

Edgar Filing: DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORP - Form 10-Q

DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORP  
Form 10-Q  
June 16, 2003

United States  
Securities and Exchange Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities  
Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2003

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or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities  
Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-22636  
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DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

-----  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

75-2461665

-----  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

17383 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 350  
Los Angeles, California

90272

-----  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(310) 566-1700

-----  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

-----  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,  
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports  
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act  
of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the  
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to  
such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as  
defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes  
of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of June 9, 2003,  
16,201,803 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value per share, were  
outstanding.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Edgar Filing: DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORP - Form 10-Q

### ITEM 1. Financial Statements

#### DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS -----	April 30, 2003 ----- (unaudited)	October 31, 2002 -----
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 954,129	\$ 488,868
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$434,975 at April 30, 2003 and \$548,467 at October 31, 2002	1,172,212	1,369,955
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	218,928	147,209
	-----	-----
Total current assets	2,345,269	2,006,032
	-----	-----
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	2,500,470	3,203,663
ADVERTISING CREDITS, net	2,376,678	2,376,678
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net	326,890	330,613
GOODWILL, net	1,796,917	1,796,917
OTHER ASSETS	83,890	73,525
	-----	-----
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 9,430,114</b>	<b>\$ 9,787,428</b>
	=====	=====
 <b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b> -----		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Current portion of capital leases	\$ 301,087	\$ 389,450
Trade accounts payable	5,705,252	5,405,356
Accrued liabilities	3,092,638	2,313,873
Deferred revenue	368,470	331,786
Deposits and other payables	444,196	444,204
Notes payable to related parties, net of debt discount of \$211,645 at April 30, 2003 and \$423,291 at October 31, 2002	2,136,756	1,925,110
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	12,048,399	10,809,779
	-----	-----
CAPITAL LEASES, net of current portion	39,380	72,365
NOTE PAYABLE, net of debt discount of \$34,258 at April 30, 2003	1,215,742	-
CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE, net of debt discount of \$15,056 at April 30, 2003 and \$163,510 at October 31, 2002	499,944	880,365
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 44,169,100 shares authorized; 16,019,920 shares issued at April 30, 2003 and 15,074,916 shares issued at October 31, 2002	16,020	15,075
Additional paid-in capital	39,049,008	38,894,064

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Accumulated deficit	(43,005,298)	(40,631,392)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(376,310)	(196,057)
Treasury stock, 12,022 common shares at cost	(54,870)	(54,870)
Subscription receivable - common stock	(1,901)	(1,901)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' deficit	(4,373,351)	(1,975,081)
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 9,430,114	\$ 9,787,428
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended April 30,		Six Months Ended April 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----	-----
REVENUES	\$ 6,013,131	\$ 6,086,154	\$11,667,832	\$12,672,908
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of revenues	4,534,949	4,081,414	8,673,782	8,627,158
Sales and marketing	272,925	339,437	586,302	704,982
General and administrative	1,415,294	1,972,694	2,826,377	3,973,105
Depreciation and amortization	467,533	615,550	967,364	1,293,083
Sales tax settlement	350,000	-	350,000	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	7,040,701	7,009,095	13,403,825	14,598,328
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating loss	(1,027,570)	(922,941)	(1,735,993)	(1,925,420)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest expense and financing costs	(270,231)	(313,377)	(647,408)	(581,818)
Foreign exchange	6,009	(3,496)	9,495	(27,022)
Gain on sales of equipment	-	-	-	8,553
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total other income (expense)	(264,222)	(316,873)	(637,913)	(600,287)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET LOSS	\$ (1,291,792)	\$ (1,239,814)	\$ (2,373,906)	\$ (2,525,707)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
LOSS PER SHARE:				
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.19)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
SHARES USED IN THE CALCULATION OF PER SHARE AMOUNTS:				
Basic and diluted common shares	15,964,530	13,506,173	15,840,266	13,111,620
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended April 30,	
	----- 2003 -----	2002 -----
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss	\$ (2,373,906)	\$ (2,525,707)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Gain from disposal of fixed assets	-	(8,553)
Stock and warrants issued for services	-	13,750
Bad debt expense	29,797	413,797
Non-cash interest expense	423,545	422,600
Depreciation and amortization	967,364	1,293,083
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(280,364)	(27,939)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Trade accounts receivable	167,946	(509,316)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(71,719)	(151,150)
Other assets	2,257	(122,076)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Trade accounts payable	300,429	(1,076,811)
Accrued liabilities	785,895	1,160,918
Deferred revenue	36,684	16,256
Deposits and other payables	(8)	(1,685)
	-----	-----
Net cash used in operating activities	(12,080)	(1,102,833)
	-----	-----
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(160,337)	(169,571)
Refund of license fee	-	1,424,899
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(160,337)	1,255,328
	-----	-----
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from note payable	1,250,000	-
Proceeds from convertible debentures	-	550,000
Payments on capital leases	(121,881)	(217,739)
Deferred financing fees	(47,441)	(92,625)
Payments on convertible debentures	(443,000)	-
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities	637,678	239,636
	-----	-----
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	465,261	392,131
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	488,868	94,985
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 954,129	\$ 487,116
	=====	=====
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Conversion of convertible debenture and accrued interest to common stock	93,005	-
Fair value of warrants issued with debt	62,884	154,973
Conversion of convertible note to common stock	-	370,000
Exercise of stock options in exchange for retirement of 100,000 common shares	-	70,000

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

##### NOTE 1 - OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial statements of Dial Thru International Corporation and its subsidiaries, "DTI" or "the Company", included in this Form 10-Q are unaudited and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results for the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2003 have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended April 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending October 31, 2003. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002.

The Company is a full service, facility-based provider of communication products to small and medium size businesses, both domestically and internationally. The Company provides a variety of international and domestic communication services including international dial thru, Internet voice and fax services, e-commerce solutions and other value-added communication services, using its Voice over Internet Protocol ("VoIP") Network to effectively deliver these services to the end user.

In addition to helping customers achieve significant savings on long-distance voice and fax calls by routing calls over the Internet or the Company's private network, the Company also offers new opportunities for existing Internet Service Providers who want to expand into voice services, private corporate networks seeking to lower long-distance costs, and Web-enabled corporate call centers engaged in electronic commerce.

The Company has also introduced VoIP to a new segment of customers by delivering a high quality, reliable and scaleable solution that uniquely addresses the needs of the rapidly growing VoIP industry.

##### Estimates and Assumptions

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The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

##### NOTE 2 - GOING CONCERN

The Company has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$43.0 million as well as a working capital deficit of approximately \$9.7 million as of April 30, 2003. Funding of the Company's working capital deficit, current and future operating losses, and expansion will require continuing capital investment. The Company's strategy is to fund these cash requirements through operations, debt facilities and additional equity financing.

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In November 2002, the Company obtained additional financing of \$1,250,000, a portion of which was used to repay the balance of the Company's April 11, 2001 convertible debenture with Global Capital Funding Group L.P.

Although the Company has been able to arrange debt facilities and equity financing to date, there can be no assurance that sufficient debt or equity financing will continue to be available in the future or that it will be available on terms acceptable to the Company. Failure to obtain sufficient capital could materially affect the Company's operations and expansion strategies. As a result of the aforementioned factors and related uncertainties, there is doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### NOTE 3 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In accordance with SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), the Company accounts for its stock-based employee compensation plans using the intrinsic valued method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25") and related interpretations. As such, compensation expense is recorded on the date of grant to the extent the current market price of the underlying stock exceeds the option exercise price. The Company did not record any stock-based compensation expense in the three and six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148"), which amends SFAS 123. SFAS 148 provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require more prominent and more frequent disclosures in financial statements of the effects of stock-based compensation. The Company anticipates that it will continue to apply APB 25. Accordingly, the Company believes that the adoption of this standard will have no material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Had the Company determined compensation based on the fair value at the grant date for its stock options in accordance with SFAS 123, as amended by SFAS 148, net loss and loss per share would have been increased as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30,		Six Months Ended April 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Net loss, as reported	\$ (1,291,792)	\$ (1,239,814)	\$ (2,373,906)	\$ (2,525,707)
Deduct: Stock based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method	(46,597)	(85,925)	(108,060)	(171,850)
Pro forma net loss	\$ (1,338,389)	\$ (1,325,739)	\$ (2,481,966)	\$ (2,697,557)
Net loss per share As reported				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.19)

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Pro forma

Basic and diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.21)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The fair values under FAS 123 for options granted were estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Expected life (years)	3	5
Interest rate	4%	4%
Volatility	133%	99% - 157%
Dividend yield	0%	0%

### NOTE 4 - ADVERTISING CREDITS

On September 8, 2000, the Company issued 914,285 shares (which are fully vested and non-forfeitable) of the Company's common stock in exchange for \$3.2 million face value of advertising credits. These credits were issued by Millenium Media Ltd. and Affluent Media Network, national advertising agencies and media placement brokers. The Company recorded the advertising credits on the date the shares were issued, September 8, 2000, using the Company's quoted common stock price of \$3.3125, totaling \$3,028,569. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2000, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$575,542 to reduce the credits to their estimated fair value, and sold a portion of the credits for cash, reducing the balance by an additional \$76,349. The estimated fair value was established at the end of fiscal 2000 using a discount of 25% off the face value, which was based on management's estimate of the dollar value of the credits to be used in settling various outstanding trade obligations. Such credits can be used by the Company to place electronic media and periodical advertisements. The primary use for the media credits is to advertise products and services domestically. As the Company's focus to date has been on foreign traffic, the Company has not utilized any of the media credits. The Company is currently developing domestic products and services and management intends to utilize the media credits to advertise these new services. There is no contractual expiration date for these trade credits and there are no limitations relating to the use of these credits.

### NOTE 5 - NOTE PAYABLE

In November 2002, the Company executed a 12% note payable (the "GC-Note") with Global Capital Funding Group, L.P., which provided financing of \$1,250,000. The GC-Note's maturity date is November 8, 2004. The GC-Note is secured by \$1,518,267 of certain property and equipment. In connection with the GC-Note, the Company paid \$47,441 as financing fees, which are being amortized over the life of the GC-Note. During the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company recorded approximately \$6,000 and \$12,000, respectively, as interest expense. The Company also issued to the holder of the GC-Note warrants to acquire an aggregate of 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.14 per share, which expire on February 28, 2008. The Company recorded a debt discount of approximately \$46,000, the fair value of the warrants, relating to the issuance of the warrants. The Company is amortizing the debt discount over the two year life of the GC-Note. During the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded interest expense of approximately \$6,000 and \$11,000, respectively, relating to the warrants.

### NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE - RELATED PARTY

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In October 2001, the Company executed 10% convertible notes (the "Notes") with three executives of the Company, which provided financing in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,945,958. The original maturity date of each note was October 24, 2003. In January 2003, the Company extended the maturity date of each note to February 24, 2004. The Notes are secured by certain Company assets. Each Note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the option of the holder at any time. The conversion price is equal to the closing bid price of the Company's common stock on the last trading day immediately preceding the conversion. The Company has calculated the beneficial conversion feature embedded in the Notes in accordance with EITF No. 00-27 and recorded debt discount of approximately \$171,000 which is being amortized over two years. The Company also issued to the holders of the Notes warrants to acquire an aggregate of 1,945,958 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.78 per share, which expire on October 24, 2006. Additional debt discount of approximately \$657,000 was recorded during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company determined the additional debt discount by allocating the relative fair value to the Notes and the warrants. The Company is amortizing the additional debt discount over the life of the Notes. During the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded approximately \$123,000 and \$205,000, respectively, of interest expense. In January 2002, an additional \$102,433 was added to the Notes in exchange for an existing note payable. The Company also issued to the holder of the Notes warrants to acquire an additional 102,433 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75, which expire on January 28, 2007. Additional debt discount of approximately \$24,000 was recorded during the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The Company determined the additional debt discount by allocating the relative fair value to the Notes and the warrants. The Company is amortizing the additional debt discount over the remaining life of the Notes. During the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded approximately \$4,000 and \$7,000, respectively, of interest expense relating to the warrants. In July 2002, an additional \$300,000 was added to the Notes, representing incremental monies loaned by a shareholder. The Company also issued to the holder of the Notes warrants to acquire an additional 300,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75, which expire on July 8, 2007.

### NOTE 7 - CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

#### Convertible Debenture with Global Capital Funding Group L.P.

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In April 2001, the Company executed a 6% convertible debenture (the "Debenture") with Global Capital Funding Group L.P. ("Global"), which provided financing of \$1,000,000. In November 2002, the Debenture's outstanding balance of \$443,000 was paid in full following the issuance of the GC-Note (see Note 5). In November 2002, the remaining unamortized deferred financing fees of approximately \$131,000 on the Debenture were recorded as interest expense. During the three months ended January 31, 2003, Global converted \$50,875 of debt and \$4,859 of accrued interest into approximately 724,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

#### Convertible Debenture with GCA Strategic Investment Fund Limited

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In January 2002, the Company executed a 6% convertible debenture (the "Second Debenture") with GCA Strategic Investment Fund Limited ("GCA"), which provided financing of \$550,000. The Second Debenture's original maturity date was January 28, 2003. The Second Debenture is secured by certain property and equipment held for sale. The conversion price is equal to the lesser of (i) 100% of the volume weighted average of sales price as reported by the Bloomberg L.P. of the common stock on the last trading day



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immediately preceding the Closing Date and (ii) 85% of the average of the three lowest volume weighted average sales prices as reported by Bloomberg L.P. during the twenty Trading Days immediately preceding but not including the date of the related Notice of Conversion (the "Formula Conversion Price"). In an event of default the amount declared due and payable on the Debenture shall be at the Formula Conversion Price. In connection with the Second Debenture, the Company paid \$92,625 in financing fees, which were amortized over the original life of the Second Debenture. During the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded interest expense of approximately \$0 and \$23,000, respectively, relating to these financing fees. The Company calculated the beneficial conversion feature embedded in the Second Debenture in accordance with EITF No. 00-27 and recorded approximately \$114,000 as debt discount. This debt discount was amortized over the original life of the Second Debenture. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded approximately \$0 and \$28,000, respectively, as interest expense. The Company also issued to the holder of the debenture warrants to acquire an aggregate of 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.41 per share, which expire on January 28, 2007. The Company recorded debt discount of approximately \$17,000 related to the issuance of the warrants. The Company determined the debt discount by allocating the relative fair value to the Second Debenture and the warrants, and the Company amortized the debt discount over the original life of the Second Debenture. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded interest expense of approximately \$0 and \$4,000, respectively, relating to the warrants.

In January 2003, the Company and GCA agreed to extend the maturity date of the Second Debenture to November 8, 2004. In consideration for this extension, in February 2003, the Company adjusted the exercise price of the previously issued warrants to \$0.21 per share. The Company also issued to the holder of the Second Debenture warrants to purchase an additional 100,000 shares of common stock also at an exercise price of \$0.21 per share, which expire on February 8, 2008. The Company recorded additional debt discount of approximately \$17,000 related to the warrant exercise price adjustment and the issuance of the new warrants. The Company is amortizing the additional debt discount over the Second Debenture's extension period. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, the Company has recorded interest expense of approximately \$2,000 relating to the warrants.

During the three months ended April 30, 2003, GCA converted \$35,000 of debt and \$2,271 of accrued interest into approximately 221,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On June 12, 2001, Cygnus Telecommunications Technology, LLC ("Cygnus"), filed a patent infringement suit (case no. 01-6052) in the United States District court, Central District of California, with respect to the Company's "international reorigination" technology. The injunctive relief that Cygnus sought in this suit has been denied, but Cygnus continues to seek a license fee for the use of the technology. The Company believes that no license fee is required as the technology described in the patent is different from the technology used by the Company.

In August 2002, Cygnus filed a motion for a preliminary injunction to prevent the Company from providing "reorigination" services. The Company filed a cross motion for summary judgment of non-infringement. Both motions were denied. The Company intends to refile the motion for summary judgment for non-infringement. The Company intends to continue defending this case vigorously, though its ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to such legal proceeding cannot be estimated with any certainty at this

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time.

The State of Texas ("State") performed a sales tax audit of the Company's former parent, Canmax Retail Systems ("Canmax"), for the years 1995 to 1999. The State determined that the Company did not properly remit sales tax on certain transactions, including asset purchases and software development projects that Canmax performed for specific customers. The Company's current and former managements filed exceptions, through its outside sales tax consultant, to the State's audit findings, including the non-taxable nature of certain transactions and the failure of the State to credit the Company's account for sales tax remittances. In correspondence from the State in June 2003, the State agreed to consider offsetting remittances received by Canmax during the audit period. The State has refused to consider other potential offsets. Based on this correspondence, the Company has recorded an estimated liability of \$350,000 as of and during the quarter ended April 30, 2003.

The Company will continue to pursue its options to appeal the decision by the State. Furthermore, the Company will aggressively pursue the collection of unpaid sales taxes from former customers of Canmax.

### NOTE 9 - RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications were made to the 2002 consolidated financial statements to conform to current year presentation.

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to expectations concerning matters that are not historical facts. Words such as "projects", "believe", "anticipates", "estimate", "plans", "expect", "intends", and similar words and expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that such expectations will prove to be correct. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from such expectations are disclosed herein. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Company are expressly qualified in their entirety by such language and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. You are also urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures we have made throughout this Report which describe certain factors which affect our business. The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations covers the three and six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002 and should be read in conjunction with our Financial Statements and the Notes thereto.

#### General

On November 2, 1999, we consummated the DTI Acquisition and, in the second quarter of fiscal 2000, we shifted focus toward our global VoIP strategy. This change in focus has led to a significant shift from our prepaid long distance operations toward higher margin international wholesale and retail telecommunication opportunities. This strategy allows us to form local partnerships with foreign Postal, Telephone and Telegraph companies (those entities responsible for providing telecommunications services in foreign

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markets and are usually government owned or controlled) and to provide IP enabled services based on the in-country regulatory environment affecting telecommunications and data providers. In the third quarter of fiscal 2000, we further concentrated our efforts toward our global VoIP telecommunications strategy by moving our operations to Los Angeles, California. This refocusing and consolidation of operations has resulted in not only greater savings, but also higher profits and more sustainable revenues. This consolidation and reduction in staff has allowed us to significantly reduce our overhead, and although our operations have not yet produced positive cash flow, we believe that continued cost reductions and moderate revenue growth would allow us to achieve positive results in the near future.

On October 12, 2001, we completed the acquisition from Rapid Link, Incorporated ("Rapid Link") of certain assets and executory contracts of Rapid Link, USA, Inc. and 100% of the common stock of Rapid Link Telecommunications, GmbH, a German company. Rapid Link provided integrated data and voice communications services to both wholesale and retail customers around the world. Rapid Link built a large residential retail customer base in Europe and Asia, using Rapid Link's network to make international calls anywhere in the world. Furthermore, Rapid Link developed a VoIP network using Clarent and Cisco technology which we have used to take advantage of wholesale opportunities where rapid deployment and time to market are critical. A significant portion of our revenue in our 2002 fiscal year was derived from the operating assets acquired through our Rapid Link acquisition.

On November 19, 2002 we entered into an agreement with Global Capital Funding Group, L.P. that provided us with a two year loan of \$1.25 million. A portion of the proceeds from this financing were used to pay off the remaining balance of Dial Thru's April 2001 convertible debenture with Global Capital while the remaining \$807,000 has been and will be used for the Company's ongoing working capital needs.

### Critical Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements include accounts of our Company and all of our majority-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the consolidated financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. The application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates.

### Revenue Recognition

Our revenues are generated at the time a customer uses our network to make a phone call. We sell our services to small and medium-sized enterprises ("SMEs") and end-users who utilize our network for international re-origination and dial thru services, and to other providers of long distance usage who utilize our network to deliver domestic and international termination of minutes to their own customers. At times, we receive payment from our customers in advance of their usage, which we record as deferred revenue, recognizing revenue as calls are made. The Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, "Revenue Recognition", provides guidance on the application of generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. We have concluded that

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our revenue recognition policy is appropriate and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and SAB No. 101.

### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reduced by an allowance for amounts that may become uncollectible in the future. All of our receivables are due from commercial enterprises and residential users in both domestic and international markets. The estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts is based primarily on our evaluation of the financial condition of the customer, and our estimation of the customer's willingness to pay amounts due. We review our credit policies on a regular basis and analyze the risk of each prospective customer individually in order to minimize our risk.

### Goodwill, Intangible and Other Long-Lived Assets

Property, plant and equipment, certain intangible and other long-lived assets are amortized over their useful lives. Useful lives are based on our estimate of the period that the assets will generate revenue. Goodwill is assessed for impairment at least annually. Goodwill and other intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

### Financing, Warrants and Amortization of Warrants and Fair Value Determination

We have traditionally financed our operations through the issuance of debt instruments that are convertible into our common stock, at conversion rates at or below the fair market value of our common stock at the time of conversion, and typically include the issuance of warrants. We have recorded these financing transactions in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force No. 00-27. Accordingly, we recognize the beneficial conversion feature imbedded in the financings and the fair value of the related warrants on the balance sheet as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized over the life of the respective debt instrument.

### Carrier Disputes

We review our vendor bills on a monthly basis and periodically dispute amounts invoiced by our carriers. We record cost of revenues excluding these disputed amounts. We review our outstanding disputes on a quarterly basis as part of the overall review of our accrued carrier costs, and adjust our liability based on management's estimate of amounts owed.

### Revenues

Our primary source of revenue is the sale of voice and fax traffic internationally over our VoIP network, which is measured in minutes, primarily to SMEs, residential users, and wholesale customers. We charge our customers a fee per minute of usage that is dependent on the destination of the call and is recognized in the period in which the call is completed.

### Expenses

Our costs of revenues are termination fees, purchased minutes and fixed costs for specific international and domestic Internet circuits and private lines used to transport our minutes. Termination fees are paid to local service providers and other international and domestic carriers to terminate calls received from our network. This traffic is measured in minutes, at a negotiated contract cost per minute.

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General and administrative expenses include salaries, payroll taxes, benefit expenses and related costs for general corporate functions, including executive management, finance and administration, legal and regulatory, information technology and human resources. Sales and marketing expenses include salaries, payroll taxes, benefits and commissions that we pay for sales personnel and advertising and marketing programs, including expenses relating to our outside public relations firms. Interest expense and financing costs relate primarily to the amortization of deferred financing fees and debt discounts on our various debt instruments.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148"), which amends SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). SFAS 148 provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require more prominent and more frequent disclosures in financial statements of the effects of stock-based compensation. We adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS 148 during February 2003. We anticipate that we will continue to apply Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". Accordingly, we believe that the adoption of this standard will have no material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - COMPARISON OF THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2003 AND 2002

#### REVENUES

For the three months ended April 30, 2003, we had revenues of \$6,013,000, a decrease of \$73,000, or 1%, over the same period in 2002. For the three months ended April 30, 2003, 44% and 56% of our revenues were derived from our retail and wholesale customers, respectively, compared to 58% and 42%, respectively, for the three months ended April 30, 2002. In absolute dollars, our wholesale revenues have increased by 33% from the three months ended April 30, 2002 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2003, while our retail revenues have decreased by 26% over the comparable period.

For the six months ended April 30, 2003, we had revenues of \$11,668,000 a decrease of \$1,005,000, or 8%, over the same period in 2002. For the six months ended April 30, 2003, 47% and 53% of our revenues were derived from our retail and wholesale customers, respectively, compared to 62% and 38%, respectively, for the six months ended April 30, 2002. In absolute dollars, our wholesale revenues have increased by 27% from the six months ended April 30, 2002 compared to the six months ended April 30, 2003, while our retail revenues have decreased by 30% over the comparable period.

The decrease in retail revenues for the three and six months ended April 30, 2003 is primarily attributable to increased competition in our largest foreign markets, including competition from the incumbent phone company in each market. The increase in wholesale revenues for the three and six months ended April 30, 2003 is attributable to additions to our wholesale sales force which focuses on developing greater wholesale opportunities. We are exploring opportunities to grow our retail business through use of our advertising credits and newspaper advertising.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct Costs: During the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we had

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total direct costs of revenues of \$4,535,000 and \$4,081,000, respectively, or 75% and 67% of revenues, respectively. During the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we had total direct costs of revenues of \$8,674,000 and \$8,627,000, respectively, or 74% and 68% of revenues, respectively. Our costs of revenues as a percentage of revenues has increased due to a decline in our retail traffic which realizes higher margins than our wholesale traffic. Costs of revenues as a percentage of revenues will fluctuate, from period to period, depending on the traffic mix between our wholesale and retail products.

**General and Administrative Expenses:** During the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we had total general and administrative expenses of \$1,415,000 and \$1,973,000, respectively, or 24% and 32% of revenues, respectively. During the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we had total general and administrative expenses of \$2,826,000 and \$3,973,000, respectively, or 24% and 31% of revenues, respectively. Included in general and administrative expenses is bad debt expense of \$18,000 and \$94,000 for the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and \$30,000 and \$414,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Bad debt expense for the six months ended April 30, 2002 is primarily attributable to non-payment from one wholesale customer. We have implemented strict credit policies and systems to closely monitor our wholesale traffic daily to reduce the risk of bad debt. We have further reduced our general and administrative costs by approximately \$330,000 and \$591,000, for the three and six months ended April 30, 2003, respectively, through the elimination of personnel and personnel related costs. We review our general and administrative expenses regularly, and continue to manage the costs accordingly to support the current and anticipated future business.

**Sales and Marketing Expenses:** During the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, sales and marketing expenses were \$273,000 and \$339,000, respectively, or 5% and 6% of revenues, respectively. During the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, sales and marketing expenses were \$586,000 and \$705,000, respectively, or 5% and 6% of revenues, respectively. A majority of our revenues are generated by outside agents or through newspaper and periodical advertising, which is managed by a small in-house sales and marketing organization. We will continue to focus our sales and marketing efforts on newspaper and periodical advertising and agent related expenses to generate additional revenues. The use of our advertising credits is expected to increase sales and marketing expenses in absolute dollars in future periods.

### DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$468,000 and \$616,000 for the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and \$967,000 and \$1,293,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Depreciation and amortization has decreased as a portion of our assets still in use have become fully depreciated, including a majority of the assets acquired from Rapid Link. A majority of our depreciation and amortization expense relates to the equipment utilized in our VoIP network.

### SALES TAX SETTLEMENT

We recorded an expense of \$350,000 during the three months ended April 30, 2003. This estimated cost is attributable to audit findings on our former parent, Canmax Retail Systems, from the State of Texas for the years 1995 to 1999. The State of Texas determined that we did not properly remit sales tax on certain transactions. Our current and former managements have filed exceptions, through our outside sales tax consultant, to the State's audit findings. (See Note 8.)

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### INTEREST EXPENSE AND FINANCING COSTS

Interest expense and financing costs were \$270,000 and \$313,000 for the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and \$647,000 and \$582,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Interest expense and financing costs are primarily attributable to the amortization of deferred financing fees and debt discounts relating to our various debt instruments.

### NET LOSS

As a result of the foregoing, for the three months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we incurred a net loss of \$1,292,000 or \$0.08 per share and \$1,240,000 or \$0.09 per share, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2003 and 2002, we incurred a net loss of \$2,374,000 or \$0.15 per share and \$2,526,000 or \$0.19 per share, respectively.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The growth model for our business is scaleable, but the rate of growth is dependent on the availability of future financing for capital resources. Our funding of additional infrastructure development will be provided through the operations of our telecommunications business and externally through debt and/or equity offerings. We plan to obtain vendor financing for any equipment needs associated with expansion. We believe that, with sufficient capital, we can significantly accelerate our growth plan. Our failure to obtain additional financing could delay the implementation of our business plan and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

At April 30, 2003, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$954,000 an increase of \$465,000 from the balance at October 31, 2002. As of April 30, 2003, we had a working capital deficit of \$9,703,000, compared to a working capital deficit of \$8,804,000 at October 31, 2002. As of April 30, 2003, our current assets of \$2,345,000 included net accounts receivable of \$1,172,000, which has decreased from the balance of \$1,370,000 at October 31, 2002 as a result of the Company implementing more stringent credit requirements during fiscal 2002.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$12,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2003, compared to \$1,103,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2002. The net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended April 30, 2003 was primarily due to a net loss of \$2,374,000 adjusted for: non-cash interest expense of \$424,000; depreciation and amortization of \$967,000; and net changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$941,000. For the six months ended April 30, 2002, the net cash used in operating activities was comprised of a net loss of \$2,526,000 adjusted for: bad debt expense of \$414,000; depreciation and amortization of \$1,293,000; non-cash interest expense of \$423,000; and net changes in operating assets and liabilities of (\$712,000).

During the six months ended April 30, 2003, net cash used in investing activities was \$160,000, compared to net cash provided by investing activities of \$1,255,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2002. The net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended April 30, 2003 is due to capital expenditures of \$160,000. For the six months ended April 30, 2002, net cash provided by investing activities is primarily attributable to a refund of a license fee previously paid on behalf of our German subsidiary of \$1,425,000 offset by capital expenditures of \$170,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended April 30, 2003, totaled \$638,000, compared to \$240,000 for the six months ended April

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30, 2002. For the six months ended April 30, 2003, significant components of net cash provided by financing activities include \$1,250,000 in net proceeds from a note payable, offset by \$443,000 in payments on convertible debentures, \$122,000 in payments on capital leases, and \$47,000 of deferred financing fees. For the six months ended April 30, 2002, the significant components of net cash provided by financing activities include \$550,000 in proceeds from the issuance of a convertible debenture, offset by \$218,000 in payments on capital leases, and \$93,000 of deferred financing fees.

We are subject to various risks in connection with the operation of our business including, among other things, (i) changes in external competitive market factors, (ii) inability to satisfy anticipated working capital or other cash requirements, (iii) changes in the availability of transmission facilities, (iv) changes in our business strategy or an inability to execute our strategy due to unanticipated changes in the market, (v) various competitive factors that may prevent us from competing successfully in the marketplace, (vi) our lack of liquidity, and (vii) our ability to raise additional capital. We have an accumulated deficit of approximately \$43.0 million as of April 30, 2003, as well as a working capital deficit of approximately \$9.7 million. Funding of our working capital deficit, current and future operating losses, and expansion will require continuing capital investment. Our strategy is to fund these cash requirements through operations, debt facilities and additional equity financing. As of the date of this report:

1. we obtained additional financing of \$1,250,000 in November 2002, a portion of which was used to fully pay the April 11, 2001 convertible debenture with Global Capital Funding Group L.P.
2. we and GCA Strategic Investment Fund Limited agreed to extend the maturity date of the January 2002 debenture from January 28, 2003 to November 8, 2004.

Although we have been able to arrange debt facilities and equity financing to date, there can be no assurance that sufficient debt or equity financing will continue to be available in the future or that it will be available on terms acceptable to us. Failure to obtain sufficient capital could materially affect the Company's operations and expansion strategies. As a result of the aforementioned factors and related uncertainties, there is doubt about our Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our current capital expenditure requirements are not significant, primarily due to the equipment acquired from Rapid Link. Our capital expenditures for the six months ended April 30, 2003 were \$160,000 and we do not anticipate significant spending for the remainder of fiscal 2003.

In April 2001, we executed a 6% convertible debenture with Global Capital Funding Group L.P, which provided financing of \$1,000,000. During November 2002, the Debenture's outstanding balance of \$443,000 was paid in full.

In October 2001, we executed 10% convertible notes (the "Notes") with three of our executives, who provided an aggregate financing of \$1,945,958. The original maturity date of each note was October 24, 2003. In January 2003, we extended the maturity date of each note to February 24, 2004. The Notes are secured by certain Company assets and are convertible into our common stock at any time prior to maturity. The conversion price is equal to the closing bid price of our common stock on the last trading day immediately preceding the conversion. We also issued to the holders of the Notes warrants to acquire an aggregate of 1,945,958 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.78 per share, which expire on October 24, 2006. In January 2002, an additional \$102,433 was added to the Notes in exchange for an existing note payable. We also issued to the holder of the Notes warrants to acquire an additional 102,433 shares of common stock at an



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exercise price of \$0.75, which expire on January 28, 2007. In July 2002, an additional \$300,000 was added to the Notes, representing incremental monies loaned by an executive. We also issued to the holder of the Notes, warrants to acquire an additional 300,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75, which expire on July 8, 2007.

In January 2002, we executed a 6% convertible debenture (the "Second Debenture") with Global Capital Funding Group L.P, which provided financing of \$550,000. The Second Debenture's original maturity date was January 28, 2003. The conversion price is equal to the lesser of (i) 100% of the volume weighted average of sales price as reported by the Bloomberg L.P. of the common stock on the last trading day immediately preceding the Closing Date ("Fixed Conversion Price") and (ii) 85% of the average of the three (3) lowest volume weighted average sales prices as reported by Bloomberg L.P. during the twenty (20) Trading Days immediately preceding but not including the date of the related Notice of Conversion ("the "Formula Conversion Price"). In an event of default the amount declared due and payable on the Second Debenture shall be at the Formula Conversion Price. We also issued to the holder of the Second Debenture warrants to acquire 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.41 per share which expire on January 28, 2007. In January 2003, we extended the maturity date of the Second Debenture to November 8, 2004. In consideration for this extension, in February 2003, we adjusted the exercise price of the previously issued warrants to \$0.21 per share and issued additional warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock also at an exercise price of \$0.21 per share, which warrants expire on February 8, 2008.

In November 2002, we executed a 12% note payable (the "GC-Note") with Global Capital Funding Group, L.P., which provided financing of \$1,250,000. The GC-Note's maturity date is November 8, 2004. The GC-Note is secured by \$1,518,267 of certain property and equipment. We also issued to the holder of the GC-Note warrants to acquire 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.14 per share, which expire on February 28, 2008.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We provide services primarily to customers located outside of the U.S. Thus, our financial results could be impacted by foreign currency exchange rates and market conditions abroad. However, the aggregate impact of any likely exchange rate fluctuations would be immaterial as most of our services are paid for in U.S. dollars. A strong dollar could make the cost of our services more expensive than the services of non-U.S. based providers in foreign markets. We have not used derivative instruments to hedge our foreign exchange risks though we may choose to do so in the future.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Within the 90 days prior to the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in this report. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless

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of how remote.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls. There have been no significant changes in our Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of the most recent evaluation.

### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On June 12, 2001, Cygnus Telecommunications Technology, LLC ("Cygnus"), filed a patent infringement suit (case no. 01-6052) in the United States District court, Central District of California, with respect to our "international reorigination" technology. The injunctive relief that Cygnus sought in this suit has been denied, but Cygnus continues to seek a license fee for the use of the technology. We believe that no license fee is required as the technology described in the patent is different from the technology used by us.

In August 2002, Cygnus filed a motion for a preliminary injunction to prevent us from providing "reorigination" services. We filed a cross motion for summary judgment of non-infringement. Both motions were denied. By July 2003, we intend to refile the motion for summary judgment for non-infringement. We intend to continue defending this case vigorously, though its ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to such legal proceeding cannot be estimated with any certainty at this time.

The State of Texas ("State") performed a sales tax audit of our former parent, Canmax Retail Systems ("Canmax"), for the years 1995 to 1999. The State determined that we did not properly remit sales tax on certain transactions, including asset purchases and software development projects that we performed for specific customers. Our current and former managements filed exceptions, through our outside sales tax consultant, to the State's audit findings, including the non taxable nature of certain transactions and the failure of the State to credit our account for sales tax remittances. In correspondence from the State in June 2003, the State agreed to consider offsetting remittances received by Canmax during the audit period. The State has refused to consider other potential offsets. Based on this correspondence, we have recorded an estimated liability of \$350,000 as of and during the quarter ended April 30, 2003.

We will continue to pursue our options to appeal the decision by the State. Furthermore, we will aggressively pursue the collection of unpaid sales taxes from former customers of Canmax.

#### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

##### (a) Exhibits:

99.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, dated June 16, 2003, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

99.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, dated June 16, 2003, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(b) The following reports on Form 8-K were filed or required to be filed for the last quarter.

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On March 6, 2003, the Company filed a Report on Form 8-K to report a change in accountants due to a merger of accounting firms. Effective March 1, 2003, King Griffin & Adamson P.C. merged with BDA&K Business Services, Inc. and formed a new entity, KBA Group LLP. The personnel that the Company has dealt with at King Griffin & Adamson P.C. are now employees of KBA Group LLP. As a result of this merger, on March 6, 2003, King Griffin & Adamson P.C. resigned to allow its successor entity, KBA Group LLP, to be engaged as the Company's independent public accountants.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DIAL THRU INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

By: /s/ Allen Sciarillo

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Allen Sciarillo  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial  
Officer (Principal Financial and Principal  
Accounting Officer)

Dated June 16, 2003

### CERTIFICATIONS

I, John Jenkins, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Dial Thru International Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls

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and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 16, 2003

/s/ John Jenkins

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John Jenkins, Chairman, Chief  
Executive Officer and President

I, Allen Sciarillo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Dial Thru International Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

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b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 16, 2003

/s/ Allen Sciarillo

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Allen Sciarillo, Chief  
Financial Officer and Executive  
Vice President