks associated with our investment strategy. We invest in a combination of real estate-related assets and, to a lesser extent, higher-yielding commercial finance assets. We have financed a substantial portion of our portfolio investments through borrowing strategies seeking to match the maturities and repricing dates of our financings with the maturities and repricing dates of those investments, and have sought to mitigate interest rate risk through derivative instruments.

We are externally managed by Resource Capital Manager, Inc., a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Resource America, Inc. (NASDAQ-GS: REXI), or Resource America, a specialized asset management company that uses industry specific expertise to generate and administer investment opportunities for its own account and for outside investors in the commercial finance, real estate, and financial fund management sectors. As of March 31, 2010, Resource America managed approximately \$13.1 billion of assets in these sectors. To provide its services, the Manager draws upon Resource America, its management team and their collective investment experience.

We generate our income primarily from the spread between the revenues we receive from our assets and the cost to finance the purchase of those assets and hedge interest rate risks. We generate revenues from the interest and fees we earn on our whole loans, senior interest in first mortgage loans, or A notes, junior interests in first mortgage loans, or B notes, mezzanine debt, commercial mortgage-backed securities, or CMBS, bank loans, payments on equipment leases and notes and other asset-backed securities, or ABS. Historically, we have used a substantial amount of leverage to enhance our returns and we have financed each of our different asset classes with different degrees of leverage. The cost of borrowings to finance our investments comprises a significant part of our expenses. Our net income depends on our ability to control these expenses relative to our revenue. In our bank loans, CMBS, equipment leases and notes and other ABS, we historically have used warehouse facilities as a short-term financing source and collateralized debt obligations, or CDOs, and, to a lesser extent, other term financing as a long-term financing source. In our commercial real estate loan portfolio, we historically have used repurchase agreements as a short-term financing source, and CDOs and, to a lesser extent, other term financing as a long-term financing source. Our other term financing has consisted of long-term match-funded financing provided through long-term bank financing and asset-backed financing programs, depending upon market conditions and credit availability.

Ongoing problems in real estate and credit markets continue to impact our operations, particularly our ability to generate capital and financing to execute our investment strategies. These problems have also affected a number of our commercial real estate borrowers and, with respect to 31 of our commercial real estate, or CRE, loans, caused us to enter into loan modifications. We have increased our provision for loan and lease losses to reflect the effect of

these conditions on our borrowers and have recorded both temporary and other than temporary impairments in the market valuation of the CMBS and other ABS in our investment portfolio. While we believe we have appropriately valued the assets in our investment portfolio at March 31, 2010, we cannot assure you that further impairments will not occur or that our assets will otherwise not be adversely affected by market conditions.

The events occurring in the credit markets have impacted our financing and investing strategies and, as a result, our ability to originate new investments and to grow. The market for securities issued by new securitizations collateralized by assets similar to those in our investment portfolio has largely disappeared. Since our sponsorship in June 2007 of Resource Real Estate Funding CDO 2007-1, or RREF CDO 2007-1, we have not sponsored any new securitizations and we do not expect to be able to sponsor new securitizations for the foreseeable future. Short-term financing through warehouse lines of credit and repurchase agreements had been largely unavailable and unreliable as increasing volatility in the valuation of assets similar to those we originate had increased the risk of margin calls. However, we now see signs of the CRE term financing market opening and have seen the bank loan financing market open in 2010.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Credit market conditions and the recessionary economy have also resulted in an increasing number of loan modifications, particularly in our commercial real estate loans. Borrowers have experienced deterioration in the performance of the properties we have financed or delays in implementing their business plans. In order to assist our borrowers in effectuating their business plans, including the leasing and repositioning of the underlying assets, we have been willing to enter into loan modifications that would adapt our financing to their particular situations. The most common loan modifications have included term extensions and modest interest rate reductions through the lowering of London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, floors, offset by increased interest rate spreads over LIBOR. In exchange for the loan modifications, we have received partial principal paydowns, new equity investment commitments in the properties from the borrowers or their principals, additional fees and other structural improvements and enhancements to the loans. Since the beginning of 2008 through March 31, 2010, we have modified 31 CRE loans. Management determined that seven of these modifications were due to financial distress of the borrowers and accordingly, qualified as troubled debt restructurings. We expect that we may have more CRE loan modifications in the future.

Currently, we seek to manage our liquidity and originate new assets primarily through capital recycling as loan payoffs and paydowns occur and through existing capacities within our completed securitizations. The following is a summary of repayments we received during the three months ended March 31, 2010:

- \$17.1 million of commercial real estate loan principal repayments;
- \$38.5 million of bank loan principal repayments; and
- \$18.0 million of bank loan sale proceeds.

We have used recycled capital in our CRE CDO and bank loan CLO structures to make new investments at discounts to par. This reinvested capital and the related discount will produce additional income as the discount is accreted through interest income. In addition, the purchase of these investments at discounts allows us to build collateral in the CDO and CLO structures since we receive credit in these structures for these investments at par. During 2010 and 2009, we purchased CMBS with a combined par value of \$59.4 million with a discount to par of 45.9% and bank loans of \$358.9 million with a discount to par of 11.1%. From the net discounts of approximately \$27.3 million and \$40.0 million, we expect to recognize income from accretion of these discounts of approximately \$4.6 million and \$8.6 million in our CMBS and bank loan portfolio, respectively, through 2010.

As of March 31, 2010, we had no outstanding repurchase agreements.

We expect to continue to generate net investment income from our current investment portfolio and generate dividends for our shareholders.

As of March 31, 2010, we had invested 74.6% of our portfolio in CRE assets, 22.5% in commercial bank loans and 2.9% in direct financing leases and notes. As of December 31, 2009, we had invested 76.4% of our portfolio in CRE assets, 23.2% in commercial bank loans and 0.4% in direct financing leases and notes. We invested \$10.3 million in direct financing leases and notes during the March 2010 period and subsequent to quarter end obtained financing for this investment. Therefore, the shift in equity allocation from December 31, 2009 to March 31, 2010 is a temporary one as we expect the equity allocation to move back toward the December 31, 2009 percentages after giving effect to the financing transaction on our equipment leasing portfolio.

Critical Accounting Policies

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of our assets, liabilities, revenues and cost and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to the provision for credit losses, recovery of deferred tax assets, fair value of investment securities, potential impairment of intangible assets and goodwill, guarantees and certain accrued liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

For a complete discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates, see the discussion of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates.”

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Results of Operations – Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 as compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2009

Our net income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$1.4 million, or \$0.04 per share (basic and diluted), as compared to a net loss of \$12.2 million, or (\$0.50) per share (basic and diluted), for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Interest Income

The following table sets forth information relating to our interest income recognized for the periods presented (in thousands, except percentages):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Interest Income | Yield (1) | Balance | Interest Income | Yield (1) | Balance |
| Interest income: | | | | | | |
| Interest income from loans: | | | | | | |
| Bank loans | \$ 9,721 | 4.27% | \$ 907,934 | \$ 8,897 | 3.83% | \$ 927,891 |
| Commercial real estate loans | 8,546 | 4.71% | \$ 727,131 | 13,723 | 6.83% | \$ 801,373 |
| Total interest income from loans | 18,267 | | | 22,620 | | |
| Interest income from securities: | | | | | | |
| CMBS-private placement | 2,534 | 7.53% | \$ 131,247 | 882 | 4.76% | \$ 74,138 |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 337 | 3.75% | \$ 35,945 | 540 | 6.83% | \$ 29,710 |
| Other ABS | 3 | N/A | N/A | – | N/A | N/A |
| Total interest income from securities available-for-sale | 2,874 | | | 1,422 | | |
| Leasing | 235 | 10.50% | \$ 9,164 | 2,233 | 8.70% | \$ 99,213 |
| Interest income – other: | | | | | | |
| Temporary investment in over-night repurchase agreements | 197 | N/A | N/A | 347 | N/A | N/A |
| Total interest income – other | 197 | | | 347 | | |
| Total interest income | \$ 21,573 | | | \$ 26,622 | | |

(1) Certain one-time items reflected in interest income have been excluded in calculating the weighted average rate, since they are not indicative of expected future results.

Aggregate interest income decreased \$5.0 million (19%) to \$21.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$26.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. We attribute this decrease to the following:

Interest Income from Loans

Aggregate interest income from loans decreased \$4.4 million (19%) to \$18.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$22.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Commercial real estate loans produced \$8.5 million of interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$13.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$5.2 million (38%). This decrease is a result of the following:

- a decrease in the weighted average balance of \$74.3 million on our commercial real estate loans to \$727.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$801.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily as a result of payoffs and paydowns; and
- a decrease in the weighted average rate to 4.71% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 6.83% for the three months ended March 31, 2009, primarily due to decreases in LIBOR floors, which is a reference index for the rates payable on these loans, from loan modifications during 2009 and 2010. Management determined that seven of these modifications were due to financial distress of the borrowers and, accordingly, qualified as troubled debt restructurings. To summarize the impact of modifications on the weighted average rate at March 31, 2010, we have \$189.6 million of loans with a weighted average LIBOR floor of 2.24% as compared to \$382.1 million of loans with a weighted average LIBOR floor of 4.73% at March 31, 2009.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

(Back to Index)

This decrease in interest income on loans was partially offset by the following:

Bank loans generated \$9.7 million of interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$8.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, an increase of \$824,000 (9%). This increase was primarily the result of an increase in accretion income of \$2.0 million to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$888,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase in accretion income is a result of the purchase of \$73.4 million of bank loans at discounts and the accretion of those discounts into income. These discounted loan purchases are made as we invest the proceeds from the loan payoffs from our borrowers and from the loans we have sold, typically for credit reasons.

This increase in bank loan accretion income was partially offset by the following:

- a decrease in the weighted average balance on these loans of \$20.0 million to \$907.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$927.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.
- a decrease in the weighted average rate earned by our bank loans to 4.27% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 3.83% for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This was principally a result of the decrease in LIBOR which is a reference index for the rates payable on these loans.

Interest Income from Securities

Aggregate interest income from securities increased \$1.5 million (102%) to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, from \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase in interest income from securities available-for-sale resulted principally from the following:

CMBS-private placement increased \$1.7 million (187%) to \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$882,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase is primarily attributed to the following:

- an increase in the weighted average balance of assets of \$57.1 million to \$131.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$74.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily as a result of the purchase of \$7.7 million par value of assets during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and \$54.8 million par value of assets during the last two quarters of the year ended December 31, 2009; and
 - an increase in the weighted average yield to 7.53% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 4.76% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily as a result of the increase in accretion income from securities purchased at discounts.

Securities held-to-maturity decreased \$203,000 (38%) to \$337,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$540,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This decrease is primarily attributed to the following:

- a decrease in the weighted average rate earned by these securities to 2.38% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 6.83% for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This was principally a result of the decrease in LIBOR which is a reference index for the rates payable on these securities.

Interest Income – Leasing

Our equipment leasing portfolio generated \$235,000 of interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$2.0 million (89%). This decrease

is primarily the result of our sale of the majority of the leasing portfolio, at par, as of June 30, 2009. This decrease was partially offset by the addition of a \$10.2 million pool of leases during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Interest Income – Other

Aggregate interest income-other decreased \$150,000 (43%) to \$197,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$347,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This decrease in interest income-other resulted principally from lower rates earned on our overnight repurchase agreements on our temporary investments.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Interest Expense

The following table sets forth information relating to our interest expense incurred for the periods presented by asset class (in thousands, except percentages):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------------|
| | Interest Expense | Yield | Balance | Interest Expense | Yield | Balance |
| Bank loans | \$ 2,193 | 0.97% | \$ 906,000 | \$ 5,719 | 2.53% | \$ 906,000 |
| Commercial real estate loans | 2,113 | 1.43% | \$ 587,314 | 2,625 | 1.55% | \$ 667,521 |
| Leasing | – | N/A | N/A | 830 | 3.58% | \$ 92,521 |
| General | 3,631 | 5.57% | \$ 256,048 | 4,703 | 4.90% | \$ 372,689 |
| Total interest expense | \$ 7,937 | | | \$ 13,877 | | |

Aggregate interest expense decreased \$6.0 million (43%) to \$7.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from \$13.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. We attribute this decrease to the following:

Interest expense on bank loans was \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$5.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$3.5 million (62%). This decrease resulted primarily from a decrease in the weighted average yield on this debt to 0.97% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 2.53% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 as a result of the decrease in LIBOR which is a reference index for the rates payable on most of these notes.

Interest expense on commercial real estate loans was \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$512,000 million (20%). This decrease resulted primarily from a decrease in the weighted average yield on our financings to 1.43% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to 1.55% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily due to the decrease in LIBOR which is a reference index for the rates payable on a vast majority of these borrowings.

Interest expense on our equipment leasing portfolio was \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$830,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$830,000 (100%). The decrease is the result of the sale of most of the leasing portfolio and the simultaneous transfer of all of the related debt to Resource America who purchased the leases, at par, as of June 30, 2009.

General interest expense was \$3.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$4.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$1.1 million (23%). This decrease resulted primarily from the sale of our leasing portfolio, at par, as of June 30, 2009, as well as the transfer of the related hedges.

Non-Investment Expenses

The following table sets forth information relating to our non-investment expenses incurred for the periods presented (in thousands):

Three Months Ended
March 31,

Edgar Filing: Resource Capital Corp. - Form 10-Q

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Non-investment expenses: | | |
| Management fees – related party | \$1,152 | \$1,001 |
| Equity compensation – related party | 724 | 88 |
| Professional services | 819 | 964 |
| Insurance | 212 | 172 |
| General and administrative | 645 | 405 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 105 | (45) |
| Total non-investment expenses | \$3,657 | \$2,585 |

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Management fee – related party increased \$151,000 (15%) to \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This amounts represent compensation in the form of base management fees and incentive management fees pursuant to our management agreement. This increase was due to increased stockholders' equity, a component in the formula by which base management fees are calculated, principally due to the receipt of \$43.4 million of net proceeds from our common stock offering completed in December 2009 and from the receipt of \$18.0 million of net proceeds we received from the sales of common stock through our Dividend Reinvestment Plan, or DRIP. There was no incentive management fee earned for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009.

Equity compensation – related party increased \$636,000 (723%) to \$724,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$88,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This expense relates to the amortization of annual grants of restricted common stock to our non-employee independent directors, and annual and discretionary grants of restricted stock to several employees of Resource America who provided investment management services to us through our Manager. The increase in expense was primarily the result of an increase in our stock price and its impact on our quarterly remeasurement of unvested stock and options as well as issuances of new grants during the year.

Professional services decreased \$145,000 (15%) to \$819,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$964,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily due to a decrease of \$235,000 in lease servicing expense as a result of the sale of the majority of the leasing portfolio. This decrease was offset by an increase of \$102,000 in legal fees for compliance work performed.

General and administrative expense increased \$240,000 (59%) to \$645,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$405,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This increase is related to an agreement that we will reimburse Resource America for the wages, salary and benefits of our Chief Financial Officer, three accounting professionals and 50% of the salary and benefits of a director of investor relations, beginning in October 2009.

Income tax expense (benefit) increased \$150,000 (333%) to an expense of \$105,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 from a benefit of \$45,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 as a result of a corresponding increase in pre-tax income of Resource TRS, Inc., our domestic taxable REIT subsidiary.

Other (Expense)/Income

The following table sets forth information relating to our other (expense) income incurred for the periods presented (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Impairment losses on investment securities | \$– | \$(5,620) |
| Recognized in other comprehensive loss | – | – |
| Net impairment losses recognized in earnings | – | (5,620) |
| Net realized losses on loans and investments | 146 | 237 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | (15,371) | (16,951) |
| Gain on the extinguishment of debt | 6,628 | – |
| Other income | 24 | 22 |
| Total | \$(8,573) | \$(22,312) |

Net impairment losses recognized in earnings were \$5.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2009 due to the other-than-temporary impairment charge on one of our other ABS positions. There was no such impairment during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Our provision for loan and lease losses decreased \$1.6 million (9%) to \$15.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$17.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The provision for the three months ended March 31, 2010 consisted of a provision of \$15.5 million in our CRE loan portfolio, a \$0.1 million provision on our direct financing leases and notes offset by a reduction in the provision for our bank loan portfolio of \$0.2 million. The provision for the three months ended March 31, 2009 consisted of an \$11.9 million provision on our bank loan portfolio, a \$5.0 million provision on our CRE portfolio and a \$160,000 provision on our direct financing leases and notes. The principal reason for the decrease from the 2009 period was the significant improvement in market conditions on our bank loan portfolio. The improvement in bank loan conditions was offset by a \$13.4 million allowance taken on a large position in our CRE portfolio and allowances on other CRE loans of \$2.1 million.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Gain on the extinguishment of debt was \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and is due to the buyback of a portion of the debt issued by RREF 2006-1 and RREF 2007-1 during the period. The notes, issued at par, were bought back as an investment by us at a weighted average price of 67.3%. The related deferred debt issuance costs were immaterial. There was no such transaction in the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Financial Condition

Summary. Our total assets at March 31, 2010 were \$1.8 billion unchanged from December 31, 2009. As of March 31, 2010, we held \$27.7 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Investment Portfolio. The table below summarizes the amortized cost and net carrying amount of our investment portfolio as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, classified by interest rate type. The following table includes both (i) the amortized cost of our investment portfolio and the related dollar price, which is computed by dividing amortized cost by par amount, and (ii) the net carrying amount of our investment portfolio and the related dollar price, which is computed by dividing the net carrying amount by par amount (in thousands, except percentages):

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

| | Amortized cost (3) | Dollar price | Net carrying amount | Dollar price | Net carrying amount less amortized cost | Dollar price |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| March 31, 2010 | | | | | | |
| Floating rate | | | | | | |
| CMBS-private placement | \$32,043 | 100.00% | \$10,322 | 32.21% | \$(21,721) | -67.79% |
| Other ABS | 24 | 0.29% | 24 | 0.29% | – | –% |
| B notes (1) | 26,500 | 100.00% | 26,298 | 99.24% | (202) | -0.76% |
| Mezzanine loans (1) | 124,048 | 100.00% | 123,101 | 99.24% | (947) | -0.76% |
| Whole loans (1) | 410,657 | 99.98% | 407,387 | 99.18% | (3,270) | -0.80% |
| Bank loans | 872,085 | 96.69% | 843,454 (2) | 93.51% | (28,631) | -3.18% |
| Bank loans held for sale (3) | 2,376 | 88.99% | 2,376 | 88.99% | – | –% |
| ABS held-to-maturity (4) | 31,559 | 89.06% | 23,189 | 65.44% | (8,370) | -23.62% |
| Total floating rate | 1,499,292 | 97.25% | 1,436,151 | 93.15% | (63,141) | -4.10% |
| Fixed rate | | | | | | |
| CMBS – private placement | 66,125 | 65.16% | 40,978 | 40.38% | (25,147) | -24.78% |
| B notes (1) | 54,820 | 100.03% | 54,402 | 99.27% | (418) | -0.76% |
| Mezzanine loans (1) | 58,634 | 100.27% | 51,788 | 88.56% | (6,846) | -11.71% |
| Whole loans (1) | 46,721 | 99.83% | 32,371 | 69.17% | (14,350) | -30.66% |
| Equipment leases and loans (5) | 10,975 | 100.01% | 10,325 | 94.09% | (650) | -5.92% |
| Total fixed rate | 237,275 | 87.06% | 189,864 | 69.67% | (47,411) | -17.39% |
| Grand total | \$1,736,567 | 95.72% | \$1,626,015 | 89.62% | \$(110,552) | -6.10% |
| December 31, 2009 | | | | | | |
| Floating rate | | | | | | |
| CMBS-private placement | \$32,043 | 100.00% | \$11,185 | 34.91% | \$(20,858) | -65.09% |
| Other ABS | 24 | 0.29% | 24 | 0.29% | – | –% |
| B notes (1) | 26,500 | 100.00% | 26,283 | 99.18% | (217) | -0.82% |
| Mezzanine loans (1) | 124,048 | 100.00% | 123,033 | 99.18% | (1,015) | -0.82% |
| Whole loans (1) | 403,890 | 99.98% | 382,371 | 94.65% | (21,519) | -5.33% |
| Bank loans | 857,451 | 96.87% | 798,614 (2) | 90.23% | (58,837) | -6.65% |
| Bank loans held for sale (3) | 8,050 | 78.88% | 8,050 | 78.88% | – | –% |
| ABS held-to-maturity (4) | 31,401 | 88.77% | 21,287 | 60.18% | (10,114) | -28.59% |
| Total floating rate | 1,483,407 | 97.23% | 1,370,847 | 89.85% | (112,560) | -7.38% |
| Fixed rate | | | | | | |
| CMBS – private placement | 60,067 | 64.08% | 33,333 | 35.56% | (26,734) | -28.52% |
| B notes (1) | 54,977 | 100.05% | 54,527 | 99.23% | (450) | -0.82% |
| Mezzanine loans (1) | 58,638 | 100.28% | 53,200 | 90.98% | (5,438) | -9.30% |
| Whole loans (1) | 80,305 | 99.78% | 79,647 | 98.96% | (658) | -0.82% |
| Equipment leases and loans (5) | 2,067 | 100.05% | 927 | 44.87% | (1,140) | -55.18% |
| Total fixed rate | 256,054 | 88.38% | 221,634 | 76.50% | (34,420) | -11.88% |
| Grand total | \$1,739,461 | 95.82% | \$1,592,481 | 87.72% | \$(146,980) | -8.10% |

(1) Net carrying amount includes an allowance for loan losses of \$26.0 million at March 31, 2010, allocated as follows: B notes (\$0.6 million), mezzanine loans (\$7.8 million) and whole loans (\$17.6 million). Net carrying amount includes an allowance for loan losses of \$29.3 million at December 31, 2009, allocated as follows: B notes

(\$0.7 million), mezzanine loans (\$6.4 million) and whole loans (\$22.2 million).

- (2) The bank loan portfolio is carried at amortized cost less allowance for loan loss and was \$860.2 million at March 31, 2010. The amount disclosed represents net realizable value at March 31, 2010, which includes \$11.9 million allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2010. The bank loan portfolio is carried at amortized cost less allowance for loan loss and was \$839.6 million at December 31, 2009. The amount disclosed represents net realizable value at December 31, 2009, which includes \$17.8 million allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2009.
- (3) Bank loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or market. Amortized cost is equal to fair value.
- (4) ABS held to maturity are carried at amortized cost less other-than-temporary impairment.
- (5) Net carrying amount includes a \$650,000 and \$1.1 million allowance for equipment leases and loans losses at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities-Private Placement. The determination of other-than-temporary impairment is a subjective process, and different judgments and assumptions could affect the timing of loss realization. We review our portfolios monthly and the determination of other-than-temporary impairment is made at least quarterly. We consider the following factors when determining if there is an other-than-temporary impairment on a security:

- the length of time the market value has been less than amortized cost;
 - the severity of the impairment;
 - the expected loss of the security as generated by third party software;
 - credit ratings from the rating agencies;
 - underlying credit fundamentals of the collateral backing the security; and
- our intent to sell as well as the likelihood that we will be required to sell the security before the recovery of the amortized cost basis.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, we held \$51.3 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, net of unrealized gains of \$5.0 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, and net of unrealized losses of \$51.8 million and \$50.2 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, of CMBS-private placement at fair value which, for our positions purchased in 2009, is based on dealer quotes due to their higher ratings and more active markets and, for our positions purchased prior to 2009, is based on taking a weighted average of the following three measures:

- an income approach utilizing an appropriate current risk-adjusted yield, time value and projected estimated losses from default assumptions based on analysis of underlying loan performance;
- quotes on similar-vintage, higher rate, more actively traded CMBS adjusted as appropriate for the lower subordination level of our securities; and
- dealer quotes on our securities for which there is not an active market.

In the aggregate, we purchased our CMBS-private placement portfolio at a discount. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the remaining discount to be accreted into income over the remaining lives of the securities was \$30.8 million and \$29.1 million, respectively. These securities are classified as available-for-sale and, as a result, are carried at their fair value.

During the three months ended December 31, 2009, two collateral positions that supported the CMBS portfolio weakened to the point that default of these positions became probable. The assumed default of these collateral positions in our cash flow model yielded a value that would result in less than a full recovery of our cost basis. Accordingly, we recognized a \$6.9 million other-than-temporary impairment on two of our CMBS investments during the three months ended December 31, 2009, bringing the combined fair value to \$206,000. We recognized these impairments through the consolidated statements of operations.

While our CMBS investments have continued to decline in fair value, we believe that their change continues to be temporary. We perform an on-going review of third-party reports and updated financial data with respect to the financial information on the underlying properties to analyze current and projected loan performance. Rating agency

downgrades are considered with respect to our income approach when determining other-than-temporary impairment and when inputs are stressed the resulting projected cash flows are adequate to recover principal.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

The following table summarizes our CMBS-private placement as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands, except percentages). Dollar price is computed by dividing amortized cost by par amount.

| | March 31, 2010 | | December 31, 2009 | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Amortized Cost | Dollar Price | Amortized Cost | Dollar Price |
| Moody's Ratings Category: | | | | |
| Aaa | \$ 11,933 | 66.05% | \$ 11,690 | 64.70% |
| Aa1 through Aa3 | 8,767 | 58.44% | 9,639 | 50.73% |
| A1 through A3 | 10,010 | 61.26% | 4,826 | 56.14% |
| Baa1 through Baa3 | 2,019 | 33.65% | 2,021 | 33.68% |
| Ba1 through Ba3 | 11,870 | 82.19% | 10,443 | 100.00% |
| B1 through B3 | 24,493 | 85.42% | 24,449 | 85.27% |
| Caa1 through Caa3 | 12,839 | 98.76% | 12,832 | 98.71% |
| Ca through C | 16,238 | 73.81% | 16,210 | 73.68% |
| Total | \$ 98,169 | 73.52% | \$ 92,110 | 73.23% |
| S&P Ratings Category: | | | | |
| AAA | \$ 6,145 | 61.45% | \$ 5,997 | 59.97% |
| AA+ through AA- | – | –% | 3,659 | 40.65% |
| A+ through A- | 8,484 | 64.39% | 6,544 | 62.75% |
| BBB+ through BBB- | 16,758 | 64.22% | 11,955 | 59.49% |
| BB+ through BB- | 10,595 | 58.98% | 7,847 | 78.76% |
| B+ through B- | 9,112 | 91.12% | 9,081 | 90.81% |
| CCC+ through CCC- | 47,075 | 83.63% | 47,027 | 83.54% |
| Total | \$ 98,169 | 73.52% | \$ 92,110 | 73.23% |
| Weighted average rating factor | 2,856 | | 2,971 | |

Other Asset-Backed Securities. At March 31, 2010, we held two other ABS positions with a fair value of \$24,000. At December 31, 2009, we held two other ABS positions with a fair value of \$24,000 that is the result of other-than-temporary impairment of \$5.7 million recognized during the year ended December 31, 2009.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Real Estate Loans. The following table is a summary of the loans in our commercial real estate loan portfolio at the dates indicated (in thousands):

| Description | Quantity | Amortized Cost | Contracted Interest Rates | Maturity Dates (3) |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| March 31, 2010: | | | | |
| Whole loans, floating rate (1) | 35 | \$ 398,562 | LIBOR plus 1.50% to LIBOR plus 4.50% | May 2010 to February 2017 |
| Whole loans, fixed rate (1) | 4 | 58,816 | 6.98% to 10.00% | June 2011 to August 2012 |
| B notes, floating rate | 3 | 26,500 | LIBOR plus 2.50% to LIBOR plus 3.01% | July 2010 to October 2010 |
| B notes, fixed rate | 3 | 54,821 | 7.00% to 8.68% | July 2011 to July 2016 |
| Mezzanine loans, floating rate | 10 | 124,048 | LIBOR plus 2.15% to LIBOR plus 3.45% | May 2010 to January 2013 |
| Mezzanine loans, fixed rate | 5 | 58,634 | 8.14% to 11.00% | May 2010 to September 2016 |
| Total (2) | 60 | \$ 721,381 | | |
| December 31, 2009: | | | | |
| Whole loans, floating rate (1) | 32 | \$ 403,890 | LIBOR plus 1.50% to LIBOR plus 4.40% | May 2010 to February 2017 |
| Whole loans, fixed rate (1) | 6 | 80,305 | 6.98% to 10.00% | May 2010 to August 2012 |
| B notes, floating rate | 3 | 26,500 | LIBOR plus 2.50% to LIBOR plus 3.01% | July 2010 to October 2010 |
| B notes, fixed rate | 3 | 54,977 | 7.00% to 8.68% | July 2011 to July 2016 |
| Mezzanine loans, floating rate | 10 | 124,048 | | |

| | | | LIBOR plus 2.15% to LIBOR plus 3.45% | May 2010 to January 2013 May 2010 to September 2016 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|---|--|
| Mezzanine loans, fixed rate | 5 | 58,638 | 8.14% to 11.00% | |
| Total (2) | 59 | \$ 748,358 | | |

(1) Whole loans had \$5.6 million in unfunded loan commitments as of March 31, 2010 unchanged from December 31, 2009. These commitments are funded as the loans require additional funding and the related borrowers have satisfied the requirements to obtain this additional funding.

(2) The total does not include an allowance for loan losses of \$26.0 million and \$29.3 million recorded as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

(3) Excludes one floating rate whole loan which matured in July 2009 and is in foreclosure.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, we determined that three loans deemed troubled debt restructurings had probable losses and we recorded an additional allowance for each of the three loans. For one whole loan, secured by a hotel in Southern California that had experienced zoning difficulties with an amortized cost balance of \$34.0 million we recorded an allowance of \$13.4 million for probable losses. On a second whole loan secured by multifamily properties in southern California, we've agreed to a settlement and gave the borrower a concession of \$1.0 million that was recorded as an allowance for loss on that loan. With the third loan, secured by an improved pad zoned for retail use, the borrower has marketed the improved pad for sale at an amount approximately \$150,000 less than our basis in the loan and we took an allowance for loss in the same amount against the loan. In addition, we recorded an additional \$1.0 million in allowance for loan losses against the remaining CRE portfolio of loans during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

As of March 31, 2010, we recorded an allowance for loan losses of \$37.9 million consisting of a \$11.9 million allowance on our bank loan portfolio and a \$26.0 million allowance on our commercial real estate portfolio as a result of us deeming five bank loans and eight commercial real estate loans impaired as well as the establishment of a general reserve on these portfolios.

As of December 31, 2009, we recorded an allowance for loan loss of \$47.1 million consisting of a \$17.8 million allowance on our bank loan portfolio and a \$29.3 million allowance on our commercial real estate portfolio as a result of us having seven bank loans and three commercial real estate loan that were deemed impaired as well as the establishment of a general reserve on these portfolios.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

Bank Loans. At March 31, 2010, we held a total of \$843.4 million of bank loans at fair value through Apidos CDO I, Apidos CDO III and Apidos Cinco CDO, all of which secure the debt issued by these entities. This is an increase of \$44.8 million over our holdings at December 31, 2009. The increase in total bank loans was principally due to improved market prices for bank loans. We own 100% of the equity issued by Apidos CDO I, Apidos CDO III and Apidos Cinco CDO which we have determined are VIEs of which we are the primary beneficiary. See “-Variable Interest Entities,” entities. As a result, we consolidate Apidos CDO I, Apidos CDO III and Apidos Cinco CDO.

The following table summarizes our bank loan investments as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands, except percentages). Dollar price is computed by dividing amortized cost by par amount.

| | March 31, 2010 | | December 31, 2009 | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Amortized cost | Dollar price | Amortized cost | Dollar price |
| Moody's ratings category: | | | | |
| Baa1 through Baa3 | \$ 37,294 | 98.43% | \$ 38,419 | 98.09% |
| Ba1 through Ba3 | 431,752 | 96.97% | 404,609 | 96.91% |
| B1 through B3 | 352,565 | 95.87% | 355,441 | 96.33% |
| Caa1 through Caa3 | 34,898 | 99.81% | 44,265 | 99.79% |
| Ca | 7,061 | 99.99% | 13,697 | 88.68% |
| No rating provided | 10,891 | 92.87% | 9,070 | 91.64% |
| Total | \$ 874,461 | 96.67% | \$ 865,501 | 96.67% |
| S&P ratings category: | | | | |
| BBB+ through BBB- | \$ 65,533 | 98.67% | \$ 73,629 | 98.23% |
| BB+ through BB- | 358,461 | 97.19% | 353,725 | 97.11% |
| B+ through B- | 354,141 | 95.85% | 337,193 | 96.12% |
| CCC+ through CCC- | 31,223 | 98.79% | 42,198 | 96.65% |
| CC+ through CC- | 1,634 | 100.25% | 3,104 | 100.13% |
| C+ through C- | - | -% | - | -% |
| D | 7,364 | 100.00% | 8,602 | 95.91% |
| No rating provided | 56,105 | 94.60% | 47,050 | 94.85% |
| Total | \$ 874,461 | 96.67% | \$ 865,501 | 96.67% |
| Weighted average rating factor | 2,103 | | 2,131 | |

Asset-backed securities held-to-maturity. At March 31, 2010, we held a total of \$23.2 million of ABS held-to-maturity at amortized cost through Apidos CDO I, Apidos CDO III and Apidos Cinco CDO, all of which secure the debt issued by these entities. This is an increase of \$1.9 million over our holdings at December 31, 2009. The increase in total ABS held-to-maturity was principally due to the improved marked prices.

During the three months ended September 30, 2009, one collateral position that supported the ABS held-to-maturity weakened to the point that default of this position became probable. The assumed default of this collateral position in our cash flow model yielded a value that would result in less than a full recovery of our cost basis. Accordingly, we recognized an \$895,000 other-than-temporary impairment on our ABS held-to-maturity investment during the three months ended September 30, 2009 bringing the combined fair value to \$925,000. We recognized this impairment through the consolidated statements of operations.

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

[\(Back to Index\)](#)

The following table summarizes our ABS held-to-maturity, at cost as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands, except percentages). Dollar price is computed by dividing amortized cost by par amount.

March 31, 2010

December 31, 2009