

ACCENTURE LTD
Form 10-Q
March 28, 2008

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED February 29, 2008
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO
Commission File Number: 001-16565
ACCENTURE LTD
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0341111
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Canon s Court
22 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda
(Address of principal executive offices)
(441) 296-8262

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant s Class A common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of March 21, 2008 was 591,569,389 (which number does not include 50,369,708 issued shares held by subsidiaries of the registrant). The number of shares of the registrant s Class X common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of March 21, 2008 was 151,253,479.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ACCENTURE LTD
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
February 29, 2008 and August 31, 2007
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	February 29, 2008 (Unaudited)	August 31, 2007
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,584,139	\$ 3,314,396
Short-term investments	73,706	231,278
Receivables from clients, net	2,722,616	2,409,299
Unbilled services, net	1,424,748	1,290,035
Deferred income taxes, net	364,990	318,172
Other current assets	430,269	407,998
 Total current assets	 7,600,468	 7,971,178
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Unbilled services, net	53,898	63,995
Investments	68,990	81,935
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,686,886 and \$1,556,146, respectively	840,071	808,069
Goodwill	781,237	643,728
Deferred income taxes, net	603,933	389,858
Other non-current assets	959,717	788,399
 Total non-current assets	 3,307,846	 2,775,984
 TOTAL ASSETS	 \$ 10,908,314	 \$ 10,747,162
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Current portion of long-term debt and bank borrowings	\$ 6,443	\$ 23,795
Accounts payable	963,228	985,071
Deferred revenues	1,732,338	1,785,286
Accrued payroll and related benefits	2,216,862	2,274,098
Income taxes payable	207,253	942,310
Deferred income taxes, net	44,662	39,078
Other accrued liabilities	863,554	912,978
 Total current liabilities	 6,034,340	 6,962,616
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Long-term debt	2,691	2,565
Retirement obligation	523,041	494,416

Deferred income taxes, net	38,089	31,758
Income taxes payable	1,016,876	32,330
Other non-current liabilities	506,178	419,959
Total non-current liabilities	2,086,875	981,028
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
MINORITY INTEREST	696,958	740,186
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Preferred shares, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, zero shares issued and outstanding		
Class A common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 20,000,000,000 shares authorized, 641,641,819 and 635,108,578 shares issued as of February 29, 2008 and August 31, 2007, respectively	14	14
Class X common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 151,507,286 and 162,629,929 shares issued and outstanding as of February 29, 2008 and August 31, 2007, respectively	3	4
Restricted share units	696,413	649,475
Additional paid-in capital		
Treasury shares, at cost, 50,528,229 and 39,187,569 shares as of February 29, 2008 and August 31, 2007, respectively	(1,499,481)	(1,033,025)
Retained earnings	2,753,206	2,362,703
Accumulated other comprehensive income	139,986	84,161
Total shareholders equity	2,090,141	2,063,332
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 10,908,314	\$ 10,747,162

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS
For the Three and Six Months Ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
REVENUES:				
Revenues before reimbursements	\$ 5,611,314	\$ 4,749,838	\$ 11,285,227	\$ 9,503,926
Reimbursements	446,309	419,515	874,353	831,786
Revenues	6,057,623	5,169,353	12,159,580	10,335,712
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Cost of services:				
Cost of services before reimbursable expenses	3,958,264	3,344,772	7,927,100	6,666,616
Reimbursable expenses	446,309	419,515	874,353	831,786
Cost of services	4,404,573	3,764,287	8,801,453	7,498,402
Sales and marketing	539,303	434,293	1,059,701	871,223
General and administrative costs	469,879	405,065	919,836	784,708
Reorganization costs, net	5,811	6,316	14,134	12,395
Total operating expenses	5,419,566	4,609,961	10,795,124	9,166,728
OPERATING INCOME	638,057	559,392	1,364,456	1,168,984
Gain on investments, net	803	33	6,274	2,887
Interest income	24,110	34,948	61,890	71,255
Interest expense	(7,684)	(6,862)	(13,082)	(11,984)
Other (expense) income	(5,708)	(3,433)	3,529	(5,899)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	649,578	584,078	1,423,067	1,225,243
Provision for income taxes	115,782	171,542	383,713	406,850
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	533,796	412,536	1,039,354	818,393
Minority interest in Accenture SCA and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc.	(123,850)	(111,311)	(243,663)	(227,124)
Minority interest other	(3,389)	(4,503)	(7,849)	(10,315)
NET INCOME	\$ 406,557	\$ 296,722	\$ 787,842	\$ 580,954
Weighted average Class A common shares:				
Basic	608,472,725	604,326,019	610,116,498	601,363,210
Diluted	827,974,896	867,842,561	833,699,703	871,464,150

Earnings per Class A common share:

Basic	\$	0.67	\$	0.49	\$	1.29	\$	0.97
Diluted	\$	0.64	\$	0.47	\$	1.24	\$	0.93
Cash dividends per share	\$		\$		\$	0.42	\$	0.35

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD
CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENTS
For the Six Months Ended February 29, 2008
(In thousands of U.S. dollars and in thousands of share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Class A Common Preferred		Class X Common Shares		Restricted Share Units	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares No. Shares	Accumulated Other Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income	Total	
	Shares \$	No. Shares	\$	No. Shares		\$					
Balance as of February 29, 2007	\$ 14	635,109	\$ 4	162,630	\$ 649,475	\$	\$(1,033,025)	(39,188)	\$ 2,362,703	\$ 84,161	\$ 2,000,000
Adoption of FASB Statement No. 48						(1,756)		19,245			
Comprehensive Income								787,842			787,842
Comprehensive Income										15,722	15,722
Realization of losses on available securities, reclassification of currency translation adjustments										40,275	40,275
Realization of losses on pension and postretirement benefits, net of tax										(172)	(172)
Comprehensive Income										55,825	55,825
Comprehensive Income											84,161
Realization of tax benefit on deferred tax assets											
Termination of pension plans						10,136					
Issuance of Class A common shares		(1,051)				(40,506)	(591,847)	(17,074)	(1,748)		(651,176)
Issuance of Class A common shares											
Issuance expense on shares/redemptions			(1)	(11,123)	155,589	20,976			(59,654)		(43,112)
Issuance of Class A common shares											
Issuance of Class A common shares											

Holdings Inc.												
geable shares												
ss X common												
es of Class A												
n shares related												
oyee share												
ns		7,584		(128,995)	205,772	125,391	5,734				20	
nds				20,344				(354,029)			(33	
y interest					280,039				(1,153)		28	
e as of												
y 29, 2008	\$	\$ 14	641,642	\$ 3	151,507	\$ 696,413	\$	\$(1,499,481)	(50,528)	\$ 2,753,206	\$ 139,986	\$ 2,09

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENTS
For the Six Months Ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007
(In thousands of U.S. dollars)
(Unaudited)

	2008	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 787,842	\$ 580,954
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation, amortization and asset impairments	236,213	249,446
Reorganization costs, net	14,134	12,395
Share-based compensation expense	176,921	146,624
Deferred income taxes, net	(20,598)	(72,940)
Minority interest	251,512	237,439
Other, net	(17,533)	1,956
Change in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		
Receivables from clients, net	(158,517)	(323,490)
Other current assets	9,601	35,707
Unbilled services, current and non-current	(37,964)	(31,705)
Other non-current assets	(142,088)	(126,839)
Accounts payable	(27,032)	(57,498)
Deferred revenues	(139,979)	166,432
Accrued payroll and related benefits	(190,940)	119,751
Other accrued liabilities	(133,419)	(248,209)
Income taxes payable, current and non-current	(19,492)	133,785
Other non-current liabilities	103,862	52,198
Net cash provided by operating activities	692,523	876,006
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from maturities and sales of available-for-sale investments	202,221	545,222
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(19,651)	(341,210)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	7,316	10,261
Purchases of property and equipment	(167,318)	(143,044)
Purchases of businesses and investments, net of cash acquired	(197,618)	(5,667)
Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash transferred	(1,756)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(176,806)	65,562
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	202,168	282,838
Purchases of common shares	(1,168,417)	(1,071,747)
Proceeds from long-term debt	3,986	1,968
Repayments of long-term debt	(24,579)	(23,147)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	69,926	9,082
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(66,925)	(9,907)
Cash dividends paid	(333,685)	(293,059)

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Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	36,984	24,921
Other, net	(22,977)	(14,202)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,303,519)	(1,093,253)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	57,545	44,636
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(730,257)	(107,049)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	3,314,396	3,066,988
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 2,584,139	\$ 2,959,939

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Accenture Ltd, a Bermuda company, and its controlled subsidiary companies (collectively, the Company) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These Consolidated Financial Statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2007 included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 23, 2007. The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for these interim periods. The results of operations for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2008. Certain prior-period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On September 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 specifies how tax benefits for uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified in the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim-period guidance, among other provisions. For additional information, see Note 3 (Income Taxes) to these Consolidated Financial Statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141R), which is a revision of SFAS 141, *Business Combinations* . SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for: recognizing and measuring the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; expensing acquisition related costs as incurred; and determining what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS 141R for acquisitions that occur on or after September 1, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51*, (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary (previously referred to as minority interests). Upon adoption of SFAS 160 on September 1, 2009, the Company will be required to report any noncontrolling interests as a separate component of consolidated shareholders equity.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated as follows:

Basic earnings per share

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
Net income available for Class A common shareholders	\$ 406,557	\$ 296,722	\$ 787,842	\$ 580,954
Basic weighted average Class A common shares	608,472,725	604,326,019	610,116,498	601,363,210
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.49	\$ 1.29	\$ 0.97

Diluted earnings per share

Net income available for Class A common shareholders	\$ 406,557	\$ 296,722	\$ 787,842	\$ 580,954
Minority interest in Accenture SCA and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. (1)	123,850	111,311	243,663	227,124
Net income per share calculation	\$ 530,407	\$ 408,033	\$ 1,031,505	\$ 808,078
Basic weighted average Class A common shares	608,472,725	604,326,019	610,116,498	601,363,210
Class A common shares issuable upon redemption/exchange of minority interest (1)	185,484,750	226,659,116	188,790,057	235,347,026
Diluted effect of employee compensation related to Class A common shares	33,811,530	36,657,493	34,513,611	34,637,031
Diluted effect of employee share purchase plan related to Class A common shares	205,891	199,933	279,537	116,883
Weighted average Class A common shares	827,974,896	867,842,561	833,699,703	871,464,150
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.24	\$ 0.93

(1) Diluted earnings per share assumes the redemption and exchange of all Accenture SCA

Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares, respectively, for Accenture Ltd Class A common shares, on a one-for-one basis. The income effect does not take into account Minority interest other, since those shares are not redeemable or exchangeable for Accenture Ltd Class A common shares.

3. INCOME TAXES

Effective Tax Rate

The Company's effective tax rates for the three months ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007 were 17.8% and 29.4%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates for the six months ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007 were 27.0% and 33.2%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 are lower than the effective tax rates for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007, primarily as a result of benefits related to: final determinations and other adjustments to prior year tax liabilities, which reduced the rates by 13.1% and 5.7%, respectively; non-U.S. research and development tax credits, which reduced the rates by 4.5% and 2.1%, respectively; and changes in the geographic distribution of income. These benefits were offset by expenses related to tax rate changes enacted during the three and six months ended February 29, 2008, which reduced the value of the Company's deferred tax assets. The three and six months ended February 28, 2007 included a reduction in the effective tax rate of 3.5% and 1.7%, respectively, recorded as a result of a nonrecurring benefit related to a reduction in the valuation allowance on the Company's deferred tax assets.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

Uncertain Tax Provisions

The adoption of FIN 48 on September 1, 2007 had the following approximate impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements: increased Non-current deferred income tax assets by \$228,900; decreased Current income taxes payable by \$757,400; increased Non-current income taxes payable by \$968,900; decreased Additional paid-in capital by \$1,800; and increased Retained earnings by \$19,200, including a \$3,200 adjustment recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2008.

As of September 1, 2007, the Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$1,031,800, of which \$643,700, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate. The Company's policy, which has not changed as a result of adopting FIN 48, is to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the Provision for income taxes. As of September 1, 2007, the Company had accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions of \$151,100 (\$107,400, net of tax benefits) on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The Company is currently under audit by the Internal Revenue Service for the tax years 2003 to 2005. The Company does not expect the audit of these years to be effectively settled within the next 12 months. The Company is also currently under audit in many jurisdictions outside the United States; none of these audits is individually material to the Company's results of operations or financial position. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that approximately \$68,000 of its unrecognized tax benefits, each of which are individually insignificant, may be resolved in the next 12 months as a result of settlements, lapses of statutes of limitations and other adjustments.

4. REORGANIZATION COSTS

In fiscal 2001, the Company accrued reorganization liabilities in connection with its transition to a corporate structure. These liabilities included certain non-income tax liabilities, such as stamp taxes, as well as liabilities for certain individual income tax exposures related to the transfer of interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. These primarily represent unusual and disproportionate individual income tax exposures assumed by certain, but not all, of the Company's shareholders and partners in certain tax jurisdictions specifically related to the transfer of their partnership interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. The Company identified certain shareholders and partners who may incur such unusual and disproportionate financial damage in certain jurisdictions. These include shareholders and partners who were subject to tax in their jurisdiction on items of income arising from the reorganization transaction that were not taxable for most other shareholders and partners. In addition, certain other shareholders and partners were subject to a different rate or amount of tax than other shareholders or partners in the same jurisdiction. When additional taxes are assessed on these shareholders or partners in connection with these transfers, the Company has made and intends to make payments to reimburse certain costs associated with the assessment either to the shareholder or partner, or to the taxing authority. The Company has recorded reorganization expense and the related liability where such liabilities are probable. Interest accruals are made to cover reimbursement of interest on such tax assessments.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

The Company's reorganization activity was as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
Reorganization liability, beginning of period	\$ 294,220	\$ 365,603	\$ 401,228	\$ 350,864
Final determinations (1)	(51,871)	(21,014)	(82,113)	(21,836)
Changes in estimates	51,871	21,014	82,113	21,836
Benefit recorded				
Interest expense accrued	5,811	6,316	14,134	12,395
Payments			(143,184)	
Foreign currency translation	9,673	2,263	37,526	10,923
Reorganization liability, end of period	\$ 309,704	\$ 374,182	\$ 309,704	\$ 374,182

(1) Includes final agreements with tax authorities and expirations of statutes of limitations.

As of February 29, 2008, reorganization liabilities of \$299,119 were included in Other accrued liabilities because expirations of statutes of limitations or other final determinations could occur within 12 months, and reorganization liabilities of \$10,585 were included in Other non-current liabilities. Timing of the resolution of current tax audits, initiation of additional audits or litigation may delay final settlements. Final settlement will result in a payment on a final settlement and/or recording a reorganization benefit or cost in the Company's Consolidated Income Statement. It is possible the aggregate amount of such payments could exceed the reorganization liability currently recorded.

5. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of Accumulated other comprehensive income were as follows:

	February 29, 2008	August 31, 2007
Unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities	\$ 14,408	\$ (1,314)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	134,136	93,861
Pension and postretirement plans, net of tax of \$8,119 and \$8,137, respectively	(8,558)	(8,386)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 139,986	\$ 84,161

Comprehensive income was as follows:

February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
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Three months ended	\$ 437,911	\$ 290,455
Six months ended	\$ 843,667	\$ 596,905

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

6. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable operating segment are as follows:

	August 31, 2007	Additions/ Adjustments (1)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	February 29, 2008
Communications & High Tech	\$ 115,197	\$ 22,816	\$ 2,386	\$ 140,399
Financial Services	128,343	14,190	1,034	143,567
Products	287,576	29,367	3,500	320,443
Public Service	71,211	57,553	304	129,068
Resources	41,401	6,580	(221)	47,760
Total	\$ 643,728	\$ 130,506	\$ 7,003	\$ 781,237

(1) Additions/Adjustments primarily represent acquisitions made during the six months ended February 29, 2008, including \$128,888 related to six individually insignificant acquisitions, for total consideration of \$190,737.

7. RETIREMENT PLANS

In the United States and certain other countries, the Company maintains and administers retirement plans and postretirement medical plans for certain current, retired and resigned employees. The components of net periodic pension and postretirement benefits expense were as follows:

	Pension Benefits			
	Three Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	U.S. Plans	Non-U.S. Plans	U.S. Plans	Non-U.S. Plans
Components of pension benefits expense				
Service cost	\$ 8,325	\$ 12,125	\$ 12,706	\$ 13,509
Interest cost	14,988	8,369	13,510	7,041
Expected return on plan assets	(17,638)	(9,013)	(14,946)	(6,562)
Amortization of loss (gain)	480	(369)	325	344
Amortization of prior service cost	70	119	182	155

Total \$ 6,225 \$ 11,231 \$ 11,777 \$ 14,487

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ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

	Pension Benefits			
	Six Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.
Components of pension benefits expense	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans
Service cost	\$ 16,650	\$ 24,332	\$ 25,412	\$ 26,836
Interest cost	29,976	16,590	27,020	13,997
Expected return on plan assets	(35,276)	(17,942)	(29,892)	(13,081)
Amortization of transitional obligation				(20)
Amortization of loss (gain)	960	(721)	650	694
Amortization of prior service cost	140	230	364	310
Curtailment gain	(13,898)			
Total	\$ (1,448)	\$ 22,489	\$ 23,554	\$ 28,736

	Postretirement Benefits			
	Three Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.
Components of postretirement benefits expense	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans
Service cost	\$ 1,744	\$ 365	\$ 1,668	\$ 319
Interest cost	1,653	465	1,520	401
Expected return on plan assets	(409)		(375)	
Amortization of transitional obligation	20		20	
Amortization of loss		20		17
Amortization of prior service credit	(201)	(212)	(200)	(199)
Total	\$ 2,807	\$ 638	\$ 2,633	\$ 538

	Postretirement Benefits			
	Six Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.
Components of postretirement benefits expense	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans
Service cost	\$ 3,488	\$ 725	\$ 3,334	\$ 623
Interest cost	3,306	923	3,040	783
Expected return on plan assets	(818)		(750)	
Amortization of transitional obligation	40		40	
Amortization of loss		39		33
Amortization of prior service credit	(402)	(421)	(400)	(389)
Total	\$ 5,614	\$ 1,266	\$ 5,264	\$ 1,050

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

8. MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share Purchase Activity

The Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized funding for the Company's publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and for redemptions and repurchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares, Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares held by the Company's current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees.

The Company's share purchase activity during the six months ended February 29, 2008 was as follows:

	Accenture Ltd Class A		Accenture SCA Class I Common Shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. Exchangeable		Total	
			Shares		Amount	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Open-market share purchases	10,250,028	\$ 358,052		\$	10,250,028	\$ 358,052
Other share purchase programs	5,898,398	196,357(1)	14,433,910	534,316	20,332,308	730,673
Other purchases (2)	1,976,247	79,692			1,976,247	79,692
Total	18,124,673	\$ 634,101	14,433,910	\$ 534,316	32,558,583	\$ 1,168,417

(1) On February 1, 2008, Accenture Equity Finance B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 5,898,398 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.29, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$196,357. Shares from this transaction were purchased from

certain former senior executives residing outside the United States.

- (2) During the six months ended February 29, 2008, as authorized under the Company's various employee equity share plans, the Company acquired Accenture Ltd Class A common shares primarily via share withholding for payroll tax obligations due from employees and former employees in connection with the delivery of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under those plans.

On October 25, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd authorized an additional \$3,000,000 for share purchases. Management has discretion to use this authorization for purchases under either the Company's publicly announced open-market share purchase program or its other share purchase programs.

As of February 29, 2008, the Company's aggregate available authorization was \$3,561,581 for its open-market share purchase program and its other share purchase programs.

Waiver of Certain Transfer Restrictions

On March 26, 2008, Accenture SCA enacted a graduated waiver of certain transfer restrictions applicable to former senior executives who hold Accenture SCA Class I common shares received at the time of the initial public offering of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in July 2001 (covered shares). As a result, covered shares that would otherwise not become available for transfer until either July 24, 2008 or July 24, 2009 will become transferable by the holders on an accelerated basis beginning in April 2008.

Dividend

On November 15, 2007, a cash dividend of \$0.42 per share was paid on Accenture Ltd's Class A common shares to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 12, 2007, resulting in a cash outlay of \$252,232. On

November 15, 2007, a cash dividend of \$0.42 per share was also paid on Accenture SCA Class I common shares and on Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares, in each case to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 9, 2007, resulting in cash outlays of \$80,153 and \$1,300, respectively. The payment of the cash dividends also resulted in the issuance of an immaterial number of additional restricted share units to holders of restricted share units. Diluted weighted average Accenture Ltd Class A common share amounts have been restated for all periods presented to reflect this issuance.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and Guarantees

The Company has the right to purchase substantially all of the remaining outstanding shares of its affiliate, Avanade Inc. (Avanade), not owned by the Company at fair value if certain events occur. The Company may also be required to purchase substantially all of the remaining outstanding shares of Avanade at fair value if certain events occur.

The Company has various agreements in which it may be obligated to indemnify other parties with respect to certain matters. Generally, these indemnification provisions are included in contracts arising in the normal course of business under which the Company customarily agrees to hold the indemnified party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations related to such matters as title to assets sold, licensed or certain intellectual property rights and other matters. Payments by the Company under such indemnification clauses are generally conditioned on the other party making a claim. Such claims are typically subject to challenge by the Company and to dispute resolution procedures specified in the particular contract. Further, the Company's obligations under these agreements may be limited in terms of time and/or amount and, in some instances, the Company may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made by the Company. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these indemnification agreements due to the conditional nature of the Company's obligations and the unique facts of each particular agreement. Historically, the Company has not made any payments under these agreements that have been material individually or in the aggregate. As of February 29, 2008, management was not aware of any obligations arising under indemnification contracts that would require material payments.

From time to time, the Company enters into contracts with clients whereby it has joint and several liability with other participants and/or third parties providing related services and products to clients. Under these arrangements, the Company and other parties may assume some responsibility to the client or a third party for the performance of others under the terms and conditions of the contract with or for the benefit of the client or in relation to the performance of certain contractual obligations. In some arrangements, the extent of the Company's obligations for the performance of others is not expressly specified. The Company estimates that, as of February 29, 2008, it had assumed an aggregate potential liability of approximately \$1,189,000 to its clients for the performance of others under arrangements described in this paragraph. These contracts typically provide recourse provisions that would allow the Company to recover from the other parties all but approximately \$88,000 if the Company is obligated to make payments to the clients that are the consequence of a performance default by the other parties. To date, the Company has not been required to make any payments under any of the contracts described in this paragraph.

Legal Contingencies

As of February 29, 2008, the Company or its present personnel had been named as a defendant in various litigation matters. We or our personnel also from time to time are involved in investigations by various regulatory or legal authorities concerning matters arising in the course of our business around the world. Based on the present status of these matters, management believes these matters will not ultimately have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

ACCENTURE LTD
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)
(Unaudited)

10. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's reportable operating segments are the five operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Products, Public Service (known as Government prior to September 1, 2007) and Resources. Information regarding the Company's reportable operating segments is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	Revenues Before Reimbursements	Operating Income	Revenues Before Reimbursements	Operating Income
Communications & High Tech	\$ 1,339,411	\$ 184,926	\$ 1,086,164	\$ 113,600
Financial Services	1,209,223	142,792	1,050,667	103,809
Products	1,439,002	161,806	1,165,094	140,331
Public Service	674,520	22,443	655,064	92,629
Resources	943,595	126,090	787,420	109,023
Other	5,563		5,429	
Total	\$ 5,611,314	\$ 638,057	\$ 4,749,838	\$ 559,392

	Six Months Ended			
	February 29, 2008		February 28, 2007	
	Revenues Before Reimbursements	Operating Income	Revenues Before Reimbursements	Operating Income
Communications & High Tech	\$ 2,651,143	\$ 312,958	\$ 2,182,554	\$ 248,001
Financial Services	2,453,193	322,316	2,117,914	237,701
Products	2,911,858	380,931	2,359,762	347,410
Public Service	1,383,482	90,821	1,282,892	120,991
Resources	1,874,557	257,430	1,550,410	214,881
Other	10,994		10,394	
Total	\$ 11,285,227	\$ 1,364,456	\$ 9,503,926	\$ 1,168,984

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007, and with the information under the heading Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007.

We use the terms Accenture, we, our Company, our and us in this report to refer to Accenture Ltd and its subsidiaries. All references to years, unless otherwise noted, refer to our fiscal year, which ends on August 31. For example, a reference to fiscal 2007 means the 12-month period that ended on August 31, 2007. All references to quarters, unless otherwise noted, refer to the quarters of our fiscal year.

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) relating to our operations, results of operations and other matters that are based on our current expectations, estimates, assumptions and projections. Words such as may, will, should, likely, anticipates, expects, intends, plans, projects, estimates and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in these forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to:

Our results of operations could be negatively affected if we cannot expand and develop our services and solutions in response to changes in technology and client demand.

The consulting, systems integration and technology, and outsourcing markets are highly competitive, and we might not be able to compete effectively.

Our results of operations could be affected by economic and political conditions and the effects of these conditions on our clients' businesses and levels of business activity.

Our work with government clients exposes us to additional risks inherent in the government contracting environment.

Our business could be adversely affected if our clients are not satisfied with our services.

We could be subject to liabilities if our subcontractors or the third parties with whom we partner cannot deliver their project contributions on time or at all.

Our results of operations could be adversely affected if our clients terminate their contracts with us on short notice.

Outsourcing services are a significant part of our business and subject us to operational and financial risk.

Our results of operations may be affected by the rate of growth in the use of technology in business and the type and level of technology spending by our clients.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to maintain favorable pricing rates.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to maintain favorable utilization rates.

Our business could be negatively affected if we incur legal liability in connection with providing our solutions and services.

If our pricing structures do not accurately anticipate the cost and complexity of performing our work, then our contracts could be unprofitable.

Many of our contracts utilize performance pricing that links some of our fees to the attainment of various performance or business targets. This could increase the variability of our revenues and margins.

Our alliance relationships may not be successful.

Our global operations are subject to complex risks, some of which might be beyond our control.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to control our costs.

If we are unable to attract, retain and motivate employees or efficiently utilize their skills, we might not be able to compete effectively and will not be able to grow our business.

If we are unable to collect our receivables or unbilled services, our results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected.

Our services or solutions could infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others or we might lose our ability to utilize the intellectual property of others.

We have only a limited ability to protect our intellectual property rights, which are important to our success.

Tax legislation and negative publicity related to Bermuda companies could lead to an increase in our tax burden or affect our relationships with our clients.

If we are unable to manage the organizational challenges associated with the size and expansion of our Company, we might be unable to achieve our business objectives.

We may not be successful at identifying, acquiring or integrating other businesses or technologies.

Consolidation in the industries that we serve could adversely affect our business.

The share price of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares could be adversely affected from time to time by sales, or the anticipation of future sales, of Class A common shares held by our employees and former employees.

Our share price has fluctuated in the past and could continue to fluctuate, including in response to variability in revenues, operating results and profitability, and as a result our share price could be difficult to predict.

Our share price could be adversely affected if we are unable to maintain effective internal controls.

We are registered in Bermuda and a significant portion of our assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it might not be possible for shareholders to enforce civil liability provisions of the Federal or state securities laws of the United States.

Bermuda law differs from the laws in effect in the United States and might afford less protection to shareholders.

We might be unable to access additional capital on favorable terms or at all. If we raise equity capital, it may dilute our shareholders' ownership interest in us.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Overview

Revenues are driven by the ability of our executives to secure new contracts and to deliver solutions and services that add value to our clients. Our ability to add value to clients and therefore drive revenues depends in part on our ability to deliver market-leading service offerings and to deploy skilled teams of professionals quickly and on a global basis.

Our results of operations are also affected by the economic conditions, levels of business activity and rates of change in the industries we serve, as well as by the pace of technological change and the type and level of technology spending by our clients. The ability to identify and capitalize on these market and technological changes early in their cycles is a key driver of our performance. Although we are continuing to see strong demand for our services, we continue to expect that revenue growth rates across our segments and between consulting and outsourcing services may vary from quarter to quarter during the remainder of fiscal 2008 as economic conditions vary in different industries and geographic markets.

Revenues before reimbursements (net revenues) for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$5.61 billion and \$11.29 billion, respectively, compared with \$4.75 billion and \$9.50 billion, respectively, for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007, increases of 18% and 19%, respectively, in U.S. dollars and 11% and 12%, respectively, in local currency.

Consulting net revenues for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$3.35 billion and \$6.81 billion, respectively, compared with \$2.83 billion and \$5.74 billion, respectively, for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007, increases of 18% and 19%, respectively, in U.S. dollars and 11% for both periods in local currency.

Outsourcing net revenues for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$2.26 billion and \$4.48 billion, respectively, compared with \$1.92 billion and \$3.76 billion, respectively, for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007, increases of 18% and 19%, respectively, in U.S. dollars and 11% and 12%, respectively, in local currency. Outsourcing contracts typically have longer terms than consulting contracts and generally have lower gross margins than consulting contracts, particularly in the first year. Long-term relationships with many of our clients continue to contribute to our success in growing our outsourcing business. Consistent with broader market trends, our recently signed outsourcing contracts continue to be of shorter duration and therefore of smaller initial total contract value than they have been in the past. Despite this, our average annualized revenue per contract is steady. Long-term, complex outsourcing contracts, including their consulting components, require ongoing review of their terms and scope of work, in light of our clients' evolving business needs and our performance expectations. Should the size or number of modifications to these arrangements increase, as our business continues to grow and these contracts evolve, we may experience increased variability in expected cash flows, revenues and profitability.

As we are a global company, our revenues are denominated in multiple currencies and may be significantly affected by currency exchange-rate fluctuations. During the majority of fiscal 2007 and the first and second quarters of fiscal 2008, the U.S. dollar weakened against many currencies, resulting in favorable currency translation and greater reported U.S. dollar revenues, operating expenses and operating income compared to the same period in the prior year. If this trend continues in the remainder of fiscal 2008, our U.S. dollar revenue growth will be higher than our growth in local currency. In the future, if the U.S. dollar strengthens against other currencies, our U.S. dollar revenue growth may be lower than our growth in local currency.

The primary categories of operating expenses are cost of services, sales and marketing and general and administrative costs. Cost of services is primarily driven by the cost of client-service personnel, which consists mainly of compensation, sub-contractor and other personnel costs, and non-payroll outsourcing costs. Cost of services as a percentage of revenues is driven by the prices we obtain for our solutions and services, the utilization of our client-service personnel and the level of non-payroll costs associated with the growth of new outsourcing contracts. Utilization represents the percentage of our professionals' time spent on billable work. Utilization for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was approximately 83%, consistent with the first quarter of fiscal 2008 and in the range we expect. Utilization for the three months ended February 28, 2007 was approximately 86%. Sales and marketing expense is driven primarily by compensation costs for business-development activities, the development of new service offerings and client-targeting, image-development and brand-recognition activities. General and administrative

costs primarily include costs for non-client-facing personnel, information systems and office space, which we seek to manage, as a percentage of revenues, at levels consistent with or lower than levels in prior-year periods. Operating expenses also include reorganization costs and benefits, which may vary substantially from year to year.

Gross margin (net revenues less cost of services before reimbursements as a percentage of net revenues) for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008 was 29.5% and 29.8%, respectively, compared with 29.6% and 29.9%, respectively, for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007.

One of our cost-management strategies is to anticipate changes in demand for our services and to identify cost-management initiatives. A primary element of this strategy is to aggressively plan and manage our payroll costs to meet the anticipated demand for our services, given that payroll costs are the most significant portion of our operating expenses.

Annualized attrition, excluding involuntary terminations, in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 was 15%, compared to 17% in the second quarter of fiscal 2007. We monitor our current and projected future demands, and recruit new employees as needed to balance our mix of skills and resources to meet that demand, to replace departing employees, and to expand our global sourcing approach, which includes our Global Delivery Network and other capabilities around the world. From time to time, we adjust compensation in certain skill sets and geographies in order to attract and retain appropriate numbers of qualified employees and we may need to continue to adjust compensation in the future. We also use managed attrition as a means to keep our supply of skills and resources in balance with client demand. In addition, compensation increases, which for the majority of our personnel were effective September 1, 2007, were higher than in prior fiscal years. As in prior fiscal years, we have adjusted and expect to continue to adjust pricing with the objective of recovering these increases. Our margins and ability to grow our business could be adversely affected if we do not continue to manage headcount and attrition, recover increases in compensation and effectively assimilate and utilize large numbers of new employees.

Sales and marketing and general and administrative costs as a percentage of net revenues were 18.0% and 17.5% for the three and six months ended February 29, 2008, respectively, compared with 17.7% and 17.4% for the three and six months ended February 28, 2007, respectively. The increase as a percentage of net revenues is related to higher selling costs associated with the development of early stage opportunities, particularly in our Public Service operating group.

Operating income as a percentage of net revenues decreased to 11.4% for the three months ended February 29, 2008, from 11.8% for the three months ended February 28, 2007. Operating income as a percentage of net revenues decreased to 12.1% for the six months ended February 29, 2008, from 12.3% for the six months ended February 28, 2007.

Bookings and Backlog

New contract bookings for the three months ended February 29, 2008 were \$6,438 million, with consulting bookings of \$3,788 million and outsourcing bookings of \$2,650 million. New contract bookings for the six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$12,353 million, with consulting bookings of \$7,160 million and outsourcing bookings of \$5,193 million.

We provide information regarding our new contract bookings because we believe doing so provides useful trend information regarding changes in the volume of our new business over time. However, new bookings can vary significantly quarter to quarter depending on the timing of the signing of a small number of large contracts. Information regarding our new bookings is not comparable to, nor should it be substituted for, an analysis of our revenues over time. There are no third-party standards or requirements governing the calculation of bookings. New contract bookings involve estimates and judgments regarding new contracts as well as renewals, extensions and additions to existing contracts. Subsequent cancellations, extensions and other matters may affect the amount of bookings previously reported. New contract bookings are recorded using then existing currency exchange rates and are not subsequently adjusted for currency fluctuations.

The majority of our contracts are terminable by the client on short notice or without notice. Accordingly, we do not believe it is appropriate to characterize bookings attributable to these contracts as backlog. Normally, if a client terminates a project, the client remains obligated to pay for commitments we have made to third parties in connection with the project, services performed and reimbursable expenses incurred by us through the date of termination.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007.

Revenues by Segment/Operating Group

Our five reportable operating segments are our operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Products, Public Service (known as Government prior to September 1, 2007) and Resources. Operating groups are managed on the basis of net revenues because our management believes net revenues are a better indicator of operating group performance than revenues. In addition to reporting net revenues by operating group, we also report net revenues by two types of work: consulting and outsourcing, which represent the services sold by our operating groups. Consulting net revenues, which include management consulting and systems integration services, reflect a finite, distinct project or set of projects with a defined outcome and typically a defined set of specific deliverables. Outsourcing net revenues typically reflect ongoing, repeatable services or capabilities provided to transition, run and/or manage operations of client systems or business functions.

From time to time, our operating groups work together to sell and implement certain contracts. The resulting revenues and costs from these contracts may be apportioned among the participating operating groups. Generally, operating expenses for each operating group have similar characteristics and are subject to the same factors, pressures and challenges. However, the economic environment and its effects on the industries served by our operating groups affect revenues and operating expenses within our operating groups to differing degrees. The mix between consulting and outsourcing is not uniform among our operating groups. Local-currency fluctuations also tend to affect our operating groups differently, depending on the geographic concentrations and locations of their businesses.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended February 29, 2008 Compared to the Three Months Ended February 28, 2007

Net revenues (by operating group, geographic region and type of work) and reimbursements were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Percent Increase US\$	Percent Increase/ (Decrease) Local Currency	Percent of Net Revenues for the Three Months Ended	
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007			February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
(in millions)						
OPERATING GROUPS						
Communications & High Tech	\$ 1,339	\$ 1,086	23%	15%	24%	23%
Financial Services	1,209	1,051	15	7	21	22
Products	1,439	1,165	24	17	26	24
Public Service	675	655	3	(1)	12	14
Resources	944	787	20	12	17	17
Other	5	6	n/m	n/m		
TOTAL Net Revenues	5,611	4,750	18%	11%	100%	100%
Reimbursements	447	419	6			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 6,058	\$ 5,169	17%			
GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS						
Americas	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,043	13%	10%	41%	43%
EMEA (1)	2,791	2,334	20	9	50	49
Asia Pacific	503	373	35	23	9	8
TOTAL Net Revenues	\$ 5,611	\$ 4,750	18%	11%	100%	100%
TYPE OF WORK						
Consulting	\$ 3,351	\$ 2,834	18%	11%	60%	60%
Outsourcing	2,260	1,916	18	11	40	40
TOTAL Net Revenues	\$ 5,611	\$ 4,750	18%	11%	100%	100%

n/m = not meaningful

(1) EMEA includes Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

Revenues

Our Communications & High Tech operating group achieved net revenues of \$1,339 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$1,086 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 23% in U.S. dollars and 15% in local currency. The increase was driven by growth in both consulting and outsourcing in all geographic regions and across all industry groups.

Our Financial Services operating group achieved net revenues of \$1,209 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$1,051 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 15% in U.S. dollars and 7% in local currency. The increase was primarily due to outsourcing growth in our Banking industry group across all geographic regions and in our Insurance and Capital Markets industry groups in the Americas region.

Our Products operating group achieved net revenues of \$1,439 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$1,165 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 24% in U.S. dollars and 17% in local currency, with consulting and outsourcing growth across all geographic regions. The increase was driven by strong growth in the Americas region across all industry groups and in the EMEA region, led by our Consumer Goods & Services and Industrial Equipment industry groups.

Our Public Service operating group achieved net revenues of \$675 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$655 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 3% in U.S. dollars and a decrease of 1% in local currency. The decrease in local currency was primarily due to an outsourcing decline in the Americas region, offset by consulting growth across all geographic regions.

Our Resources operating group achieved net revenues of \$944 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$787 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 20% in U.S. dollars and 12% in local currency, primarily driven by strong consulting growth across all geographic regions and strong outsourcing growth in the Americas region. Resources experienced strong growth across all four industry groups: Utilities, Energy, Natural Resources and Chemicals.

In the Americas region, we achieved net revenues of \$2,317 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$2,043 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 13% in U.S. dollars and 10% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in the United States, Brazil and Canada.

In the EMEA region, we achieved net revenues of \$2,791 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$2,334 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 20% in U.S. dollars and 9% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in Italy, Spain and France.

In the Asia Pacific region, we achieved net revenues of \$503 million for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$373 million for the three months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 35% in U.S. dollars and 23% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in Japan, Australia, China and Singapore.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the three months ended February 29, 2008 were \$5,420 million, an increase of \$810 million, or 18%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of revenues to 89.5% from 89.2% over this period. Operating expenses before reimbursable expenses for the three months ended February 29, 2008 were \$4,974 million, an increase of \$783 million, or 19%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 88.6% from 88.2% over this period.

Cost of Services

Cost of services for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$4,405 million, an increase of \$641 million, or 17%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as a percentage of revenues to 72.7% from 72.8% over this period. Cost of services before reimbursable expenses for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$3,958 million, an increase of \$613 million, or 18%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 70.5% from 70.4% over this period. Gross margin for the three months ended February 29, 2008 decreased to 29.5% from 29.6% during this period.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$539 million, an increase of \$105 million, or 24%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 9.6% from 9.2% during this period. The increase as a percentage of net revenues is related to higher selling costs associated with the development of early stage opportunities, particularly in our Public Service operating group.

General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative costs for the three months ended February 29, 2008 were \$470 million, an increase of \$65 million, or 16%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as a percentage of net revenues to 8.4% from 8.5% during this period.

Operating Income

Operating income for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$638 million, an increase of \$79 million, or 14%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as percentage of net revenues to 11.4% from 11.8% over this period. Operating income for each of the operating groups was as follows:

	Three Months Ended		
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007	Increase (Decrease)
	(in millions)		
Communications & High Tech	\$ 185	\$ 113	\$ 72
Financial Services	143	104	39
Products	162	140	22
Public Service	22	93	(71)
Resources	126	109	17
Total	\$ 638	\$ 559	\$ 79

Operating income commentary by operating group is as follows:

Communications & High Tech operating income increased due to revenue growth and improved contract margins.

Financial Services operating income increased primarily due to outsourcing revenue growth and improved outsourcing contract margins.

Products operating income increased due to revenue growth, partially offset by lower contract margins.

Public Service operating income decreased primarily due to delivery inefficiencies on a few contracts, higher selling costs associated with the development of early stage business-development opportunities and revenue adjustments on a small number of contracts.

Resources operating income increased due to strong revenue growth, partially offset by higher sales and marketing costs.

Interest Income

Interest income for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$24 million, a decrease of \$11 million, or 31%, from the three months ended February 28, 2007. The decrease was primarily due to lower interest rates.

Other Expense

Other expense for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$6 million, an increase of \$3 million over the three months ended February 28, 2007. The increase resulted primarily from an increase in net foreign currency exchange losses.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the three months ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007 were 17.8% and 29.4%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended February 29, 2008 is lower than the effective tax rate for the three months ended February 28, 2007 primarily as a result of benefits related to final determinations and other adjustments to prior year tax liabilities which reduced the rate by 13.1%, non-U.S. research and development tax credits which reduced the rate by 4.5%, and changes in the geographic distribution of income. These benefits were offset by tax rate changes enacted during the three months ended February 29, 2008 which reduced the value of our deferred tax assets. The three months ended February 28, 2007 included a reduction in the effective tax rate of 3.5% as a result of a nonrecurring benefit related to a reduction in the valuation allowance on our deferred tax

assets.

Beginning with our adoption of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, (FIN 48) on September 1, 2007, we recognize the

impact of changes in unrecognized prior year tax benefits, including audit settlements, statute expirations, and other updates to estimates of tax liabilities, in the quarter in which they occur. See *Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements*. Prior to our adoption of FIN 48, we reflected such items as adjustments to the expected annual effective tax rate instead of as discrete items in the quarter in which they occurred. As a result, our effective tax rate may vary by quarter and may not match our expected 2008 annual effective tax rate.

Our provision for income taxes is based on many factors and subject to volatility year to year. We expect the fiscal 2008 annual effective tax rate to be in the range of 28% to 30%. This is lower than our fiscal 2007 tax rate as a result of changes in our geographic distribution of income, final determinations and other adjustments to prior year income tax liabilities, and non-U.S. research and development tax credits which reduced our expected fiscal 2008 annual effective tax rate.

Minority Interest

Minority interest for the three months ended February 29, 2008 was \$127 million, an increase of \$11 million, or 10%, over the three months ended February 28, 2007. The increase was primarily due to an increase in Income before minority interest of \$121 million, offset by a reduction in the Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares average minority ownership interest to 23% for the three months ended February 29, 2008 from 27% for the three months ended February 28, 2007.

Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share were \$0.64 for the three months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$0.47 for the three months ended February 28, 2007. For information regarding our earnings per share calculations, see Note 2 (Earnings Per Share) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, *Financial Statements*.

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended February 29, 2008 Compared to the Six Months Ended February 28, 2007

Net revenues (by operating group, geographic region and type of work) and reimbursements were as follows:

	Six Months Ended		Percent Increase US\$	Percent Increase Local Currency	Percent of Net Revenues for the Six Months Ended	
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007			February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
	(in millions)					
OPERATING GROUPS						
Communications & High Tech	\$ 2,651	\$ 2,183	21%	14%	23%	23%
Financial Services	2,453	2,118	16	8	22	22
Products	2,912	2,360	23	17	26	25
Public Service	1,383	1,283	8	3	12	14
Resources	1,875	1,550	21	13	17	16
Other	11	10	n/m	n/m		
TOTAL Net Revenues	11,285	9,504	19%	12%	100%	100%
Reimbursements	875	832	5			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 12,160	\$ 10,336	18%			
GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS						
Americas	\$ 4,643	\$ 4,133	12%	10%	41%	43%
EMEA	5,674	4,636	22	12	50	49
Asia Pacific	968	735	32	22	9	8
TOTAL Net Revenues	\$ 11,285	\$ 9,504	19%	12%	100%	100%
TYPE OF WORK						
Consulting	\$ 6,810	\$ 5,743	19%	11%	60%	60%
Outsourcing	4,475	3,761	19	12	40	40
TOTAL Net Revenues	\$ 11,285	\$ 9,504	19%	12%	100%	100%

n/m = not meaningful

Revenues

Our Communications & High Tech operating group achieved net revenues of \$2,651 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$2,183 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 21% in U.S. dollars and 14% in local currency, with both consulting and outsourcing contributing to the growth. The increase was driven by strong growth in the EMEA and Asia Pacific regions across all industry groups and growth in

our Communications industry group in the Americas region.

Our Financial Services operating group achieved net revenues of \$2,453 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$2,118 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 16% in U.S. dollars and 8% in local currency. The increase was primarily due to outsourcing growth in our Banking industry group across all geographic regions and in our Capital Markets and Insurance industry groups in the Americas region.

Our Products operating group achieved net revenues of \$2,912 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$2,360 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 23% in U.S. dollars and 17% in local currency, with consulting and outsourcing growth across all geographic regions. The increase was driven by strong growth in the EMEA region, primarily in our Consumer Goods & Services and Industrial Equipment industry groups, and in the Americas region across all industry groups.

Our Public Service operating group achieved net revenues of \$1,383 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$1,283 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 8% in U.S. dollars and 3% in local currency. The increase was primarily driven by consulting growth across all geographic regions, particularly EMEA, partially offset by outsourcing declines, primarily in the Americas region.

Our Resources operating group achieved net revenues of \$1,875 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$1,550 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 21% in U.S. dollars and 13% in local currency, primarily driven by strong consulting growth across all geographic regions and strong outsourcing growth in the Americas region. Resources experienced strong growth across all four industry groups: Utilities, Energy, Chemicals and Natural Resources.

In the Americas region, we achieved net revenues of \$4,643 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$4,133 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 12% in U.S. dollars and 10% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in the United States, Brazil and Canada.

In the EMEA region, we achieved net revenues of \$5,674 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$4,636 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 22% in U.S. dollars and 12% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in Italy, Spain and France.

In the Asia Pacific region, we achieved net revenues of \$968 million for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$735 million for the six months ended February 28, 2007, an increase of 32% in U.S. dollars and 22% in local currency. Growth was principally driven by our business in Japan, Australia, Singapore and China.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$10,795 million, an increase of \$1,628 million, or 18%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of revenues to 88.8% from 88.7% during this period. Operating expenses before reimbursable expenses for the six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$9,921 million, an increase of \$1,586 million, or 19%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 87.9% from 87.7% over this period.

Cost of Services

Cost of services for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$8,801 million, an increase of \$1,303 million, or 17%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as a percentage of revenues to 72.4% from 72.6% over this period. Cost of services before reimbursable expenses for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$7,927 million, an increase of \$1,260 million, or 19%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 70.2% from 70.1% over this period. Gross margin for the six months ended February 29, 2008 decreased to 29.8% from 29.9% during this period.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$1,060 million, an increase of \$189 million, or 22%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and increased as a percentage of net revenues to 9.4% from 9.2% over this period. The increase as a percentage of net revenues is related to higher selling costs associated with the development of early stage opportunities, particularly in our Public Service operating group.

General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative costs for the six months ended February 29, 2008 were \$920 million, an increase of \$135 million, or 17%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as a percentage of net revenues to 8.1% from 8.2% during this period.

Operating Income

Operating income for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$1,364 million, an increase of \$195 million, or 17%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007, and decreased as percentage of net revenues to 12.1% from 12.3% over this period. Operating income for each of the operating groups was as follows:

	February 29, 2008	Six Months Ended February 28, 2007 (in millions)	Increase (Decrease)
Communications & High Tech	\$ 313	\$ 248	\$ 65
Financial Services	322	238	84
Products	381	347	34
Public Service	91	121	(30)
Resources	257	215	42
Total	\$ 1,364	\$ 1,169	\$ 195

Operating income commentary by operating group is as follows:

Communications & High Tech operating income increased due to revenue growth and improved contract margins, offset by delivery inefficiencies on a consulting contract.

Financial Services operating income increased primarily due to outsourcing revenue growth and improved outsourcing contract margins.

Products operating income increased due to revenue growth, partially offset by lower contract margins.

Public Service operating income decreased primarily due to higher selling costs associated with the development of early stage business-development opportunities, delivery inefficiencies on a few contracts and revenue adjustments on a small number of contracts. The operating income for the six months ended February 28, 2007 also reflects asset impairments associated with an outsourcing contract recorded during the first quarter of fiscal 2007.

Resources operating income increased due to strong revenue growth.

Interest Income

Interest income for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$62 million, a decrease of \$9 million, or 13%, from the six months ended February 28, 2007. The decrease was primarily due to lower interest rates.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$4 million, an increase of \$10 million over the six months ended February 28, 2007. The increase in other income resulted primarily from an increase in net foreign currency exchange gains.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the six months ended February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2007 were 27.0% and 33.2%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the six months ended February 29, 2008 is lower than the effective tax rate for the six months ended February 28, 2007 primarily as a result of benefits related to final determinations and other adjustments to prior year tax liabilities which reduced the rate by 5.7%, non-U.S. research and development tax credits which reduced the rate by 2.1%, and changes in the geographic distribution of income. These benefits were offset by tax rate changes enacted during the six months ended February 29, 2008 which reduced the value of our

deferred tax assets. The six months ended February 28, 2007 included a reduction in the effective tax rate of 1.7% as a result of a nonrecurring benefit related to a reduction in the valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets.

Beginning with our adoption of FIN 48 on September 1, 2007, we recognize the impact of discrete items, such as changes in unrecognized prior year tax benefits, in the quarter in which they occur. See *Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements*. Prior to our adoption of FIN 48, we reflected such items as adjustments to the expected annual effective tax rate instead of as discrete items in the quarter in which they occurred. As a result, our effective tax rate may vary by quarter and may not match our expected 2008 annual effective tax rate.

Our provision for income taxes is based on many factors and subject to volatility year to year. We expect the fiscal 2008 annual effective tax rate to be in the range of 28% to 30%. This is lower than our fiscal 2007 tax rate as a result of changes in our geographic distribution of income, final determinations and other adjustments to prior year income tax liabilities, and non-U.S. research and development tax credits which reduced our expected fiscal 2008 annual effective tax rate.

Minority Interest

Minority interest for the six months ended February 29, 2008 was \$252 million, an increase of \$15 million, or 6%, over the six months ended February 28, 2007. The increase was primarily due to an increase in Income before minority interest of \$221 million offset by a reduction in the Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares average minority ownership interest to 24% for the six months ended February 29, 2008 from 28% for the six months ended February 28, 2007.

Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share were \$1.24 for the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with \$0.93 for the six months ended February 28, 2007. For information regarding our earnings per share calculations, see Note 2 (Earnings Per Share) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, *Financial Statements*.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, debt capacity available under various credit facilities and available cash reserves. We may also be able to raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financings in order to:

- take advantage of opportunities, including more rapid expansion;

- acquire complementary businesses or technologies;

- develop new services and solutions;

- respond to competitive pressures; or

- facilitate purchases, redemptions and exchanges of Accenture shares.

As of February 29, 2008, cash and cash equivalents of \$2,584 million combined with \$129 million of liquid fixed-income securities that are classified as investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheet totaled \$2,713 million, compared with \$3,614 million as of August 31, 2007, a decrease of \$901 million.

Cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Cash Flows Statements, are summarized in the following table:

	Six Months Ended		Change
	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007 (in millions)	
Net cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities	\$ 693	\$ 876	\$ (183)
Investing activities	(177)	66	(243)
Financing activities	(1,304)	(1,093)	(211)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	58	44	14
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (730)	\$ (107)	\$ (623)

Operating Activities. Cash from operations decreased by \$183 million, compared with the first six months of fiscal 2007. Cash provided by higher net income was offset by an increase in net client balances (receivables from clients, current and non-current unbilled services and deferred revenues) and a payment of \$143 million to settle tax audits related to reorganization liabilities.

Investing Activities. The \$243 million increase in cash used was primarily due to increased spending on business acquisitions and property and equipment and a decrease in net proceeds from available-for-sale securities during the six months ended February 29, 2008, compared with the six months ended February 28, 2007.

Financing Activities. The \$211 million increase in cash used was primarily due to an increase in net purchases of common shares and cash dividends paid in the first six months of fiscal 2008, compared with the first six months of fiscal 2007. For additional information, see Note 8 (Material Transactions Affecting Shareholders' Equity) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

We believe that our available cash balances and the cash flows expected to be generated from operations will be sufficient to satisfy our current and planned working capital and investment needs for the next twelve months. We also believe that our longer-term working capital and other general corporate funding requirements will be satisfied through cash flows from operations and, to the extent necessary, from our borrowing facilities and future financial market activities.

Borrowing Facilities

As of February 29, 2008, we had the following borrowing facilities and related borrowings, including the issuance of letters of credit, for general working capital purposes:

	Facility Amount	Borrowings Under Facilities
	(in millions)	
Syndicated loan facility	\$ 1,200	\$
Separate bilateral, uncommitted, unsecured multicurrency revolving credit facilities	350	4
Local guaranteed and non-guaranteed lines of credit	155	
Total	\$ 1,705	\$ 4

Under the borrowing facilities described above, we had an aggregate of \$158 million of letters of credit outstanding as of February 29, 2008. In addition, including the amount under the facilities in the table above, we had total

outstanding debt of \$9 million as of February 29, 2008.

Share Purchases and Redemptions

The Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized funding for our publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and for redemptions and repurchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares, Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares held by our current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees.

Our share purchase activity during the six months ended February 29, 2008 was as follows:

	Accenture Ltd Class A Common Shares		Accenture SCA Class I Common Shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. Exchangeable Shares		Total	
	Shares	Amount	Shares (in millions, except share amounts)	Amount	Shares	Amount
Open-market share purchases	10,250,028	\$ 358		\$	10,250,028	\$ 358
Other share purchase programs	5,898,398	196(1)	14,433,910	534	20,332,308	730
Other purchases (2)	1,976,247	80			1,976,247	80
Total	18,124,673	\$ 634	14,433,910	\$ 534	32,558,583	\$ 1,168

(1) On February 1, 2008, Accenture Equity Finance B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 5,898,398 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.29, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$196 million. Shares from this transaction were purchased from certain former senior executives residing outside the United States.

- (2) During the six months ended February 29, 2008, as authorized under our various employee equity share plans, we acquired Accenture Ltd Class A common shares primarily via share withholding for payroll tax obligations due from employees and former employees in connection with the delivery of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under those plans.

On October 25, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd authorized an additional \$3,000 million for share purchases. Management has discretion to use this authorization for purchases under either our publicly announced open-market share purchase program or our other share purchase programs.

As of February 29, 2008, our aggregate available authorization was \$3,562 million for our open-market share purchase program and our other share purchase programs.

For a complete description of all share purchase and redemption activity for the second quarter of fiscal 2008, see Part II, Item 2, Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Waiver of Certain Transfer Restrictions

On March 26, 2008, Accenture SCA enacted a graduated waiver of certain transfer restrictions applicable to former senior executives who hold Accenture SCA Class I common shares received at the time of the initial public offering of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in July 2001 (covered shares). As a result, covered shares that would otherwise not become available for transfer until either July 24, 2008 or July 24, 2009 will become transferable by the holders on an accelerated basis beginning in April 2008.

The following table shows the total number of covered shares held by former employees and their permitted transferees that are scheduled to be released from transfer restrictions each quarter. This table reflects the waivers described above together with all other waivers granted to date and further assumes that no covered persons who are active employees as of February 29, 2008 retire or resign through June 1, 2009.

The following table shows the total number of covered shares held by active employees and their permitted transferees that are scheduled to be released from transfer restrictions each quarter. This table reflects all waivers granted to date and further assumes that any covered persons who are active employees as of February 29, 2008 remain actively employed by Accenture through June 1, 2009.

Obligations and Commitments

We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on September 1, 2007. See [Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements](#). As of adoption, we had approximately \$1,100 million of tax liabilities, including interest and penalties, related to uncertain tax positions. Because of the high degree of uncertainty regarding the timing of future cash outflows associated with these liabilities, we are unable to estimate the years in which settlement will occur with the respective taxing authorities.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have various agreements by which we may be obligated to indemnify the other party with respect to certain matters. Generally, these indemnification provisions are included in contracts arising in the normal course of business under which we customarily agree to hold the indemnified party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations related to such matters as title to assets sold, licensed or certain intellectual property rights and other matters. Payments by us under such indemnification clauses are generally conditioned on the other party making a claim. Such claims are generally subject to challenge by us and dispute resolution procedures specified in the particular contract. Furthermore, our obligations under these arrangements may be limited in terms of time and/or amount and, in some instances, we may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made by us. It is not possible to

predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these indemnification agreements due to the conditional nature of our obligations and the unique facts of each particular agreement. Historically, we have not made any payments under these agreements that have been material individually or in the aggregate. As of February 29, 2008, we were not aware of any obligations under such indemnification agreements that would require material payments.

From time to time, we enter into contracts with clients whereby we have joint and several liability with other participants and/or third parties providing related services and products to clients. Under these arrangements, we and other parties may assume some responsibility to the client or a third party for the performance of others under the terms and conditions of the contract with or for the benefit of the client or in relation to the performance of certain contractual obligations. To date, we have not been required to make any payments under any of the contracts described in this paragraph. For further discussion of these transactions, see Note 9 (Commitments and Contingencies) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On September 1, 2007, we adopted the provisions of FIN 48, which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 specifies how tax benefits for uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified in the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim-period guidance, among other provisions. For additional information, see Note 3 (Income Taxes) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141R), which is a revision of SFAS 141, *Business Combinations* . SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for: recognizing and measuring the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; expensing acquisition related costs as incurred; and determining what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. We will adopt the provisions of SFAS 141R for acquisitions that occur on or after September 1, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - an amendment of ARB No. 51*, (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary (previously referred to as minority interests). Upon adoption of SFAS 160 on September 1, 2009, we will be required to report any noncontrolling interests as a separate component of consolidated shareholders' equity.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

During the six months ended February 29, 2008, there were no material changes in our market risk exposure. For a discussion of our market risk associated with foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk as of August 31, 2007, see *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk* in Part II, Item 7A, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Based on that evaluation, the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer of Accenture Ltd have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, Accenture Ltd's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in Accenture Ltd's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Accenture Ltd's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in a number of judicial and arbitration proceedings concerning matters arising in the ordinary course of our business. We and/or our personnel also from time to time are involved in investigations by various regulatory or legal authorities concerning matters arising in the course of our business around the world. We do not expect that any of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial position.

As previously reported, in September 2007, the State of Connecticut filed an action in State Superior Court in Hartford against Accenture arising out of an alleged data security breach. The action arose in connection with work we undertook for the State of Connecticut's Office of the Comptroller (the Core-CT Project), during which Accenture properly came into the possession of confidential information, including personally identifiable information, concerning Connecticut citizens. The complaint alleges that some of the information was subsequently placed on a server maintained by the State of Ohio by Accenture employees who were transferred from the Core-CT Project to a similar project for the State of Ohio, and that a back-up tape from the Ohio server containing some of the information was stolen in June 2007 from an Ohio state employee. The State of Connecticut claims that Accenture breached its contract with the Connecticut Comptroller's office and also asserts negligence and the unauthorized taking of information by Accenture. The complaint seeks injunctive relief and damages, including restitution of some unspecified portion of the amount paid to Accenture pursuant to the Core-CT Project contract. During the investigation of this matter, it was discovered that confidential information belonging to several other Accenture clients appeared on the Ohio server, and Accenture has notified the affected clients. Although these events represent a breach of Accenture's internal policies on data security, we have no evidence that any individual has been harmed as a result. Accenture is committed to maintaining the security of its clients' data and is conducting an internal investigation to ensure the integrity of all confidential data, including personally identifiable information, in its possession. Accenture is continuing to take proactive remedial measures to reinforce adherence to its data protection policies. In addition to the Connecticut suit, it is possible that other affected parties could bring similar lawsuits or proceedings. We do not believe these matters will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

As previously reported, on April 12, 2007, the U.S. Department of Justice (the DOJ) intervened in a civil *qui tam* action previously filed under seal by two private individuals in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas against Accenture and several of its indirect subsidiaries. The complaint alleges that, in connection with work we undertook for the U.S. federal government, we received payments, resale revenue, or other benefits as a result of alliance agreements we maintain with technology vendors and others in violation of our contracts with the U.S. government and/or applicable law or regulations. Similar suits were brought against other companies in our industry. The total amount of the payments, resale revenue and other benefits alleged in the complaint is \$32 million. The suit alleges that these amounts were not disclosed to the government in violation of the Federal False Claims Act and the Anti-Kickback Act, among other statutes. The DOJ complaint seeks various remedies including treble damages, statutory penalties and disgorgement of profits. The suit could lead to other related proceedings by various agencies of the U.S.

government, including potential suspension or debarment proceedings. We intend to defend this matter vigorously and do not believe this matter will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

As previously reported, in July 2003, we became aware of an incident of possible noncompliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and/or with Accenture's internal controls in connection with certain of our operations in the Middle East. In 2003, we voluntarily reported the incident to the appropriate authorities in the United States promptly after its discovery. Shortly thereafter, the SEC advised us it would be undertaking an informal investigation of this incident, and the DOJ indicated it would also conduct a review. Since that time, there have been no further developments. We do not believe that this incident will have any material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

We currently maintain the types and amounts of insurance customary in the industries and countries in which we operate, including coverage for professional liability, general liability and management liability. We consider our insurance coverage to be adequate both as to the risks and amounts for the businesses we conduct.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of our potential risks and uncertainties, see the information under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007. There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2007.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**Purchases and redemptions of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and Class X common shares**

The following table provides information relating to our purchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and redemptions of Accenture Ltd Class X common shares for the second quarter of fiscal 2008.

Period	Total		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2) (in millions)
	Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share		
December 1, 2007 – December 31, 2007				
Class A common shares	73,463	\$ 34.84		\$ 3,661
Class X common shares	816,841	\$ 0.0000225		
January 1, 2008 – January 31, 2008				
Class A common shares	41,338	\$ 36.06		\$ 3,661
Class X common shares	1,623,238	\$ 0.0000225		
February 1, 2008 – February 29, 2008				
Class A common shares	9,536,968	\$ 33.42	3,562,820	\$ 3,345
Class X common shares	2,338,777	\$ 0.0000225		
Total				
Class A common shares (1)(3)(4)	9,651,769	\$ 33.44	3,562,820	
Class X common shares (5)	4,778,856	\$ 0.0000225		

(1) Since August 2001, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized and periodically confirmed a publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd

Class A
common shares.
During the
second quarter
of fiscal 2008,
we repurchased
3,562,820
Accenture Ltd
Class A
common shares
under this
program for an
aggregate
purchase price
of \$120 million.
The
open-market
purchase
program does
not have an
expiration date.

- (2) To date, the
Board of
Directors of
Accenture Ltd
has authorized
an aggregate of
\$11.1 billion for
share
repurchases.
This includes
\$3.0 billion
authorized on
October 25,
2007, which
management has
the discretion to
use for
purchases under
either our
publicly
announced
open-market
share purchase
program or our
other share
purchase
programs. This
authorization is
included in the

column above.

As of February 29, 2008, our aggregate available authorization was \$3,562 million for our open-market share purchase program and our other share purchase programs.

- (3) During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, Accenture purchased 190,551 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in transactions unrelated to publicly announced share plans or programs. These transactions consisted of acquisitions of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares via share withholding for payroll tax obligations due from employees and former employees in connection with the delivery of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under our

various
employee equity
share plans.

- (4) During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, Accenture Equity Finance B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 5,898,398 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.29.
- (5) During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, we redeemed 4,778,856 Accenture Ltd Class X common shares pursuant to our Bye-laws. Accenture Ltd Class X common shares are redeemable at their par value of \$0.0000225 per share.

Purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares

The following table provides additional information relating to our purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares during the second quarter of fiscal 2008. Management believes that the following table and footnotes provide useful information regarding the share purchase and redemption activity of Accenture. Generally, purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares reduce shares outstanding for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)
<u>Accenture SCA</u>				
December 1, 2007 – December 31, 2007				
Class I common shares	597,100	\$ 37.69		
January 1, 2008 – January 31, 2008				
Class I common shares	2,819,213	\$ 32.85		
February 1, 2008 – February 29, 2008				
Class I common shares	3,138,860	\$ 34.89		
Total				
Class I common shares	6,555,173	\$ 34.27		
<u>Accenture Canada Holdings Inc.</u>				
December 1, 2007 – December 31, 2007				
Exchangeable shares	14,174	\$ 37.99		
January 1, 2008 – January 31, 2008				
Exchangeable shares				
February 1, 2008 – February 29, 2008				
Exchangeable shares	36,721	\$ 35.62		
Total				
Exchangeable shares	50,895	\$ 36.28		

(1) During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, Accenture redeemed and purchased a total of 6,555,173 Accenture SCA

Class I common shares and 50,895 Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares from current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees.

- (2) To date, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized an aggregate of \$11.1 billion for share repurchases. This includes \$3.0 billion authorized on October 25, 2007, which management has the discretion to use for purchases under either our publicly announced open-market share purchase program or our other share purchase programs. As of February 29, 2008, our aggregate available authorization was \$3,562 million for our open-market share purchase

program and our
other share
purchase
programs.

Purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class II and Class III common shares

Transactions involving Accenture SCA Class II and Class III common shares consist exclusively of inter-company transactions undertaken to facilitate other corporate purposes. These inter-company transactions do not affect shares outstanding for purposes of computing earnings per share reflected in our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On February 7, 2008, we held our 2008 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the Annual Meeting). We reported information regarding the Annual Meeting in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 7, 2008, which Form 8-K is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) None.
- (b) None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Index:

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
3.1	Form of Bye-laws of the Registrant, effective as of February 7, 2008
10.1	Form of Restricted Share Unit Agreement for director grants pursuant to the Accenture Ltd 2001 Share Incentive Plan
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 28, 2008

ACCENTURE LTD

By: /s/ Pamela J. Craig

Name:

Title: Pamela J. Craig

Chief Financial Officer

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