Triumph Bancorp, Inc.		
Form 10-Q		
July 21, 2017		

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 001-36722

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas 20-0477066 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

12700 Park Central Drive, Suite 1700

Dallas, Texas 75251

(Address of principal executive offices)

(214) 365-6900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock — \$0.01 par value, 18,137,776 shares, as of July 17, 2017

# TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-Q

June 30, 2017

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$37,341	\$ 38,613
Interest bearing deposits with other banks	80,161	75,901
Total cash and cash equivalents	117,502	114,514
Securities - available for sale	227,206	275,029
Securities - held to maturity, fair value of \$26,366 and \$30,821, respectively	26,036	29,352
Loans, net of allowance for loan and lease losses of \$19,797 and \$15,405, respectively	2,275,303	2,012,219
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	14,566	8,430
Premises and equipment, net	43,957	45,460
Other real estate owned, net	10,740	6,077
Goodwill	28,810	28,810
Intangible assets, net	14,511	17,721
Bank-owned life insurance	36,852	36,509
Deferred tax assets, net	15,111	18,825
Other assets	26,090	48,121
Total assets	\$2,836,684	\$ 2,641,067
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$381,042	\$ 363,351
Interest bearing	1,691,139	1,652,434
Total deposits	2,072,181	2,015,785
Customer repurchase agreements	14,959	10,490
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	340,000	230,000
Subordinated notes	48,780	48,734
Junior subordinated debentures	32,943	32,740
Other liabilities	17,354	13,973
Total liabilities	2,526,217	2,351,722
Commitments and contingencies - See Note 8 and Note 9		
Stockholders' equity - See Note 12		
Preferred Stock	9,658	9,746
Common stock	182	182
Additional paid-in-capital	198,570	197,157
Treasury stock, at cost	(1,759	(1,374)

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Retained earnings	103,658	83,910	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	158	(276	)
Total stockholders' equity	310,467	289,345	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,836,684	\$ 2,641,067	
See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.			

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mont June 30,	hs Ended
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest and dividend income:				
Loans, including fees	\$30,663	\$18,547	\$55,848	\$34,635
Factored receivables, including fees	10,812	8,639	19,979	16,461
Securities	1,738	958	3,349	1,723
FHLB stock	36	13	78	23
Cash deposits	289	197	616	405
Total interest income	43,538	28,354	79,870	53,247
Interest expense:				
Deposits	3,057	2,020	5,926	4,013
Subordinated notes	836		1,671	
Junior subordinated debentures	475	312	940	614
Other borrowings	613	115	957	224
Total interest expense	4,981	2,447	9,494	4,851
Net interest income	38,557	25,907	70,376	48,396
Provision for loan losses	1,447	1,939	9,125	1,428
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	37,110	23,968	61,251	46,968
Noninterest income:				
Service charges on deposits	977	695	1,957	1,354
Card income	917	577	1,744	1,123
Net OREO gains (losses) and valuation adjustments	(112)	(1,204)	(101)	(1,215)
Net gains (losses) on sale of securities		_	_	5
Net gains on sale of loans		4		16
Fee income	637	504	1,220	1,038
Asset management fees		1,605	1,717	3,234
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	20,860	_
Other	2,783	1,487	5,090	3,094
Total noninterest income	5,202	3,668	32,487	8,649
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	16,012	12,229	37,970	24,481
Occupancy, furniture and equipment	2,348	1,534	4,707	3,016
FDIC insurance and other regulatory assessments	270	281	496	505
Professional fees	1,238	1,101	3,206	2,174

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Amortization of intangible assets	911	717	2,022	1,694
Advertising and promotion	911	628	1,849	1,147
Communications and technology	2,233	1,263	4,407	2,695
Other	3,398	2,578	7,501	4,697
Total noninterest expense	27,321	20,331	62,158	40,409
Net income before income tax	14,991	7,305	31,580	15,208
Income tax expense	5,331	2,679	11,447	5,576
Net income	9,660	4,626	20,133	9,632
Dividends on preferred stock	(193)	(195)	(385)	(389)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,467	\$4,431	\$19,748	\$9,243
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$0.53	\$0.25	\$1.10	\$0.52
Diluted	\$0.51	\$0.25	\$1.07	\$0.51

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months		Six Mont	ths Ended
	Ended June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$9,660	\$4,626	\$20,133	\$9,632
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	357	536	691	1,993
Reclassification of amount realized through sale of securities	_	_	_	(5)
Tax effect	(133)	(199)	(257	(740)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	224	337	434	1,248
Comprehensive income	\$9,884	\$4,963	\$20,567	\$10,880

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference Amount	Common Stoon	Par	Additional Paid-in- ntCapital	Treasury Shares Outstand		Retained Earnings	Accumu Other Comprel Income	lated nens <b>Tve</b> al Equity
Balance, January 1, 2016	\$ 9,746	18,018,200		\$194,297	34,523		) \$64,097	\$ 277	\$268,038
Issuance of restricted stock awards		101,105	1	(1 )				_	
Stock based compensation	_	_	_	1,279	_	_	_	_	1,279
Forfeiture of restricted stock awards	_	(6,759 )	_	101	6,759	(101	) —	_	_
Excess tax benefit on restricted stock vested		<u> </u>	_	35	_		<u></u>	_	35
Purchase of treasury stock		(5,053)	_	_	5,053	(80	)	_	(80 )
Series A Preferred dividends	l _	_	_	_	_	_	(182	) —	(182)
Series B Preferred dividends	—		_	_			(207	) —	(207)
Net income	_	_	_	_		_	9,632	<u> </u>	9,632
Other comprehensive									
income Balance, June 30,	_	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	_	_		<del></del>	1,248	1,248
2016	\$ 9,746	18,107,493	\$ 182	\$195,711	46,335	\$(741	) \$73,340	\$ 1,525	\$279,763
Balance, January 1, 2017 Issuance of	\$ 9,746 —	18,078,247 40,541	\$ 182 —	\$197,157 —	76,118 —	\$(1,37 <sup>4</sup>	4) \$83,910 —	\$ (276 —	) \$289,345
restricted stock									

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awards									
Stock based									
compensation	_	_	_	1,025	_		_	_	1,025
Forfeiture of restricted stock									
awards	_	(843	) —	19	843	(19	) —		
Stock option									
exercises, net	_	22,731		281	—		_		281
Purchase of									
treasury stock	_	(14,197	) —		14,197	(366	) —	_	(366)
Preferred stock converted to									
common stock	(88)	) 6,106		88	—		_		_
Series A Preferred									
dividends	_		_		_	_	(181	_	(181)
Series B Preferred									
dividends	_	_	_	_	_	_	(204	· —	(204)
Net income	_				_		20,133		20,133
Other									
comprehensive									
income	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	434	434
Balance, June 30,									
2017	\$ 9,658	18,132,585	\$ 182	\$198,570	91,158	\$(1,759)	\$103,658	\$ 158	\$310,467
See accompanying	g condens	sed notes to con	solidate	d financial st	tatements.				

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Six Month June 30,	ıs F	Ended	
	2017	1	2016	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$20,133	;	\$9,632	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,925		1,162	
Net accretion on loans and deposits	(3,965	)	(3,453	)
Amortization of subordinated notes issuance costs	46			
Amortization of junior subordinated debentures	203		136	
Net amortization on securities	837		326	
Amortization of intangible assets	2,022		1,694	
Deferred taxes	3,457		(135	)
Provision for loan losses	9,125		1,428	
Stock based compensation	1,025		1,279	
Origination of loans held for sale	_		(891	)
Proceeds from sale of loans originated for sale			2,248	
Net (gains) losses on sale of securities	_		(5	)
Net (gain) loss on loans transferred to loans held for sale	46		81	
Net gains on sale of loans	_		(16	)
Net OREO (gains) losses and valuation adjustments	101		1,215	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	(20,860	)	_	
Income from CLO warehouse investments	(1,954	)	(1,758	)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	5,010		944	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	3,296		(801	)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	20,447		13,086	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of securities available for sale	(5,042	)	(3,264	)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	_		4,345	
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and pay downs of securities available for sale	51,819		3,872	
Purchases of securities held to maturity	(5,092	)	(27,409	( )
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and pay downs of securities held to maturity	9,308		_	
Purchases of loans (shared national credits)			(995	)
Proceeds from sale of loans	1,919		4,038	
Net change in loans	(265,788	3)	(119,07	1)
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(699	)	(779	)
Net proceeds from sale of OREO	1,588		528	

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Net cash paid for CLO warehouse investments	_	(10,000)
Net proceeds from CLO warehouse investments	20,000	14,000
(Purchases) redemptions of FHLB stock, net	(6,136)	(2,550)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary, net	10,269	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(187,854)	(137,285)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase in deposits	56,396	26,323
Increase (decrease) in customer repurchase agreements	4,469	4,318
Increase (decrease) in Federal Home Loan Bank advances	110,000	50,500
Stock option exercises	281	
Purchase of treasury stock	(366)	(80)
Dividends on preferred stock	(385)	(389)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	170,395	80,672
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,988	(43,527)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	114,514	105,277
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$117,502	\$61,750
See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.		

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Six Mont Ended Ju	
	2017	2016
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$8,996	\$4,717
Income taxes paid, net	\$4,655	\$6,018
Supplemental noncash disclosures:		
Loans transferred to OREO	\$6,079	\$425
Premises transferred to OREO	\$273	\$2,215
Loans transferred to loans held for sale	\$1,919	\$4,038
Consideration received from sale of subsidiary	y \$12,123 \$—	

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Nature of Operations

Triumph Bancorp, Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, "Triumph", or the "Company" as applicable) is a financial holding company headquartered in Dallas, Texas. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries Triumph CRA Holdings, LLC ("TCRA"), TBK Bank, SSB ("TBK Bank"), TBK Bank's wholly owned subsidiary Advance Business Capital LLC, which currently operates under the d/b/a of Triumph Business Capital ("TBC"), and TBK Bank's wholly owned subsidiary Triumph Insurance Group, Inc. ("TIG").

TBK Bank also does business under the following names: (i) Triumph Community Bank ("TCB") with respect to its community banking business in certain markets; (ii) Triumph Commercial Finance ("TCF") with respect to its asset based lending, equipment lending and general factoring commercial finance products; (iii) Triumph Healthcare Finance ("THF") with respect to its healthcare asset based lending business; and (iv) Triumph Premium Finance ("TPF") with respect to its insurance premium financing business.

On March 31, 2017 the Company sold its membership interests in its wholly owned subsidiary Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC ("TCA"). See Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures for details of the TCA sale and its impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with guidance provided by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, the condensed financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation. Transactions between the subsidiaries have been eliminated. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017.

The Company has four reportable segments consisting of Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate. The Company's Chief Executive Officer uses segment results to make operating and strategic decisions. On March 31, 2017 the Company sold its membership interests in TCA, which comprised the entirety of the Asset Management segment's operations. See Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures for details of the TCA sale and its impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2016-09"). The FASB issued this ASU to improve the accounting for share-based payments. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment award transactions, including: the presentation of income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows, and calculation of diluted earnings per share. The new standard was effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2016-09 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-08, "Receivables – Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities" ("ASU 2017-08"). These amendments shorten the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium. Specifically, the amendments require the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The amendments do not require an accounting change for securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity. The guidance is effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. As permitted by the amendment, the Company elected to early adopt the provisions of this ASU as of January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2017-08 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Newly Issued, But Not Yet Effective Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09"), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. Adoption of the ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company's primary sources of revenue are derived from interest and dividends earned on loans, investment securities, and other financial instruments that are not within the scope of ASU 2014-09. The Company's revenue recognition pattern for revenue streams within the scope of ASU 2014-09, including but not limited to service charges on deposit accounts and gains/losses on the sale of OREO, is not expected to change significantly from current practice. The standard permits the use of either the full retrospective or modified retrospective transition method. The Company is currently planning to use the modified retrospective transition method which requires application of ASU 2014-09 to uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption. Periods prior to the date of adoption are not retrospectively revised, but a cumulative effect of adoption is recognized for the impact of the ASU on uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("ASU 2016-01"). The guidance affects the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option and the presentation and disclosure requirements of financial instruments. ASU 2016-01 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). The FASB issued this ASU to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under current U.S. GAAP and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early application of this ASU is permitted for all entities. Adoption of ASU 2016-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company leases certain properties and equipment under operating leases that will result in the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the Company's balance sheet under the ASU, however, the majority of the Company's properties and equipment are owned, not leased. At June 30, 2017, the Company had contractual operating lease commitments of approximately \$6,937,000, before considering renewal options that are generally present.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"). Among other things, ASU 2016-13 requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to form their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. In addition, ASU 2016-13 amends the accounting for credit losses on debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 are effective for fiscal years beginning after

December 31, 2019, and interim periods within those years for public business entities that are SEC filers. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, however, the Company does not currently plan to early adopt the ASU. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 2 – Business combinations AND DIVESTITURES

#### Independent Bank Colorado Branches

On June 23, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 9 branch locations in Colorado from Independent Bank Group, Inc.'s banking subsidiary Independent Bank. TBK Bank will purchase approximately \$100,000,000 in loans and assume approximately \$168,000,000 in deposits associated with the branches for an estimated aggregate deposit premium of \$7,000,000 or 4.17%. The actual premium will be based on a 30 day average of deposit balances at the time the transaction closes. The transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2017 and is subject to certain closing conditions, including receipt of regulatory approval and other customary closing conditions.

#### Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC

On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its wholly owned asset management subsidiary, Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC, to an unrelated third party. The transaction was completed to enhance shareholder value and provide a platform for TCA to operate without the impact of regulations intended for depository institutions and their holding companies.

A summary of the consideration received and the gain on sale is as follows

(Dollars in thousands)	
Consideration received (fair value):	
Cash	\$10,554
Loan receivable	10,500
Revenue share	1,623
Total consideration received	22,677
Carrying value of TCA membership interest	1,417
Gain on sale of subsidiary	21,260
Transaction costs	400
Gain on sale of subsidiary, net of transaction costs	\$20,860

The Company financed a portion of the consideration received with a \$10,500,000 term credit facility. Terms of the floating rate credit facility provide for quarterly principal and interest payments with an interest rate floor of 5.50%, maturing on March 31, 2023. The Company received a \$25,000 origination fee associated with the term credit facility that was deferred and is being accreted over the contractual life of the loan as a yield adjustment.

In addition, the Company is entitled to receive an annual earn-out payment representing 3% of TCA's future annual gross revenue, with a total maximum earn-out amount of \$2,500,000. The revenue share earn-out was considered contingent consideration which the Company recorded as an asset at its estimated fair value of \$1,623,000 on the date of sale.

The Company incurred pre-tax expenses related to the transaction, including professional fees and other direct transaction costs, totaling \$400,000 which were netted against the gain on sale of subsidiary in the consolidated

statements of income.

Southern Transportation Insurance Agency

On September 1, 2016, the Company acquired Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in an all-cash transaction for \$2,150,000. The purpose of the acquisition was to expand the Company's product offerings for clients in the transportation industry. The Company recognized an intangible asset of \$1,580,000 and goodwill of \$570,000, which were allocated to the Company's Banking segment. Goodwill resulted from expected enhanced product offerings and is being amortized for tax purposes.

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### ColoEast Bankshares, Inc.

On August 1, 2016, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of ColoEast Bankshares, Inc. ("ColoEast") and its community banking subsidiary, Colorado East Bank & Trust, in an all-cash transaction for \$70,000,000. The Company also assumed \$10,500,000 of ColoEast preferred stock issued in conjunction with the U.S. Government's Treasury Asset Relief Program ("TARP Preferred Stock"). Colorado East Bank & Trust, which was merged into TBK Bank upon closing, offered personal checking, savings, CD, money market, HSA, IRA, NOW and business accounts, as well as commercial and consumer loans from 18 branches and one loan production office located throughout Colorado and far western Kansas. The acquisition expanded the Company's market into Colorado and Kansas and further diversified the Company's loan, customer, and deposit base.

A summary of the fair values of assets acquired, liabilities assumed, consideration transferred, and the resulting goodwill is as follows:

	Initial Values Recorded	Measurement	
	at	Period	Adjusted
(D.11	Acquisition	A 1.	X 7 1
(Dollars in thousands)	Date	Adjustments	Values
Assets acquired:	*		*
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,671	\$ —	\$57,671
Securities	161,693	_	161,693
Loans	460,775	_	460,775
FHLB and Federal Reserve Bank stock	550	_	550
Premises and equipment	23,940	_	23,940
Other real estate owned	3,105	(143	) 2,962
Intangible assets	7,238		7,238
Bank-owned life insurance	6,400	_	6,400
Deferred income taxes	4,511	(70	) 4,441
Other assets	10,022	_	10,022
	735,905	(213	735,692
Liabilities assumed:			
Deposits	652,952		652,952
Junior subordinated debentures	7,728	_	7,728
Other liabilities	6,784	_	6,784
	667,464	_	667,464
Fair value of net assets acquired	68,441	(213	) 68,228
Cash paid	70,000	<u> </u>	70,000
TARP Preferred Stock assumed	10,500		10,500
Consideration transferred	80,500	_	80,500
Goodwill	\$ 12,059	\$ 213	\$12,272

The consideration transferred was comprised of a combination of cash and the assumption of ColoEast's TARP Preferred Stock. The Company recognized goodwill of \$12,272,000, which included measurement period adjustments related to the final valuation of other real estate owned acquired in the transaction and the finalization of income taxes associated with the transaction. Goodwill was calculated as the excess of both the consideration exchanged and liabilities assumed as compared to the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired and was allocated to the Company's Banking segment. The goodwill in this acquisition resulted from expected synergies and expansion into the Colorado and Kansas markets. The goodwill is not being amortized for tax purposes.

The TARP Preferred Stock assumed in the acquisition was redeemed by the Company at par on August 31, 2016.

### TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

In connection with the ColoEast acquisition, the Company acquired loans both with and without evidence of credit quality deterioration since origination. The acquired loans were initially recorded at fair value with no carryover of any allowance for loan losses. Acquired loans were segregated between those considered to be purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans and those without credit impairment at acquisition. The following table presents details on acquired loans at the acquisition date:

	Loans,		
	Excluding	PCI	Total
(Dollars in thousands)	PCI Loans	Loans	Loans
Commercial real estate	\$ 86,569	\$10,907	\$97,476
Construction, land development, land	58,718	2,933	61,651
1-4 family residential properties	36,412	91	36,503
Farmland	100,977	233	101,210
Commercial	151,605	5,129	156,734
Factored receivables	694		694
Consumer	6,507	_	6,507
	\$441,482	\$19,293	\$460,775

The operations of ColoEast are included in the Company's operating results beginning August 1, 2016.

Expenses related to the acquisition, including professional fees and integration costs, totaling \$1,618,000 were recorded in noninterest expense in the consolidated statements of income during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE 3 - SECURITIES**

Securities have been classified in the financial statements as available for sale or held to maturity. The amortized cost of securities and their approximate fair values at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
June 30, 2017	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Available for sale securities:				
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$133,704	\$ 564	\$ (463	) \$133,805
U.S. Treasury notes	4,830	43	_	4,873
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	22,233	389	(115	) 22,507
Asset backed securities	12,889	21	(111	) 12,799
State and municipal	25,361	23	(233	) 25,151

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Corporate bonds	25,793	114	(3	) 25,904
SBA pooled securities	144	_		144
Mutual fund	2,000	23	_	2,023
Total available for sale securities	\$226,954	\$ 1,177	\$ (925	) \$227,206
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Gross Unrecognized		ed Fair
	Amortized Cost			ed Fair Value
Held to maturity securities:		Unrecognized	Unrecogniz	
Held to maturity securities: CLO securities		Unrecognized	Unrecogniz	

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

		Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
December 31, 2016	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Available for sale securities:				
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$ 180,945	\$ 640	\$ (643	\$180,942
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	24,710	453	(173	24,990
Asset backed securities	13,031	30	(159	12,902
State and municipal	27,339	6	(708	26,637
Corporate bonds	27,287	106	(3	27,390
SBA pooled securities	156	1	<del></del>	157
Mutual fund	2,000	11	<del></del>	2,011
Total available for sale securities	\$ 275,468	\$ 1,247	\$ (1,686	\$275,029
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrecognized	Unrecognized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Held to maturity securities:				
CLO securities	\$ 29,352	\$ 1,527	\$ (58	\$30,821

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities at June 30, 2017, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Available for Sale Securities		Held to Maturity Securities	
	Amortized	l Fair	Amortize	edFair
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$56,482	\$56,454	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
Due from one year to five years	111,026	111,240		
Due from five years to ten years	6,859	6,790	12,875	13,513
Due after ten years	15,321	15,249	13,161	12,853
	189,688	189,733	26,036	26,366
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	22,233	22,507		
Asset backed securities	12,889	12,799	_	
SBA pooled securities	144	144		
Mutual fund	2,000	2,023	_	_

\$226,954 \$227,206 \$26,036 \$26,366

Proceeds from sales of securities and the associated gross gains and losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Three	Six
	Months	Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017 2016	2012/016
Proceeds	\$ \$ -	-\$-\$4,345
Gross gains		5
Gross losses		

Securities with a carrying amount of approximately \$188,671,000 and \$194,571,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits, customer repurchase agreements, and for other purposes required or permitted by law.

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized and unrecognized losses at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, are summarized as follows:

	Less than	12 Months		12 Mon	ths	or More		Total		
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Uı	nrealized		Fair	Unrealized	
June 30, 2017	Value	Losses		Value	Lo	osses		Value	Losses	
Available for sale securities:										
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$58,439	\$ (463	)	\$	\$	_		\$58,439	\$ (463	)
U.S. Treasury notes									<u> </u>	
Mortgage-backed securities,										
residential	6,472	(115	)					6,472	(115	)
Asset backed securities	4,882	(75	)	4,922		(36	)	9,804	(111	)
State and municipal	22,700	(233	)					22,700	(233	)
Corporate bonds	372	(3	)	_		_		372	(3	)
SBA pooled securities	_	<u> </u>		_		_		_		
Mutual fund	_	_		_		_		_	_	
	\$92,865	\$ (889	)	\$4,922	\$	(36	)	\$97,787	\$ (925	)
	Less than	12 Months		12 Mon	ths	or More		Total		
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrecognize	ed	Fair	Uı	nrecognize	d	Fair	Unrecognize	d
June 30, 2017	Value	Losses		Value	Lo	osses		Value	Losses	
Held to maturity securities:										
CLO securities	\$7,846	\$ (618	)	\$—	\$	_		\$7,846	\$ (618	)
	Less than	12 Months		12 Mon	ths	or More		Total		
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Uı	nrealized		Fair	Unrealized	
December 31, 2016	Value	Losses		Value	Lo	osses		Value	Losses	
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$95,362	\$ (643	)	\$	\$			\$95,362	\$ (643	)
Mortgage-backed securities,										
residential	6,594	(173	)					6,594	(173	)
Asset backed securities		_		7,946		(159	)	7,946	(159	)
State and municipal	25,771	(708	)					25,771	(708	)
Corporate bonds	372	(3	)	_		_		372	(3	)
SBA pooled securities									<del></del>	
Mutual fund		_						_	_	
	\$128,099	\$ (1,527	)	\$7,946	\$	(159	)	\$136,045	\$ (1,686	)
	Less than	12 Months		12 Mon	ths	or More		Total		

(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Fair Value	Unrecognized Losses	Fair Value	Unrecognized Losses	Fair Value	Unrecognized Losses
Held to maturity securities:						
CLO securities	\$3,323	\$ (58	\$	\$ —	\$3,323	\$ (58)

Management evaluates securities for other than temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

### TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

At June 30, 2017, the Company had 73 securities in an unrealized loss position. Management does not have the intent to sell any of these securities and believes that it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell any such securities before a recovery of cost. The fair value is expected to recover as the securities approach their maturity date or repricing date or if market yields for such investments decline. Management does not believe that any of the securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2017, management believes that the unrealized losses detailed in the previous table are temporary and no other than temporary impairment loss has been recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

The following table presents the recorded investment and unpaid principal for loans at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	June 30, 201	7		December 3	1, 2016	
	Recorded	Unpaid		Recorded	Unpaid	
(Dollars in thousands)	Investment	Principal	Difference	Investment	Principal	Difference
Commercial real estate	\$541,217	\$546,617	\$ (5,400	) \$442,237	\$447,926	\$ (5,689)
Construction, land development, land	120,253	122,119	(1,866	) 109,812	113,211	(3,399 )
1-4 family residential properties	101,833	103,366	(1,533	) 104,974	106,852	(1,878)
Farmland	136,258	137,307	(1,049	) 141,615	142,673	(1,058)
Commercial	842,715	846,091	(3,376	778,643	783,349	(4,706)
Factored receivables	293,633	295,246	(1,613	) 238,198	239,432	(1,234)
Consumer	29,497	29,512	(15	) 29,764	29,782	(18)
Mortgage warehouse	229,694	229,694	_	182,381	182,381	
Total	2,295,100	\$2,309,952	\$ (14,852	) 2,027,624	\$2,045,606	\$(17,982)
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(19,797)			(15,405)	1	
	\$2,275,303			\$2,012,219		

The difference between the recorded investment and the unpaid principal balance is primarily associated with (1) premiums and discounts associated with acquisition date fair value adjustments on acquired loans (both PCI and non-PCI) totaling \$11,688,000 and \$15,210,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and (2) net deferred origination and factoring fees totaling \$3,164,000 and \$2,772,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had \$27,751,000 and \$23,597,000, respectively, of customer reserves associated with factored receivables. These amounts represent customer reserves held to settle any payment disputes or collection shortfalls, may be used to pay customers' obligations to various third parties as directed by the customer, are periodically released to or withdrawn by customers, and are reported as deposits in the consolidated balance sheets.

Loans with carrying amounts of \$486,269,000 and \$497,573,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, were pledged to secure Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing capacity.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, loans with a carrying amount of \$1,965,000 were transferred to loans held for sale as the Company made the decision to sell the loans. These loans were subsequently sold resulting in proceeds of \$1,919,000 and losses on sale of loans of \$46,000, which were recorded as other noninterest income in the consolidated statements of income for the six months ended June 30, 2017. No loans were transferred to loans held for sale during the three months ended June 30, 2017. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, loans with a carrying amount of \$1,238,000 and \$4,119,000, respectively, were transferred to loans held for sale. These loans were subsequently sold resulting in proceeds of \$1,233,000 and \$4,038,000, respectively, and losses on sale of loans of \$5,000 and \$81,000, respectively.

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

### Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The activity in the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Three months ended June 30, 2017	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 2,243	\$ 263	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,506
Construction, land development, land	566	512	(163	) —	915
1-4 family residential properties	160	(25)	<del></del>	14	149
Farmland	214	47			261
Commercial	11,177	(504)	(226	) 156	10,603
Factored receivables	4,064	814	(386	) 15	4,507
Consumer	547	233	(308	) 155	627
Mortgage warehouse	122	107			229
	\$ 19,093	\$ 1,447	\$ (1,083	\$ 340	\$19,797
(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
TTI 1 1 1 T 20 2016					
Three months ended June 30, 2016	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Three months ended June 30, 2016 Commercial real estate	Balance \$ 1,619	Provision \$ 161	Charge-offs \$ (1	Recoveries ) \$ 13	_
			\$ (1		Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,619	\$ 161	\$ (1		Balance \$1,792
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	\$ 1,619 198	\$ 161 (17 )	\$ (1	) \$ 13	Balance \$1,792 181
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	\$ 1,619 198 285	\$ 161 (17 ) (50 )	\$ (1	) \$ 13	Balance \$1,792 181 259
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	\$ 1,619 198 285 133	\$ 161 (17 ) (50 ) 10	\$ (1 ————————————————————————————————————	) \$ 13	Balance \$1,792 181 259 143
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	\$ 1,619 198 285 133 5,331	\$ 161 (17 ) (50 ) 10 1,134	\$ (1 — (47 — (169	) \$ 13 — ) 71 — ) 401	Balance \$1,792 181 259 143 6,697
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	\$ 1,619 198 285 133 5,331 4,110	\$ 161 (17 ) (50 ) 10 1,134 524	\$ (1 — (47 — (169 (450	) \$ 13 — ) 71 — ) 401 ) 20	Balance \$1,792 181 259 143 6,697 4,204

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Six months ended June 30, 2017	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,813	\$ 830	\$ (137	) \$ —	\$2,506
Construction, land development, land	465	1,025	(582	) 7	915
1-4 family residential properties	253	(95)	(28	) 19	149
Farmland	170	91	_	_	261
Commercial	8,014	5,289	(3,078	) 378	10,603
Factored receivables	4,088	1,333	(966	) 52	4,507
Consumer	420	605	(607	) 209	627
Mortgage warehouse	182	47		<del></del>	229
	\$ 15,405	\$ 9,125	\$ (5,398	) \$ 665	\$19,797
(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Six months ended June 30, 2016	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,489	\$ 290	\$ (1	) \$ 14	\$1,792
Construction, land development, land	367	(186)	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>	181
1-4 family residential properties	274	(28)	(63	) 76	259
Farmland	134	9	<u> </u>	_	143
Commercial					
	5,276	1,159	(169	) 431	6,697
Factored receivables	5,276 4,509	1,159 84	(169 (458	) 431	6,697 4,204
Factored receivables Consumer				/	
	4,509	84	(458	) 69	4,204

The following table presents loans individually and collectively evaluated for impairment, as well as purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans, and their respective ALLL allocations:

(Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017	Loan Eva	aluation	PCI	Total loans		Allocations	l <sub>v</sub> DCI	Total ALLL
·						•	•	
Commercial real estate	\$862	\$529,803	\$10,552	\$541,217	\$126	\$ 2,380	\$—	\$ 2,506
Construction, land								
development, land	134	117,220	2,899	120,253		915		915
1-4 family residential								
properties	1,710	98,734	1,389	101,833	_	149	_	149
Farmland	3,480	132,537	241	136,258		261		261
Commercial	22,886	818,667	1,162	842,715	2,387	7,931	285	10,603
Factored receivables	3,295	290,338		293,633	1,550	2,957		4,507
Consumer	110	29,387	_	29,497	_	627	—	627
Mortgage warehouse	_	229,694	_	229,694	_	229		229
	\$32,477	\$2,246,380	\$16,243	\$2,295,100	\$4,063	\$ 15,449	\$285	\$ 19,797

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(Dollars in thousands)	Loan Eva	aluation			ALLL A	Allocations		
December 31, 2016	Individua	al Cyollectively	PCI	Total loans	Individu	ua <b>Ilo</b> llectivel	y PCI	Total ALLL
Commercial real estate	\$1,456	\$427,918	\$12,863	\$442,237	\$100	\$ 1,358	\$355	\$ 1,813
Construction, land								
development, land	362	105,493	3,957	109,812	25	440		465
1-4 family residential								
properties	1,095	101,551	2,328	104,974	1	252	_	253
Farmland	1,333	140,045	237	141,615		170		170
Commercial	33,033	738,088	7,522	778,643	2,101	5,913	_	8,014
Factored receivables	3,176	235,022		238,198	1,546	2,542		4,088
Consumer	73	29,691	_	29,764	_	420	_	420
Mortgage warehouse		182,381		182,381		182		182
	\$40,528	\$1,960,189	\$26,907	\$2,027,624	\$3,773	\$ 11,277	\$355	\$ 15,405

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans. PCI loans that have not deteriorated subsequent to acquisition are not considered impaired and therefore do not require an allowance and are excluded from these tables.

	Impaired Credit	Loans and	Impaired Loans Without a			
	Impaired	Loans Wit	Valuation			
	Valuation	n Allowanc	Allowand	Allowance		
(Dollars in thousands)	•			Recorded	Recorded Unpaid	
June 30, 2017	•			Investme	nPrincipal	
Commercial real estate	\$169	\$170	\$ 126	\$693	\$726	
Construction, land development, land	_	_	_	134	134	
1-4 family residential properties	_	_	_	1,710	1,834	
Farmland	_	_	_	3,480	3,563	
Commercial	13,990	14,083	2,387	8,896	8,991	
Factored receivables	3,295	3,295	1,550	_	_	
Consumer	_	_	_	110	109	
Mortgage warehouse	_	_		_	_	
PCI	285	1,114	285	_	_	
	\$17,739	\$18,662	\$ 4,348	\$15,023	\$15,357	
	Impaired Loans and Purchased Credit Impaired Loans With a			Impaired Loans Without a Valuation		
	Credit			Without	a	
	Credit Impaired		h a	Without	a 1	
(Dollars in thousands)	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded	Loans Wit 1 Allowanc 1 Unpaid	h a e Related	Without a	a 1 ce	
December 31, 2016	Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme	Loans Wit Allowanc Unpaid nPrincipal	h a e Related	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded	a 1 ce	
	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded	Loans Wit 1 Allowanc 1 Unpaid	h a e Related	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded	a n ce l Unpaid	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275	h a e Related Allowance	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939	a n ce I Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100 25	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 —	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275 14 —	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100 25 1 —	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364 18,096 —	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275 14 — 15,018	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer Mortgage warehouse	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022 3,176 — —	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275 14 — 15,018 3,176 — —	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364 18,096 —	
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid nPrincipal \$517 275 14 — 15,018	h a e Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364 18,096 —	

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following table presents average impaired loans and interest recognized on impaired loans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	June 30, 2017 Average Interest		Three Mo June 30, Average Impaired	Interest
(Dollars in thousands)	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized
Commercial real estate	\$793	\$ 1	\$702	\$ —
Construction, land development, land	275	Ψ <b>1</b>	138	<b>—</b>
1-4 family residential properties	1,488	6	779	_
Farmland	3,200	9	_	_
Commercial	24,023	109	12,769	73
Factored receivables	3,512	<u>—</u>	4,074	_
Consumer	122	_	35	_
Mortgage warehouse	_		_	
PCI	1,494	_	1,432	_
	\$34,907	\$ 125	\$19,929	\$ 73
		hs Ended		ths Ended
	June 30,	2017	June 30,	2016
	June 30, Average	2017 Interest	June 30, Average	2016 Interest
	June 30, Average Impaired	2017 Interest	June 30, Average Impaired	2016 Interest
(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, Average Impaired Loans	2017 Interest Recognized	June 30, Average Impaired Loans	2016 Interest Recognized
Commercial real estate	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$1,159	2017 Interest	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1  7	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1   7  18	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2 4 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406 27,960	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1  7	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775 — 10,593	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406 27,960 3,235	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1   7  18	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775 — 10,593 3,309	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2 4 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406 27,960	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1   7  18	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775 — 10,593	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2 4 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer Mortgage warehouse	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406 27,960 3,235 89	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1   7  18	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775 — 10,593 3,309 16 —	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2 4 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	June 30, 2 Average Impaired Loans \$1,159 248 1,402 2,406 27,960 3,235	2017 Interest  Recognized \$ 1   7  18	June 30, Average Impaired Loans \$706 138 775 — 10,593 3,309	2016 Interest  Recognized \$ — 2 4 —

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## Past Due and Nonaccrual Loans

The following is a summary of contractually past due and nonaccrual loans at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

(Dollars in thousands)	Past Due 30-89 Days Still	Past Due 90 Days or More Still		
June 30, 2017	Accruing	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,828	\$ —	\$ 862	\$2,690
Construction, land development, land	543		134	677
1-4 family residential properties	1,383	_	1,695	3,078
Farmland	3,553	_	2,688	6,241
Commercial	7,044	65	17,892	25,001
Factored receivables	14,477	1,844		16,321
Consumer	747	2	110	859
Mortgage warehouse	_			
PCI	192	122	2,392	2,706
	\$ 29,767	\$ 2,033	\$ 25,773	\$57,573
(Dollars in thousands)	Past Due 30-89 Days Still	Past Due 90 Days or More Still		
December 31, 2016	30-89 Days Still Accruing	90 Days or More Still Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699	90 Days or More Still	\$ 1,163	\$2,006
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619	90 Days or More Still Accruing	\$ 1,163 362	\$2,006 981
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 ————	\$ 1,163 362 1,039	\$2,006 981 1,995
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — 141 1,077	\$ 1,163 362 1,039	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — — — 141 1,077 2,153	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — 141 1,077	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer Mortgage warehouse	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921 667 —	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — 141 1,077 2,153 2 —	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619 — 73	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074 742
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — — — 141 1,077 2,153	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074

The following table presents information regarding nonperforming loans at the dates indicated:

	June 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Nonaccrual loans <sup>(1)</sup>	\$25,773	\$ 38,030
Factored receivables greater than 90 days past due	1,844	2,153
Troubled debt restructurings accruing interest	3,529	5,123
	\$31 146	\$ 45 306

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes troubled debt restructurings of \$8,557,000 and \$13,263,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

## Credit Quality Information

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including: current collateral and financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes every loan and is performed on a regular basis. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans, such as consumer loans, are analyzed primarily based on payment status. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

### Pass:

Loans classified as pass are loans with low to average risk and not otherwise classified as substandard or doubtful.

### TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### Substandard:

Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

### Doubtful:

Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable.

### PCI:

At acquisition, PCI loans had the characteristics of substandard loans and it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required principal and interest payments would not be collected. The Company evaluates these loans on a projected cash flow basis with this evaluation performed quarterly.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)					
June 30, 2017	Pass	Substandard	Doubtful	PCI	Total
Commercial real estate	\$528,842	\$ 1,823	\$ <i>—</i>	\$10,552	\$541,217
Construction, land development, land	117,220	134		2,899	120,253
1-4 family residential	98,642	1,802	_	1,389	101,833
Farmland	128,067	7,950		241	136,258
Commercial	802,068	39,485	_	1,162	842,715
Factored receivables	291,367	795	1,471		293,633
Consumer	29,386	111	—		29,497
Mortgage warehouse	229,694				229,694
	\$2,225,286	\$ 52,100	\$ 1,471	\$16,243	\$2,295,100
(Dollars in thousands)					
December 31, 2016	Pass	Substandard	Doubtful	PCI	Total
Commercial real estate	\$422,423	\$ 6,951	\$ <i>—</i>	\$12,863	\$442,237
Construction, land development, land	105,493	362		3,957	109,812
1-4 family residential	101,339	1,307	—	2,328	104,974
Farmland	136,474	4,904		237	141,615
Commercial	729,634	41,487	_	7,522	778,643

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Factored receivables	236,084	1,029	1,085		238,198
Consumer	29,688	76	_		29,764
Mortgage warehouse	182,381				182,381
	\$1,943,516	\$ 56,116	\$ 1,085	\$26,907	\$2,027,624

## **Troubled Debt Restructurings**

The Company had a recorded investment in troubled debt restructurings of \$12,086,000 and \$18,386,000 as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company had allocated specific allowances for these loans of \$435,000 and \$1,911,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and had not committed to lend additional amounts. Troubled debt restructurings are the result of extending amortization periods, reducing contractual interest rates, or a combination thereof. The Company did not grant principal reductions on any restructured loans.

### TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following table presents loans modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

		Pre-Modification	Post-Modification
		Outstanding	Outstanding
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of	Recorded	Recorded
June 30, 2017	Loans	Investment	Investment
Commercial	4	\$ 186	\$ 186
		Pre-Modification	Post-Modification
		Outstanding	Outstanding

Outstanding Outstanding

(Dollars in thousands) Number of Recorded

June 30, 2016 Loans Investment Investment

Commercial 16 \$ 5,730 \$ 5,730

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company had three loans modified as troubled debt restructurings with a recorded investment of \$2,983,000 for which there were payment defaults within twelve months following the modification. The full recorded investment in one of these loans of \$2,702,000 was charged off during the period. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, there were no defaults on any loans that were modified as troubled debt restructurings during the preceding twelve months. Default is determined at 90 or more days past due.

### Purchased Credit Impaired Loans

The Company has loans that were acquired, for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The outstanding contractually required principal and interest and the carrying amount of these loans included in the balance sheet amounts of loans at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Contractually required principal and interest:		
Real estate loans	\$18,836	\$ 25,013
Commercial loans	2,249	9,703
Outstanding contractually required principal and interest	\$21,085	\$ 34,716
Gross carrying amount included in loans receivable	\$16,243	\$ 26,907

The changes in accretable yield during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 in regard to loans transferred at acquisition for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected are as follows:

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	Three Mo Ended Ju 2017		Six Mont Ended Ju 2017	
A coratable yield beginning belonge	\$3,432	\$2,064	\$4,261	\$2,593
Accretable yield, beginning balance	\$3,432	\$2,004	\$4,201	\$2,393
Additions				
Accretion	(2,234)	(1,518)	(2,706)	(2,034)
Reclassification from nonaccretable to accretable yield	1,928	646	2,011	646
Disposals	_	_	(440)	(13)
Accretable yield, ending balance	\$3,126	\$1,192	\$3,126	\$1,192

# NOTE 5 - GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets consist of the following:

	June 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Goodwill	\$28.810	\$ 28.810

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2	2017		Decembe	r 31, 2016	
	Gross		Net	Gross		Net
	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying
(Dollars in thousands)	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Core deposit intangibles	\$21,825	\$ (10,027)	\$11,798	\$21,825	\$ (8,423	\$ 13,402
Other intangible assets	3,793	(1,080 )	2,713	6,006	(1,687	4,319
	\$25,618	\$ (11,107)	\$ 14,511	\$27,831	\$ (10,110	\$ 17,721

The changes in goodwill and intangible assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Three Months		Six Mont	hs Ended
	Ended Jun	ne 30,	June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$44,232	\$26,877	\$46,531	\$27,854
Acquired intangibles			151	_
Divestiture			(1,339)	
Amortization of intangibles	(911)	(717)	(2,022)	(1,694)
Ending balance	\$43,321	\$26,160	\$43,321	\$26,160

## NOTE 6 – Variable Interest Entities

### Collateralized Loan Obligation Funds - Closed

The Company, through its subsidiary TCA, acted as the asset manager or provided certain middle and back office staffing and services to the asset manager of various CLO funds. TCA earned asset management fees in accordance with the terms of its asset management or staffing and services agreements associated with the CLO funds. TCA earned asset management fees totaling \$0 and \$1,717,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$1,605,000 and \$3,234,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its membership interests in TCA as discussed in Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures. As a result of the TCA sale, as of March 31, 2017 the Company no longer acts as asset manager or staffing and services provider for any CLO funds.

The Company holds investments in the subordinated notes of the following closed CLO funds:

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	Offering	Offering
(Dollars in thousands)	Date	Amount
Trinitas CLO IV, LTD (Trinitas IV)	June 2, 2016	\$406,650
Trinitas CLO V, LTD (Trinitas V)	September 22, 2016	\$409,000
Trinitas CLO VI, LTD (Trinitas VI)	June 20, 2017	\$717,100

The carrying amounts of the Company's investments in the subordinated notes of the CLO funds totaled \$8,464,000 and \$3,380,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and are classified as held to maturity securities within the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company performed a consolidation analysis to confirm whether the Company was required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity or operations of the above CLO funds in its financial statements. The Company concluded that the closed CLO funds are variable interest entities and that the Company holds variable interests in the entities in the form of its investments in the subordinated notes of entities. However, the Company also concluded that the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entities' economic performance. As a result, the Company is not the primary beneficiary and therefore is not required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity, or operations of the CLO funds in the Company's financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Collateralized Loan Obligation Fund – Warehouse Phase

On June 17, 2016, Trinitas CLO VI, Ltd. ("Trinitas VI") was formed to be the issuer of a CLO offering. At December 31, 2016, the Company held an investment of \$21,217,000 in the subordinated debt of the CLO fund during its warehouse phase, which was classified as other assets within the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The CLO fund's warehouse phase was closed and the final CLO issued on June 20, 2017, at which time the Company's investment was repaid. The Company did not hold an investment in any CLO warehouse entities at June 30, 2017.

Income from the Company's investment in CLO warehouse entities totaled \$990,000 and \$1,954,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$774,000 and \$1,758,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and is included in other noninterest income within the Company's consolidated statements of income.

The Company performed a consolidation analysis of Trinitas VI during the warehouse phase and concluded that Trinitas VI was a variable interest entity and that the Company held a variable interest in the entity that could potentially be significant to the entity in the form of its investment in the subordinated notes of the entity. However, the Company also concluded that the Company did not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impacted the entity's economic performance. As a result, the Company was not the primary beneficiary and therefore was not required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity, or operations of the entity in the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 7 - Deposits

Deposits at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	June 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Noninterest bearing demand	\$381,042	\$363,351
Interest bearing demand	350,966	340,362
Individual retirement accounts	99,694	103,022
Money market	205,243	213,253
Savings	173,137	171,354
Certificates of deposit	777,459	756,351
Brokered deposits	84,640	68,092
Total Deposits	\$2,072,181	\$2,015,785

At June 30, 2017, scheduled maturities of certificates of deposits, individual retirement accounts and brokered deposits are as follows:

	June 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017
Within one year	\$683,047
After one but within two years	190,804
After two but within three years	43,694
After three but within four years	20,661
After four but within five years	23,581
After five years	6
Total	\$961,793

Time deposits, including individual retirement accounts, certificates of deposit, and brokered deposits, with individual balances of \$250,000 and greater totaled \$163,685,000 and \$149,258,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

## NOTE 8 - Legal Contingencies

Various legal claims have arisen from time to time in the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management, will have no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

### NOTE 9 - OFF-BALANCE SHEET LOAN COMMITMENTS

From time to time, the Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments.

The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet financial instruments.

The contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk were as follows:

	June 30, 20	017	December 31, 2016		
	Fixed	Variable	Fixed	Variable	
(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	
Commitments to make loans	\$40,988	\$25,500	\$7,345	\$7,580	
Unused lines of credit	105,837	190,451	109,611	145,475	
Standby letters of credit	1,556	11,261	2,547	4,706	

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being fully drawn upon, the total commitment amounts disclosed above do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if considered necessary by the Company, upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. In the event of nonperformance by the customer, the Company has rights to the underlying collateral, which can include commercial real estate, physical plant and property, inventory, receivables, cash and marketable securities. The credit risk to the Company in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to its customers.

### NOTE 10 - Fair Value Disclosures

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The methods of determining the fair value of assets and liabilities presented in this note are consistent with our methodologies disclosed in Note 15 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K.

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized in the table below. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

	Fair Val	lue Measure	mer	ıts	
(Dollars in thousands)	Using				Total
	Level		Le	vel	Fair
June 30, 2017	1	Level 2	3		Value
Securities available for sale					
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$	\$133,805	\$	_	\$133,805
U.S. Treasury notes	_	4,873		_	4,873
Mortgage-backed securities, residential		22,507		_	22,507
Asset backed securities		12,799		_	12,799
State and municipal		25,151		_	25,151
Corporate bonds	_	25,904		_	25,904
SBA pooled securities		144		_	144
Mutual fund	2,023	_			2,023
	\$2,023	\$225,183	\$		\$227,206
	Ψ=,0=υ	T ,			. ,
	Ψ =, = = =	,,			, ,, ,,
		lue Measure	emer	nts	, ,, ,,
(Dollars in thousands)		·	emer	nts	Total
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair Val	·	emer Le		,
(Dollars in thousands)  December 31, 2016	Fair Val	·			Total
	Fair Val Using Level	lue Measure	Le		Total Fair
December 31, 2016	Fair Val Using Level	lue Measure	Le		Total Fair
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale	Fair Val Using Level	lue Measure Level 2	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel	Total Fair Value
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale U.S. Government agency obligations	Fair Val Using Level	Level 2 \$180,942	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel	Total Fair Value \$180,942
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale U.S. Government agency obligations Mortgage-backed securities, residential	Fair Val Using Level	Level 2 \$180,942 24,990	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel	Total Fair Value \$180,942 24,990 12,902
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale U.S. Government agency obligations Mortgage-backed securities, residential Asset backed securities	Fair Val Using Level	Level 2 \$180,942 24,990 12,902	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel — —	Total Fair Value \$180,942 24,990 12,902
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale U.S. Government agency obligations Mortgage-backed securities, residential Asset backed securities State and municipal	Fair Val Using Level	Level 2 \$180,942 24,990 12,902 26,637	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel — —	Total Fair Value \$180,942 24,990 12,902 26,637
December 31, 2016 Securities available for sale U.S. Government agency obligations Mortgage-backed securities, residential Asset backed securities State and municipal Corporate bonds	Fair Val Using Level	Level 2 \$180,942 24,990 12,902 26,637 27,390	Le <sup>3</sup>	vel — —	Total Fair Value \$180,942 24,990 12,902 26,637 27,390

There were no transfers between levels during 2017 or 2016.

# CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized in the table below. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

	Fair V Measu			
(Dollars in thousands)	Using	110111	Circs	Total
(Donars in thousands)	Levele	vel		Fair
June 30, 2017	1 2	,,,,,	Level 3	Value
Impaired loans				
Commercial real estate	<b>\$—</b> \$	—	\$43	\$43
Commercial	_	—	11,603	11,603
Factored receivables			1,745	1,745
Other real estate owned (1)				
Commercial		_	92	92
Construction, land development, land	_	_	2,000	2,000
1-4 family residential properties			83	83
	<b>\$—</b> \$	_	\$15,566	\$15,566
	Fair V	alue		
	Measu	rem	ents	
(Dollars in thousands)	Measu Using	rem	ents	Total
(Dollars in thousands)			ents	Total Fair
(Dollars in thousands)  December 31, 2016	Using		ents Level 3	
,	Using Lev <b>e</b> le			Fair
December 31, 2016	Using Lev <b>e</b> le			Fair
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel	Level 3	Fair Value
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel	Level 3 \$417	Fair Value \$417
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252	Fair Value \$417 252
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7	Fair Value \$417 252 7
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI Other real estate owned (1)	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI Other real estate owned (1) Commercial	Using Lev <b>e</b> le 1 2	evel 	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170 698	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the fair value of OREO that was adjusted during the period and subsequent to its initial classification as OREO.

Impaired Loans with Specific Allocation of ALLL: A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impairment is measured by estimating the fair value of the loan based on the present value of expected cash flows, the market price of the loan, or the underlying fair value of the loan's collateral. For real estate loans, fair value of the impaired loan's collateral is determined by third party appraisals, which are then adjusted for the estimated selling and closing costs related to liquidation of the collateral. For this asset class, the actual valuation methods (income, sales comparable, or cost) vary based on the status of the project or property. For example, land is generally based on the sales comparable method while construction is based on the income and/or sales comparable methods. The unobservable inputs may vary depending on the individual assets with no one of the three methods being the predominant approach. The Company reviews the third party appraisal for appropriateness and adjusts the value downward to consider selling and closing costs, which typically range from 5% to 8% of the appraised value. For non-real estate loans, fair value of the impaired loan's collateral may be determined using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business.

### TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

OREO: OREO is primarily comprised of real estate acquired in partial or full satisfaction of loans. OREO is recorded at its estimated fair value less estimated selling and closing costs at the date of transfer, with any excess of the related loan balance over the fair value less expected selling costs charged to the ALLL. Subsequent changes in fair value are reported as adjustments to the carrying amount and are recorded against earnings. The Company outsources the valuation of OREO with material balances to third party appraisers. For this asset class, the actual valuation methods (income, sales comparable, or cost) vary based on the status of the project or property. For example, land is generally based on the sales comparable method while construction is based on the income and/or sales comparable methods. The unobservable inputs may vary depending on the individual assets with no one of the three methods being the predominant approach. The Company reviews the third party appraisal for appropriateness and adjusts the value downward to consider selling and closing costs, which typically range from 5% to 8% of the appraised value.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Carrying	Fair Value	Measuremen	ts Using	Total
June 30, 2017	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$117,502	\$117,502	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$117,502
Securities - held to maturity	26,036	_	17,902	8,464	26,366
Loans not previously presented, net	2,261,912	_	_	2,270,737	2,270,737
FHLB stock	14,566	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	11,699	_	11,699	_	11,699
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	2,072,181	_	2,071,279	_	2,071,279
Customer repurchase agreements	14,959		14,959		14,959
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	340,000	_	339,957	<del></del>	339,957
Subordinated notes	48,780	_	50,768	_	50,768
Junior subordinated debentures	32,943	_	33,100	<del>_</del>	33,100
Accrued interest payable	2,933	_	2,933		2,933
(Dollars in thousands)	Carrying	Fair Value	Measuremen	ts Using	Total
December 31, 2016	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$114,514	\$114,514	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$114,514
Securities - held to maturity	29,352	_	27,498	3,323	30,821
Loans not previously presented, net	1,996,822	_	<u> </u>	2,002,487	2,002,487
FHLB stock	8,430	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	12,663	_	12,663	_	12,663

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Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	2,015,785		2,014,922		2,014,922
Customer repurchase agreements	10,490	_	10,490	_	10,490
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	230,000		230,000		230,000
Subordinated notes	48,734	_	50,920	_	50,920
Junior subordinated debentures	32,740	_	32,905	_	32,905
Accrued interest payable	2,682	_	2,682	_	2,682

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

### NOTE 11 - Regulatory Matters

The Company (on a consolidated basis) and TBK Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's or TBK Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and TBK Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

The Company is subject to the Basel III regulatory capital framework. Beginning in January 2016, the implementation of the capital conservation buffer was effective for the Company starting at the 0.625% level and increasing 0.625% each year thereafter, until it reaches 2.5% on January 1, 2019. The capital conservation buffer was 1.25% and 0.625% at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The capital conservation buffer is designed to absorb losses during periods of economic stress and requires increased capital levels for the purpose of capital distributions and other payments. Failure to meet the full amount of the buffer will result in restrictions on the Company's ability to make capital distributions, including dividend payments and stock repurchases, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and TBK Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the table below) of total, common equity Tier 1, and Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. Management believes, as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company and TBK Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject, including the capital conservation buffer requirement.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, TBK Bank's capital ratios exceeded those levels necessary to be categorized as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized," TBK Bank must maintain minimum total risk based, common equity Tier 1 risk based, Tier 1 risk based, and Tier 1 leverage ratios as set forth in the table below. There are no conditions or events since June 30, 2017 that management believes have changed TBK Bank's category.

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The actual capital amounts and ratios for the Company and TBK Bank are presented in the following table as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The capital adequacy amounts and ratios below do not include the capital conservation buffer in effect at each respective date.

					To Be We	
			Minimum Capital Adequacy	for	Prompt Co	orrective
(Dollars in thousands)	Actual		Purposes		Action Pro	visions
As of June 30, 2017	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$371,471	13.9%	\$213,796	8.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$308,862	12.1%	\$204,206	8.0%	\$255,258	10.0%
,	,					
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$302,540	11.3%	\$160,641	6.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$288,804	11.3%	\$153,347	6.0%	\$204,463	8.0%
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$260,699	9.7%	\$120,943	4.5%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$288,804	11.3%	\$115,010	4.5%	\$166,126	6.5%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$302,540	11.3%	\$107,094	4.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$288,804	11.0%	\$105,020	4.0%	\$131,275	5.0%
As of December 31, 2016						
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$342,059	14.6%	\$187,449	8.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$293,313	12.9%	\$181,640	8.0%	\$227,050	10.0%
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$277,605	11.8%	\$140,587	6.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	12.2%	\$136,230	6.0%	\$181,640	8.0%
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$238,439	10.2%	\$105,440	4.5%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	12.2%	\$102,173	4.5%	\$147,583	6.5%
Tier 1 capital (to average accets)						

Tier 1 capital (to average assets)

Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$277,605	10.9%	\$102,303	4.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	11.0%	\$100,802	4.0%	\$126,002	5.0%

Dividends paid by bank are limited to, without prior regulatory approval, current year earnings and earnings less dividends paid during the preceding two years.

## TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 12 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The following summarizes the capital structure of Triumph Bancorp, Inc.

### Common Stock

	June 30,	December
	2017	31, 2016
Shares authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Shares issued	18,223,743	18,154,365
Treasury shares	(91,158)	(76,118)
Shares outstanding	18,132,585	18,078,247
Par value per share	\$0.01	\$0.01

### Preferred Stock

	Series A		Series B	
	June 30,	December	June 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017	31, 2016	2017	31, 2016
Shares authorized	50,000	50,000	115,000	115,000
Shares issued	45,500	45,500	51,076	51,956
Shares outstanding	45,500	45,500	51,076	51,956
Par value per share	\$0.01	\$ 0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01
Liquidation preference per share	\$100	\$ 100	\$100	\$100
Liquidation preference amount	\$4,550	\$ 4,550	\$5,108	\$5,196
	Prime +	Prime +		
Dividend rate	2%	2%	8.00 %	8.00 %
Dividend rate - floor	8.00 %	8.00 %	N/A	N/A
Subsequent dividend payment dates	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
Convertible to common stock	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Conversion period	Anytime	Anytime	Anytime	Anytime
Conversion ratio - preferred to common	6.94008	6.94008	6.94008	6.94008

### NOTE 13 – STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Stock based compensation expense that has been charged against income was \$323,000 and \$1,025,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$926,000 and \$1,279,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively.

### 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan

The Company's 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Omnibus Incentive Plan") provides for the grant of nonqualified and incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, and other awards that may be settled in, or based upon the value of, the Company's common stock. The aggregate number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the Omnibus Incentive Plan is 1,200,000 shares.

### Restricted Stock Awards

A summary of changes in the Company's nonvested Restricted Stock Awards ("RSAs") under the Omnibus Incentive Plan for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

		Weighted-Average
		Grant-Date
Nonvested RSAs	Shares	Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2017	126,644	\$ 14.92
Granted	40,541	25.96
Vested	(62,773)	15.84
Forfeited	(843)	14.92
Nonvested at June 30, 2017	103,569	\$ 18.68

## TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

RSAs granted to employees under the Omnibus Incentive Plan typically vest over three to four years. Compensation expense for RSAs granted under the Omnibus Incentive Program will be recognized over the vesting period of the awards based on the fair value of the stock at the issue date. As of June 30, 2017, there was \$1,231,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested RSAs granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. The cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining period of 3.19 years.

### **Stock Options**

A summary of the changes in the Company's stock options under the Omnibus Incentive Plan for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

		Weighted-Average			
		Remaining	Aggregate		
		Contractual	Intrinsic		
	Weig	hted-AverageTerm	Value		
			(In		
Stock Options	Shares Exerc	eise Price (In Years)	Thousands)		
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	163,661 \$ 15	5.87			
Granted	58,729 25	5.80			
Exercised	(34,433) 15	5.87			
Forfeited or expired	(287) 25	5.80			
Outstanding at June 30, 2017	187,670 \$ 18	3.96 9.07	\$ 1,122		
Fully vested shares and shares expected to vest at	187,670 \$ 18	3.96 9.07	\$ 1,122		
June 30, 2017	107,070 φ 10	<i>7.01</i>	Ψ 1,122		
Shares exercisable at June 30, 2017	32,286 \$ 15	5.87 8.76	\$ 280		

Information related to the stock options for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	Six Months		
	Ended		
	June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017	2016	
Aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised	\$243	\$	
Cash received from option exercises	281		
Tax benefit realized from options exercises	85	_	
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$8.71	\$5.85	

Stock options awarded to employees under the Omnibus Incentive Plan are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's common stock at the date of grant, vest over four years, and have ten year

contractual terms. The fair value of stock options granted is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Expected volatilities were determined based on a blend of the Company's historical volatility and historical volatilities of a peer group of companies with a similar size, industry, stage of life cycle, and capital structure. The expected term of the options granted was determined based on the SEC simplified method, which calculates the expected term as the mid-point between the weighted average time to vesting and the contractual term. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the options was derived from the Treasury constant maturity yield curve on the valuation date.

The fair value of the stock options granted was determined using the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2017	2016		
Risk-free interest rate	2.11 %	1.49 %		
Expected term	6.25	6.25		
Expected term	Years	Years		
Expected stock price volatility	29.70%	34.96%		
Dividend yield	_			

As of June 30, 2017, there was \$753,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. The cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining period of 3.34 years.

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 14 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The factors used in the earnings per share computation follow:

	Three Months June 30,	s Ended	Six Months Ended June 30		
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Basic					
Net income to common stockholders	\$9,467	\$4,431	\$19,748	\$9,243	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	18,012,905	17,859,604	17,984,184	17,838,267	
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.53	\$0.25	\$1.10	\$0.52	
Diluted					
Net income to common stockholders	\$9,467	\$4,431	\$19,748	\$9,243	
Dilutive effect of preferred stock	193	_	385	_	
Net income to common stockholders - diluted	\$9,660	\$4,431	\$20,133	\$9,243	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	18,012,905	17,859,604	17,984,184	17,838,267	
Add: Dilutive effects of restricted stock	47,521	112,880	67,308	113,334	
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock options	32,592	_	40,233	_	
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock					
warrants	129,896	70,101	137,896	60,330	
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed conversion of Preferred					
A	315,773	_	315,773	_	
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed conversion of Preferred B	354,471	_	354,471	_	
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares	18,893,158	18,042,585	18,899,865	18,011,931	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.51	\$0.25	\$1.07	\$0.51	

Shares that were not considered in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mon June 30,	ths Ended
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Shares assumed to be converted from Preferred Stock Series A		315,773		315,773
Shares assumed to be converted from Preferred Stock Series B		360,578		360,578
Restricted stock awards	35,270	76,362	35,270	76,362
Stock options	58,442	164,175	58,442	164,175

### NOTE 15 – BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The following table presents the Company's operating segments. The accounting policies of the segments are substantially similar to those described in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Note 1 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K. Transactions between segments consist primarily of borrowed funds. Intersegment interest expense is allocated to the Factoring segment based on the Company's prime rate. The provision for loan loss is allocated based on the segment's allowance for loan loss determination. Noninterest income and expense directly attributable to a segment are assigned to it. Taxes are paid on a consolidated basis but not allocated for segment purposes. The Factoring segment includes only factoring originated by TBC. General factoring services not originated through TBC are included in the Banking segment. On March 31, 2017, we sold our 100% membership interest in TCA. As a result, the Asset Management segment had no operations subsequent to March 31, 2017.

(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest income	\$32,733	\$ 10,387	\$	- \$ 418	\$ 43,538
Intersegment interest allocations	1,729	(1,729)			_
Total interest expense	3,670	_	_	- 1,311	4,981
Net interest income (expense)	30,792	8,658		- (893	38,557
Provision for loan losses	619	812	_	- 16	1,447
Net interest income after provision	30,173	7,846	_	- (909	37,110
Noninterest income	3,577	758	_	- 867	5,202
Noninterest expense	21,216	5,482		- 623	27,321
Operating income (loss)	\$12,534	\$3,122	\$ _	- \$ (665	) \$ 14,991

## CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Management		Consolidated
Total interest income	\$20,109	\$ 7,939	\$ 33	\$ 273	\$ 28,354
Intersegment interest allocations	1,099	(1,099	) —		_
Total interest expense	2,135	_	_	312	2,447
Net interest income (expense)	19,073	6,840	33		) 25,907
Provision for loan losses	1,392	555	_	( -	) 1,939
Net interest income after provision	17,681	6,285	33	(31	23,968
Noninterest income	822	496	1,614	736	3,668
Noninterest expense	13,405	4,962	1,213	751	20,331
Operating income (loss)	\$5,098	\$ 1,819	\$ 434	\$ (46	\$ 7,305
(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest income	\$60,232	\$ 19,092	\$ 3	\$ 543	\$ 79,870
Intersegment interest allocations	3,018	(3,018)			
Total interest expense	6,882	_	_	2,612	9,494
Net interest income (expense)	56,368	16,074	3	(2,069)	70,376
Provision for loan losses	7,640	1,393	_	92	9,125
Net interest income after provision	48,728	14,681	3	(2,161)	61,251
Gain on sale of subsidiary		_	_	20,860	20,860
Other noninterest income	7,107	1,428	1,717	1,375	11,627
Noninterest expense	43,187	11,077	1,456	6,438	62,158
Operating income (loss)	\$12,648	\$5,032	\$ 264	\$ 13,636	\$ 31,580
(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Management	•	Consolidated
Total interest income	\$37,535	\$ 15,124	\$ 64	\$ 524	\$ 53,247
Intersegment interest allocations	2,100	(2,100)	_	_	_
Total interest expense	4,237	_	_	614	4,851
Net interest income (expense)	35,398	13,024	64	(90)	48,396
Provision for loan losses	1,267	85	_	76	1,428
Net interest income after provision	34,131	12,939	64	(166)	46,968
Noninterest income	2,836	942	3,285	1,586	8,649
Noninterest expense	26,987	9,535	2,559	1,328	40,409
Operating income (loss)	\$9,980	\$4,346	\$ 790	\$ 92	\$ 15,208

(Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Eliminations Consolidated
Total assets	\$2,787,117	\$278,533	\$ —	\$417,017	\$ (645,983 ) \$ 2,836,684
Gross loans	\$2,206,914	\$268,707	\$ —	\$12,986	\$ (193,507) \$ 2,295,100
(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Banking	Factoring		Corporate	Eliminations Consolidated
*		Factoring \$223,994	Management		Eliminations Consolidated \$ (568,060 ) \$ 2,641,067

item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of

Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This section presents management's perspective on our financial condition and results of operations. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's interim consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes and other detailed information appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. To the extent that this discussion describes prior performance, the descriptions relate only to the periods listed, which may not be indicative of our future financial outcomes. In addition to historical information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause results to differ materially from management's expectations. See the "Forward-Looking Statements" section of this discussion for further information on forward-looking statements.

#### Overview

We are a financial holding company headquartered in Dallas, Texas and registered under the Bank Holding Company Act. Through our wholly owned bank subsidiary, TBK Bank, we offer traditional banking services as well as commercial finance product lines focused on businesses that require specialized financial solutions. Our banking operations include a full suite of lending and deposit products and services focused on our local market areas. These activities generate a stable source of core deposits and a diverse asset base to support our overall operations. Our commercial finance product lines include factoring, asset based lending, equipment lending, healthcare lending, and premium finance products offered on a nationwide basis. These product offerings supplement the asset generation capacity in our community banking markets and enhance the overall yield of our loan portfolio, enabling us to earn attractive risk-adjusted net interest margins. We believe our integrated business model distinguishes us from other banks and non-bank financial services companies in the markets in which we operate. As of June 30, 2017, we had consolidated total assets of \$2.837 billion, total loans held for investment of \$2.295 billion, total deposits of \$2.072 billion and total stockholders' equity of \$310.5 million.

Most of our products and services share basic processes and have similar economic characteristics. However, our factoring subsidiary operates in a highly specialized niche and earns substantially higher yields on its factored accounts receivable portfolio than our other lending products. This business also has a legacy and structure as a standalone company. In addition, through our Triumph Capital Advisors asset management subsidiary, we previously provided fee-based asset management services distinct from our traditional banking offerings and operations. As a result, we have determined our reportable segments are Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, our Banking segment generated 60% of our total revenue (comprised of interest and noninterest income), our Factoring segment generated 18% of our total revenue, our Asset Management segment generated 2% of our total revenue, and our Corporate segment generated 20% of our total revenue. The \$20.9 million pre-tax gain on the sale of Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC is included in the Corporate segment's revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2017. As discussed below, on March 31, 2017 we sold our 100% membership interest in Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC and no longer provide fee based asset management services. Asset Management segment results reflect activity through the date of the Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC sale.

Second Quarter 2017 Overview

Net income available to common stockholders for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$9.5 million, or \$0.51 per diluted share, compared to net income available to common stockholders for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$4.4 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, our return on average common equity was 12.75% and our return on average assets was 1.42%.

Net income available to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$19.7 million, or \$1.07 per diluted share, compared to net income available to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$9.2 million, or \$0.51 per diluted share. Excluding material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition related activities, including divestitures, adjusted net income to common stockholders was \$9.8 million, or \$0.54 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2017. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, our return on average common equity was 13.67% and our return on average assets was 1.52%.

At June 30, 2017, we had total assets of \$2.837 billion, including gross loans of \$2.295 billion, compared to \$2.641 billion of total assets and \$2.028 billion of gross loans at December 31, 2016. Organic loan growth totaled \$267 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Our commercial finance product lines increased from \$693.7 million in aggregate as of December 31, 2016 to \$801.7 million as of June 30, 2017, an increase of 16%, and constitute 35% of our total loan portfolio at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, we had total liabilities of \$2.526 billion, including total deposits of \$2.072 billion, compared to \$2.352 billion of total liabilities and \$2.016 billion of total deposits at December 31, 2016. Deposit growth totaled \$56 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, we had total stockholders' equity of \$310.5 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, total stockholders' equity increased \$21.2 million, primarily due to our net income for the period. Capital ratios remained strong with Tier 1 capital and total capital to risk weighted assets ratios of 11.30% and 13.87%, respectively, at June 30, 2017.

## Independent Bank Colorado Branches

On June 23, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 9 branch locations in Colorado from Independent Bank Group, Inc.'s banking subsidiary Independent Bank. TBK Bank will purchase approximately \$100 million in loans and assume approximately \$168 million in deposits associated with the branches for an estimated aggregate deposit premium of \$7 million, or 4.17%. The actual premium will be based on a 30 day average of deposit balances at the time the transaction closes. The transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2017 and is subject to certain closing conditions, including receipt of regulatory approval and other customary closing conditions.

## **Triumph Capital Advisors**

On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its 100% membership interest in Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC ("TCA"). As part of the TCA sale on March 31, 2017, the Company recorded a pre-tax gain on sale of \$20.9 million, net of \$0.4 million of direct transaction costs. In addition, the Company incurred other indirect transaction related costs of \$0.3 million and recorded \$4.8 million in incremental bonus expense for the amount paid to team members to recognize their contribution to the transaction and building the value realized in the sale of the business. The TCA sale resulted in a net pre-tax contribution to earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2017 of \$15.7 million, or approximately \$10.0 million net of tax. Consideration received by the Company included a seller financed loan receivable in the amount of \$10.5 million.

### ColoEast Bankshares, Inc.

On August 1, 2016, the Company acquired ColoEast Bankshares, Inc. ("ColoEast") and its community banking subsidiary, Colorado East Bank & Trust, which was merged into TBK Bank upon closing. As part of the ColoEast acquisition, the Company acquired loans with a fair value of \$461 million, acquired investment securities with a fair value of \$162 million, and assumed \$653 million of customer deposits. When compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are reflective of the significantly larger assets, liabilities, personnel, and infrastructure resulting from the ColoEast acquisition, which affects comparability period over period.

### Commercial Finance Product Lines

A key element of our strategy is to supplement the asset generation capacity in our community banking markets with commercial finance product lines which are offered on a nationwide basis and which serve to enhance the overall yield of our portfolio. These products include our factoring services, provided principally in the transportation sector (though increasingly in other industries as well), our asset based lending and equipment finance products marketed under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand, the healthcare asset based lending products offered under our Triumph Healthcare Finance brand, and premium finance products marketed under our Triumph Premium Finance brand. Our

aggregate outstanding balances for these products increased from \$693.7 million as of December 31, 2016 to \$801.7 million as of June 30, 2017. These increases were driven by organic growth.

The following table sets forth our commercial finance product lines as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	June 30,	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016
Commercial finance		
Equipment	\$219,904	\$190,393
Asset based lending (general)	188,257	161,454
Asset based lending (healthcare)	68,606	79,668
Premium finance	31,274	23,971
Factored receivables	293,633	238,198
Total commercial finance loans	\$801,674	\$693,684

# Financial Highlights

The Company's key financial highlights as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, as compared to the prior period, are shown below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				30
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017		2016		2017	iis Liid	2016	50,
Income Statement Data:	2017		2010		2017		2010	
Interest income	\$43,538		\$28,354		\$79,870		\$53,247	
Interest expense	4,981		2,447		9,494		4,851	
Net interest income	38,557		25,907		70,376		48,396	
Provision for loan losses	1,447		1,939		9,125		1,428	
Net interest income after provision	37,110		23,968		61,251		46,968	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_		_		20,860		_	
Other noninterest income	5,202		3,668		11,627		8,649	
Noninterest income	5,202		3,668		32,487		8,649	
Noninterest expense	27,321		20,331		62,158		40,409	
Net income before income taxes	14,991		7,305		31,580		15,208	
Income tax expense	5,331		2,679		11,447		5,576	
Net income	9,660		4,626		20,133		9,632	
Dividends on preferred stock	(193	)	(195	)	(385	)	(389	)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,467		\$4,431	ĺ	\$19,748	ĺ	\$9,243	
Per Share Data:								
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.53		\$0.25		\$1.10		\$0.52	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.51		\$0.25		\$1.07		\$0.51	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	18,012,90	)5	17,859,0	504	17,984,1	184	17,838,	267
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	18,893,13	58	18,042,	585	18,899,8	365	18,011,	931
Adjusted Per Share Data <sup>(1)</sup> :								
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	\$0.51		\$0.25		\$0.54		\$0.51	
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding -	18,893,13	58	18,042,	585	18,229,6	521	18,011,	031
diluted	10,075,1.	70	10,072,	303	10,227,0	J <b>Z</b> 1	10,011,	/31
Performance ratios - Annualized <sup>(2)</sup> :								
Return on average assets	1.42	%	1.07	%	1.52	%	1.13	%
Return on average total equity	12.60	%	6.69	%	13.49	%	7.04	%
Return on average common equity	12.75	%	6.64	%	13.67	%		%
Return on average tangible common equity (1)	14.94	%	7.37	%	16.17	%	7.80	%
Yield on loans	7.79	%	8.50	%	7.49	%	8.18	%
Adjusted yield on loans (1)	7.25	%	7.81	%	7.10	%	7.65	%
Cost of interest bearing deposits	0.74	%	0.72	%	0.73	%	0.73	%
Cost of total deposits	0.60	%	0.63	%	0.59	%	0.64	%
Cost of total funds	0.83	%	0.68	%	0.81	%	0.68	%
Net interest margin	6.16	%	6.53	%	5.78	%	6.22	%
Adjusted net interest margin (1)	5.70	%	5.98	%	5.45	%	5.79	%

Efficiency ratio	62.44	%	68.74	%	60.43	%	70.84	%
Adjusted efficiency ratio (1)	62.44	%	68.74	%	69.53	%	70.84	%
Net noninterest expense to average assets	3.26	%	3.85	%	2.24	%	3.73	%
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets (1)	3.26	%	3.85	%	3.43	%	3.73	%

	June 30,		December 31,	
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017		2016	
Balance Sheet Data:				
Total assets	\$2,836,684		\$2,641,067	7
Cash and cash equivalents	117,502		114,514	
Investment securities	253,242		304,381	
Loans held for investment, net	2,275,303		2,012,219	)
Total liabilities	2,526,217		2,351,722	2
Noninterest bearing deposits	381,042		363,351	
Interest bearing deposits	1,691,139		1,652,434	4
FHLB advances	340,000		230,000	
Subordinated notes	48,780		48,734	
Junior subordinated debentures	32,943		32,740	
Total stockholders' equity	310,467		289,345	
Preferred stockholders' equity	9,658		9,746	
Common stockholders' equity	300,809		279,599	
Per Share Data:				
Book value per share	\$16.59		\$15.47	
Tangible book value per share (1)	\$14.20		\$12.89	
Shares outstanding end of period	18,132,585	5	18,078,24	17
Asset Quality ratios <sup>(3)</sup> :				
Past due to total loans	2.51	%	3.61	%
Nonperforming loans to total loans	1.36	%	2.23	%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.50	%	1.98	%
ALLL to nonperforming loans	63.56	%	34.00	%
ALLL to total loans	0.86	%	0.76	%
Net charge-offs to average loans <sup>(4)</sup>	0.23	%	0.25	%
Capital ratios:				
Tier 1 capital to average assets	11.28	%	10.85	%
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	11.30	%	11.85	%
Common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	9.73	%	10.18	%
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	13.87	%	14.60	%
Total stockholders' equity to total assets	10.94	%	10.96	%
Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio (1)	9.22	%	8.98	%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company uses certain non-GAAP financial measures to provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's operational performance and to enhance investors' overall understanding of such financial performance. The non-GAAP measures used by the Company include the following:

<sup>• &#</sup>x27;Adjusted diluted earnings per common share" is defined as adjusted net income available to common stockholders divided by adjusted weighted average diluted common shares outstanding. Excluded from net income available to common stockholders are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures, net of tax. In our judgment, the adjustments made to net income available to common stockholders allow management and investors to better assess our performance in relation to our core net income by removing the volatility associated with certain acquisition-related items and other discrete items that are unrelated to our core

business. Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding are adjusted as a result of changes in their dilutive properties given the gain and expense adjustments described herein.

- "Tangible common stockholders' equity" is common stockholders' equity less goodwill and other intangible assets.
- "Total tangible assets" is defined as total assets less goodwill and other intangible assets.

- Tangible book value per share" is defined as tangible common stockholders' equity divided by total common shares outstanding. This measure is important to investors interested in changes from period-to-period in book value per share exclusive of changes in intangible assets.
- Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio" is defined as the ratio of tangible common stockholders' equity divided by total tangible assets. We believe that this measure is important to many investors in the marketplace who are interested in relative changes from period-to period in common equity and total assets, each exclusive of changes in intangible assets.
- Return on average tangible common equity" is defined as net income available to common stockholders divided by average tangible common stockholders' equity.

"Adjusted efficiency ratio" is defined as noninterest expenses divided by our operating revenue, which is equal to net interest income plus noninterest income. Also excluded are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures. In our judgment, the adjustments made to operating revenue allow management and investors to better assess our performance in relation to our core operating revenue by removing the volatility associated with certain acquisition-related items and other discrete items that are unrelated to our core business.

- "Adjusted net noninterest expense to average total assets" is defined as noninterest expenses net of noninterest income divided by total average assets. Excluded are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures. This metric is used by our management to better assess our operating efficiency.
- 'Adjusted yield on loans" is our yield on loans after excluding loan accretion from our acquired loan portfolio. Our management uses this metric to better assess the impact of purchase accounting on our yield on loans, as the effect of loan discount accretion is expected to decrease as the acquired loans roll off of our balance sheet, absent the impact, if any, of future acquisitions.
- 'Adjusted net interest margin" is net interest margin after excluding loan accretion from the acquired loan portfolio. Our management uses this metric to better assess the impact of purchase accounting on net interest margin, as the effect of loan discount accretion is expected to decrease as the acquired loans mature or roll off of our balance sheet, absent the impact, if any, of future acquisitions.
- (2) Amounts have been annualized.
- (3) Asset quality ratios exclude loans held for sale.
- <sup>(4)</sup>Net charge-offs to average loans ratios are for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016.

### GAAP Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe the non-GAAP financial measures included above provide useful information to management and investors that is supplementary to our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows computed in accordance with GAAP; however, we acknowledge that our non-GAAP financial measures have a number of limitations. The following reconciliation table provides a more detailed analysis of the non-GAAP financial measures:

	Three Montl	hs E						
	June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,467		\$4,431		\$19,748		\$9,243	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_		_		(20,860	)	_	
Incremental bonus related to transaction	_		_		4,814			
Indirect transaction costs	_		<del></del>		325		_	
Tax effect of adjustments	_		_		5,754			
Adjusted net income available to common								
stockholders	\$9,467		\$4,431		\$9,781		\$9,243	
Dilutive effect of convertible preferred stock	193		_		_			
Adjusted net income available to common								
stockholders - diluted	\$9,660		\$4,431		\$9,781		\$9,243	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	18,893,158	3	18,042,58	35	18,899,86	55	18,011,93	31
Adjusted effects of assumed preferred stock					(670,244	)		
conversion					(070,244	,		
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	18,893,158	3	18,042,58	5	18,229,62	21	18,011,93	31
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	\$0.51		\$0.25		\$0.54		\$0.51	
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Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,467		\$4,431		\$19,748		\$9,243	
Average tangible common equity	254,088		241,666		246,290		238,420	
Return on average tangible common equity	14.94	%	7.37	%	16.17	%	7.80	%
2 2 1 7								
Adjusted efficiency ratio:								
Net interest income	\$38,557		\$25,907		\$70,376		\$48,396	
Noninterest income	5,202		3,668		32,487		8,649	
Operating revenue	43,759		29,575		102,863		57,045	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_		_		(20,860	)		
Adjusted operating revenue	\$43,759		\$29,575		\$82,003		\$57,045	
Total noninterest expense	\$27,321		\$20,331		\$62,158		\$40,409	
Incremental bonus related to transaction	_		_		(4,814	)	_	
Indirect transaction costs	_		<del></del>		(325	)	_	
Adjusted noninterest expense	\$27,321		\$20,331		\$57,019		\$40,409	
Adjusted efficiency ratio	62.44	%	68.74	%	69.53	%	70.84	%
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets ratio:	3							
Total noninterest expense	\$27,321		\$20,331		\$62,158		\$40,409	
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Incremental bonus related to transaction	_		_		(4,814	)	_	
Indirect transaction costs					(325	)		
Adjusted noninterest expense	\$27,321		\$20,331		\$57,019		\$40,409	
Total noninterest income	\$5,202		\$3,668		\$32,487		\$8,649	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_		_		(20,860	)	_	
Adjusted noninterest income	5,202		3,668		11,627		8,649	
Adjusted net noninterest expenses	\$22,119		\$16,663		\$45,392		\$31,760	
Average Total Assets	2,723,303		1,742,942		2,671,580		1,712,784	
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets								
ratio	3.26	%	3.85	%	3.43	%	3.73	%
Reported yield on loans	7.79	%	8.50	%	7.49	%	8.18	%
Effect of accretion income on acquired loans	(0.54	%)	(0.69	%)	(0.39	%)	(0.53	%)
Adjusted yield on loans	7.25	%	7.81	%	7.10	%	7.65	%
Reported net interest margin	6.16	%	6.53	%	5.78	%	6.22	%
Effect of accretion income on acquired loans	(0.46	%)	(0.55	%)	(0.33	%)	(0.43	%)
Adjusted net interest margin	5.70	%	5.98	%	5.45	%	5.79	%

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
Total stockholders' equity	\$310,467		\$289,345	
Preferred stock liquidation preference	(9,658	)	(9,746	)
Total common stockholders' equity	300,809		279,599	
Goodwill and other intangibles	(43,321	)	(46,531	)
Tangible common stockholders' equity	\$257,488		\$233,068	
Common shares outstanding	18,132,585	5	18,078,247	7
Tangible book value per share	\$14.20		\$12.89	
Total assets at end of period	\$2,836,684		\$2,641,067	
Goodwill and other intangibles	(43,321	)	(46,531	)
Tangible assets at period end	\$2,793,363		\$2,594,536	
Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio	9.22	%	8.98	%

**Results of Operations** 

#### Net Income

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. We earned net income of \$9.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$5.1 million.

The increase was primarily the result of a \$12.7 million increase in net interest income, a \$1.5 million increase in noninterest income, and a \$0.5 million reduction in the provision for loan losses, offset in part by a \$7.0 million increase in noninterest expense and a \$2.7 million increase in income tax expense.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. We earned net income of \$20.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$9.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$10.5 million.

As discussed in the Second Quarter 2017 Overview above, the results for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were impacted by our sale of TCA. The TCA sale resulted in a gain on sale in the amount of \$20.9 million included in noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2017, offset by an additional \$4.8 million bonus accrual and approximately \$0.3 million of other indirect transaction related costs recorded in connection with the TCA sale and reported as noninterest expense.

Excluding the tax-effected impact of the TCA sale transaction, we earned net income of \$10.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$9.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$0.6 million. The adjusted increase was primarily the result of a \$22.0 million increase in net interest income and a \$3.0 million increase in noninterest income, offset in part by a \$7.7 million increase in the provision for loan losses, a \$16.6 million increase in noninterest expense and a \$0.1 million increase in income tax expense.

Details of the changes in the various components of net income are further discussed below.

#### Net Interest Income

Our operating results depend primarily on our net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest earning assets, including loans and securities, and interest expense incurred on interest bearing liabilities,

including deposits and other borrowed funds. Interest rate fluctuations, as well as changes in the amount and type of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, combine to affect net interest income. Our net interest income is affected by changes in the amount and mix of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, referred to as a "volume change." It is also affected by changes in yields earned on interest earning assets and rates paid on interest bearing liabilities, referred to as a "rate change."

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. The following table presents the distribution of average assets, liabilities and equity, as well as interest income and fees earned on average interest earning assets and interest expense paid on average interest bearing liabilities for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016							
	Average	Average Average				Averag	;e	
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance	Interest	Rate <sup>(4)</sup>		Balance	Interest	Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	
Interest earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$99,918	\$289	1.16	%	\$120,088	\$197	0.66	%
Taxable securities	240,725	1,653	2.75	%	184,010	952	2.08	%
Tax-exempt securities	25,389	85	1.34	%	1,063	6	2.27	%
FHLB and FRB stock	10,395	36	1.39	%	4,748	13	1.10	%
Loans (1)	2,135,346	41,475	7.79	%	1,286,159	27,186	8.50	%
Total interest earning assets	2,511,773	43,538	6.95	%	1,596,068	28,354	7.15	%
Noninterest earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	35,153				23,619			
Other noninterest earning assets	176,377				123,255			
Total assets	\$2,723,303				\$1,742,942			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Interest bearing demand	\$342,947	\$136	0.16	%	\$242,862	\$59	0.10	%
Individual retirement accounts	100,505	303	1.21	%	64,075	197	1.24	%
Money market	206,163	120	0.23	%	122,670	69	0.23	%
Savings	171,602	27	0.06	%	78,795	10	0.05	%
Certificates of deposit	773,178	2,224	1.15	%	565,600	1,560	1.11	%
Brokered deposits	67,852	247	1.46	%	49,950	125	1.01	%
Total deposits	1,662,247	3,057	0.74	%	1,123,952	2,020	0.72	%
Subordinated notes	48,767	836	6.88	%	_	_	0.00	%
Junior subordinated debentures	32,878	475	5.79	%	24,788	312	5.06	%
Other borrowings	271,136	613	0.91	%	139,601	115	0.33	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,015,028	4,981	0.99	%	1,288,341	2,447	0.76	%
Noninterest bearing liabilities and equity:								
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	387,877				166,863			
Other liabilities	12,808				9,770			
Total equity	307,590				277,968			
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,723,303				\$1,742,942			
Net interest income		\$38,557				\$25,907		
Interest spread (2)			5.96	%			6.39	%
Net interest margin (3)			6.16	%			6.53	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Balance totals include respective nonaccrual assets.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net interest spread is the yield on average interest earning assets less the rate on interest bearing liabilities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net interest margin is the ratio of net interest income to average interest earning assets.

<sup>(4)</sup> Ratios have been annualized.

We earned net interest income of \$38.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$25.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$12.7 million, or 49.0%.

This increase in net interest income was driven by increases in average interest earning assets, which increased to \$2.512 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from \$1.596 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$916 million, or 57.4%. This increase was partly attributable to \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities acquired in the ColoEast acquisition. Additional interest income also resulted from organic growth in our loan portfolio. Our commercial finance product lines, including our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans all increased on a period over period basis as a result of the continued execution of our growth strategy for such products. Our commercial finance balances increased \$194.8 million, or 32.1%, from \$606.9 million at June 30, 2016 to \$801.7 million at June 30, 2017. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans.

The change in net interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016 was also impacted by interest and fee income associated with certain loan payoff activity. Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 included approximately \$1.8 million of loan discount accretion resulting from the payoff of two individual purchased credit impaired loans in excess of their carrying amounts and approximately \$0.5 million of early termination fees associated with the prepayment of two asset based lending relationships. Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2016 included approximately \$1.2 million of loan discount accretion resulting from the payoff of an individual purchased credit impaired loan in excess of its carrying amount. The combination of this loan payoff activity contributed a net period over period increase in net interest income of \$1.1 million.

The increases in our net interest income resulting from changes in the interest income generated by our loan portfolio discussed above were offset in part by an increase in our interest expense associated with the growth in customer deposits and other borrowings. Average total interest bearing deposits increased to \$1.662 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from \$1.124 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$538 million, or 47.9%. This increase was primarily due to \$653 million of customer deposits assumed in the ColoEast acquisition, of which \$492 million were interest bearing. Excluding the ColoEast customer deposits, we also experienced growth in our certificates of deposit as these were used to fund our loan growth period over period. In addition, our use of other interest bearing borrowings, consisting primarily of FHLB advances, was increased to fund our loan growth. Our mortgage warehouse facilities are included in our borrowing base with the FHLB. Finally, we issued \$50.0 million of subordinated notes in the third quarter of 2016 that contributed to the increase in interest expense period over period.

Net interest margin decreased to 6.16% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from 6.53% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of 37 basis points.

The decline in our net interest margin resulted in part from a decrease in yields on our interest earning assets. Our average yield on interest earning assets decreased to 6.95% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from 7.15% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of 20 basis points. The decrease is primarily attributable to a change in the mix within our loan portfolio period over period. The lower yielding community banking loans acquired in the ColoEast acquisition resulted in our higher yielding commercial finance products as a percentage of the total portfolio decreasing from 43% at June 30, 2016 to 35% at June 30, 2017. This decrease was offset in part by our Prime- and LIBOR-indexed floating rate loans adjusting higher as short term rates have risen during 2017.

A component of the yield on our loan portfolio consists of discount accretion on the portfolios acquired in connection with our acquisitions. The aggregate increased yield on our loan portfolio attributable to the accretion of purchase discounts associated with our acquisitions was 54 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2017, including the \$1.8 million of discount accretion recorded on the payoff of the purchased credit impaired loans discussed above, and 69 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2016, including the \$1.2 million of discount accretion recorded on the payoff of the purchased credit impaired loan discussed above. Excluding the impact of this discount accretion, the

adjusted yield on our loan portfolio was 7.25% and 7.81% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Subject to future acquisitions, we anticipate that the contribution of this discount accretion to our interest income will continue to decline over time, but we expect that any resulting decreases in aggregate yield on our loan portfolio will be offset in part by continued growth in our higher yielding specialized commercial finance product lines which include our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans. As of June 30, 2017, there was approximately \$11.7 million of purchase discount remaining, of which \$10.2 million is expected to be accreted over the remaining lives of the acquired loan portfolios.

Our adjusted net interest margin, which excludes the impact of the acquired loan discount accretion described above, was 5.70% and 5.98% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

An increase in our average cost of funds also contributed to the decrease in our net interest margin. Our average cost of interest bearing liabilities increased to 0.99% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from 0.76% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of 23 basis points. This increase was caused by an increased use of higher rate certificates of deposit to fund our growth period over period, higher rates on short term and floating rate FHLB advances as a result of higher interest rates in the economy, and our issuance of \$50.0 million of subordinated notes at an initial fixed rate of 6.50%.

The following table shows the effects changes in average balances (volume) and average interest rates (rate) had on the interest earned in our interest earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest bearing liabilities for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Three Months Ended
June 30, 2017 vs. 2016
Increase
(Decrease) Due
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(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Volume	Net Increase
Interest earning assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$150	\$(58)	\$92
Taxable securities	312	389	701
Tax-exempt securities	(2)	81	79
FHLB and FRB stock	3	20	23
Loans	(2,205)	16,494	14,289
Total interest income	(1,742)	16,926	15,184
Interest bearing liabilities:			
Interest bearing demand	37	40	77
Individual retirement accounts	(4)	110	106
Money market	2	49	51
Savings	2	15	17
Certificates of deposit	67	597	664
Brokered deposits	57	65	122
Total deposits	161	876	1,037
Subordinated notes		836	836
Junior subordinated debentures	46	117	163
Other borrowings	201	297	498
Total interest expense	408	2,126	2,534
Change in net interest income	\$(2,150)	\$14,800	\$12,650

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. The following table presents the distribution of average assets, liabilities and equity, as well as interest income and fees earned on average interest earning assets and interest expense paid on average interest bearing liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Six Months Ended June 30,								
	2017				2016				
	Average	_	Averag	;e	Average	_	Averag	e,	
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance	Interest	Rate <sup>(4)</sup>		Balance	Interest	Rate <sup>(4)</sup>		
Interest earning assets:	<b>* 1 2 5 5 2 1</b>	<b></b>	0.00	~	<b>4.2.1.</b> 6.60	<b>*</b> 40 <b>*</b>	0.6	~	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$126,621	\$616	0.98		\$124,660	\$405	0.65	%	
Taxable securities	253,587	3,180	2.53	%	177,353	1,710	1.94	%	
Tax-exempt securities	25,787	169	1.32	%	1,099	13	2.38	%	
FHLB and FRB stock	9,471	78	1.66	%		23	1.03	%	
Loans (1)	2,041,934	75,827	7.49	%		51,096	8.18	%	
Total interest earning assets	2,457,400	79,870	6.55	%	1,563,982	53,247	6.85	%	
Noninterest earning assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	37,289				24,503				
Other noninterest earning assets	176,891				124,299				
Total assets	\$2,671,580				\$1,712,784				
Interest bearing liabilities:									
Deposits:									
Interest bearing demand	\$334,316	\$248	0.15	%	\$231,851	\$116	0.10	%	
Individual retirement accounts	100,992	594	1.19	%	62,993	388	1.24	%	
Money market	207,681	239	0.23	%	117,448	134	0.23	%	
Savings	171,714	61	0.07	%	77,673	19	0.05	%	
Certificates of deposit	764,938	4,301	1.13	%	563,637	3,106	1.11	%	
Brokered deposits	67,968	483	1.43	%	49,973	250	1.01	%	
Total deposits	1,647,609	5,926	0.73	%	1,103,575	4,013	0.73	%	
Subordinated notes	48,755	1,671	6.91	%	_	_	0.00	%	
Junior subordinated debentures	32,829	940	5.77	%	24,751	614	4.99	%	
Other borrowings	246,983	957	0.78	%	135,514	224	0.33	%	
Total interest bearing liabilities	1,976,176	9,494	0.97	%	1,263,840	4,851	0.77	%	
Noninterest bearing liabilities and equity:									
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	382,851				163,621				
Other liabilities	11,604				10,178				
Total equity	300,949				275,145				
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,671,580				\$1,712,784				
Net interest income		\$70,376				\$48,396			
Interest spread (2)			5.58	%			6.08	%	
Net interest margin (3)			5.78	%			6.22	%	
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<sup>(1)</sup> Balance totals include respective nonaccrual assets.

We earned net interest income of \$70.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$48.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$22.0 million, or 45.5%.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net interest spread is the yield on average interest earning assets less the rate on interest bearing liabilities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net interest margin is the ratio of net interest income to average interest earning assets.

<sup>(4)</sup> Ratios have been annualized.

This increase in net interest income was driven by increases in average interest earning assets, which increased to \$2.457 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2017 from \$1.564 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$893 million, or 57.1%. This increase was partly attributable to \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities acquired in the ColoEast acquisition. Additional interest income also resulted from organic growth in our loan portfolio. Our commercial finance product lines, including our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans all increased on a period over period basis as a result of the continued execution of our growth strategy for such products. Our outstanding commercial finance balances increased \$194.8 million, or 32.1%, from \$606.9 million at June 30, 2016 to \$801.7 million at June 30, 2017. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans.

The change in net interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 was also impacted by interest and fee income associated with certain loan payoff activity. Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2017 included approximately \$1.8 million of loan discount accretion resulting from the payoff of two individual purchased credit impaired loans in excess of their carrying amounts and approximately \$0.5 million of early termination fees associated with the prepayment of two asset based lending relationships. Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 included approximately \$1.2 million of loan discount accretion resulting from the payoff of an individual purchased credit impaired loan in excess of its carrying amount. The combination of this loan payoff activity contributed a net period over period increase in net interest income of \$1.1 million.

The increases in our net interest income resulting from changes in the interest income generated by our loan portfolio discussed above were offset in part by an increase in our interest expense associated with the growth in customer deposits and other borrowings. Average total interest bearing deposits increased to \$1.648 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2017 from \$1.104 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$544 million, or 49.3%. This increase was primarily due to \$653 million of customer deposits assumed in the ColoEast acquisition, of which \$492 million were interest bearing. Excluding the ColoEast customer deposits, we also experienced growth in our certificates of deposit as these higher cost deposit products were used to fund our loan growth period over period. In addition, our use of other interest bearing borrowings, consisting primarily of FHLB advances, was increased to fund our loan growth. Our mortgage warehouse facilities are included in our borrowing base with the FHLB. Finally, we issued \$50.0 million of subordinated notes in the third quarter of 2016 that contributed to the increase in interest expense period over period.

Net interest margin decreased to 5.78% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 from 6.22% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of 44 basis points.

The decline in our net interest margin resulted in part from a decrease in yields on our interest earning assets. Our average yield on interest earning assets decreased to 6.55% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 from 6.85% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of 30 basis points. The decrease is primarily attributable to a change in the mix within our loan portfolio period over period. The lower yielding community banking loans acquired in the ColoEast acquisition resulted in our higher yielding commercial finance products as a percentage of the total portfolio decreasing from 43% at June 30, 2016 to 35% at June 30, 2017. This decrease was offset in part by our Prime- and LIBOR-indexed floating rate loans adjusting higher as short term rates have risen during 2017.

A component of the yield on our loan portfolio consists of discount accretion on the portfolios acquired in connection with our acquisitions. The aggregate increased yield on our loan portfolio attributable to accretion of purchase discounts associated with our acquisitions was 39 basis points for the six months ended June 30, 2017, including the \$1.8 million of discount accretion recorded on the payoff of the purchased credit impaired loans discussed above, and 53 basis points for the six months ended June 30, 2016, including the \$1.2 million of discount accretion recorded on

the payoff of the purchased credit impaired loan discussed above. Excluding the impact of this discount accretion, the adjusted yield on our loan portfolio was 7.10% and 7.65% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Subject to future acquisitions, we anticipate that the contribution of this discount accretion to our interest income will continue to decline over time, but we expect that any resulting decreases in aggregate yield on our loan portfolio will be offset in part by continued growth in our higher yielding specialized commercial finance product lines which include our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans. As of June 30, 2017, there was approximately \$11.7 million of purchase discount remaining, of which \$10.2 million is expected to be accreted over the remaining lives of the acquired loan portfolios.

Our adjusted net interest margin, which excludes the impact of the acquired loan discount accretion described above, was 5.45% and 5.79% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

An increase in our average cost of funds also contributed to the decrease in our net interest margin. Our average cost of interest bearing liabilities increased to 0.97% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 from 0.77% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of 20 basis points. This increase was caused by an increased use of higher rate certificates of deposit to fund our growth period over period, higher rates on short term and floating rate FHLB advances as a result of higher interest rates in the economy, and our issuance of \$50.0 million of subordinated notes at an initial fixed rate of 6.50%.

The following table shows the effects changes in average balances (volume) and average interest rates (rate) had on the interest earned in our interest earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest bearing liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Six Months Ended
June 30, 2017 vs. 2016
Increase
(Decrease) Due
to:
Net

(Dollars in thousands)	Rate		Net	
(Donars in thousands)	Nate	Volume	Increase	
Interest earning assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$201	\$10	\$211	
Taxable securities	514	956	1,470	
Tax-exempt securities	(6)	162	156	
FHLB and FRB stock	14	41	55	
Loans	(4,441)	29,172	24,731	
Total interest income	(3,718)	30,341	26,623	
Interest bearing liabilities:				
Interest bearing demand	56	76	132	
Individual retirement accounts	(17)	223	206	
Money market	1	104	105	
Savings	9	33	42	
Certificates of deposit	63	1,132	1,195	
Brokered deposits	105	128	233	
Total deposits	217	1,696	1,913	
Subordinated notes		1,671	1,671	
Junior subordinated debentures	95	231	326	
Other borrowings	301	432	733	
Total interest expense	613	4,030	4,643	
Change in net interest income	\$(4,331)	\$26,311	\$21,980	

#### Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is the amount of expense that, based on our judgment, is required to maintain the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") at an adequate level to absorb probable losses incurred in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date and that, in management's judgment, is appropriate under GAAP. The determination of the amount of the allowance is complex and involves a high degree of judgment and subjectivity.

The provision for loan losses is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated loans outstanding for a period. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans and factored invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves.

Under accounting standards for business combinations, acquired loans are recorded at fair value on the date of acquisition. This fair value adjustment eliminates any of the seller's ALLL associated with such loans as of such date as any credit exposure associated with such loans is incorporated into the fair value adjustment. A provision for loan losses is recorded for the emergence of new probable and estimable losses on acquired loans after the acquisition date.

Our ALLL was \$19.8 million as of June 30, 2017 versus \$15.4 million as of December 31, 2016, representing an ALLL to total loans ratio of 0.86% and 0.76% respectively.

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. Our provision for loan losses was \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

The change in the provision for loan losses was the result of several factors. As part of our reduced provision for loan losses in the three months ended June 30, 2017, we were able to recapture approximately \$1.1 million of specific reserves related to two purchased credit impaired loans due to improved cash flow performance expectations and cash paydowns of the outstanding balances. As a result, we recorded a net reduction in specific reserves of \$0.8 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to an increase in specific reserves of \$0.6 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Offsetting in part the decreased provision due to the change in specific reserves, we experienced higher net charge-offs of \$0.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$0.3 million for the same period in 2016. In addition, 2017 charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2017 outstanding loans increased \$259.9 million from March 31, 2017. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, outstanding loans increased \$164.7 million from March 31, 2016. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the three months ended June 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. Our provision for loan losses was \$9.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

The increased provision for loan losses was primarily the result of an increase in loan charge-offs recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017. We experienced higher total net charge-offs of \$4.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$0.2 million for the same period in 2016. Approximately \$1.4 million of the charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2017 had specific reserves previously recorded. In addition, this charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Approximately \$3.1 million of the charge-offs recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were associated with two individual loan relationships. One of the loan relationships was part of our healthcare finance unit and one was acquired in the ColoEast acquisition.

In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2017, outstanding loans increased \$267.5 million from December 31, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, outstanding loans increased \$118.6 million from December 31, 2015. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the six months ended June 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016.

#### Noninterest Income

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016 % Change 2017 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

% Change

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			\$					\$		
			Change					Change		
Service charges on deposits	\$977	\$695	\$282	40.6	%	\$1,957	\$1,354	\$603	44.5	%
Card income	917	577	340	58.9	%	1,744	1,123	621	55.3	%
Net OREO gains (losses) and										
valuation adjustments	(112)	(1,204)	1,092	90.7	%	(101)	(1,215)	1,114	91.7	%
Net gains on sale of securities							5	(5)	(100.0)	%)
Net gains on sale of loans	_	4	(4)	(100.0	%)	_	16	(16)	(100.0	%)
Fee income	637	504	133	26.4	%	1,220	1,038	182	17.5	%
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	_	_		20,860	_	20,860	100.0	%
Asset management fees		1,605	(1,605)	(100.0)	%)	1,717	3,234	(1,517)	(46.9	%)
CLO warehouse investment										
income	990	774	216	27.9	%	1,954	1,758	196	11.1	%
Insurance commissions	709	112	597	533.0	%	1,299	185	1,114	602.2	%
Other	1,084	601	483	80.4	%	1,837	1,151	686	59.6	%
Total noninterest income	\$5,202	\$3,668	\$1,534	41.8	%	\$32,487	\$8,649	\$23,838	275.6	%

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. We earned noninterest income of \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

The increase was primarily due to an increase in service charges on deposits, card income, insurance commissions, and other noninterest income. In addition, a decrease in OREO losses contributed to the increase in noninterest income during the three months ended June 30, 2017. These increases in noninterest income were offset in part by a decrease in asset management fees earned due to the sale of TCA. Changes in selected components of noninterest income in the above table are discussed below.

Service Charges on Deposits. Service charges on deposit accounts, including overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees, increased from \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional service charges associated with the increase in customer deposits due to the ColoEast acquisition.

• Card Income. Debit and credit card income increased from \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional customer debit and credit card activity associated with the increase in issued cards due to the ColoEast acquisition.

Net OREO Gains (Losses) and Valuation Adjustments. Net OREO gains (losses) and valuation adjustments represents gains on loans transferred to OREO with a fair value in excess of the foreclosed loans' carrying value, gains and losses on the sale of OREO, and valuation allowances recorded due to subsequent write-downs of OREO. The net loss of \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to a \$1.2 million OREO write-down related to a branch facility previously transferred to OREO that was no longer being actively operated. The write-down was the result of obtaining an updated appraisal on the property.

Asset Management Fees. As a result of the sale of TCA, we no longer earn asset management fees. As a result, there was no asset management fee income recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Insurance Commissions. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary increased \$0.6 million from \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 due to increased volumes resulting from organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016.

CLO Warehouse Investment Income. Income from our CLO warehouse equity investments increased \$0.2 million, from \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 due to our increased investments in the CLO warehouse entities period over period. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At June 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing.

Other. Other noninterest income increased from \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Other noninterest income includes income for check cashing and

million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Other noninterest income includes income for check cashing and wire transfer fees, income associated with trust activities, and bank-owned life insurance. There were no significant increases or decreases in the components of other noninterest income period over period, other than increases due to incremental transaction volumes associated with the ColoEast acquisition.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. We earned noninterest income of \$32.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$8.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in the six months ended June 30, 2017 was impacted by the realization of the \$20.9 million gain associated with the sale of TCA. Excluding the gain on sale of TCA, we earned noninterest income of \$11.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, resulting in an adjusted increase in noninterest income of \$3.0 million, or 34.9% period over period.

The adjusted increase was primarily due to an increase in service charges on deposits, card income, insurance commissions, and other noninterest income. In addition, a decrease in OREO losses contributed to the increase in

noninterest income during the six months ended June 30, 2017. These increases in noninterest income were offset in part by a decrease in asset management fees earned due to the sale of TCA. Changes in selected components of noninterest income in the above table are discussed below.

Service Charges on Deposits. Service charges on deposit accounts, including overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees, increased from \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional service charges associated with the increase in customer deposits due to the ColoEast acquisition.

Card Income. Debit and credit card income increased from \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional customer debit and credit card activity associated with the increase in issued cards due to the ColoEast acquisition.

Net OREO Gains (Losses) and Valuation Adjustments. Net OREO gains (losses) and valuation adjustments represents gains on loans transferred to OREO with a fair value in excess of the foreclosed loans' carrying value, gains and losses on the sale of OREO, and valuation allowances recorded due to subsequent write-downs of OREO. The net loss of \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to a \$1.2 million OREO write-down related to a branch facility previously transferred to OREO that is no longer being actively operated. The write-down was the result of obtaining an updated appraisal on the property.

Asset Management Fees. Asset management fees earned by TCA decreased from \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease is due to the sale of TCA in the first quarter of 2017. As a result of the sale of TCA, we no longer earn asset management fees.

CLO Warehouse Investment Income. Income from our CLO warehouse equity investments increased \$0.2 million, from \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 due to our increased investments in the CLO warehouse entities period over period. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At June 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing.

Insurance Commissions. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary increased \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 dec.

from \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 due to increased volumes resulting from organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016.

Other. Other noninterest income increased from \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Other noninterest income includes income for check cashing and wire transfer fees, income associated with trust activities, and bank-owned life insurance. There were no significant increases or decreases in the components of other noninterest income period over period, other than increases due to incremental transaction volumes associated with the ColoEast acquisition.

Noninterest Expense

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
			\$			\$					
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	Change	% Char	ige	2017	2016	Change	% Char	nge	
Salaries and employee benefits	\$16,012	\$12,229	\$3,783	30.9	%	\$37,970	\$24,481	\$13,489	55.1	%	
Occupancy, furniture and											
equipment	2,348	1,534	814	53.1	%	4,707	3,016	1,691	56.1	%	
FDIC insurance and other											
regulatory assessments	270	281	(11)	(3.9	%)	496	505	(9)	(1.8	%)	
Professional fees	1,238	1,101	137	12.4	%	3,206	2,174	1,032	47.5	%	
Amortization of intangible											
assets	911	717	194	27.1	%	2,022	1,694	328	19.4	%	
Advertising and promotion	911	628	283	45.1	%	1,849	1,147	702	61.2	%	
Communications and											
technology	2,233	1,263	970	76.8	%	4,407	2,695	1,712	63.5	%	
Travel and entertainment	647	522	125	23.9	%	1,292	887	405	45.7	%	

Other	2,751	2,056	695	33.8	%	6,209	3,810	2,399	63.0	%
Total noninterest expense	\$27,321	\$20,331	\$6,990	34.4	%	\$62,158	\$40,409	\$21,749	53.8	%

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. Noninterest expense totaled \$27.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$20.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Details of the more significant changes in the various components of noninterest expense are further discussed below.

Salaries and Employee Benefits. Salaries and employee benefits expenses have historically been our largest category of noninterest expense. Salaries and employee benefits expenses were \$16.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$12.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase is attributable to several factors. Most notably, we experienced a significant increase in the total size of our workforce between these periods as our full-time equivalent employees totaled 706.5 and 505.5 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sources of this increased headcount were primarily employees added through the ColoEast acquisition. In addition, employees were hired to support growth in our commercial finance product lines and other strategic initiatives. Other factors contributing to the increase in salaries and employee benefits include merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses.

Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment. Occupancy, furniture and equipment expenses were \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase is primarily due to expenses associated with the infrastructure and facilities added through the ColoEast acquisition. Communications and Technology. Communications and technology expenses were \$2.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase is attributed to increased usage and transaction volumes resulting from the ColoEast acquisition, as well as communications and technology expense associated with the recent investments we have made in our communications and technology infrastructure to further our movement toward a single operating platform, which positions us for future acquisitions and greater operating efficiencies.

• Other. Increases experienced in other noninterest expense items in the three months ended June 30, 2017 versus the three months ended June 30, 2016 are generally attributable to the ColoEast acquisition as well as the impact of continued growth of our business and workforce and include increases in training and recruiting, postage, insurance, and subscription expenses.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. Noninterest expense totaled \$62.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$40.4 million of noninterest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Noninterest expense was impacted by the recognition of an incremental \$5.1 million of transaction related costs associated with the TCA sale in the six months ended June 30, 2017, including \$4.8 million of bonus expense for the amount paid to team members to recognize their contribution to the value realized from the TCA sale and approximately \$0.3 million of other transaction related costs. Excluding the TCA sale bonus and transaction related costs, we incurred adjusted noninterest expense of \$57.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, resulting in an adjusted net increase in noninterest expense of \$16.6 million, or 41.1% period over period.

Details of the more significant changes in the various components of noninterest expense are further discussed below.

Salaries and Employee Benefits. Salaries and employee benefits expenses have historically been our largest category of noninterest expense. Salaries and employee benefits expenses were \$38.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$24.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase is partly attributable to the \$4.8 million bonus expense incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2017 associated with the TCA sale. In

addition, we experienced a significant increase in the total size of our workforce between these periods as our full-time equivalent employees totaled 706.5 and 505.5 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sources of this increased headcount were primarily employees added through the ColoEast acquisition. In addition, employees were hired to support growth in our commercial finance product lines and other strategic initiatives. Other factors contributing to the increase in salaries and employee benefits include merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses.

Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment. Occupancy, furniture and equipment expenses were \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase is primarily due to expenses associated with the infrastructure and facilities added through the ColoEast acquisition. Professional Fees. Professional fees are primarily comprised of external audit, tax, consulting, and legal fees and were \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Our external audit, legal, and consulting activities increased period over period consistent with the growth in our business activities.

Communications and Technology. Communications and technology expenses were \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase is attributed to increased usage and transaction volumes resulting from the ColoEast acquisition, as well as communications and technology expense associated with the recent investments we have made in our communications and technology infrastructure to further our movement toward a single operating platform, which positions us for future acquisitions and greater operating efficiencies.

Other. Other noninterest expenses were \$6.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Approximately \$0.3 million of transaction related costs were incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2017 associated with the TCA sale. The remaining increase in other noninterest expenses are generally attributable to the ColoEast acquisition as well as the impact of continued growth of our business and workforce and include increases in training and recruiting, postage, insurance, and subscription expenses.

**Income Taxes** 

The amount of income tax expense is influenced by the amount of pre-tax income, the amount of tax-exempt income and the effect of changes in valuation allowances maintained against deferred tax benefits.

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$5.3 million compared to \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in income tax expense period over period is consistent with the increase in pre-tax income in the three months ended June 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 36% compared to 37% for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was impacted by \$0.2 million of excess tax benefits recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2017 associated with the vesting of share-based payment awards. The tax benefits of exercised or vested awards are treated as discreet items in the period in which they occur.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. Income tax expense was \$11.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$5.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in income tax expense period over period is consistent with the increase in pre-tax income in the six months ended June 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 36% compared to 37% for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was impacted by \$0.2 million of excess tax benefits recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2017 associated with the vesting of share-based payment awards. The tax benefits of exercised or vested awards are treated as discreet items in the period in which they occur.

#### **Operating Segment Results**

Our reportable segments are Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate which have been determined based upon their business processes and economic characteristics. This determination also gave consideration to the structure and management of various product lines. The Banking segment includes the operations of TBK Bank, including loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance, Triumph Healthcare Finance, and Triumph Premium Finance brands. Our Banking segment derives its revenue principally from investments in interest earning assets as well as noninterest income typical for the banking industry. The Banking segment also includes certain factored receivables which are purchased by TBK Bank under its Triumph Commercial Finance brand as opposed to at Triumph Business Capital. The Factoring segment includes the operations of Triumph Business Capital with revenue derived from factoring services. The Asset Management segment included the operations of TCA with revenue derived from fees for managing or providing other services related to collateralized loan obligation funds. On March 31, 2017, we sold our 100% membership interest in TCA. As a result, the Asset Management segment had no operations subsequent to March 31, 2017 and year-to-date results are included herein for reference and reconciliation

purposes only. Corporate includes holding company financing and investment activities and management and administrative expenses to support the overall operations of the Company.

Reported segments and the financial information of the reported segments are not necessarily comparable with similar information reported by other financial institutions. Furthermore, changes in management structure or allocation methodologies and procedures may result in future changes to previously reported segment financial data. The accounting policies of the segments are substantially similar to those described in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Note 1 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K. Transactions between segments consist primarily of borrowed funds. Intersegment interest expense is allocated to the Factoring segment based on the Company's prime rate. The provision for loan loss is allocated based on the segment's ALLL determination. Noninterest income and expense directly attributable to a segment are assigned to it. Taxes are paid on a consolidated basis and are not allocated for segment purposes.

Three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with three months ended June 30, 2016. The following tables present our primary operating results for our operating segments as of and for the three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

	(Dollars in thousands	s)			Asset		
	Three Months Ended		7 Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
	Total interest income		\$32,733	_	_	- \$ 418	\$ 43,538
	Intersegment interest		1,729	(1,729)	· _		
	Total interest expens		3,670	—	_	- 1,311	4,981
	Net interest income (		30,792	8,658	_	- (893	
	Provision for loan los	-	619	812	_	- 16	1,447
	Net interest income a				_	- (909	
	Noninterest income	P-0.13	3,577	758	_	- 867	5,202
	Noninterest expense		21,216		<u> </u>	- 623	27,321
	Operating income (lo	oss)	\$12,534		\$ -		\$ 14,991
	(Dollars in thousands			. ,	Asset		
	Three Months Ended	•	6 Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
	Total interest income		\$20,109		\$ 33	\$ 273	\$ 28,354
	Intersegment interest		1,099	(1,099)	ф <i>33</i>	ψ <i>213</i>	ψ 20,33 <del>+</del>
	Total interest expens		2,135	(1,0 <i>)</i>	<u></u>	312	2,447
	Net interest income (		19,073	6,840	33	(39	
	Provision for loan los		1,392	555		(8)	
	Net interest income a		•	6,285	33	(31	
	Noninterest income	irter provision	822	496	1,614	736	3,668
	Noninterest expense		13,405		1,213	751	20,331
	Operating income (lo	nee)	\$5,098	\$ 1,819	\$ 434		\$ 7,305
	(Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Asset	t Corporate	Ì	s Consolidated
	Total assets	\$2,787,117	\$278,533	\$ —	\$417,017	\$ (645,983	) \$ 2,836,684
	Gross loans	\$2,206,914	\$268,707	\$ —	\$12,986	\$ (193,507	) \$ 2,295,100
(	(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Asset	·	•	s Consolidated
	Total assets	\$2,588,509			•		) \$ 2,641,067
	Gross loans	\$1,961,552			\$1,866		) \$ 2,027,624
Bankin		Ψ1,>01,002	Ψ212,701	Ψ	φ1,000	φ (1 10,2 70	, 42,027,021
Danking	(Dollars in thou Banking	·		June 3 2017	2016	\$ % Change C	hange
	Total interest in	icome		\$32,73	33 \$20,109	\$12,624	52.8 %

1,729

1,099

630

57.3

%

Intersegment interest allocations

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Total interest expense	3,670	2,135	1,535	71.9	%
Net interest income (expense)	30,792	19,073	11,719	61.4	%
Provision for loan losses	619	1,392	(773)	(55.5	%)
Net interest income (expense) after provision	30,173	17,681	12,492	70.7	%
Noninterest income	3,577	822	2,755	335.2	%
Noninterest expense	21,216	13,405	7,811	58.3	%
Operating income (loss)	\$12,534	\$5,098	\$7,436	145.9	%

Our Banking segment's operating income totaled \$12.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to operating income of \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income, as well as a reduction in the provision for loan losses period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in noninterest expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

The increase in net interest income was primarily the result of increases in the balances of our interest earning assets, primarily loans, due to the continued growth of our commercial finance products, including equipment loans, general asset based loans, healthcare asset based loans, and premium finance loans. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans. In addition, we acquired \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities in our Banking segment as part of the ColoEast acquisition. Outstanding loans grew 65% from \$1.338 billion as of June 30, 2016 to \$2.207 billion as of June 30, 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances and charge-offs are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans. The change in the provision for loan losses was the result of several factors. As part of our reduced provision for loan losses in the three months ended June 30, 2017, we were able to recapture approximately \$1.1 million of specific reserves related to two purchased credit impaired loans due to improved cash flow performance expectations and cash paydowns of the outstanding balances. As a result, we recorded a net reduction in specific reserves of \$0.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to an increase in specific reserves of \$0.8 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Offsetting in part the decreased provision due to the change in specific reserves, we experienced higher net charge-offs of \$0.4 million in the Banking segment in the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a net recovery of \$0.2 million for the same period in 2016. In addition, 2017 charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2017 outstanding Banking segment loans increased \$252.2 million from March 31, 2017. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, outstanding loans increased \$161.2 million from March 31, 2016. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the three months ended June 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary, which is reported within our Banking segment, increased \$0.6 million from \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 due to increased volumes due to organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016. In addition, we recorded a \$1.2 million OREO write-down in the three months ended June 30, 2016 related to a branch facility transferred to OREO that was no longer being actively operated, which reduced noninterest income during that period. The remaining increase was primarily due to additional service charges and card income associated with the increase in customer deposit and credit/debit card accounts acquired in the ColoEast acquisition. In addition, other sources of noninterest income, such as check cashing fees, wire transfer fees, and trust activities increased due to incremental transaction volumes associated with the ColoEast acquisition.

Noninterest expense was \$21.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared with \$13.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase includes incremental costs associated with the growth in our Banking segment personnel and infrastructure in conjunction with our acquisition of ColoEast, as well as personnel, facilities and infrastructure to support the continued growth in our commercial finance asset based lending and equipment lending. In addition, increases due to merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance

benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses contributed to the increase.

# Factoring

	Three Months Ended							
(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,							
			\$	%				
Factoring	2017	2016	Change	Change				
Total interest income	\$10,387	\$7,939	\$ 2,448	30.8	%			
Intersegment interest allocations	(1,729)	(1,099)	(630)	57.3	%			
Total interest expense	_	_	—	—				
Net interest income (expense)	8,658	6,840	1,818	26.6	%			
Provision for loan losses	812	555	257	46.3	%			
Net interest income (expense) after provision	7,846	6,285	1,561	24.8	%			
Noninterest income	758	496	262	52.8	%			
Noninterest expense	5,482	4,962	520	10.5	%			
Operating income (loss)	\$3,122	\$1,819	\$ 1,303	71.6	%			

Our Factoring segment's operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$3.1 million, compared with \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in the provision for loan losses and noninterest expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Factored receivables in our Factoring segment grew 30% from \$206.3 million as of June 30, 2016 to \$268.7 million as of June 30, 2017. Our average number of clients increased from 2,191 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to 2,637 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and the corresponding factored accounts receivable purchases increased from \$434.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$639.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017. Our average invoice size increased 14% from \$1,259 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1,433 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, and the number of invoices purchased increased 29% period over period.

Net interest income was \$8.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$6.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Net interest income increased due to a 34% increase in overall average net funds employed from \$163.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$219.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. This increase in net interest income is offset in part by pricing pressure on factored receivable balances in the current period due to increased competition and market conditions, resulting in slightly lower yields on net funds employed at our Factoring segment. In addition, a change in the mix within our factored receivables portfolio period over period contributed to the partially offsetting decrease, as our transportation factoring balances, which generate a higher yield than our non-transportation factoring balances, decreased as a percentage of the overall Factoring segment portfolio to 83% at June 30, 2017 compared to 89% at June 30, 2016 as we continued to expand our non-transportation factoring product lines throughout 2016 and into 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The provision for loan losses on factored receivables is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated factored receivables purchased and outstanding for a period. As factored receivables purchased fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 factored receivables increased approximately \$50 million from March 31, 2017. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, factored receivables increased approximately \$41 million from March 31, 2016. The larger increase in factored receivable balances within the three month period ended June 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in noninterest income is consistent with the increase in factored receivable purchase volume period over period.

Noninterest expense was \$5.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$5.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, driven primarily by increased personnel, operating, and technology costs incurred in connection with growth in our factoring portfolio, particularly the increase in the number of clients and number of invoices processed period over period.

Corporate

(Dollars in thousands) Corporate Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016

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			\$	%	, 2	
			Change	C	hange	
Total interest income	\$418	\$273	\$ 145	4	53.1	%
Intersegment interest allocations	_		_	-	_	
Total interest expense	1,311	312	999	3	320.2	%
Net interest income (expense)	(893)	(39)	(854	) 2	2189.7	%
Provision for loan losses	16	(8)	24	3	300.0	%
Net interest income (expense) after provision	(909)	(31)	(878	) 2	2832.3	%
Noninterest income	867	736	131	1	17.8	%
Noninterest expense	623	751	(128	) (	(17.0)	%)
Operating income (loss)	\$(665)	\$(46)	\$ (619	) ]	1345.7	%

The Corporate segment's operating loss totaled \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared with an operating loss of \$0.05 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in the operating loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 is primarily due to an increase in interest expense resulting from our subordinated notes offering in the third quarter of 2016.

Six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with six months ended June 30, 2016. The following tables present our primary operating results for our operating segments as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(Dollars in thousand	(s)			Asset		
Six Months Ended J	•	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest incom		\$60,232	\$19,092	\$ 3	\$ 543	\$ 79,870
Intersegment interes		3,018	(3,018)	•	_	<del>-</del>
Total interest expens		6,882	_	_	2,612	9,494
Net interest income		56,368	16,074	3	(2,069	·
Provision for loan lo	_	7,640	1,393	_	92	9,125
Net interest income		•	14,681	3	(2,161	·
Gain on sale of subs	_	_	_	_	20,860	20,860
Other noninterest in		7,107	1,428	1,717	1,375	11,627
Noninterest expense		43,187	11,077	1,456	6,438	62,158
Operating income (1		\$12,648	\$5,032	\$ 264	\$ 13,636	\$ 31,580
(Dollars in thousand Six Months Ended J	•	Banking	Factoring	Asset Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest incom		\$37,535	\$15,124	\$ 64	\$ 524	\$ 53,247
Intersegment interes		2,100	(2,100)	•	_	—
Total interest expens		4,237			614	4,851
Net interest income		35,398	13,024	64	(90	) 48,396
Provision for loan lo	` .	1,267	85	_	76	1,428
Net interest income			12,939	64		) 46,968
Noninterest income	pro masses	2,836	942	3,285	1,586	8,649
Noninterest expense		26,987	9,535	2,559	1,328	40,409
Operating income (1		\$9,980	\$4,346	\$ 790	\$ 92	\$ 15,208
(Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 Total assets	Banking \$2,787,117	Factoring \$278,533	\$ —	nt Corporate \$417,017	\$ (645,983	) \$2,836,684
Gross loans	\$2,206,914	\$268,707	\$ —	\$12,986	\$ (193,507	) \$2,295,100
(Dollars in thousands)			Asset			
December 31, 2016	_	_	_	-		ns Consolidated
Total assets		\$223,994	•	\$391,745		
Gross loans	\$1,961,552	\$212,784	\$ —	\$1,866	\$ (148,578	) \$2,027,624
Banking (Dollars in tho	usands)		Six M	Months Ended	•	<i>7</i> 6
Banking			2017	2016		Change
Total interest i	ncome		\$60,		_	60.5 %
Intersegment i		ione	3,0		918	43.7 %
Total interest		10118	6,8		2,645	62.4 %
Total interest e	Apense	`		82 4,237		50.2 %

56,368

35,398

20,970

59.2

Net interest income (expense)

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Provision for loan losses	7,640	1,267	6,373	503.0	%
Net interest income (expense) after provision	48,728	34,131	14,597	42.8	%
Gain on sale of subsidiary				_	
Other noninterest income	7,107	2,836	4,271	150.6	%
Noninterest expense	43,187	26,987	16,200	60.0	%
Operating income (loss)	\$12,648	\$9,980	\$2,668	26.7	%

Our Banking segment's operating income totaled \$12.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to operating income of \$10.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. We experienced an increase in net interest income and noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2017. This increase in operating income was partially offset by an increase in the provision for loan losses and an increase in noninterest expense period over period.

The increase in net interest income was primarily the result of increases in the balances of our interest earning assets, primarily loans, due to the continued growth of our commercial finance products, including equipment loans, general asset based loans, healthcare asset based loans, and premium finance loans. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans. In addition, we acquired \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities in our Banking segment as part of the ColoEast acquisition. Outstanding loans in our Banking segment grew 65% from \$1.338 billion as of June 30, 2016 to \$2.207 billion as of June 30, 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$7.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances and charge-offs are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans. The increased provision for loan losses was primarily the result of an increase in loan charge-offs recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017. We experienced higher total net charge-offs of \$3.8 million in our Banking segment in the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a net recovery of \$0.2 million for the same period in 2016. Approximately \$1.4 million of the charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2017 had specific reserves previously recorded. In addition, this charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Approximately \$3.1 million of the charge-offs recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were associated with two individual loan relationships. One of the loan relationships was part of our healthcare finance unit and one was acquired in the ColoEast acquisition.

In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2017 outstanding loans in our Banking segment increased \$245.4 million from December 31, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, outstanding loans in our Banking segment increased \$115.3 million from December 31, 2015. The larger increase in outstanding balances within the six months ended June 30, 2017 contributed to a higher provision for loan losses compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$7.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$2.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary, which is reported within our Banking segment, increased \$1.1 million from \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 due to increased volumes due to organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016. In addition, we recorded a \$1.2 million OREO write-down in the six months ended June 30, 2016 related to a branch facility transferred to OREO that was no longer being actively operated, which reduced noninterest income during that period. The remaining increase was primarily due to additional service charges and card income associated with the increase in customer deposit and credit/debit card accounts acquired in the ColoEast acquisition. In addition, other sources of noninterest income, such as check cashing fees, wire transfer fees, and trust activities increased due to incremental transaction volumes associated with the ColoEast acquisition.

Noninterest expense was \$43.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared with \$27.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase includes incremental costs associated with the growth in our Banking segment personnel and infrastructure in conjunction with our acquisition of ColoEast, as well as personnel, facilities and infrastructure to support the continued growth in our commercial finance asset based lending and equipment lending. In addition, increases due to merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses contributed to the increase.

## Factoring

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,					
			\$	%		
Factoring	2017	2016	Change	Change		
Total interest income	\$19,092	\$15,124	\$3,968	26.2	%	
Intersegment interest allocations	(3,018)	(2,100)	(918	43.7	%	
Total interest expense	_	_	_	_		
Net interest income (expense)	16,074	13,024	3,050	23.4	%	
Provision for loan losses	1,393	85	1,308	1538.8	%	
Net interest income (expense) after provision	14,681	12,939	1,742	13.5	%	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	_	—		
Other noninterest income	1,428	942	486	51.6	%	
Noninterest expense	11,077	9,535	1,542	16.2	%	
Operating income (loss)	\$5,032	\$4,346	\$686	15.8	%	

Our Factoring segment's operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$5.0 million, compared with \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in the provision for loan losses and noninterest expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Factored receivables in our Factoring segment grew 30% from \$206.3 million as of June 30, 2016 to \$268.7 million as of June 30, 2017. Our average number of clients increased from 2,161 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to 2,558 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and the corresponding factored accounts receivable purchases increased from \$815.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1.161 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Our average invoice size increased 11% from \$1,277 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$1,411 for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and the number of invoices purchased increased 29% period over period.

Net interest income was \$16.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$13.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Net interest income increased due to a 31% increase in overall average net funds employed from \$155.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 to \$202.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. This increase in net interest income is offset in part by pricing pressure on factored receivable balances in the current period due to increased competition and market conditions, resulting in slightly lower yields on net funds employed at our Factoring segment. In addition, a change in the mix within our factored receivables portfolio period over period contributed to the partially offsetting decrease, as our transportation factoring balances, which generate a higher yield than our non-transportation factoring balances, decreased as a percentage of the overall Factoring segment portfolio to 83% at June 30, 2017 compared to 89% at June 30, 2016 as we continued to expand our non-transportation factoring product lines throughout 2016 and into 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The provision for loan losses on factored receivables is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated factored receivables purchased and outstanding for a period. As factored receivables purchased fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 factored receivables at our Factoring segment increased approximately \$56 million from December 31, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, factored receivables at our Factoring segment increased approximately \$20 million from December 31, 2015. The higher increase in factored receivable balances within the six months ended June 30, 2017 contributed to a higher provision

for loan losses compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016. In addition, the higher provision in the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 was due to additional specific reserves required on at-risk balances recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to decreases in such specific reserves recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in noninterest income is consistent with the increase in factored receivable purchase volume period over period.

Noninterest expense was \$11.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with \$9.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, driven primarily by increased personnel, operating, and technology costs incurred in connection with growth in our factoring portfolio, particularly the increase in the number of clients and number of invoices processed period over period.

## Corporate

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Mont				
			\$	%	
Corporate	2017	2016	Change	Change	
Total interest income	\$543	\$524	\$19	3.6	%
Intersegment interest allocations	_	_	_	_	
Total interest expense	2,612	614	1,998	325.4	%
Net interest income (expense)	(2,069)	(90)	(1,979)	2198.9	%
Provision for loan losses	92	76	16	21.1	%
Net interest income (expense) after provision	(2,161)	(166)	(1,995)	1201.8	%
Gain on sale of subsidiary	20,860	_	20,860	100.0	%
Other noninterest income	1,375	1,586	(211)	(13.3	%)
Noninterest expense	6,438	1,328	5,110	384.8	%
Operating income (loss)	\$13,636	\$92	\$13,544	14721.7	7%

The Corporate segment's operating income totaled \$13.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared with operating income of \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in the operating income is primarily due to the net impact of the TCA sale transaction recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2017. As TCA was a wholly owned subsidiary of our parent company, the \$20.9 million gain on sale of TCA was reported as noninterest income and the \$5.1 million of bonus expense and transaction related costs associated with the TCA sale were reported as noninterest expense in the Corporate segment. Excluding the impact of the TCA sale, the Corporate segment reported an operating loss of \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to an increase in interest expense resulting from our subordinated notes offering in the third quarter of 2016.

#### **Financial Condition**

## Assets

Total assets were \$2.837 billion at June 30, 2017, compared to \$2.641 billion at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$196 million, the components of which are discussed below.

#### Loan Portfolio

Loans held for investment were \$2.295 billion at June 30, 2017, compared with \$2.028 billion at December 31, 2016.

We offer a broad range of lending and credit products. Within our TBK Bank subsidiary, we offer a full range of lending products, including commercial real estate, construction and development, residential real estate, production agriculture, general commercial, mortgage warehouse facilities, farmland and consumer loans, focused on our community banking markets in Iowa, Illinois, Colorado, and Kansas. We also originate a variety of commercial finance products offered on a nationwide basis. These products include our factored receivables, the asset based loans and equipment loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand, the healthcare asset based loans originated under our Triumph Healthcare Finance brand, and the premium finance loans originated under our Triumph Premium Finance brand.

The following table shows our total loan portfolio by portfolio segments as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

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				December 3 2016	1,	
		% of			% of	
(Dollars in thousands)		Total			Total	
Commercial real estate	\$541,217	24	%	\$442,237	22	%
Construction, land development, land	120,253	5	%	109,812	5	%
1-4 family residential properties	101,833	4	%	104,974	5	%
Farmland	136,258	6	%	141,615	7	%
Commercial	842,715	37	%	778,643	39	%
Factored receivables	293,633	13	%	238,198	12	%
Consumer	29,497	1	%	29,764	1	%
Mortgage warehouse	229,694	10	%	182,381	9	%
Total Loans	\$2,295,100	100	%	\$2,027,624	100	%

Commercial Real Estate Loans. Our commercial real estate loans were \$541.2 million at June 30, 2017, an increase of \$99.0 million from \$442.2 million at December 31, 2016, due primarily to new loan origination activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017. We have recently allocated internal resources to focus on and source additional commercial real estate opportunities on a nationwide basis.

Construction and Development Loans. Our construction and development loans were \$120.3 million at June 30, 2017, an increase of \$10.5 million from \$109.8 million at December 31, 2016, due to new loan activity for the period.

Residential Real Estate Loans. Our one-to-four family residential loans were \$101.8 million at June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$3.2 million from \$105.0 million at December 31, 2016, due primarily to paydowns in excess of new loan activity for the period. As previously discussed, we made the decision to exit the residential mortgage production business in the fourth quarter of 2015. As a result, we expect our residential real estate loan balances to continue to decline as existing loans payoff. The decrease was offset in part by an increase in home equity lines of credit originated during the period and reported in this loan classification.

Farmland Loans. Our farmland loans were \$136.3 million at June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$5.3 compared to \$141.6 million at December 31, 2016, due to paydowns in excess of new loan origination activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Commercial Loans. Our commercial loans held for investment were \$842.7 million at June 30, 2017 an increase of \$64.1 million from \$778.6 million at December 31, 2016. The increase in commercial loans was driven by growth in the asset based and equipment finance loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand as we continue to execute on our growth strategy for such products. In addition, premium finance loans originated under our Triumph Premium Finance brand continued to grow during the period. Our other commercial lending products, comprised primarily of general commercial loans originated in our community banking markets, increased from \$215.0 million at December 31, 2016 to \$237.9 million at June 30, 2017 as a result of new originations in our community banking markets in excess of paydowns as we continue to focus on lending activities to support businesses within our local communities. This increase also included the \$10.5 million seller financed loan receivable associated with the TCA sale on March 31, 2017.

The following table shows our commercial loans as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

December
June 30, 31,
(Dollars in thousands) 2017 2016
Commercial