EVEREST RE GROUP LTD Form 10-Q November 12, 2013

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

#### QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD

Commission file number:

ENDED:

1-15731

September 30, 2013

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda 98-0365432

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Wessex House – 2nd Floor 45 Reid Street PO Box HM 845 Hamilton HM DX, Bermuda 441-295-0006

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large X Accelerated accelerated filer filer

Non-accelerated Smaller filer reporting company

(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO X

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Common Shares, \$0.01 par value Number of Shares Outstanding At November 1, 2013 47,902,123

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD

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#### PART I

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars and share amounts in thousands, except par value per share)		September 30, 113 (unaudited)		December 31, 2012		
ASSETS:	ф	10 (00 50)	ф	10 141 657		
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at market value	\$	12,690,506	\$	13,141,657		
(amortized cost: 2013, \$12,380,972; 2012, \$12,444,880)						
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at fair value		19,780		41,470		
Equity securities - available for sale, at market value (cost: 2013, \$143,131;						
2012, \$131,630)		139,471		143,493		
Equity securities - available for sale, at fair value		1,417,398		1,255,557		
Short-term investments		867,356		860,379		
Other invested assets (cost: 2013, \$523,811; 2012, \$596,590)		523,811		596,590		
Cash		589,534		537,050		
Total investments and cash		16,247,856		16,576,196		
Accrued investment income		120,955		130,209		
Premiums receivable		1,635,693		1,237,859		
Reinsurance receivables		724,232		659,081		
Funds held by reinsureds		226,294		228,375		
Deferred acquisition costs		353,815		303,268		
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		90,642		71,107		
Deferred tax asset		208,141		262,024		
Income taxes recoverable		51,579		68,442		
Other assets		368,713		241,346		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,027,920	\$	19,777,907		
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LIABILITIES:						
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	9,737,917	\$	10,069,055		
Future policy benefit reserve	Ψ	65,255	Ψ.	66,107		
Unearned premium reserve		1,622,098		1,322,525		
Funds held under reinsurance treaties		2,592		2,755		
Commission reserves		67,047		65,533		
Other net payable to reinsurers		224,873		162,778		
Losses in course of payment		595,304		191,076		
5.4% Senior notes due 10/15/2014		249,945		249,907		
6.6% Long term notes due 5/1/2067		238,360		238,357		
Junior subordinated debt securities payable		12.002		329,897		
Accrued interest on debt and borrowings		12,092		4,781		
Equity index put option liability		46,462		79,467		
Unsettled securities payable		52,536		48,830		
Other liabilities		304,721		213,372		
Total liabilities		13,219,202		13,044,440		

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NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS:		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re	91,268	-
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred shares, par value: \$0.01; 50,000 shares authorized;		
no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common shares, par value: \$0.01; 200,000 shares authorized; (2013) 67,863		
and (2012) 67,105 outstanding before treasury shares	679	671
Additional paid-in capital	2,013,191	1,946,439
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of deferred income tax		
expense		
(benefit) of \$59,848 at 2013 and \$119,629 at 2012	180,204	537,049
Treasury shares, at cost; 19,949 shares (2013) and 15,687 shares (2012)	(1,913,914)	(1,363,958)
Retained earnings	6,437,290	5,613,266
Total shareholders' equity attributable to Everest Re Group, Ltd.	6,717,450	6,733,467
TOTAL LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 20,027,920	\$ 19,777,907
	, ,	, ,
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial		
statements.		
1		

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	20	013		20	12	20	)13		20	12	
REVENUES:		(1	ınau	ane	sa)		(unaudited)				
Premiums earned	\$	1,225,75	5	\$	1,009,454	\$	3,466,047	7	\$	3,045,23	2
Net investment income		127,872			152,024		422,382			453,791	
Net realized capital gains (losses):											
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed											
maturity securities		-			(3,548)		(191	)		(9,902	)
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed											
maturity securities											
transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)		-			-		-			-	
Other net realized capital gains (losses)		44,958			66,291		205,789			154,784	
Total net realized capital gains (losses)		44,958			62,743		205,598			144,882	
Net derivative gain (loss)		5,639			703		33,005			(9,420	)
Other income (expense)		(2,726	)		(5,943)		(3,318	)		15,675	
Total revenues		1,401,49	8		1,218,981		4,123,714	1		3,650,16	0
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:											
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses		770,102			603,654		2,074,336	5		1,813,99	0
Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees		248,587			221,082		723,700			724,374	
Other underwriting expenses		59,860			55,762		167,707			153,932	
Corporate expenses		4,758			5,947		16,643			16,683	
Interest, fees and bond issue cost amortization											
expense		7,637			13,331		38,480			39,753	
Total claims and expenses		1,090,94	4		899,776		3,020,866	5		2,748,73	2
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES		310,554			319,205		1,102,848	3		901,428	
Income tax expense (benefit)		72,027			68,283		204,336			131,251	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	238,527		\$	250,922	\$	898,512		\$	770,177	
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling											
interests		(3,768	)		-		(3,768	)		-	
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO											
EVEREST RE GROUP	\$	234,759		\$	250,922	\$	894,744		\$	770,177	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:											
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)											
("URA(D)") on securities arising during the period		(20,925	)		116,694		(340,267	)		202,229	
Less: reclassification adjustment for realized		,,									
losses (gains) included in net income (loss)		(1,592	)		1,512		(7,511	)		(5,702	)
Total URA(D) on securities arising during the		(00 - : -			110.00		(0.15 ====			106 77	
period		(22,517	)		118,206		(347,778	)		196,527	

(5,913	)	36,252		(13,228	)	27,125
1,470		1,199		4,161		3,166
(26,960	)	155,657		(356,845	)	226,818
-		-		-		_
(26,960	)	155,657		(356,845	)	226,818
\$ 207,799		\$ 406,579	\$	537,899	\$	996,995
\$ 4.85		\$ 4.84	\$	18.09	\$	14.66
4.81		4.82		17.94		14.61
0.48		0.48		1.44		1.44
	1,470 (26,960 - (26,960 \$ 207,799 \$ 4.85 4.81	1,470 (26,960 ) - (26,960 ) \$ 207,799 \$ 4.85 4.81	1,470 1,199 (26,960 ) 155,657  (26,960 ) 155,657  \$ 207,799 \$ 406,579  \$ 4.85 \$ 4.84 4.81 4.82	1,470	1,470	1,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

		Three Mo Septen			Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(Dollars in thousands, except share and					_			1010		
dividends per share amounts)	20	013		012	20	013	012			
		(unaı	ıdit	ed)		(unau	dit	ed)		
COMMON SHARES (shares outstanding):										
Balance, beginning of period		48,588,040		51,857,047		51,417,962		53,735,551		
Issued during the period, net		51,018		79,990		758,110		569,872		
Treasury shares acquired		(724,654)		(229,100)		(4,261,668)		(2,597,486)		
Balance, end of period		47,914,404		51,707,937		47,914,404		51,707,937		
COMMON SHARES (par value):										
Balance, beginning of period	\$	678	\$	669	\$	671	\$	665		
Issued during the period, net		1		1		8		5		
Balance, end of period		679		670		679		670		
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL:										
Balance, beginning of period		2,003,166		1,924,313		1,946,439		1,892,988		
Share-based compensation plans		10,025		11,364		66,752		42,689		
Balance, end of period		2,013,191		1,935,677		2,013,191		1,935,677		
•										
ACCUMULATED OTHER										
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS),										
NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAXES:										
Balance, beginning of period		207,164		438,139		537,049		366,978		
Net increase (decrease) during the period		(26,960 )		155,657		(356,845)		226,818		
Balance, end of period		180,204		593,796		180,204		593,796		
Zulunivi, ond or ported		100,20.		0,00,00		100,20.		636,736		
RETAINED EARNINGS:										
Balance, beginning of period		6,225,705		5,353,199		5,613,266		4,884,714		
Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re		0,225,705		2,323,133		5,015,200		1,001,711		
Group		234,759		250,922		894,744		770,177		
Dividends declared (\$0.48 per quarter and		23 1,737		230,722		071,711		770,177		
\$1.44 year-to-date										
per share in 2013 and 2012)		(23,174)		(24,897)		(70,720 )		(75,667)		
Balance, end of period		6,437,290		5,579,224		6,437,290		5,579,224		
Balance, end of period		0,437,270		3,317,224		0,437,270		3,317,224		
TREASURY SHARES AT COST:										
Balance, beginning of period		(1,813,913)		(1,298,969)		(1,363,958)		(1,073,970)		
Purchase of treasury shares		(1,013,913) $(100,001)$		(1,298,909) $(25,026)$		(549,956)		(250,025)		
Balance, end of period		(1,913,914)		(1,323,995)		(1,913,914)		(1,323,995)		
Datance, end of period		(1,713,714)		(1,343,993)		(1,713,714)		(1,343,993)		
TOTAL CHADEHOLDEDCLEOUTV END										
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, END	φ	6 717 450	φ	6 705 272	Φ	6 717 450	Φ	6 705 272		
OF PERIOD	\$	6,717,450	<b>3</b>	6,785,372	\$	6,717,450	<b>Þ</b>	6,785,372		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)  CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 (unaudited)			Sep 2013	ns Ended er 30, 2012 ited)		
Net income (loss)	\$	238,527	\$	5 250,922	\$ 898,512	5	770,177	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	·	ŕ	·	,	,			
Decrease (increase) in premiums receivable		(181,317	)	(227,333)	(401,623	)	(119,923	)
Decrease (increase) in funds held by		10.500		27.602	40.5		46,000	
reinsureds, net		12,729		37,682	485		46,089	
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance receivables		(11 107	)	(22.045.)	(77 165	`	(25.072	`
Decrease (increase) in current income		(11,187	)	(22,945)	(77,165	)	(35,972	)
taxes		15,641		19,927	16,730		21,386	
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax		15,011		17,727	10,750		21,500	
asset		57,638		14,935	113,278		48,896	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid		ŕ		,	,		•	
reinsurance premiums		(14,605	)	(27,524)	(21,513	)	(18,401	)
Increase (decrease) in reserve for								
losses and loss adjustment expenses		(100,751	)	(138,310)	(275,893	)	(405,540	)
Increase (decrease) in future policy								
benefit reserve		(285	)	(535)	(852	)	(1,454	)
Increase (decrease) in unearned		170 102		101 044	204.720		/50 005	
premiums		178,193		121,344	304,728		(52,225	)
Increase (decrease) in other net		22.027		120 220	(2.702		165 140	
payable to reinsurers		33,937		138,239	63,702		165,142	
Increase (decrease) in losses in course of payment		174,701		76,527	404,836		87,337	
Change in equity adjustments in		174,701		10,321	404,630		01,331	
limited partnerships		(4,343	)	(18,274)	(40,693	)	(46,766	)
Change in other assets and liabilities,		(1,515	,	(10,274)	(40,055	,	(40,700	,
net		6,754		(11,280)	(68,112	)	96,913	
Non-cash compensation expense		4,923		9,452	15,088		22,826	
Amortization of bond premium								
(accrual of bond discount)		14,773		14,829	50,280		45,795	
Amortization of underwriting discount								
on senior notes		14		13	41		38	
Net realized capital (gains) losses		(44,958	)	(62,743)	(205,598	)	(144,882	)
Net cash provided by (used in)							.=	
operating activities		380,384		174,926	776,231		479,436	

## CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING

ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from fixed maturities					
matured/called - available for sale, at					
market value	594,260		503,303	1,912,978	1,294,896
Proceeds from fixed maturities	, , ,		,	7- 7- 1	, , , , , , ,
matured/called - available for sale, at					
fair value	_		1,300	7,213	1,300
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold -			1,500	7,213	1,500
available for sale, at market value	214,173		217,983	845,357	639,301
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold -	214,173		217,703	045,557	037,301
available for sale, at fair value	1,056		11,783	18,398	72,926
Proceeds from equity securities sold -	1,050		11,703	10,570	72,720
available for sale, at market value	326		76,000	45,749	130,792
Proceeds from equity securities sold -	320		70,000	43,749	130,792
available for sale, at fair value	101,176		89,311	459,945	386,917
Distributions from other invested	101,170		09,311	439,943	300,917
assets	10,874		32,015	128,422	53,032
Cost of fixed maturities acquired -	10,674		32,013	120,422	33,032
available for sale, at market value	(671 076	`	(000 105)	(2.704.025)	(2.142.771)
	(671,876	)	(889,195)	(2,794,035)	(2,143,771)
Cost of fixed maturities acquired -	(2.002	`	(1.650	(4.700	(7.164
available for sale, at fair value	(2,092	)	(1,658)	(4,798)	(7,164)
Cost of equity securities acquired -	(1.007	`	(7.472	(54.504	(20.126
available for sale, at market value	(1,097	)	(7,472)	(54,584)	(20,126)
Cost of equity securities acquired -				,,_,_,	(======================================
available for sale, at fair value	(180,308	)	(111,767)	(424,252)	(305,046)
Cost of other invested assets acquired	(3,762	)	(21,089)	(15,063 )	(49,681)
Net change in short-term investments	(139,544	)	(24,466)	(7,408)	(287,196)
Net change in unsettled securities					
transactions	(70,186	)	59,991	(14,518 )	65,957
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities	(147,000	)	(63,961)	103,404	(167,863)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Common shares issued during the					
period, net	5,103		1,913	51,672	19,868
Purchase of treasury shares	(100,001	)	(25,026)	(549,956)	(250,025)
Revolving credit borrowings	(40,000	)	-	-	-
Net cost of junior subordinated debt					
securities maturing	-		-	(329,897)	-
Third party investment in redeemable					
noncontrolling interest	87,500		-	87,500	_
Dividends paid to shareholders	(23,174	)	(24,897)	(70,720)	(75,667)
Net cash provided by (used in)	,				,
financing activities	(70,572	)	(48,010)	(811,401)	(305,824)
			. , . ,	, ,	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE					
CHANGES ON CASH	(12,414	)	16,752	(15,750)	24,158
	,,,,,	,	- <del>,                                   </del>	( - ) /	,
Net increase (decrease) in cash	150,398		79,707	52,484	29,907

Cash, beginning of period		439,136	398,851	537,050	448,651
Cash, end of period	\$	589,534	\$ 478,558	\$ 589,534	\$ 478,558
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW					
INFORMATION:					
Income taxes paid (recovered)	\$	(1,820	) \$ 30,662	\$ 64,918	\$ 54,463
Interest paid		243	5,851	23,524	31,936
Non-cash transaction:					
Conversion of equity securities - available	for sale, a	t market value	,		
to fixed					
maturity securities - available for sale,					
at market value, including accrued					
interest at time of conversion		-	-	-	92,981
The accompanying notes are an					
integral part of the consolidated					
financial statements.					
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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

#### 1. GENERAL

Everest Re Group, Ltd. ("Group"), a Bermuda company, through its subsidiaries, principally provides reinsurance and insurance in the U.S., Bermuda and international markets. As used in this document, "Company" means Group and its subsidiaries.

Effective February 27, 2013, the Company established a new subsidiary, Mt. Logan Re Ltd. ("Mt. Logan Re") and effective July 1, 2013, Mt. Logan Re established separate segregated accounts and issued non-voting redeemable preferred shares to capitalize the segregated accounts. Accordingly, the financial position and operating results for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company and the non-controlling interests in Mt. Logan Re's operating results and equity are presented as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results on an interim basis. Certain financial information, which is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), has been omitted since it is not required for interim reporting purposes. The December 31, 2012 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 included in the Company's most recent Form 10-K filing.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain reclassifications and format changes have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the current period presentation.

Application of Recently Issued Accounting Standard Changes.

Intangibles-Goodwill or Other. In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") amended the authoritative guidance for disclosures on Goodwill Impairment. The amendment allows an entity first to assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis in determining whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income. In June 2011, FASB issued amendments to existing guidance to provide two alternatives for the presentation of comprehensive income. Components of net income and comprehensive income can either be presented within a single, continuous financial statement or be presented in two separate but consecutive financial statements. The Company has chosen to present the components of net income and comprehensive income in a single, continuous financial statement. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012. In February, 2013, the FASB issued an

additional amendment for the presentation of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. The Company implemented the proposed guidance as of January 1, 2013.

Common Fair Value Measurement. In May 2011, FASB issued amendments to existing guidance to achieve common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. The amendments change wording used to describe many GAAP fair value measurement requirements and disclosures. FASB does not intend for the amendments to cause a change in application of fair value accounting guidance. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance prospectively as of January 1, 2012.

Treatment of Insurance Contract Acquisition Costs. In October 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance for the accounting for costs associated with acquiring or renewing insurance contracts. The guidance identifies the incremental direct costs of contract acquisition and costs directly related to acquisition activities that should be capitalized. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012 and determined that \$13,492 thousand of previously deferrable acquisition costs would be expensed during 2012 and 2013, including \$10,876 thousand and \$2,616 thousand expensed during 2012 and in the six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. No additional expense will be incurred related to this guidance implementation in future periods.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost, market value and gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of available for sale, fixed maturity and equity security investments, carried at market value, are as follows for the periods indicated:

	At September 30, 2013									
	Amortized	Amortized Unrealized		Market						
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Appreciation	Depreciation	Value						
Fixed maturity securities										
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of										
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 232,378	\$ 5,289	\$ (1,071 )	\$ 236,596						
Obligations of U.S. states and political										
subdivisions	992,891	46,388	(8,334)	1,030,945						
Corporate securities	3,777,807	162,034	(28,752)	3,911,089						
Asset-backed securities	180,401	4,326	(420 )	184,307						
Mortgage-backed securities										
Commercial	272,575	17,980	(1,836 )	288,719						
Agency residential	2,301,776	40,336	(33,416)	2,308,696						
Non-agency residential	5,295	226	(229)	5,292						
Foreign government securities	1,760,508	79,782	(24,433)	1,815,857						
Foreign corporate securities	2,857,341	96,895	(45,231)	2,909,005						
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 12,380,972	\$ 453,256	\$ (143,722)	\$ 12,690,506						
Equity securities	\$ 143,131	\$ 4,147	\$ (7,807 )	\$ 139,471						

	At December 31, 2012								
		Amortized	ed Unrealized		U	Unrealized			Market
(Dollars in thousands)		Cost	Αŗ	preciation	De	preciation	l		Value
Fixed maturity securities									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of									
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$	302,050	\$	11,079	\$	(1,007)	)	\$	312,122
Obligations of U.S. states and political									
subdivisions		1,214,990		78,097		(1,124)	)		1,291,963
Corporate securities		3,794,979		247,439		(7,098)	)		4,035,320
Asset-backed securities		169,615		7,296		(333)	)		176,578
Mortgage-backed securities									
Commercial		294,596		27,965		(2,473)	)		320,088
Agency residential		2,091,672		63,794		(3,331)	)		2,152,135
Non-agency residential		7,660		590		(201	)		8,049
Foreign government securities		1,785,738		132,947		(6,457)	)		1,912,228
Foreign corporate securities		2,783,580		159,632		(10,038)	)		2,933,174
Total fixed maturity securities	\$	12,444,880	\$	728,839	\$	(32,062)	)	\$	13,141,657
Equity securities	\$	131,630	\$	11,864	\$	(1)	)	\$	143,493

The \$1,815,857 thousand of foreign government securities at September 30, 2013 included \$802,316 thousand of European sovereign securities. Approximately 51.6%, 21.3%, 6.6% and 5.3% of European sovereign securities represented securities held in the governments of the United Kingdom, France, Austria and the Netherlands, respectively. No other countries represented more than 5% of the European sovereign securities. The Company held no sovereign securities of Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain at September 30, 2013.

In accordance with FASB guidance, the Company reclassified the non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments from retained earnings into accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), on April 1, 2009. The table below presents the pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on those corporate securities, for the periods indicated:

	At S	eptember 30,	At I	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)		2013		2012
Pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$	3,231	\$	4,748

The amortized cost and market value of fixed maturity securities are shown in the following table by contractual maturity. Mortgage-backed securities are generally more likely to be prepaid than other fixed maturity securities. As the stated maturity of such securities may not be indicative of actual maturities, the totals for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are shown separately.

	At Septem	ber 30, 2013	At Decem	ber 31, 2012
	Amortized	Market	Amortized	Market
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Fixed maturity securities – available for sale:				
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,039,318	\$ 1,054,455	\$ 944,446	\$ 957,775
Due after one year through five years	5,485,799	5,689,267	5,463,158	5,741,258
Due after five years through ten years	2,095,381	2,117,109	2,331,593	2,511,525
Due after ten years	1,000,427	1,042,661	1,142,140	1,274,249
Asset-backed securities	180,401	184,307	169,615	176,578

Mortgage-backed securities:

Commercial	272,575	288,719	294,596	320,088
Agency residential	2,301,776	2,308,696	2,091,672	2,152,135
Non-agency residential	5,295	5,292	7,660	8,049
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 12,380,972	\$ 12,690,506	\$ 12,444,880	\$ 13,141,657

The changes in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Company's investments are derived from the following sources for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	20	013	20	12	2013		2012	
Increase (decrease) during the period between the market								
value and cost								
of investments carried at market value, and deferred								
taxes thereon:								
Fixed maturity securities	\$	(26,106)	\$	110,234	\$	(385,727)	\$	180,973
Fixed maturity securities, other-than-temporary								
impairment		(144)		964		(1,516)		2,425
Equity securities		(1,447)		17,681		(15,522)		28,502
Other invested assets		-		-		-		-
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), pre-tax		(27,697)		128,879		(402,765)		211,900
Deferred tax benefit (expense)		5,180		(10,700)		54,847		(15,424)
Deferred tax benefit (expense), other-than-temporary								
impairment		-		27		140		51
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation),								
net of deferred taxes, included in shareholders' equity	\$	(22,517)	\$	118,206	\$	(347,778)	\$	196,527

The Company frequently reviews all of its fixed maturity, available for sale securities for declines in market value and focuses its attention on securities whose fair value has fallen below 80% of their amortized cost at the time of review. The Company then assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company evaluates the current market and interest rate environment as well as specific issuer information. Generally, a change in a security's value caused by a change in the market, interest rate or foreign exchange environment does not constitute an other-than-temporary impairment, but rather a temporary decline in market value. Temporary declines in market value are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If the Company determines that the decline is other-than-temporary and the Company does not have the intent to sell the security; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value. The fair value adjustment that is credit or foreign exchange related is recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The fair value adjustment that is non-credit related is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and is included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company's assessments are based on the issuers current and expected future financial position, timeliness with respect to interest and/or principal payments, speed of repayments and any applicable credit enhancements or breakeven constant default rates on mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, as well as relevant information provided by rating agencies, investment advisors and analysts.

The majority of the Company's equity securities available for sale at market value are primarily comprised of mutual fund investments whose underlying securities consist of fixed maturity securities. When a fund's value reflects an unrealized loss, the Company assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company considers the composition of its portfolios and their related markets, reports received from the portfolio managers and discussions with portfolio managers. If the Company determines that the declines are temporary and it has the ability and intent to continue to hold the investments, then the declines are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If declines are deemed to be other-than-temporary, then the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value and recorded in net

realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Retrospective adjustments are employed to recalculate the values of asset-backed securities. All of the Company's asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities have a pass-through structure. Each acquisition lot is reviewed to recalculate the effective yield. The recalculated effective yield is used to derive a book value as if the new yield were applied at the time of acquisition. Outstanding principal factors from the time of acquisition to the adjustment date are used to calculate the prepayment history for all applicable securities. Conditional prepayment rates, computed with life to date factor histories and weighted average maturities, are used in the calculation of projected prepayments for pass-through security types.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2013 By Security Type						
	Less than	12 months	Greater tha	an 12 months	Total		
		Gross	Gross			Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities -							
available for sale							
U.S. Treasury securities and							
obligations of							
U.S. government agencies and							
corporations	\$ 32,527	\$ (1,071 )	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,527	\$ (1,071 )	
Obligations of U.S. states and							
political subdivisions	86,171	(6,819 )	15,145	(1,515)	101,316	(8,334)	
Corporate securities	1,029,534	(28,334)	9,612	(418)	1,039,146	(28,752)	
Asset-backed securities	6,604	(420)	-	-	6,604	(420)	
Mortgage-backed securities							
Commercial	32,903	(1,836)	-	-	32,903	(1,836)	
Agency residential	1,194,977	(31,823)	92,228	(1,593)	1,287,205	(33,416)	
Non-agency residential	3,617	(229)	-	-	3,617	(229)	
Foreign government securities	447,129	(24,433)	-	-	447,129	(24,433)	
Foreign corporate securities	927,802	(43,829)	19,146	(1,402)	946,948	(45,231)	
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 3,761,264	\$ (138,794)	\$ 136,131	\$ (4,928)	\$ 3,897,395	\$ (143,722)	
Equity securities	123,291	(7,807)	-	-	123,291	(7,807)	
Total	\$ 3,884,555	\$ (146,601)	\$ 136,131	\$ (4,928)	\$ 4,020,686	\$ (151,529)	

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2013 By Maturity						
	Less than	12 months	Greater tha	in 12 months	To	Total	
	Gross			Gross		Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities							
Due in one year or less	\$ 68,195	\$ (6,463 )	\$ 3,183	\$ (89 )	\$ 71,378	\$ (6,552)	
Due in one year through five							
years	1,203,212	(26,279)	20,288	(850)	1,223,500	(27,129)	
Due in five years through ten							
years	922,907	(42,628)	5,287	(881)	928,194	(43,509)	
Due after ten years	328,849	(29,116)	15,145	(1,515)	343,994	(30,631)	
Asset-backed securities	6,604	(420)	-	-	6,604	(420)	
Mortgage-backed securities	1,231,497	(33,888)	92,228	(1,593)	1,323,725	(35,481)	
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 3,761,264	\$ (138,794)	\$ 136,131	\$ (4,928)	\$ 3,897,395	\$ (143,722)	

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2013 were \$4,020,686 thousand and \$151,529 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities

for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at September 30, 2013, did not exceed 0.4% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$138,794 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$117,023 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$4,928 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to foreign corporate securities, municipal securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$4,564 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$282 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The Company, given the size of its investment portfolio and capital position, does not have the intent to sell these securities; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. In addition, all securities currently in an unrealized loss position are current with respect to principal and interest payments.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2012 By Se					y Type	
	Less than	12 months	Greater that	an 12 months	То	Total	
		Gross		Gross		Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities -		•		•		•	
available for sale							
U.S. Treasury securities and							
obligations of							
U.S. government agencies and							
corporations	\$ 21,468	\$ (430 )	\$ 3,386	\$ (577)	\$ 24,854	\$ (1,007)	
Obligations of U.S. states and							
political subdivisions	38,754	(1,073)	5,781	(51)	44,535	(1,124)	
Corporate securities	174,665	(2,069)	71,483	(5,029)	246,148	(7,098)	
Asset-backed securities	-	-	13,714	(333)	13,714	(333)	
Mortgage-backed securities							
Commercial	-	-	50,999	(2,473)	50,999	(2,473)	
Agency residential	396,016	(2,215)	67,781	(1,116)	463,797	(3,331)	
Non-agency residential	-	-	2,105	(201)	2,105	(201)	
Foreign government securities	85,032	(923)	66,329	(5,534)	151,361	(6,457)	
Foreign corporate securities	197,029	(2,802)	103,720	(7,236)	300,749	(10,038)	
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 912,964	\$ (9,512)	\$ 385,298	\$ (22,550)	\$ 1,298,262	\$ (32,062)	
Equity securities	-	-	13	(1)	13	(1)	
Total	\$ 912,964	\$ (9,512)	\$ 385,311	\$ (22,551)	\$ 1,298,275	\$ (32,063)	

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2012 By Maturity						
	Less than	12 months	Greater tha	in 12 months	T	Total	
		Gross		Gross		Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities							
Due in one year or less	\$ 21,909	\$ (502)	\$ 30,177	\$ (3,631 )	\$ 52,086	\$ (4,133 )	
Due in one year through five years	261,625	(3,891)	163,480	(12,748)	425,105	(16,639)	
Due in five years through ten							
years	135,391	(1,409)	37,926	(1,431)	173,317	(2,840)	
Due after ten years	98,023	(1,495)	19,116	(617)	117,139	(2,112)	
Asset-backed securities	-	-	13,714	(333)	13,714	(333)	
Mortgage-backed securities	396,016	(2,215)	120,885	(3,790)	516,901	(6,005)	

Total fixed maturity securities \$ 912,964 \$ (9,512) \$ 385,298 \$ (22,550) \$ 1,298,262 \$ (32,062)

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at December 31, 2012 were \$1,298,275 thousand and \$32,063 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at December 31, 2012, did not exceed 0.3% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$9,512 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, as well as agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$7,982 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$22,550 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$19,150 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The non-investment grade securities with unrealized losses were mainly comprised of corporate and commercial mortgage-backed securities. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included

\$250 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The components of net investment income are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Fixed maturities	\$ 117,814	\$ 122,824	\$ 358,824	\$ 367,770		
Equity securities	10,337	13,394	32,873	46,898		
Short-term investments and cash	339	384	819	911		
Other invested assets						
Limited partnerships	4,574	18,571	41,642	47,857		
Other	1,055	1,427	5,311	2,453		
Gross investment income before adjustments	134,119	156,600	439,469	465,889		
Funds held interest income (expense)	1,708	2,465	7,984	8,846		
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(395)	(496)	(1,547)	(1,643)		
Gross investment income	135,432	158,569	445,906	473,092		
Investment expenses	(7,560)	(6,545)	(23,524)	(19,301)		
Net investment income	\$ 127,872	\$ 152,024	\$ 422,382	\$ 453,791		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The Company records results from limited partnership investments on the equity method of accounting with changes in value reported through net investment income. Due to the timing of receiving financial information from these partnerships, the results are generally reported on a one month or quarter lag. If the Company determines there has been a significant decline in value of a limited partnership during this lag period, a loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The Company had contractual commitments to invest up to an additional \$88,990 thousand in limited partnerships at September 30, 2013. These commitments will be funded when called in accordance with the partnership agreements, which have investment periods that expire, unless extended, through 2016.

The components of net realized capital gains (losses) are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months En September 30						
(Dollars in thousands)	201	13		20	12	20	13		20	12
Fixed maturity securities, market value:										
Other-than-temporary impairments	\$	-		\$	(3,548)	\$	(191	)	\$	(9,902)
Gains (losses) from sales		1,895			3,334		6,468			9,469
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		37			512		127			5,539
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments		577			298		(1,004	)		1,623
Equity securities, market value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		(2	)		(1,448)		2,649			5,372
Equity securities, fair value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		1,827			3,142		25,879			23,241

Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments	40,623	60,469	171,655	109,557
Short-term investments gain (loss)	1	(16)	15	(17)
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$ 44,958	\$ 62,743 \$	205,598	\$ 144,882

The Company recorded as net realized capital gains (losses) in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) both fair value re-measurements and write-downs in the value of securities deemed to be impaired on an other-than-temporary basis as displayed in the table above. The Company had no other-than-temporary impaired securities where the impairment had both a credit and non-credit component.

The proceeds and split between gross gains and losses, from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	Septemb	per 30,	Septemb	er 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Proceeds from sales of fixed maturity securities	\$ 215,229	\$ 229,766	\$ 863,755	\$ 712,227		
Gross gains from sales	7,734	7,568	26,655	28,050		
Gross losses from sales	(5,802)	(3,722)	(20,060)	(13,042)		
Proceeds from sales of equity securities	\$ 101,502	\$ 165,311	\$ 505,694	\$ 517,709		
Gross gains from sales	3,992	5,288	36,495	40,463		
Gross losses from sales	(2,167)	(3,594)	(7,967)	(11,850)		

#### 4. DERIVATIVES

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts, based on two indices, in 2001 and 2005, which remain outstanding. The Company sold these equity index put options as insurance products with the intent of achieving a profit. These equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative under FASB guidance and the Company's position in these equity index put option contracts is unhedged. Accordingly, these equity index put option contracts are carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The Company sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22,530 thousand. At September 30, 2013, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$39,616 thousand. These equity index put option contracts each have a single exercise date, with maturities ranging from 12 to 30 years and strike prices ranging from \$1,141.21 to \$1,540.63. No amounts will be payable under these equity index put option contracts if the S&P 500 index is at, or above, the strike prices on the exercise dates, which fall between June 2017 and March 2031. If the S&P 500 index is lower than the strike price on the applicable exercise date, the amount due would vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2013 S&P 500 index value, the Company estimates the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 29%. The theoretical maximum payouts under these six equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At September 30, 2013, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 3% discount factor was \$404,752 thousand. Conversely, if the contracts had all expired on September 30, 2013, with the S&P index at \$1.681.55 there would be no settlement amount.

The Company sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6,706 thousand. At September 30, 2013, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$6,846 thousand. This equity index put option contract has an exercise date of July 2020 and a strike price of 5,989.75. No amount will be payable under this equity index put option contract if the FTSE 100 index is at, or above, the strike price on the exercise date. If the FTSE 100 index is lower than the strike price on the exercise date, the amount due will vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2013 FTSE 100 index value, the Company estimates the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 37%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At September 30, 2013, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 3% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$42,677

thousand. Conversely, if the contract had expired on September 30, 2013, with the FTSE index at 6,462.20 there would be no settlement amount.

The fair value of the equity index put options can be found in the Company's consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(Dollars in thousands) Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Location of fair value in balance sheets	Sept	At tember 30, 2013	Dec	At ember 31, 2012
Equity index put option contracts	Equity index put option liability	\$	46,462	\$	79,467
Total	- · · ·	\$	46,462	\$	79,467

The change in fair value of the equity index put option contracts can be found in the Company's statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Dollars in thousands)						For the Nine Months Ended			
Derivatives not designated as	Location of gain (loss) in statements of operations and comprehensive	September 30,					September 30,			
hedging instruments	income (loss)		2013		2012		)13	2012		
Equity index put option										
contracts	Net derivative gain (loss)	\$	5,639	\$	703	\$	33,005	\$	(9,420)	
Total		\$	5,639	\$	703	\$	33,005	\$	(9,420)	

The Company's equity index put option contracts contain provisions that require collateralization of the fair value, as calculated by the counterparty, above a specified threshold, which is based on the Company's financial strength ratings (Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) and/or debt ratings (Standard & Poor's Ratings Services). The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a liability position on September 30, 2013, was \$46,462 thousand for which the Company had posted collateral with a market value of \$31,175 thousand. If on September 30, 2013, the Company's ratings were such that the collateral threshold was zero, the Company's collateral requirement would increase by \$55,000 thousand.

#### 5. FAIR VALUE

The Company's fixed maturity and equity securities are primarily managed by third party investment asset managers. The investment asset managers obtain prices from nationally recognized pricing services. These services seek to utilize market data and observations in their evaluation process. They use pricing applications that vary by asset class and incorporate available market information and when fixed maturity securities do not trade on a daily basis the services will apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. In addition, they use model processes, such as the Option Adjusted Spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios for securities that have prepayment features.

In limited instances where prices are not provided by pricing services or in rare instances when a manager may not agree with the pricing service, price quotes on a non-binding basis are obtained from investment brokers. The investment asset managers do not make any changes to prices received from either the pricing services or the investment brokers. In addition, the investment asset managers have procedures in place to review the reasonableness of the prices from the service providers and may request verification of the prices. In addition, the Company continually performs analytical reviews of price changes and tests the prices on a random basis to an independent pricing source. No material variances were noted during these price validation procedures. In limited situations, where financial markets are inactive or illiquid, the Company may use its own assumptions about future cash flows

and risk-adjusted discount rates to determine fair value. The Company made no such adjustments at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The Company internally manages a small public equity portfolio which had a fair value at September 30, 2013 of \$150,591 thousand and all prices were obtained from publically published sources.

Equity securities in U.S. denominated currency are categorized as Level 1, Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets, since the securities are actively traded on an exchange and prices are based on quoted prices from the exchange. Equity securities traded on foreign exchanges are categorized as Level 2 due to potential foreign exchange adjustments to fair or market value.

Fixed maturity securities are generally categorized as Level 2, Significant Other Observable Inputs, since a particular security may not have traded but the pricing services are able to use valuation models with observable market inputs such as interest rate yield curves and prices for similar fixed maturity securities in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. Valuations that are derived from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs are unobservable (including assumptions about risk) are categorized as Level 3, Significant Unobservable Inputs. These securities include broker priced securities and the Company's equity index put option contracts.

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, all Level 3 fixed maturity securities, were priced using single non-binding broker quotes since prices for these securities were not provided by normal pricing service companies. The single broker quotes are provided by market makers or broker-dealers who are recognized as market participants in the markets in which they are providing the quotes. The prices received from brokers are reviewed for reasonableness by the third party asset managers and the Company.

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts which meet the definition of a derivative. The Company's position in these contracts is unhedged. The Company records the change in fair value of equity index put option contracts in its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The fair value was calculated using an industry accepted option pricing model, Black-Scholes, which used the following assumptions:

	At September	r 30, 2013 Contract
	Contracts	based on
	based on	FTSE 100
	S & P 500 Index	Index
Equity index	1,681.6	6,462.2
Interest rate	1.49% to 4.03%	2.64%
Time to maturity	3.6 to 17.5 yrs	6.8 yrs
Volatility	21.1% to 25.1%	23.9%

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

			Fair Val Quoted	ue	Measurement	Usin	ıg:
			Prices in Active		Significant		
			larkets for	,	Other	Si	gnificant
			Identical	(	Observable		observable
			Assets		Inputs		Inputs
	,	September 30,			-		-
(Dollars in thousands)		2013	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(	Level 3)
Assets:							
Fixed maturities, market value							
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of							
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$	236,596	\$ -	\$	236,596	\$	-
Obligations of U.S. States and political							
subdivisions		1,030,945	-		1,030,945		-
Corporate securities		3,911,089	-		3,911,089		-
Asset-backed securities		184,307	-		178,909		5,398
Mortgage-backed securities							
Commercial		288,719	-		288,719		-
Agency residential		2,308,696	-		2,308,696		-
Non-agency residential		5,292	-		4,928		364
Foreign government securities		1,815,857	-		1,815,857		-
Foreign corporate securities		2,909,005	-		2,908,523		482
Total fixed maturities, market value		12,690,506	-		12,684,262		6,244
Fixed maturities, fair value		19,780	-		19,780		-
Equity securities, market value		139,471	123,307		16,164		-
Equity securities, fair value		1,417,398	1,295,834		121,564		-
Liabilities:							
Equity index put option contracts	\$	46,462	\$ -	\$	-	\$	46,462

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

				Fair Val Quoted Prices	ue	Measurement	Usin	ıg:
				in Active	,	Significant		
			N	Markets for		Other	Si	gnificant
				Identical	(	Observable		observable
				Assets		Inputs		Inputs
	]	December 31,						
(Dollars in thousands)		2012		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(.	Level 3)
Assets:								
Fixed maturities, market value								
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of								
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$	312,122	\$	-	\$	312,122	\$	-
Obligations of U.S. States and political								
subdivisions		1,291,963		-		1,291,963		-
Corporate securities		4,035,320		-		4,035,320		-
Asset-backed securities		176,578		-		171,729		4,849
Mortgage-backed securities								
Commercial		320,088		-		320,088		-
Agency residential		2,152,135		-		2,117,293		34,842
Non-agency residential		8,049		-		7,623		426
Foreign government securities		1,912,228		-		1,912,228		-
Foreign corporate securities		2,933,174		-		2,921,261		11,913
Total fixed maturities, market value		13,141,657		-		13,089,627		52,030
Fixed maturities, fair value		41,470		-		41,470		-
Equity securities, market value		143,493		126,395		17,098		-
Equity securities, fair value		1,255,557		1,114,997		140,560		-
Liabilities:								
Equity index put option contracts	\$	79,467	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,467

The following tables present the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs by asset type, for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in	Thre Asset-back	e Months ceForeign		ptember 3 Non-agen		Asset-bac	Nine Mor kedForeign			mber 30, 20 cyAgency	)13
thousands)	Securitie	sCorporate	Governm	en <b>R</b> MBS	Total	Securitie	es Corporat	<del>S</del> overnm	erRMBS	RMBS	Tota
Beginning balance	\$6,017	\$11,576	\$2,614	\$780	\$20,987	\$4,849	\$11,913	\$-	\$426	\$34,842	\$52,03
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized	))										
Included in earning	·	(4	) -	40	94	74	(739	) (112)	131	-	(646
Included in other comprehensive	(208)	51	-	(8)	(165	) (569	(592	(179)	(35)	-	(1,37:

income (loss)											
Purchases, issuances											
and settlements	(469)	(1,750)	-	(57)	(2,276)	(489)	2,865	516	(273)	-	2,619
Transfers in and/or											
(out) of Level 3	-	(9,391)	(2,614)	(391)	(12,396)	1,533	(12,965)	(225)	115	(34,842)	(46,38
Ending balance	\$5,398	\$482	\$-	\$364	\$6,244	\$5,398	\$482	\$-	\$364	\$-	\$6,244
The amount of total											
gains or losses for											
the period included											
in earnings (or											
changes in net											
assets) attributable to											
the											
change in unrealized											
gains or losses											
relating to assets											
still held at the											
reporting date	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
(Some amounts may											
not reconcile due to											
rounding.)											
16											

	Three Mo	onths Ended	l Septembe	er 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012					
	Asset-backe	ed Foreign 1	Non-agenc	Asset-backe	d Foreign 1	Non-agenc	ey			
(Dollars in thousands)	Securities	Corporate		Total	Securities	Corporate		Total		
Beginning balance	\$ 9,982	\$ 7,904	\$ 5	\$ 17,891	\$ 16,937	\$ 3,044	\$ 486	\$ 20,467		
Total gains or (losses)										
(realized/unrealized)										
Included in earnings	56	(15)	111	152	111	(35)	147	223		
Included in other										
comprehensive income		206	_		000	400		4 00 7		
(loss)	441	306	5	752	800	432	3	1,235		
Purchases, issuances and	(55	(225 )	(1.50.)	(551	<b>5</b> 404	6.001	(011)	12.07.1		
settlements	(57)	(335)	(159)	(551)	5,404	6,881	(211)	12,074		
Transfers in and/or (out) of	(1.700)	(0.100)	462	(2.450.)	(14 (20)	(4.505)		(10.205)		
Level 3	(1,790)	(2,123)	463	(3,450)		(4,585)	- 0 405	(19,205)		
Ending balance	\$ 8,632	\$ 5,737	\$ 425	\$ 14,794	\$ 8,632	\$ 5,737	\$ 425	\$ 14,794		
The amount of total gains or	r									
losses for the period	L									
included										
in earnings (or changes in										
net assets) attributable to the	<u>a</u>									
change in unrealized gains	-									
or losses relating to assets										
still held at the reporting										
date	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
(Some amounts may not										
reconcile due to rounding.)										

The following table presents the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs for equity index put option contracts, for the periods indicated:

(D. H	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Month Septemb			
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	20	012	2013		20	12	
Liabilities:	Φ 50	101 0	70.051	ф	70.467	ф	(0.700	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 52,	101 \$	79,851	\$	79,467	\$	69,729	
Total (gains) or losses (realized/unrealized)								
Included in earnings	(5,6	539)	(703)		(33,005)		9,420	
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	-		-		-		-	
Purchases, issuances and settlements	-		-		-		-	
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	-		-		-		-	
Balance, end of period	\$ 46,	462 \$	79,148	\$	46,462	\$	79,148	
The amount of total gains or losses for the period included								
in earnings								
(or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in								
unrealized								
	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

gains or losses relating to liabilities still held at the reporting date

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### 6. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST - MT. LOGAN RE

Mt. Logan Re is a Class 3 insurer registered in Bermuda effective February 27, 2013 under The Segregated Accounts Companies Act 2000 and 100% of the voting common shares are owned by Group. Separate segregated accounts have been established effective July 1, 2013 and non-voting, redeemable preferred shares have been issued to capitalize the segregated accounts. Unaffiliated third parties have invested \$87,500 thousand and the Company has invested \$30,000 thousand in the segregated accounts in exchange for non-voting redeemable preferred shares. Each segregated account will invest in a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographic regions globally. The financial statements for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company with adjustments reflected for the third party noncontrolling interests reflected as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

The Company expects its participation level in the segregated funds to fluctuate over time.

#### 7. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

On October 14, 2011, the Company renewed its shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the SEC, as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

#### 8. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that would occur if options granted under various share-based compensation plans were exercised resulting in the issuance of common shares that would participate in the earnings of the entity.

Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group per common share has been computed as per below, based upon weighted average common basic and dilutive shares outstanding.

(Dellars in the assends, as cent more shows amounts)	2	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012			30,
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group per share:	21	013	20	)12	20	013	20	)12
Numerator								
Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group	\$	234,759	\$	250,922	\$	894,744	\$	770,177
Less: dividends declared-common shares and nonvested								
common shares		(23,174)		(24,896)		(70,720)		(75,666)
Undistributed earnings		211,585		226,026		824,024		694,511
Percentage allocated to common shareholders (1)		99.1 %		99.3 %		99.1 %		99.2 %
		209,638		224,373		816,744		688,749
Add: dividends declared-common shareholders		22,971		24,732		70,097		75,030
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per common								
share	\$	232,609	\$	249,105	\$	886,841	\$	763,779
Denominator								
Denominator for basic earnings per weighted-average								
common shares		47,925		51,444		49,028		52,113
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Options		403		223		407		158
Denominator for diluted earnings per adjusted								
weighted-average common shares		48,328		51,667		49,435		52,271
8 8		- /		, , , , , ,		.,		- ,
Per common share net income (loss) attributable to Everes	st							
Re Group								
Basic	\$	4.85	\$	4.84	\$	18.09	\$	14.66
Diluted		4.81	\$	4.82	\$	17.94	\$	14.61
Basic weighted-average common shares								
(1) outstanding		47,925		51,444		49,028		52,113
		48,370		51,823		49,465		52,549

Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding and nonvested common shares expected to vest

Percentage allocated to common

shareholders 99.1 % 99.3 % 99.1 % 99.2 %

# (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The table below presents the options to purchase common shares that were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of earnings per diluted share as they were anti-dilutive, for the periods indicated:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended September 30,		Months Ended
	Septer			September 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Anti-dilutive options	-	355,594	4 -	1,203,944

All outstanding options expire on or between September 21, 2014 and September 19, 2022.

#### 9. CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

In 1993 and prior, the Company had a business arrangement with The Prudential Insurance Company of America ("The Prudential") wherein, for a fee, the Company accepted settled claim payment obligations of certain property and casualty insurers, and, concurrently, became the owner of the annuity or assignee of the annuity proceeds funded by the property and casualty insurers specifically to fulfill these fully settled obligations. In these circumstances, the Company would be liable if The Prudential, which has an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best Company ("A.M. Best"), was unable to make the annuity payments. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

	At September 30	), At	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2013		2012
	\$ 145,113	\$	144,628

Prior to its 1995 initial public offering, the Company purchased annuities from an unaffiliated life insurance company with an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best to settle certain claim liabilities of the company. Should the life insurance company become unable to make the annuity payments, the Company would be liable for those claim liabilities. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

	At	September 30,	At	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)		2013		2012
	\$	30,063	\$	29,132

# 10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated:

Nine Months Ended September 30

Three Months Ended September 30

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013			
	2013						
	Before	Tax	Net of		Tax		
(Dollars in thousands)	Tax	Effect	Tax	Before Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	
Unrealized appreciation							
(depreciation) ("URA(D)") on							
securities - temporary	\$ (25,661)	\$ 4,880		\$ (392,324)	\$ 53,433	\$ (338,891)	
URA(D) on securities - OTTI	(144)	-	(144)	(1,516)	140	(1,376)	
Reclassification of net realized							
losses (gains) included in net							
income (loss)	(1,892)	300	(1,592)	(8,925)	1,414	(7,511)	
Foreign currency translation							
adjustments	(9,056)	3,143	(5,913)	(20,262)	7,034	(13,228)	
Benefit plan liability adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reclassification of benefit plan							
liability amortization included in							
net income (loss)	2,262	(792)	1,470	6,402	(2,241)	4,161	
Total other comprehensive income							
(loss)	\$ (34,491)	\$ 7,531	\$ (26,960)	\$ (416,625)	\$ 59,780	\$ (356,845)	
	Three Mon	ths Ended Sep	tember 30,	Nine Mont	hs Ended Sept	tember 30,	
		2012			2012		
	Before	Tax	Net of		Tax		
(Dollars in thousands)	Tax	Effect	Tax	Before Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	
URA(D) on securities - temporary	\$ 126,253	\$ (10,550)	\$ 115,703	\$ 214,414	\$ (14,661)	\$ 199,753	
URA(D) on securities - OTTI	964	27	991	2,425	51	2,476	
Reclassification of net realized							
losses (gains) included in net							
income (loss)	1,662	(150)	1,512	(4,939)	(763)	(5,702)	
Foreign currency translation	•	ĺ	·		, i		
adjustments	44,491	(8,239)	36,252	33,984	(6,859)	27,125	
Benefit plan liability adjustments	_		_			_	
Reclassification of benefit plan							
liability amortization included in							
net income (loss)	1,845	(646)	1,199	4,871	(1,705)	3,166	
Total other comprehensive income	·	· ,				·	
(loss)	\$ 175,215	\$ (19,558)	\$ 155,657	\$ 250,755	\$ (23,937)	\$ 226,818	
,	, -	. ( , - )	, , ,	, ,	, , ,	, -	

The following table presents details of the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") for the periods indicated:

			Affected line item within the
	Three months ended	Nine months ended	statements of
AOCI component	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	

operations and comprehensive income (loss)

(Dollars in thousands	;)	
-----------------------	----	--

					Other net realized capital gains
URA(D) on securities	\$ (1,892	) \$	(8,925	)	(losses)
	300		1,414		Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ (1,592	) \$	(7,511	)	Net income (loss)
Benefit plan liability	\$ 2,262	\$	6,402		Other underwriting expenses
	(792	)	(2,241	)	Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ 1,470	\$	4,161		Net income (loss)

The following table presents the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

	At	September 30,	At	December 31,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	,	2012	*	
Beginning balance of URA (D) on securities	\$	603,928	\$	449,579	
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - temporary		(346,402	)	152,086	
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - non-credit OTTI		(1,376	)	2,263	
Ending balance of URA (D) on securities		256,150		603,928	
Beginning balance of foreign currency translation adjustments		(4,368	)	(27,066	)
Current period change in foreign currency translation adjustments		(13,228	)	22,698	
Ending balance of foreign currency translation adjustments		(17,596	)	(4,368	)
Beginning balance of benefit plans		(62,511	)	(55,535	)
Current period change in benefit plans		4,161		(6,976	)
Ending balance of benefit plans		(58,350	)	(62,511	)
Ending balance of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	180,204	\$	537,049	

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### 11. CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company has three credit facilities for a total commitment of up to \$1,250,000 thousand, providing for the issuance of letters of credit and/or unsecured revolving credit lines. The following table presents the costs incurred in connection with the three credit facilities for the periods indicated:

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septer	mber 30,	September 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Credit facility fees incurred	\$ 243	\$ 786	\$ 720	\$ 2,134	

The terms and outstanding amounts for each facility are discussed below:

#### **Group Credit Facility**

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800,000 thousand senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850,000 thousand senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Group Credit Facility". Wells Fargo Corporation ("Wells Fargo Bank") is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200,000 thousand of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company's option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group's senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively

provides up to \$600,000 thousand for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,249,963 thousand plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group's fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at September 30, 2013, was \$4,710,941 thousand. As of September 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in						
thousands)		At S	September 30, 2	013 At l	December 31, 2	012
				Date of		Date of
Bank		Commitment	In Use	Expir Commitment	In Use	Expiry
Wells Fargo Bank						
Group Credit						
Facility	Tranche One	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ -	
	Tranche Two	600,000	457,954	12/31/2013 600,000	463,155	12/31/2013
Total Wells Fargo	Bank Group					
Credit Facility		\$ 800,000	\$ 457,954	\$ 800,000	\$ 463,155	

#### Holdings Credit Facility

Effective August 15, 2011, Holdings entered into a new three year, \$150,000 thousand unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, replacing the August 23, 2006 five year senior revolving credit facility. Both the August 15, 2011 and August 23, 2006 revolving credit agreements, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Holdings Credit Facility". Citibank N.A. is the administrative agent for the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility may be used for liquidity and general corporate purposes. The Holdings Credit Facility provides for the borrowing of up to \$150,000 thousand with interest at a rate selected by Holdings equal to either, (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) a periodic fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin. The Base Rate means a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time to be equal to the higher of (a) the rate of interest publicly announced by Citibank as its base rate, (b) 0.5% per annum above the Federal Funds Rate or (c) 1% above the one month LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Holdings Credit Facility depends upon Holdings' senior unsecured debt rating.

The Holdings Credit Facility requires Holdings to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and Everest Re to maintain its statutory surplus at \$1,875,000 thousand plus 25% of future aggregate net income and 25% of future aggregate capital contributions after December 31, 2010, which at September 30, 2013, was \$2,104,074 thousand. As of September 30, 2013, Holdings was in compliance with all Holdings Credit Facility covenants.

There are certain regulatory and contractual restrictions on the ability of Holdings' operating subsidiaries to transfer funds to Holdings in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances. The insurance laws of the State of Delaware, where Holdings' direct insurance subsidiaries are domiciled, require regulatory approval before those subsidiaries can pay dividends or make loans or advances to Holdings that exceed certain statutory thresholds. At December 31, 2012, \$2,272,346 thousand of the \$3,068,916 thousand in net assets of Holdings' consolidated subsidiaries were subject to the foregoing regulatory restrictions.

The following table summarizes outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in									
thousands)	thousands) At September 30, 2013					At December 31, 2012			
			Date ofMaturity/Expiry			Date of Ma	aturity/Expiry		
Bank	Commitment	In Use	Loan	<b>Dat</b> Commitment	In Use	Loan	Date		
Citibank									
Holdings Credi	t								
Facility	\$ 150,000	\$ -		\$ 150,000	\$ -				

Total revolving credit borrowings
Total letters of

Total letters of				
credit	1,551	12/31/2013	1,551	12/31/2013

Total Citibank Holdings Credit

Facility \$ 150,000 \$ 1,551 \$ 150,000 \$ 1,551

#### Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility

Bermuda Re has a \$300,000 thousand letter of credit issuance facility with Citibank N.A. referred to as the "Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility", which commitment is reconfirmed annually with updated fees. The Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility provides for the issuance of up to \$300,000 thousand of secured letters of credit to collateralize reinsurance obligations as a non-admitted reinsurer. The interest on drawn letters of credit shall be (A) 0.35% per annum of the principal amount of issued standard letters of credit (expiry of 15 months or less) and (B) 0.45% per annum of the principal amount of issued extended tenor letters of credit (expiry maximum of up to 60 months). The commitment fee on undrawn credit shall be 0.15% per annum.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At September 30, 2013			At December 31, 2012			
			Date of				
Bank	Commitment	In Use	ExpiryCommitment	In Use	Date of Expiry		
Citibank Bilateral Letter	•						
of Credit Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,672	11/24/2013 \$ 300,000	\$ 3,672	11/24/2013		
		56,729	12/31/2013	75,472	12/31/2013		
		984	8/15/2014	1,104	8/15/2014		
		124	8/30/2014	139	8/30/2014		
		20,461	12/31/2014	20,838	12/31/2014		
		97,282	9/30/2017	145,215	3/31/2017		
		40,038	12/30/2017	-	-		
Total Citibank Bilateral							
Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 219,290	\$ 300,000	\$ 246,440			

#### 12. TRUST AGREEMENTS

Certain subsidiaries of Group have established trust agreements, which effectively use the Company's investments as collateral, as security for assumed losses payable to certain non-affiliated ceding companies. At September 30, 2013, the total amount on deposit in trust accounts was \$259,771 thousand.

#### 13. SENIOR NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding senior notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these senior notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

				September 30, 2013		December	r 31, 2012
				Consolidated		Consolidated	
				Balance		Balance	
(Dollars in	Date		Principal	Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands)	Issued	Date Due	Amounts	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
5.40% Senior notes	10/12/2004	10/15/2014 \$	250,000	\$ 249,945 \$ 259,498		\$ 249,907	\$ 266,390

Interest expense incurred in connection with these senior notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Interest expense incurred	\$ 3,388	\$ 3,388 \$ 3,387		\$ 10,161	

#### 14. LONG TERM SUBORDINATED NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these subordinated notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Maturity Date September 30, 2013 December 31, 2012

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		Original			Consolidated Balance		Consolidated Balance	d
(Dollars in	Date	Principal			Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands)	Issued	Amount	Scheduled	Final	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
6.6% Long term	L							
subordinated								
notes	04/26/2007	\$ 400,000	05/15/2037	05/01/206	7 \$ 238,360	\$ 236,173	\$ 238,357	\$ 242,138

During the fixed rate interest period from May 3, 2007 through May 14, 2017, interest will be at the annual rate of 6.6%, payable semi-annually in arrears on November 15 and May 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2007, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. During the floating rate interest period from May 15, 2017 through maturity, interest will be based on the 3 month LIBOR plus 238.5 basis points, reset quarterly, payable quarterly in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. Deferred interest will accumulate interest at the applicable rate compounded semi-annually for periods prior to May 15, 2017, and compounded quarterly for periods from and including May 15, 2017.

Holdings can redeem the long term subordinated notes prior to May 15, 2017, in whole but not in part at the applicable redemption price, which will equal the greater of (a) 100% of the principal amount being redeemed and (b) the present value of the principal payment on May 15, 2017 and scheduled payments of interest that would have accrued from the redemption date to May 15, 2017 on the long term subordinated notes being redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at a discount rate equal to the treasury rate plus an applicable spread of either 0.25% or 0.50%, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. Holdings may redeem the long term subordinated notes on or after May 15, 2017, in whole or in part at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest; however, redemption on or after the scheduled maturity date and prior to May 1, 2047 is subject to a replacement capital covenant. This covenant is for the benefit of certain senior note holders and it mandates that Holdings receive proceeds from the sale of another subordinated debt issue, of at least similar size, before it may redeem the subordinated notes.

On March 19, 2009, Group announced the commencement of a cash tender offer for any and all of the 6.60% fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Upon expiration of the tender offer, the Company had reduced its outstanding debt by \$161,441 thousand.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these long term subordinated notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2013 2012		2012	
Interest expense incurred	\$ 3,937	\$ 3,937	\$ 11,811	\$ 11,811	

#### 15. JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBT SECURITIES PAYABLE

The following table displays Holdings' outstanding junior subordinated debt securities due to Everest Re Capital Trust II ("Capital Trust II"), a 100% owned finance subsidiary of Holdings. Fair value is primarily based on the quoted market price of the related trust preferred securities, and as such, these securities are considered Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy.

				September 30, 2013		December	31, 2012
				Consolidated		Consolidated	
				Balance		Balance	
	Date		Amount	Sheet	Fair	Sheet	
(Dollars in thousands)	Issued	Date Due	Issued	Amount	Value	Amount	Fair Value
6.20% Junior subordinated	1						
debt securities	03/29/2004	03/29/2034 \$	329,897	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 329,897	\$ 333,225

In accordance with the provisions of the junior subordinated debt securities, Holdings elected to redeem the \$329,897 thousand of 6.2% junior subordinated debt securities outstanding on May 24, 2013. As a result of the early redemption, the Company incurred pre-tax expense of \$7,282 thousand related to the immediate amortization of the remaining capitalized issuance costs on the trust preferred securities.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these junior subordinated debt securities is as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three M	Ionths Ended	Nine N	Months Ended
	Septe	ember 30,	Sep	tember 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2013 2012		2012

Interest expense incurred	\$ -	\$ 5,113	\$ 8,181	\$ 15,340

Holdings considered the mechanisms and obligations relating to the trust preferred securities, taken together, constituted a full and unconditional guarantee by Holdings of Capital Trust II's payment obligations with respect to their trust preferred securities.

#### 16. SEGMENT REPORTING

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and Accident and Health ("A&H") business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

The following tables present the underwriting results for the operating segments for the periods indicated:

U.S. Reinsurance	Three Mon Septem		- 1	nths Ended nber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Gross written premiums	\$ 520,759	\$ 433,494	\$ 1,373,917	\$ 938,444
Net written premiums	519,020	432,453	1,371,698	936,005
·				
Premiums earned	\$ 448,979	\$ 353,651	\$ 1,232,959	\$ 1,032,994
Incurred losses and LAE	224,925	211,945	660,671	630,099
Commission and brokerage	92,039	92,039 77,090		278,572
Other underwriting expenses	12,013	12,767	32,541	33,541
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 120,002	\$ 51,849	\$ 274,655	\$ 90,782

International		Three Mon Septemb	er í	30,		Nine Mon Septem	ber í	30,
(Dollars in thousands)		013	20	)12		13		)12
Gross written premiums	\$	331,511	\$	244,288	\$	977,173	\$	865,823
Net written premiums		330,245		244,254		972,296		865,779
Premiums earned	\$	310,392	\$	268,875	\$	948,440	\$	899,399
Incurred losses and LAE		212,990		114,807		558,518		423,228
Commission and brokerage		71,530		60,480		220,039		213,447
Other underwriting expenses		8,722		8,249		24,319		21,532
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$	17,150	\$	85,339	\$	145,564	\$	241,192
Bermuda (Dellars in thousands)	20	Three Mon Septemb	oer í		20	Nine Mon Septem	ber í	
(Dollars in thousands)								
Gross written premiums	Ф	224,696	Э	191,684	Ф	597,799	Ф	553,687
Net written premiums		223,616		191,691		589,128		553,024
Premiums earned	Φ	192 002	Φ	160 400	Φ	554 142	Φ	502 152
Incurred losses and LAE	\$	183,992 123,805	\$	168,409	\$	554,142	Ф	502,153
		·		95,849		327,421 135,506		302,742
Commission and brokerage		46,791		44,470		24,616		133,080
Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$	8,090 5,306	\$	8,161 19,929	\$	66,599	\$	22,536 43,795
2 8 8 ()	-	- ,	-	,	-	,	-	,
Insurance (Dollars in thousands)	20	Three Mont	er 3	30,	20	Nine Mon Septem	ber í	30,
(Dollars in thousands)		Septemb 13	er 3 20	30, )12		Septem	ber ( 20	30, )12
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums		Septemb 113 374,866	er 3 20	30, 012 334,531		Septem 913 943,935	ber ( 20	30, 012 801,527
(Dollars in thousands)		Septemb 13	er 3 20	30, )12		Septem	ber ( 20	30, )12
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums	\$	Septemb 13 374,866 304,849	per 3 20 \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054	\$	Septem 913 943,935 806,927	ber 3 20 \$	30, 012 801,527 617,187
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned		Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113	er 3 20	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519		Septem 913 943,935 806,927 721,227	ber ( 20	30, 012 801,527 617,187
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467	per 3 20 \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053	\$	Septem 913 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811	ber 3 20 \$	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083	per 3 20 \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042	\$	Septem 913 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919	ber 3 20 \$	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771	per 3 20 \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585	\$	Septem 913 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967	ber 3 20 \$	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 )	20 \$ \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo	ber 3	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 )	20 \$ \$	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161)	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530	s \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 )	s  Montemi	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30,	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septem	s s s s	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M Septemb	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septer 2013 \$ 13,152	s s s s	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands)	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M Septemb	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septem 2013	s s s s	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M Septemb	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septer 2013 \$ 13,152	s \$ \$ \$ \$nths	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M Septemb 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012 \$ -	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septem 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417	s \$ \$ \$ \$nths	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012 \$ -
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned	\$	Septemb 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M Septemb 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417 \$ 9,279	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012 \$ -	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septem 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417 \$ 9,279	s \$ \$ \$ \$nths	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012 \$ -
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Mt. Logan Re (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE	\$	September 13 374,866 304,849 273,113 206,467 37,083 29,771 (208 ) Three M September 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417 \$ 9,279 1,915	\$  \$ Montember 3	30, 012 334,531 232,054 218,519 181,053 39,042 26,585 (28,161) ths Ended ber 30, 2012 \$ -	\$	Septem 943,935 806,927 721,227 525,811 101,919 84,967 8,530 Nine Mo Septer 2013 \$ 13,152 11,417 \$ 9,279 1,915	s \$ \$ \$ \$nths	30, 012 801,527 617,187 610,686 457,921 99,275 76,323 (22,833) Ended: 30, 2012 \$ -

The following table reconciles the underwriting results for the operating segments to income before taxes as reported in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012			
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 147,206	\$ 128,956	\$ 500,304	\$ 352,936			
Net investment income	127,872	152,024	422,382	453,791			
Net realized capital gains (losses)	44,958	62,743	205,598	144,882			
Net derivative gain (loss)	5,639	703	33,005	(9,420 )			
Corporate expenses	(4,758)	(5,947)	(16,643)	(16,683)			
Interest, fee and bond issue cost amortization expense	(7,637)	(13,331)	(38,480 )	(39,753)			
Other income (expense)	(2,726)	(5,943)	(3,318)	15,675			
Income (loss) before taxes	\$ 310,554	\$ 319,205	\$ 1,102,848	\$ 901,428			

The Company produces business in the U.S., Bermuda and internationally. The net income deriving from and assets residing in the individual foreign countries in which the Company writes business are not identifiable in the Company's financial records. Based on gross written premium, the table below presents the largest country, other than the U.S., in which the Company writes business, for the period indicated:

	Three Mor	Nine Months Ended				
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
United Kingdom	\$ 167,645	\$ 136,633	\$ 434,788	\$ 355,785		

No other country represented more than 5% of the Company's revenues.

#### 17. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

For the three months ended September 30, 2013, share-based compensation awards granted were 4,250 restricted shares, granted on September 12, 2013, with a fair value of \$138.695 per share.

#### 18. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company maintains both qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans and a retiree health plan for its U.S. employees employed prior to April 1, 2010.

Net periodic benefit cost for U.S. employees included the following components for the periods indicated:

Pension Benefits	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012			
Service cost	\$ 2,794	\$ 2,342	\$ 8,251	\$ 7,026			
Interest cost	2,144	1,993	6,292	5,951			
Expected return on plan assets	(2,124)	(1,936)	(6,367)	(6,154)			
Amortization of prior service cost	12	11	37	37			
Amortization of net (income) loss	2,064	1,725	5,872	4,578			
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 4,890	\$ 4,135	\$ 14,085	\$ 11,438			

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Other Benefits		nths Ended ober 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Service cost	\$ 462	\$ 419	\$ 1,460	\$ 1,159		
Interest cost	291	258	845	774		
Amortization of net (income) loss	185	108	493	256		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 938	\$ 785	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,189		

The Company did not make any contributions to the qualified pension benefit plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### 19. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the normal course of business, the Company, through its affiliates, engages in reinsurance and brokerage and commission business transactions with companies controlled by or affiliated with one or more of its outside directors. Such transactions, individually and in the aggregate, are not material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

#### 20. INCOME TAXES

The Company is domiciled in Bermuda and has significant subsidiaries and/or branches in Canada, Ireland, Singapore, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The Company's Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries are exempt from income taxation under Bermuda law until 2035. Pre-tax income generated by Group's non-Bermuda subsidiaries and the UK branch of Bermuda is subject to applicable federal, foreign, state and local taxes on corporations. Company subsidiaries domiciled in the US, as well as, the Canadian and Singapore branches of Everest Re generate US pre-tax income (loss). Foreign domiciled subsidiaries, including the UK branch of Bermuda Re, generate non-US pre-tax income (loss). Fluctuations in US and non-US pre-tax income (loss) primarily result from the impact of catastrophe losses and realized investment gains (losses) on each subsidiary and branch.

The Company generally will use the estimated annual effective tax rate approach for calculating its tax provision for interim periods as prescribed by ASC 740-270, Interim Reporting. Under the estimated annual effective tax rate approach, the estimated annual effective tax rate is applied to the interim year-to-date pre-tax income to determine the income tax expense or benefit for the year-to-date period. The tax expense or benefit for a quarter represents the difference between the year-to-date tax expense or benefit for the current year-to-date period less such amount for the immediately preceding year-to-date period. Management considers the impact of all known events in its estimation of the Company's annual pre-tax income and effective tax rate.

During the third quarter of 2012, the Internal Revenue Service completed its audit of the Company for the 2007 and 2008 tax years. At the conclusion of the audit, the Company paid additional federal income taxes of \$12,747 thousand plus interest of \$1,702 thousand. The additional tax liability resulted primarily from adjustments to the timing of the Company's utilization of foreign tax credits and therefore, including interest but net of other permanent benefit adjustments, resulted in only \$752 thousand of additional income tax expense. Conversely, also as a result of closing the IRS audit, the Company was able to take down its reserve for uncertain tax positions by \$9,657 thousand and related interest by \$1,567 thousand, resulting in an income tax benefit of \$11,223 thousand.

During the first and second quarters of 2012, the Company had identified understatements in its deferred tax asset account of \$21,674 thousand. The understatements resulted from differences between filed and recorded amounts that had accumulated over several prior periods. The Company corrected these understatements in its first and second quarter financial statements, resulting in an additional \$21,674 thousand income tax benefit included in the income tax expense (benefit) caption in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) and increased net income for the same amount. The Company also increased its deferred tax asset in its Consolidated Balance Sheets by \$21,674 thousand. The Company believes that the out of period adjustments are immaterial to its first and second quarter financial statements and to all prior periods. As such, the Company has not restated any prior period amounts.

# 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated known recognized and non-recognized subsequent events. The Company does not have any subsequent events to report.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

# Industry Conditions.

The worldwide reinsurance and insurance businesses are highly competitive, as well as cyclical by product and market. As such, financial results tend to fluctuate with periods of constrained availability, high rates and strong profits followed by periods of abundant capacity, low rates and constrained profitability. Competition in the types of reinsurance and insurance business that we underwrite is based on many factors, including the perceived overall financial strength of the reinsurer or insurer, ratings of the reinsurer or insurer by A.M. Best and/or Standard & Poor's, underwriting expertise, the jurisdictions where the reinsurer or insurer is licensed or otherwise authorized, capacity and coverages offered, premiums charged, other terms and conditions of the reinsurance and insurance business offered, services offered, speed of claims payment and reputation and experience in lines written. Furthermore, the market impact from these competitive factors related to reinsurance and insurance is generally not consistent across lines of business, domestic and international geographical areas and distribution channels.

We compete in the U.S., Bermuda and international reinsurance and insurance markets with numerous global competitors. Our competitors include independent reinsurance and insurance companies, subsidiaries or affiliates of established worldwide insurance companies, reinsurance departments of certain insurance companies and domestic and international underwriting operations, including underwriting syndicates at Lloyd's. Some of these competitors have greater financial resources than we do and have established long term and continuing business relationships, which can be a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the lack of strong barriers to entry into the reinsurance business and the potential for securitization of reinsurance and insurance risks through capital markets provide additional sources of potential reinsurance and insurance capacity and competition.

Worldwide insurance and reinsurance market conditions continued to be very competitive, particularly in the casualty lines of business. Generally, there was ample insurance and reinsurance capacity relative to demand. Competition and its effect on rates, terms and conditions vary widely by market and coverage yet continued to be most prevalent in the U.S. casualty insurance and reinsurance markets and additional capacity from the capital markets is impacting worldwide catastrophe rates.

Catastrophe rates tend to fluctuate by global region, particularly areas recently impacted by large catastrophic events. During the second and third quarters of 2013, Canada experienced historic flooding in Alberta and Toronto, which will likely result in higher future catastrophe rates. Other recent catastrophe events that have led to higher regional rates were Superstorm Sandy in 2012 and the Australian and Thailand floods, the New Zealand earthquake and the earthquake and Tsunami in Japan during 2011.

Overall, we believe that current marketplace conditions, particularly for catastrophe coverages, provide profit opportunities for us given our strong ratings, distribution system, reputation and expertise. We continue to employ our strategy of targeting business that offers the greatest profit potential, while maintaining balance and diversification in our overall portfolio.

# Financial Summary.

We monitor and evaluate our overall performance based upon financial results. The following table displays a summary of the consolidated net income (loss), ratios and shareholders' equity for the periods indicated.

			hs Ended er 30,		Percentage Increase/		hs Ended per 30,	]	Percentage Increase/			
(Dollars in millions)	2013		2012		(Decreas	se)2	•		2012		(Decreas	se)
Gross written premiums	\$ 1,465.	0	\$ 1,204.0	)	21.7 9	6 \$	3,906.0		\$ 3,159.5		23.6	%
Net written premiums	1,389.	1	1,100.5		26.2 %	6	3,751.5		2,972.0		26.2	%
REVENUES:												
Premiums earned	\$ 1,225.	8	\$ 1,009.5		21.4 %	6 \$	3,466.0		\$ 3,045.2		13.8	%
Net investment income	127.9		152.0		-15.9%	o	422.4		453.8		-6.9	%
Net realized capital gains (losses)	45.0		62.7		-28.3 %	6	205.6		144.9		41.9	%
Net derivative gain (loss)	5.6		0.7		NM	1	33.0		(9.4	)	N	NM
Other income (expense)	(2.7	)	(5.9	)	-54.1 %	$\delta$	(3.3	)	15.7		-121.	2%
Total revenues	1,401	5	1,219.0	)	15.0 %	6	4,123.7		3,650.2		13.0	%
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:												
Incurred losses and loss adjustment												
expenses	770.1		603.7		27.6 %	$\delta$	2,074.3		1,814.0		14.4	%
Commission, brokerage, taxes and												
fees	248.6		221.1		12.4 %	o	723.7		724.4		-0.1	%
Other underwriting expenses	59.9		55.8		7.3 %	6	167.7		153.9		8.9	%
Corporate expenses	4.8		5.9		-20.09	6	16.6		16.7		-0.2	%
Interest, fees and bond issue cost												
amortization expense	7.6		13.3		-42.79	6	38.5		39.8		-3.2	%
Total claims and expenses	1,090.	9	899.8		21.2 9	6	3,020.9		2,748.7		9.9	%
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	310.6		319.2		-2.7 %	o	1,102.8		901.4		22.3	%
Income tax expense (benefit)	72.0		68.3		5.5 %	6	204.3		131.3		55.7	%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 238.5		\$ 250.9		-4.9 %	6 \$	898.5		\$ 770.2		16.7	%
Net (income) loss attributable to												
noncontrolling interests	(3.8	)	-		NM	1	(3.8	)	-		N	NM
NET INCOME (LOSS)												
ATTRIBUTABLE TO EVEREST												
RE GROUP	\$ 234.8		\$ 250.9		-6.4 %	6 \$	894.7		\$ 770.2		16.2	%
					Point						Point	
RATIOS:					Change						Change	e
Loss ratio	62.8	%	59.8	%	3.0		59.8	%	59.6	%	0.2	
Commission and brokerage ratio	20.3	%	21.9	%	(1.6)		20.9	%	23.8	%	(2.9	)
Other underwriting expense ratio	4.9	%	5.5	%	(0.6)		4.9	%	5.0	%	(0.1	)
Combined ratio	88.0	%	87.2	%	0.8		85.6	%	88.4	%	(2.8	)
							At		At	]	Percenta	ige
							Septemb	er	Decembe	er		
							30,		31,		Increas	e/

(Dollars in millions, except per share

· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
amounts)	2013	2012	(Decrease)
Balance sheet data:			
Total investments and cash	\$ 16,247.9	\$ 16,576.2	-2.0 %
Total assets	20,027.9	19,777.9	1.3 %
Loss and loss adjustment expense			
reserves	9,737.9	10,069.1	-3.3 %
Total debt	488.3	818.2	-40.3 %
Total liabilities	13,219.2	13,044.4	1.3 %
Redeemable noncontrolling interests -			
Mt. Logan Re	91.3	-	NM
Shareholders' equity	6,717.5	6,733.5	-0.2 %
Book value per share	140.20	130.96	7.1 %

#### (NM, not meaningful.)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Revenues. Gross written premiums increased by 21.7% to \$1,465.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$1,204.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, reflecting a \$207.5 million, or 23.9%, increase in our reinsurance business, a \$40.3 million, or 12.1%, increase in our insurance business and \$13.2 million from our new Mt. Logan Re segment. The increase in reinsurance premiums was mainly due to new business, increased participations on existing business and higher original rates on subject business. The increase in insurance premiums was primarily due to the growth in California workers' compensation, crop and non-standard auto business. Gross written premiums increased by 23.6% to \$3,906.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$3,159.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, reflecting a \$590.9 million, or 25.1%, increase in our reinsurance business, a \$142.4 million, or 17.8%, increase in our insurance business and

\$13.2 million from our new Mt. Logan Re segment. The increase in reinsurance premiums was mainly due to the impact of a Florida quota share reinsurance contract as well as new business, increased participations on existing business, and higher original rates on subject business. Excluding the large Florida quota share reinsurance contract, gross written premiums increased 15.4% and reinsurance premiums increased 14.1%, compared to the prior year nine-month period. The increase in insurance premiums was primarily due to the growth in California workers' compensation, crop and non-standard auto business.

Net written premiums increased 26.2% to \$1,389.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$1,100.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, and increased 26.2% to \$3,751.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$2,972.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, which is consistent with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased by 21.4% to \$1,225.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$1,009.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, and increased by 13.8% to \$3,466.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$3,045.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Unlike written premiums, premiums earned were not impacted by the Florida quota share reinsurance contract. The change in premiums earned was comparable to net written premiums, excluding the impact of the Florida quota share reinsurance contract.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income decreased by 15.9% to \$127.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with net investment income of \$152.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net investment income decreased by 6.9% to \$422.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared with net investment income of \$453.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Net pre-tax investment income, as a percentage of average invested assets, was 3.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 4.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 3.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 3.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decline in income and yield was primarily the result of lower reinvestment rates for the fixed income portfolios, less dividend income from equity investments and a decrease in our limited partnership income.

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses). Net realized capital gains were \$45.0 million and \$62.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The \$45.0 million was comprised of \$41.2 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$3.7 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities. The net realized capital gains of \$62.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 were the result of \$60.8 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$5.5 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$3.5 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

Net realized capital gains were \$205.6 million and \$144.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The \$205.6 million was comprised of \$170.7 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$35.1 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$0.2 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The net realized capital gains of \$144.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were the result of \$111.2 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$43.6 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$9.9 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

Net Derivative Gain (Loss). In 2005 and prior, we sold seven equity index put option contracts, which remain outstanding. These contracts meet the definition of a derivative in accordance with FASB guidance and as such, are fair valued each quarter with the change recorded as net derivative gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As a result of these adjustments in value, we recognized net derivative gains of \$5.6 million and \$33.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and net derivative gains of \$0.7 million and net derivative losses of \$9.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. The change in the fair value of these equity index put option contracts is indicative

of the change in the equity markets and interest rates over the same periods.

Other Income (Expense). We recorded other expense of \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. We recorded other expense of \$5.9 million and other income of \$15.7 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. The changes were primarily the result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates for the corresponding periods.

#### Claims and Expenses.

Incurred Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses. The following table presents our incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,													
	(	Current	Ratio			Prior	r Ratio %/		<b>5</b> /	]	Γotal	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions) 2013		Year	Pt Ch	Pt Change		Years		Pt C	Pt Change		Incurred		Pt Ch	ange
Attritional (a)	\$	694.9	56.7	%	\$	0.2		0.0	%	)	\$	695.1	56.7	%
Catastrophes		75.0	6.1	%		-		0.0	%	)		75.0	6.1	%
A&E		-	0.0	%		-		0.0	%	)		-	0.0	%
Total	\$	769.9	62.8	%	\$	0.2		0.0	%	)	\$	770.1	62.8	%
2012														
Attritional (a)	\$	579.2	57.4	%	\$	(0.6)	)	-0.	1 %	)	\$	578.7	57.3	%
Catastrophes		25.0	2.5	%		-		0.0	%	)		25.0	2.5	%
A&E		-	0.0	%		-		0.0	%	)		-	0.0	%
Total	\$	604.2	59.9	%	\$	(0.6)	)	-0.	1 %	)	\$	603.7	59.8	%
Variance 2013/2012														
Attritional (a)	\$	115.7	(0.7	) pt	s \$	0.8		0.1		pts	\$	116.4	(0.6	) pts
Catastrophes		50.0	3.6	pt	S	-		-		pts		50.0	3.6	pts
A&E		-	-	pt	S	-		-		pts		-	-	pts
Total	\$	165.7	2.9	pt	is \$	0.8		0.1		pts	\$	166.4	3.0	pts
							ns End	•			),			
		Current			io %/		Prior			o %/		Total	Ratio	
(Dollars in millions)		Year		Pt C	hange	2	Years	I	Pt C	hange		Incurred	Pt Ch	nange
2013	Ф	1.010.2		<i>55</i> 0	01	đ	(0.0	`	0.0	O.	φ	1 000 2	<i>55</i> 0	07
Attritional (a)	\$	1,910.2		55.0		Ţ	6 (0.9	)	0.0		ф	1,909.3	55.0	
Catastrophes		165.0		4.8	%		-		0.0	%		165.0	4.8	%
A&E	Φ	2.075.2		0.0	%	đ	-	`	0.0		ф	2.074.2	0.0	%
Total	\$	2,075.2		59.8	%	1	(0.9	)	0.0	%	<b>Þ</b>	2,074.3	59.8	%
2012														
Attritional (a)	\$	1,729.8		56.8	01-	¢	(1.0	`	0.0	0%	Φ	1,728.9	56.8	07-
` '	φ	85.0		2.8	%	Ţ	(1.0	)	0.0	%	φ	85.0	2.8	%
Catastrophes A&E		83.0		0.0	%		0.1		0.0			0.1	0.0	%
Total	\$	1,814.8		59.6		¢	6 (0.8	`	0.0		¢	1,814.0	59.6	
Total	Ф	1,014.0		39.0	70	Ţ	(0.8	)	0.0	70	Ф	1,014.0	39.0	70
Variance 2013/2012														
Attritional (a)	\$	180.4		(1.8	) 1	ots \$	0.1		-	pts	s \$	180.4	(1.8	) pts
					/					1	-			1
Catastrophes	·			2.0	1	ots	_		-	pts	S	80.0	2.0	pts
Catastrophes A&E		80.0		2.0		ots ots	(0.1	)	- -	pts pts		80.0 (0.1 )	2.0	pts pts

Total \$ 260.4 0.2 pts \$ (0.1 ) - pts \$ 260.3 0.2 pts

(a) Attritional losses exclude catastrophe and Asbestos and

Environmental ("A&E") losses.

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 27.6% to \$770.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$603.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in current year catastrophe losses and current year attritional losses. Current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were \$75.0 million, or 6.1 points, related to Canadian floods (\$55.0 million) and German hailstorms (\$20.0 million). The \$25.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 represented 2.5 points and related to Hurricane Isaac. Current year attritional losses increased \$115.7 million, primarily due to higher premiums earned. Despite the increase in current year attritional losses, the current year attritional loss ratio decreased by 0.7 points, due to a shift in the mix of business towards excess of loss business, which generally results in lower loss ratios.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 14.4% to \$2,074.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$1,814.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to increases in current year catastrophe losses and current year attritional losses. Current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were \$165.0 million, or 4.8 points, due to Canadian floods (\$75.0 million), U.S. storms (\$50.0 million), European floods (\$20.0 million) and German hailstorms (\$20.0 million). The \$85.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 represented 2.8 points and related to U.S. storms (\$60.0 million) and Hurricane Isaac (\$25.0 million). Current year attritional losses increased \$180.4 million, primarily due to higher premiums earned. Despite the increase in current year attritional losses, the current year attritional loss ratio decreased by 1.8 points due to the shift in the mix of business towards excess of loss business, which generally results in lower loss ratios.

Commission, Brokerage, Taxes and Fees. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees increased by 12.4% to \$248.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$221.1 million for the three months ended September 30 2012. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees decreased by 0.1% to \$723.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$724.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The period over period changes were primarily due to the increases in premiums earned, partially offset by an increase in excess of loss business in 2013 which carries a lower commission rate than pro rata business. In addition, the nine month variance was impacted by the termination of the Florida quota share reinsurance contract in the second quarter of 2012.

Other Underwriting Expenses. Other underwriting expenses were \$59.9 million and \$55.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Other underwriting expenses were \$167.7 million and \$153.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increases in other underwriting expenses were mainly due to higher compensation expenses.

Corporate Expenses. Corporate expenses, which are general operating expenses that are not allocated to segments, were \$4.8 million and \$5.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$16.6 million and \$16.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decreases in corporate expenses were mainly due to lower share-based compensation expense.

Interest, Fees and Bond Issue Cost Amortization Expense. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$7.6 million and \$13.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$38.5 million and \$39.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decreases were primarily due to the redemption of \$329.9 million of trust preferred securities in May 2013. The year over year decrease was partially offset by \$7.3 million of amortization expense on remaining capitalized issuance costs.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). We had income tax expenses of \$72.0 million and \$68.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We had income tax expenses of \$204.3 million and \$131.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our income tax is primarily a function of the statutory tax rates and corresponding pre-tax income in the jurisdictions where we operate, coupled with the impact from tax-preferenced investment income. Variations in our effective tax rate generally result from changes in the relative levels of pre-tax income among jurisdictions with different tax rates. The year-to-date 2013 annualized effective tax rate was 18.6% compared to the second quarter annualized effective tax rate of 16.7% resulting in an effective tax rate for the 2013 third quarter of 23.5%. The increase in the annualized effective tax rate was primarily attributable to lower than planned catastrophes resulting in higher taxable income. The income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, also reflects tax benefits of \$21.7 million realized due to corrections of understatements in the deferred tax asset account and \$11.2 million realized due to closing the IRS audit for 2007 and 2008 tax years.

#### Net Income (Loss).

Our net income was \$238.5 million and \$250.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our net income was \$898.5 million and \$770.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations explained above.

#### Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Everest Re Group.

Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$234.8 million and \$250.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$894.7 million and \$770.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations described above, as well as the impact of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

#### Ratios.

Our combined ratio increased by 0.8 points to 88.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 87.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and decreased by 2.8 points to 85.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 88.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The loss ratio component increased 3.0 points for the three months ended September 30, 2013, over the same period last year primarily due to the \$50.0 million increase in current year catastrophe losses, which added 3.6 points to the loss ratio. The loss ratio increased 0.2 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, over the same period last year primarily due to the \$80.0 million increase in current year catastrophe losses, partially offset by a lower attritional loss ratio with the shift towards excess of loss business. The commission and brokerage ratio components decreased 1.6 points and 2.9 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, due to an increase in excess of loss business which carries a lower commission than pro rata business. The other underwriting expense ratio components decreased 0.6 points and 0.1 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, over the same periods last year, primarily due to higher premiums earned.

### Shareholders' Equity.

Shareholders' equity decreased by \$16.0 million to \$6,717.5 million at September 30, 2013 from \$6,733.5 million at December 31, 2012, principally as a result of repurchases of 4.3 million common shares for \$550.0 million, \$347.8 million of unrealized depreciation on investments, net of tax, \$70.7 million of shareholder dividends and \$13.2 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments, partially offset by \$894.7 million of net income attributable to Everest Re Group, share-based compensation transactions of \$66.8 million and \$4.2 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments.

#### **Consolidated Investment Results**

#### Net Investment Income.

Net investment income decreased by 15.9% to \$127.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$152.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, and decreased by 6.9% to \$422.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$453.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to declines in income from our fixed maturities, reflective of declining reinvestment rates, and equities, due to the partial liquidation of some mutual funds and a decrease in income from our limited partnership investments.

The following table shows the components of net investment income for the periods indicated.

	Three Mon Septem			nths Ended nber 30,
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Fixed maturities	\$ 117.8	\$ 122.9	\$ 358.8	\$ 367.8
Equity securities	10.3	13.4	32.9	46.9
Short-term investments and cash	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.9
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	4.6	18.6	41.6	47.9
Other	1.1	1.5	5.3	2.5
Gross investment income before adjustments	134.1	156.6	439.5	465.9
Funds held interest income (expense)	1.7	2.5	8.0	8.8
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(1.5)	(1.6)
Gross investment income	135.4	158.6	445.9	473.1
Investment expenses	(7.6)	(6.5)	(23.5)	(19.3)
Net investment income	\$ 127.9	\$ 152.0	\$ 422.4	\$ 453.8

At

At

2013

3.3%

2.8%

2012 2013

4.0% 3.6%

3.4% 3.0%

2012

3.9%

3.4%

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Annualized pre-tax yield on average cash and invested assets

Annualized after-tax yield on average cash and invested assets

The following tables show a comparison of various investment yields for the periods indicated.

	September		
	30, 2013	31,	
		2012	
Imbedded pre-tax yield of cash and invested assets	3.3%	3.5%	
Imbedded after-tax yield of cash and invested assets	2.8%	3.0%	
		Three Months	Nine Months
		Ended	Ended
		September 30,	September 30,

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses).

The following table presents the composition of our net realized capital gains (losses) for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions) Gains (losses) from sales: Fixed maturity securities, market	Three 2 2013	Mont	Ended 012	Sep	ember 30, Variance		Nine M 013	[ont]	Ended Septe 012		er 30, arianc	
value:												
Gains	\$ 7.7		\$ 6.9		\$ 0.8		\$ 26.3		\$ 21.9		\$ 4.4	
Losses	(5.8	)		)	(2.3	)	(19.8	)	(12.4	)	(7.4	)
Total	1.9		3.4		(1.5	)	6.5		9.5		(3.0	)
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:												
Gains	-		0.6		(0.6)	)	0.4		6.1		(5.7	)
Losses	-		(0.2)	)	0.2		(0.3)	)	(0.6)	)	0.3	
Total	-		0.5		(0.5	)	0.1		5.5		(5.4	)
Equity securities, market value:												
Gains	_		_		_		3.0		7.2		(4.2	)
Losses	_		(1.5	)	1.5		(0.3	)		)	1.5	,
Total	-		(1.4	- 1	1.4		2.6	,	5.4	,		)
Equity socyuities foir value.												
Equity securities, fair value:  Gains	3.9		5.3		(1.4	\	33.5		33.3		0.2	
		\		\	(1.4	)		\		\		
Losses	(2.2	)	(2.2	)	(1.2	\	(7.7	)	(10.1	)	2.4	
Total	1.8		3.1		(1.3	)	25.9		23.2		2.7	
Total net realized capital gains (losses) from sales:												
Gains	11.8		12.8		(1.0)	)	63.2		68.5		(5.3	)
Losses	(7.9	)	(7.3)	)	(0.6)	)	(28.0	)	(24.9	)	(3.1)	)
Total	3.7		5.5		(1.8	)	35.1		43.6		(8.5	)
Other-than-temporary impairments:	-		(3.5	)	3.5		(0.2	)	(9.9	)	9.7	
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments:												
Fixed maturities, fair value	0.6		0.3		0.3		(1.0)	)	1.6		(2.6)	)
Equity securities, fair value	40.7		60.5		(19.8	(	171.7		109.6		62.1	
Total	41.2		60.8		(19.6	)	170.7		111.2		59.5	
Total net realized capital gains												
(losses)	\$ 45.0		\$ 62.7		\$ (17.7	')	\$ 205.6		\$ 144.9		\$ 60.7	
(0 , 1 1												

(Some amounts may not reconcile due

to rounding.)

Net realized capital gains were \$45.0 million and \$62.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded \$41.2 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$3.7 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the three months ended September 30, 2013 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded \$60.8 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$5.5 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$3.5 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

Net realized capital gains were \$205.6 million and \$144.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded \$170.7 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$35.1 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$0.2 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the nine months

ended September 30, 2013 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts along with maintaining a balanced foreign currency exposure. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded \$111.2 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$43.6 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$9.9 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

#### Segment Results.

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and Accident and Health ("A&H") business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

Our loss and LAE reserves are our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We re-evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including all prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, recently reported loss claim experience and trends related to prior periods. Such re-evaluations are recorded in incurred losses in the period in which re-evaluation is made.

The following discusses the underwriting results for each of our segments for the periods indicated.

U.S. Reinsurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three	e Months E	nded Septemb		Nine Months Ended September 30,						
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	Variance	% Change	2013	2012	Variance	% Change			
Gross written	2013	2012	v arrance	Change	2013	2012	v arrance	Change			
premiums	\$ 520.8	\$ 433.5	\$ 87.3	20.1 %	\$ 1,373.9	\$ 938.4	\$ 435.5	46.4	%		
Net written premiums	519.0	432.5		20.0 %	•	936.0	435.7		%		
ľ					,						
Premiums earned	\$ 449.0	\$ 353.7	\$ 95.3	27.0 %	\$ 1,233.0	\$ 1,033.0	\$ 200.0	19.4	%		
Incurred losses and											
LAE	224.9	211.9	13.0	6.1 %	660.7	630.1	30.6	4.9	%		
Commission and											
brokerage	92.0	77.1	14.9	19.4 %	265.1	278.6	(13.5)	-4.8	%		
Other underwriting											
expenses	12.0	12.8	(0.8)	-5.9 %	32.5	33.5	(1.0)	-3.0	%		
Underwriting gain											
(loss)	\$ 120.0	\$ 51.8	\$ 68.2	131.4 %	\$ 274.7	\$ 90.8	\$ 183.9	202.5	%		
				Point		Point					
				Chg				Chg	,		
Loss ratio	50.1	% 59.9	%	(9.8)	53.6 %	6 61.0	%	(7.4	)		
Commission and											
brokerage ratio	20.5	% 21.8	%	(1.3)	21.5 %	6 27.0 9	%	(5.5	)		
Other underwriting											
expense ratio	2.7	% 3.6	%	(0.9)	2.6	6  3.2  9	%	(0.6)	)		
Combined ratio	73.3	% 85.3	%	(12.0)	77.7 %	6 91.2 9	%	(13.5)	)		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 20.1% to \$520.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 from \$433.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to new business opportunities, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and higher subject premium on casualty quota share business as rates began to rise in these markets. Net written premiums increased 20.0% to \$519.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$432.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased by 27.0% to \$449.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$353.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, which is in line with the increase in net written premium.

Gross written premiums increased by 46.4% to \$1,373.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from \$938.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to the impact of a large Florida quota share reinsurance contract, new business opportunities, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and higher subject premium on casualty quota share business as rates began to rise in these markets. Excluding the impact

of the Florida quota share reinsurance contract, gross written premiums increased 18.1%. Net written premiums increased 46.5% to \$1,371.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$936.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased by 19.4% to \$1,233.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$1,033.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Premiums earned were not impacted by the Florida quota share reinsurance contract that affected written premiums. The change in premiums earned was relatively comparable to net written premiums, excluding the Florida quota share reinsurance contract.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following table presents the incurred losses and LAE for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,							
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change		
2013								
Attritional	\$ 219.2	48.9 %	\$ 4.1	0.9 %	\$ 223.3	49.8 %		
Catastrophes	0.2	0.0 %	1.4	0.3 %	1.6	0.3 %		
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %		
Total segment	\$ 219.4	48.9 %	\$ 5.5	1.2 %	\$ 224.9	50.1 %		
2012								
Attritional	\$ 182.5	51.6 %	\$ (2.4)	-0.7 %	\$ 180.1	50.9 %		
Catastrophes	24.9	7.1 %	6.9	1.9 %	31.8	9.0 %		
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %		
Total segment	\$ 207.4	58.7 %	\$ 4.5	1.2 %	\$ 211.9	59.9 %		
Variance 2013/2012								
Attritional	\$ 36.7	(2.7) pts	\$ 6.5	1.6 pts	\$ 43.2	(1.1 ) pts		
Catastrophes	(24.7)	(7.1) pts	(5.5)	(1.6) pts	(30.2)	(8.7) pts		
A&E	-	- pts	-	- pts	-	- pts		
Total segment	\$ 12.0	(9.8) pts	\$ 1.0	- pts	\$ 13.0	(9.8) pts		
		Ni	ne Months En	nded September	30,			
	Currei	nt Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Chang	e Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change		
2013								
Attritional	\$ 588	3.1 47.7 %	\$ 2.9	0.2 %	\$ 591.0	47.9 %		
Catastrophes	55.	2 4.5 %	14.5	1.2 %	69.7	5.7 %		
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %		
Total segment	\$ 643	52.2 %	\$ 17.4	1.4 %	\$ 660.7	53.6 %		
2012								
Attritional								
1 Martional	\$ 543	52.6 %	\$ 3.9	0.4 %	\$ 547.0	53.0 %		
Catastrophes	\$ 543 84.			0.4 %	\$ 547.0 83.0	53.0 % 8.0 %		
	·		•					
Catastrophes	84.	9 8.2 % 0.0 %	(1.9	) -0.2 %	83.0	8.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E	84.	9 8.2 % 0.0 %	(1.9 0.1	) -0.2 % 0.0 %	83.0 0.1	8.0 % 0.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E	84.	9 8.2 % 0.0 %	(1.9 0.1	) -0.2 % 0.0 %	83.0 0.1	8.0 % 0.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E Total segment	84.	9 8.2 % 0.0 % 3.0 60.8 %	(1.9 0.1 \$ 2.1	) -0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 %	83.0 0.1	8.0 % 0.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E Total segment Variance 2013/2012	\$ 628	9 8.2 % 0.0 % 3.0 60.8 %	(1.9 0.1 \$ 2.1 ots \$ (1.0	) -0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 %	83.0 0.1 \$ 630.1 ts \$ 44.0	8.0 % 0.0 % 61.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E Total segment  Variance 2013/2012 Attritional	\$ 628 \$ 45.	9 8.2 % 0.0 % 3.0 60.8 % 1 (4.9) 1 .7 ) (3.7) 1	(1.9 0.1 \$ 2.1 ots \$ (1.0	) -0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 % ) (0.2 ) pt 1.4 pt	83.0 0.1 \$ 630.1 ts \$ 44.0 ts (13.3)	8.0 % 0.0 % 61.0 %		
Catastrophes A&E Total segment  Variance 2013/2012 Attritional Catastrophes	\$ 628 \$ 45.	9 8.2 % 0.0 % 8.0 60.8 % 1 (4.9 ) 1 .7 ) (3.7 ) 1	(1.9 0.1 \$ 2.1 ots \$ (1.0 ots 16.4 ots (0.1	) -0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 % ) (0.2 ) pt 1.4 pt	83.0 0.1 \$ 630.1 ts \$ 44.0 ts (13.3) ts (0.1)	8.0 % 0.0 % 61.0 % (5.1 ) pts (2.3 ) pts		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses increased by 6.1% to \$224.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$211.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses. Current year attritional losses increased by \$36.7 million primarily due to the increase in premiums earned. Despite the increase in current year attritional losses, the current year attritional loss ratio decreased 2.7 points due to the continued shift in business to excess of loss contracts which generally have lower attritional losses than pro rata contracts. Current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were \$0.2 million related to the Canadian floods, compared to \$24.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012, which related to Hurricane Isaac.

Incurred losses increased by 4.9% to \$660.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$630.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses. Current year attritional losses increased by \$45.1 million primarily due to the increase in premiums earned. Despite the increase in current year attritional losses, the current year attritional loss ratio decreased 4.9 points due to the continued shift in business to excess of loss contracts which generally have lower attritional losses than pro rata contracts. Current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, were \$55.2 million, mainly due to U.S. Storms (\$50.0 million) and the European floods (\$5.0 million), compared to \$84.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, which related to U.S. storms (\$60.0 million) and Hurricane Isaac (\$24.9 million).

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 19.4% to \$92.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$77.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The quarter over quarter change was primarily due to the increase in premiums earned. Commission and brokerage expenses decreased by 4.8% to \$265.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$278.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The year over year change was primarily due to the impact of the termination of the large Florida quota share reinsurance contract in second quarter 2012 as well as the adoption of new accounting standards concerning the accounting for acquisition costs, which increased expenses in 2012, partially offset by the impact from the increase in premiums earned.

Segment other underwriting expenses decreased to \$12.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 from \$12.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Segment other underwriting expenses decreased slightly to \$32.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from \$33.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

International.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the International segment for the periods indicated.

	Three	Months End	ed Septemb	er 30, %	Nine Months Ended September 30, %					
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	Variance	Change	2013	2012	Variance	Change		
Gross written										
premiums	\$ 331.5	\$ 244.3	\$ 87.2	35.7 %	\$ 977.2	\$ 865.8	\$ 111.4	12.9 %		
Net written premiums	330.2	244.3	86.0	35.2 %	972.3	865.8	106.5	12.3 %		
Premiums earned	\$ 310.4	\$ 268.9	\$ 41.5	15.4 %	\$ 948.4	\$ 899.4	\$ 49.0	5.5 %		
Incurred losses and										
LAE	213.0	114.8	98.2	85.5 %	558.5	423.2	135.3	32.0 %		
Commission and										
brokerage	71.5	60.5	11.1	18.3 %	220.0	213.4	6.6	3.1 %		
Other underwriting										
expenses	8.7	8.2	0.5	5.7 %	24.3	21.5	2.8	12.9 %		
Underwriting gain										
(loss)	\$ 17.2	\$ 85.3	\$ (68.2)	-79.9 %	\$ 145.6	\$ 241.2	\$ (95.6)	-39.6 %		
				Point				Point		
				Chg				Chg		
Loss ratio	68.6 %	42.7 %		25.9	58.9 %	47.1 %		11.8		
Commission and										
brokerage ratio	23.0 %	22.5 %		0.5	23.2 %	23.7 %		(0.5)		
Other underwriting										
expense ratio	2.9 %	3.1 %		(0.2)	2.6 %	2.4 %		0.2		
Combined ratio	94.5 %	68.3 %		26.2	84.7 %	73.2 %		11.5		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 35.7% to \$331.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$244.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to growth in Latin

America business. Net written premiums increased by 35.2% to \$330.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$244.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 15.4% to \$310.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$268.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 12.9% to \$977.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$865.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to growth in Latin America business. Net written premiums increased by 12.3% to \$972.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$865.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, which is consistent with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 5.5% to \$948.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$899.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following table presents the incurred losses and LAE for the International segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30, Current Ratio %/ Prior Ratio %/ Total							Ratio	o %/					
(Dollars in millions) 2013	Yea	ar	Pt Cha	nge	`	Year	'S	]	Pt Char	ige	In	curred	Pt Ch	ange
Attritional	\$ 16	6.1	53.5	%	\$	(3.9	)		-1.3 9	6	\$	162.1	52.2	%
Catastrophes	52	.7	17.0	%		(1.8	3 )		-0.6	6		50.9	16.4	%
Total segment	\$ 21	8.8	70.5	%	\$	(5.8	3 )		-1.9 %	6	\$	213.0	68.6	%
2012														
Attritional	\$ 12	5.9	46.9		\$	(4.5)	5)		-1.7 9	6	\$	121.4	45.2	%
Catastrophes	-		0.0	%		(6.6)	5)		-2.5 9	6		(6.6)	-2.5	%
Total segment	\$ 12	5.9	46.9	%	\$	(11	.1 )		-4.2 9	6	\$	114.8	42.7	%
Variance 2013/2012														
Attritional	\$ 40	.2	6.6	pts	\$	0.6			0.4	pts	\$	40.7	7.0	pts
Catastrophes	52	.7	17.0	pts		4.8			1.9	pts		57.5	18.9	pts
Total segment	\$ 92	.9	23.6	pts	\$	5.3			2.3	pts	\$	98.2	25.9	pts
				1	Nine	Mo	nths E	nde	d Septe	mber	30.			
	(	Current	F	Ratio 9			Prior			0 %/	,	Total	Rati	o %/
(Dollars in millions) 2013		Year	P	t Chan	ige	7	Years		Pt C	hange	]	Incurred	Pt Cl	nange
Attritional	\$	492.9	4	51.9 %	6	\$	(5.9	)	-0.6	%	\$	487.0	51.3	%
Catastrophes		72.7		7.7 %	6		(1.2	)	-0.1	%		71.5	7.6	%
Total segment	\$	565.6	4	59.6 %	o o	\$	(7.1	)	-0.7	%	\$	558.5	58.9	%
2012														
Attritional	\$	434.0		18.3 %	6	\$	(7.8	)	-0.9	%	\$	426.2	47.4	%
Catastrophes	Ψ	-		0.0 %		Ψ		)	-0.3		Ψ	(3.0)	-0.3	
Total segment	\$	434.0		18.3 %		\$	(10.8)	/	-1.2		\$	` /	47.1	
Total segment	Ψ	15 110		10.5 /		Ψ	(10.0	,	1.2	, , ,	Ψ	123.2	1,11	70
Variance 2013/2012														
Attritional	\$	58.9	3	3.6	pts	\$	1.9		0.3	pt	ts \$	60.8	3.9	pts
Catastrophes		72.7	7	7.7	pts		1.8		0.2	pt		74.5	7.9	pts
Total segment	\$	131.6	]	11.3	pts	\$	3.7		0.5	pt	ts \$	135.3	11.8	pts
(Some amounts may not	reconcil	e due to												
rounding.)														

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 85.5% to \$213.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$114.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, representing 25.9 loss ratio points. Current year catastrophe losses were \$52.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, due to the Canadian floods (\$52.7 million). There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Current years' attritional losses increased by \$40.2 million primarily due to the increase in premiums earned.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 32.0% to \$558.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$423.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, representing 11.8 loss ratio points. Current year catastrophe losses were \$72.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, due to the Canadian floods (\$72.7 million). There were no current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Current years' attritional losses increased by \$58.9 million primarily due to the increase in premiums earned.

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage increased to \$71.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$60.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Commission and brokerage increased to \$220.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$213.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. These increases were primarily due to the combined impact of an increase in premiums earned and a shift in the mix of business towards property catastrophe and excess of loss business which have lower expenses.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$8.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$8.2 million for the same period in 2012. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$24.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$21.5 million for the same period in 2012. These increases relate to higher compensation expenses.

Bermuda.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Three	Months End	ed Septemb	er 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
				%				%		
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	Variance	Change	2013	2012	Variance	Change		
Gross written										
premiums	\$ 224.7	\$ 191.7	\$ 33.0	17.2 %	\$ 597.8	\$ 553.7	\$ 44.1	8.0 %		
Net written premiums	223.6	191.7	31.9	16.7 %	589.1	553.0	36.1	6.5 %		
Premiums earned	\$ 184.0	\$ 168.4	\$ 15.6	9.3 %	\$ 554.1	\$ 502.2	\$ 52.0	10.4 %		
Incurred losses and										
LAE	123.8	95.8	28.0	29.2 %	327.4	302.7	24.7	8.2 %		
Commission and										
brokerage	46.8	44.5	2.3	5.2 %	135.5	133.1	2.4	1.8 %		
Other underwriting										
expenses	8.1	8.2	(0.1)	-0.9 %	24.6	22.5	2.1	9.2 %		
Underwriting gain										
(loss)	\$ 5.3	\$ 19.9	\$ (14.6)	-73.4 %	\$ 66.6	\$ 43.8	\$ 22.8	52.1 %		
				Point				Point		
				Chg				Chg		
Loss ratio	67.3 %	56.9 %		10.4	59.1 %	60.3 %		(1.2)		
Commission and										
brokerage ratio	25.4 %	26.4 %		(1.0)	24.5 %	26.5 %		(2.0)		
Other underwriting										
expense ratio	4.4 %	4.9 %		(0.5)	4.4 %	4.5 %		(0.1)		
Combined ratio	97.1 %	88.2 %		8.9	88.0 %	91.3 %		(3.3)		
								· · ·		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased 17.2% to \$224.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to continued growth of new business and increased premium on existing business written in our Bermuda and Ireland offices. Net written premiums increased 16.7% to \$223.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$191.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 9.3% to \$184.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$168.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased 8.0% to \$597.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$553.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to continued growth of new business and increased premium on existing business written in our Bermuda and Ireland offices. Net written premiums increased 6.5% to \$589.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$553.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 10.4% to \$554.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$502.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following table presents the incurred losses and LAE for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30, Current Ratio %/ Prior Ratio %/ Total I										~ .					
(Dollars in millions)	Curr Yea		Pt Cha			Prio Year			Ratio %/ Pt Change				otal urred		atio %/ Change	
2013																
Attritional		3.3	56.1		\$	-				%	\$		103.3		6.1	
Catastrophes	20		10.9			0.5				%			20.5		1.2	
Total segment	\$ 12	3.3	67.0	%	\$	0.5			0.3	%	\$		123.8	6	7.3	%
2012																
Attritional	\$ 95	.9	57.0	%	\$	0.2			0.1	%	\$	Ç	96.1	5	7.1	%
Catastrophes	-		0.0	%		(0.3)	3 )		-0.2	%		(	(0.3)	-(	0.2	%
Total segment	\$ 95	.9	57.0	%	\$	(0.1	. )		-0.1	%	\$	Ç	95.8	5	6.9	%
Variance 2013/2012																
Attritional	\$ 7.4	1	(0.9)	) pts	\$	(0.2)	2 )		(0.1	) pt	s \$	,	7.2	(	0.1	) pts
Catastrophes	20		10.9	pts	·	0.8	,		0.5	pt			20.8		1.4	pts
Total segment	\$ 27		10.0	pts	\$	0.6			0.4	pt			28.0		0.4	pts
				1	Vina	Mo	nths E	nda	d Cant	amh	or 20	١				
	(	Current		Ratio 9			Prior	nuce	•	tio %			Total	R	atio	o %/
(Dollars in millions) 2013	·	Year		Pt Chan			Years			Chan			ncurred			ange
Attritional	\$	310.6		56.1 %	ó	\$	(5.0	)	-0.	9 %		\$	305.6	5	5.2	%
Catastrophes		35.0		6.3 %			(13.2	)	-2.	4 %			21.8	3	.9	%
Total segment	\$	345.6		62.4 %	ó	\$	(18.2	-	-3.	3 %		\$	327.4	5	9.1	%
-																
2012	Φ.	200.4		<b>5</b> 0.0.0	,	Φ.	(2.6	`	0	<b>5</b> 64		Φ.	207.0	_	0.0	64
Attritional	\$	300.4		59.8 %		\$	`	)		5 %		\$	297.8		9.3	
Catastrophes	Φ.	-		0.0 %		4	4.9		1.0				4.9		.0	%
Total segment	\$	300.4		59.8 %	b	\$	2.3		0.5	5 %		\$	302.7	6	0.3	%
Variance 2013/2012																
Attritional	\$	10.2		(3.7)	pts	\$	(2.4	)	(0.	4)	pts	\$	7.8	(-	4.1	) pts
Catastrophes		35.0		6.3	pts		(18.1)	)		4)			16.9	2	.9	pts
Total segment	\$	45.2		2.6	pts	\$	(20.5	)	(3.	8)	pts	\$	24.7	(	1.2	) pts
(Some amounts may not rounding.)	reconcile	e due to														

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 29.2% to \$123.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$95.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Current year catastrophe losses were \$20.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, due to the German hailstorms (\$20.0 million). There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The current year attritional losses increased by \$7.4 million, but the current year attritional loss ratio declined by 0.9 points. This is primarily due to a shift in the mix of business to excess of loss contracts which generally results in lower loss ratios.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 8.2% to \$327.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$302.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Current year catastrophe losses were \$35.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, due to the German hailstorms (\$20.0 million) and the European floods (\$15.0 million), but there was also \$13.2 million of favorable development on prior year catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, mainly related to the 2011 Japan earthquake. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The current year attritional losses increased by \$10.2 million, but the current year attritional loss ratio declined by 3.7 points. This is primarily due to a shift in the mix of business to excess of loss contracts which generally results in lower loss ratios.

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage increased to \$46.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$44.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Commission and brokerage increased slightly to \$135.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$133.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The impact from higher premiums earned was mitigated by a change in the mix of business to contracts with lower commission rates.

Segment other underwriting expenses slightly decreased to \$8.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$8.2 million for the same period in 2012. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$24.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$22.5 million for the same period in 2012. The year over year increase was primarily attributable to higher premiums earned in 2013.

Insurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three M	Months Ende	ed Septemb		•						
				%				%			
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	Variance	Change	2013	2012	Variance	Change	;		
Gross written											
premiums	\$ 374.9	\$ 334.5	\$ 40.3	12.1 %	\$ 943.9	\$ 801.5	\$ 142.4	17.8	%		
Net written premiums	304.8	232.1	72.8	31.4 %	806.9	617.2	189.7	30.7	%		
•											
Premiums earned	\$ 273.1	\$ 218.5	\$ 54.6	25.0 %	\$ 721.2	\$ 610.7	\$ 110.5	18.1	%		
Incurred losses and											
LAE	206.5	181.1	25.4	14.0 %	525.8	457.9	67.9	14.8	%		
Commission and											
brokerage	37.1	39.0	(2.0)	-5.0 %	101.9	99.3	2.6	2.7	%		
Other underwriting											
expenses	29.8	26.6	3.2	12.0 %	85.0	76.3	8.6	11.3	%		
Underwriting gain											
(loss)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (28.2)	\$ 28.0	-99.3 %	\$ 8.5	\$ (22.8)	\$ 31.4	-137.4	4 %		
				Point				Poir	nt		
				Chg				Ch	ıg		
Loss ratio	75.6 %	82.9 %		(7.3)	72.9 %	75.0 %		(2.1	)		
Commission and											
brokerage ratio	13.6 %	17.9 %		(4.3)	14.1 %	16.3 %		(2.2	)		
Other underwriting											
expense ratio	10.9 %	12.1 %		(1.2)	11.8 %	12.4 %		(0.6	)		
Combined ratio	100.1 %	112.9 %		(12.8)	98.8 %	103.7 %		(4.9	)		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 12.1% to \$374.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$334.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. This increase was primarily driven by California workers' compensation, crop and non-standard auto business. Net written premiums increased 31.4% to \$304.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$232.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The larger increase in net written premiums compared to gross written premiums is mainly due to a lesser use of reinsurance, particularly on the crop business. Premiums earned increased 25.0% to \$273.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$218.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 17.8% to \$943.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$801.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. This increase was primarily driven by California workers' compensation, crop and non-standard auto business. Net written premiums increased 30.7% to \$806.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$617.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The larger increase in net written premiums compared to gross written premiums is mainly due to a lesser use of reinsurance, particularly on the crop business. Premiums earned increased 18.1% to \$721.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$610.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following table presents the incurred losses and LAE for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended Septe Current Ratio %/ Prior Ratio						%/		T	'otal			o %/			
(Dollars in millions) 2013	Yea	ır	Pt Ch	ange	`	Years	3		Pt Ch	ange		Inc	curred	Pt	Ch	ange
Attritional	\$ 204	4.5	74.9	%	\$	-			0.0	%	5	5 2	204.5	7	4.9	%
Catastrophes	2.1		0.8	%		(0.1	)		-0.1	%		2	2.0	0	.7	%
Total segment	\$ 200	6.6	75.7	%	\$	(0.1	)		-0.1	%	\$	5 2	206.5	7	5.6	%
2012																
Attritional	\$ 17:	5.0	80.1	%	\$	6.1			2.8	%	9	5	181.1	8	2.9	%
Catastrophes	-		0.0	%		-			0.0	%			-	0	0.	%
Total segment	\$ 17:	5.0	80.1	%	\$	6.1			2.8	%	\$	5	181.1	8	2.9	%
Variance 2013/2012																
Attritional	\$ 29.	.5	(5.2	) pts	\$	(6.1	)		(2.8	) p	ts S	5 2	23.4	(	3.0	) pts
Catastrophes	2.1		0.8	pts		(0.1	)		(0.1	/ 1			2.0		.7	pts
Total segment	\$ 31.	.6	(4.4		\$	(6.2	)		(2.9			\$ 2	25.4	(′	7.3	) pts
					Nine	Mor	nths F	nde	ed Sep	temk	ner 30	0				
	(	Current		Ratio			Prior	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		atio 9		,	Total	F	atio	0 %/
(Dollars in millions) 2013		Year		Pt Cha			Zears			Char		Iı	ncurred			nange
Attritional	\$	516.8		71.6	%	\$	7.1		1.	0 %	,	\$	523.9	7	2.6	%
Catastrophes		2.1		0.3	%		(0.2	)	0.	0 %	,		1.9	(	.3	%
Total segment	\$	518.9		71.9	%	\$	6.9		1.	0 %	,	\$	525.8	7	2.9	%
2012																
Attritional	\$	452.4		74.1 9	%	\$	5.5		0.	9 %	, n	\$	457.9	7	5.0	%
Catastrophes	Ψ	-			%	Ψ	-		0.			Ψ	-		0.0	%
Total segment	\$	452.4		74.1		\$	5.5		0.			\$	457.9		5.0	
Total segment	Ψ	152.1		,		Ψ	0.0		0.	, ,		Ψ	10719	,	2.0	,,,
Variance 2013/2012																
Attritional	\$	64.4		(2.5)	pts	\$	1.6		0.	1	pts	\$	66.0	(	2.4	) pts
Catastrophes		2.1		0.3	pts		(0.2)	)	-		pts		1.9	C	.3	pts
Total segment	\$	66.5		(2.2)	pts	\$	1.4		0.	1	pts	\$	67.9	(	2.1	) pts
(Some amounts may not rounding.)	reconcile	e due to														

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 14.0% to \$206.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$181.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The current year attritional losses increased by \$29.5 million due to higher premiums earned, while the current year attritional loss ratio declined 5.2 points. Current year catastrophe losses were \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, due to Canadian floods. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 14.8% to \$525.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$457.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The current year attritional losses increased by \$64.4 million due to higher premiums earned, while the current year attritional loss ratio declined 2.5 points. Current year catastrophe losses were \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, due to Canadian floods. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Segment Expenses Commission and brokerage decreased by 5.0% to \$37.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$39.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The quarter over quarter decrease was primarily due to the impact of the adoption of new accounting standards concerning the accounting for acquisition costs, which increased expenses in 2012. Commission and brokerage increased by 2.7% to \$101.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$99.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The year over year increase was primarily driven by the growth in premiums earned, partially offset by the impact of the accounting change for acquisition costs.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$29.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$26.6 million for the same period in 2012. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$85.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$76.3 million for the same period in 2012. These increases were primarily the result of increased premiums earned and compensation costs.

Mt. Logan Re.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the third quarter 2013, which is the initial reporting period for this segment.

	Three Months Ended September 30, %							Nine Months Ended September 30, %						
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2	2012	V	ariance	, -	nge	20	13		2012		Variance	Change
Gross written premiums	\$ 13.2	. 9	<b>S</b> –	\$	13.2	N	ΙM	\$	13.2		\$ -		\$ 13.2	NM
Net written premiums	11.4	•	-		11.4	N	lМ		11.4		-		11.4	NM
Premiums earned	\$ 9.3	9	<b>.</b> –	\$	9.3	N	lМ	\$	9.3		\$ -		\$ 9.3	NM
Incurred losses and LAE	1.9		-		1.9	N	lМ		1.9		-		1.9	NM
Commission and brokerage	1.1		-		1.1	N	lМ		1.1		-		1.1	NM
Other underwriting														
expenses	1.3		-		1.3	N	lМ		1.3		-		1.3	NM
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 5.0	\$	<b>S</b> –	\$	5.0	N	lМ	\$	5.0		\$ -		\$ 5.0	NM
							oint							Point
							Chg							Chg
Loss ratio	20.6	%	-			N	lМ		20.6	%	-			NM
Commission and brokerage														
ratio	12.3	%	-			N	lМ		12.3	%	-			NM
Other underwriting expense														
ratio	13.7		-				lМ		13.7		-			NM
Combined ratio	46.6	%	-			N	lМ		46.6	%	-			NM
(NM, not meaningful.)														
(Some amounts may not														
reconcile due to rounding.)														

Premiums. Gross written premiums were \$13.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net written premiums were \$11.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 which is comparable to gross written premiums since the segment retains most of the business written. Premiums earned were \$9.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following table presents the incurred losses and LAE for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,											
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/						
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change						

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2013									
Attritional	\$ 1.9	20.1	%	\$ -	0.0	%	\$ 1.9	20.1	%
Catastrophes	0.1	0.5	%	-	0.0	%	0.1	0.5	%
Total segment	\$ 1.9	20.6	%	\$ -	0.0	%	\$ 1.9	20.6	%
2012									
Attritional	\$ -	-		\$ -	-		\$ -	-	
Catastrophes	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Total segment	\$ -	-		\$ -	-		\$ -	-	
Variance 2013/2012									
Attritional	\$ 1.9	20.1	pts	\$ -	-	pts	\$ 1.9	20.1	pts
Catastrophes	0.1	0.5	pts	-	-	pts	0.1	0.5	pts
Total segment	\$ 1.9	20.6	pts	\$ -	-	pts	\$ 1.9	20.6	pts
46									

	Nine Months Ended September 30,												
		Current	Ratio	%/	Pri	ior	Rati	o %/		Total	F	Ratio	%/
(Dollars in millions) 2013		Year	Pt Cha	ange	Ye	ars	Pt Cl	nange	Ir	ncurre	d Pt	Cha	ange
Attritional	\$	1.9	20.1	%	\$ -		0.0	%	\$	1.9	2	20.1	%
Catastrophes		0.1	0.5	%	-		0.0	%		0.1	(	).5	%
Total segment	\$	1.9	20.6	%	\$ -		0.0	%	\$	1.9	2	20.6	%
2012													
Attritional	\$	-	-		\$ -		-		\$	-	-		
Catastrophes		-	-		-		-			-	-		
Total segment	\$	-	-		\$ -		-		\$	-	-		
Variance 2013/2012													
Attritional	\$	1.9	20.1	pts	\$ -		-	pts	\$	1.9	2	20.1	pts
Catastrophes		0.1	0.5	pts	-		-	pts		0.1	(	).5	pts
Total segment	\$	1.9	20.6	pts	\$ -		-	pts	\$	1.9	2	0.6	pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE were \$1.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Current year catastrophe losses were \$0.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, related to Canadian floods. Current year attritional losses were \$1.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Segment Expenses Commission and brokerage was \$1.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Segment other underwriting expenses were \$1.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and Invested Assets. Aggregate invested assets, including cash and short-term investments, were \$16,247.9 million at September 30, 2013, a decrease of \$328.3 million compared to \$16,576.2 million at December 31, 2012. This decrease was primarily the result of \$550.0 million paid for share repurchases, \$402.8 million of pre-tax unrealized depreciation, \$329.9 million paid to redeem junior subordinated debt securities, \$70.7 million paid out in dividends to shareholders, \$71.9 million due to fluctuations in foreign currencies and \$14.5 million of unsettled securities, partially offset by \$776.2 million of cash flows from operations, \$170.7 million in fair value re-measurements, \$87.5 million from external third party capital investment into Mt. Logan Re, \$66.8 million from common share issuance under share based compensation plans and \$40.7 million in equity adjustments of our limited partnership investments.

Our principal investment objectives are to ensure funds are available to meet our insurance and reinsurance obligations and to maximize after-tax investment income while maintaining a high quality diversified investment portfolio. Considering these objectives, we view our investment portfolio as having two components: 1) the investments needed to satisfy outstanding liabilities (our core fixed maturities portfolio) and 2) investments funded by our shareholders' equity.

For the portion needed to satisfy global outstanding liabilities, we generally invest in taxable and tax-preferenced fixed income securities with an average credit quality of Aa3. For the U.S. portion of this portfolio, our mix of

taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected U.S. operating results, market conditions and our tax position. This global fixed maturity securities portfolio is externally managed by an independent, professional investment manager using portfolio guidelines approved by internal management.

Our global portfolio included \$1,815.9 million of foreign government securities at September 30, 2013, of which \$802.3 million were European sovereign securities. Approximately 51.6%, 21.3%, 6.6% and 5.3% of European sovereign securities represented securities held in the governments of the United Kingdom, France, Austria and the Netherlands, respectively. No other countries represented more than 5% of the European sovereign securities. We held no sovereign securities of Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain at September 30, 2013.

Over the past several years, we have expanded the allocation of our investments funded by shareholders' equity to include: 1) a greater percentage of publicly traded equity securities, 2) emerging market fixed maturities through mutual fund structures, as well as individual holdings, 3) high yield fixed maturities, 4) bank loan securities and 5) private equity limited partnership investments. The objective of this portfolio diversification is to enhance the risk-adjusted total return of the investment portfolio by allocating a prudent portion of the portfolio to higher return asset classes, which are also less subject to changes in value with movements in interest rates. We limit our allocation to these asset classes because of 1) the potential for volatility in their values and 2) the impact of these investments on regulatory and rating agency capital adequacy models. We use investment managers experienced in these markets and adjust our allocation to these investments based upon market conditions. At September 30, 2013, the market value of investments in these investment market sectors, carried at both market and fair value, approximated 63.3% of shareholders' equity.

The Company's limited partnership investments are comprised of limited partnerships that invest in private equities. Generally, the limited partnerships are reported on a quarter lag. We receive annual audited financial statements for all of the limited partnerships which are prepared using fair value accounting in accordance with FASB guidance. For the quarterly reports, the Company's staff performs reviews of the financial reports for any unusual changes in carrying value. If the Company becomes aware of a significant decline in value during the lag reporting period, the loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The tables below summarize the composition and characteristics of our investment portfolio as of the dates indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	At September	30, 2013	At Decembe	er 31, 2012
Fixed maturities, market value	\$ 12,690.5	78.1 %	\$ 13,141.7	79.3 %
Fixed maturities, fair value	19.8	0.1 %	41.5	0.2 %
Equity securities, market value	139.5	0.9 %	143.5	0.9 %
Equity securities, fair value	1,417.4	8.7 %	1,255.6	7.6 %
Short-term investments	867.4	5.4 %	860.4	5.2 %
Other invested assets	523.8	3.2 %	596.6	3.6 %
Cash	589.5	3.6 %	537.1	3.2 %
Total investments and cash	\$ 16,247.9	100.0%	\$ 16,576.2	100.0%

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

	At	At
	September	December
	30, 2013	31, 2012
Fixed income portfolio duration (years)	3.2	3.0
Fixed income composite credit quality	Aa3	Aa3
Imbedded end of period yield, pre-tax	3.3%	3.5%
Imbedded end of period yield, after-tax	2.8%	3.0%

The following table provides a comparison of our total return by asset class relative to broadly accepted industry benchmarks for the periods indicated.

Nine	Twelve
Months	Months
Ended	Ended
September	December
30, 2013	31, 2012

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Fixed income portfolio total return	0.0%	4.8%
Barclay's Capital - U.S. aggregate index	-1.9%	4.2%
Common equity portfolio total return	13.8%	13.8%
S&P 500 index	19.8%	16.0%
Other invested asset portfolio total return	14.4%	16.0%

The pre-tax equivalent total return for the bond portfolio was approximately 0.1% and 5.0%, respectively, at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The pre-tax equivalent return adjusts the yield on tax-exempt bonds to the fully taxable equivalent.

Our fixed income and equity portfolios have different compositions than the benchmark indexes. Our fixed income portfolios have a shorter duration because we align our investment portfolio with our liabilities. We also hold foreign securities to match our foreign liabilities while the index is comprised of only U.S. securities. Our equity portfolios reflect an emphasis on dividend yield and growth equities, while the index is comprised of the largest 500 equities by market capitalization.

#### Reinsurance Receivables.

Reinsurance receivables for both paid and recoverable on unpaid losses totaled \$724.2 million at September 30, 2013 and \$659.1 million at December 31, 2012. At September 30, 2013, \$182.6 million, or 25.2%, was receivable from Federal Crop Insurance Company; \$155.4 million, or 21.5%, was receivable from C.V. Starr (Bermuda); \$59.1 million, or 8.2%, was receivable from XL Reinsurance America; \$54.6 million, or 7.5%, was receivable from Berkley Insurance Company; and \$42.2 million, or 5.8%, was receivable from Transatlantic Reinsurance Company. The receivable from C.V. Starr is fully collateralized by a trust agreement. No other retrocessionaire accounted for more than 5% of our receivables.

Loss and LAE Reserves. Gross loss and LAE reserves totaled \$9,737.9 million at September 30, 2013 and \$10,069.1 million at December 31, 2012.

The following tables summarize gross outstanding loss and LAE reserves by segment, classified by case reserves and IBNR reserves, for the periods indicated.

		At September 30, 2013					
	Case	IBNR	Total	% of			
(Dollars in millions)	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Total			
U.S. Reinsurance	\$ 1,589.2	\$ 1,889.2	\$ 3,478.4	35.7 %			
International	979.8	795.1	1,774.9	18.3 %			
Bermuda	827.3	1,227.2	2,054.5	21.1 %			
Insurance	990.2	1,026.5	2,016.7	20.7 %			
Mt. Logan	-	1.9	1.9	0.0 %			
Total excluding A&E	4,386.5	4,939.9	9,326.3	95.8 %			
A&E	254.8	156.8	411.6	4.2 %			
Total including A&E	\$ 4,641.2	\$ 5,096.7	\$ 9,737.9	100.0%			

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

	At December 31, 2012						
	Case	IBNR	Total	% of			
(Dollars in millions)	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Total			
U.S. Reinsurance	\$ 1,538.6	\$ 2,082.6	\$ 3,621.2	36.0 %			
International	1,121.5	695.3	1,816.8	18.0 %			
Bermuda	826.1	1,135.9	1,962.0	19.5 %			
Insurance	1,098.1	1,128.1	2,226.2	22.1 %			
Total excluding A&E	4,584.3	5,041.9	9,626.2	95.6 %			
A&E	265.8	177.1	442.9	4.4 %			
Total including A&E	\$ 4,850.1	\$ 5,219.0	\$ 10,069.1	100.0 %			

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Changes in premiums earned and business mix, reserve re-estimations, catastrophe losses and changes in catastrophe loss reserves and claim settlement activity all impact loss and LAE reserves by segment and in total.

Our loss and LAE reserves represent our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We continuously re-evaluate our reserves, including re-estimates of prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, newly reported loss and claim experience. Changes in reserves resulting from such re-evaluations are reflected in incurred losses in the period when the re-evaluation is made. Our analytical methods and processes operate at multiple levels including individual contracts, groupings of like contracts, classes and lines of business, internal business units, segments, legal entities, and in the aggregate. In order to set appropriate reserves, we make qualitative and quantitative analyses and judgments at these various levels. Additionally, the attribution of reserves, changes in reserves

and incurred losses among accident years requires qualitative and quantitative adjustments and allocations at these various levels. We utilize actuarial science, business expertise and management judgment in a manner intended to ensure the accuracy and consistency of our reserving practices. Nevertheless, our reserves are estimates, which are subject to variation, which may be significant.

There can be no assurance that reserves for, and losses from, claim obligations will not increase in the future, possibly by a material amount. However, we believe that our existing reserves and reserving methodologies lessen the probability that any such increase would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. In this context, we note that over the past 10 years, our calendar year operations have been affected by effects from prior period reserve re-estimates, ranging from a favorable \$30.9 million in 2010, representing 0.4% of the net prior period reserves for the year in which the adjustment was made, to an unfavorable \$249.4 million in 2004, representing 4.8% of the net prior period reserves for the year in which the adjustment was made.

Asbestos and Environmental Exposures. A&E exposures represent a separate exposure group for monitoring and evaluating reserve adequacy. The following table summarizes incurred losses and outstanding loss reserves with respect to A&E reserves on both a gross and net of retrocessions basis for the periods indicated.

		Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in millions)	20			12	20			12
Gross Basis:								
Beginning of period reserves	\$	420.8	\$	468.8	\$	442.8	\$	499.9
Incurred losses		-		-		-		0.1
Paid losses		(9.2)		(13.2)		(31.2)		(44.5)
End of period reserves	\$	411.6	\$	455.6	\$	411.6	\$	455.6
Net Basis:								
Beginning of period reserves	\$	404.5	\$	450.8	\$	425.7	\$	480.2
Incurred losses		-		-		-		0.1
Paid losses		(9.0)		(12.9)		(30.2)		(42.4)
End of period reserves	\$	395.5	\$	437.9	\$	395.5	\$	437.9

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

At September 30, 2013, the gross reserves for A&E losses were comprised of \$130.5 million representing case reserves reported by ceding companies, \$91.6 million representing additional case reserves established by us on assumed reinsurance claims, \$32.7 million representing case reserves established by us on direct excess insurance claims, including Mt. McKinley, and \$156.8 million representing IBNR reserves.

With respect to asbestos only, at September 30, 2013, we had gross asbestos loss reserves of \$395.0 million, or 96.0%, of total A&E reserves, of which \$318.2 million was for assumed business and \$76.8 million was for direct business.

Industry analysts use the "survival ratio" to compare the A&E reserves among companies with such liabilities. The survival ratio is typically calculated by dividing a company's current net reserves by the three year average of annual paid losses. Hence, the survival ratio equals the number of years that it would take to exhaust the current reserves if future loss payments were to continue at historical levels. Using this measurement, our net three year asbestos survival ratio was 7.9 years at September 30, 2013. These metrics can be skewed by individual large settlements occurring in the prior three years and therefore, may not be indicative of the timing of future payments.

Because the survival ratio was developed as a comparative measure of reserve strength and does not indicate absolute reserve adequacy, we consider, but do not rely on, the survival ratio when evaluating our reserves. In particular, we note that year to year loss payment variability can be material. This is due, in part, to our orientation to negotiated settlements, particularly on our Mt. McKinley exposures, which significantly reduces the credibility and utility of this measure as an analytical tool. In the first nine months

of 2013, we made asbestos net claim payments of \$0.4 million to Mt McKinley high profile claimants where the claim was either closed or a settlement had been reached. Such payments, which are non-repetitive, distort downward our three year survival ratio. Adjusting for such settlements, recognizing that total settlements are generally considered fully reserved to an agreed settlement, we consider that our adjusted asbestos survival ratio for net unsettled claims is 7.9 years, which is better than prevailing industry norms.

Shareholders' Equity. Our shareholders' equity decreased to \$6,717.5 million as of September 30, 2013 from \$6,733.5 million as of December 31, 2012. This decrease was the result of repurchases of 4.3 million common shares for \$550.0 million, \$347.8 million of unrealized depreciation on investments, net of tax, \$70.7 million of shareholder dividends and \$13.2 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments, partially offset by \$894.7 million of net income attributable to Everest Re Group, share-based compensation transactions of \$66.8 million and \$4.2 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Capital. Our business operations are in part dependent on our financial strength and financial strength ratings, and the market's perception of our financial strength, as measured by shareholders' equity, which was \$6,717.5 million at September 30, 2013 and \$6,733.5 million at December 31, 2012. On March 13, 2009, Everest Re and Everest National, wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company, received notification of a one level ratings downgrade by Standard & Poor's. On April 7, 2010, Standard & Poor's upgraded the Company's debt ratings one level. On March 25, 2013, Moody's downgraded the Company and its subsidiaries, including the senior debt of Everest Reinsurance Holdings, Inc., by one level. While Moody's believes that our profitability, fixed charge coverage and market position are very good, the rating agency concluded that our business franchise and diversity and predictability of earnings position us more appropriately with peers at the adjusted rating level. We continue to possess significant financial flexibility and access to the debt and equity markets as a result of our perceived financial strength, as evidenced by the financial strength ratings as assigned by independent rating agencies.

From time to time, we have used open market share repurchases to adjust our capital position and enhance long term expected returns to our shareholders. On May 15, 2013, our existing Board authorization to purchase up to 20 million of our shares was amended to authorize the purchase of up to 25 million shares. As of September 30, 2013, we had repurchased 19.9 million shares under this authorization.

On October 14, 2011, we renewed our shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

Liquidity. Our principal investment objectives are to ensure funds are available to meet our insurance and reinsurance obligations and to maximize after-tax investment income while maintaining a high quality diversified investment portfolio. Considering these objectives, we view our investment portfolio as having two components: 1) the investments needed to satisfy outstanding liabilities (our core fixed maturities portfolio) and 2) investments funded by our shareholders' equity.

For the portion needed to satisfy global outstanding liabilities, we generally invest in taxable and tax-preferenced fixed income securities with an average credit quality of Aa3. For the U.S. portion of this portfolio, our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected U.S. operating results, market conditions and our tax position. This global fixed maturity securities portfolio is externally managed by an independent, professional investment manager using portfolio guidelines approved by internal

#### management.

Over the past several years, we have expanded the allocation of our investments funded by shareholders' equity to include: 1) a greater percentage of publicly traded equity securities, 2) emerging market fixed maturities through mutual fund structures as well as individual holdings, 3) high yield fixed maturities, 4) bank loan securities and 5) private equity limited partnership investments. The objective of this portfolio diversification is to enhance the risk-adjusted total return of the investment portfolio by allocating a prudent portfolio to higher return asset classes, which are also less subject to changes in value with

movements in interest rates. We limit our allocation to these asset classes because of 1) the potential for volatility in their values and 2) the impact of these investments on regulatory and rating agency capital adequacy models. We use investment managers experienced in these markets and adjust our allocation to these investments based upon market conditions. At September 30, 2013, the market value of investments in these investment market sectors, carried at both market and fair value, approximated 63.3% of shareholders' equity.

Our liquidity requirements are generally met from positive cash flow from operations. Positive cash flow results from reinsurance and insurance premiums being collected prior to disbursements for claims, which disbursements generally take place over an extended period after the collection of premiums, sometimes a period of many years. Collected premiums are generally invested, prior to their use in such disbursements, and investment income provides additional funding for loss payments. Our net cash flows from operating activities were \$776.2 million and \$479.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Additionally, these cash flows reflected a net tax payment of \$64.9 million and \$54.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively; net catastrophe loss payments of \$344.7 million and \$426.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively; and net A&E payments of \$30.2 million and \$42.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

If disbursements for claims and benefits, policy acquisition costs and other operating expenses were to exceed premium inflows, cash flow from reinsurance and insurance operations would be negative. The effect on cash flow from insurance operations would be partially offset by cash flow from investment income. Additionally, cash inflows from investment maturities and dispositions, both short-term investments and longer term maturities are available to supplement other operating cash flows.

As the timing of payments for claims and benefits cannot be predicted with certainty, we maintain portfolios of long term invested assets with varying maturities, along with short-term investments that provide additional liquidity for payment of claims. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we held cash and short-term investments of \$1,456.9 million and \$1,397.4 million, respectively. All of our short-term investments are readily marketable and can be converted to cash. In addition to these cash and short-term investments, at September 30, 2013, we had \$1,054.5 million of available for sale fixed maturity securities maturing within one year or less, \$5,689.3 million maturing within one to five years and \$3,159.8 million maturing after five years. Our \$1,556.9 million of equity securities are comprised primarily of publicly traded securities that can be easily liquidated. We believe that these fixed maturity and equity securities, in conjunction with the short-term investments and positive cash flow from operations, provide ample sources of liquidity for the expected payment of losses in the near future. We do not anticipate selling securities or using available credit facilities to pay losses and LAE but have the ability to do so. Sales of securities might result in realized capital gains or losses. At September 30, 2013 we had \$305.9 million of net pre-tax unrealized appreciation, comprised of \$457.4 million of pre-tax unrealized appreciation and \$151.5 million of pre-tax unrealized depreciation.

Management expects annual positive cash flow from operations, which in general reflects the strength of overall pricing, to persist over the near term, absent any unusual catastrophe activity. In the intermediate and long term, our cash flow from operations will be impacted to the extent by which competitive pressures affect overall pricing in our markets and by which our premium receipts are impacted from our strategy of emphasizing underwriting profitability over premium volume.

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800.0 million senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850.0 million senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Group Credit Facility". Wells Fargo Corporation ("Wells Fargo Bank") is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200.0

million of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company's option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and the fees payable

for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group's senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively provides up to \$600.0 million for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,250.0 million plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group's fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at September 30, 2013, was \$4,710.9 million. As of September 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had no outstanding short-term borrowings from the Group Credit Facility revolving credit line. The highest amount outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, was \$30.0 million for the period from August 23, 2013 to September 23, 2013. There were no short-term borrowings outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. At September 30, 2013, the Group Credit Facility had no outstanding letters of credit under tranche one and \$458.0 million outstanding letters of credit under tranche one and \$463.2 million outstanding letters of credit under tranche two.

Effective August 15, 2011, Holdings entered into a new three year, \$150.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, replacing the August 23, 2006 five year senior revolving credit facility. Both the August 15, 2011 and August 23, 2006 revolving credit agreements, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Holdings Credit Facility". Citibank N.A. is the administrative agent for the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility may be used for liquidity and general corporate purposes. The Holdings Credit Facility provides for the borrowing of up to \$150.0 million with interest at a rate selected by Holdings equal to either, (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) a periodic fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin. The Base Rate means a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time to be equal to the higher of (a) the rate of interest publicly announced by Citibank as its base rate, (b) 0.5% per annum above the Federal Funds Rate or (c) 1% above the one month LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Holdings Credit Facility depends upon Holdings' senior unsecured debt rating.

The Holdings Credit Facility requires Holdings to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and Everest Re to maintain its statutory surplus at \$1,875.0 million plus 25% of future aggregate net income and 25% of future aggregate capital contributions after December 31, 2010, which at September 30, 2013, was \$2,104.1 million. As of September 30, 2013, Holdings was in compliance with all Holdings Credit Facility covenants.

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had no outstanding short-term borrowings from the Holdings Credit Facility revolving credit line. The highest amount outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, was \$40.0 million for the period from May 22, 2013 to July 24, 2013. There were no short-term borrowings outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Holdings Credit Facility had outstanding letters of credit of \$1.6 million.

Costs incurred in connection with the Group Credit Facility and the Holdings Credit Facility were \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Costs incurred in connection with the Group Credit Facility and the Holdings Credit Facility were \$0.7 million and \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Market Sensitive Instruments.

The SEC's Financial Reporting Release #48 requires registrants to clarify and expand upon the existing financial statement disclosure requirements for derivative financial instruments, derivative commodity instruments and other financial instruments (collectively, "market sensitive instruments"). We do not generally enter into market sensitive instruments for trading purposes.

Our current investment strategy seeks to maximize after-tax income through a high quality, diversified, taxable and tax-preferenced fixed maturity portfolio, while maintaining an adequate level of liquidity. Our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected operating results, market conditions and our tax position. The fixed maturity securities in the investment portfolio are comprised of non-trading available for sale securities. Additionally, we have invested in equity securities. We have also written a small number of equity index put option contracts.

The overall investment strategy considers the scope of present and anticipated Company operations. In particular, estimates of the financial impact resulting from non-investment asset and liability transactions, together with our capital structure and other factors, are used to develop a net liability analysis. This analysis includes estimated payout characteristics for which our investments provide liquidity. This analysis is considered in the development of specific investment strategies for asset allocation, duration and credit quality. The change in overall market sensitive risk exposure principally reflects the asset changes that took place during the period.

Interest Rate Risk. Our \$16.2 billion investment portfolio, at September 30, 2013, is principally comprised of fixed maturity securities, which are generally subject to interest rate risk and some foreign currency exchange rate risk, and some equity securities, which are subject to price fluctuations and some foreign exchange rate risk. The overall economic impact of the foreign exchange risks on the investment portfolio is partially mitigated by changes in the dollar value of foreign currency denominated liabilities and their associated income statement impact.

Interest rate risk is the potential change in value of the fixed maturity securities portfolio, including short-term investments, from a change in market interest rates. In a declining interest rate environment, it includes prepayment risk on the \$2,602.7 million of mortgage-backed securities in the \$12,710.3 million fixed maturity portfolio. Prepayment risk results from potential accelerated principal payments that shorten the average life and thus the expected yield of the security.

The table below displays the potential impact of market value fluctuations and after-tax unrealized appreciation on our fixed maturity portfolio (including \$867.4 million of short-term investments) for the period indicated based on upward and downward parallel and immediate 100 and 200 basis point shifts in interest rates. For legal entities with a U.S. dollar functional currency, this modeling was performed on each security individually. To generate appropriate price estimates on mortgage-backed securities, changes in prepayment expectations under different interest rate environments were taken into account. For legal entities with a non-U.S. dollar functional currency, the effective duration of the involved portfolio of securities was used as a proxy for the market value change under the various interest rate change scenarios.

	Impact of Interest Rate Shift in Basis Points							
	At September 30, 2013							
	-200 -100 0 100 200							
(Dollars in millions)								
Total Market/Fair Value	\$ 14,331.4	\$ 13,969.6	\$ 13,5	77.6	\$ 13,161.	4	\$ 12,739.	5
Market/Fair Value Change from Base (%)	5.6	6 2.9	% 0.0	%	-3.1	%	-6.2	%
Change in Unrealized Appreciation								
After-tax from Base (\$)	\$ 633.2	\$ 329.7	\$ -		\$ (350.3	)	\$ (705.5	)

We had \$9,737.9 million and \$10,069.1 million of gross reserves for losses and LAE as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. These amounts are recorded at their nominal value, as opposed to present value, which would reflect a discount adjustment to reflect the time value of money. Since losses are paid out over a period of time, the present value of the reserves is less than the nominal value. As interest rates rise, the present value of the reserves decreases and, conversely, as interest rates decline, the present value increases. These movements are the

opposite of the interest rate impacts on the fair value of investments. While the difference between present value and nominal value is not reflected in our financial statements, our financial results will include investment income over time from the investment portfolio until the claims are paid. Our loss and loss reserve obligations have an expected duration of approximately 3.6 years, which is reasonably consistent with our fixed income portfolio. If we were to discount our loss and LAE reserves, net of ceded reserves, the discount would be approximately \$1.2 billion

resulting in a discounted reserve balance of approximately \$8.1 billion, representing approximately 59.6% of the value of the fixed maturity investment portfolio funds.

Equity Risk. Equity risk is the potential change in fair and/or market value of the common stock, preferred stock and mutual fund portfolios arising from changing prices. Our equity investments consist of a diversified portfolio of individual securities and mutual funds, which invest principally in high quality common and preferred stocks that are traded on the major exchanges, and mutual fund investments in emerging market debt. The primary objective of the equity portfolio is to obtain greater total return relative to our core bonds over time through market appreciation and income.

The table below displays the impact on fair/market value and after-tax change in fair/market value of a 10% and 20% change in equity prices up and down for the period indicated.

	Impact of Percentage Change in Equity Fair/Market Values					
	At September 30, 2013					
(Dollars in millions)	-20%	-10%	0%	10%	20%	
Fair/Market Value of the Equity Portfolio	\$ 1,245.5	\$ 1,401.2	\$ 1,556.9	\$ 1,712.6	\$ 1,868.2	
After-tax Change in Fair/Market Value	\$ (216.7)	\$ (108.3)	\$ -	\$ 108.3	\$ 216.7	

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the potential change in value, income and cash flow arising from adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Each of our non-U.S./Bermuda ("foreign") operations maintains capital in the currency of the country of its geographic location consistent with local regulatory guidelines. Each foreign operation may conduct business in its local currency, as well as the currency of other countries in which it operates. The primary foreign currency exposures for these foreign operations are the Canadian Dollar, the Singapore Dollar, the British Pound Sterling and the Euro. We mitigate foreign exchange exposure by generally matching the currency and duration of our assets to our corresponding operating liabilities. In accordance with FASB guidance, we translate the assets, liabilities and income of non-U.S. dollar functional currency legal entities to the U.S. dollar. This translation amount is reported as a component of other comprehensive income. As of September 30, 2013, there has been no material change in exposure to foreign exchange rates as compared to December 31, 2012.

Equity Index Put Option Contracts. Although not considered material in the context of our aggregate exposure to market sensitive instruments, we have issued six equity index put option contracts based on the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") index and one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index, that are market sensitive and sufficiently unique to warrant supplemental disclosure.

We sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the S&P 500 index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22.5 million. At September 30, 2013, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$39.6 million. These equity index put option contracts each have a single exercise date, with maturities ranging from 12 to 30 years and strike prices ranging from \$1,141.21 to \$1,540.63. The S&P 500 index value at September 30, 2013 was \$1,681.55. No amounts will be payable under these equity index put option contracts if the S&P 500 index is at, or above, the strike prices on the exercise dates, which fall between June 2017 and March 2031. If the S&P 500 index is lower than the strike price on the applicable exercise date, the amount due would vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2013 S&P 500 index value, we estimate the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 29%. The theoretical maximum payouts under these six equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At September 30, 2013, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 3% discount factor was \$404.8 million. Conversely, if the contracts had all expired on September 30, 2013, with the S&P index at \$1,681.55, there would be no settlement amount.

We sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6.7 million. At September 30, 2013, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$6.8 million. This equity index put option contract has an exercise date of July 2020 and a strike price of 5,989.75. The FTSE 100 index value at September 30, 2013 was 6,462.20. No amount will be payable under this equity index put option contract if the FTSE 100 index is at, or above, the strike price on the exercise date. If the FTSE 100 index is lower than the strike price on the exercise date, the amount due will vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2013 FTSE 100 index value, we estimate the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 37%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At September 30, 2013, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 3% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$42.7 million. Conversely, if the contract had expired on September 30, 2013, with the FTSE index at 6.462.20, there would be no settlement amount.

Because the equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative, we report the fair value of these instruments in our consolidated balance sheets as a liability and record any changes to fair value in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as a net derivative gain (loss). Our financial statements reflect fair values for our obligations on these equity index put option contracts at September 30, 2013, of \$46.5 million; even though it may not be likely that the ultimate settlement of these transactions would require a payment that would exceed the initial consideration received, or any payment at all.

As there is no active market for these instruments, the determination of their fair value is based on an industry accepted option pricing model, which requires estimates and assumptions, including those regarding volatility and expected rates of return.

The table below displays the impact of potential movements in interest rates and the equity indices, which are the principal factors affecting fair value of these instruments, looking forward from the fair value for the period indicated. As these are estimates, there can be no assurance regarding future market performance. The asymmetrical results of the interest rate and S&P 500 and FTSE 100 indices shift reflect that the liability cannot fall below zero whereas it can increase to its theoretical maximum.

	Equity Indices Put Options Obligation – Sensitivity Analysis					
(Dollars in millions)	At September 30, 2013					
Interest Rate Shift in Basis Points:	-200	-100	0	100	200	
Total Fair Value	\$ 78.1	\$ 60.3	\$ 46.5	\$ 35.7	\$ 27.4	
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-68.1 %	-29.8 %	0.0 %	23.1 %	41.0 %	
Equity Indices Shift in Points (S&P 500/FTSE 100):	-500/-2000	-250/-1000	0	250/1000	500/2000	
Total Fair Value	\$ 93.9	\$ 65.6	\$ 46.5	\$ 33.4	\$ 24.5	
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-102.0%	-41.3 %	0.0 %	28.0 %	47.2 %	
Combined Interest Rate /	-200/	-100/		100/	200/	
Equity Indices Shift (S&P 500/FTSE 100):	-500/-2000	-250/-1000	0/0	250/1000	500/2000	
Total Fair Value	\$ 141.4	\$ 82.9	\$ 46.5	\$ 25.0	\$ 13.0	
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-204.4%	-78.5 %	0.0 %	46.1 %	72.0 %	

#### Safe Harbor Disclosure.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements in the federal securities laws. In some cases, these statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may", "will", "should", "could", "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "plan", "believe", "predict", "potential" and "intend". statements contained in this report include information regarding our reserves for losses and LAE, the adequacy of our provision for uncollectible balances, estimates of our catastrophe exposure, the effects of catastrophic events on our financial statements, the ability of Everest Re, Holdings, Holdings Ireland and Bermuda Re to pay dividends and the settlement costs of our specialized equity index put option contracts. Forward-looking statements only reflect our expectations and are not guarantees of performance. These statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual events or results may differ materially from our expectations. Important factors that could cause our actual events or results to be materially different from our expectations include those discussed under the caption ITEM 1A, "Risk Factors". We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk Instruments. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Market Sensitive Instruments" in PART I – ITEM 2.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, our management carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based on their evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also conducted an evaluation of our internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the quarter covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the quarter covered by this report.

#### PART II

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

No material changes.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

issuer rurenases of Equity Securit	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
					Maximum
					Number (or
				Total Number	Approximate
				of	Dollar
				Shares (or	Value) of
				Units)	Shares (or
				Purchased as	Units) that May
				Part	Yet
	Total				Be Purchased
	Number of			of Publicly	Under
	Shares (or	Av	erage Price	Announced	
	Units)		Paid	Plans or	the Plans or
		pe	er Share (or		
Period	Purchased		Unit)	Programs	Programs (1)
July 1 - 31, 2013	0	\$	-	0	5,769,508
August 1 - 31, 2013	417,835	\$	138.1231	417,835	5,351,673
September 1 - 30, 2013	311,849	\$	137.8958	306,819	5,044,854
Total	729,684	\$	-	724,654	5,044,854

On September 21, 2004, the Company's board of directors approved an amended share repurchase program authorizing the Company and/or its subsidiary Holdings to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,000,000 of the Company's common shares through open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or both. On July 21, 2008; February 24, 2010; February 22, 2012; and May 15, 2013, the Company's executive committee of the Board of Directors approved subsequent amendments to the share repurchase program authorizing the Company and/or its subsidiary Holdings, to purchase up to a current aggregate of 25,000,000 of the Company's shares (recognizing that the number of shares authorized for repurchase has been reduced by those shares that have already been purchased) in open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or both. Through November 5, 2013, the Company purchased an additional 88,623 shares for \$13.5 million under the share repurchase program.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Index:

Exhibit No. Description 31.1 Section 302 Certification of Joseph V. Taranto 31.2 Section 302 Certification of Craig Howie 32.1 Section 906 Certification of Joseph V. Taranto and Craig Howie 101.INS **XBRL** Instance Document 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase

XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

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101.PRE

### Everest Re Group, Ltd.

### Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Everest Re Group, Ltd. (Registrant)

/S/ CRAIG HOWIE Craig Howie Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: November 12, 2013