

HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS LP

Form 10-Q

July 30, 2010

**Table of Contents**

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2010**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Commission File Number: 1-32225**

**HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS, L.P.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

20-0833098

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 Crescent Court, Suite 1600

Dallas, Texas 75201-6915

(Address of principal executive offices)

(214) 871-3555

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

None

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of the registrant's outstanding common units at July 23, 2010 was 22,078,509.



HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS, L.P.  
INDEX

<b><u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>	<b>3</b>
<b><u>FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u></b>	<b>3</b>
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited, except December 31, 2009 Balance Sheet)</u>	4
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	4
<u>Consolidated Statements of Income</u>	5
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	6
<u>Consolidated Statement of Partners' Equity</u>	7
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	8
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	26
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks</u>	44
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	44
<b><u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>	<b>45</b>
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	45
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	45
<b><u>SIGNATURES</u></b>	<b>46</b>
<u>Exhibit 4.1</u>	
<u>Exhibit 4.2</u>	
<u>Exhibit 4.3</u>	
<u>Exhibit 4.4</u>	
<u>Exhibit 10.1</u>	
<u>Exhibit 10.2</u>	
<u>Exhibit 12.1</u>	
<u>Exhibit 31.1</u>	
<u>Exhibit 31.2</u>	
<u>Exhibit 32.1</u>	
<u>Exhibit 32.2</u>	

**Table of Contents**

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q, including, but not limited to, those under Results of Operations and Liquidity and Capital Resources in Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I are forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements use words such as anticipate, project, expect, plan, goal, forecast, intend, could, or similar expressions and statements regarding our plans and objectives for future operations. These statements are based on our beliefs and assumptions and those of our general partner using currently available information and expectations as of the date hereof, are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties. Although we and our general partner believe that such expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, neither we nor our general partner can give assurance that our expectations will prove to be correct. Such statements are subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, projected or expected. Certain factors could cause actual results to differ materially from results anticipated in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- risks and uncertainties with respect to the actual quantities of petroleum products and crude oil shipped on our pipelines and/or terminalled in our terminals;
- the economic viability of Holly Corporation, Alon USA, Inc. and our other customers;
- the demand for refined petroleum products in markets we serve;
- our ability to successfully purchase and integrate additional operations in the future;
- our ability to complete previously announced or contemplated acquisitions;
- the availability and cost of additional debt and equity financing;
- the possibility of reductions in production or shutdowns at refineries utilizing our pipeline and terminal facilities;
- the effects of current and future government regulations and policies;
- our operational efficiency in carrying out routine operations and capital construction projects;
- the possibility of terrorist attacks and the consequences of any such attacks;
- general economic conditions; and
- other financial, operations and legal risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

Cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are set forth in this Form 10-Q, including without limitation, the forward-looking statements that are referred to above. When considering forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 in Risk Factors and in this Form 10-Q in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. All forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q and all subsequent written or oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made and, other than as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

**Table of Contents****Item 1. Financial Statements****Holly Energy Partners, L.P.  
Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	<b>June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
	(In thousands, except unit data)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,806	\$ 2,508
Accounts receivable:		
Trade	6,389	4,693
Affiliates	16,699	14,074
	23,088	18,767
Prepaid and other current assets	939	739
Current assets of discontinued operations		2,195
Total current assets	26,833	24,209
Properties and equipment, net	430,250	398,044
Transportation agreements, net	111,963	115,436
Goodwill	49,109	49,109
Investment in SLC Pipeline	25,819	25,919
Other assets	1,842	4,128
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 645,816</b>	<b>\$ 616,845</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable:		
Trade	\$ 3,488	\$ 3,860
Affiliates	2,852	2,351
	6,340	6,211
Accrued interest	7,688	2,863
Deferred revenue	10,923	8,402
Accrued property taxes	990	1,072
Other current liabilities	601	1,257
Total current liabilities	26,542	19,805
Long-term debt	487,479	390,827
Other long-term liabilities	11,984	12,349

**Partners equity:**

Common unitholders (22,078,509 units and 21,141,009 units issued and outstanding at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively)	274,564	275,553
Class B subordinated unitholders (937,500 units issued and outstanding at December 31, 2009)		21,426
General partner interest (2% interest)	(143,631)	(93,974)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(11,122)	(9,141)
Total partners equity	119,811	193,864
<b>Total liabilities and partners equity</b>	<b>\$ 645,816</b>	<b>\$ 616,845</b>

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

**Holly Energy Partners, L.P.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Income**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands, except per unit data)			
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Affiliates	\$ 37,079	\$ 25,064	\$ 70,676	\$ 43,387
Third parties	8,404	12,935	15,503	23,944
	45,483	37,999	86,179	67,331
<b>Operating costs and expenses:</b>				
Operations	13,495	10,631	26,555	20,973
Depreciation and amortization	7,591	6,613	14,801	12,629
General and administrative	1,913	1,797	4,476	3,131
	22,999	19,041	45,832	36,733
Operating income	22,484	18,958	40,347	30,598
<b>Other income (expense):</b>				
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline	544	423	1,025	598
SLC Pipeline acquisition costs				(2,500)
Interest income	2	2	5	8
Interest expense	(9,549)	(4,404)	(17,093)	(9,807)
Other		65	(7)	65
	(9,003)	(3,914)	(16,070)	(11,636)
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes</b>	13,481	15,044	24,277	18,962
State income tax	(46)	(93)	(140)	(166)
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	13,435	14,951	24,137	18,796
Income from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest of \$427 and \$922, respectively		1,441		3,035
<b>Net income</b>	13,435	16,392	24,137	21,831



Less general partner interest in net income, Including incentive distributions	2,909	1,849	5,555	3,142
<b>Limited partners interest in net income</b>	<b>\$ 10,526</b>	<b>\$ 14,543</b>	<b>\$ 18,582</b>	<b>\$ 18,689</b>
<b>Limited partners per unit interest in earnings basic and diluted:</b>				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.92
Income from discontinued operations		0.08		0.18
Net income	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.10
<b>Weighted average limited partners units outstanding</b>	<b>22,079</b>	<b>17,789</b>	<b>22,079</b>	<b>17,058</b>

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

**Holly Energy Partners, L.P.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009<sup>(1)</sup></b>
	(In thousands)	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income	\$ 24,137	\$ 21,831
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	14,801	13,109
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline, net of distributions	100	(598)
Change in fair value interest rate swaps	1,464	(628)
Noncontrolling interest in earnings of Rio Grande Pipeline Company		922
Amortization of restricted and performance units	1,339	417
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		
Accounts receivable trade	(1,696)	278
Accounts receivable affiliates	(2,625)	719
Prepaid and other current assets	(200)	(234)
Current assets of discontinued operations	2,195	
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Accounts payable trade	(372)	1,258
Accounts payable affiliates	501	(156)
Accrued interest	4,825	26
Deferred revenue	2,521	(4,669)
Accrued property taxes	(82)	(119)
Other current liabilities	(656)	(447)
Other, net	(1,066)	541
 Net cash provided by operating activities	 45,186	 32,250
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Additions to properties and equipment	(4,487)	(21,826)
Acquisition of assets from Holly Corporation	(39,040)	(34,200)
Investment in SLC Pipeline		(25,500)
 Net cash used for investing activities	 (43,527)	 (81,526)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Borrowings under credit agreement	39,000	99,000
Repayments of credit agreement borrowings	(90,000)	(81,000)
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	147,540	
Proceeds from issuance of common units		58,355
Contribution from general partner		1,191
Distributions to HEP unitholders	(41,312)	(27,968)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest		(600)
	(53,960)	

Purchase price in excess of transferred basis in assets acquired from Holly Corporation		
Purchase of units for restricted grants	(2,276)	(616)
Deferred financing costs	(353)	
Cost of issuing common units		(160)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(1,361)	48,202
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Increase (decrease) for the period	298	(1,074)
Beginning of period	2,508	5,269
<b>End of period</b>	\$ 2,806	\$ 4,195

(1) Includes cash flows attributable to discontinued operations.

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

**Holly Energy Partners, L.P.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Partners Equity**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Common Units</b>	<b>Class B Subordinated Units</b>	<b>General Partner Interest</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>Total</b>
			(In thousands)		
Balance December 31, 2009	\$ 275,553	\$ 21,426	\$ (93,974)	\$ (9,141)	\$ 193,864
Conversion of Class B subordinated units to common units	20,588	(20,588)			
Distributions to partners	(38,966)	(1,519)	(827)		(41,312)
Purchase price in excess of transferred basis in assets acquired from Holly Corporation			(53,960)		(53,960)
Purchase of units for restricted grants	(2,276)				(2,276)
Amortization of restricted and performance units	1,339				1,339
Comprehensive income:					
Net income	18,326	681	5,130		24,137
Other comprehensive loss				(1,981)	(1,981)
Comprehensive income	18,326	681	5,130	(1,981)	22,156
Balance June 30, 2010	\$ 274,564	\$	\$ (143,631)	\$ (11,122)	\$ 119,811

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)**

**Note 1: Description of Business and Presentation of Financial Statements**

Holly Energy Partners, L.P. ( HEP ) together with its consolidated subsidiaries, is a publicly held master limited partnership, currently 34% owned (including the 2% general partner interest) by Holly Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, Holly ). We commenced operations on July 13, 2004 upon the completion of our initial public offering. In these consolidated financial statements, the words we, our, ours and us refer to HEP unless context otherwise indicates.

We operate in one business segment the operation of petroleum product and crude oil pipelines and terminals, tankage and loading rack facilities.

We own and operate petroleum product and crude oil pipeline and terminal, tankage and loading rack facilities that support Holly s refining and marketing operations in west Texas, New Mexico, Utah, Oklahoma, Idaho and Arizona. We also own and operate refined product pipelines and terminals, located primarily in Texas, that service Alon USA, Inc. s ( Alon ) refinery in Big Spring, Texas. Additionally, we own a 25% joint venture interest in a 95-mile intrastate crude oil pipeline system (the SLC Pipeline ) that serves refineries in the Salt Lake City area.

We generate revenues by charging tariffs for transporting petroleum products and crude oil through our pipelines, by charging fees for terminalling refined products and other hydrocarbons and storing and providing other services at our storage tanks and terminals. We do not take ownership of products that we transport, terminal or store, and therefore, we are not directly exposed to changes in commodity prices.

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC ). The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of our results for the interim periods. Such adjustments are considered to be of a normal recurring nature. Although certain notes and other information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted, we believe that the disclosures in these consolidated financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that will be realized for the year ending December 31, 2010.

**Note 2: Discontinued Operations**

On December 1, 2009, we sold our 70% interest in Rio Grande Pipeline Company ( Rio Grande ) to a subsidiary of Enterprise Products Partners LP for \$35 million. Accordingly, results of operations of Rio Grande are presented in discontinued operations.

In accounting for the sale, we recorded a gain of \$14.5 million and a receivable of \$2.2 million, representing our final distribution from Rio Grande. Our recorded net asset balance of Rio Grande at December 1, 2009, was \$22.7 million, consisting of cash of \$3.1 million, \$29.9 million in properties and equipment, net and \$10.3 million in equity, representing BP, Plc s 30% noncontrolling interest.

Cash flows from continuing and discontinued operations have been combined for presentation purposes in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, net cash flows from our discontinued Rio Grande operations were \$4.1 million.

**Table of Contents**

**Note 3: Acquisitions**

**2010 Acquisitions**

***Tulsa East / Lovington Storage Asset Transaction***

On March 31, 2010, we acquired from Holly certain storage assets for \$88.6 million consisting of hydrocarbon storage tanks having approximately 2 million barrels of storage capacity, a rail loading rack and a truck unloading rack located at Holly's Tulsa refinery east facility.

In connection with this purchase, we amended our 15-year pipeline, tankage and loading rack throughput agreement with Holly (the Holly PTTA) that initially pertained to the logistics and storage assets acquired from an affiliate of Sinclair Oil Company (Sinclair) in December 2009. Under the amended Holly PTTA, Holly has agreed to transport, throughput and load volumes of product through our Tulsa east facility logistics and storage assets that will result in minimum annualized revenues to us of \$27.2 million.

Also, as part of this same transaction, we acquired Holly's asphalt loading rack facility located at its Navajo refinery facility in Lovington, New Mexico for \$4.4 million and entered into a 15-year asphalt facility throughput agreement (the Holly ATA). Under the Holly ATA, Holly has agreed to throughput a minimum volume of products via our Lovington asphalt loading rack facility that will result in minimum annualized revenues to us of \$0.5 million.

We are a controlled subsidiary of Holly. In accounting for these March 2010 acquisitions from Holly, we recorded total property and equipment at Holly's cost basis of \$39 million and the purchase price in excess of Holly's basis in the assets of \$54 million as a decrease to our partners' equity.

**2009 Acquisitions**

***Sinclair Logistics and Storage Assets Transaction***

On December 1, 2009, we acquired from Sinclair storage tanks having approximately 1.4 million barrels of storage capacity and loading racks at its refinery located in Tulsa, Oklahoma for \$79.2 million. The purchase price consisted of \$25.7 million in cash, including \$4.2 million in taxes and 1,373,609 of our common units having a fair value of \$53.5 million. Separately, Holly, also a party to the transaction, acquired Sinclair's Tulsa refinery.

With respect to this purchase, we recorded \$30.2 million in properties and equipment, \$49.1 million in goodwill and \$0.2 million in other long-term liabilities. The value of the acquired assets, which does not include goodwill, is based on management's fair value estimates using a cost approach methodology.

***Roadrunner / Beeson Pipelines Transaction***

Also on December 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly two newly constructed pipelines for \$46.5 million, consisting of a 65-mile, 16-inch crude oil pipeline (the Roadrunner Pipeline) that connects the Navajo refinery Lovington facility to a terminus of Centurion Pipeline L.P.'s pipeline extending between west Texas and Cushing, Oklahoma and a 37-mile, 8-inch crude oil pipeline that connects our New Mexico crude oil gathering system to the Navajo refinery Lovington facility (the Beeson Pipeline).

***Tulsa West Loading Racks Transaction***

On August 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly certain truck and rail loading/unloading facilities located at Holly's Tulsa refinery west facility for \$17.5 million. The racks load refined products and lube oils produced at the Tulsa refinery onto rail cars and/or tanker trucks.

***Lovington-Artesia Pipeline Transaction***

On June 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly a newly constructed 16-inch intermediate pipeline for \$34.2 million that runs 65 miles from the Navajo refinery's crude oil distillation and vacuum facilities in Lovington, New Mexico to its petroleum refinery located in Artesia, New Mexico.

**Table of Contents**

The Roadrunner and Beeson Pipelines, loading rack facilities and 16-inch intermediate pipeline discussed above were recorded at \$95.1 million, representing Holly's cost basis in the transferred assets. The \$3.1 million purchase price in excess of Holly's basis in the assets was recorded as a decrease to our partners' equity.

***SLC Pipeline Joint Venture Interest***

On March 1, 2009, we acquired a 25% joint venture interest in the SLC Pipeline, a new 95-mile intrastate pipeline system that we jointly own with Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. (Plains). The total cost of our investment in the SLC Pipeline was \$28 million, consisting of the capitalized \$25.5 million joint venture contribution and the \$2.5 million finder's fee paid to Holly that was expensed as acquisition costs.

**Note 4: Financial Instruments**

Our financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, debt and an interest rate swap. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Our debt consists of outstanding principal under our revolving credit agreement (the Credit Agreement), our 6.25% senior notes due 2015 (the 6.25% Senior Notes) and our 8.25% senior notes due 2018 (the 8.25% Senior Notes). The \$155 million carrying amount of outstanding debt under our Credit Agreement at June 30, 2010, approximates fair value as interest rates are reset frequently using current rates. The estimated fair values of our 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes were \$173.9 million and \$148.5 million, respectively, at June 30, 2010. These fair value estimates are based on market quotes provided from a third-party bank. See Note 8 for additional information on these instruments.

***Fair Value Measurements***

Fair value measurements are derived using inputs, assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) categorizes inputs used in fair value measurements into three broad levels as follows:

(Level 1) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

(Level 2) Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active or can be corroborated by observable market data.

(Level 3) Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes valuation techniques that involve significant unobservable inputs.

We have an interest rate swap that is measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs that as of June 30, 2010 had a fair value of \$11.1 million. With respect to this instrument, fair value is based on the net present value of expected future cash flows related to both variable and fixed rate legs of our interest rate swap agreement. Our measurement is computed using the forward London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) yield curve, a market-based observable input. See Note 8 for additional information on our interest rate swap.

**Table of Contents****Note 5: Properties and Equipment**

	<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
	(In thousands)	
Pipelines and terminals <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 495,321	\$ 455,075
Land and right of way	25,247	25,230
Other	13,411	12,528
Construction in progress	12,775	10,484
	546,754	503,317
Less accumulated depreciation	116,504	105,273
	\$ 430,250	\$ 398,044

(1) We periodically evaluate estimated useful lives of our properties and equipment. Effective January 1, 2010, we have revised the estimated useful lives of our terminal assets to 16 to 25 years. This change in estimated useful lives resulted in a \$1.5 million reduction in depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

We capitalized \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million in interest related to major construction projects during the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

**Note 6: Transportation Agreements**

Our transportation agreements consist of the following:

The Alon pipelines and terminals agreement (the Alon PTA ) represents a portion of the total purchase price of the Alon assets that was allocated based on an estimated fair value derived under an income approach.

This asset is being amortized over 30 years ending 2035, the 15-year initial term of the Alon PTA plus the expected 15-year extension period.



The Holly crude pipelines and tankage agreement (the Holly CPTA ) represents a portion of the total purchase price of certain crude pipelines and tankage assets acquired from Holly in 2008 that was allocated using a fair value based on the agreement's expected contribution to our future earnings under an income approach. This asset is being amortized over 15 years ending 2023, the 15-year term of the Holly CPTA.

The carrying amounts of our transportation agreements are as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
	(In thousands)	
Alon transportation agreement	\$ 59,933	\$ 59,933
Holly crude pipelines and tankage agreement	74,231	74,231
	134,164	134,164
Less accumulated amortization	22,201	18,728
	<b>\$ 111,963</b>	<b>\$ 115,436</b>

We have additional transportation agreements with Holly that relate to pipeline, terminal and tankage assets contributed to us or acquired from Holly. These transfers occurred while under common control of Holly, therefore, our basis in these assets reflect Holly's historical cost and does not reflect a step-up in basis to fair value. These agreements have a recorded value of zero.

In addition, we have an agreement to provide transportation and storage services to Holly via our Tulsa logistics and storage assets acquired from Sinclair. Since this agreement is with Holly and not between Sinclair and us, there is no cost attributable to this agreement.

**Table of Contents****Note 7: Employees, Retirement and Incentive Plans**

Employees who provide direct services to us are employed by Holly Logistic Services, L.L.C., a Holly subsidiary. Their costs, including salaries, bonuses, payroll taxes, benefits and other direct costs are charged to us monthly in accordance with an omnibus agreement that we have with Holly. These employees participate in the retirement and benefit plans of Holly. Our share of retirement and benefit plan costs was \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

We have adopted an incentive plan ( Long-Term Incentive Plan ) for employees, consultants and non-employee directors who perform services for us. The Long-Term Incentive Plan consists of four components: restricted units, performance units, unit options and unit appreciation rights.

As of June 30, 2010, we have two types of equity-based compensation, which are described below. The compensation cost charged against income for these plans was \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$1.3 million and \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We currently purchase units in the open market instead of issuing new units for settlement of restricted unit grants. At June 30, 2010, 350,000 units were authorized to be granted under the equity-based compensation plans, of which 175,289 had not yet been granted.

**Restricted Units**

Under our Long-Term Incentive Plan, we grant restricted units to selected employees and directors who perform services for us, with vesting generally over a period of one to five years. Although full ownership of the units does not transfer to the recipients until the units vest, the recipients have distribution and voting rights on these units from the date of grant. The fair value of each restricted unit award is measured at the market price as of the date of grant and is amortized over the vesting period.

A summary of restricted unit activity and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2010 is presented below:

<b>Restricted Units</b>	<b>Grants</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)</b>
Outstanding at January 1, 2010 (nonvested)	53,271	\$ 34.31		
Granted	31,355	42.59		
Vesting and transfer of full ownership to recipients	(34,645)	38.94		
Forfeited	(1,226)	34.28		
Outstanding at June 30, 2010 (nonvested)	48,755	\$ 36.35	0.9 year	\$ 2,136

The fair value of restricted units that were vested and transferred to recipients during the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were \$1.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2010, there was \$0.6 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested restricted unit grants. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.9 year.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we paid \$2.3 million for the purchase of 53,952 of our common units in the open market for the recipients of our restricted unit grants.

**Performance Units**

Under our Long-Term Incentive Plan, we grant performance units to selected executives who perform services for us. Performance units granted in 2010 are payable based upon the growth in our distributable cash flow per common unit over the performance period, and vest over a period of three years. Performance units granted in 2009 and 2008 are payable based upon the growth in distributions on our common units during the requisite period, and vest over a period of three years. As of June 30, 2010, estimated share payouts for outstanding nonvested performance unit

awards ranged from 110% to 120%.

**Table of Contents**

We granted 16,965 performance units to certain officers in March 2010. These units will vest over a three-year performance period ending December 31, 2012 and are payable in HEP common units. The number of units actually earned will be based on the growth of our distributable cash flow per common unit over the performance period, and can range from 50% to 150% of the number of performance units granted. The fair value of these performance units is based on the grant date closing unit price of \$42.59 and will apply to the number of units ultimately awarded.

A summary of performance unit activity and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2010 is presented below:

<b>Performance Units</b>	<b>Payable In Units</b>
Outstanding at January 1, 2010 (nonvested)	54,771
Vesting and transfer of common units to recipients	(11,785)
Granted	16,965
Forfeited	(536)
Outstanding at June 30, 2010 (nonvested)	59,415

The fair value of performance units vested and transferred to recipients during the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. Based on the weighted average fair value at June 30, 2010 of \$32.97, there was \$1.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested performance units. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.5 years.

**Note 8: Debt****Credit Agreement**

We have a \$300 million senior secured revolving Credit Agreement expiring in August 2011. The Credit Agreement is available to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions, and working capital and for general partnership purposes. In addition, the Credit Agreement is available to fund letters of credit up to a \$50 million sub-limit and to fund distributions to unitholders up to a \$20 million sub-limit. Advances under the Credit Agreement that are designated for working capital are classified as short-term liabilities. Other advances under the Credit Agreement, including advances used for the financing of capital projects, are classified as long-term liabilities. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we received advances totaling \$39 million and repaid \$90 million, resulting in the net repayment of \$51 million in advances. As of June 30, 2010, we had \$155 million outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are collateralized by substantially all of our assets. Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement is recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P., our general partner, and guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Any recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P. would be limited to the extent of its assets, which other than its investment in us, are not significant.

We may prepay all loans at any time without penalty, except for payment of certain breakage and related costs. We are required to reduce all working capital borrowings under the Credit Agreement to zero for a period of at least 15 consecutive days in each twelve-month period prior to the maturity date of the agreement. As of June 30, 2010, we had no working capital borrowings.

Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement bears interest, at our option, at either (a) the reference rate as announced by the administrative agent plus an applicable margin (ranging from 0.25% to 1.50%) or (b) at a rate equal to LIBOR plus an applicable margin (ranging from 1.00% to 2.50%). In each case, the applicable margin is based upon the ratio of our funded debt (as defined in the Credit Agreement) to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as defined in the Credit Agreement). At June 30, 2010, we were subject to an applicable margin of 1.75%. We incur a commitment fee on the unused portion of the Credit Agreement at a rate ranging from 0.20% to 0.50% based upon the ratio of our funded debt to EBITDA for the four most recently completed fiscal quarters. At June 30, 2010, we are subject to a .30% commitment fee on the \$145 million unused portion of the Credit Agreement. The agreement expires in August 2011. At that time, the agreement will terminate and all outstanding amounts thereunder will become due and payable.



**Table of Contents**

The Credit Agreement imposes certain requirements on us, including: a prohibition against distribution to unitholders if, before or after the distribution, a potential default or an event of default as defined in the agreement would occur; limitations on our ability to incur debt, make loans, acquire other companies, change the nature of our business, enter a merger or consolidation, or sell assets; and covenants that require maintenance of a specified EBITDA to interest expense ratio and debt to EBITDA ratio. If an event of default exists under the Credit Agreement, the lenders will be able to accelerate the maturity of the debt and exercise other rights and remedies.

Additionally, the Credit Agreement contains certain provisions whereby the lenders may accelerate payment of outstanding debt under certain circumstances.

**Senior Notes**

In March 2010, we issued \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.25% Senior Notes maturing March 15, 2018. A portion of the \$147.5 million in net proceeds received was used to fund our \$93 million purchase of the Tulsa and Lovington storage assets from Holly on March 31, 2010. Additionally, we used a portion to repay \$42 million in outstanding Credit Agreement borrowings, with the remaining proceeds available for general partnership purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures.

Our 6.25% Senior Notes having an aggregate principal amount of \$185 million mature March 1, 2015 and are registered with the SEC. The 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes (collectively, the Senior Notes) are unsecured and impose certain restrictive covenants, which we are subject to and currently in compliance with, including limitations on our ability to incur additional indebtedness, make investments, sell assets, incur certain liens, pay distributions, enter into transactions with affiliates, and enter into mergers. At any time when the Senior Notes are rated investment grade by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's and no default or event of default exists, we will not be subject to many of the foregoing covenants. Additionally, we have certain redemption rights under the Senior Notes. Indebtedness under the Senior Notes is recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P., our general partner, and guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiaries. However, any recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P. would be limited to the extent of its assets, which other than its investment in us, are not significant.

The carrying amounts of our long-term debt are as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
	(In thousands)	
Credit Agreement	\$ 155,000	\$ 206,000
6.25% Senior Notes		
Principal	185,000	185,000
Unamortized discount	(1,774)	(1,964)
Unamortized premium	1,617	1,791
dedesignated fair value hedge		
	184,843	184,827
8.25% Senior Notes		
Principal	150,000	
Unamortized discount	(2,364)	
	147,636	
Total long-term debt	\$ 487,479	\$ 390,827



**Table of Contents****Interest Rate Risk Management**

We use interest rate swaps (derivative instruments) to manage our exposure to interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2010, we have an interest rate swap that hedges our exposure to the cash flow risk caused by the effects of LIBOR changes on a \$155 million Credit Agreement advance. This interest rate swap effectively converts \$155 million of LIBOR based debt to fixed rate debt having an interest rate of 3.74% plus an applicable margin, currently 1.75%, which equals an effective interest rate of 5.49% as of June 30, 2010. The maturity date of this swap contract is February 28, 2013.

We have designated this interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge. Based on our assessment of effectiveness using the change in variable cash flows method, we have determined that this interest rate swap is effective in offsetting the variability in interest payments on our \$155 million variable rate debt resulting from changes in LIBOR. Under hedge accounting, we adjust our cash flow hedge on a quarterly basis to its fair value with the offsetting fair value adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income. Also on a quarterly basis, we measure hedge effectiveness by comparing the present value of the cumulative change in the expected future interest to be paid or received on the variable leg of our swap against the expected future interest payments on our \$155 million variable rate debt. Any ineffectiveness is reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense. To date, we have had no ineffectiveness on our cash flow hedge.

In May 2010, we repaid \$16 million of our Credit Agreement debt and also settled a corresponding portion of our interest rate swap agreement having a notional amount of \$16 million for \$1.1 million. Upon payment, we reduced our swap liability and reclassified a \$1.1 million charge from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense, representing the application of hedge accounting prior to settlement.

Additional information on our interest rate swap as of June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Interest Rate Swap		Balance	Fair Value	Location of	Offsetting
		Sheet		Offsetting	
		Location		Balance	
(In thousands)					
<b>Liability</b>					
Cash flow hedge	\$155 million LIBOR based	Other		Accumulated other	
debt		long-term	\$ 11,122	comprehensive loss	\$ 11,122
		liabilities			

In the first quarter of 2010, we settled two interest rate swaps. We had an interest rate swap contract that effectively converted interest expense associated with \$60 million of our 6.25% Senior Notes from fixed to variable rate debt ( Variable Rate Swap ). We had an additional interest rate swap contract that effectively unwound the effects of the Variable Rate Swap, converting \$60 million of the previously hedged long-term debt back to fixed rate debt ( Fixed Rate Swap ), effectively fixing interest at a 4.75% rate. Upon settlement of the Variable Rate and Fixed Rate Swaps, we received \$1.9 million and paid \$3.6 million, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2010, we recognized a \$1.5 million charge to interest expense as a result of fair value adjustments to our interest rate swaps. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, fair value adjustments resulted in a \$0.6 million decrease to interest expense.

We have a deferred hedge premium that relates to the application of hedge accounting to the Variable Rate Swap prior to its hedge dedesignation in 2008. This deferred hedge premium having a balance of \$1.6 million at June 30, 2010, is being amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the 6.25% Senior Notes.



**Table of Contents****Interest Expense and Other Debt Information**

Interest expense consists of the following components:

	<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>June 30, 2009</b>
	(In thousands)	
Interest on outstanding debt:		
Credit Agreement, net of interest on interest rate swap	\$ 4,726	\$ 5,260
6.25% Senior Notes, net of interest on interest rate swaps	5,623	5,338
8.25% Senior Notes	3,816	
Partial settlement of interest rate swap cash flow hedge	1,076	
Net fair value adjustments to interest rate swaps	1,464	(628)
Net amortization of discount and deferred debt issuance costs	458	353
Commitment fees	177	145
 Total interest incurred	 17,340	 10,468
 Less capitalized interest	 247	 661
 Net interest expense	 \$ 17,093	 \$ 9,807
 Cash paid for interest <sup>(1)</sup>	 \$ 14,192	 \$ 11,836

(1) Net of cash received under our interest rate swap agreements of \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

**Note 9: Significant Customers**

All revenues are domestic revenues, of which ninety-six percent are currently generated from our two largest customers: Holly and Alon. The major concentration of our petroleum product and crude oil pipeline systems revenues is derived from activities conducted in the southwest United States.

The following table presents the percentage of total revenues from continuing operations generated by each of these customers:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
Holly	82%	66%	82%	64%
Alon	14%	29%	14%	30%

**Note 10: Related Party Transactions****Holly and Alon Agreements**

We serve Holly's refineries in New Mexico, Utah and Oklahoma under the following long-term pipeline and terminal, tankage and throughput agreements:

Holly PTA (pipelines and terminals throughput agreement expiring in 2019 that relates to the pipelines and terminal assets contributed to us by Holly upon our initial public offering in 2004);

Holly IPA (intermediate pipelines throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the intermediate pipelines acquired from Holly in 2005 and 2009);

Holly CPTA (crude pipelines and tankage throughput agreement expiring in 2023 that relates to the crude pipelines and tankage assets acquired from Holly in 2008);

Holly PTTA (pipeline, tankage and loading rack throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Tulsa east storage tank and loading rack facilities acquired from Sinclair in 2009 and from Holly in March 2010);

**Table of Contents**

Holly RPA (pipeline throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Roadrunner Pipeline acquired from Holly in 2009);

Holly ETA (equipment and throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Tulsa west loading rack facilities acquired from Holly in 2009); and

Holly ATA (loading rack throughput agreement expiring in 2025 that relates to the Lovington asphalt loading rack facility acquired from Holly in March 2010).

Under these agreements, Holly agreed to transport, store and throughput volumes of refined product and crude oil on our pipelines and terminal, tankage and loading rack facilities that result in minimum annual payments to us. These minimum annual payments or revenues will be adjusted each year at a percentage change based upon the change in the Producer Price Index ( PPI ) but will not decrease as a result of a decrease in the PPI. Under these agreements, the agreed upon tariff rates are adjusted each year on July 1 at a rate based upon the percentage change in the PPI or the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ( FERC ) index, but with the exception of the Holly IPA, generally will not decrease as a result of a decrease in the PPI or FERC index. The FERC index is the change in the PPI plus a FERC adjustment factor that is reviewed periodically. Following the July 1, 2010 PPI adjustment, these agreements with Holly will result in minimum annualized payments to us of \$132.4 million.

We also have a pipelines and terminals agreement with Alon expiring in 2020 under which Alon has agreed to transport on our pipelines and throughput through our terminals volumes of refined products that result in a minimum level of annual revenue. The agreed upon tariff rates are increased or decreased annually at a rate equal to the percentage change in PPI, but not below the initial tariff rate. Following the March 1, 2010 PPI adjustment, Alon's minimum annualized commitment to us is \$22.7 million.

If Holly or Alon fails to meet their minimum volume commitments under the agreements in any quarter, it will be required to pay us in cash the amount of any shortfall by the last day of the month following the end of the quarter. A shortfall payment under the Holly PTA, Holly IPA and Alon PTA may be applied as a credit in the following four quarters after minimum obligations are met.

We entered into an omnibus agreement with Holly in 2004 that Holly and we have amended and restated several times in connection with our past acquisitions from Holly with the last amendment and restatement occurring on March 31, 2010 (the Omnibus Agreement ). Under certain provisions of the Omnibus Agreement, we pay Holly an annual administrative fee, currently \$2.3 million, for the provision by Holly or its affiliates of various general and administrative services to us. This fee does not include the salaries of pipeline and terminal personnel or the cost of their employee benefits, which are separately charged to us by Holly. Also, we reimburse Holly and its affiliates for direct expenses they incur on our behalf.

Related party transactions with Holly are as follows:

Revenues received from Holly were \$37.1 million and \$25.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$70.7 million and \$43.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Holly charged general and administrative services under the Omnibus Agreement of \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 and \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

We reimbursed Holly for costs of employees supporting our operations of \$4.6 million and \$4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$8.8 million and \$8.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

We paid Holly a \$2.5 million finder's fee in connection the acquisition of our 25% joint venture interest in the SLC Pipeline in the first quarter of 2009.

**Table of Contents**

We distributed \$8.8 million and \$7.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, to Holly as regular distributions on its common units, subordinated units and general partner interest, including general partner incentive distributions. We distributed \$17.4 million and \$14 million during the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Accounts receivable from Holly were \$16.7 million and \$14.1 million at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Accounts payable to Holly were \$2.9 million and \$2.4 million at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Holly failed to meet its minimum volume commitment for each of the twenty quarters since inception of the Holly IPA. Through June 30, 2010, we have charged Holly \$12.4 million for these shortfalls of which \$0.7 million is included in affiliate accounts receivable at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

Revenues for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2010 include \$0.5 million and \$2.3 million of shortfalls billed under the Holly IPA in 2009 as Holly did not exceed its minimum volume commitment in any of the subsequent four quarters. Deferred revenue in the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, includes \$3.2 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, relating to the Holly IPA. It is possible that Holly may not exceed its minimum obligations under the Holly IPA to allow Holly to receive credit for any of the \$3.2 million deferred at June 30, 2010.

We acquired the Tulsa east and Lovington storage assets, Roadrunner and Beeson Pipelines, Tulsa loading racks and a 16-inch intermediate pipeline from Holly in March 2010, December 2009, August 2009 and June 2009, respectively. See Note 3 for a description of these transactions.

Alon became a related party when it acquired all of our Class B subordinated units in connection with our acquisition of assets from them in February 2005. In May 2010, all of the conditions necessary to end the subordination period for the 937,500 Class B subordinated units originally issued to Alon were met and the units were converted into our common units on a one-for-one basis.

Related party transactions with Alon are as follows:

Revenues received from Alon were \$4.6 million and \$9.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$8.5 million and \$17 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively under the Alon PTA. Additionally, revenues received under a pipeline capacity lease agreement with Alon were \$1.6 million and \$1.7 million for three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$3.2 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

We distributed \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, to Alon for distributions on its units. Accounts receivable trade include receivable balances from Alon of \$4.5 million at June 30, 2010 and \$4 million at December 31, 2009.

Revenues for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2010 include \$1.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, of shortfalls billed under the Alon PTA in 2010, as Alon did not exceed its minimum revenue obligation in any of the subsequent four quarters. Deferred revenue in the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 includes \$7.8 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, relating to the Alon PTA. It is possible that Alon may not exceed its minimum obligations under the Alon PTA to allow Alon to receive credit for any of the \$7.8 million deferred at June 30, 2010.

**Table of Contents****Note 11: Partners Equity**

Holly currently holds 7,290,000 of our common units and the 2% general partner interest, which together constitutes a 34% ownership interest in us.

**Issuances of units**

We issued 1,373,609 of our common units having a value of \$53.5 million to Sinclair as partial consideration of our total \$79.2 million purchase of Sinclair's Tulsa logistics assets in December 2009.

We issued in a public offering 2,185,000 of our common units priced at \$35.78 per unit in November 2009. Aggregate net proceeds of \$74.9 million were used to fund the cash portion of our December 2009 asset acquisitions, to repay outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement and for general partnership purposes.

Additionally, we issued in a public offering 2,192,400 of our common units priced at \$27.80 per unit in May 2009. Net proceeds of \$58.4 million were used to repay outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement and for general partnership purposes.

We received aggregate capital contributions of \$3.8 million from our general partner to maintain its 2% general partner interest concurrent with the 2009 common unit issuances described above.

Under our registration statement filed with the SEC using a shelf registration process, we currently have the ability to raise \$860 million through security offerings, through one or more prospectus supplements that would describe, among other things, the specific amounts, prices and terms of any securities offered and how the proceeds would be used. Any proceeds from the sale of securities would be used for general business purposes, which may include, among other things, funding acquisitions of assets or businesses, working capital, capital expenditures, investments in subsidiaries, the retirement of existing debt and/or the repurchase of common units or other securities.

**Allocations of Net Income**

Net income attributable to Holly Energy Partners, L.P. is allocated between limited partners and the general partner interest in accordance with the provisions of the partnership agreement. HEP net income allocated to the general partner includes incentive distributions that are declared subsequent to quarter end. After the amount of incentive distributions is allocated to the general partner, the remaining net income attributable to HEP is generally allocated to the partners based on their weighted-average ownership percentage during the period.

The following table presents the allocation of the general partner interest in net income:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands, except per unit data)			
General partner interest in net income	\$ 220	\$ 304	\$ 388	\$ 392
General partner incentive distribution	2,689	1,545	5,167	2,750
Total general partner interest in net income attributable to HEP	\$ 2,909	\$ 1,849	\$ 5,555	\$ 3,142

**Cash Distributions**

Our general partner, HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P., is entitled to incentive distributions if the amount we distribute with respect to any quarter exceeds specified target levels.

On July 23, 2010, we announced our cash distribution for the first quarter of 2010 of \$0.825 per unit. The distribution is payable on all common, subordinated, and general partner units and will be paid August 13, 2010 to all unitholders of record on August 3, 2010.

**Table of Contents**

The following table presents the allocation of our regular quarterly cash distributions to the general and limited partners for the periods in which they apply. Our distributions are declared subsequent to quarter end; therefore, the amounts presented do not reflect distributions paid during the periods presented below.

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands, except per unit data)			
General partner interest	\$ 427	\$ 328	\$ 844	\$ 611
General partner incentive distribution	2,689	1,545	5,167	2,750
<b>Total general partner distribution</b>	<b>3,116</b>	<b>1,873</b>	<b>6,011</b>	<b>3,361</b>
Limited partner distribution	18,215	14,552	36,209	27,214
<b>Total regular quarterly cash distribution</b>	<b>\$ 21,331</b>	<b>\$ 16,425</b>	<b>\$ 42,220</b>	<b>\$ 30,575</b>
Cash distribution per unit applicable to limited partners	\$ 0.825	\$ 0.785	\$ 1.640	\$ 1.560

As a master limited partnership, we distribute our available cash, which has historically exceeded our net income because depreciation and amortization expense represents a non-cash charge against income. The result is a decline in our equity since our regular quarterly distributions have exceeded our quarterly net income. Additionally, if the assets transferred to us upon our initial public offering in 2004, the intermediate pipelines purchased from Holly in 2005 and the assets purchased from Holly in 2009 and March 2010 had been acquired from third parties, our acquisition cost in excess of Holly's basis in the transferred assets of \$214.4 million would have been recorded in our financial statements as increases to our properties and equipment and intangible assets instead of decreases to partners' equity.

**Comprehensive Income**

We have other comprehensive income (losses) resulting from fair value adjustments to our cash flow hedge. Our comprehensive income is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands)			
Net income	\$ 13,435	\$ 16,819	\$ 24,137	\$ 22,753
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge	(1,696)	4,417	(3,057)	4,267
Reclassification adjustment to net income on partial settlement of cash flow hedge	1,076		1,076	
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>(620)</b>	<b>4,417</b>	<b>(1,981)</b>	<b>4,267</b>
<b>Comprehensive income</b>	<b>12,815</b>	<b>21,236</b>	<b>22,156</b>	<b>27,020</b>

Less noncontrolling interest in comprehensive income			(427)		(922)
Comprehensive income attributable to HEP unitholders	\$ 12,815	\$ 20,809	\$ 22,156	\$ 26,098	

- 20 -

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**Table of Contents**

**Note 12: Supplemental Guarantor/Non-Guarantor Financial Information**

Obligations of Holly Energy Partners, L.P. ( Parent ) under the 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes have been jointly and severally guaranteed by each of its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries ( Guarantor Subsidiaries ). These guarantees are full and unconditional.

We sold our 70% interest in Rio Grande on December 1, 2009; therefore, Rio Grande is no longer a subsidiary of HEP. Rio Grande ( Non-Guarantor ) was the only subsidiary that did not guarantee these obligations. Amounts attributable to Rio Grande prior to our sale are presented in discontinued operations.

The following financial information presents condensed consolidating balance sheets, statements of income, and statements of cash flows of the Parent, the Guarantor Subsidiaries and the Non-Guarantor. The information has been presented as if the Parent accounted for its ownership in the Guarantor Subsidiaries, and the Guarantor Subsidiaries accounted for the ownership of the Non-Guarantor, using the equity method of accounting.



**Table of Contents****Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
		(In thousands)		
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	\$ 2,804	\$	\$ 2,806
Accounts receivable		23,088		23,088
Intercompany accounts receivable (payable)	(35,489)	35,489		
Prepaid and other current assets	62	877		939
Total current assets	(35,425)	62,258		26,833
Properties and equipment, net		430,250		430,250
Investment in subsidiaries	494,717		(494,717)	
Transportation agreements, net		111,963		111,963
Goodwill		49,109		49,109
Investment in SLC Pipeline		25,819		25,819
Other assets	1,242	600		1,842
Total assets	\$ 460,534	\$ 679,999	\$ (494,717)	\$ 645,816
<b>LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS EQUITY</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	\$ 6,340	\$	\$ 6,340
Accrued interest	7,670	18		7,688
Deferred revenue		10,923		10,923
Accrued property taxes		990		990
Other current liabilities	574	27		601
Total current liabilities	8,244	18,298		26,542
Long-term debt	332,479	155,000		487,479
Other long-term liabilities		11,984		11,984
Partners equity	119,811	494,717	(494,717)	119,811
Total liabilities and partners equity	\$ 460,534	\$ 679,999	\$ (494,717)	\$ 645,816

**Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

<b>December 31, 2009</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
		(In thousands)		
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	\$ 2,506	\$	\$ 2,508
Accounts receivable		18,767		18,767

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Intercompany accounts receivable (payable)	(76,855)	76,855		
Prepaid and other current assets	261	478		739
Current assets of discontinued operations		2,195		2,195
Total current assets	(76,592)	100,801		24,209
Properties and equipment, net		398,044		398,044
Investment in subsidiaries	458,381		(458,381)	
Transportation agreements, net		115,436		115,436
Goodwill		49,109		49,109
Investment in SLC Pipeline		25,919		25,919
Other assets	3,267	861		4,128
Total assets	\$ 385,056	\$ 690,170	\$ (458,381)	\$ 616,845
<b>LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS EQUITY</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	\$ 6,211	\$	\$ 6,211
Accrued interest	2,849	14		2,863
Deferred revenue		8,402		8,402
Accrued property taxes		1,072		1,072
Other current liabilities	961	296		1,257
Total current liabilities	3,810	15,995		19,805
Long-term debt	184,827	206,000		390,827
Other long-term liabilities	2,555	9,794		12,349
Partners equity	193,864	458,381	(458,381)	193,864
Total liabilities and partners equity	\$ 385,056	\$ 690,170	\$ (458,381)	\$ 616,845

- 22 -

**Table of Contents****Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income**

<b>Three months ended June 30, 2010</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
		(In thousands)		
Revenues:				
Affiliates	\$	\$ 37,079	\$	\$ 37,079
Third parties		8,404		8,404
		45,483		45,483
Operating costs and expenses:				
Operations		13,495		13,495
Depreciation and amortization		7,591		7,591
General and administrative	1,281	632		1,913
	1,281	21,718		22,999
Operating income (loss)	(1,281)	23,765		22,484
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	20,833		(20,833)	
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline		544		544
Interest income (expense)	(6,117)	(3,430)		(9,547)
Other				
	14,716	(2,886)	(20,833)	(9,003)
Income (loss) before income taxes	13,435	20,879	(20,833)	13,481
State income tax		(46)		(46)
Net income	\$ 13,435	\$ 20,833	\$ (20,833)	\$ 13,435

**Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income**

<b>Three months ended June 30, 2009</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non- Guarantor</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
		(In thousands)			
Revenues:					
Affiliates	\$	\$ 25,064	\$	\$	\$ 25,064
Third parties		12,935			12,935
		37,999			37,999
Operating costs and expenses:					
Operations		10,631			10,631

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Depreciation and amortization		6,613		6,613
General and administrative	1,287	510		1,797
	1,287	17,754		19,041
Operating income (loss)	(1,287)	20,245		18,958
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	19,554	996	(20,550)	
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline		423		423
Interest income (expense)	(1,875)	(2,527)		(4,402)
Other		65		65
	17,679	(1,043)	(20,550)	(3,914)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	16,392	19,202	(20,550)	15,044
State income tax		(93)		(93)
Income from continuing operations	16,392	19,109	(20,550)	14,951
Income from discontinued operations		445	1,423	(427)
Net income	\$ 16,392	\$ 19,554	\$ 1,423	\$ (20,977)
				\$ 16,392

- 23 -

**Table of Contents****Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income**

Six months ended June 30, 2010	Parent	Guarantor		Eliminations	Consolidated
		Subsidiaries	(In thousands)		
Revenues:					
Affiliates	\$	\$ 70,676		\$	\$ 70,676
Third parties		15,503			15,503
		86,179			86,179
Operating costs and expenses:					
Operations		26,555			26,555
Depreciation and amortization		14,801			14,801
General and administrative	3,082	1,394			4,476
	3,082	42,750			45,832
Operating income (loss)	(3,082)	43,429			40,347
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	38,318			(38,318)	
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline		1,025			1,025
Interest income (expense)	(11,099)	(5,989)			(17,088)
Other		(7)			(7)
	27,219	(4,971)		(38,318)	(16,070)
Income (loss) before income taxes	24,137	38,458		(38,318)	24,277
State income tax		(140)			(140)
Net income	\$ 24,137	\$ 38,318		\$ (38,318)	\$ 24,137

**Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income**

Six months ended June 30, 2009	Parent	Guarantor		Eliminations	Consolidated
		Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor		
Revenues:					
Affiliates	\$	\$ 43,387	\$	\$	\$ 43,387
Third parties		23,944			23,944
		67,331			67,331
Operating costs and expenses:					
Operations		20,973			20,973
Depreciation and amortization		12,629			12,629

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General and administrative	1,985	1,146		3,131	
	1,985	34,748		36,733	
Operating income (loss)	(1,985)	32,583		30,598	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	28,618	2,152	(30,770)		
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline		598		598	
SLC Pipeline acquisition costs		(2,500)		(2,500)	
Interest income (expense)	(4,802)	(4,997)		(9,799)	
Other		65		65	
	23,816	(4,682)	(30,770)	(11,636)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	21,831	27,901	(30,770)	18,962	
State income tax		(166)		(166)	
Income from continuing operations	21,831	27,735	(30,770)	18,796	
Income from discontinued operations		883	3,074	(922)	3,035
Net income	\$ 21,831	\$ 28,618	\$ 3,074	\$ (31,692)	\$ 21,831

- 24 -

**Table of Contents****Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

<b>Six months ended June 30, 2010</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
		(in thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (103,599)	\$ 148,785	\$	\$ 45,186
Cash flows from investing activities				
Additions to properties and equipment		(4,487)		(4,487)
Acquisition of assets from Holly Corporation		(39,040)		(39,040)
		(43,527)		(43,527)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net repayments under credit agreement		(51,000)		(51,000)
Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes	147,540			147,540
Purchase price in excess of transferred basis in assets acquired from Holly Corporation		(53,960)		(53,960)
Distributions to HEP unitholders	(41,312)			(41,312)
Purchase of units for restricted grants	(2,276)			(2,276)
Deferred financing costs	(353)			(353)
	103,599	(104,960)		(1,361)
Cash and cash equivalents				
Increase (decrease) for the period		298		298
Beginning of period	2	2,506		2,508
End of period	\$ 2	\$ 2,804	\$	\$ 2,806

**Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

<b>Six months ended June 30, 2009</b>	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non- Guarantor</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
			(in thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (31,418)	\$ 61,676	\$ 3,392	\$ (1,400)	\$ 32,250
Cash flows from investing activities					
Additions to properties and equipment		(55,962)	(64)		(56,026)
Investment in SLC Pipeline		(25,500)			(25,500)

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		(81,462)	(64)		(81,526)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Net borrowings under credit agreement		18,000			18,000
Proceeds from issuance of common units	58,355				58,355
Capital contribution from general partner	1,191				1,191
Distributions to HEP unitholders	(27,968)		(2,000)	2,000	(27,968)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest				(600)	(600)
Cost of issuing common units	(160)				(160)
Purchase of units for restricted grants		(616)			(616)
	31,418	17,384	(2,000)	1,400	48,202
Cash and cash equivalents					
Increase (decrease) for the period		(2,402)	1,328		(1,074)
Beginning of period	2	3,706	1,561		5,269
End of period	\$ 2	\$ 1,304	\$ 2,889	\$	\$ 4,195

- 25 -



**Table of Contents****HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS, L.P.****Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

This Item 2, including but not limited to the sections on Results of Operations and Liquidity and Capital Resources, contains forward-looking statements. See Forward-Looking Statements at the beginning of Part I on this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In this document, the words we, our, ours and us refer to HEP and its consolidated subsidiaries or to HEP or an individual subsidiary and not to any other person.

**OVERVIEW**

Holly Energy Partners, L.P. is a Delaware limited partnership. We own and operate petroleum product and crude oil pipeline and terminal, tankage and loading rack facilities that support Holly Corporation's (Holly) refining and marketing operations in west Texas, New Mexico, Utah, Oklahoma, Idaho and Arizona. Holly currently owns a 34% interest in us including the 2% general partner interest. We also own and operate refined product pipelines and terminals, located primarily in Texas, that service Alon's (Alon) refinery in Big Spring, Texas. Additionally, we own a 25% joint venture interest in a 95-mile intrastate crude oil pipeline system (the SLC Pipeline) that serves refineries in the Salt Lake City area.

We generate revenues by charging tariffs for transporting petroleum products and crude oil through our pipelines, by charging fees for terminalling refined products and other hydrocarbons and storing and providing other services at our storage tanks and terminals. We do not take ownership of products that we transport, terminal or store, and therefore, we are not directly exposed to changes in commodity prices.

**2010 Acquisitions*****Tulsa East / Lovington Storage Asset Transaction***

On March 31, 2010, we acquired from Holly certain storage assets for \$93 million, consisting of hydrocarbon storage tanks having approximately 2 million barrels of storage capacity, a rail loading rack and a truck unloading rack located at Holly's Tulsa refinery east facility and an asphalt loading rack facility located at Holly's Navajo refinery facility in Lovington, New Mexico.

**2009 Acquisitions*****Sinclair Logistics and Storage Assets Transaction***

On December 1, 2009, we acquired from an affiliate of Sinclair Oil Company (Sinclair) storage tanks having approximately 1.4 million barrels of storage capacity and loading racks at its refinery located in Tulsa, Oklahoma for \$79.2 million.

***Roadrunner / Beeson Pipelines Transaction***

Also on December 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly two newly constructed pipelines for \$46.5 million, consisting of a 65-mile, 16-inch crude oil pipeline (the Roadrunner Pipeline) that connects the Navajo refinery Lovington facility to a terminus of Centurion Pipeline L.P.'s pipeline extending between west Texas and Cushing, Oklahoma and a 37-mile, 8-inch crude oil pipeline that connects our New Mexico crude oil gathering system to the Navajo refinery Lovington facility (the Beeson Pipeline).

***Tulsa Loading Racks Transaction***

On August 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly certain truck and rail loading/unloading facilities located at Holly's Tulsa refinery west facility for \$17.5 million. The racks load refined products and lube oils produced at the Tulsa refinery onto rail cars and/or tanker trucks.

**Table of Contents**

***Lovington-Artesia Pipeline Transaction***

On June 1, 2009, we acquired from Holly a newly constructed 16-inch intermediate pipeline for \$34.2 million that runs 65 miles from the Navajo Refinery's crude oil distillation and vacuum facilities in Lovington, New Mexico to its petroleum refinery located in Artesia, New Mexico.

***SLC Pipeline Joint Venture Interest***

On March 1, 2009, we acquired a 25% joint venture interest in the SLC Pipeline, a new 95-mile intrastate pipeline system that we jointly own with Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. ( Plains ). The total cost of our investment in the SLC Pipeline was \$28 million, consisting of the capitalized \$25.5 million joint venture contribution and the \$2.5 million finder's fee paid to Holly that was expensed as acquisition costs.

***Holly Capacity Expansion***

Also in March 2009 Holly, our largest customer, completed a 15,000 barrels per stream day ( bpsd ) capacity expansion of its Navajo refinery increasing refining capacity to 100,000 bpsd, or by 18%.

***Rio Grande Pipeline Sale***

On December 1, 2009, we sold our 70% interest in the Rio Grande Pipeline Company ( Rio Grande ) to a subsidiary of Enterprise Products Partners LP for \$35 million. Accordingly, the results of operations of Rio Grande are presented in discontinued operations.

***Agreements with Holly Corporation and Alon***

We serve Holly's refineries in New Mexico, Utah and Oklahoma under the following long-term pipeline and terminal, tankage and throughput agreements:

Holly PTA (pipelines and terminals throughput agreement expiring in 2019 that relates to the pipelines and terminal assets contributed to us by Holly upon our initial public offering in 2004);

Holly IPA (intermediate pipelines throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the intermediate pipelines acquired from Holly in 2005 and 2009);

Holly CPTA (crude pipelines and tankage throughput agreement expiring in 2023 that relates to the crude pipelines and tankage assets acquired from Holly in 2008);

Holly PTTA (pipeline, tankage and loading rack throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Tulsa east storage tank and loading rack facilities acquired from Sinclair in 2009 and from Holly in March 2010);

Holly RPA (pipeline throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Roadrunner Pipeline acquired from Holly in 2009);

Holly ETA (equipment and throughput agreement expiring in 2024 that relates to the Tulsa west loading rack facilities acquired from Holly in 2009); and

Holly ATA (loading rack throughput agreement expiring in 2025 that relates to the Lovington asphalt loading rack facility acquired from Holly in March 2010).

Under these agreements, Holly agreed to transport, store and throughput volumes of refined product and crude oil on our pipelines and terminal, tankage and loading rack facilities that result in minimum annual payments to us. These minimum annual payments or revenues will be adjusted each year at a percentage change based upon the change in the Producer Price Index ( PPI ) but will not decrease as a result of a decrease in the PPI. Under these agreements, the agreed upon tariff rates are adjusted each year on July 1 at a rate based upon the percentage change in the PPI or Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ( FERC ) index, but with the exception of the Holly IPA, generally will not decrease as a result of a decrease in the PPI or FERC index. The FERC index is the change in the PPI plus a FERC adjustment factor that is reviewed periodically.

We also have a pipelines and terminals agreement with Alon expiring in 2020 under which Alon has agreed to transport on our pipelines and throughput through our terminals volumes of refined products that result in a minimum level of annual revenue. The agreed upon tariff rates are increased or decreased annually at a rate equal to the percentage change in PPI, but not below the initial tariff rate.



**Table of Contents**

At July 1, 2010, contractual minimums under our long-term service agreements are as follows:

<b>Agreement</b>	<b>Minimum Annualized Commitment (In millions)</b>	<b>Year of Maturity</b>	<b>Contract Type</b>
Holly PTA	\$ 43.7	2019	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly IPA	20.7	2024	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly CPTA	28.4	2023	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly PTTA	27.2	2024	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly RPA	9.2	2024	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly ETA	2.7	2025	Minimum revenue commitment
Holly ATA	0.5	2020	Minimum volume commitment
Alon PTA	22.7		commitment
Alon capacity lease	6.4	Various	Capacity lease
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 161.5</b>		

A significant reduction in revenues under these agreements would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

We entered into an omnibus agreement with Holly in 2004 that Holly and we have amended and restated several times in connection with our past acquisitions from Holly with the last amendment and restatement occurring on March 31, 2010 (the Omnibus Agreement). Under certain provisions of the Omnibus Agreement, we pay Holly an annual administrative fee, currently \$2.3 million, for the provision by Holly or its affiliates of various general and administrative services to us. This fee does not include the salaries of pipeline and terminal personnel or the cost of their employee benefits, which are separately charged to us by Holly. Also, we reimburse Holly and its affiliates for direct expenses they incur on our behalf.

**Table of Contents****RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)****Income, Distributable Cash Flow and Volumes**

The following tables present income, distributable cash flow and volume information for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change from 2009</b>
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands, except per unit data)		
<b>Revenues</b>			
Pipelines:			
Affiliates refined product pipelines	\$ 12,067	\$ 11,366	\$ 701
Affiliates intermediate pipelines	4,964	4,302	662
Affiliates crude pipelines	9,728	6,751	2,977
	26,759	22,419	4,340
Third parties refined product pipelines	6,455	11,098	(4,643)
	33,214	33,517	(303)
Terminals and loading racks:			
Affiliates	10,320	2,645	7,675
Third parties	1,949	1,837	112
	12,269	4,482	7,787
Total revenues	45,483	37,999	7,484
<b>Operating costs and expenses</b>			
Operations	13,495	10,631	2,864
Depreciation and amortization	7,591	6,613	978
General and administrative	1,913	1,797	116
	22,999	19,041	3,958
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>22,484</b>	<b>18,958</b>	<b>3,526</b>
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline	544	423	121
Interest income	2	2	
Interest expense, including amortization	(9,549)	(4,404)	(5,145)
Other		65	(65)
	(9,003)	(3,914)	(5,089)
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes</b>	<b>13,481</b>	<b>15,044</b>	<b>(1,563)</b>
State income tax	(46)	(93)	47

<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	13,435	14,951	(1,516)
Income from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest of \$427 <sup>(1)</sup>		1,441	(1,441)
<b>Net income</b>	13,435	16,392	(2,957)
Less general partner interest in net income, including incentive distributions <sup>(2)</sup>	2,909	1,849	1,060
<b>Limited partners interest in net income</b>	\$ 10,526	\$ 14,543	\$ (4,017)
<b>Limited partners earnings per unit basic and diluted<sup>(2)</sup></b>			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.74	\$ (0.26)
Income from discontinued operations		0.08	(0.08)
Net income	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.82	\$ (0.34)
<b>Weighted average limited partners units outstanding</b>	22,079	17,789	4,290
<b>EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup></b>	\$ 30,619	\$ 27,759	\$ 2,860
<b>Distributable cash flow <sup>(4)</sup></b>	\$ 22,673	\$ 16,415	\$ 6,258
<b>Volumes from continuing operations (bpd) <sup>(1)</sup></b>			
Pipelines:			
Affiliates refined product pipelines	98,464	94,738	3,726
Affiliates intermediate pipelines	86,140	70,543	15,597
Affiliates crude pipelines	141,263	142,598	(1,335)
	325,867	307,879	17,988
Third parties refined product pipelines	34,844	43,854	(9,010)
	360,711	351,733	8,978
Terminals and loading racks:			
Affiliates	186,515	115,221	71,294
Third parties	37,902	40,742	(2,840)
	224,417	155,963	68,454
<b>Total for pipelines and terminal assets (bpd)</b>	585,128	507,696	77,432



**Table of Contents**

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Change from 2009</b>
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	
	(In thousands, except per unit data)		
<b>Revenues</b>			
Pipelines:			
Affiliates refined product pipelines	\$ 23,547	\$ 18,919	\$ 4,628
Affiliates intermediate pipelines	10,756	6,068	4,688
Affiliates crude pipelines	19,133	13,652	5,481
	53,436	38,639	14,797
Third parties refined product pipelines	11,859	20,573	(8,714)
	65,295	59,212	6,083
Terminals and loading racks:			
Affiliates	17,240	4,748	12,492
Third parties	3,644	3,371	273
	20,884	8,119	12,765
Total revenues	86,179	67,331	18,848
<b>Operating costs and expenses</b>			
Operations	26,555	20,973	5,582
Depreciation and amortization	14,801	12,629	2,172
General and administrative	4,476	3,131	1,345
	45,832	36,733	9,099
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>40,347</b>	<b>30,598</b>	<b>9,749</b>
Equity in earnings of SLC Pipeline	1,025	598	427
SLC Pipeline acquisition costs		(2,500)	2,500
Interest income	5	8	(3)
Interest expense, including amortization	(17,093)	(9,807)	(7,286)
Other	(7)	65	(72)
	(16,070)	(11,636)	(4,434)
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes</b>	<b>24,277</b>	<b>18,962</b>	<b>5,315</b>
State income tax	(140)	(166)	26
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	<b>24,137</b>	<b>18,796</b>	<b>5,341</b>



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Income from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest of \$922 <sup>(1)</sup>		3,035	(3,035)
<b>Net income</b>	24,137	21,831	2,306
Less general partner interest in net income, including incentive distributions <sup>(2)</sup>	5,555	3,142	2,413
<b>Limited partners interest in net income</b>	\$ 18,582	\$ 18,689	\$ (107)
<b>Limited partners earnings per unit basic and diluted</b> <sup>(2)</sup>			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.92	\$ (0.08)
Income from discontinued operations		0.18	(0.18)
Net income	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.10	\$ (0.26)
<b>Weighted average limited partners units outstanding</b>	22,079	17,058	5,021
<b>EBITDA</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 56,166	\$ 44,943	\$ 11,223
<b>Distributable cash flow</b> <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 42,831	\$ 30,999	\$ 11,832
<b>Volumes from continuing operations (bpd)</b> <sup>(1)</sup>			
Pipelines:			
Affiliates refined product pipelines	95,937	78,628	17,309
Affiliates intermediate pipelines	82,649	52,520	30,129
Affiliates crude pipelines	138,094	132,459	5,635
	316,680	263,607	53,073
Third parties refined product pipelines	32,850	46,557	(13,707)
	349,530	310,164	39,366
Terminals and loading racks:			
Affiliates	175,218	99,118	76,100
Third parties	36,381	42,067	(5,686)
	211,599	141,185	70,414
<b>Total for pipelines and terminal assets (bpd)</b>	561,129	451,349	109,780

(1)

On December 1, 2009, we sold our 70% interest in Rio Grande.

Results of operations of Rio Grande are presented in discontinued operations.

Pipeline volume information excludes volumes attributable to Rio Grande.

**Table of Contents**

(2) Net income is allocated between limited partners and the general partner interest in accordance with the provisions of the partnership agreement. Net income allocated to the general partner includes incentive distributions declared subsequent to quarter end. Net income attributable to the limited partners is divided by the weighted average limited partner units outstanding in computing the limited partners per unit interest in net income.

(3) EBITDA is calculated as net income plus (i) interest expense, net of interest income, (ii) state income tax and (iii) depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is not a calculation based upon GAAP. However, the amounts included in the EBITDA

calculation are derived from amounts included in our consolidated financial statements, with the exception of EBITDA from discontinued operations. EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to net income or operating income, as an indication of our operating performance or as an alternative to operating cash flow as a measure of liquidity. EBITDA is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. EBITDA is presented here because it is a widely used financial indicator used by investors and analysts to measure performance. EBITDA also is used by our management for internal analysis and as a basis for compliance with financial covenants.

Set forth below  
is our calculation  
of EBITDA.

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands)			
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	\$ 13,435	\$ 14,951	\$ 24,137	\$ 18,796
Add (subtract):				
Interest expense	8,209	5,071	14,095	10,082
Amortization of discount and deferred debt issuance costs	264	177	458	353
Increase in interest expense change in fair value of interest rate swaps and swap settlement costs	1,076	(844)	2,540	(628)
Interest income	(2)	(2)	(5)	(8)
State income tax	46	93	140	166
Depreciation and amortization	7,591	6,613	14,801	12,629
EBITDA from discontinued operations		1,700		3,553
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 30,619</b>	<b>\$ 27,759</b>	<b>\$ 56,166</b>	<b>\$ 44,943</b>

(4) Distributable cash flow is not a calculation based upon GAAP. However, the amounts included in the calculation are derived from amounts separately presented in our consolidated financial statements, with the exception of equity in excess cash flows over earnings of SLC Pipeline, maintenance capital expenditures and distributable

cash flow from discontinued operations. Distributable cash flow should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net income or operating income as an indication of our operating performance or as an alternative to operating cash flow as a measure of liquidity. Distributable cash flow is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Distributable cash flow is presented here because it is a widely accepted financial indicator used by investors to compare partnership performance. It also is used by management for internal analysis and our performance units. We believe that this measure provides investors an enhanced perspective of

the operating  
performance of  
our assets and  
the cash our  
business is  
generating.

- 31 -

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**Table of Contents**

Set forth below is our calculation of distributable cash flow.

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	(In thousands)			
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	\$ 13,435	\$ 14,951	\$ 24,137	\$ 18,796
Add (subtract):				
Depreciation and amortization	7,591	6,613	14,801	12,629
Amortization of discount and deferred debt issuance costs	264	177	458	353
Increase in interest expense change in fair value of interest rate swaps and swap settlement costs	1,076	(844)	2,540	(628)
Equity in excess cash flows over earnings of SLC Pipeline	174	167	352	220
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	1,414	(5,031)	2,521	(4,669)
SLC Pipeline acquisition costs*				2,500
Maintenance capital expenditures**	(1,281)	(1,299)	(1,978)	(1,717)
Distributable cash flow from discontinued operations		1,681		3,515
<b>Distributable cash flow</b>	<b>\$ 22,673</b>	<b>\$ 16,415</b>	<b>\$ 42,831</b>	<b>\$ 30,999</b>

\* We expensed the \$2.5 million finder's fee associated with our joint venture agreement with Plains that closed in March 2009. These costs directly relate to our interest in the new joint venture pipeline and are similar to expansion capital expenditures; accordingly, we have added back these costs to arrive at



distributable  
cash flow.

\*\* Maintenance capital expenditures are capital expenditures made to replace partially or fully depreciated assets in order to maintain the existing operating capacity of our assets and to extend their useful lives. Maintenance capital expenditures include expenditures required to maintain equipment reliability, tankage and pipeline integrity, safety and to address environmental regulations.

**June 30,                  December 31,**  
**2010                          2009**  
(In thousands)

**Balance Sheet Data**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,806	\$ 2,508
Working capital	\$ 291	\$ 4,404
Total assets	\$ 645,816	\$ 616,845
Long-term debt <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 487,479	\$ 390,827
Partners equity <sup>(6)</sup>	\$ 119,811	\$ 193,864

(5) Includes \$155 million and \$206 million of credit agreement

advances at  
June 30, 2010  
and  
December 31,  
2009,  
respectively.

- (6) As a master limited partnership, we distribute our available cash, which historically has exceeded our net income because depreciation and amortization expense represents a non-cash charge against income. The result is a decline in partners' equity since our regular quarterly distributions have exceeded our quarterly net income. Additionally, if the assets transferred to us upon our initial public offering in 2004, the intermediate pipelines purchased from Holly in 2005, and the assets purchased from Holly in 2009 and March 2010 had been acquired from third parties, our acquisition cost in excess of

Holly's basis in the transferred assets of \$214.4 million would have been recorded in our financial statements as increases to our properties and equipment and intangible assets instead of decreases to partners' equity.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2009  
Summary**

Income from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$13.4 million, a \$1.5 million decrease compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This decrease in overall earnings is due principally to a decrease in previously deferred revenue realized, a decrease in third-party shipments and increased interest expense.

Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2010 include the recognition of \$1.6 million of prior shortfalls billed to shippers in 2009 as they did not meet their minimum volume commitments in any of the subsequent four quarters. Revenues of \$3.1 million relating to deficiency payments associated with certain guaranteed shipping contracts were deferred during the three months ended June 30, 2010. Such deferred revenue will be recognized in 2010 either as payment for shipments in excess of guaranteed levels or when shipping rights expire unused after a twelve-month period.

***Revenues***

Total revenues from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 were \$45.5 million, a \$7.5 million increase compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This is due principally to revenues attributable to our 2009 and March 2010 asset acquisitions and higher tariff rates on affiliate shipments. These factors were partially offset by a \$4 million decrease in previously deferred revenue realized and a decrease in third-party shipments.

Revenues from our refined product pipelines were \$18.5 million, a decrease of \$3.9 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This decrease is due principally to a \$3.7 million decrease in previously deferred revenue realized combined with an overall decrease in refined product shipments. Volumes on our refined product pipelines averaged 133.3 thousand barrels per day ( mbpd ) compared to 138.6 mbpd for the same period last year, reflecting a decline in third-party shipments that was partially offset by an increase in affiliate shipments.

Revenues from our intermediate pipelines were \$5 million, an increase of \$0.7 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This increase is due principally to volumes shipped on our 16-inch intermediate pipeline acquired in June 2009 that was partially offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in previously deferred revenue realized. Shipments on our intermediate product pipeline system increased to an average of 86.1 mbpd compared to 70.5 mbpd for the same period last year.

Revenues from our crude pipelines were \$9.7 million, an increase of \$3 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This increase is due principally to \$2.3 million in revenues attributable to our Roadrunner Pipeline agreement entered into in December 2009. Volumes on our crude pipelines averaged 141.3 mbpd compared to 142.6 mbpd for the same period last year.

Revenues from terminal, tankage and loading rack fees were \$12.3 million, an increase of \$7.8 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This increase includes \$7.5 million in revenues attributable to volumes transferred and stored at our Tulsa facilities. Refined products terminalled in our facilities increased to an average of 224.4 mbpd compared to 156 mbpd for the same period last year.

***Operations Expense***

Operations expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$2.9 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This increase was due principally to costs attributable to overall higher throughput volumes, including those from our 2009 and March 2010 asset acquisitions, and higher maintenance and payroll expense.

***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$1 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This was due to increased depreciation attributable to our 2009 and March 2010 asset acquisitions and capital projects. Additionally, effective January 1, 2010, we revised the estimated useful lives of our terminal assets to 16 to 25 years resulting in a \$0.8 million reduction in depreciation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

**Table of Contents**

***General and Administrative***

General and administrative costs for the three months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$0.1 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009.

***Equity in Earnings of SLC Pipeline***

Our equity in earnings of the SLC Pipeline were \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

***Interest Expense***

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 totaled \$9.5 million, an increase of \$5.1 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This increase reflects interest on our 8.25% senior notes and costs of \$1.1 million from a partial settlement of an interest rate swap. For the three months ended June 30, 2009, fair value adjustments to our interest rate swaps resulted in a \$0.8 million reduction in interest expense. Excluding the effects of these fair value adjustments, our aggregate effective interest rate was 7.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2010 compared to 5.3% for 2009, reflecting interest on our 8.25% senior notes issued in March 2010.

***State Income Tax***

We recorded state income taxes of \$46,000 and \$93,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which are solely attributable to the Texas margin tax.

***Discontinued Operations***

We sold our interest in Rio Grande on December 1, 2009. Income from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2009 consists of earnings generated by Rio Grande of \$1.4 million for the second quarter of 2009, presented net of earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest holders of \$0.4 million.

**Results of Operations Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2009**

***Summary***

Income from continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$24.1 million, a \$5.3 million increase compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase in overall earnings is due principally to overall increased shipments on our pipeline systems, earnings attributable to our 2009 and March 2010 asset acquisitions and higher tariff rates on affiliate shipments. These factors were partially offset by increased operating costs and expenses, and interest expense.

Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2010 include the recognition of \$4.1 million of prior shortfalls billed to shippers in 2009 as they did not meet their minimum volume commitments in any of the subsequent four quarters. Revenues of \$6.6 million relating to deficiency payments associated with certain guaranteed shipping contracts were deferred during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Such deferred revenue will be recognized in 2010 either as payment for shipments in excess of guaranteed levels or when shipping rights expire unused after a twelve-month period.

**Table of Contents*****Revenues***

Total revenues from continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 were \$86.2 million, an \$18.8 million increase compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase is due principally to our recent asset acquisitions and higher tariffs on affiliate shipments, partially offset by a \$4.7 million decrease in previously deferred revenue realized. On a year-to-date basis, overall pipeline shipments were up 13%, reflecting increased affiliate volumes attributable to Holly's first quarter of 2009 Navajo refinery expansion, including volumes shipped on our new 16-inch intermediate and Beeson pipelines, partially offset by a decrease in third-party shipments. Additionally, prior year affiliate shipments reflect lower volumes as a result of production downtime during a major maintenance turnaround of the Navajo refinery during the first quarter of 2009.

Revenues from our refined product pipelines were \$35.4 million, a decrease of \$4.1 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This decrease is due principally to a \$5.9 million decrease in previously deferred revenue realized that was partially offset by a slight increase in refined product shipments. Volumes on our refined product pipeline system averaged 128.8 mbpd compared to 125.2 mbpd for the same period last year reflecting an increase in affiliate shipments, partially offset by a decline in third-party shipments.

Revenues from our intermediate pipelines were \$10.8 million, an increase of \$4.7 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase includes a \$1.2 million increase in previously deferred revenue realized. Additionally, shipments on our intermediate product pipeline system increased to an average of 82.6 mbpd compared to 52.5 mbpd for the same period last year reflecting volumes shipped on our 16-inch intermediate pipeline acquired in June 2009.

Revenues from our crude pipelines were \$19.1 million, an increase of \$5.5 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase is due principally to \$4.6 million in revenues attributable to our Roadrunner Pipeline agreement entered into in December 2009. Additionally, shipments on our crude pipeline system increased to an average of 138.1 mbpd during the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to 132.5 mbpd for the same period last year reflecting increased affiliate shipments.

Revenues from terminal, tankage and loading rack fees were \$20.9 million, an increase of \$12.8 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase includes \$11.9 million in revenues attributable to volumes transferred and stored at our Tulsa facilities acquired in 2009 and March 2010. Refined products terminalled in our facilities increased to an average of 211.6 mbpd compared to 141.2 mbpd for the same period last year.

***Operations Expense***

Operations expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$5.6 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase was due principally to costs attributable to overall higher throughput volumes, including those from our recent asset acquisitions, and higher maintenance and payroll expense.

***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization for the six months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$2.2 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This was due to increased depreciation attributable to our 2009 and March 2010 asset acquisitions and capital projects. Additionally, effective January 1, 2010, we revised the estimated useful lives of our terminal assets to 16 to 25 years resulting in a \$1.5 million reduction in depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

***General and Administrative***

General and administrative costs for the six months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$1.3 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009, due principally to increased professional fees, including costs attributable to our March 2010 asset acquisitions.

**Table of Contents**

***Equity in Earnings of SLC Pipeline***

The SLC Pipeline commenced pipeline operations effective March 2009. Our equity in earnings of the SLC Pipeline was \$1 million and \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

***SLC Pipeline Acquisition Costs***

We incurred a \$2.5 million finder's fee in connection with the acquisition our SLC Pipeline joint venture interest in March 2009. As a result of accounting requirements, we were required to expense rather than capitalize these direct acquisition costs.

***Interest Expense***

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 totaled \$17.1 million, an increase of \$7.3 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This increase reflects interest on our 8.25% senior notes and costs of \$1.1 million from a partial settlement of an interest rate swap. Fair value adjustments to our interest rate swaps resulted in a \$1.5 million non-cash charge to interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to a \$0.6 million non-cash reduction for the six months ended June 30, 2009. Excluding the effects of these fair value adjustments, our aggregate effective interest rate was 6.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to 5.3% for 2009 reflecting interest on our 8.25% senior notes issued in March 2010.

***State Income Tax***

We recorded state income taxes of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which are solely attributable to the Texas margin tax.

***Discontinued Operations***

We sold our interest in Rio Grande on December 1, 2009. Income from discontinued operations for the six months ended June 30, 2009 consists of earnings generated by Rio Grande of \$3 million for the first six months of 2009, presented net of earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest holders of \$0.9 million.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

***Overview***

We have a \$300 million senior secured revolving credit agreement expiring in August 2011 (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement is available to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions, and working capital and for general partnership purposes. In addition, the Credit Agreement is available to fund letters of credit up to a \$50 million sub-limit and to fund distributions to unitholders up to a \$20 million sub-limit. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we received advances totaling \$39 million and repaid \$90 million, resulting in the net repayment of \$51 million in advances. As of June 30, 2010, we had \$155 million outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

In March 2010, we issued \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.25% senior notes maturing March 15, 2018 (the "8.25% Senior Notes"). A portion of the \$147.5 million in net proceeds received was used to fund our \$93 million purchase of the Tulsa and Lovington storage assets from Holly on March 31, 2010. Additionally, we used a portion to repay \$42 million in outstanding Credit Agreement borrowings, with the remaining proceeds available for general partnership purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures. In addition, we have outstanding \$185 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.25% senior notes maturing March 1, 2015 (the "6.25% Senior Notes") that are registered with the SEC.

**Table of Contents**

Under our registration statement filed with the SEC using a shelf registration process, we currently have the ability to raise \$860 million through security offerings, through one or more prospectus supplements that would describe, among other things, the specific amounts, prices and terms of any securities offered and how the proceeds would be used. Any proceeds from the sale of securities would be used for general business purposes, which may include, among other things, funding acquisitions of assets or businesses, working capital, capital expenditures, investments in subsidiaries, the retirement of existing debt and/or the repurchase of common units or other securities.

We believe our current cash balances, future internally generated funds and funds available under the Credit Agreement will provide sufficient resources to meet our working capital liquidity needs for the foreseeable future.

In February and May 2010 we paid regular quarterly cash distributions of \$0.805 and \$0.815, on all units in an aggregate amount of \$41.3 million. Included in these distributions were \$4.7 million of payments to the general partner as an incentive distribution.

Cash flows from continuing and discontinued operations have been combined for presentation purposes in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, net cash flows from our discontinued Rio Grande operations were \$4.1 million.

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Cash flows provided by operating activities of \$45.2 million exceeded the combined cash flows used for investing and financing activities of \$43.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. Working capital for the six months ended June 30, 2010 decreased by \$4.1 million.

***Cash Flows Operating Activities***

Cash flows from operating activities increased by \$12.9 million from \$32.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 to \$45.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. This increase is due principally to \$18 million in additional cash collections from our major customers, resulting principally from increased revenues, partially offset by year-over-year changes in payments attributable to costs of increased operations.

Our major shippers are obligated to make deficiency payments to us if they do not meet their minimum volume shipping obligations. Under certain agreements with these shippers, they have the right to recapture these amounts if future volumes exceed minimum levels. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, we received cash payments of \$6.2 million under these commitments. We billed \$4.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2009 related to shortfalls that subsequently expired without recapture and were recognized as revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Another \$3.1 million is included in our accounts receivable at June 30, 2010 related to shortfalls that occurred during the second quarter of 2010.

***Cash Flows Investing Activities***

Cash flows used for investing activities decreased by \$38 million from \$81.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 to \$43.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we acquired storage assets from Holly for \$39 million and invested \$4.5 million in additions to properties and equipment. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, we acquired Holly's 16-inch intermediate pipeline and our SLC Pipeline joint venture interest costing \$34.2 million and \$25.5 million, respectively, and invested \$21.8 million in additions to properties and equipment.

***Cash Flows Financing Activities***

Cash flows used for financing activities was \$1.4 million compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$48.2 for the six months ended June 30, 2009, a decrease of \$49.6 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we received \$39 million and repaid \$90 million in advances under the Credit Agreement. Additionally, we received \$147.5 million in net proceeds and incurred \$0.4 million in financing costs upon the issuance of the 8.25% Senior Notes. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we paid \$41.3 million in regular quarterly cash distributions to our general and limited partners, paid \$54 million in excess of Holly's transferred basis in the storage assets acquired in March 2010 and paid \$2.3 million for the purchase of common units for recipients of our restricted unit incentive grants. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, we received \$99 million and repaid \$81 million in advances under the Credit Agreement. We also received \$58.4 million in proceeds and incurred \$0.2 million in costs with respect to our May 2009 equity offering. Additionally, for the six months ended June 30, 2009 we paid aggregate cash distributions to all HEP unitholders, including the general partner interest, of \$28 million. We also received a \$1.2 million capital



contribution from our general partner and paid \$0.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2009 for the purchase of common units for recipients of restricted grants.

**Table of Contents*****Capital Requirements***

Our pipeline and terminalling operations are capital intensive, requiring investments to maintain, expand, upgrade or enhance existing operations and to meet environmental and operational regulations. Our capital requirements consist of maintenance capital expenditures and expansion capital expenditures. Repair and maintenance expenses associated with existing assets that are minor in nature and do not extend the useful life of existing assets are charged to operating expenses as incurred.

Each year the Holly Logistics Services, L.L.C. ( HLS ) board of directors approves our annual capital budget, which specifies capital projects that our management is authorized to undertake. Additionally, at times when conditions warrant or as new opportunities arise, special projects may be approved. The funds allocated for a particular capital project may be expended over a period in excess of a year, depending on the time required to complete the project. Therefore, our planned capital expenditures for a given year consist of expenditures approved for capital projects included in the current year's capital budget as well as, in certain cases, expenditures approved for capital projects in capital budgets for prior years. The 2010 capital budget is comprised of \$5.3 million for maintenance capital expenditures and \$6 million for expansion capital expenditures. In March 2010, the HLS board of directors approved our \$93 million acquisition of the Tulsa east storage tank and loading rack assets and Lovington asphalt rack loading facility from Holly on March 31, 2010.

We are currently discussing a project with Holly in which we would build four to five interconnecting pipelines between Holly's Tulsa east and west refining facilities. The project, which has not been finalized, would cost approximately \$30 million to complete with construction expected to begin later this year.

We have an option agreement with Holly, granting us an option to purchase Holly's 75% equity interests in the UNEV Pipeline, a joint venture pipeline currently under construction that will be capable of transporting refined petroleum products from Salt Lake City, Utah to Las Vegas, Nevada. Under this agreement, we have an option to purchase Holly's equity interests in the UNEV Pipeline, effective for a 180-day period commencing when the UNEV Pipeline becomes operational, at a purchase price equal to Holly's investment in the joint venture pipeline, plus interest at 7% per annum. The initial capacity of the pipeline will be 62,000 bpd, with the capacity for further expansion to 120,000 bpd. The current total cost of the pipeline project including terminals is expected to be approximately \$290 million. This includes a project scope change that includes the construction of ethanol blending and storage facilities at the Cedar City terminal. Holly has announced the commencement of the final construction phase of the pipeline and expects the pipeline to be mechanically complete in the second quarter of 2011.

We expect that our currently planned sustaining and maintenance capital expenditures as well as expenditures for acquisitions and capital development projects such as the UNEV Pipeline described above, will be funded with existing cash generated by operations, the sale of additional limited partner common units, the issuance of debt securities and advances under our \$300 million Credit Agreement, or a combination thereof. We are not obligated to purchase the UNEV Pipeline nor are we subject to any fees or penalties if HLS' board of directors decides not to proceed with this opportunity.

***Credit Agreement***

Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are collateralized by substantially all of our assets. Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement is recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P., our general partner, and guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Any recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P. would be limited to the extent of its assets, which other than its investment in us, are not significant.

**Table of Contents**

We may prepay all loans at any time without penalty, except for payment of certain breakage and related costs. We are required to reduce all working capital borrowings under the Credit Agreement to zero for a period of at least 15 consecutive days in each twelve-month period prior to the maturity date of the agreement. As of June 30, 2010, we had no working capital borrowings.

Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement bears interest, at our option, at either (a) the reference rate as announced by the administrative agent plus an applicable margin (ranging from 0.25% to 1.50%) or (b) at a rate equal to the London Interbank Offered Rate ( LIBOR ) plus an applicable margin (ranging from 1.00% to 2.50%). In each case, the applicable margin is based upon the ratio of our funded debt (as defined in the agreement) to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as defined in the agreement). At June 30, 2010, we were subject to an applicable margin of 1.75%. We incur a commitment fee on the unused portion of the Credit Agreement at a rate ranging from 0.20% to 0.50% based upon the ratio of our funded debt to EBITDA for the four most recently completed fiscal quarters. At June 30, 2010, we are subject to a .30% commitment fee on the \$145 million unused portion of the Credit Agreement. The agreement expires in August 2011. At that time, the agreement will terminate and all outstanding amounts thereunder will become due and payable.

The Credit Agreement imposes certain requirements on us, including: a prohibition against distribution to unitholders if, before or after the distribution, a potential default or an event of default as defined in the agreement would occur; limitations on our ability to incur debt, make loans, acquire other companies, change the nature of our business, enter a merger or consolidation, or sell assets; and covenants that require maintenance of a specified EBITDA to interest expense ratio and debt to EBITDA ratio. If an event of default exists under the agreement, the lenders will be able to accelerate the maturity of the debt and exercise other rights and remedies.

Additionally, the Credit Agreement contains certain provisions whereby the lenders may accelerate payment of outstanding debt under certain circumstances.

***Senior Notes***

The 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes (collectively, the Senior Notes ) are unsecured and impose certain restrictive covenants, which we are subject to and currently in compliance with, including limitations on our ability to incur additional indebtedness, make investments, sell assets, incur certain liens, pay distributions, enter into transactions with affiliates, and enter into mergers. At any time when the Senior Notes are rated investment grade by both Moody s and Standard & Poor s and no default or event of default exists, we will not be subject to many of the foregoing covenants. Additionally, we have certain redemption rights under the Senior Notes.

Indebtedness under the Senior Notes is recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P., our general partner, and guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiaries. However, any recourse to HEP Logistics Holdings, L.P. would be limited to the extent of its assets, which other than its investment in us, are not significant.

**Table of Contents**

The carrying amounts of our long-term debt are as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2010</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
	(In thousands)	
Credit Agreement	\$ 155,000	\$ 206,000
6.25% Senior Notes		
Principal	185,000	185,000
Unamortized discount	(1,774)	(1,964)
Unamortized premium    dedesignated fair value hedge	1,617	1,791
	184,843	184,827
8.25% Senior Notes		
Principal	150,000	
Unamortized discount	(2,364)	
	147,636	
Total long-term debt	\$ 487,479	\$ 390,827

See Risk Management for a discussion of our interest rate swaps.

**Contractual Obligations**

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we repaid net advances of \$51 million resulting in \$155 million of outstanding principal under the Credit Agreement at June 30, 2010.

In March 2010, we issued \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 8.25% Senior Notes maturing March 15, 2018. There were no other significant changes to our long-term contractual obligations during this period.

**Impact of Inflation**

Inflation in the United States has been relatively low in recent years and did not have a material impact on our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

A substantial majority of our revenues are generated under long-term contracts that provide for increases in our rates and minimum revenue guarantees annually for increases in the PPI. Historically, the PPI has increased an average of 3.1% annually over the past 5 calendar years. This is no indication of PPI increases to be realized in the future. Furthermore, certain of our long-term contracts have provisions that limit the level of annual PPI percentage rate increases.

**Environmental Matters**

Our operation of pipelines, terminals, and associated facilities in connection with the storage and transportation of refined products and crude oil is subject to stringent and complex federal, state, and local laws and regulations governing the discharge of materials into the environment, or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment. As with the industry generally, compliance with existing and anticipated laws and regulations increases our overall cost of business, including our capital costs to construct, maintain, and upgrade equipment and facilities. While these laws and regulations affect our maintenance capital expenditures and net income, we believe that they do not affect our competitive position in that the operations of our competitors are similarly affected. We believe that our operations are in substantial compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations. However, these laws and regulations, and the interpretation or enforcement thereof, are subject to frequent change by regulatory authorities, and we are unable to predict the ongoing cost to us of complying with these laws and regulations or the future impact of these laws and regulations on our operations. Violation of environmental laws, regulations, and permits can result in

the imposition of significant administrative, civil and criminal penalties, injunctions, and construction bans or delays. A discharge of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances into the environment could, to the extent the event is not insured, subject us to substantial expense, including both the cost to comply with applicable laws and regulations and claims made by employees, neighboring landowners and other third parties for personal injury and property damage.

**Table of Contents**

Under the Omnibus Agreement, Holly agreed to indemnify us up to certain aggregate amounts for any environmental noncompliance and remediation liabilities associated with assets transferred to us and occurring or existing prior to the date of such transfers. The transfers that are covered by the agreement include the refined product pipelines, terminals and tanks transferred by Holly's subsidiaries in connection with our initial public offering in July 2004, the intermediate pipelines acquired in July 2005, the crude pipelines and tankage assets acquired in 2008, and the asphalt loading rack facility acquired in March 2010. The Omnibus Agreement provides environmental indemnification of up to \$15 million for the assets transferred to us, other than the crude pipelines and tankage assets, plus an additional \$2.5 million for the intermediate pipelines acquired in July 2005. Except as described below, Holly's indemnification obligations described above will remain in effect for an asset for ten years following the date it is transferred to us. The Omnibus Agreement also provides an additional \$7.5 million of indemnification through 2023 for environmental noncompliance and remediation liabilities specific to the crude pipelines and tankage assets. Holly's indemnification obligations described above do not apply to (i) the Tulsa west loading racks acquired in August 2009, (ii) the 16-inch intermediate pipeline acquired in June 2009, (iii) the Roadrunner Pipeline, (iv) the Beeson Pipeline, (v) the logistics and storage assets acquired from Sinclair in December 2009, or (vi) the Tulsa east storage tanks and loading racks acquired in March 2010.

Under provisions of the Holly ETA and Holly PTTA, Holly will indemnify us for environmental liabilities arising from our pre-ownership operations of the Tulsa west loading rack facilities acquired from Holly in August 2009, the Tulsa logistics and storage assets acquired from Sinclair in December 2009 and the Tulsa east storage tanks and loading racks acquired from Holly in March 2010. Additionally, Holly agreed to indemnify us for any liabilities arising from Holly's operation of the loading racks under the Holly ETA.

We have an environmental agreement with Alon with respect to pre-closing environmental costs and liabilities relating to the pipelines and terminals acquired from Alon in 2005, under which Alon will indemnify us through 2015, subject to a \$100,000 deductible and a \$20 million maximum liability cap.

There are environmental remediation projects that are currently in progress that relate to certain assets acquired from Holly. Certain of these projects were underway prior to our purchase and represent liabilities of Holly Corporation as the obligation for future remediation activities was retained by Holly. As of June 30, 2010, we have an accrual of \$0.4 million that relates to environmental clean-up projects. The remaining projects, including assessment and monitoring activities, are covered under the Holly environmental indemnification discussed above and represent liabilities of Holly Corporation.

**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We consider the following policies to be the most critical to understanding the judgments that are involved and the uncertainties that could impact our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows

Our significant accounting policies are described in Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Operations - Critical Accounting Policies in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. Certain critical accounting policies that materially affect the amounts recorded in our consolidated financial statements include revenue recognition, assessing the possible impairment of certain long-lived assets and assessing contingent liabilities for probable losses. There have been no changes to these policies in 2010. We consider these policies to be the most critical to understanding the judgments that are involved and the uncertainties that could impact our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

**Table of Contents****RISK MANAGEMENT**

We use interest rate swaps (derivative instruments) to manage our exposure to interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2010, we have an interest rate swap that hedges our exposure to the cash flow risk caused by the effects of LIBOR changes on a \$155 million Credit Agreement advance. This interest rate swap effectively converts our \$155 million LIBOR based debt to fixed rate debt having an interest rate of 3.74% plus an applicable margin, currently 1.75%, which equals an effective interest rate of 5.49% as of June 30, 2010. The maturity date of this swap contract is February 28, 2013.

We have designated this interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge. Based on our assessment of effectiveness using the change in variable cash flows method, we have determined that this interest rate swap is effective in offsetting the variability in interest payments on our \$155 million variable rate debt resulting from changes in LIBOR. Under hedge accounting, we adjust our cash flow hedge on a quarterly basis to its fair value with the offsetting fair value adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income. Also on a quarterly basis, we measure hedge effectiveness by comparing the present value of the cumulative change in the expected future interest to be paid or received on the variable leg of our swap against the expected future interest payments on our \$155 million variable rate debt. Any ineffectiveness is reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense. To date, we have had no ineffectiveness on our cash flow hedge.

Additional information on our interest rate swap as of June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Interest Rate Swap	Balance Sheet		Location of Offsetting	Offsetting
	Location	Fair Value	Balance	Amount
(In thousands)				
<b>Liability</b>				
Cash flow hedge based debt	\$155 million LIBOR	Other long-term liabilities	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ 11,122
		\$ 11,122		\$ 11,122

We review publicly available information on our counterparty in order to review and monitor its financial stability and assess its ongoing ability to honor its commitment under the interest rate swap contract. This counterparty is a large financial institution. Furthermore, we have not experienced, nor do we expect to experience, any difficulty in the counterparty honoring its commitment.

The market risk inherent in our debt positions is the potential change arising from increases or decreases in interest rates as discussed below.

At June 30, 2010, we had an outstanding principal balance on our 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes of \$185 million and \$150 million, respectively. A change in interest rates would generally affect the fair value of the Senior Notes, but not our earnings or cash flows. At June 30, 2010, the fair value of our 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes were \$173.9 million and \$148.5 million, respectively. We estimate a hypothetical 10% change in the yield-to-maturity applicable to the 6.25% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes at June 30, 2010 would result in a change of approximately \$5.3 million and \$6.9 million, respectively, in the fair value of the underlying notes.

For the variable rate Credit Agreement, changes in interest rates would affect cash flows, but not the fair value. At June 30, 2010, outstanding principal under the Credit Agreement was \$155 million. By means of our cash flow hedge, we have effectively converted the variable rate on \$155 million of outstanding principal to a fixed rate of 5.49%.

**Table of Contents**

At June 30, 2010, our cash and cash equivalents included highly liquid investments with a maturity of six months or less at the time of purchase. Due to the short-term nature of our cash and cash equivalents, a hypothetical 10% increase in interest rates would not have a material effect on the fair market value of our portfolio. Since we have the ability to liquidate this portfolio, we do not expect our operating results or cash flows to be materially affected by the effect of a sudden change in market interest rates on our investment portfolio.

Our operations are subject to normal hazards of operations, including fire, explosion and weather-related perils. We maintain various insurance coverages, including business interruption insurance, subject to certain deductibles. We are not fully insured against certain risks because such risks are not fully insurable, coverage is unavailable, or premium costs, in our judgment, do not justify such expenditures.

We have a risk management oversight committee that is made up of members from our senior management. This committee monitors our risk environment and provides direction for activities to mitigate, to an acceptable level, identified risks that may adversely affect the achievement of our goals.



**Table of Contents**

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks**

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices. See Risk Management under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for a discussion of market risk exposures that we have with respect to our cash and cash equivalents and long-term debt. We utilize derivative instruments to hedge our interest rate exposure, also discussed under Risk Management.

Since we do not own products shipped on our pipelines or terminalled at our terminal facilities, we do not have market risks associated with commodity prices.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

**(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures**

Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated, as required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Based upon the evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2010.

**(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting**

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

**Table of Contents**

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are a party to various legal and regulatory proceedings, none of which we believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

- 4.1+ Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 14, 2010, among Holly Energy Storage-Tulsa LLC, Holly Energy Storage-Lovington LLC, Holly Energy Partners, L.P., Holly Energy Finance Corp., the other Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association.
  - 4.2+ Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2010, among HEP Operations LLC, Holly Energy Partners, L.P., Holly Energy Finance Corp., the other Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association.
  - 4.3+ First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 14, 2010, among Holly Energy Storage-Tulsa LLC, Holly Energy Storage-Lovington LLC, Holly Energy Partners, L.P., Holly Energy Finance Corp., the other Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association.
  - 4.4+ Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2010, among HEP Operations LLC, Holly Energy Partners, L.P., Holly Energy Finance Corp., the other Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association.
  - 10.1+ Amendment to First Amended and Restated Pipelines, Tankage and Loading Rack Throughput Agreement (Tulsa East), dated as of June 11, 2010, by and between Holly Refining & Marketing-Tulsa LLC, HEP Tulsa LLC and Holly Energy Storage-Tulsa LLC.
  - 10.2+\* Form of Holly Logistic Services, L.L.C. Performance Unit Agreement.
  - 12.1+ Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
  - 31.1+ Certification of Chief Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 31.2+ Certification of Chief Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 32.1  
++ Certification of Chief Executive Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 32.2  
++ Certification of Chief Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- + Filed herewith.
- ++ Furnished herewith.
- \* Constitutes management

contracts or  
compensatory  
plans or  
arrangements.

- 45 -

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**Table of Contents**

HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS, L.P.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HOLLY ENERGY PARTNERS, L.P.  
(Registrant)

By: HEP LOGISTICS HOLDINGS, L.P.  
its General Partner

By: HOLLY LOGISTIC SERVICES, L.L.C.  
its General Partner

Date: July 30, 2010

/s/ Bruce R. Shaw

Bruce R. Shaw  
Senior Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Scott C. Surplus

Scott C. Surplus  
Vice President and Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

- 46 -