

PRESSTEK INC /DE/
Form 10-Q
August 09, 2007

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-17541

PRESSTEK, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

02-0415170

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

55 Executive Drive

Hudson, New Hampshire

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

03051-4903

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (603) 595-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No p

As of August 6, 2007, there were 36,543,682 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

PRESSTEK, INC.
INDEX

| | PAGE | |
|----------------|---|----|
| PART I | FINANCIAL INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. | Consolidated Financial Statements | |
| | Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006 (Unaudited) | 3 |
| | Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 (Unaudited) | 4 |
| | Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 (Unaudited) | 5 |
| | Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) | 6 |
| Item 2. | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 25 |
| Item 3. | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk | 34 |
| Item 4. | Controls and Procedures | 36 |
| PART II | OTHER INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. | Legal Proceedings | 37 |
| Item 1A. | Risk Factors | 37 |
| Item 2. | Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds | 37 |
| Item 4. | Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders | 37 |
| Item 6. | Exhibits | 38 |
| | Signatures | 39 |
| | Exhibit Index | 40 |

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 (in thousands, except share and per share data)
 (Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 7,319 | \$ 9,449 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 56,125 | 53,158 |
| Inventories | 52,310 | 46,050 |
| Deferred income taxes | 4,666 | 4,162 |
| Other current assets | 3,138 | 2,600 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | 97 | 3,321 |
| Total current assets | 123,655 | 118,740 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 40,827 | 42,194 |
| Goodwill | 20,268 | 20,280 |
| Intangible assets, net | 7,325 | 8,741 |
| Deferred income taxes | 8,673 | 7,515 |
| Other noncurrent assets | 1,081 | 544 |
| Total assets | \$ 201,829 | \$ 198,014 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligation | \$ 7,038 | \$ 7,037 |
| Line of credit | 21,000 | 15,000 |
| Accounts payable | 27,686 | 27,126 |
| Accrued expenses | 14,773 | 10,471 |
| Deferred revenue | 6,895 | 7,901 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | 980 | 3,707 |
| Total current liabilities | 78,372 | 71,242 |
| Long-term debt and capital lease obligation, less current portion | 12,015 | 15,535 |
| Total liabilities | 90,387 | 86,777 |
| Commitments and contingencies (See Note 20) | | |
| Stockholders' equity | - | - |

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares
authorized, no shares issued

Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 75,000,000 shares
authorized, 36,541,557 and
35,662,318 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,
2007 and

| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| December 30, 2006, respectively | 365 | 357 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 114,503 | 108,769 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 568 | 297 |
| Retained earnings | (3,994) | 1,814 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 111,442 | 111,237 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 201,829 | \$ 198,014 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in thousands, except per-share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Revenue | | | | |
| Product | \$ 58,879 | \$ 59,202 | \$ 114,115 | \$ 114,345 |
| Service and parts | 9,872 | 11,680 | 19,788 | 23,864 |
| Total revenue | 68,751 | 70,882 | 133,903 | 138,209 |
| Cost of revenue | | | | |
| Product | 41,381 | 41,424 | 80,327 | 79,681 |
| Service and parts | 8,773 | 8,694 | 16,471 | 16,979 |
| Total cost of revenue | 50,154 | 50,118 | 96,798 | 96,660 |
| Gross profit | 18,597 | 20,764 | 37,105 | 41,549 |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Research and development | 1,621 | 1,680 | 3,255 | 3,225 |
| Sales, marketing and customer support | 10,952 | 10,934 | 20,816 | 19,931 |
| General and administrative | 9,003 | 3,791 | 15,257 | 9,126 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 715 | 753 | 1,422 | 1,529 |
| Restructuring and other charges | 793 | - | 1,128 | - |
| Total operating expenses | 23,084 | 17,158 | 41,878 | 33,811 |
| Operating income (loss) | (4,487) | 3,606 | (4,773) | 7,738 |
| Interest and other income (expense), net | (993) | (616) | (1,890) | (1,168) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (5,480) | 2,990 | (6,663) | 6,570 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | (626) | 411 | (943) | 1,013 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | (4,854) | 2,579 | (5,720) | 5,557 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ 24 | 167 | \$ (88) | (87) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (4,830) | \$ 2,746 | \$ (5,808) | \$ 5,470 |
| Earnings (loss) per share - basic | | | | |

Edgar Filing: PRESSTEK INC /DE/ - Form 10-Q

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | \$ | (0.13) | \$ | 0.07 | \$ | (0.16) | \$ | 0.16 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | | 0.00 | | 0.01 | | (0.00) | | (0.01) |
| | \$ | (0.13) | \$ | 0.08 | \$ | (0.16) | \$ | 0.15 |
| Earnings (loss) per share - diluted | | | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | \$ | (0.13) | \$ | 0.07 | \$ | (0.16) | \$ | 0.15 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | | 0.00 | | 0.01 | | (0.00) | | (0.00) |
| | \$ | (0.13) | \$ | 0.08 | \$ | (0.16) | \$ | 0.15 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | | | | | | | | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding - basic | | 36,046 | | 35,637 | | 35,855 | | 35,506 |
| Dilutive effect of options | | - | | 419 | | - | | 456 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted | | 36,046 | | 36,056 | | 35,855 | | 35,962 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands)
(Unaudited)

| | Six months ended | |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Operating activities | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (5,808) | \$ 5,470 |
| Add loss from discontinued operations | 88 | 87 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | (5,720) | 5,557 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 3,487 | 3,489 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 1,375 | 1,529 |
| Restructuring and other charges | 1,128 | - |
| Provision for warranty costs | 1,988 | 1,531 |
| Provision for accounts receivable allowances | 194 | (131) |
| Stock compensation expense | 2,797 | 61 |
| Deferred income taxes | (1,662) | - |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 98 | 59 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from business acquisitions and divestitures: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (2,646) | (10,385) |
| Inventories | (6,122) | 8,779 |
| Other current assets | (529) | (1,717) |
| Other noncurrent assets | (907) | (69) |
| Accounts payable | 445 | 2,626 |
| Accrued expenses | (1,006) | (5,348) |
| Deferred revenue | 1,154 | 299 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (5,926) | 6,280 |
| Investing activities | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (2,078) | (2,180) |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | - | (395) |
| Investment in patents and other intangible assets | (56) | (1,403) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (2,134) | (3,978) |
| Financing activities | | |
| Net proceeds from the exercise of stock options and the issuance of common stock | 2,945 | 1,689 |
| Repayments of term loan and capital lease | (3,519) | (3,517) |
| Net borrowings under line of credit agreement | 6,000 | 1,430 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 5,426 | (398) |
| Cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations | | |
| Operating activities | 411 | 1,034 |
| Investing activities | - | (178) |

| | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Financing activities | - | - |
| Net cash provided by discontinued operations | 411 | 856 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 93 | 191 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (2,130) | 2,951 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 9,449 | 5,615 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 7,319 | \$ 8,566 |

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

| | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 1,637 | \$ 1,030 |
| Cash paid for income taxes | \$ 293 | \$ 415 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Presstek, Inc. and its subsidiaries (“Presstek,” the “Company,” “we” or “us”) contain all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly Presstek’s financial position as of June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006, its results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) and the interim reporting requirements of Form 10-Q. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted.

The results of the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the fiscal year ending December 29, 2007. The information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on April 25, 2007.

The Company’s operations are currently organized into two segments: (i) Presstek and (ii) Lasertel. The Presstek segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture, sale and servicing of the Company’s patented digital imaging systems and patented printing plate technologies as well as traditional, analog systems and related equipment and supplies for the graphic arts and printing industries, primarily the short-run, full-color market segment. The Lasertel segment manufactures and develops high-powered laser diodes and related laser products for the Presstek segment and for sale to external customers. Any future changes to this organizational structure may result in changes to the segments currently disclosed.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The Company operates and reports on a 52- or 53-week, fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements include the thirteen and twenty-six week periods ended June 30, 2007 (the “second quarter and first half of fiscal 2007 or the six months ended June 30, 2007”) and July 1, 2006 (the “second quarter and first half of fiscal 2006 or the six months ended July 1, 2006”).

Earnings (Loss) per Share

Earnings (loss) per share is computed in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 128, *Earnings per Share* (“SFAS 128”). Accordingly, basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. For periods in which there is net income, diluted earnings per share is determined by using the weighted average number

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

of common shares and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the period unless the effect is antidilutive. Potential dilutive equivalent common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options.

Approximately 2,056,000 and 844,000 options to purchase common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006, respectively, as their effect would be antidilutive. Approximately 1,978,000 and 838,000 options to purchase common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006, respectively, as their effect would be antidilutive.

Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions

The Company's foreign subsidiaries use the local currency as their functional currency. Accordingly, assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses from these subsidiaries are translated at average monthly exchange rates in effect for the periods in which the transactions occur. The resulting unrealized gains or losses are reported under the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions are reported as a component of "Interest and other income (expense), net" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company recorded losses on foreign currency transactions of approximately \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 and \$0.2 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006, respectively.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Use of Estimates

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates and assumptions also affect the amount of reported revenue and expenses during the period. Management believes the most judgmental estimates include those related to product returns; warranty obligations; allowance for doubtful accounts; slow-moving and obsolete inventories; income taxes; the valuation of goodwill, intangible assets, long-lived assets and deferred tax assets; stock-based compensation and litigation. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on historical experience and various other appropriate factors, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the amounts of revenue and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For a complete discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006, which was filed with the SEC on April 25, 2007. There were no significant changes to the Company's critical accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2007, with the exception of the policy below.

Accounting for Income Taxes

The Company's policy covering accounting for income taxes, which was disclosed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the SEC on April 25, 2007, was expanded in the first

- 7 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

quarter of fiscal 2007 to include the adoption of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 06-3, *How Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)* ("EITF 06-3"). EITF 06-3 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006, with earlier application permitted. EITF 06-3 requires disclosure of the accounting policy for any tax assessed by a governmental authority that is directly imposed on a revenue-producing transaction (i.e., sales, use, value added) on a gross basis (included in revenues and costs) or net basis (excluded from revenues and costs). The Company excludes these amounts from its revenues and costs; accordingly, no additional disclosure will be required.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 was adopted by Presstek in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. It also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value, and does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and is required to be adopted by the Company in fiscal 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 157 will have on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition but does not expect it to have a material impact.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No 115* ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS 157. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 159 will have on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition but does not expect it to have a material impact.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

2. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company accounts for its discontinued operations under the provisions of SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* ("SFAS 144"). Accordingly, results of operations and the related expenses associated with discontinued operations have been classified as "Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax" in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income. Assets and liabilities of discontinued operations have been reclassified and reflected on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as "Assets of discontinued operations" and "Liabilities of discontinued operations." For comparative purposes, all prior periods presented have been reclassified on a consistent basis.

Precision Lithograining Corp. - Analog Newspaper Business

On December 28, 2006, the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors ratified a plan submitted by management to discontinue production in South Hadley, Massachusetts of Precision-branded analog plates used in newspaper applications.

Results of operations of the discontinued analog newspaper business of Precision consist of the following (in thousands, except per-share data):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Revenue | \$ -- | \$ 3,350 | \$ 195 | \$ 6,588 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | 40 | 200 | (148) | (58) |
| Provision (benefit) from income taxes | 16 | 33 | (60) | 29 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | \$ 24 | \$ 167 | \$ (88) | \$ (87) |
| Earnings (loss) per share | \$0.00 | \$ 0.01 | \$ (0.00) | \$ (0.01) |

Assets and liabilities of discontinued operations consist of the following (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Receivables, net | \$ 97 | \$ 1,875 |
| Inventories | -- | 1,446 |
| Total current assets | \$ 97 | \$ 3,321 |
| Accounts payable | -- | \$ 2,126 |
| Accrued expenses | 980 | 1,581 |
| Total current liabilities | 980 | \$ 3,707 |

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

The components of “Accounts receivable, net” in the Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 59,148 | \$ 56,152 |
| Less allowances | (3,023) | (2,994) |
| | \$ 56,125 | \$ 53,158 |

4. INVENTORIES

Inventories include material, direct labor and related manufacturing overhead, and are stated at the lower of cost (determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or net realizable value. Based upon a consideration of quantities on hand, actual and projected sales volume, slow-moving and obsolete inventory is written down to its net realizable value.

The components of “Inventories” in the Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Raw materials | \$ 3,261 | \$ 3,434 |
| Work in process | 7,360 | 7,102 |
| Finished goods | 41,689 | 35,514 |
| | \$ 52,310 | \$ 46,050 |

In the second quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company recorded charges of \$2.7 million related to changes to product plans for the Vector TX52 CtP product family. Charges included a \$1.1 million write-down of excess and obsolete equipment and parts inventory to net realizable value, warranty-related charges of \$0.8 million (Note 9) and accrued liabilities of \$0.8 million associated with non cancelable purchase order obligations. In addition, during the second quarter of 2007, the Company recorded \$0.8 million of charges related to the write-off of service parts in the U.S. These charges are reflected in Cost of revenue in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company disposed of \$0.9 million of excess and obsolete inventories. The inventories disposed were primarily comprised of machine components and repair parts relating to technology that is no longer manufactured, distributed, or serviced by the Company, and had a net realizable value of \$0 as of December 30, 2006.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

The components of "Property, plant and equipment, net", in the Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows (in thousands):

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Land and improvements | \$ 2,286 | \$ 2,286 |
| Buildings and leasehold improvements | 29,474 | 29,428 |
| Production and other equipment | 57,366 | 56,462 |
| Office furniture and equipment | 7,263 | |
| | 7,476 | |
| Construction in process | 2,855 | 1,886 |
| Total property, plant and equipment, at cost | 99,457 | 97,325 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (58,630) | (55,131) |
| | \$ 40,827 | \$ 42,194 |

Construction in process is generally related to production equipment and information technology systems not yet placed into service. The amount reported at June 30, 2007 includes \$2.1 million related to a new service management system, which is in the implementation phase. The Company is capitalizing all applicable costs in accordance with AICPA Statement of Position No. 98-1, *Accounting for Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use*, and estimates that the total cost of implementation will approximate \$2.4 million. The Company expects to fully implement its new service management system in fiscal 2008.

The Company recorded depreciation expense of \$1.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006 and \$3.5 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006. Under the Company's financing arrangements (see Note 7), all property, plant and equipment is pledged as security.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL

Intangible assets consist of patents, intellectual property, license agreements, loan origination fees and certain identifiable intangible assets resulting from business combinations, including trade names, customer relationships, non-compete covenants and software licenses.

The Company commences amortization of intangible assets at the time the respective asset has been placed into service. At June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006, the Company had recorded \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, of costs related to patents and intellectual property not yet in service.

The components of the Company's intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | | December 30, 2006 | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Cost | Accumulated amortization | Cost | Accumulated amortization |

Edgar Filing: PRESSTEK INC /DE/ - Form 10-Q

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Patents and intellectual property | \$ 11,124 | \$ 7,565 | \$ 11,277 | \$ 7,206 |
| Trade names | 2,360 | 2,127 | 2,360 | 1,776 |
| Customer relationships | 4,583 | 1,796 | 4,583 | 1,443 |
| Software licenses | 450 | 400 | 450 | 325 |
| License agreements | 750 | 177 | 750 | 169 |
| Non-compete covenants | 100 | 58 | 100 | 48 |
| Loan origination fees | 332 | 251 | 332 | 144 |
| | \$ 19,699 | \$ 12,374 | \$ 19,852 | \$ 11,111 |

- 11 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

The Company recorded amortization expense for its identifiable intangible assets of \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million in the second quarters of fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006, respectively, and \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006, respectively. Estimated future amortization expense for the Company's intangible assets in service at June 30, 2007, is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Remainder of fiscal 2007 | \$ 1,023 |
| Fiscal 2008 | \$ 1,383 |
| Fiscal 2009 | \$ 1,243 |
| Fiscal 2010 | \$ 1,069 |
| Fiscal 2011 | \$ 818 |
| Fiscal 2012 | \$ 500 |
| Thereafter | \$ 697 |

The carrying amount of goodwill recorded by the Company's Presstek reporting unit was \$20.3 million at June 30, 2007. There have been no changes to this amount since December 30, 2006, except for the impact of foreign currency exchange.

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, goodwill is tested annually, as of the first business day of the third quarter, for impairment. The Company's impairment review is based on a fair value test. The Company uses its judgment in assessing whether goodwill may have become impaired between annual impairment tests. Indicators such as unexpected adverse business conditions, economic factors, unanticipated technological change or competitive activities, loss of key personnel and acts by governments and courts may signal that goodwill has been impaired. Should the fair value of a reporting unit, as determined by the Company at any measurement date, fall below the carrying value of the respective reporting unit's net assets, an impairment will be recorded in the period. There can be no assurance that goodwill will not become impaired in future periods.

7. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The components of the Company's outstanding borrowings at June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006 are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Term loan | \$ 19,000 | \$ 22,500 |
| Line of credit | 21,000 | 15,000 |
| Capital lease obligation | 53 | 72 |
| | 40,053 | 37,572 |
| Less current portion | (28,038) | (22,037) |
| Long-term debt | \$ 12,015 | \$ 15,535 |

The Company's Senior Secured Credit Facilities (the "Facilities") include a \$35.0 million five-year secured term loan (the "Term Loan") and a \$45.0 million five-year secured revolving line of credit (the "Revolver"). The Company granted a security interest in all of its assets in favor of the lenders under the Facilities. In addition, under the Facilities agreement, the Company is prohibited from declaring or distributing dividends to shareholders.

- 12 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 June 30, 2007
 (Unaudited)

The Company has the option of selecting an interest rate for the Facilities equal to either: (a) the then applicable London Inter-Bank Offer Rate plus 1.25% to 4.0% per annum, depending on certain results of the Company's financial performance; or (b) the Prime Rate, as defined in the Facilities agreement, plus up to 1.75% per annum, depending on certain results of the Company's financial performance.

The Facilities are available to the Company for working capital requirements, capital expenditures, business acquisitions and general corporate purposes.

At June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006, the Company had outstanding balances on the Revolver of \$21.0 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, with interest rates of 7.8% and 7.1%, respectively. At June 30, 2007, the Company also had \$12.3 million of outstanding letters of credit, thereby reducing the amount available under the Revolver to \$11.7 million at that date.

The Term Loan requires quarterly principal payments of \$1.75 million, with a final settlement of all remaining principal and unpaid interest on November 4, 2009. At June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006, outstanding balances under the Term Loan were \$19.0 million and \$22.5 million, respectively, with interest rates of 7.9% and 7.1%, respectively.

The weighted average interest rate on the Company's short-term borrowings was 7.8% at June 30, 2007.

Under the terms of the Revolver and the Term Loan, the Company is required to meet various financial covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded debt to EBITDA (a non-U.S. GAAP measurement that the Company defines as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and restructuring and other charges), minimum fixed charge coverage, minimum tangible capital base and current ratio covenants. At June 30, 2007, the Company was in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants.

On November 23, 2005, the Company acquired equipment of \$0.1 million qualifying for capital lease treatment. The equipment is reflected in Property, plant and equipment, net and the current and long-term principal amounts of the lease obligation are included in current and long-term debt and capital lease obligations in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company's Term Loan, Revolver, and capital lease principal repayment commitments are as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Remainder of 2007 | \$ 24,518 |
| 2008 | \$ 7,035 |
| 2009 | \$ 8,500 |

The amounts above do not reflect interest payments on any outstanding principal balances for the Revolver and Term Loan because the interest rates on these financing arrangements are not fixed.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

8. ACCRUED EXPENSES

The components of the Company's "Accrued expenses" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006 are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits | \$ 4,976 | \$ 5,642 |
| Accrued warranty | 2,710 | 1,729 |
| Accrued integration costs | 497 | 511 |
| Accrued restructuring | 997 | 233 |
| Accrued royalties | 344 | 276 |
| Accrued legal fees | 483 | 284 |
| Accrued purchase commitments | 814 | - |
| Other | 3,952 | 1,796 |
| | \$ 14,773 | \$ 10,471 |

9. ACCRUED WARRANTY

Product warranty activity in the first six months of fiscal 2007 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|---|----------|
| Balance at December 30, 2006 | \$ 1,729 |
| Additional accruals for warranty | 1,995 |
| Utilization of accrual for warranty obligations | (1,014) |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 2,710 |

As further described in Note 4, in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 the Company increased warranty accruals related to the Vector TX52 product line by \$0.8 million. The Company's warranty obligations are affected by product failure rates and repair or replacement costs incurred in supporting a product failure. Should actual product repair or replacement costs differ from the Company's estimates, increases or decreases to its warranty accruals would be required.

10. DEFERRED REVENUE

The components of deferred revenue are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Deferred service revenue | \$ 6,521 | \$ 7,505 |
| Deferred product revenue | 374 | 396 |

| | |
|----------|----------|
| \$ 6,895 | \$ 7,901 |
|----------|----------|

- 14 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

11. ACCRUED INTEGRATION COSTS

In 2005 and 2004, the Company recorded integration cost accruals related to its 2004 ABDick business acquisition. The activity related to these integration cost accruals for the first six months of fiscal 2007 is as follows (in thousands):

| | Balance December 30, 2006 | Currency Utilization | translation | Recoveries | Balance June 30, 2007 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Severance and fringe benefits | \$ 487 | \$ -- | \$ 6 | \$ -- | \$ 493 |
| Lease termination and other costs | 24 | (9) | -- | (11) | 4 |
| | \$ 511 | \$ (9) | \$ 6 | \$ (11) | \$ 497 |

In the third and fourth quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company terminated 25 and 22, respectively, of its ABDick service personnel in North America. As part of the allocation of the ABDick purchase price, the Company had previously accrued certain severance costs related to headcount reductions. The accrual will be utilized as payments are made to these terminated employees. The Company anticipates that payments for these actions, as well as the remaining initiatives related to the business acquisition, will be completed in fiscal 2007.

12. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER CHARGES

In the first six months of fiscal 2007, the Company recognized \$1.1 million in restructuring and other charges related to severance and separation costs under employment contracts of former executives and restructuring activities in our Canadian and European operations. As of December 30, 2006, the restructuring accrual of \$0.2 million related to severance programs involving 10 manufacturing and administrative positions at the Presstek segment.

The activity for the first six months of fiscal 2007 related to the Company's restructuring accruals is as follows (in thousands):

| | Balance December 30, 2006 | Charged to expense | Currency Utilization | translation | Recoveries | Balance June 30, 2007 |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Severance and fringe benefits | \$ 233 | \$ 1,128 | \$ (350) | \$ (3) | \$ (11) | \$997 |

The Company anticipates that payments for these actions will be completed in fiscal 2007.

13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has equity incentive plans that are administered by the Compensation and Stock Plan Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee"). The Committee oversees and approves which employees receive grants, the number of shares or options granted and the exercise prices and other terms of the awards.

- 15 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 June 30, 2007
 (Unaudited)

The 2003 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the “2003 Plan”) provides for the award of stock options, stock issuances and other equity interests in the Company to employees, officers, directors (including those directors who are not an employee or officer of the Company, such directors being referred to as Non-Employee Directors), consultants and advisors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The 2003 Plan provides for an automatic annual grant of 7,500 stock options to all active Non-Employee Directors and an option to purchase 25,000 shares is granted to newly elected non-employee directors. Additional grants may be awarded at the discretion of the Board of Directors or Committee, and on April 7, 2005, effective for fiscal 2005 forward, the Company’s Board of Directors approved an additional annual grant of 7,500 options to re-elected non-employee directors. A total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock, subject to anti-dilution adjustments, have been reserved under the 2003 Plan. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, 503,333 options were issued under the 2003 Plan, of which 20,000 were issued in the second quarter of 2007. There were no options issued under the 2003 Plan for the six months ended July 1, 2006.

The Company’s Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“ESPP”) is designed to provide eligible employees of the Company and its participating U.S. subsidiaries an opportunity to purchase common stock of the Company through accumulated payroll deductions. The purchase price of the stock is equal to 85% of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the first day or last day of each three-month offering period, whichever is lower. All employees of the Company or participating subsidiaries who customarily work at least 20 hours per week and do not own five percent or more of the Company’s common stock are eligible to participate in the ESPP. A total of 950,000 shares of the Company’s common stock, subject to adjustment, have been reserved for issuance under this plan. The Company issued 32,951 shares of common stock under its ESPP for the six months ended June 30, 2007, of which 14,964 were issued in the second quarter of 2007. The Company issued 20,411 shares of common stock under its ESPP for the six months ended July 1, 2006, of which 10,243 were issued in the second quarter of 2006.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123R, *Share-Based Payment* (“SFAS 123R”), using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost at fair value on the date of grant and recognition of compensation expense over the service period for awards expected to vest.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company granted 300,000 shares of restricted stock and 1,000,000 stock options to its President and Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) under a non-plan, non-qualified stock option agreement. The award of restricted stock vested on May 10, 2007, the effective date of the CEO’s employment agreement with the Company, but is subject to a one-year holding period as defined in Rule 144 of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“Rule 144”). The stock options granted under the stock option agreement provide for vesting of 200,000 options on May 10, 2007, 200,000 options to vest over the period May 10, 2007 to January 1, 2008, and the remaining 600,000 options to vest at a rate of 200,000 per annum over the period January 1, 2009 to January 1, 2011, subject to service conditions only.

Stock-based compensation associated with stock option grants to all officers, directors, and employees is included as a component of “General and administrative expense” in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Income. Stock based compensation expense for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 is as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| Stock option plan | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| | | | | |

Edgar Filing: PRESSTEK INC /DE/ - Form 10-Q

| | | | | |
|------------------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| 2003 Plan | \$ 350 | \$ -- | \$ 641 | \$ -- |
| ESPP | 28 | 30 | 44 | 61 |
| Restricted Stock | 613 | -- | 613 | -- |
| Non-plan non-qualified | 1,500 | -- | 1,500 | -- |
| Total | \$ 2,491 | \$ 30 | \$ 2,798 | \$ 61 |

- 16 -

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

Valuation Assumptions*2003 Plan Options*

The fair value of the options to purchase shares of common stock granted in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2007 under the 2003 Plan was estimated on the respective grant dates using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions:

| | Three months ended June 30, 2007 | Six months ended June 30, 2007 |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.5% | 4.5% |
| Volatility | 54.0% | 54.0% |
| Expected life (in years) | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Dividend yield | -- | -- |

Based on the above assumptions, the weighted average fair value of each option to purchase a share of the Company's common stock granted in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2007 under the 2003 Plan was \$3.94 and \$3.33, respectively.

ESPP Rights

The fair value of the rights to purchase shares of common stock under the Company's ESPP was estimated on the commencement date of the offering period using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions:

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.8% | 5.0% | 4.8% | 4.7% |
| Volatility | 45.1% | 53.3% | 46.6% | 53.2% |
| Expected life (in years) | .25 | .25 | .25 | .25 |
| Dividend yield | -- | -- | -- | -- |

Based on the above assumptions, the fair values of each stock purchase right under the Company's ESPP for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2007 was \$1.88 and \$1.51, respectively.

Restricted Stock Award

The fair value of the 300,000 restricted shares of common stock was derived by obtaining the market value of the stock on the award date and applying a discount to that value due to the sale restrictions imposed by Rule 144. The market value was calculated using the average of the high and low trading prices on the award date multiplied by the number of shares. A discount rate of 17.2% was estimated using a Black-Scholes put option model with the following assumptions:

| | Three months ended | Six months ended |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|

Edgar Filing: PRESSTEK INC /DE/ - Form 10-Q

| | June 30, 2007 | June 30, 2007 |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.9% | 4.9% |
| Volatility | 50.0% | 50.0% |
| Expected life (in years) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Dividend yield | -- | -- |

Non-Plan Stock Options

The fair value of the options to purchase shares of common stock under the non-plan, non-qualified stock option agreement with the Company's President and CEO granted in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions:

| | Three months ended June 30, 2007 | Six months ended June 30, 2007 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.3% | 4.3% |
| Volatility | 48.0% | 48.0% |
| Expected life (in years) | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Dividend yield | -- | -- |

Based on the above assumptions, the weighted average fair value of each option to purchase a share of the Company's common stock under the non-plan, non-qualified stock option agreement with the Company's President and CEO granted in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 was \$2.58.

Expected volatilities are based on historical volatilities of Presstek's common stock. The expected life represents an estimate of the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding giving consideration to vesting schedules, contractual life, historical exercise and cancellation rates, and in the case of the ESPP, the purchase period. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Government T-Bill rate for the period corresponding to the expected life of the options or ESPP purchase period.

Stock Option Activity

Stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2007 is summarized as follows:

| | Shares | Weighted average exercise price | Weighted average remaining contractual life (years) | Aggregate intrinsic value |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Outstanding at December 30, 2006 | 2,956,350 | \$ 9.01 | | |
| Granted | 1,503,333 | \$ 6.14 | | |
| Exercised | (529,825) | \$ 5.23 | | |
| Canceled/expired | (379,900) | \$ 8.17 | | |
| Outstanding at June 30, 2007 | 3,549,958 | \$ 8.44 | 6.22 | \$3.7 million |
| Exercisable at June 30, 2007 | 2,144,958 | \$ 9.75 | 5.00 | \$1.3 million |

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was \$0.8 million. There were no options exercised during the first quarter of fiscal 2007. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three and six months ended July 1, 2006 was \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

14. INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

The components of "Interest and other income (expense), net", in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Interest income | \$ 33 | \$ 16 | \$ 41 | \$ 43 |
| Interest expense | (875) | (553) | (1,636) | (1,030) |
| Other income (expense), net | (151) | (79) | (295) | (181) |
| | \$ (993) | \$ (616) | \$ (1,890) | \$ (1,168) |

The amounts reported as "Other income (expense), net", include losses on foreign currency transactions for each of the three months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006 of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2007 and July 1, 2006.

15. INCOME TAXES

The Company provides for income taxes at the end of each interim period based on the estimated effective tax rate for the full fiscal year. Cumulative adjustments to the tax provision are recorded in the interim period in which a change in the estimated annual effective rate is determined.

The Company's effective tax benefit rate was 11.4% and 14.2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively and the Company's effective tax expense rate was 13.7% and 15.4% for the three and six months ended July 1, 2006, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the first six months of 2007 differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to certain executive officer compensation, which is non-deductible for federal and state tax purposes, as well as U.S. taxes on deemed foreign subsidiary dividends.

During the fourth quarter of 2006, the Company reversed its deferred tax asset valuation allowance. This valuation allowance previously had the effect of reducing the Company's tax rate for 2006 due to the tax rate benefits associated with utilization of net operating loss carryforwards.

Effective December 31, 2006, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a more-likely-than-not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods and income tax disclosures. There was no cumulative impact of adopting FIN 48 charged or credited to the opening balance of retained earnings.

As of June 30, 2007, Presstek is subject to examination in the U.S. federal tax jurisdiction for the 1995-2006 tax years. The Company is also subject to examination in various state and foreign jurisdictions for the 2004-2006 tax years. While we believe we have adequately provided for all tax positions, amounts asserted by taxing authorities could be greater than our accrued position. Accordingly, additional provisions on federal and foreign tax-related matters could be recorded in the future as revised estimates are made or the underlying matters are settled or otherwise resolved.

As of December 30, 2006 the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits was \$1.8 million of which \$1.1 million would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. The amount of unrecognized tax benefits increased by \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The unrecognized tax benefits are comprised of the aggregate tax effect of differences between tax return positions and the benefits recognized in our financial statements. Presstek recognizes

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

interest and penalties on tax deficiencies as a component of tax expense. As of December 30, 2006 and June 30, 2007, there was no accrued interest or penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits.

16. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income (loss), and all changes in equity of the Company during the period from non-owner sources. These changes in equity are recorded as adjustments to Accumulated other comprehensive income in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The primary component of Accumulated other comprehensive income is unrealized gains or losses on foreign currency translation. The components of comprehensive income (loss) are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (4,830) | \$ 2,746 | \$ (5,808) | \$ 5,470 |
| Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income: | | | | |
| Unrealized foreign currency translation gains | 432 | 279 | 271 | 318 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ (4,398) | \$ 3,025 | \$ (5,537) | \$ 5,788 |

17. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company is a market-focused high-technology company that designs, manufactures and distributes proprietary and non-proprietary solutions to the graphic arts industries, primarily serving short-run, full-color customers worldwide. The Company's operations are currently organized into two segments: (i) Presstek and (ii) Lasertel. Segment operating results are based on the current organizational structure reviewed by the Company's management to evaluate the results of each business. A description of the types of products and services provided by each segment follows.

- *Presstek* is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture, sale and servicing of our patented digital imaging systems and patented printing plate technologies as well as traditional, analog systems and related equipment and supplies for the graphic arts and printing industries, primarily the short-run, full-color market segment.
- *Lasertel* manufactures and develops high-powered laser diodes and related laser products for Presstek and for sale to external customers.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

Selected operating results for each segment are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Revenue | | | | |
| Presstek | \$ 66,566 | \$ 68,996 | \$ 130,029 | \$ 135,132 |
| Lasertel | 3,337 | 2,657 | 6,359 | 5,259 |
| Total revenue, including intersegment | 69,903 | 71,653 | 136,388 | 140,391 |
| Intersegment revenue | (1,152) | (771) | (2,485) | (2,182) |
| | \$ 68,751 | \$ 70,882 | \$ 133,903 | \$ 138,209 |
| Revenue from external customers | | | | |
| Presstek | \$ 66,566 | \$ 68,996 | \$ 130,029 | \$ 135,132 |
| Lasertel | 2,185 | 1,886 | 3,874 | 3,077 |
| | \$ 68,751 | \$ 70,882 | \$ 133,903 | \$ 138,209 |
| Operating income (loss) | | | | |
| Presstek | \$ (4,820) | \$ 3,908 | \$ (4,991) | \$ 8,749 |
| Lasertel | 333 | (302) | 218 | (1,011) |
| | \$ (4,487) | \$ 3,606 | \$ (4,773) | \$ 7,738 |

Intersegment revenues and costs are eliminated from each segment prior to review of segment results by the Company's management. Accordingly, the amounts of intersegment revenues and expenses allocable to each individual segment have been excluded from the table above, except where otherwise indicated.

Asset information for the Company's segments as of June 30, 2007 and December 30, 2006 is as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|----------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Presstek | \$ 187,296 | \$ 184,510 |
| Lasertel | 14,533 | 13,504 |
| | \$ 201,829 | \$ 198,014 |

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

The Company's classification of revenue by geographic area is determined by the location of the Company's customer. The following table summarizes revenue information by geographic area (in thousands):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| United States | \$ 41,826 | \$ 44,787 | \$ 78,738 | \$ 89,475 |
| United Kingdom | 8,845 | 10,053 | 17,054 | 16,544 |
| Canada | 3,912 | 4,271 | 7,562 | 7,804 |
| Germany | 1,882 | 2,437 | 3,659 | 5,345 |
| Japan | 1,577 | 1,773 | 3,608 | 3,514 |
| All other | 10,709 | 7,561 | 23,282 | 15,527 |
| | \$ 68,751 | \$ 70,882 | \$133,903 | \$ 138,209 |

The Company's long-lived assets by geographic area are as follows (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2007 | December 30, 2006 |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| United States | \$ 77,157 | \$ 78,077 |
| United Kingdom | 739 | 894 |
| Canada | 278 | 303 |
| | \$ 78,174 | \$ 79,274 |

18. MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company did not have any customer that accounted for more than 10% of revenues in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2007 or fiscal 2006, or any customer that accounted for more than 10% of outstanding accounts receivable at June 30, 2007 or December 30, 2006.

19. RELATED PARTIES

The Company engages the services of Amster, Rothstein & Ebenstein, a law firm of which a member of the Company's Board of Directors is a partner. Expenses incurred for services from this law firm were \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2007, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$1.3 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2006, respectively.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

20. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments & Contingencies

On October 30, 2006, a chemical was released from a mixing tank into a holding pool at our manufacturing plant in South Hadley, Massachusetts, which caused the Company to temporarily cease digital and analog aluminum plate manufacturing operations at this location. The chemical release was contained on-site, there were no reported injuries, neighboring properties were not damaged and there were no requirements for soil or groundwater remediation. Digital plate manufacturing was restarted on November 6, 2006. On December 28, 2006, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors ratified a plan to discontinue newspaper application analog plate production at the facility. In connection with the chemical release, the Company continues to work closely with federal, state, and local agencies regulating public health and the environment to complete a full assessment of the cause and impact of this incident and bring the matter to closure. In April and May of 2007, the Company executed consent orders and settlement arrangements with the U.S. Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, respectively. Under these arrangements, the Company agrees to corrective action to ensure compliance with all applicable environmental regulations in the future. Expenses associated with and amounts accrued for this incident as of June 30, 2007 are reflected in the financial results of discontinued operations (Note 2). It is possible that costs in excess of amounts accrued may be incurred. At this time, the Company has not ascertained the future liability, if any, associated with a final resolution of this matter.

The Company has change of control agreements with certain of its senior management employees that provide them with benefits should their employment with the Company be terminated other than for cause, as a result of disability or death, or if they resign for good reason, as defined in these agreements, within a certain period of time from the date of any change of control of the Company.

From time to time the Company has engaged in sales of equipment that is leased by or intended to be leased by a third party purchaser to another party. In certain situations, the Company may retain recourse obligations to a financing institution involved in providing financing to the ultimate lessee in the event the lessee of the equipment defaults on its lease obligations. In certain such instances, the Company may refurbish and remarket the equipment on behalf of the financing company, should the ultimate lessee default on payment of the lease. In certain circumstances, should the resale price of such equipment fall below certain predetermined levels, the Company would, under these arrangements, reimburse the financing company for any such shortfall in sale price (a "shortfall payment"). Generally, the Company's liability for these recourse agreements is limited to 9.9% or less of the amount outstanding. The maximum amount for which the Company may be liable to the financial institution for the shortfall payment was approximately \$1.1 million at June 30, 2007.

Litigation

On October 26, 2006, the Company was served with a complaint naming the Company, together with certain of its former executive officers, as defendants in a purported securities class action suit filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Hampshire. The suit claims to be brought on behalf of purchasers of Presstek's common stock during the period from July 27, 2006 through September 29, 2006. The complaint alleges, among other things, that the Company and the other defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. The Company believes the allegations are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against them.

PRESSTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
June 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

In March 2005, Presstek filed an action against CREO, Inc., in the United States District Court for the District of New Hampshire for patent infringement. In this action, Presstek alleges that CREO has distributed a product that violates a Presstek US Patent. Presstek seeks an order from the court that CREO refrain from offering the infringing product for sale, from using the infringing material or introducing it for the named purposes, or from possessing such infringing material, and for the payment of damages associated with the infringement. On May 2, 2007, the court denied CREO's motion to dismiss. Additional evidentiary and procedural motions are anticipated through the third quarter of 2007.

In September 2003, Presstek filed an action against Fuji Photo Film Corporation, Ltd., in the District Court of Mannheim, Germany for patent infringement. In this action, Presstek alleges that Fuji has manufactured and distributed a product that violates Presstek European Patent 0 644 047 registered under number DE 694 17 129 with the German Patent and Trademark Office. Presstek seeks an order from the court that Fuji refrain from offering the infringing product for sale, from using the infringing material or introducing it for the named purposes, and from possessing such infringing material. A trial was held in November 2004 and March 2005, and Presstek awaits a final determination from the Courts.

In July 2007, a wrongful termination case brought against the Company in a court in Belgium by a former employee resulted in a preliminary judgment against the Company of approximately \$105,000. Additional proceedings to be conducted in the third quarter of 2007 may increase the judgment by a maximum of an additional \$60,000. The Company is contesting the judgment on the grounds that Belgian law was improperly imposed.

On July 26, 2007, the Supreme Court of the State of New York dismissed the previously reported lawsuit brought against the Company by MHR Capital Partners in 2005. The original suit alleged breach of contract and other claims arising from the AB Dick acquisition. The Court granted the Company's motion for summary judgment, dismissed the case against the Company, and assessed "costs and disbursements" against the Plaintiffs and in favor of the Company. The costs and disbursement will be the subject of further proceedings. As of this filing, no appeal has been noticed by the Plaintiffs.

On August 6, 2007, an Arbitrator from the International Centre for Dispute Resolution issued a partial award against the Company and in favor of Reda National Company ("Reda"), a former Presstek distributor operating in the Middle East. In the partial award the Arbitrator found that the Company had breached its agreement with Reda and found the Company liable to Reda for arbitration costs, attorney's fees, and incidental expenses incurred by Reda in connection with the arbitration. These costs are not presently known to the Company, however, these costs are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company. The Arbitrator also ordered that a further hearing to determine additional damages, if any, would be scheduled.

Presstek is a party to other litigation that it considers routine and incidental to its business; however, it does not expect the results of any of these actions to have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations, or financial condition.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

"Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

Statements other than those of historical fact contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, without limitation, statements regarding the following:

- our expectations of our financial and operating performance in 2007 and beyond;
- the adequacy of internal cash and working capital for our operations;
- manufacturing constraints and difficulties;
- the introduction of competitive products into the marketplace;
- management's plans and goals for our subsidiaries;
- the ability of the Company and its divisions to generate positive cash flows in the near-term, or to otherwise be profitable;
- our ability to produce commercially competitive products;
- the strength of our various strategic partnerships, both on manufacturing and distribution;
- our ability to secure other strategic alliances and relationships;
- our expectations regarding the Company's strategy for growth, including statements regarding the Company's expectations for continued product mix improvement;
- our expectations regarding the balance, independence and control of our business;
- our expectations and plans regarding market penetration, including the strength and scope of our distribution channels and our expectations regarding sales of Direct Imaging presses or computer-to-plate devices;
- the commercialization and marketing of our technology;
- our expectations regarding performance of existing, planned and recently introduced products;
- the adequacy of our intellectual property protections and our ability to protect and enforce our intellectual property rights; and
-

the expected effect of adopting recently issued accounting standards, among others.

Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include:

- market acceptance of and demand for our products and resulting revenues;
- our ability to meet our stated financial objectives;

- 25 -

- our dependency on our strategic partners, both on manufacturing and distribution;
- the introduction of competitive products into the marketplace;
- the availability and quality of Lasertel's laser diodes;
- the performance and market acceptance of our recently-introduced products, and our ability to invest in new product development;
- manufacturing constraints or difficulties (as well as manufacturing difficulties experienced by our sub-manufacturing partners and their capacity constraints); and
- the impact of general market factors in the print industry generally and the economy as a whole, including the potential effects of inflation.

The words "looking forward," "looking ahead," "believe(s)," "should," "plan," "expect(s)," "project(s)," "anticipate(s)," "may," "potential," "opportunity" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks set forth herein. Presstek undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, except as required by law.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion contains forward-looking statements, which involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements for many reasons, including the risks described in "Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2006, as filed with the SEC on April 25, 2007.

Overview of the Company

The Company is a provider of high-technology, digital-based printing solutions to the commercial print segment of the graphics communications industry. The Company designs, manufactures and distributes proprietary and non-proprietary solutions aimed at serving the needs of a wide range of print service providers worldwide. Our proprietary digital imaging and advanced technology consumables offer superior business solutions for commercial printing focusing on the growing need for short-run, high quality color applications. We are helping to lead the industry's transformation from analog print production methods to digital imaging technology. We are a leader in the development of advanced printing systems using digital imaging equipment, workflow and consumables-based solutions that economically benefit the user through streamlined operations and chemistry-free, environmentally responsible solutions. We are also a leading sales and service channel across a broadly served market in the small to mid-sized commercial, quick and in-plant printing segments. Our product offerings cover a wide range of solutions to over 20,000 customers worldwide.

Presstek's business model is a capital equipment and consumables (razor and blade) model. In this model, approximately two-thirds of our revenue is recurring revenue. Our model is designed so that each placement of either a Direct Imaging Press or a Computer to Plate system generally results in recurring aftermarket revenue for consumables and service.

Through our various operations, we:

- provide advanced digital print solutions through the development and manufacture of digital laser imaging equipment and advanced technology chemistry-free printing plates, which we call consumables, for commercial and in-plant print providers targeting the growing market for high quality, fast turnaround short-run color printing;
- are a leading sales and services company delivering Presstek digital solutions and solutions from other manufacturing partners through our direct sales and service force and through distribution partners worldwide;
- manufacture semiconductor solid state laser diodes for Presstek imaging applications and for use in external applications; and
 - manufacture and distribute printing plates for conventional print applications.

We have developed a proprietary system by which digital images are transferred onto printing plates for Direct Imaging on-press applications (“DI”). Our advanced DI technology is integrated into a Direct Imaging Press to produce a waterless, easy to use, high quality printing press that is fully automated and provides our users with competitive advantages over alternative print technologies. We believe that our process results in a DI press which, in combination with our proprietary printing plates and streamlined workflow, produces a superior print solution. By combining advanced digital technology with the reliability and economic advantages of offset printing, we believe our customers are better able to grow their businesses, generate higher profits and better serve the needs of their customers.

Similar digital imaging technologies are used in our computer-to-plate (“CtP”) systems. Our Presstek segment also designs and manufactures CtP systems that incorporate our technology to image our chemistry-free printing plates. Our chemistry-free digital imaging systems enable customers to produce high-quality, full color lithographic printed materials more quickly and cost effectively than conventional methods that employ more complicated workflows and toxic chemical processing. This results in reduced printing cycle time and lowers the effective cost of production for commercial printers. Our solutions make it more cost effective for printers to meet the increasing demand for shorter print runs, higher quality color and faster turn-around times.

We have executed a major transformation in the way we go to market. In the past, we had been reliant on OEM partners to deliver our business solutions to customers. Today, more than 90% of our sales are through our own distribution channels. To a lesser extent, we supply OEM press manufacturers with imaging kits complete with optical assemblies and software, and spare parts, which are integrated into the manufacturers’ presses.

In addition to marketing, selling and servicing our proprietary digital products, we also market, sell and service traditional, or analog products for the commercial print market. This analog equipment is manufactured by third party strategic partners and the analog consumables are manufactured by either us or our strategic partners. The addition of these non-proprietary products and our ability to directly sell and service them was made possible by the ABDick and Precision acquisitions, which we completed in 2004.

Our operations are currently organized into two segments: (i) Presstek and (ii) Lasertel. Segment operating results are based on the current organizational structure reviewed by our management to evaluate the results of each business. A description of the types of products and services provided by each business segment follows.

- *Presstek* is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture, sale and servicing of our business solutions using patented digital imaging systems and patented printing plate technologies. We also provide traditional, analog systems and related equipment and supplies for the graphic arts and printing industries.

- *Lasertel* manufactures and develops high-powered laser diodes and related laser products for Presstek and for sale to external customers.

We generate revenue through four main sources: (i) the sale of our equipment, including DI presses and CtP devices, and to a lesser extent imaging kits complete with optical assemblies and software, and spare parts, which are incorporated by leading press manufacturers into direct imaging presses for the graphic arts industry; (ii) the sale of high-powered laser diodes for the graphic arts, defense and industrial sectors; (iii) the sale of our proprietary and non-proprietary consumables and supplies; and (iv) the servicing of offset printing systems and analog and CtP systems and related equipment.

Our business strategy is centered on maximizing the sale of consumable products, such as printing plates, and therefore our business efforts focus on the sale of “consumable burning engines” such as our DI presses and CtP devices, as well as the servicing of customers using our business solutions. Our strategy centers on increasing the number of our DI and CtP units (together, referred to as CBEs), which increases the demand for our consumables.

To complement our direct sales efforts, in certain territories, we maintain relationships with key press manufacturers such as Ryobi Limited, Heidelberger Druckmaschinen AG, or Heidelberg, and Koenig & Bower AG, or KBA, who market printing presses and/or press solutions that use our proprietary consumables.

Another method of growing the market for consumables is to develop consumables that can be imaged by non-Presstek devices. In addition to expanding our base of our CBEs, an element of our focus is to reach beyond our proprietary systems and penetrate the installed base of CtP devices in all market segments with our chemistry-free and process-free offerings. The first step in executing this strategy was the launch of our proprietary Aurora chemistry-free printing plate designed to be used with CBEs manufactured by thermal CtP market leaders, such as Screen and Kodak. We continue to work with other CtP manufacturers to qualify our consumables on their systems. We believe this shift in strategy fundamentally enhances our ability to expand and control our business.

We operate and report on a 52- or 53-week, fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements include the financial reports for the 13-week and 26-week periods ended June 30, 2007, which we refer to as the second quarter and first half of fiscal 2007 or the six months ended June 30, 2007, and the 13-week and 26-week periods ended July 1, 2006, which we refer to as the second quarter and first half of fiscal 2006 or the six months ended July 1, 2006.

We intend the discussion of our financial condition and results of operations that follows to provide information that will assist in understanding our consolidated financial statements, the changes in certain key items in those financial statements from year to year, and the primary factors that caused those changes, as well as how certain accounting principles, policies and estimates affect our consolidated financial statements.

The discussion of results of operations at the consolidated level is presented together with results of operations by business segment.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of operations in dollars and as a percentage of revenue were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

| | Three months ended | | | | Six months ended | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| | % of revenue | | % of revenue | | % of revenue | | % of revenue | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Product | \$ 58,879 | 85.6 | \$ 59,202 | 83.5 | \$ 114,115 | 85.2 | \$ 114,345 | 82.7 |
| Service and parts | 9,872 | 14.4 | 11,680 | 16.5 | 19,788 | 14.8 | 23,864 | 17.3 |
| Total revenue | 68,751 | 100.0 | 70,882 | 100.0 | 133,903 | 100.0 | 138,209 | 100.0 |
| Cost of revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of product | 41,381 | 60.2 | 41,424 | 58.4 | 80,327 | 60.0 | 79,681 | 57.6 |
| Cost of service and parts | 8,773 | 12.8 | 8,694 | 12.3 | 16,471 | 12.3 | 16,979 | 12.3 |
| Total cost of revenue | 50,154 | 73.0 | 50,118 | 70.7 | 96,798 | 72.3 | 96,660 | 69.9 |
| Gross profit | 18,597 | 27.0 | 20,764 | 29.3 | 37,105 | 27.7 | 41,549 | 30.1 |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Research and development | 1,621 | 2.4 | 1,680 | 2.4 | 3,255 | 2.4 | 3,225 | 2.4 |
| Sales, marketing and customer support | 10,952 | 15.9 | 10,934 | 15.4 | 20,816 | 15.6 | 19,931 | 14.4 |
| General and administrative | 9,003 | 13.1 | 3,791 | 5.3 | 15,257 | 11.4 | 9,126 | 6.6 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 715 | 1.0 | 753 | 1.1 | 1,422 | 1.1 | 1,529 | 1.1 |
| Restructuring and other charges | 793 | 1.2 | -- | -- | 1,128 | 0.8 | -- | -- |
| Total operating expenses | 23,084 | 33.6 | 17,158 | 24.2 | 41,878 | 31.3 | 33,811 | 24.5 |
| Operating income (loss) | (4,487) | (6.5) | 3,606 | 5.1 | (4,773) | (3.6) | 7,738 | 5.6 |
| Interest and other expense, net | (993) | (1.4) | (616) | (0.9) | (1,890) | (1.4) | (1,168) | (0.9) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (5,480) | (8.0) | 2,990 | 4.2 | (6,663) | (5.0) | 6,570 | 4.8 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | (626) | (0.9) | 411 | 0.6 | (943) | (0.7) | 1,013 | 0.7 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | (4,854) | (7.1) | 2,579 | 3.6 | (5,720) | (4.3) | 5,557 | 4.0 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 24 | 0.0 | 167 | 0.3 | (88) | (0.0) | (87) | (0.0) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(4,830) | (7.0) | \$ 2,746 | 3.9 | \$(5,808) | (4.3) | \$ 5,470 | 4.0 |

Three and six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to three and six months ended July 1, 2006

Revenue

Revenue

Consolidated revenues were \$68.8 million and \$133.9 million in the second quarter and first half of fiscal 2007, respectively, compared to \$70.9 million and \$138.2 million in the comparable prior year periods. The decline in revenues was primarily the result of lower PEARL-based DI plates (QMDI) and analog consumables revenues, as well as lower analog contract service revenues in North America.

Presstek segment equipment revenues of \$26.0 million and \$49.5 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, increased \$0.6 million, or 2.2%, and \$1.6 million, or 3.3%, from the comparable prior year periods. Overall DI equipment revenues of \$19.9 and \$36.3 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, represented increases of \$4.2 million, or 26.7%, and \$8.8 million, or 32.1%, compared to the same periods in 2006. Strong marketplace demand for the 52DI press, which was introduced in the third quarter of 2006, continued with unit sales reaching 18 and 33 in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively. Partially offsetting DI equipment revenue increases were reduced sales of CtP and analog equipment. Revenues from CtP equipment declined from \$6.2 million and \$13.2 million in the second quarter and first half of 2006, respectively, to \$4.7 million and \$9.0 million in the comparable 2007 periods. The decline in CtP sales was due in part to continued sales and marketing emphasis on higher margin DI equipment units, as well as softness in demand associated with the Vector TX52. Lower analog equipment revenues reflect the transition of our customer base from analog to digital technologies. Sales of Presstek's "growth portfolio" of equipment products, defined as Presstek branded DI presses, DI kits, and CtP platesetters, increased by 20.2%, or \$3.9 million, and 22.6%, or \$7.9 million, in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to the same prior year periods. Overall, digital equipment revenue as a percentage of total equipment revenue increased to 91.8% and 89.2% in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to 83.9% and 82.9% in the comparable prior year periods.

Revenue for the Lasertel segment, including intercompany revenue, was \$3.3 million and \$6.4 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, and reflects increases of \$0.7 million, or 25.6%, and \$1.1 million, or 20.9%, compared to the same prior year periods. The favorable increase in revenue resulted principally from increased shipments on defense-related contracts driven by one significant customer, as well as increased demand from the Presstek segment for DI press imaging technology.

Sales of consumables product declined from \$31.8 million and \$63.4 million in the second quarter and first half of 2006, respectively, to \$30.7 million and \$60.8 million in the comparable 2007 periods. The decline resulted from the anticipated slowdown of some of Presstek's "traditional" line of products, including QMDI plates and conventional consumables, and was consistent with industry trends. QMDI plates declined from \$6.7 million in the second quarter of 2006 to \$5.2 million in the second quarter of 2007, a decrease of 23.2%. For the first half of 2007, sales of QMDI plates declined by \$2.9 million, or 22.1%, compared to the comparable 2006 period. Sales of conventional consumables declined from \$9.7 million and \$19.9 million in the second quarter and first half of 2006, respectively, to \$8.4 million and \$17.2 million in the comparable 2007 periods. Partially offsetting this decline was sales of Presstek's "growth portfolio" of consumables, defined as 52DI, 34DI, and chemistry-free CtP plates. These products grew from \$7.7 million and \$14.8 million in the second quarter and first half of 2006, respectively, to \$9.1 million and \$18.0 million, or 18.2% and 21.6%, respectively, in the comparable 2007 periods.

Service and parts revenues of \$9.9 million and \$19.8 million in the second quarter and first half of fiscal 2007, respectively, reflect decreases of \$1.8 million, or 15.5%, and \$4.1 million or 17.1%, from the comparable prior year periods. The decrease reflects an anticipated shift away from our less profitable legacy service contract base which, in the short term, is declining faster than our digital service business is ramping up.

Cost of Revenue

Consolidated cost of revenue was \$50.2 million and \$96.8 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, and was essentially unchanged from the comparable prior year periods. Cost of revenue for the second quarter and first half of 2007 includes \$2.7 million of charges for warranty, accrued purchase commitments, and write-down of excess and obsolete inventory related to planned changes to the Vector TX52 product line. Service and parts cost of revenue for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2007 includes a charge of \$0.8 million related to a write-down of field service parts inventory to net realizable value.

Cost of product, consisting of costs of material, labor and overhead, shipping and handling costs and warranty expenses, was \$41.4 million and \$80.3 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007.

Cost of product in the Presstek segment was \$40.3 million and \$78.2 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$40.0 million and \$77.1 million in the same prior year periods. The increase in both periods resulted primarily from the \$2.7 million charge for warranty, accrued purchase commitments and excess and obsolete inventory write-down related to the Vector TX52 product line, and was offset somewhat by lower revenues and favorable product mix.

Cost of revenue in the Lasertel segment was \$2.2 million and \$4.6 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$2.2 million and \$4.7 million in the comparable prior year periods. Overall costs benefited from improved margins on external sales.

Cost of service, including the charge of \$0.8 million for field service parts inventory recorded in the second quarter of 2007, was \$8.8 million and \$16.5 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$8.7 million and \$17.0 million in the same prior year period. These amounts represent the costs of spare parts, labor and overhead associated with the ongoing service of products. Service costs were favorably impacted by the termination of service personnel in North America, the result of a restructuring plan intended to realign our service organization with a declining analog revenue base.

Gross Profit

Consolidated gross profit as a percentage of total revenue was 27.0% and 27.7% in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to 29.3% and 30.1% in the comparable prior year periods. Gross margins in the second quarter and first half of 2007 were negatively impacted by 510 basis points and 260 basis points, respectively, as a result of the \$3.5 million charge for the Vector TX52 product line and field service parts inventory charges.

Gross profit as a percentage of product revenue was 29.7% and 29.6% in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to 30.0% and 30.3% in the comparable prior year periods. Gross margins in the second quarter and first half of 2007 were negatively impacted by 460 basis points and 240 basis points, respectively, as a result of the \$2.7 million charge for the Vector TX52 product line. Gross margins in 2007 were favorably impacted by a higher mix of DI revenues, which carry significantly higher margins, as a percentage of overall revenues.

Gross margin as a percentage of service revenue was 11.1% and 16.7% in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to 25.6% and 28.8% in the same prior year periods. Service margins in the second quarter and first half of 2007 were negatively impacted by 810 basis points and 400 basis points, respectively, resulting from the \$0.8 million charge for field service parts inventory. Lower service margins also reflect a decline in the analog contract revenue base, which more than offset cost savings resulting from prior reductions in field service personnel.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of payroll and related expenses for personnel, parts and supplies, and contracted services required to conduct our equipment, consumables and laser diode development efforts.

Consolidated research and development expenses of \$1.6 million and \$3.3 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, were essentially unchanged from \$1.7 million and \$3.2 million in the comparable prior year periods.

Research and development expenses for the Presstek segment were \$1.3 million and \$2.6 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$1.4 million and \$2.7 million in the comparable prior year periods.

Research and development expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$0.3 million in both the second quarter of 2007 and 2006, and \$.7 million in the first half of 2007 compared to \$0.5 million in the same prior year period. The increased expense relates primarily to incremental parts and supplies consumed in the product development process.

Sales, Marketing and Customer Support

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses primarily consist of payroll and related expenses for personnel, advertising, trade shows, promotional expenses, and travel costs associated with sales, marketing and customer support activities.

Consolidated sales, marketing and customer support expenses of \$11.0 million in the second quarter of 2007 were essentially unchanged from the comparable period in 2006. For the first half of 2007, consolidated sales, marketing, and customer support expenses were \$20.8 million, an increase of \$0.9 million from the comparable prior year period.

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the Presstek segment of \$10.8 million in the second quarter of 2007 were unchanged from the comparable prior year period. Expense of \$20.5 million for the first half of 2007 reflects an increase of \$0.9M compared to the first half of 2006. The increase in expense is principally due to the continuing transition of our North American sales channels from indirect to direct, together with an increase in costs in our European operation necessary to support the growing revenue base.

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, and were essentially unchanged from the same prior year periods.

General and Administrative

Consolidated general and administrative expenses are primarily comprised of payroll and related expenses for personnel and contracted professional services necessary to conduct our finance, information systems, human resources and administrative activities.

Consolidated general and administrative expenses were \$9.0 million and \$15.3 million in the second quarter and first half of fiscal year 2007, respectively, compared to \$3.8 million and \$9.1 million in the comparable prior year periods. General and administrative expenses in the second quarter of 2007 include \$1.5 million in stock compensation related to a restricted stock award to the CEO, and \$1.0 million in stock compensation related to stock option grants to officers, directors and employees. For the first half of 2007, stock compensation was \$1.5 million related to restricted stock and \$1.3 million related to stock based option grants to officers, directors and employees. General and administrative expenses, including legal, accounting, and bad debt expenses, increased in the second quarter and first half of 2007 over the comparable prior year periods due primarily to patent defense and other legal activities, actions

related to the Company's remediation plans to address internal control matters, and an increase in the expense associated with the allowance for doubtful accounts in the United States.

General and administrative expenses for the Presstek segment were \$8.8 million in the second quarter of 2007 compared to \$3.5 million in the comparable prior year period. The increased expense was due primarily to costs associated with the restricted stock award, additional stock compensation expense related to stock option grants, and increased legal, accounting, and bad debt expenses. For the first half of 2007, general and administrative expense for the Presstek segment totaled \$14.8 million compared to \$8.5 million in the first half of 2006. The increase in expense was due primarily to award of restricted stock to our CEO, additional stock compensation expense on stock option grants to officers and employees, increased professional fees related to the Company's remediation plans to address internal control matters, and increased bad debt expense.

General and administrative expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million in the comparable prior year periods. Lower expenses are attributable to reduced payroll related costs.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization expense of \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, declined modestly from \$0.8 million and \$1.5 million in the comparable prior year periods. These expenses relate to intangible assets recorded in connection with the Company's 2004 ABDick acquisition, patents and other purchased intangible assets.

Restructuring and Other Charges

Consolidated restructuring and other charges of \$0.8 million and \$1.1 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, represent the cost of severance and separation expenses for employment contracts of former executives, as well as restructuring in our Canadian and European operations.

Interest and Other Expense, Net

Consolidated net interest expense of \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, increased from \$0.6 million and \$1.0 million in the comparable prior year periods. Increased interest expenses are primarily the result of higher balances on our revolving credit facility. Other expense, comprised primarily of loss on foreign currency translation, was \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million in the second quarter and first half of 2007, respectively, compared to \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million in the comparable prior year periods.

Benefit for Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate is 11.4% for the second quarter of 2007 compared to 13.7% in the same period last year. For the first half of 2007, the effective tax rate is 14.2% compared to 15.4% in the comparable period of 2006. The decrease in the effective rate from the prior year comparable period is primarily attributable to certain officer compensation, which is non-deductible for federal and state tax purposes, and U.S. taxes on deemed foreign subsidiary dividends.

Discontinued Operations

The Company accounts for its discontinued operations under the provisions of SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS 144). Accordingly, results of operations and the related charges for discontinued operations have been classified as “Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax” in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income. Assets and liabilities of discontinued operations have been reclassified and reflected on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as “Assets of discontinued operations” and “Liabilities of discontinued operations.” For comparative purposes, all prior periods presented have been reclassified on a consistent basis.

Precision Lithograining Corp. - Analog Newspaper Business

On December 28, 2006, the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors ratified a plan submitted by management to discontinue production in South Hadley, Massachusetts of Precision-branded analog plates used in newspaper applications.

- 31 -

Results of operations of the discontinued analog newspaper business of Precision consist of the following (in thousands, except per-share data):

| | Three months ended | | Six months ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | June 30 , 2007 | July 1, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | July 1, 2006 |
| Revenue | \$ 0 | \$ 3,350 | \$ 195 | \$ 6,588 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | 40 | 200 | (148) | (58) |
| Provision (benefit) from income taxes | 16 | 33 | (60) | 29 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | \$ 24 | \$ 167 | \$ (88) | \$ (87) |
| Earnings (loss) per share | \$0.00 | \$ 0.01 | \$ (0.00) | \$ (0.00) |

The Company is winding down Precision operations in fiscal 2007 and accordingly there were no substantial revenues from discontinued operations in the first half of fiscal 2007. Revenues of \$6.6 million in the first half of 2006 were primarily associated with the manufacture and distribution of Precision analog products to newspaper business customers. There were no significant operating expenses incurred in the first half of fiscal 2007 and \$0.04 million of miscellaneous income was recognized as a result of the sale of scrap inventory.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Financial Condition (Sources and Uses of Cash)

We finance our operating and capital investment requirements primarily through cash flows from operations and borrowings. At June 30, 2007, we had \$7.3 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$45.3 million of working capital, compared to \$8.6 million of cash and \$46.8 million of working capital at July 1, 2006.

Continuing Operations

Our operating activities consumed \$5.9 million of cash in the six months ended June 30, 2007. Cash used by operating activities resulted primarily from the net loss, after adjustments for non-cash depreciation, amortization, provisions for warranty costs and restructuring and other charges, stock compensation expense and losses on the disposal of assets. Net income and non-cash items were further impacted by an increase in inventory levels of \$6.1 million, an increase of \$2.6 million in accounts receivable and a decrease of \$1.0 in deferred revenue. The increase in inventory levels was due primarily to a buildup of stock in anticipation of increased sales demand and also reflects the longer lead time for certain equipment purchases. The increase in accounts receivable primarily reflects a higher mix of international revenues, which generally carry longer payment terms, as well as timing of funding for equipment sold under third party and in-house leasing arrangements. Offsetting this was an increase in miscellaneous accrued expenses of \$1.2 million.

In the first six months of fiscal 2007, we used \$2.1 million of net cash for investing activities primarily to purchase additions to property, plant and equipment consisting of production equipment and investments in our infrastructure, including costs related to the implementation of a new service management system.

Our financing activities provided a \$5.4 million source of cash, comprised of \$6.0 million of cash received from borrowings on our current line of credit and \$2.9 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options and the issuance of common stock, offset by \$3.5 million of repayments on our term loan.

Discontinued Operations

In the first six months of fiscal 2007, operating activities of discontinued operations provided \$0.4 million in cash as a result of a decrease of \$1.8 million in accounts receivable and a decrease of \$1.4 million in inventory, partially offset by a net decrease of \$2.7 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses and the net loss of \$0.1 million.

Liquidity

Our current Senior Secured Credit Facilities, referred to as the Facilities, include a \$35.0 million five year secured term loan, referred to as the Term Loan, and a \$45.0 million five year secured revolving line of credit, referred to as the Revolver, which replaced our then-existing term loan and revolver entered into in October 2003. At June 30, 2007, we had \$21.0 million outstanding under the line of credit and \$12.3 million outstanding under letters of credit, thereby reducing the amount available under the Revolver to \$11.7 million. At June 30, 2007, the interest rate on the outstanding balance of the Revolver was 7.8%. Principal payments on the Term Loan are made in consecutive quarterly installments of \$1.75 million, with a final settlement of all remaining principal and unpaid interest on November 4, 2009. The Facilities were used to partially finance the acquisition of the business of ABDick, and are available for working capital requirements, capital expenditures, acquisitions, and general corporate purposes. Borrowings under the Facilities bear interest at either (i) the London InterBank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, plus applicable margins or (ii) the Prime Rate, as defined in the agreement, plus applicable margins. The applicable margins range from 1.25% to 4.0% for LIBOR, or up to 1.75% for the Prime Rate, based on certain financial performance. At June 30, 2007, the effective interest rate on the Term Loan was 7.9%.

Under the terms of the Revolver and Term Loan, we are required to meet various financial covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded debt to EBITDA, a non-U.S. GAAP measurement that we define as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and restructuring and other charges/(credits), minimum fixed charge coverage, minimum tangible capital base, and current ratio covenants. At June 30, 2007, we were in compliance with all such financial and non-financial covenants.

We believe that existing funds, cash flows from operations, and cash available under our Revolver should be sufficient to satisfy working capital requirements and capital expenditures through the next twelve months. There can be no assurance, however, that we will not require additional financing, or that such additional financing, if needed, would be available on acceptable terms.

The sale of any equity or debt securities may result in additional dilution to our stockholders, and we cannot be certain that additional financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. If we are unable to obtain any required additional financing, we may be required to reduce the scope of our planned research, development and commercialization activities, which would reduce our use of cash but could harm our long-term financial condition and operating results. Additional equity financing may be dilutive to the holders of our common stock and debt financing, if available, may involve significant cash payment obligations and covenants that restrict our ability to operate our business.

Our anticipated capital expenditures for fiscal 2007 range between \$3.0 million and \$5.0 million, including expenditures related to our computer systems infrastructure and equipment to be used in the production of our DI and CTP equipment and consumable products.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has change of control agreements with certain of its senior management employees that provide them with benefits should their employment with the Company be terminated other than for cause, as a result of disability or death, or if they resign for good reason, as defined in these agreements, within a certain period of time from the date of any change of control of the Company.

From time to time we have engaged in sales of equipment that is leased by or intended to be leased by a third party purchaser to another party. In certain situations, we may retain recourse obligations to a financing institution involved in providing financing to the ultimate lessee in the event the lessee of the equipment defaults on its lease obligations. In certain such instances, we may refurbish and remarket the equipment on behalf of the financing company, should

the ultimate lessee default on payment of the lease. In certain circumstances, should the resale price of such equipment fall below certain predetermined levels, we would, under these arrangements, reimburse the financing company for any such shortfall in sale price (a "shortfall payment"). The maximum contingent obligation under these shortfall payment arrangements is estimated to be \$1.1 million at June 30, 2007.

- 32 -

Effect of Inflation

Inflation has not had, and is not expected to have, a material impact on our financial conditions or results of operations.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

General

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to product returns; warranty obligations; allowances for doubtful accounts; slow-moving and obsolete inventories; income taxes; the valuation of goodwill, intangible assets, long-lived assets and deferred tax assets; stock-based compensation and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

For a complete discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006, which was filed with the SEC on April 25, 2007. There were no significant changes to the Company's critical accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2007, with the exception of the policy below.

Accounting for Income Taxes

The Company's policy covering accounting for income taxes, which was disclosed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the SEC on April 25, 2007, was expanded in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 to include the adoption of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 06-3, *How Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)* ("EITF 06-3"). EITF 06-3 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006, with earlier application permitted. EITF 06-3 requires disclosure of the accounting policy for any tax assessed by a governmental authority that is directly imposed on a revenue-producing transaction (i.e., sales, use, value added) on a gross basis (included in revenues and costs) or net basis (excluded from revenues and costs). The Company excludes these amounts from its revenues and costs; accordingly, no additional disclosure will be required.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 was adopted by Presstek in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. It also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value, and does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and is required to be adopted by the Company in fiscal 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 157 will have on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition but does not expect it to have a material impact.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No 115* ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted, provided the company also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS 157. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 159 will have on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition but does not expect it to have a material impact.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not participate in transactions that generate relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities ("SPEs"), which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purpose. At June 30, 2007, we were not involved in any unconsolidated SPE transactions.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including changes in interest rates primarily as a result of our borrowing and investing activities, commodity price risk and foreign currency fluctuations. The Company has established procedures to manage its fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates.

Our long-term borrowings are in variable rate instruments, with interest rates tied to either the Prime Rate or the LIBOR. A 100 basis point change in these rates would have an impact of approximately \$0.2 million on our annual interest expense, assuming consistent levels of floating rate debt with those held at June 30, 2007.

Commodity price movements create a market risk by affecting the price we must pay for certain raw materials. The Company purchases aluminum for use in manufacturing consumables products and is embedded in certain components we purchase from major suppliers. From time to time, we enter into agreements with certain suppliers to manage price risks within a specified range of prices; however, our suppliers generally pass on significant commodity price changes to the Company in the form of revised prices on future purchases. In general, the Company has not used commodity forward or option contracts to manage this market risk.

The Company operates foreign subsidiaries in Canada and Europe and is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk inherent in our sales commitments, anticipated sales, anticipated purchases and assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Presstek routinely evaluates whether the foreign exchange risk associated with its foreign currency exposures acts as a natural foreign currency hedge for other offsetting amounts denominated in the same currency. In general, the Company does not hedge the net assets or net income of its foreign subsidiaries. In addition, certain key customers and strategic partners are not located in the United States. As a result, these parties may be subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. If their home country currency were to decrease in value relative to the United States dollar, their ability to purchase and market our products could be adversely affected and our products may become less competitive to them. This may have an adverse impact on our business. Likewise, certain major suppliers are not located in the United States and thus, such suppliers are subject to foreign exchange rate risks in transactions with us. Decreases in the value of their home country currency, versus that of the United States dollar, could cause fluctuations in supply pricing which could have an adverse effect on our business.

- 35 -

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2007, we have, under the supervision and with the participation of Presstek's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of Presstek's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Based on their evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2007, at the reasonable assurance level, because of the material weakness described below. Notwithstanding the existence of the material weakness described below, management has concluded that the consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods and dates presented.

(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In its *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*, included in Item 9A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on April 25, 2007, the Company determined that there was a control deficiency that constituted a material weakness, as described below.

The Company did not maintain a sufficient complement of personnel with the appropriate level of accounting knowledge, experience, and training in the application of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") to analyze, review, and monitor accounting for transactions that are significant or non-routine. As a result, the Company did not prepare adequate contemporaneous documentation that would provide a sufficient basis for an effective evaluation and review of the accounting for transactions that are significant or non-routine. This material weakness resulted in errors in the preliminary December 30, 2006 consolidated financial statements and more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements would not be prevented or detected.

Due to the material weakness described above, management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 30, 2006.

The Company continues to engage in substantial efforts to remediate the material weakness disclosed above and expects to remediate this weakness by December 29, 2007, or as soon as practicable. The following remedial actions have been or continue to be implemented to address the material weakness:

- On February 28, 2007, the Company announced the appointment of Jeffrey A. Cook as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, succeeding Moosa E. Moosa, who departed from the Company effective as of that date.
- Effective April 3, 2007, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors established a Financial Reporting Task Force to develop a corrective action plan to ensure full remediation of the material weakness. This Task Force, which reports directly to the Audit Committee and is led by the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, met six times since its establishment to develop, review, and approve specific remediation action plans to address these matters.

- During March 2007, a new Financial Reporting Manager was appointed to manage all SEC-related activities including accounting guidance and periodic reporting.
- The Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer has been authorized to engage third party professionals to advise the Company in connection with the remediation of existing deficiencies.
- In the first quarter of 2007, the Company undertook a review to ensure that the finance, accounting and tax functions are staffed in accordance with the required competencies. The Finance organization has been strengthened by the addition of personnel to address complex accounting and financial reporting requirements and is nearing completion of its hiring objectives.
- On May 23, 2007, the Company announced the appointment of Wayne L. Parker, CPA as Director of Internal Audit. Mr. Parker joins Presstek with significant industry experience, having served as Director of Sarbanes-Oxley Compliance for the Graphic Communications Group of Eastman Kodak Company and Director of Internal Audit for Kodak Polychrome Graphics, LLC. In his role with Presstek he will report directly to the Audit Committee and have responsibility for directing the internal audit function, leading Sarbanes-Oxley compliance activities, and developing and implementing monitoring controls and other procedures in the Internal Audit organization.
- The Company has begun an initiative to provide additional training to finance, accounting and tax professionals regarding new and evolving areas in U.S. GAAP.
- The Company implemented a process that ensures the timely documentation, review, and approval of complex accounting transactions by qualified accounting personnel.
- The Company introduced a requirement that analysis of all significant non-routine transactions must be documented, reviewed, and approved by senior financial management.

Many of the remedial measures described above relate to the introduction of additional personnel into the organization and involve controls in our system of internal controls which rely extensively on manual review and approval, therefore, the successful operation of these controls, for, at least, several quarters may be required prior to management being able to conclude that the material weakness has been fully remediated.

Other than the foregoing measures, certain of which were not fully implemented as of June 30, 2007, to remediate the material weaknesses described above, there has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2007, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, there have been no material changes to legal proceedings from those considered in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on April 25, 2007.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Significant factors that could impact the Company’s financial condition or results of operations are included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2006, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on April 25, 2007.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On May 10, 2007, under the terms of an Employment Agreement, the Company issued to its chief executive officer, Jeffrey Jacobson, in consideration of Mr. Jacobsen’s agreement to enter into employment with the Company, 300,000 shares of the Company’s common stock. The issuance of such stock was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, was made pursuant to NASDAQ Rule 4350(i)(1)(A)(iv) as an inducement material to Mr. Jacobsen entering into employment with the Company, and was approved by the Compensation Committee of the Company’s Board of Directors.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

(a) On June 7, 2007, the Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Proxies for the meeting were solicited pursuant to the SEC’s Regulation 14A.

(b) The information included in Item 4(c)(1) below is incorporated herein by reference.

(c) At such meeting, the stockholders of the Company voted:

(1) To elect eight directors to the Company’s Board of Directors for the ensuing year. The votes cast were as follows:

| Nominees | Votes For | Votes Against | Votes Withheld | Abstained | Broker Non-Votes |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|
| Edward J. Marino* | 31,265,140 | N/A | 617,759 | N/A | N/A |
| John W. Dreyer | 31,367,672 | N/A | 515,227 | N/A | N/A |
| Daniel S. Ebenstein | 26,492,638 | N/A | 5,390,261 | N/A | N/A |
| Dr. Lawrence Howard | 27,129,130 | N/A | 4,753,769 | N/A | N/A |
| Michael D. Moffitt | 31,187,855 | N/A | 695,044 | N/A | N/A |
| Brian Mullaney | 31,395,005 | N/A | 487,894 | N/A | N/A |
| Steven N. Rappaport | 26,983,294 | N/A | 4,899,605 | N/A | N/A |
| Donald C. Waite, | 31,148,155 | N/A | 734,744 | N/A | N/A |

III

*On May 21, 2007, the Company issued supplemental proxy materials removing Mr. Marino's nomination as a director and replacing it with the nomination of Mr. Jacobson. Mr. Jacobson was elected to the Board on June 7, 2007. On June 7, 2007 the Board of Directors of the Company accepted the resignation of Board Member Edward J. Marino, effective as of that date and appointed Jeffrey Jacobson, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer to the vacancy created by Mr. Marino's resignation.

(2) To ratify the selection of KPMG LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2007. The proposal was ratified as 31,769,724 shares voted for, 97,274 shares voted against and 15,901 shares abstained.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit

- | No. | Description |
|------|--|
| 10.1 | Employment Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Jeffrey Jacobson dated May 10, 2007 (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 15, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.) |
| 10.2 | Stock Option Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Jeffrey Jacobson dated May 10, 2007 (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 15, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.) |
| 31.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 99.1 | Revised supplemental table showing further breakout of Presstek revenue and financial results as of and for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2007. (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K filed on July 26,2007) |

PRESSTEK, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PRESSTEK, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2007

/s/ Jeffrey A. Cook
Jeffrey A. Cook
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal
Financial Officer)

PRESSTEK, INC.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Description
No.

- 10.1 Employment Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Jeffrey Jacobson dated May 10, 2007 (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 15, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.)
- 10.2 Stock Option Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Jeffrey Jacobson dated May 10, 2007 (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 15, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.)
- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.1 Revised supplemental table showing further breakout of Presstek revenue and financial results as of and for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2007. (Previously filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K filed on July 26,2007)