HENRY SCHEIN INC Form 10-Q May 06, 2014 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC ACT OF 1934	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the quarterly period ended March 29, 2014	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC ACT OF 1934	or TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the transition period from to to Commission File Number: 0-27078	
HENRY	SCHEIN, INC.
	ant as specified in its charter)
Delaware	11-3136595
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
incorporation or organization)	
	Duryea Road le, New York
	cipal executive offices)
	11747
(Z	ip Code)
(631) 843-5500
(Registrant's telephone	e number, including area code)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the 2 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X	No
any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted	mitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if ed and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
Yes X	No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer X		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company		
Indicate by check mark whether	er the registrant is a shell company (as de	efined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	
Yes	No 3	X	
As of April 28, 2014, there wer	re 85,364,454 shares of the registrant's c	common stock outstanding.	

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS HENRY SCHEIN, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

		March 29, 2014 (unaudited)	Ι	December 28, 2013
ASSETS				
Current assets:	Φ	120 115	ф	100 (16
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	129,115	\$	188,616
Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$80,286 and		1 116 500		1.055.216
\$78,298		1,116,502		1,055,216
Inventories, net Deferred income taxes		1,246,873 77,388		1,250,403
				63,865 276,565
Prepaid expenses and other Total current assets		307,028		·
		2,876,906 285,528		2,834,665 275,888
Property and equipment, net Goodwill		1,802,905		1,635,005
Other intangibles, net		587,202		417,133
Investments and other		327,569		461,945
Total assets	\$	5,880,110	\$	5,624,636
Total assets	Φ	3,000,110	Ф	3,024,030
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable Bank credit lines Current maturities of long-term debt Accrued expenses: Payroll and related Taxes Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Deferred income taxes Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	685,915 144,042 105,984 182,007 165,814 329,499 1,613,261 541,687 287,151 136,253 2,578,352	\$	824,495 29,508 5,441 216,629 145,161 329,429 1,550,663 450,233 198,674 139,526 2,339,096
		400 501		405.520
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		482,701		497,539
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none outstanding		-		-

Common stock, \$.01 par value, 240,000,000 shares authorized,

addioized,		
85,563,353 outstanding on March 29, 2014 and		
85,622,452 outstanding on December 28, 2013	856	856
Additional paid-in capital	297,057	318,225
Retained earnings	2,445,536	2,398,267
Accumulated other comprehensive income	72,862	67,849
Total Henry Schein, Inc. stockholders' equity	2,816,311	2,785,197
Noncontrolling interests	2,746	2,804
Total stockholders' equity	2,819,057	2,788,001
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests		
and stockholders' equity	\$ 5,880,110	\$ 5,624,636

See accompanying notes.

HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654		Three Mo March 29, 2014	nths Ended March 30, 2013
Gross profit 696,713 646,991 Operating expenses: 539,445 493,362 Operating income 157,268 153,629 Other income (expense): 157,268 153,629 Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258 (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623 (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Net sales	\$2,430,159	\$2,293,511
Operating expenses: Selling, general and administrative 539,445 493,362 Operating income 157,268 153,629 Other income (expense): Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258) (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Cost of sales	1,733,446	1,646,520
Selling, general and administrative 539,445 493,362 Operating income 157,268 153,629 Other income (expense): Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258) (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Gross profit	696,713	646,991
Operating income 157,268 153,629 Other income (expense): Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258 (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Operating expenses:		
Other income (expense): Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258) (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Selling, general and administrative	539,445	493,362
Interest income 3,455 3,205 Interest expense (5,258) (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Operating income	157,268	153,629
Interest expense (5,258) (12,727) Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Other income (expense):		
Other, net 3,580 (370) Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates 159,045 143,737 Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Interest income	3,455	3,205
Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic Diluted \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Interest expense	(5,258)	(12,727)
Income taxes (49,623) (45,852) Equity in earnings of affiliates 706 801 Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Other, net	3,580	(370)
Equity in earnings of affiliates Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Income before taxes and equity in earnings of affiliates	159,045	143,737
Net income 110,128 98,686 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (8,029) (7,208) Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. \$102,099 \$91,478 Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Income taxes	(49,623)	(45,852)
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic Diluted \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Equity in earnings of affiliates	706	801
Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Net income	110,128	98,686
Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.: Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(8,029)	(7,208)
Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654	Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.	\$102,099	\$91,478
Basic \$1.20 \$1.06 Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: 84,808 86,654			
Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.:		
Diluted \$1.18 \$1.03 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654			
Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 84,808 86,654	Basic	\$1.20	\$1.06
Basic 84,808 86,654	Diluted	\$1.18	\$1.03
Basic 84,808 86,654			
	Weighted-average common shares outstanding:		
Diluted 86 518 88 792	Basic	84,808	86,654
2111111	Diluted	86,518	88,792

See accompanying notes.

HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands) (unaudited)

	March 29, 2014	Three Months Ended	March 30, 2013	
Net income	\$ 110,128	\$	98,686	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	7,792		(40,441)
Unrealized loss from foreign currency hedging activities	(948)	(159)
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	11		(9)
Pension adjustment gain	268		738	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Comprehensive income Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests:	7,123 117,251		(39,871 58,815)
Net income Foreign currency translation loss (gain) Comprehensive income attributable to	(8,029 (2,110)	(7,208 1,478)
noncontrolling interests	(10,139)	(5,730)
Comprehensive income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.	\$ 107,112	\$	53,085	

See accompanying notes.

HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

					Accumulated		
	Common S	tock	Additional		Other		Total
	\$.01 Par V	alue	Paid-in	Retained	Comprehensi	Y oncontrollin	g Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Income	Interests	Equity
Balance, December 28,	07.600.470	4.0 56			* (= 0.40	4.2004	
2013	85,622,452	\$ 856	\$ 318,225	\$ 2,398,267	\$ 67,849	\$ 2,804	\$ 2,788,001
Net income (excluding \$7,939 attributable to Redeemable							
noncontrolling				102 000		00	102 100
interests)	-	-	-	102,099	-	90	102,189
Foreign currency translation gain (loss) (excluding gain of							
\$2,129							
attributable to							
Redeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests)	-	-	-	-	5,682	(19)	5,663
Unrealized loss from foreign currency hedging activities,							
including tax					(0.40		(0.49
benefit of \$204 Unrealized	-	-	-	-	(948)	-	(948)
investment gain,							
net of tax of \$7					11		11
Pension	_	_	-	-	11	-	11
adjustment gain,							
net of tax of \$78	_	_	_	_	268	_	268
Dividends paid	_	_	_	_	-	(129)	(129)
Change in fair						(12)	(12)
value of							
redeemable							
securities	_	_	(9,263)	_	_	_	(9,263)
Other			(>,===				(,,=00)
adjustments	_	_	(31)	-	-	_	(31)
Repurchase and	(647,315)	(6)	(20,470)	(54,830) -	-	(75,306)
retirement of	,	, ,	, ,	,			,

common stock							
Stock issued							
upon exercise of							
stock options,							
including tax							
benefit of \$4,270	335,935	3	20,717	_	_	_	20,720
Stock-based compensation	,		·				ŕ
expense	425,012	4	8,959	-	-	-	8,963
Shares withheld							
for payroll taxes	(172,731)	(1)	(20,939)	-	-	-	(20,940)
Liability for cash settlement stock-based compensation							
awards	-	-	(141)	-	-	-	(141)
Balance, March 29, 2014	85,563,353	\$ 856	\$ 297,057	\$ 2,445,536	\$ 72,862	\$ 2,746	\$ 2,819,057
			See accompa	nying notes.			
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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three M	ont	hs Ended	
	March 29,		March 30	,
	2014		2013	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$110,128		\$98,686	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	36,136		32,393	
Accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs	-		6,203	
Stock-based compensation expense	8,963		5,310	
Provision for losses on trade and other accounts receivable	1,323		840	
Provision for deferred income taxes	15,744		6,371	
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(706)	(801)
Distributions from equity affiliates	1,972		2,881	
Other	1,973		3,291	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Accounts receivable	(29,602)	(25,392)
Inventories	41,559		54,011	
Other current assets	(23,446)	14,003	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(219,293		(235,843)
Net cash used in operating activities)	(38,047)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of fixed assets	(18,484)	(11,862)
Payments for equity investments and business				
acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(144,679)	(32,359)
Other)	(68)
Net cash used in investing activities	(167,094)	(44,289)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from bank borrowings	114,768		22,827	
Proceeds from issuance of debt	190,387		328,000	
Debt issuance costs	_		(236)
Principal payments for long-term debt	(396)	(232,905)
Proceeds from issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options	16,450		11,799	
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(75,306)	(73,449)
Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation	3,350		3,364	
Distributions to noncontrolling shareholders	(3,763)	(2,792)
Acquisitions of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	1)	(535)
Net cash provided by financing activities	161,697		56,073	

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,145	(5,255)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(59,501) (31,518)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	188,616	122,080	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$129,115	\$90,562	

See accompanying notes.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts, as well as those of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Our accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnote disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated results of operations and financial position for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2013.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the three months ended March 29, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 27, 2014.

Note 2 – Segment Data

We conduct our business through two reportable segments: health care distribution and technology and value-added services. These segments offer different products and services to the same customer base. The health care distribution reportable segment aggregates our global dental, animal health and medical operating segments. This segment consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.

Our global dental group serves office-based dental practitioners, dental laboratories, schools and other institutions. Our global animal health group serves animal health practices and clinics. Our global medical group serves office-based medical practitioners, ambulatory surgery centers, other alternate-care settings and other institutions. Our global dental, animal health and medical groups serve practitioners in 26 countries worldwide.

Our global technology and value-added services group provides software, technology and other value-added services to health care practitioners. Our technology group offerings include practice management software systems for dental and medical practitioners and animal health clinics. Our value-added practice solutions include financial services on a non-recourse basis, e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 2 – Segment Data – (Continued)

The following tables present information about our reportable and operating segments:

		Three Months Ended								
		March 29,		March 30,						
		2014		2013						
Net Sales:										
Health care distribution (1):										
Dental	\$	1,296,928	\$	1,190,795						
Animal health		654,488		639,142						
Medical		397,414		388,862						
Total health care distribution		2,348,830		2,218,799						
Technology and value-added services (2)		81,329		74,712						
Total	\$	2,430,159	\$	2,293,511						
Consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.										
Consists of practice management s	Consists of practice management software and other value added products, which									

(2)	Consists of practice management software and other value-added products, which are distributed primarily to health care providers, and
	financial and other services, including e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

		Three Months Ended				
		March 29,		N	March 30,	
		2014		2013	ı	
Operating Income:						
	Health care distribution	\$	133,819	\$	134,460	
	Technology and value-added					
	services		23,449		19,169	
	Total	\$	157,268	\$	153,629	

Note 3 – Debt

Bank Credit Lines

On September 12, 2012, we entered into a new \$500 million revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a \$200 million expansion feature, which expires on September 12, 2017. There was \$115.0 million outstanding under this revolving credit facility as of March 29, 2014. The interest rate is based on USD LIBOR plus a spread based on our leverage ratio at the end of each financial reporting quarter. The Credit Agreement provides, among other things,

that we are required to maintain certain interest coverage and maximum leverage ratios, and contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions on liens, indebtedness, significant corporate changes (including mergers), dispositions and certain restrictive agreements. As of March 29, 2014, there were \$10.1 million of letters of credit provided to third parties under the credit facility.

As of March 29, 2014, we had various other short-term bank credit lines available, of which \$29.0 million was outstanding. At March 29, 2014, borrowings under all of our credit lines had a weighted average interest rate of 1.34%.

Term Loan Note

On January 9, 2014, we entered into a \$100 million term loan, of which \$100.0 million was outstanding as of March 29, 2014. The interest rate on this note is LIBOR plus 75 basis points. The note matures on July 9, 2014.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 3 – Debt – (Continued)

Private Placement Facilities

On August 10, 2010, we entered into \$400 million private placement facilities with two insurance companies. On April 30, 2012, we increased our available credit facilities by \$375 million by entering into a new agreement with one insurance company and amending our existing agreements with two insurance companies. These facilities are available on an uncommitted basis at fixed rate economic terms to be agreed upon at the time of issuance, from time to time during a three year issuance period, through April 26, 2015. The facilities allow us to issue senior promissory notes to the lenders at a fixed rate based on an agreed upon spread over applicable treasury notes at the time of issuance. The term of each possible issuance will be selected by us and can range from five to 15 years (with an average life no longer than 12 years). The proceeds of any issuances under the facilities will be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures, to refinance existing indebtedness and/or to fund potential acquisitions. The agreements provide, among other things, that we maintain certain maximum leverage ratios, and contain restrictions relating to subsidiary indebtedness, liens, affiliate transactions, disposal of assets and certain changes in ownership. These facilities contain make-whole provisions in the event that we pay off the facilities prior to the applicable due dates.

The components of our private placement facility borrowings as of March 29, 2014 are presented in the following table:

	A	amount of			
	H	Borrowing	Borrov	ving	
Date of Borrowing	O	utstanding	Rate	e	Due Date
September 2, 2010	\$	100,000	3.79	%	September 2, 2020
January 20, 2012		50,000	3.45		January 20, 2024
January 20, 2012 (1)		50,000	3.09		January 20, 2022
December 24, 2012		50,000	3.00		December 24, 2024
	\$	250,000			

(1) Annual repayments of approximately \$7.1 million for this borrowing will commence on January 20, 2016.

U.S. Trade Accounts Receivable Securitization

On April 17, 2013, we entered into a facility agreement of up to \$300 million with a bank, as agent, based on the securitization of our U.S. trade accounts receivable. The new facility allowed us to replace public debt (approximately \$220 million), which had a higher interest rate at HSAH during February 2013 and provided funding for working capital and general corporate purposes. The financing was structured as an asset-backed securitization program with pricing committed for up to three years. The borrowings outstanding under this securitization facility were \$250.0 million as of March 29, 2014. At March 29, 2014, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility is based on the average asset-backed commercial paper rate of 20 basis points plus 75 basis points, for a combined rate of 0.95%.

We are required to pay a commitment fee of 30 basis points on the daily balance of the unused portion of the facility if our usage is greater than or equal to 50% of the facility limit or a commitment fee of 35 basis points on the daily

balance of the unused portion of the facility if our usage is less than 50% of the facility limit.

Borrowings under this facility are presented as a component of Long-term debt within our consolidated balance sheet.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 3 – Debt – (Continued)

Other Loans Payable

Certain of our subsidiaries have various collateralized and uncollateralized long-term loans payable with interest, with borrowings of \$39.6 million outstanding at March 29, 2014, in varying installments through 2018 at interest rates ranging from 2.4% to 5.41%.

Henry Schein Animal Health

During the first quarter of 2013, we repaid the then outstanding debt related to the Henry Schein Animal Health ("HSAH"), formerly Butler Schein Animal Health, transaction using our existing Credit Agreement. As part of this transaction, we recorded a one-time interest expense charge of \$6.2 million related to the accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs.

Note 4 – Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value. Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480-10 is applicable for noncontrolling interests where we are or may be required to purchase all or a portion of the outstanding interest in a consolidated subsidiary from the noncontrolling interest holder under the terms of a put option contained in contractual agreements. The components of the change in the Redeemable noncontrolling interests for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and the year ended December 28, 2013 are presented in the following table:

		December	
	March 29,	28,	
	2014	2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$497,539	\$435,175	
Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to			
redemptions	(83,793) (9,028)
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to business			
acquisitions	53,133	11,542	
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	7,939	39,430	
Dividends declared	(3,509) (19,965)
Effect of foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to			
redeemable noncontrolling interests	2,129	(654)
Change in fair value of redeemable securities	9,263	41,039	
Balance, end of period	\$482,701	\$497,539	

Changes in the estimated redemption amounts of the noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted at each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 5 – Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes certain gains and losses that, under U.S. GAAP, are excluded from net income as such amounts are recorded directly as an adjustment to stockholders' equity. Our comprehensive income is primarily comprised of net income, foreign currency translation gain (loss), unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency hedging activities, unrealized investment gain (loss) and pension adjustment gain (loss).

The following table summarizes our Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as of:

		December	r
	March 29,	28,	
	2014	2013	
Attributable to Redeemable noncontrolling interests:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$626	\$(1,503)
Attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$(19) \$-	
Attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.:			
Foreign currency translation gain	\$87,970	\$82,288	
Unrealized gain from foreign currency hedging activities	334	1,282	
Unrealized investment loss	(504) (515)
Pension adjustment loss	(14,938) (15,206)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$72,862	\$67,849	
Total Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$73,469	\$66,346	

The following table summarizes the components of comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 29, March 30				
	2014	2013			
Net income	\$110,128	\$98,686			
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	7,792	(40,441)		
Tax effect	-	-			
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	7,792	(40,441)		
Unrealized loss from foreign currency hedging activities	(1,152) (76)		
Tax effect	204	(83)		
Unrealized loss from foreign currency hedging activities	(948) (159)		
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	18	(15)		
Tax effect	(7) 6			
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	11	(9)		

Pension adjustment gain	346	920	
Tax effect	(78) (182)
Pension adjustment gain	268	738	
Comprehensive income	\$117,251	\$58,815	
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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 5 – Comprehensive Income – (Continued)

The following table summarizes our total comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as follows:

	Three Months Ended				
	March 29,		1	March 30,	
		2014		2013	
Comprehensive income attributable to					
Henry Schein, Inc.	\$	107,112	\$	53,085	
Comprehensive income attributable to					
noncontrolling interests		71		74	
Comprehensive income attributable to					
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		10,068		5,656	
Comprehensive income	\$	117,251	\$	58,815	

Note 6 – Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC Topic 820") provides a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles.

ASC Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs).

The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC Topic 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1— Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.
- Level 2— Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3— Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies that we used to measure different financial instruments at fair value.

Investments and notes receivable

There are no quoted market prices available for investments in unconsolidated affiliates and notes receivable; however, we believe the carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Debt

The fair value of our debt as of March 29, 2014 and December 28, 2013 was estimated at \$791.7 million and \$485.2 million, respectively. Factors that we considered when estimating the fair value of our debt include market conditions, prepayment and make-whole provisions, liquidity levels in the private placement market, variability in pricing from multiple lenders and term of debt.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 6 – Fair Value Measurements – (Continued)

Derivative contracts

Derivative contracts are valued using quoted market prices and significant other observable and unobservable inputs. We use derivative instruments to minimize our exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Our derivative instruments primarily include foreign currency forward agreements related to intercompany loans and certain forecasted inventory purchase commitments with suppliers.

The fair values for the majority of our foreign currency derivative contracts are obtained by comparing our contract rate to a published forward price of the underlying market rates, which is based on market rates for comparable transactions and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Redeemable noncontrolling interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value based on third-party valuations. The primary factor affecting the future value of redeemable noncontrolling interests is expected earnings and, if such earnings are not achieved, the value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests might be impacted. The noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted to their estimated redemption amounts each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share. The values for Redeemable noncontrolling interests are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The details of the changes in Redeemable noncontrolling interests are presented in Note 4.

The following table presents our assets and liabilities that are measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis classified under the appropriate level of the fair value hierarchy as of March 29, 2014 and December 28, 2013:

	Level 1	Marc Level 2	ch 29, 2014 Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$ 397	\$ -	\$ 397
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 397	\$ -	\$ 397
Liabilities:				
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,034	\$ -	\$ 1,034
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 1,034	\$ -	\$ 1,034
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 482,701	\$ 482,701
		Decem	nber 28, 2013	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total

Assets:					
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$	1,235	\$ -	\$ 1,235
Total assets	\$ -	\$	1,235	\$ -	\$ 1,235
Liabilities:					
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$	1,142	\$ -	\$ 1,142
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$	1,142	\$ -	\$ 1,142
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 497,539	\$ 497,539
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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 7 – Business Acquisitions

The operating results of all acquisitions are reflected in our financial statements from their respective acquisition dates.

On December 30, 2013, we completed the acquisition of approximately 60% of the equity interest in BioHorizons, Inc., a U.S. based manufacturer of advanced dental implants with annual revenues of approximately \$115 million. Prior to completion of the acquisition, we funded BioHorizons, Inc. \$145 million, which was recorded as a long-term loan included in Investments and Other within our consolidated balance sheet at December 28, 2013. This long-term loan was subsequently recorded as an intercompany loan upon completion of the acquisition and has been eliminated from our consolidated balance sheet as of March 29, 2014.

On January 6, 2014, we announced that we would acquire 100% ownership of five businesses in three European countries from Arseus NV. The businesses combine for annual sales of approximately \$97 million and include a dental practice management software company in France and distributors of dental products in France, the Netherlands and Belgium. This transaction was completed on February 3, 2014.

On November 14, 2013, we announced that we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire an 80% ownership position in Medivet S.A., a privately held distributor of animal health products and services in Poland. Medivet has annual sales of approximately \$80 million. We completed our 80% acquisition of Medivet on April 2, 2014.

We completed certain other acquisitions during the three months ended March 29, 2014. Such acquisitions were immaterial to our financial statements individually and in the aggregate.

Some prior owners of acquired subsidiaries are eligible to receive additional purchase price cash consideration if certain financial targets are met. We have accrued liabilities for the estimated fair value of additional purchase price consideration at the time of the acquisition. Any adjustments to these accrual amounts are recorded in our consolidated statements of income. For the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013, there were no material adjustments recorded in our consolidated statement of income relating to changes in estimated contingent purchase price liabilities.

Note 8 – Plans of Restructuring

During the year ended December 29, 2012, we incurred restructuring costs of \$15.2 million (\$10.5 million after taxes) consisting of employee severance pay and benefits related to the elimination of approximately 200 positions; facility closing costs, representing primarily lease terminations and property and equipment write-off costs; and outside professional and consulting fees directly related to the restructuring plan. This restructuring program is complete and we do not expect any additional costs from this program.

The costs associated with this restructuring are included in a separate line item, "Restructuring costs" within our consolidated statements of income.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 8 – Plans of Restructuring – (Continued)

The following table shows the amounts expensed and paid for restructuring costs that were incurred during the three months ended March 29, 2014 and during our 2013 fiscal year and the remaining accrued balance of restructuring costs as of March 29, 2014, which is included in Accrued expenses: Other and Other liabilities within our consolidated balance sheet:

				Facility			
	5	Severance		Closing			
		Costs		Costs		Total	
Balance, December 29, 2012	\$	1,826	\$	1,231	\$	3,057	
Provision		-		-		-	
Payments and other adjustments		(1,599)	(747)	(2,346)
Balance, December 28, 2013	\$	227	\$	484	\$	711	
Provision		-		-		-	
Payments and other adjustments		-		(50)	(50)
Balance, March 29, 2014	\$	227	\$	434	\$	661	

The following table shows, by reportable segment, the amounts expensed and paid for restructuring costs that were incurred during the three months ended March 29, 2014 and the 2013 fiscal year and the remaining accrued balance of restructuring costs as of March 29, 2014:

	Technology
	and
	Health Care Value-Added
	Distribution Services Total
Balance, December 29, 2012	\$3,043 \$ 14 \$3,057
Provision	
Payments and other adjustments	(2,332) (14) $(2,346)$
Balance, December 28, 2013	\$711 \$ - \$711
Provision	
Payments and other adjustments	(50) - (50)
Balance, March 29, 2014	\$661 \$ - \$661

Note 9 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Our diluted earnings per share is computed similarly to basic earnings per share, except that it reflects the effect of common shares issuable for presently unvested restricted stock and restricted stock units and upon exercise of stock options, using the treasury stock method in periods in which they have a dilutive effect.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating earnings per basic and diluted share follows:

Three Months Ended

		March 29, 2014	March 30, 2013
Basic		84,808	86,654
Effect of dilutive securities:			
	Stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units	1,710	2,138
Diluted		86,518	88,792
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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 10 – Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 29, 2014, our effective tax rate was 31.2% compared to 31.9% for the prior year period. The difference between our effective tax rates and the federal statutory tax rates for both periods primarily relates to state and foreign income taxes and interest expense.

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of March 29, 2014 was approximately \$55.0 million, of which \$41.1 million would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. It is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will change in the next 12 months; however, we do not expect the change to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

The total amounts of interest and penalties, which are classified as a component of the provision for income taxes, were approximately \$9.3 million and \$0, respectively, for the three months ended March 29, 2014.

The tax years subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions include the years 2009 and forward by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, the years 2005 and forward for certain states and certain foreign jurisdictions.

Note 11 – Derivatives and Hedging Activities

We are exposed to market risks as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates as measured against the U.S. dollar and each other, and changes to the credit markets. We attempt to minimize these risks by primarily using foreign currency forward contracts and by maintaining counter-party credit limits. These hedging activities provide only limited protection against currency exchange and credit risks. Factors that could influence the effectiveness of our hedging programs include currency markets and availability of hedging instruments and liquidity of the credit markets. All foreign currency forward contracts that we enter into are components of hedging programs and are entered into for the sole purpose of hedging an existing or anticipated currency exposure. We do not enter into such contracts for speculative purposes and we manage our credit risks by diversifying our investments, maintaining a strong balance sheet and having multiple sources of capital.

Fluctuations in the value of certain foreign currencies as compared to the U.S. dollar may positively or negatively affect our revenues, gross margins, operating expenses and retained earnings, all of which are expressed in U.S. dollars. Where we deem it prudent, we engage in hedging programs using primarily foreign currency forward contracts aimed at limiting the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on earnings. We purchase short-term (i.e., 18 months or less) foreign currency forward contracts to protect against currency exchange risks associated with intercompany loans due from our international subsidiaries and the payment of merchandise purchases to our foreign suppliers. We do not hedge the translation of foreign currency profits into U.S. dollars, as we regard this as an accounting exposure, not an economic exposure. Our hedging activities have historically not had a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, additional disclosures related to derivatives and hedging activities required by ASC Topic 815 have been omitted.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 12 – Stock-Based Compensation

Our accompanying consolidated statements of income reflect pre-tax share-based compensation expense of \$9.0 million (\$6.2 million after-tax) and \$5.3 million (\$3.6 million after-tax) for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013, respectively.

Stock-based compensation represents the cost related to stock-based awards granted to employees and non-employee directors. We measure stock-based compensation at the grant date, based on the estimated fair value of the award, and recognize the cost (net of estimated forfeitures) as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Our stock-based compensation expense is reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

Stock-based awards are provided to certain employees and non-employee directors under the terms of our 2013 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, and our 1996 Non-Employee Director Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (together, the "Plans"). The Plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Prior to March 2009, awards under the Plans principally included a combination of at-the-money stock options and restricted stock (including restricted stock units). Since March 2009, equity-based awards have been granted solely in the form of restricted stock and restricted stock units, with the exception of stock options for certain pre-existing contractual obligations.

Grants of restricted stock are common stock awards granted to recipients with specified vesting provisions. We issue restricted stock that vests solely based on the recipient's continued service over time (primarily four-year cliff vesting) and restricted stock that vests based on our achieving specified performance measurements and the recipient's continued service over time (primarily three-year cliff vesting).

With respect to time-based restricted stock, we estimate the fair value on the date of grant based on our closing stock price. With respect to performance-based restricted stock, the number of shares that ultimately vest and are received by the recipient is based upon our performance as measured against specified targets over a three-year period as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Although there is no guarantee that performance targets will be achieved, we estimate the fair value of performance-based restricted stock based on our closing stock price at time of grant.

The Plans provide for adjustments to the performance-based restricted stock targets for significant events such as acquisitions, divestitures, new business ventures and share repurchases. Over the performance period, the number of shares of common stock that will ultimately vest and be issued and the related compensation expense is adjusted upward or downward based upon our estimation of achieving such performance targets. The ultimate number of shares delivered to recipients and the related compensation cost recognized as an expense will be based on our actual performance metrics as defined under the Plans.

Restricted stock units are awards that we grant to certain employees that entitle the recipient to shares of common stock upon vesting. We grant restricted stock units with the same time-based and performance-based vesting that we use for restricted stock. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined on the date of grant, based on our closing stock price.

Total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards as of March 29, 2014 was \$118.9 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.7 years.

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HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 12 – Stock-Based Compensation – (Continued)

The following table summarizes stock option activity under the Plans during the three months ended March 29, 2014:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	,	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at beginning of period	1,323	\$ 51.53			
Granted	-	-			
Exercised	(338)	49.09			
Forfeited	-	-			
Outstanding at end of period	985	\$ 52.36	2.9	\$	64,447
Options exercisable at end of period	985	\$ 52.36	2.9	\$	64,447

The following tables summarize the activity of our non-vested restricted stock/units for the three months ended March 29, 2014:

	Time-Based Restricted Stock/Units Weighted Average Grant Date				k/Units
		V	Fair alue Per	111	itrilisic value
	Shares/Units	·	Share		Per Share
Outstanding at beginning of period	926	\$	70.70		
Granted	169		118.70		
Vested	(213)		57.17		
Forfeited	(10)		75.80		
Outstanding at end of period	872	\$	83.23	\$	117.76

Performanc	nce-Based Restricted Stock/Units			
	Weighted			
	Average			
	Grant Date			
	Fair	Intrinsic Value		
	Value Per			
Shares/Units	Share	Per Share		
1,078	\$ 59.85			
307	112.67			
(235)	70.04			
	Shares/Units 1,078 307	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Shares/Units 1,078 \$ 59.85 307 112.67		

Forfeited	(7)	80.74	
Outstanding at end of period	1,143	\$ 75.83	\$ 117.76

Note 13 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for interest and income taxes was:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended			
	March 29,	n 29, Marc			
	2014		2013		
Interest	\$ 5,803	\$	6,979		
Income taxes	15,129		10.541		

During the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013, we had \$1.2 million and \$0.1 million of non-cash net unrealized losses related to foreign currency hedging activities, respectively.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

In accordance with the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we provide the following cautionary remarks regarding important factors that, among others, could cause future results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements, expectations and assumptions expressed or implied herein. All forward-looking statements made by us are subject to risks and uncertainties and are not guarantees of future performance. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance and achievements or industry results to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These statements are identified by the use of such terms as "may," "could," "expect," "intend," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "foreca "project," "anticipate" or other comparable terms.

Risk factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from current and historical results include, but are not limited to: effects of a highly competitive market; our dependence on third parties for the manufacture and supply of our products; our dependence upon sales personnel, customers, suppliers and manufacturers; our dependence on our senior management; fluctuations in quarterly earnings; risks from expansion of customer purchasing power and multi-tiered costing structures; possible increases in the cost of shipping our products or other service issues with our third-party shippers; general global macro-economic conditions; disruptions in financial markets; possible volatility of the market price of our common stock; changes in the health care industry; implementation of health care laws; failure to comply with regulatory requirements and data privacy laws; risks associated with our global operations; transitional challenges associated with acquisitions and joint ventures, including the failure to achieve anticipated synergies; financial risks associated with acquisitions and joint ventures; litigation risks; the dependence on our continued product development, technical support and successful marketing in the technology segment; risks from challenges associated with the emergence of potential increased competition by third-party online commerce sites; risks from disruption to our information systems; certain provisions in our governing documents that may discourage third-party acquisitions of us; and changes in tax legislation. The order in which these factors appear should not be construed to indicate their relative importance or priority.

We caution that these factors may not be exhaustive and that many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Accordingly, any forward-looking statements contained herein should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results. We undertake no duty and have no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

Where You Can Find Important Information

We may disclose important information through one or more of the following channels: SEC filings, public conference calls and webcasts, press releases, the investor relations page of our website (www.henryschein.com) and the social media channels identified on the investor relations page of our website.

Executive-Level Overview

We believe we are the world's largest provider of health care products and services primarily to office-based dental, animal health and medical practitioners. We serve more than 800,000 customers worldwide, including dental practitioners and laboratories, animal health clinics and physician practices, as well as government, institutional health care clinics and other alternate care clinics. We believe that we have a strong brand identity due to our more than 82 years of experience distributing health care products.

We are headquartered in Melville, New York, employ nearly 17,000 people (of which more than 7,000 are based outside the United States) and have operations or affiliates in 26 countries, including the United States, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, China, the Czech Republic, France, Germany, Hong Kong SAR, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Mauritius, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland, Thailand and the United Kingdom.

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We have established strategically located distribution centers to enable us to better serve our customers and increase our operating efficiency. This infrastructure, together with broad product and service offerings at competitive prices, and a strong commitment to customer service, enables us to be a single source of supply for our customers' needs. Our infrastructure also allows us to provide convenient ordering and rapid, accurate and complete order fulfillment.

We conduct our business through two reportable segments: health care distribution and technology and value-added services. These segments offer different products and services to the same customer base. The health care distribution reportable segment aggregates our global dental, animal health and medical operating segments. This segment consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.

Our global dental group serves office-based dental practitioners, dental laboratories, schools and other institutions. Our global animal health group serves animal health practices and clinics. Our global medical group serves office-based medical practitioners, ambulatory surgery centers, other alternate-care settings and other institutions. Our global technology and value-added services group provides software, technology and other value-added services to health care practitioners. Our technology group offerings include practice management software systems for dental and medical practitioners and animal health clinics. Our value-added practice solutions include financial services on a non-recourse basis, e-services, practice technology, network and hardware services, as well as continuing education services for practitioners.

Industry Overview

In recent years, the health care industry has increasingly focused on cost containment. This trend has benefited distributors capable of providing a broad array of products and services at low prices. It also has accelerated the growth of HMOs, group practices, other managed care accounts and collective buying groups, which, in addition to their emphasis on obtaining products at competitive prices, tend to favor distributors capable of providing specialized management information support. We believe that the trend towards cost containment has the potential to favorably affect demand for technology solutions, including software, which can enhance the efficiency and facilitation of practice management.

Our operating results in recent years have been significantly affected by strategies and transactions that we undertook to expand our business, domestically and internationally, in part to address significant changes in the health care industry, including consolidation of health care distribution companies, health care reform, trends toward managed care, cuts in Medicare and collective purchasing arrangements.

Our current and future results have been and could be impacted by the current economic environment and uncertainty, particularly impacting overall demand for our products and services.

Industry Consolidation

The health care products distribution industry, as it relates to office-based health care practitioners, is highly fragmented and diverse. This industry, which encompasses the dental, animal health and medical markets, was estimated to produce revenues of approximately \$45 billion in 2013 in the global markets. The industry ranges from sole practitioners working out of relatively small offices to group practices or service organizations ranging in size from a few practitioners to a large number of practitioners who have combined or otherwise associated their practices.

Due in part to the inability of office-based health care practitioners to store and manage large quantities of supplies in their offices, the distribution of health care supplies and small equipment to office-based health care practitioners has

been characterized by frequent, small quantity orders, and a need for rapid, reliable and substantially complete order fulfillment. The purchasing decisions within an office-based health care practice are typically made by the practitioner or an administrative assistant. Supplies and small equipment are generally purchased from more than one distributor, with one generally serving as the primary supplier.

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The trend of consolidation extends to our customer base. Health care practitioners are increasingly seeking to partner, affiliate or combine with larger entities such as hospitals, health systems, group practices or physician hospital organizations. In many cases, purchasing decisions for consolidated groups are made at a centralized or professional staff level; however, orders are delivered to the practitioners' offices.

We believe that consolidation within the industry will continue to result in a number of distributors, particularly those with limited financial, operating and marketing resources, seeking to combine with larger companies that can provide growth opportunities. This consolidation also may continue to result in distributors seeking to acquire companies that can enhance their current product and service offerings or provide opportunities to serve a broader customer base.

Our trend with regard to acquisitions and joint ventures has been to expand our role as a provider of products and services to the health care industry. This trend has resulted in our expansion into service areas that complement our existing operations and provide opportunities for us to develop synergies with, and thus strengthen, the acquired businesses.

As industry consolidation continues, we believe that we are positioned to capitalize on this trend, as we believe we have the ability to support increased sales through our existing infrastructure. We also have invested in expanding our sales/marketing infrastructure to include a focus on building relationships with decision makers who do not reside in the office-based practitioner setting.

As the health care industry continues to change, we continually evaluate possible candidates for merger and joint venture or acquisition and intend to continue to seek opportunities to expand our role as a provider of products and services to the health care industry. There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully pursue any such opportunity or consummate any such transaction, if pursued. If additional transactions are entered into or consummated, we would incur merger and/or acquisition-related costs, and there can be no assurance that the integration efforts associated with any such transaction would be successful.

Aging Population and Other Market Influences

The health care products distribution industry continues to experience growth due to the aging population, increased health care awareness, the proliferation of medical technology and testing, new pharmacology treatments and expanded third-party insurance coverage, partially offset by the affects of increased unemployment on insurance coverage. In addition, the physician market continues to benefit from the shift of procedures and diagnostic testing from acute care settings to alternate-care sites, particularly physicians' offices.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau's International Data Base, in 2013 there were more than six million Americans aged 85 years or older, the segment of the population most in need of long-term care and elder-care services. By the year 2050, that number is projected to triple to approximately 18 million. The population aged 65 to 84 years is projected to increase over 70% during the same time period.

As a result of these market dynamics, annual expenditures for health care services continue to increase in the United States. Given current operating, economic and industry conditions, we believe that demand for our products and services will grow at slower rates. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or CMS, published "National Health Expenditure Projections 2012-2022" indicating that total national health care spending reached approximately \$2.8 trillion in 2012, or 17.9% of the nation's gross domestic product, the benchmark measure for annual production of goods and services in the United States. Health care spending is projected to reach approximately \$5.0 trillion in 2022, approximately 19.9% of the nation's gross domestic product.

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Government

Certain of our businesses involve the distribution of pharmaceuticals and medical devices, and in this regard we are subject to extensive local, state, federal and foreign governmental laws and regulations applicable to the distribution of pharmaceuticals and medical devices. Additionally, government and private insurance programs fund a large portion of the total cost of medical care, and there has been an emphasis on efforts to control medical costs, including laws and regulations lowering reimbursement rates for pharmaceuticals, medical devices, and/or medical treatments or services. Also, many of these laws and regulations are subject to change and may impact our financial performance.

Health Care Reform

For example, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, each enacted in March 2010, generally known as the Health Care Reform Law, increased federal oversight of private health insurance plans and included a number of provisions designed to reduce Medicare expenditures and the cost of health care generally, to reduce fraud and abuse, and to provide access to increased health coverage. The Health Care Reform Law requirements include a 2.3% excise tax on domestic sales of many medical devices by manufacturers and importers that began in 2013 and a fee on branded prescription drugs and biologics that was implemented in 2011, both of which may affect sales. On June 28, 2012, the United States Supreme Court upheld as constitutional a key provision in the Health Care Reform Law, often referred to as the "individual mandate," which will require most individuals to have health insurance in 2014, or pay a penalty. However, the decision also invalidated a provision in the Health Care Reform Law requiring states in 2014 to expand their Medicaid programs or risk the complete loss of all federal Medicaid funding. The Court held that the federal government may offer states the option of accepting the expansion requirement, but that it may not take away pre-existing Medicaid funds in order to coerce states into complying with the expansion. Almost half the states have not yet accepted the Medicaid expansion, so the full extent of increased health care coverage under the Health Care Reform Law is uncertain. Adding to this uncertainty, in responding to difficulties encountered in implementing Health Care Reform, the White House and federal agencies have instituted various temporary implementation delays, such as regarding the "employer mandate" that generally requires employers with 50 or more full time employees to provide certain health insurance to those employees or pay specified fines.

A Health Care Reform Law provision, generally referred to as the Physician Payment Sunshine Act or Open Payments Program, has imposed new reporting and disclosure requirements for drug and device manufacturers with regard to payments or other transfers of value made to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals), and for such manufacturers and for group purchasing organizations, with regard to certain ownership interests held by physicians in the reporting entity. On February 1, 2013, CMS released the final rule to implement the Physician Payment Sunshine Act. Under this rule, data collection activities began on August 1, 2013, and first disclosure reports were due by March 31, 2014 for the period August 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. As required under the Physician Payment Sunshine Act, CMS will publish information from these reports on a publicly available website, including amounts transferred and physician, dentist and teaching hospital identities, which according to CMS will be available to the public by September 30, 2014.

The final rule implementing the Physician Payment Sunshine Act is complex, ambiguous and broad in scope. CMS commentary on the final rule and more recent CMS communications indicate that wholesale drug and device distributors which take title to such products are to be treated as "applicable manufacturers" subject to full reporting requirements. In addition, certain of our subsidiaries manufacture drugs and devices. Accordingly, we are required to collect and report detailed information regarding certain financial relationships we have with physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals. It is difficult to predict how the new requirements may impact existing relationships among manufacturers, distributors, physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals. The Physician Payment Sunshine Act pre-empts similar state reporting laws, although we or our subsidiaries may be required to continue to report under

certain of such state laws. While we have completed the initial Physician Payment Sunshine Act submission to CMS due March 31 2014, and believe we have substantially compliant programs and controls in place to comply with the Physician Payment Sunshine Act requirements, our compliance with the new final rule imposes additional costs on us.

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Health Care Fraud

Certain of our businesses are subject to federal and state (and similar foreign) health care fraud and abuse, referral and reimbursement laws and regulations with respect to their operations. Some of these laws, referred to as "false claims laws," prohibit the submission or causing the submission of false or fraudulent claims for reimbursement to federal, state and other health care payers and programs. Other laws, referred to as "anti-kickback laws," prohibit soliciting, offering, receiving or paying remuneration in order to induce the referral of a patient or ordering, purchasing, leasing or arranging for, or recommending ordering, purchasing or leasing of, items or services that are paid for by federal, state and other health care payers and programs.

The fraud and abuse laws and regulations have been subject to varying interpretations, as well as heightened enforcement activity over the past few years, and significant enforcement activity has been the result of "relators," who serve as whistleblowers by filing complaints in the name of the United States (and if applicable, particular states) under federal and state false claims laws. Under the federal False Claims Act relators can be entitled to receive up to 30% of total recoveries. Also, violations of the federal False Claims Act can result in treble damages, and each false claim submitted can be subject to a penalty of up to \$11,000 per claim. The Health Care Reform Law significantly strengthened the federal False Claims Act and the federal Anti-Kickback Law provisions, which could lead to the possibility of increased whistleblower or relator suits, and among other things made clear that a federal Anti-Kickback Law violation can be a basis for federal False Claims Act liability.

The government has expressed concerns about financial relationships between suppliers on the one hand and physicians and dentists on the other. As a result, we regularly review and revise our marketing practices as necessary to facilitate compliance. In addition, under the reporting and disclosure obligations of the Physician Payment Sunshine Act provisions of the Health Care Reform Law, discussed in more detail under "Health Care Reform" above, by September 30, 2014, the general public and government officials will be provided with new access to detailed information with regard to payments or other transfers of value to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals) by applicable drug and device manufacturers subject to such reporting and disclosure obligations, which includes us. This information may lead to greater scrutiny, which may result in modifications to established practices and additional costs.

We also are subject to certain laws and regulations concerning the conduct of our foreign operations, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and anti-bribery laws and laws pertaining to the accuracy of our internal books and records, which have been the focus of increasing enforcement activity in recent years.

Failure to comply with fraud and abuse laws and regulations could result in significant civil and criminal penalties and costs, including the loss of licenses and the ability to participate in federal and state health care programs, and could have a material adverse impact on our business. Also, these measures may be interpreted or applied by a prosecutorial, regulatory or judicial authority in a manner that could require us to make changes in our operations or incur substantial defense and settlement expenses. Even unsuccessful challenges by regulatory authorities or private relators could result in reputational harm and the incurring of substantial costs. In addition, many of these laws are vague or indefinite and have not been interpreted by the courts, and have been subject to frequent modification and varied interpretation by prosecutorial and regulatory authorities, increasing the risk of noncompliance.

While we believe that we are substantially compliant with applicable fraud and abuse laws and regulations, and have adequate compliance programs and controls in place to ensure substantial compliance, we cannot predict whether changes in applicable law, or interpretation of laws, or changes in our services or marketing practices in response to changes in applicable law or interpretation of laws, could adversely affect our business.

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Operating Security and Licensure Standards

At the federal level, pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or FDC Act, the United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, now requires certain wholesalers to provide a drug pedigree for each wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, which includes an identifying statement that records the chain of ownership of a prescription drug. Under these requirements, the FDA, in exercise of its enforcement discretion, requires these wholesalers to maintain drug pedigrees that include transaction dates, names and addresses regarding transactions going back to either the manufacturer or the last authorized distributor of record that handled the drugs.

An important new federal measure, the Drug Quality and Security Act of 2013, which was signed into law by President Obama on November 27, 2013, brings about significant changes with respect to the tracking and tracing of prescription drugs. Title II of this measure, known as the Drug Supply Chain Security Act, will be phased in by the FDA over 10 years, and is intended to build a national electronic, interoperable system to identify and trace certain prescription drugs as they are distributed in the United States. The law provides specific track and trace requirements for manufacturers, wholesalers, repackagers, and dispensers (e.g., pharmacies) of prescription drugs, and requires manufacturers and wholesale distributers, by January 1, 2015, to have in place a system by which they can identify a product in their possession or control that is a "suspect product," and to meet product tracing requirements.

The Drug Supply Chain Security Act also sets requirements for the licensing and operation of prescription drug wholesalers and third party logistics ("3PL") providers, and includes the creation of national wholesaler and 3PL licenses in cases where states do not license such entities. The Drug Supply Chain Security Act requires that wholesalers and 3PLs distribute drugs in accordance with certain standards regarding the recordkeeping, storage and handling of prescription drugs. Wholesalers and 3PLs would also be required to submit annual reports to the FDA beginning on January 1, 2015, which would include information regarding each state where the wholesaler or 3PL is licensed, the name and address of each facility and contact information. While the Drug Supply Chain Security Act pre-empts state requirements in this area, the extent to which it will affect current state licensing requirements is unclear. The FDA is expected to issue additional guidance and regulations to implement and clarify these requirements.

Significantly, under the Drug Supply Chain Security Act, beginning on its enactment date, the Act pre-empted similar state laws, thus apparently rendering unenforceable, in whole or in part, state drug pedigree laws. Over the past few years there have been increasing efforts by various levels of government, including state departments of health, state boards of pharmacy and comparable agencies, to regulate the pharmaceutical distribution system in order to prevent the introduction of counterfeit, adulterated or mislabelled pharmaceuticals into the distribution system and a number of states have implemented pedigree requirements, including drug tracking requirements. For example, Florida has certain prescription drug pedigree requirements in place, and California requirements were scheduled to take effect beginning 2015. California's State Board of Pharmacy has issued a notice acknowledging that California's e-pedigree requirements are pre-empted by the Drug Supply Chain Security Act, and thus inoperative, and other states may also be issuing guidance over the coming months. The current FDA pedigree requirements that predate the Drug Supply Chain Security Act, described above, apparently remain in effect as the pedigree provisions of the Drug Quality and Security Act begin to take effect in January 2015. We are in the process of analyzing the impact of the Drug Supply Chain Security Act to our business.

Other significant FDA requirements with respect to the integrity of the supply chain concern the use of standardized numerical identifiers. These include an FDA Final Guidance issued in 2010 regarding standardized numerical identification for prescription drug packages, and a final FDA rule issued in 2013 for a unique medical device identification system to be phased in over seven years that will require most medical devices distributed in the United States to carry a unique device identifier. The FDA will be re-examining previously issued FDA guidance regarding standardized numerical identifiers in light of the new requirements of the Drug Quality and Security Act.

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The federal Controlled Substances Act, or CSA, also regulates wholesale distribution of controlled substances and certain chemicals. Companies involved in the receipt, storage and distribution of controlled substances and certain chemicals are subject to registration, recordkeeping, security and reporting requirements. The Combat Methamphetamine Enhancement Act of 2010, which became effective in April 2011, requires retail sellers of products containing certain chemicals, such as pseudoephedrine, to self-certify to the Drug Enforcement Administration, or DEA, that they understand and agree to comply with the laws and regulations regarding such sales. The law also prohibits distributors from selling these products to retailers who are not registered with the DEA or who have not self-certified compliance with the laws and regulations. Various states also impose restrictions on the sale of certain products containing pseudoephedrine and other chemicals. The Secure and Responsible Drug Disposal Act of 2010, signed by President Obama in October 2010, is intended to allow patients to deliver unused controlled substances to designated entities to more easily and safely dispose of controlled substances while reducing the chance of diversion. The law authorizes the DEA to promulgate regulations to allow, but not require, designated entities to receive unused controlled substances.

On February 27, 2014, the DEA issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to reschedule all hydrocodone combination products, or HCPs, from schedule III to schedule II. Rescheduling HCPs from schedule III to schedule II will impose more stringent regulatory requirements upon manufacturers, distributors, dispensers such as pharmacies and physicians, importers and exporters.

Regulated Software; Electronic Health Records

The FDA has become increasingly active in addressing the regulation of computer software intended for use in health care settings, and has developed policies on regulating clinical decision support tools and other types of software as medical devices. Certain of our businesses involve the development and sale of software and related products to support physician and dental practice management, and it is possible that the FDA could determine that one or more of our products is a medical device, which could subject us or one or more of our businesses to substantial additional requirements with respect to these products.

Certain of our businesses involve access to personal health, medical, financial and other information of individuals, and are accordingly directly or indirectly subject to numerous federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations that protect the privacy and security of such information, such as the privacy and security provisions of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended, and implementing regulations ("HIPAA"). HIPAA requires, among other things, the implementation of various recordkeeping, operational, notice and other practices intended to safeguard that information, limit its use to allowed purposes, and notify individuals in the event of privacy and security breaches. Failure to comply with these laws and regulations can result in substantial penalties and other liabilities. As a result of the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act ("HITECH Act"), which was enacted in 2009, some of our businesses that were previously only indirectly affected by federal HIPAA privacy and security rules became directly subject to such rules because such businesses serve as "business associates" of HIPAA covered entities, such as health care providers. On January 17, 2013, the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human Services released a final rule implementing the HITECH Act and making certain other changes to HIPAA privacy and security requirements. Compliance with the rule was required by September 23, 2013, and increases the requirements applicable to some of our businesses.

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In addition, federal initiatives, including in particular the HITECH Act, are providing a program of incentive payments available to certain health care providers involving the adoption and use of certain electronic health care records systems and processes. The HITECH initiative includes providing, among others, physicians and dentists, with financial incentives if they meaningfully use certified electronic health record technology ("EHR") in accordance with applicable requirements. Also, Medicare-eligible providers that fail to adopt certified EHR systems and meet "meaningful use" requirements for those systems prior to the 2015 calendar year are to be subject to cumulative Medicare reimbursement reductions beginning in 2015. Qualification for the incentive payments requires the use of EHRs that are certified as having certain capabilities for meaningful use pursuant to standards adopted by the Department of Health and Human Services. Initial ("stage one") standards addressed criteria for periods beginning in 2011. CMS has also issued a final rule with more demanding "stage two" criteria for periods beginning in 2014 for eligible health professionals (including physicians and dentists). Although CMS has indicated it will not delay "stage two" compliance deadlines, it has signaled that it will seek to be flexible regarding providing "hardship" exemptions, which would permit providers to avoid reimbursement reductions in 2015 where circumstances have posed a significant barrier to compliance. Along these lines, CMS recently expanded the hardship exemption for the 2014 reporting year to cover instances where the provider's noncompliance was caused by its EHR vendor's failure to provide EHR technology certified for stage two compliance. CMS has also indicated that it will delay rulemaking on more rigorous "stage three" criteria until 2014, and has stated that it will delay implementation of stage three measures until 2017. Certain of our businesses involve the manufacture and sale of certified EHR systems and other products linked to incentive programs, and so must maintain compliance with these evolving governmental criteria.

Also, HIPAA requires certain health care providers, such as physicians, to use certain transaction and code set rules for specified electronic transactions, such as transactions involving claims submissions. Commencing July 1, 2012, CMS required that electronic claim submissions and related electronic transactions be conducted under a new HIPAA transaction standard, called Version 5010. CMS has required this upgrade in connection with another new requirement applicable to the industry, the implementation of new diagnostic code sets to be used in claims submission. The new diagnostic code sets are called the ICD-10-CM. They were originally to be implemented on October 1, 2013. CMS delayed the implementation date until October 1, 2014, but as part of the recently enacted Protecting Access to Medicare Act of 2014, Congress has prohibited the Secretary of Health and Human Services from implementing ICD-10-CM any earlier than October 1, 2015. Certain of our businesses provide electronic practice management products that must meet those requirements, and while we believe that we are prepared to timely adopt the new standards, it is possible that the transition to these new standards, particularly the transition to ICD-10-CM, may result in a degree of disruption and confusion, thus potentially increasing the costs associated with supporting this product.

There may be additional legislative initiatives in the future impacting health care.

E-Commerce

Electronic commerce solutions have become an integral part of traditional health care supply and distribution relationships. Our distribution business is characterized by rapid technological developments and intense competition. The continuing advancement of online commerce requires us to cost-effectively adapt to changing technologies, to enhance existing services and to develop and introduce a variety of new services to address the changing demands of consumers and our customers on a timely basis, particularly in response to competitive offerings.

Through our proprietary, technologically based suite of products, we offer customers a variety of competitive alternatives. We believe that our tradition of reliable service, our name recognition and large customer base built on solid customer relationships, position us well to participate in this significant aspect of the distribution business. We continue to explore ways and means to improve and expand our Internet presence and capabilities, including our

online commerce offerings and our use of various social media outlets.

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Results of Operations

The following tables summarize the significant components of our operating results and cash flows for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Three Mo	nths Ended
	March 29, 2014	March 30, 2013
Operating results:		
Net sales	\$2,430,159	\$2,293,511
Cost of sales	1,733,446	1,646,520
Gross profit	696,713	646,991
Operating expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative	539,445	493,362
Operating income	\$157,268	\$153,629
Other income (expense), net	\$1,777	\$(9,892)
Net income	110,128	98,686
Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.	102,099	91,478
Cash flows:		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(55,249)	\$(38,047)
Net cash used in investing activities	(167,094)	(44,289)
Net cash provided by financing activities	161,697	56,073
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Three Months Ended March 29, 2014 Compared to Three Months Ended March 30, 2013

Net Sales

Net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	March 29,	% of	March 30,	% of	Increa	ise
	2014	Total	2013	Total	\$	%
Health care distribution (1):						
Dental	\$ 1,296,928	53.4 %	\$ 1,190,795	51.9 %	\$ 106,133	8.9 %
Animal health	654,488	26.9	639,142	27.9	15,346	2.4
Medical	397,414	16.4	388,862	16.9	8,552	2.2
Total health care distribution	2,348,830	96.7	2,218,799	96.7	130,031	5.9
Technology and value-added	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	_,,,,,,	,	200,000	
services (2)	81,329	3.3	74,712	3.3	6,617	8.9
Total	\$ 2,430,159	100.0%	\$ 2,293,511	100.0%	\$ 136,648	6.0

- Consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.
- Consists of practice management software and other value-added products, which are distributed primarily to health care providers, and financial and other services, including e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

The \$136.6 million, or 6.0%, increase in net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 includes an increase of 5.6% in local currency growth (2.9% increase in internally generated revenue and 2.7% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.4% related to foreign currency exchange. We believe that for the three months ended March 29, 2014, United States net sales for dental, animal health and medical were negatively impacted by severe winter weather in the United States.

The \$106.1 million, or 8.9%, increase in dental net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 includes an increase of 8.6% in local currency growth (3.5% increase in internally generated revenue and 5.1% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.3% related to foreign currency exchange. The 8.6% increase in local currency sales was due to dental consumable merchandise sales growth of 7.6% (1.9% increase in internally generated revenue and 5.7% growth from acquisitions), as well as an increase in dental equipment sales and service revenues of 12.4% (9.4% increase in internally generated revenue and 3.0% growth from acquisitions).

The \$15.3 million, or 2.4%, increase in animal health net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 includes an increase of 2.0% in local currency growth due to an increase in internally generated revenue as well as an increase of 0.4% related to foreign currency exchange.

The \$8.6 million, or 2.2%, increase in medical net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 includes an increase of 2.0% in local currency growth due to an increase in internally generated revenue as well as an increase of 0.2% related to foreign currency exchange.

The \$6.6 million, or 8.9%, increase in technology and value-added services net sales for the three months ended March 29, 2014 includes an increase of 8.6% in local currency growth (6.2% increase in internally generated revenue and 2.4% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.3% related to foreign currency exchange.

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Gross Profit

Gross profit and gross margin percentages by segment and in total for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	1	March 29,	Gross	I	March 30,	Gross	Increa	ise	
			Margin			Margin			
		2014	%		2013	%	\$	%	
Health care distribution	\$	641,817	27.3 %	\$	599,191	27.0 %	\$ 42,626	7.1	%
Technology and value-added services		54,896	67.5		47,800	64.0	7,096	14.8	
Total	\$	696,713	28.7	\$	646,991	28.2	\$ 49,722	7.7	

For the three months ended March 29, 2014, gross profit increased \$49.7 million, or 7.7%, compared to the prior year period. As a result of different practices of categorizing costs associated with distribution networks throughout our industry, our gross margins may not necessarily be comparable to other distribution companies. Additionally, we realize substantially higher gross margin percentages in our technology segment than in our health care distribution segment. These higher gross margins result from being both the developer and seller of software products and services, as well as certain financial services. The software industry typically realizes higher gross margins to recover investments in research and development.

Within our health care distribution segment, gross profit margins may vary from one period to the next. Changes in the mix of products sold as well as changes in our customer mix have been the most significant drivers affecting our gross profit margin. For example, sales of pharmaceutical products are generally at lower gross profit margins than other products. Conversely, sales of our private label products achieve gross profit margins that are higher than average. With respect to customer mix, sales to our large-group customers are typically completed at lower gross margins due to the higher volumes sold as opposed to the gross margin on sales to office-based practitioners who normally purchase lower volumes at greater frequencies.

Health care distribution gross profit increased \$42.6 million, or 7.1%, for the three months ended March 29, 2014 compared to the prior year period. Health care distribution gross profit margin increased to 27.3% for the three months ended March 29, 2014 from 27.0% for the comparable prior year period. The increase in our health care distribution gross profit margin is primarily due to the relatively greater growth in sales within our dental business versus the growth in sales of our animal health and medical businesses, whose sales typically include a greater percentage of lower-margin pharmaceutical products than our dental operating unit.

Technology and value-added services gross profit increased \$7.1 million, or 14.8%, for the three months ended March 29, 2014 compared to the prior year period. Technology gross profit margin increased to 67.5% for the three months ended March 29, 2014 from 64.0% for the comparable prior year period, primarily due to changes in the product sales mix.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses by segment and in total for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

		% of		% of	
	March 2	9, Respective	March 30,	Respective	Increase
	2014	Net Sales	2013	Net Sales \$	%
Health care distribution	\$ 507,99	98 21.6 %	\$ 464,731	20.9 % \$	43,267 9.3 %

Technology and value-added services	31,447	38.7	28,631	38.3	2,816	9.8
Total	\$ 539,445	22.2	\$ 493,362	21.5	\$ 46,083	9.3

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Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$46.1 million, or 9.3%, to \$539.4 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses increased to 22.2% from 21.5% for the comparable prior year period.

As a component of selling, general and administrative expenses, selling expenses increased \$24.4 million, or 7.6%, to \$344.7 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, selling expenses increased to 14.2% from 14.0% for comparable prior year period.

As a component of selling, general and administrative expenses, general and administrative expenses increased \$21.7 million, or 12.5%, to \$194.7 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, general and administrative expenses increased to 8.0% from 7.5% for the comparable prior year period.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net, for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and March 30, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	I	March 29, March 30,			Variance			
		2014		2013	\$		%	
Interest income	\$	3,455	\$	3,205	\$	250	7.8 %	6
Interest expense		(5,258)	(12,727)	7,469	58.7	
Other, net		3,580		(370)	3,950	1,067.6	
Other income (expense), net	\$	1,777	\$	(9,892) \$	11,669	118.0	

Other income, net of \$1.8 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014 changed by \$11.7 million compared to other expense, net of \$9.9 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013. Interest income increased \$0.3 million primarily due to higher late fee income. Interest expense decreased \$7.5 million primarily due to the \$6.2 million accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs resulting from the early repayment of our Henry Schein Animal Health debt during February 2013. Other, net increased by \$4.0 million primarily due to a contractual payment from an animal health supplier in Europe related to a change to a non-exclusive sales model.

Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 29, 2014, our effective tax rate was 31.2% compared to 31.9% for the prior year period. The difference between our effective tax rates and the federal statutory tax rates for both periods related primarily to state and foreign income taxes and interest expense.

Net Income

Net income increased \$11.4 million, or 11.6%, for the three months ended March 29, 2014, compared to the prior year period due to the factors noted above.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal capital requirements include funding of acquisitions, purchases of additional noncontrolling interests, repayments of debt principal, the funding of working capital needs, purchases of fixed assets and repurchases of common stock. Working capital requirements generally result from increased sales, special inventory forward buy-in opportunities and payment terms for receivables and payables. Historically, sales have tended to be stronger during the third and fourth quarters and special inventory forward buy-in opportunities have been most prevalent just before the end of the year, and have caused our working capital requirements to have been higher from the end of the third quarter to the end of the first quarter of the following year.

We finance our business primarily through cash generated from our operations, revolving credit facilities and debt placements. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations is dependent on the continued demand of our customers for our products and services, and access to products and services from our suppliers.

Our business requires a substantial investment in working capital, which is susceptible to fluctuations during the year as a result of inventory purchase patterns and seasonal demands. Inventory purchase activity is a function of sales activity, special inventory forward buy-in opportunities and our desired level of inventory. We anticipate future increases in our working capital requirements.

We finance our business to provide adequate funding for at least 12 months. Funding requirements are based on forecasted profitability and working capital needs, which, on occasion, may change. Consequently, we may change our funding structure to reflect any new requirements.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, our ability to access private debt markets and public equity markets, and our available funds under existing credit facilities provide us with sufficient liquidity to meet our currently foreseeable short-term and long-term capital needs. We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Net cash flow used in operating activities was \$55.2 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014, compared to \$38.0 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$17.2 million was primarily attributable to changes in net working capital, partially offset by net income improvements.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$167.1 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014, compared to \$44.3 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$122.8 million was primarily due to increases in payments for equity investments and business acquisitions.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$161.7 million for the three months ended March 29, 2014, compared to \$56.1 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$105.6 million was primarily due to increased net proceeds from debt, partially offset by an increase in acquisitions of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries.

The following table summarizes selected measures of liquidity and capital resources (in thousands):

	March 29, 2014	De	ecember 28, 2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 129,115	\$	188,616
Working capital	1,263,645		1,284,002
Debt:			
Bank credit lines	\$ 144,042	\$	29,508
Current maturities of long-term debt	105,984		5,441

Long-term debt	541,687	450,233
Total debt	\$ 791,713	\$ 485,182

Our cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances and investments in money market funds representing overnight investments with a high degree of liquidity.

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Accounts receivable days sales outstanding and inventory turns

Our accounts receivable days sales outstanding from operations increased to 40.8 days as of March 29, 2014 from 40.6 days as of March 30, 2013. During the three months ended March 29, 2014, we wrote off approximately \$2.1 million of fully reserved accounts receivable against our trade receivable reserve. Our inventory turns from operations remained constant at 5.6 as of March 29, 2014 compared to the comparable prior year period. Our working capital accounts may be impacted by current and future economic conditions.

Bank Credit Lines

On September 12, 2012, we entered into a new \$500 million revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a \$200 million expansion feature, which expires on September 12, 2017. There was \$115.0 million outstanding under this revolving credit facility as of March 29, 2014. The interest rate is based on the USD LIBOR plus a spread based on our leverage ratio at the end of each financial reporting quarter. The Credit Agreement provides, among other things, that we are required to maintain certain interest coverage and maximum leverage ratios, and contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions on liens, indebtedness, significant corporate changes (including mergers), dispositions and certain restrictive agreements. As of March 29, 2014, there were \$10.1 million of letters of credit provided to third parties under the credit facility.

As of March 29, 2014, we had various other short-term bank credit lines available, of which \$29.0 million was outstanding. At March 29, 2014, borrowings under all of our credit lines had a weighted average interest rate of 1.34%.

Term Loan Note

On January 9, 2014, we entered into a \$100 million term loan, of which \$100.0 million was outstanding as of March 29, 2014. The interest rate on this note is LIBOR plus 75 basis points. The note matures on July 9, 2014.

Private Placement Facilities

On August 10, 2010, we entered into \$400 million private placement facilities with two insurance companies. On April 30, 2012, we increased our available credit facilities by \$375 million by entering into a new agreement with one insurance company and amending our existing agreements with two insurance companies. These facilities are available on an uncommitted basis at fixed rate economic terms to be agreed upon at the time of issuance, from time to time during a three year issuance period, through April 26, 2015. The facilities allow us to issue senior promissory notes to the lenders at a fixed rate based on an agreed upon spread over applicable treasury notes at the time of issuance. The term of each possible issuance will be selected by us and can range from five to 15 years (with an average life no longer than 12 years). The proceeds of any issuances under the facilities will be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures, to refinance existing indebtedness and/or to fund potential acquisitions. The agreements provide, among other things, that we maintain certain maximum leverage ratios, and contain restrictions relating to subsidiary indebtedness, liens, affiliate transactions, disposal of assets and certain changes in ownership. These facilities contain make-whole provisions in the event that we pay off the facilities prior to the applicable due dates.

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The components of our private placement facility borrowings as of March 29, 2014 are presented in the following table:

	A	Amount of		
Date of	I	Borrowing	Borrowing	
Borrowing	C	utstanding	Rate	Due Date
September 2, 2010	\$	100,000	3.79 %	September 2, 2020
January 20, 2012		50,000	3.45	January 20, 2024
January 20, 2012 (1)		50,000	3.09	January 20, 2022
December 24, 2012		50,000	3.00	December 24, 2024
	\$	250,000		

(1) Annual repayments of approximately \$7.1 million for this borrowing will commence on January 20, 2016.

U.S. Trade Accounts Receivable Securitization

On April 17, 2013, we entered into a facility agreement of up to \$300 million with a bank, as agent, based on the securitization of our U.S. trade accounts receivable. The new facility allowed us to replace public debt (approximately \$220 million), which had a higher interest rate at HSAH during February 2013 and provided funding for working capital and general corporate purposes. The financing was structured as an asset-backed securitization program with pricing committed for up to three years. The borrowings outstanding under this securitization facility were \$250.0 million as of March 29, 2014. At March 29, 2014, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility is based on the average asset-backed commercial paper rate of 20 basis points plus 75 basis points, for a combined rate of 0.95%.

We are required to pay a commitment fee of 30 basis points on the daily balance of the unused portion of the facility if our usage is greater than or equal to 50% of the facility limit or a commitment fee of 35 basis points on the daily balance of the unused portion of the facility if our usage is less than 50% of the facility limit.

Borrowings under this facility are presented as a component of Long-term debt within our consolidated balance sheet.

Other Loans Payable

Certain of our subsidiaries have various collateralized and uncollateralized long-term loans payable with interest, with borrowings of \$39.6 million outstanding at March 29, 2014, in varying installments through 2018 at interest rates ranging from 2.4% to 5.41%.

Henry Schein Animal Health

During the first quarter of 2013, we repaid the then outstanding debt related to the HSAH transaction using our existing Credit Agreement. As part of this transaction, we recorded a one-time interest expense charge of \$6.2 million related to the accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs.

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Stock Repurchases

From June 21, 2004 through March 29, 2014, we repurchased \$1.2 billion, or 17,476,320 shares, under our common stock repurchase programs, with \$224.6 million available for future common stock share repurchases.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value. ASC Topic 480-10 is applicable for noncontrolling interests where we are or may be required to purchase all or a portion of the outstanding interest in a consolidated subsidiary from the noncontrolling interest holder under the terms of a put option contained in contractual agreements. The components of the change in the Redeemable noncontrolling interests for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and the year ended December 28, 2013 are presented in the following table:

	March 29,			December 2		
		2014			2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$	497,539		\$	435,175	
Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to						
redemptions		(83,793)		(9,028)
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to						
business acquisitions		53,133			11,542	
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		7,939			39,430	
Dividends declared		(3,509)		(19,965)
Effect of foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to						
redeemable noncontrolling interests		2,129			(654)
Change in fair value of redeemable securities		9,263			41,039	
Balance, end of period	\$	482,701		\$	497,539	

Changes in the estimated redemption amounts of the noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted at each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share.

Additionally, some prior owners of such acquired subsidiaries are eligible to receive additional purchase price cash consideration if certain financial targets are met. Any adjustments to these accrual amounts are recorded in our consolidated statement of income.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates from those disclosed in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2013.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our exposure to market risk from that disclosed in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2013.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 29, 2014 to ensure that all material information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to them as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and that all such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 29, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations of the Effectiveness of Internal Control

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the internal control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control system, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, if any, within a company have been detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become a party to legal proceedings, including, without limitation, product liability claims, employment matters, commercial disputes, governmental inquiries and investigations, and other matters arising out of the ordinary course of our business. In our opinion, pending matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

As of March 29, 2014, we had accrued our best estimate of potential losses relating to claims that were probable to result in a liability and for which we were able to reasonably estimate a loss. This accrued amount, as well as related expenses, was not material to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Our method for determining estimated losses considers currently available facts, presently enacted laws and regulations and other external factors, including probable recoveries from third parties.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2013.

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ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Purchases of equity securities by the issuer

Our share repurchase program, announced on June 21, 2004, originally allowed us to repurchase up to \$100 million of shares of our common stock, which represented approximately 3.5% of the shares outstanding at the commencement of the program. As summarized in the table below, subsequent additional increases totaling \$1.3 billion, authorized by our Board of Directors, to the repurchase program provide for a total of \$1.4 billion of shares of our common stock to be repurchased under this program.

Amount of
Additional
Repurchases
Authorized
\$ 100,000,000
100,000,000
100,000,000
200,000,000
200,000,000
300,000,000
300,000,000

As of March 29, 2014, we had repurchased \$1.2 billion of common stock (17,476,320 shares) under these initiatives, with \$224.6 million available for future common stock share repurchases.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock under our stock repurchase program during the fiscal quarter ended March 29, 2014:

			Total	Maximum
			Number	Number
	Total		of Shares	of Shares
			Purchased	that May
	Number	Average	as Part	Yet
				Be
			of Our	Purchased
	of Shares	Price Paid	Publicly	Under
				Our
	Purchased		Announced	Program
Fiscal Month	(1)	Per Share	Program	(2)
12/29/13 through 02/01/14	255,000	\$ 115.22	255,000	2,354,273
02/02/14 through 03/01/14	182,315	115.11	182,315	2,095,906
03/02/14 through 03/29/14	210,000	118.75	210,000	1,906,914

647,315

647,315

(1)	All repurchases were executed in the open market under our existing publicly announced authorized program.
(2)	The maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under this program is determined at the end of each month end fiscal period based on the closing price of our common stock at that time.
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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibits.

- 10.1 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for time-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of May 14, 2013).+**
- Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for performance-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of May 14, 2013).+**
- Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for time-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of May 14, 2013).+**
- Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for performance-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of May 14, 2013).+**
- Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for time-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1996 Non-Employee Director Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of April 1, 2003, and as further amended effective as of May 25, 2004, January 1, 2005, May 10, 2010 and February 27, 2014).+**
- Amendment Number Four to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1996 Non-Employee Director Stock Incentive Plan, effective as of February 27, 2014.+**
- Henry Schein Management Team Performance Incentive Plan and Plan Summary, effective as of January 1, 2014.+**
- Omnibus Amendment No. 2, dated April 21, 2014, to Receivables Purchase Agreement dated as of April 17, 2013, as amended, by and among us, as servicer, HSFR, Inc., as seller, The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., as agent, and the various purchaser groups from time to time party thereto and Receivables Sales Agreement, dated as of April 17, 2013, by and among us, certain of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and HSFR, Inc., as buyer.+
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document+
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document+
- 101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document+
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document+
- 101.LABXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document+
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document+

⁺ Filed herewith

^{**} Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Henry Schein, Inc. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Steven Paladino Steven Paladino Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Authorized Signatory and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Dated: May 6, 2014