

UBS AG
Form 424B2
February 22, 2019

The information in this preliminary pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these Notes until the pricing supplement, the accompanying product supplement, the index supplement and the accompanying prospectus (collectively, the “Offering Documents”) are delivered in final form. The Offering Documents are not an offer to sell these Notes and we are not soliciting offers to buy these Notes in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion

PRELIMINARY PRICING SUPPLEMENT

Dated February 22, 2019

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Registration Statement No. 333-225551

(To Prospectus dated October 31, 2018,

Index Supplement dated October 31, 2018

and Product Supplement dated October 31, 2018)

UBS AG \$• Trigger Autocallable Notes

Linked to the least performing index between the Russell 2000[®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index due on or about April 12, 2023

Investment Description

UBS AG Trigger Autocallable Notes (the “Notes”) are unsubordinated, unsecured debt securities issued by UBS AG (“UBS” or the “issuer”) linked to the least performing index between the Russell 2000[®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index (each, an “underlying asset” and together, the “underlying assets”). UBS will automatically call the Notes (an “automatic call”) if the closing level of each underlying asset on any observation date, including the final valuation date, is equal to or greater than its call threshold level, which is equal to a specified level that is less than its initial level, as indicated below. If the Notes are subject to an automatic call, UBS will pay on the applicable call settlement date following such observation date a cash payment per Note equal to the “call price”, which is your principal amount plus a call return based on the call return rate, and no further payments will be owed to you under the Notes. The call return increases the longer the Notes are outstanding. If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the closing level of each underlying asset on the final valuation date (the “final level”) is equal to or greater than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount. If, however, the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note that is less than the principal amount, if anything, resulting in a percentage loss on your initial investment equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset and, in extreme situations, you could lose all of your initial investment. The “least performing underlying asset” is the underlying asset with the lowest underlying return as compared to any other underlying asset. **Investing in the Notes involves significant risks. You may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment. You will be exposed to the market risk of each underlying asset on each observation date and on the final valuation date and any decline in the level of one underlying asset may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any**

potential increase in the level of any other underlying asset. Higher call return rates are generally associated with a greater risk of loss and a greater risk that the Notes will not be subject to an automatic call. Any payment on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS. If UBS were to default on its payment obligations you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.

Features

q Automatic Call Feature — UBS will automatically call the Notes if the closing level of each underlying asset on any observation date, including the final valuation date, is equal to or greater than its call threshold level, which is equal to a specified level that is less than its initial level, as indicated below. If the Notes are subject to an automatic call, UBS will pay on the applicable call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the call price for the relevant observation date. The call return increases the longer the Notes are outstanding. Following an automatic call, no further payments will be owed to you under the Notes.

q Contingent Repayment of Principal at Maturity with Potential for Full Downside Market Exposure — If by maturity the Notes have not been subject to an automatic call and the final level of each underlying asset is equal to or greater than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount. If, however, the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note that is less than the principal amount, if anything, resulting in a percentage loss on your initial investment equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset. The contingent repayment of principal applies only if you hold the Notes to maturity. Any payment on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS.

Key Dates*

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Trade Date** | March 22, 2019 |
| Settlement Date** | March 29, 2019 |
| Observation Dates | Annually (see page 2) |
| Final Valuation Date | April 5, 2023 |
| Maturity Date | April 12, 2023 |

* Expected. See page 2 for additional details.

We expect to deliver the Notes against payment on or about the fifth business day following the trade date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in two business days (T+2), unless the parties to a trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the Notes in the secondary market on any date prior to two business days before delivery of the Notes will be required, by virtue of the fact that each Note initially will settle in five business days (T+5), to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement of the secondary market trade.

Notice to investors: the Notes are significantly riskier than conventional debt instruments. The issuer is not necessarily obligated to repay the principal amount of the Notes at maturity, and the Notes may have the same downside market risk as the least performing underlying asset. This market risk is in addition to the credit risk inherent in purchasing a debt obligation of UBS. You should not purchase the Notes if you do not understand or are not comfortable with the significant risks involved in investing in the Notes.

You should carefully consider the risks described under “Key Risks” beginning on page 4 and under “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-9 of the accompanying product supplement before purchasing any Notes. Events relating to any of those risks, or other risks and uncertainties, could adversely affect the market value of, and the return on, your Notes. You may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment in the Notes. The Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any electronic communications network.

Note Offering

These preliminary terms relate to the Notes. The final terms of the Notes will be set on the trade date.

| Underlying Assets | Bloomberg Tickers | Call Return Rate* | Initial Levels | Downside Thresholds | Call Threshold Levels | CUSIP | ISIN |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Russell 2000® Index | RTY | At least 11.25% per annum | • | 70.00% of the Initial Level | 90.00% of the Initial Level | 90270KYG8 | US90270KYG83 |
| EURO STOXX 50® Index | SX5E | | • | 70.00% of the Initial Level | 90.00% of the Initial Level | | |

* The call return is based on the call return rate (to be set on the trade date) and will vary depending on whether, and if called, the call settlement date on which, the Notes are called.

The estimated initial value of the Notes as of the trade date is expected to be between \$956.10 and \$986.10. The range of the estimated initial value of the Notes was determined on the date hereof by reference to UBS' internal pricing models, inclusive of the internal funding rate. For more information about secondary market offers and the estimated initial value of the Notes, see "Key Risks — Fair value considerations" and "— Limited or no secondary market and secondary market price considerations" beginning on page 5 herein.

See "Additional Information about UBS and the Notes" on page ii. The Notes will have the terms set forth in the accompanying product supplement relating to the Notes, dated October 31, 2018, the accompanying prospectus and this document.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these Notes or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this document, the accompanying product supplement, index supplement or accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

Offering of Notes

| | Issue Price to Public | | Underwriting Commissions and Fees ⁽¹⁾ | | Proceeds to UBS AG ⁽¹⁾ | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| | Total | Per Note | Total | Per Note | Total | Per Note |
| Notes linked to the least performing index between the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index | \$• | \$1,000.00 | \$• | \$0.00 | \$• | \$1,000.00 |

⁽¹⁾ Our affiliate, UBS Securities LLC, will pay an unaffiliated third-party dealer a structuring fee of \$4.00 per Note with respect to some or all of the Notes. This amount will be deducted from amounts remitted to UBS. All sales of the Notes will be made to certain fee-based advisory accounts for which an unaffiliated third-party is an advisor.

UBS Securities LLC UBS Investment Bank

Additional Information about UBS and the Notes

UBS has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, as supplemented by an index supplement and a product supplement for the Notes) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for the Notes to which this document relates. Before you invest, you should read these documents and any other documents related to the Notes that UBS has filed with the SEC for more complete information about UBS and the Notes. You may obtain these documents for free from the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001114446.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows:

Market-Linked Securities product supplement dated October 31, 2018:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000091412118002085/ub47016353-424b2.htm>

Index Supplement dated October 31, 2018:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000091412118002083/ub46174419-424b2.htm>

Prospectus dated October 31, 2018:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000119312518314003/d612032d424b3.htm>

References to “UBS”, “we”, “our” and “us” refer only to UBS AG and not to its consolidated subsidiaries. In this document, “Trigger Autocallable Notes” or the “Notes” refer to the Notes that are offered hereby. Also, references to the “accompanying product supplement” mean the UBS product supplement, dated October 31, 2018, references to the “index supplement” mean the UBS index supplement, dated October 31, 2018 and references to “accompanying prospectus” mean the UBS prospectus, titled “Debt Securities and Warrants,” dated October 31, 2018.

This document, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the Notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including all other prior pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Key Risks” beginning on page 4 and in “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-9 of the accompanying product supplement, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before deciding to invest in the Notes.

If there is any inconsistency between the terms of the Notes described in the accompanying prospectus, the accompanying product supplement, the index supplement and this document, the following hierarchy will govern: first, this document; second, the accompanying product supplement; third, the index supplement and last, the accompanying prospectus.

UBS reserves the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Notes prior to their issuance. In the event of any changes to the terms of the Notes, UBS will notify you and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase. You may also choose to reject such changes in which case UBS may reject your offer to purchase.

Investor Suitability

The Notes may be suitable for you if:

- .. You fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Notes, including the risk of loss of a significant portion or all of your initial investment.
- .. You understand and accept that an investment in the Notes is linked to the performance of the least performing underlying asset and not a basket of the underlying assets, that you will be exposed to the individual market risk of each underlying asset on each observation date, including the final valuation date, and that you may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment if the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold on the final valuation date.
- .. You can tolerate a loss of a significant portion or all of your initial investment and are willing to make an investment that may have the same downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the least performing underlying asset or the stocks comprising the least performing underlying asset.
- .. You believe that the closing level of each underlying asset will be equal to or greater than its call threshold level on one of the specified observation dates, including the final valuation date, and you believe that the level of each underlying asset will appreciate over the term of the Notes by a percentage that is less than the call return rate (to be set on the trade date).
- .. You can accept that the risks of each underlying asset are not mitigated by the performance of any other underlying asset and the risks of investing in securities with a return based on the performance of multiple underlying assets.
- .. You understand and accept that you will not participate in any appreciation of any underlying asset, that your potential return is limited to the call return and you would be willing to invest in the Notes if the call return rate was set equal to the call return rate indicated on the cover hereof (the actual call return rate will be set on the trade date).
- .. You would be willing to invest in Notes based on the call threshold levels and the downside thresholds indicated on the cover hereof.
- .. You can tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Notes prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the levels of the underlying assets.
- .. You do not seek guaranteed current income from your investment and are willing to forgo any dividends paid on the stocks comprising the underlying assets (the “underlying equity constituents”).
- .. You are willing to invest in Notes that may be subject to an automatic call and you are otherwise willing to hold such Notes to maturity and you accept that there may be little or no secondary market for the Notes.
- .. You understand and are willing to accept the risks associated with the underlying assets.
- .. You are willing to assume the credit risk of UBS for all payments under the Notes, and understand that if UBS defaults on its obligations you may not receive any amounts due to you including any repayment of principal.
- .. You understand that the estimated initial value of the Notes determined by our internal pricing models is lower than the issue price and that should UBS Securities LLC or any affiliate make secondary markets for the Notes, the price (not including their customary bid-ask spreads) will temporarily exceed the internal pricing model price.

The Notes may not be suitable for you if:

- .. You do not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Notes, including the risk of loss of a significant portion or all of your initial investment.
- .. You do not understand or are unwilling to accept that an investment in the Notes is linked to the performance of the least performing underlying asset and not a basket of the underlying assets, that you will be exposed to the individual market risk of each underlying asset on each observation date, including the final valuation date, or that you may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment if the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold on the final valuation date.
- .. You require an investment designed to provide a full return of principal at maturity.
- .. You cannot tolerate a loss of all or a significant portion of your investment and you are not willing to make an investment that may have the same downside market risk as an investment in the least performing underlying asset or its underlying equity constituents.
- .. You believe that the level of at least one underlying asset will decline during the term of the Notes and is likely to be less than its call threshold level on the specified observation dates, including the final valuation date, or, that the level of each underlying asset will appreciate over the term of the Notes by a percentage that is greater than the call return

rate (to be set on the trade date).

You cannot accept that the risks of each underlying asset are not mitigated by the performance of any other underlying asset or the risks of investing in securities with a return based on the performance of multiple underlying assets.

You believe that the final level of any underlying asset will be less than its downside threshold on the final valuation date.

You seek an investment that participates in the full appreciation in the levels of the underlying assets or that has unlimited return potential, or you would be unwilling to invest in the Notes if the call return rate was set equal to the call return rate indicated on the cover hereof (the actual call return rate will be set on the trade date).

You would be unwilling to invest in Notes based on the call threshold levels or the downside thresholds indicated on the cover hereof.

You cannot tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Notes prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations of the underlying assets.

You seek guaranteed current income from this investment or prefer to receive any dividends paid on the underlying equity constituents.

You are unable or unwilling to invest in Notes that may be subject to an automatic call, you are otherwise unable or unwilling to hold the Notes to maturity or you seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market for the Notes.

You do not understand or are unwilling to accept the risks associated with the underlying assets.

You are not willing to assume the credit risk of UBS for all payments under the Notes, including any repayment of principal.

The suitability considerations identified above are not exhaustive. Whether or not the Notes are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the Notes in light of your particular circumstances. You should review “Information About the Underlying Assets” herein for more information on the underlying assets. You should also review carefully the “Key Risks” section herein for risks related to an investment in the Notes.

Preliminary Terms

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Issuer | UBS AG London Branch |
| Principal Amount | \$1,000 per Note |
| Term | Approximately 4 years, subject to an automatic call. In the event that we make any change to the expected trade date and settlement date, the calculation agent may adjust the observation dates and call settlement dates (including the final valuation date and maturity date) to ensure that the stated term of the Notes remains the same. |
| Underlying Assets | The Russell 2000 [®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50 [®] Index. |
| Automatic Call Feature | UBS will automatically call the Notes if the closing level of each underlying asset on any observation date, including the final valuation date, is equal to or greater than its call threshold level. If the Notes are subject to an automatic call, UBS will pay on the call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the call price for the relevant observation date. Following an automatic call, no further payments will be made on the Notes. |
| Call Return Rate | The call return rate will be at least 11.25% per annum and will be set on the trade date. |
| Call Return | The call return increases the longer the Notes are outstanding and is based upon the call return rate. |
| Call Price | The call price equals the principal amount per Note plus the applicable call return. The table below assumes a call return rate of 11.25% per annum. The actual call return rate will be set on the trade date. |

| Observation Date ⁽¹⁾ | Call Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Call Return | Call Price (per Note) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| April 1, 2020 | April 8, 2020 | 11.25% | \$1,112.50 |
| April 7, 2021 | April 14, 2021 | 22.50% | \$1,225.00 |
| April 6, 2022 | April 13, 2022 | 33.75% | \$1,337.50 |
| Final Valuation Date | Maturity Date | 45.00% | \$1,450.00 |

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the market disruption event provisions set forth under “General Terms of the Securities — Market Disruption Events” in the accompanying product supplement.

⁽²⁾ Five business days following the relevant observation date, except that the call settlement date for the final valuation date is the maturity date.

Payment at Maturity (per Note) **If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of each underlying asset is equal to or greater than its downside threshold**, UBS will pay you a cash payment that is equal to:

Principal Amount of \$1,000

If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of at least one underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment that is less than the principal amount, if anything, equal to:

$\$1,000 \times (1 + \text{Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying Asset})$

In this scenario, you will suffer a percentage loss on your initial investment equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset, regardless of the underlying return of any other underlying asset.

Least Performing Underlying Asset The underlying asset with the lowest underlying return as compared to any other underlying asset.

For each underlying asset, the quotient, expressed as a percentage of the following formula:

Underlying Return $\frac{\text{Final Level} - \text{Initial Level}}{\text{Initial Level}}$

Call Threshold Level⁽³⁾ For each underlying asset, a specified level that is less than its initial level, based on a percentage of its initial level, as indicated on the cover hereof.

Downside Threshold⁽³⁾ For each underlying asset, a specified level that is less than its initial level, based on a percentage of its initial level, as indicated on the cover hereof.

Initial Level⁽³⁾ The closing level of each underlying asset on the trade date.

Final Level⁽³⁾ The closing level of each underlying asset on the final valuation date.

⁽³⁾ As determined by the calculation agent and as may be adjusted as described under “General Terms of the Securities — Discontinuance of or Adjustment to an Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation”, as described in the accompanying product supplement.

Investment Timeline

Trade Date - The initial level of each underlying asset is observed and the final terms of the Notes are set.

Observation Dates (Annually) - The Notes will be subject to an automatic call if the closing level of each underlying asset on any observation date, including the final valuation date, is equal to or greater than its call threshold level.

- If the Notes are subject to an automatic call, UBS will pay on the call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the call price for the relevant observation date. Following an automatic call, no further payments will be made on the Notes.

- The final level of each underlying asset is observed on the final valuation date and the underlying return of each underlying asset is calculated.

If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of each underlying asset is equal to or greater than its downside threshold, UBS will pay you a cash payment that is equal to:

Principal Amount of \$1,000

Maturity Date **If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of at least one underlying asset is less than its downside threshold,** UBS will pay you a cash payment that is less than the principal amount, if anything, equal to:

$\$1,000 \times (1 + \text{Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying Asset})$

In this scenario, you will suffer a percentage loss on your initial investment equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset, regardless of the underlying return of any other underlying asset.

Investing in the Notes involves significant risks. You may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment. Any payment on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS. If UBS were to default on its payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.

If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call, you may lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment. Specifically, if the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, you will lose a percentage of your principal amount equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset and, in extreme situations, you could lose all of your initial investment. You will be exposed to the market risk of each underlying asset on each observation date, including the final valuation date, and any decline in the level of one underlying asset may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of any other underlying asset.

Key Risks

An investment in the Notes involves significant risks. Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to a hypothetical investment in the least performing underlying asset or its underlying equity constituents. Some of the key risks that apply to the Notes are summarized below, but we urge you to read the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the Notes in the “Risk Factors” section of the accompanying product supplement. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before you invest in the Notes.

Risk of loss at maturity — The Notes differ from ordinary debt securities in that UBS will not necessarily repay the principal amount of the Notes at maturity. If the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, you will lose a percentage of your principal amount equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset and, in extreme situations, you could lose all of your initial investment.

The contingent repayment of principal applies only at maturity — You should be willing to hold your Notes to maturity. If you are able to sell your Notes prior to an automatic call or maturity in the secondary market, you may have to sell them at a loss relative to your initial investment even if the level of each underlying asset at that time is equal to or greater than its downside threshold and call threshold level. All payments on the Notes are subject to the creditworthiness of UBS.

No interest payments — UBS will not pay any interest with respect to the Notes.

Your potential return on the Notes is limited to any call return and you will not participate in any appreciation of any underlying asset or underlying equity constituent — The return potential of the Notes is limited to the pre-specified call return resulting from an automatic call regardless of any appreciation of any underlying asset. Investors will not participate in any appreciation in the closing level of any underlying asset from its initial level. The Notes will only be subject to an automatic call if the closing level or the final level, as applicable, of each underlying asset is equal to or greater than its call threshold level. In addition, because the call return increases the longer the Notes have been outstanding, the call price payable with respect to earlier observation dates is less than the call price payable with respect to later observation dates. The earlier a Note is subject to an automatic call, the lower your return will be. Because the Notes may be subject to an automatic call as early as the first potential call settlement date, the total return on the Notes could be less than if the Notes remained outstanding until maturity. Furthermore, if the Notes are not subject to an automatic call and the final level of at least one underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, you will be subject to the decline in the level of the least performing underlying asset even though you cannot participate in any appreciation in the level of any underlying asset. As a result, the return on an investment in the Notes could be less than the return on a hypothetical direct investment in any or all of the underlying assets or underlying equity constituents. In addition, as an owner of the Notes, you will not have voting rights or any other rights of a holder of any underlying equity constituent.

A higher call return rate or lower downside thresholds or call threshold levels may reflect greater expected volatility of each underlying asset, and greater expected volatility generally indicates an increased risk of loss at maturity — The economic terms for the Notes, including the call return rate, call threshold levels and downside thresholds, are based, in part, on the expected volatility of each underlying asset at the time the terms of the Notes are set. “Volatility” refers to the frequency and magnitude of changes in the level of each underlying asset. The greater the expected volatility of each underlying asset as of the trade date, the greater the expectation is as of that date that the closing level or the final level, as applicable, of each underlying asset could be less than its call threshold level on any observation date (including the final valuation date) and that the final level of each underlying asset could be less than its downside threshold on the final valuation date and, as a consequence, indicates an increased risk of the Notes not being subject to an automatic call and an increased risk of loss, respectively. All things being equal, this greater expected volatility will generally be reflected in a higher call return rate than the yield payable on our conventional debt securities with a similar maturity or on otherwise comparable securities, and/or lower downside thresholds and/or call threshold levels than those terms on otherwise comparable securities. Therefore, a relatively higher call return rate may indicate an increased risk of loss. Further, relatively lower downside thresholds and/or call threshold levels may not necessarily indicate that the Notes have a greater likelihood of a return of principal at maturity and/or paying the call return. You should be willing to accept the downside market risk of the least

performing underlying asset and the potential to lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment.

Reinvestment risk — The Notes will be subject to an automatic call if the closing level of each underlying asset is equal to or greater than its call threshold level on any observation date set forth herein. Because the Notes could be subject to an automatic call as early as the first potential call settlement date, the term of your investment may be limited. In the event that the Notes are subject to an automatic call, there is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds at a comparable return and/or with a comparable call return rate for a similar level of risk. In addition, to the extent you are able to reinvest such proceeds in an investment comparable to the Notes, you may incur transaction costs such as dealer discounts and/or fees and hedging costs built into the price of the new securities. Generally, however, the longer the Notes remain outstanding, the less likely the Notes will be subject to an automatic call due to the decline in the level of an underlying asset and the shorter time remaining for the level of any such underlying asset to recover. Such periods generally coincide with a period of greater risk of principal loss on your Notes.

You are exposed to the market risk of each underlying asset — Your return on the Notes is not linked to a basket consisting of the underlying assets. Rather, it will be contingent upon the performance of each underlying asset. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket of indices, common stocks or other underlying securities, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all of the components of the basket, you will be exposed equally to the risks related to each underlying asset. Poor performance by any underlying asset over the term of the Notes will negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a positive performance by any other underlying asset. For instance, you may receive a negative return equal to the underlying return of the least performing underlying asset if the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold, even if the underlying return of any other underlying asset is positive or has not declined as much. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the market risk of each underlying asset.

Because the Notes are linked to the least performing underlying asset, you are exposed to a greater risk of not receiving the call return and losing a significant portion or all of your initial investment at maturity than if the Notes were linked to a single underlying asset or fewer underlying assets — The risk that you will not receive the call return and will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment in the Notes is greater if you invest in the Notes than the risk of investing in substantially similar securities that are linked to the performance of only one underlying asset or fewer underlying assets, as applicable. With more underlying assets, it is more likely that the closing level or final level of any underlying asset will be less than its call threshold level or downside threshold on any observation date or the final valuation date, respectively, than if the Notes were linked to a single underlying asset or fewer underlying assets, as applicable.

In addition, the lower the correlation is between the performance of a pair of underlying assets, the more likely it is that one of the underlying assets will decline in value to a closing level or final level, as applicable, that is less than its call threshold level or downside threshold on any observation date or on the final valuation date. Although the correlation of the underlying assets' performance may change over the term of the Notes, the economic terms of the Notes, including the call return rate, downside thresholds and call threshold levels are determined, in part, based on the correlation of the underlying assets' performance calculated using our internal models at the time when the terms of the Notes are finalized. All things being equal, a higher call return rate and lower downside thresholds and call threshold levels are generally associated with lower correlation of the underlying assets. Therefore, if the performance of a pair of underlying assets is not correlated to each other or is negatively correlated, the risk that you will not receive the call return or that the final level of any underlying asset is less than its downside threshold will occur is even greater despite a lower call threshold level and/or downside threshold. Therefore, it is more likely that you will not receive the call return and that you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment at maturity.

Credit risk of UBS — The Notes are unsubordinated, unsecured debt obligations of UBS and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment to be made on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, depends on the ability of UBS to satisfy its obligations as they come due. As a result, UBS' actual and perceived creditworthiness may affect the market value of the Notes. If UBS were to default on its obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.

Market risk — The return on the Notes, which may be negative, is directly linked to the performance of the underlying assets and indirectly linked to the performance of the underlying equity constituents. The levels of the underlying assets can rise or fall sharply due to factors specific to each underlying asset or its underlying equity constituents and their respective issuers (each, an "underlying constituent issuer"), such as stock or commodity price volatility, earnings and financial conditions, corporate, industry and regulatory developments, management changes and decisions and other events, as well as general market factors, such as general stock or commodity market levels and volatility, interest rates and economic and political conditions.

Fair value considerations.

The issue price you pay for the Notes will exceed their estimated initial value — The issue price you pay for the Notes will exceed their estimated initial value as of the trade date due to the inclusion in the issue price of the applicable underwriting commissions and fees, hedging costs, issuance costs and projected profits. As of the close of the relevant markets on the trade date, we will determine the estimated initial value of the Notes by reference to our internal pricing models and the estimated initial value of the Notes will be set forth in the final pricing supplement. The pricing models used to determine the estimated initial value of the Notes incorporate certain variables, including the levels of the underlying assets and underlying equity constituents, the volatility of the underlying assets, any dividends paid on the underlying equity constituents, the correlation among the underlying assets and the underlying equity constituents, as applicable, prevailing interest rates, the term of the Notes and our internal funding rate. Our internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay to issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities of a similar term. The applicable underwriting commissions and fees, hedging costs, issuance costs, projected profits and the difference in rates will reduce the economic value of the Notes to you. Due to these factors, the estimated initial value of the Notes as of the trade date will be less than the issue price you pay for the Notes.

The estimated initial value is a theoretical price; the actual price that you may be able to sell your Notes in any secondary market (if any) at any time after the trade date may differ from the estimated initial value — The value of your Notes at any time will vary based on many factors, including the factors described above and in "— Market risk" above and is impossible to predict. Furthermore, the pricing models that we use are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, after the trade date, if you attempt to sell the Notes in the secondary market, the actual value you would receive may differ, perhaps materially, from the estimated initial value of the Notes determined by reference to our internal pricing models. The estimated initial value of the Notes does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in any secondary market at any time.

Our actual profits may be greater or less than the differential between the estimated initial value and the issue price of the Notes as of the trade date — We may determine the economic terms of the Notes, as well as hedge our obligations, at least in part, prior to the trade date. In addition, there may be ongoing costs to us to maintain and/or adjust any hedges and such hedges are often imperfect. Therefore, our actual profits (or potentially, losses) in issuing the Notes cannot be determined as of the trade date and any such differential between the estimated initial value and the issue price of the Notes as of the trade date does not reflect our actual profits. Ultimately, our actual profits will be known only at the maturity of the Notes.

Limited or no secondary market and secondary market price considerations.

There may be little or no secondary market for the Notes — The Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any electronic communications network. UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates intend, but are not required, to make a market for the Notes and may stop making a market at any time. If you are able to sell your Notes prior to maturity, you may have to sell them at a substantial loss. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that a secondary market for the Notes will develop. The estimated initial value of the Notes does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in any secondary market at any time.

The price at which UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates may offer to buy the Notes in the secondary market (if any) may be greater than UBS' valuation of the Notes at that time, greater than any other secondary market prices provided by unaffiliated dealers (if any) and, depending on your broker, greater than the valuation provided on your customer account statements — For a limited period of time following the issuance of the Notes, UBS Securities LLC or its affiliates may offer to buy or sell such Notes at a price that exceeds (i) our valuation of the Notes at that time based on our internal pricing models, (ii) any secondary market prices provided by unaffiliated dealers (if any) and (iii) depending on your broker, the valuation provided on customer account statements. The price that UBS Securities LLC may initially offer to buy such Notes following issuance will exceed the valuations indicated by our internal pricing models due to the inclusion for a limited period of time of the aggregate value of the applicable underwriting commissions and fees, hedging costs, issuance costs and theoretical projected trading profit. The portion of such amounts included in our price will decline to zero on a straight line basis over a period ending no later than the date specified under “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest); Secondary Markets (if any).” Thereafter, if UBS Securities LLC or an affiliate makes secondary markets in the Notes, it will do so at prices that reflect our estimated value determined by reference to our internal pricing models at that time.

The temporary positive differential relative to our internal pricing models arises from requests from and arrangements made by UBS Securities LLC with the selling agents of structured debt securities such as the Notes. As described above, UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates intend, but are not required, to make a market for the Notes and may stop making a market at any time. The price at which UBS Securities LLC or an affiliate may make secondary markets at any time (if at all) will also reflect its then current bid-ask spread for similar sized trades of structured debt securities. UBS Securities LLC reflects this temporary positive differential on its customer statements. Investors should inquire as to the valuation provided on customer account statements provided by unaffiliated dealers.

Economic and market factors affecting the terms and market price of Notes prior to maturity — Because structured notes, including the Notes, can be thought of as having a debt component and a derivative component, factors that influence the values of debt instruments and options and other derivatives will also affect the terms and features of the Notes at issuance and the market price of the Notes prior to maturity. These factors include the levels of the underlying assets and the underlying equity constituents; the volatility of each underlying asset and the underlying equity constituents; any dividends paid on the underlying equity constituents; the correlation among the underlying assets; the time remaining to the maturity of the Notes; interest rates in the markets; geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, force majeure and regulatory or judicial events; whether each underlying asset is currently or has been less than its call threshold level; the availability of comparable instruments; the creditworthiness of UBS; the then current bid-ask spread for the Notes and the factors discussed under “— Potential conflict of interest” below. These and other factors are unpredictable and interrelated and may offset or magnify each other.

Impact of fees and the use of internal funding rates rather than secondary market credit spreads on secondary market prices — All other things being equal, the use of the internal funding rates described above under “—Fair value considerations” as well as the inclusion in the issue price of the applicable underwriting commissions and fees, hedging costs, issuance costs and any projected profits are, subject to the temporary mitigating effect of UBS Securities LLC’s and its affiliates’ market making premium, expected to reduce the price at which you may be able to sell the Notes in any secondary market.

The Notes are subject to small-capitalization stock risks — The Notes are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies because the Russell 2000[®] Index is comprised of stocks of companies that may be considered small-capitalization companies. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the underlying index may be more volatile than an index in which a greater percentage of the constituent stocks are issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of small-capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded. In addition, small-capitalization companies are typically less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Small-capitalization companies are often given less analyst coverage and may be in early, and less predictable, periods of their corporate existences. Such companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products.

The Notes are subject to non-U.S. securities market risk — The Notes are subject to risks associated with non-U.S. companies and non-U.S. securities markets because the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index is comprised of stocks of non-U.S. companies that are traded on various non-U.S. exchanges. Generally, non-U.S. securities markets may be more volatile than U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect non-U.S. markets differently from U.S. securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize these non-U.S. markets, as well as cross shareholdings in non-U.S. companies, may affect trading prices and volumes in those markets. There is generally less publicly available information about non-U.S. companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, auditing and

financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies. Securities prices in non-U.S. countries are subject to political, economic, financial and social factors that may be unique to the particular country. These factors, which could negatively affect the non-U.S. securities markets, include the possibility of recent or future changes in the non-U.S. government's economic and fiscal policies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other non-U.S. laws or restrictions applicable to non-U.S. companies or investments in non-U.S. equity securities and the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies. The United Kingdom has voted to leave the European Union (popularly known as "Brexit"). The effect of Brexit is uncertain, and Brexit has and may continue to contribute to volatility in the prices of securities of companies located in Europe and currency exchange rates, including the valuation of the euro and British pound in particular. Moreover, certain aspects of a particular non-U.S. economy may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

The Notes are subject to currency exchange risk— The Notes are subject to currency exchange rate risks because the value of your Notes will not be adjusted for exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the currencies in which the underlying equity constituents of the EURO STOXX 50® Index are based. Therefore, if the applicable currencies appreciate or depreciate relative to the U.S. dollar over the term of the Notes, you will not receive any additional payment or incur any reduction in your return, if any, on the Notes.

There can be no assurance that the investment view implicit in the Notes will be successful — It is impossible to predict whether and the extent to which the levels of the underlying assets will rise or fall and there can be no assurance that the closing level or the final level, as applicable, of each underlying asset will be equal to or greater than its call threshold level on any observation date (including the final valuation date), or, if the Notes are not subject to an automatic call, that the final level of each underlying asset will be equal to or greater than its downside threshold. The levels of the underlying assets will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors that affect the underlying constituent issuers. You should be willing to accept the risks associated with the relevant markets tracked by each such underlying asset in general and its underlying equity constituents in particular, and the risk of losing a significant portion or all of your initial investment.

The underlying assets reflect price return, not total return — The return on your Notes is based on the performance of the underlying assets, which reflect the changes in the market prices of the underlying equity constituents. It is not, however, linked to a "total return" index or strategy, which, in addition to reflecting those price returns, would also reflect dividends paid on the underlying equity constituents. The return on your Notes will not include such a total return feature or dividend component.

Changes affecting the underlying assets could have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes — The policies of each index sponsor as specified under "Information About the Underlying Assets" (together, the "index sponsors"), concerning additions, deletions and substitutions of the underlying equity constituents and the manner in which the index sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting those underlying equity constituents may adversely affect the levels of the underlying assets. The policies of the index sponsors with respect to the calculation of the underlying assets could also adversely affect the levels of the underlying assets. The index sponsors may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the underlying assets. Any such actions could have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes.

UBS cannot control actions by the index sponsors and the index sponsors have no obligation to consider your interests — UBS and its affiliates are not affiliated with the index sponsors and have no ability to control or predict their actions, including any errors in or discontinuation of public disclosure regarding methods or policies relating to the calculation of the underlying assets. The index sponsors are not involved in the Notes offering in any way and has no obligation to consider your interest as an owner of the Notes in taking any actions that might affect the market value of your Notes.

Potential UBS impact on an underlying asset or any underlying equity constituent — Trading or transactions by UBS or its affiliates in an underlying asset or underlying equity constituent, listed and/or over-the-counter options, futures, exchange-traded funds or other instruments with returns linked to the performance of that underlying asset or any underlying equity constituent, may adversely affect the market price(s) or level(s) of the applicable underlying asset on any observation date, including the final valuation date and, therefore, the market value of the Notes, any payout pursuant to an automatic call or at maturity.

Potential conflict of interest — UBS and its affiliates may engage in business with any underlying constituent issuer, which may present a conflict between the obligations of UBS and you, as a holder of the Notes. There are also potential conflicts of interest between you and the calculation agent, which will be an affiliate of UBS and which will make potentially subjective judgments. The calculation agent will determine whether the Notes are subject to an automatic call and the payment at maturity of the Notes, if any, based on observed levels of the underlying assets. The calculation agent can postpone the determination of the terms of the Notes on the trade date, or the closing level of any underlying asset on any observation date (including the final valuation date). As UBS determines the economic terms of the Notes, including the call return rate, call threshold levels and downside thresholds, and such terms include the applicable underwriting commissions and fees, hedging costs, issuance costs and projected profits, the Notes represent a package of economic terms. There are other potential conflicts of interest insofar as an investor could potentially get better economic terms if that investor entered into exchange-traded and/or OTC derivatives or other instruments with third parties, assuming that such instruments were available and the investor had the ability to assemble and enter into such instruments.

Additionally, UBS and its affiliates act in various capacities with respect to the Notes, including as a principal, agent or dealer in connection with the sale of the Notes. Such affiliates, and any other third-party dealers, may derive compensation from the distribution of the Notes and any such compensation may serve as an incentive to sell these Notes instead of other investments. Furthermore, given that UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates temporarily maintain a market making premium, it may have the effect of discouraging UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates from recommending sale of your Notes in the secondary market.

Potentially inconsistent research, opinions or recommendations by UBS — UBS and its affiliates publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the Notes, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Notes. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by UBS or its affiliates may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should make their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the Notes and the underlying assets to which the Notes are linked.

The Notes are not bank deposits — An investment in the Notes carries risks which are very different from the risk profile of a bank deposit placed with UBS or its affiliates. The Notes have different yield and/or return, liquidity and risk profiles and would not benefit from any protection provided to deposits.

If UBS experiences financial difficulties, FINMA has the power to open restructuring or liquidation proceedings in respect of, and/or impose protective measures in relation to, UBS, which proceedings or measures may have a material adverse effect on the terms and market value of the Notes and/or the ability of UBS to make payments thereunder — The Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority ("FINMA") has broad statutory powers to take measures and actions in relation to UBS if (i) it concludes that there is justified concern that UBS is over-indebted or has serious liquidity problems or (ii) UBS fails to fulfill the applicable capital adequacy requirements (whether on a standalone or consolidated basis) after expiry of a deadline set by FINMA. If one of

these pre-requisites is met, FINMA is authorized to open restructuring proceedings or liquidation (bankruptcy) proceedings in respect of, and/or impose protective measures in relation to, UBS. The Swiss Banking Act grants significant discretion to FINMA in connection with the aforementioned proceedings and measures. In particular, a broad variety of protective measures may be imposed by FINMA, including a bank moratorium or a maturity postponement, which measures may be ordered by FINMA either on a stand-alone basis or in connection with restructuring or liquidation proceedings. The resolution regime of the Swiss Banking Act is further detailed in the FINMA Banking Insolvency Ordinance ("BIO-FINMA"). In a restructuring proceeding, FINMA, as resolution authority, is competent to approve the resolution plan. The resolution plan may, among other things, provide for (a) the transfer of all or a portion of UBS's assets, debts, other liabilities and contracts (which may or may not include the contractual relationship between UBS and the holders of Notes) to another entity, (b) a stay (for a maximum of two business days) on the termination of contracts to which UBS is a party, and/or the exercise of (w) rights to terminate, (x) netting rights, (y) rights to enforce or dispose of collateral or (z) rights to transfer claims, liabilities or collateral under contracts to which UBS is a party, (c) the conversion of UBS's debt and/or other obligations, including its obligations under the Notes, into equity (a "debt-to-equity" swap), and/or (d) the partial or full write-off of obligations owed by UBS (a "write-off"), including its obligations under the Notes. The BIO-FINMA provides that a debt-to-equity swap and/or a write-off of debt and other obligations (including the Notes) may only take place after (i) all debt instruments issued by UBS qualifying as additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital have been converted into equity or written-off, as applicable, and (ii) the existing equity of UBS has been fully cancelled. While the BIO-FINMA does not expressly address the order in which a write-off of debt instruments other than debt instruments qualifying as additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital should occur, it states that debt-to-equity swaps should occur in the following order: first, all subordinated claims not qualifying as regulatory capital; second, all other claims not excluded by law from a debt-to-equity swap (other than deposits); and third, deposits (in excess of the amount privileged by law). However, given the broad discretion granted to FINMA as the resolution authority, any restructuring plan in respect of UBS could provide that the claims under or in connection with the Notes will be partially or fully converted into equity or written-off, while preserving other obligations of UBS that rank pari passu with, or even junior to, UBS's obligations under the Notes. Consequently, holders of Notes may lose all or some of their investment in the Notes. In the case of restructuring proceedings with respect to a systemically important Swiss bank (such as UBS), the creditors whose claims are affected by the restructuring plan will not have a right to vote on, reject, or seek the suspension of the restructuring plan. In addition, if a restructuring plan has been approved by FINMA, the rights of a creditor to seek judicial review of the restructuring plan (e.g., on the grounds that the plan would unduly prejudice the rights of holders of Notes or otherwise be in violation of the Swiss Banking Act) are very limited. In particular, a court may not suspend the implementation of the restructuring plan. Furthermore, even if a creditor successfully challenges the restructuring plan, the court can only require the relevant creditor to be compensated ex post and there is currently no guidance as to on what basis such compensation would be calculated or how it would be funded.

Uncertain tax treatment — Significant aspects of the tax treatment of the Notes are uncertain. You should consult your tax advisor about your tax situation. See "What are the Tax Consequences of the Securities" herein and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences", including the section "—Securities Treated as Prepaid Derivatives or Prepaid Forwards", in the accompanying product supplement.

Hypothetical Examples of How the Notes Might Perform

The below examples are based on hypothetical terms. The actual terms will be set on the trade date and will be indicated on the cover of the final pricing supplement.

The examples below illustrate the payment upon a call or at maturity for a \$1,000 Note on a hypothetical offering of the Notes, with the following assumptions (amounts may have been rounded for ease of reference):

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Principal Amount: | \$1,000 |
| Term: | Approximately 4 years |
| Call return rate: | 11.25% per annum |
| Observation Dates: | Annually |
| Initial Level: | |
| Underlying Asset A: | 1,500 |
| Underlying Asset B: | 3,500 |
| Call Threshold Level: | |
| Underlying Asset A: | 1,350 (which is 90.00% of the Initial Level) |
| Underlying Asset B: | 3,150 (which is 90.00% of the Initial Level) |
| Downside Threshold: | |
| Underlying Asset A: | 1,050 (which is 70.00% of the Initial Level) |
| Underlying Asset B: | 2,450 (which is 70.00% of the Initial Level) |

Example 1 — The Closing Level of each Underlying Asset is equal to or greater than its Call Threshold Level on the Observation Date corresponding to the first Potential Call Settlement Date.

| Date | Closing Level | Payment (per Note) |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| First Observation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,400 (<u>equal to or greater than</u> Call Threshold Level) | \$1,112.50 (Call Price) |
| | Underlying Asset B: 3,530 (<u>equal to or greater than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |
| | Total Payment | \$1,112.50 (11.25% total return) |

Because the Notes are subject to an automatic call on the first potential call settlement date (which is approximately one year after the trade date), UBS will pay on the call settlement date a total of \$1,112.50 per Note (reflecting your principal amount plus the applicable call return), an 11.25% total return on the Notes. You will not receive any further payments on the Notes.

Example 2 — The Final Level of each Underlying Asset is equal to or greater than its Call Threshold Level on the Final Valuation Date.

| Date | Closing Level | Payment (per Note) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| First Observation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,250 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | \$0 |
| | Underlying Asset B: 3,000 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |
| Second Observation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,550 (<u>equal to or greater than</u> Call Threshold Level) | \$0 |
| | Underlying Asset B: 2,850 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |
| Third Observation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,200 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | \$0 |
| | Underlying Asset B: 2,800 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |

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| | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Final Valuation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,750 (<u>equal to or greater than</u> Call Threshold Level) | \$1,450.00 (Call Price) |
| | Underlying Asset B: 3,250 (<u>equal to or greater than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |
| | Total Payment | \$1,450.00 (45.00% total return) |

Because the Notes are subject to an automatic call on the final valuation date (which is approximately four years after the trade date), UBS will pay on the call settlement date a total of \$1,450.00 per Note (reflecting your principal amount plus the applicable call return), a 45.00% total return on the Notes.

Example 3 — The Notes are NOT subject to an Automatic Call and the Final Level of each Underlying Asset is equal to or greater than its Downside Threshold.

| Date | Closing Level | Payment (per Note) |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| First Observation Date | Underlying Asset A: 1,300 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |
| | Underlying Asset B: 2,720 (<u>less than</u> Call Threshold Level) | |