HEARUSA INC Form 10-Q May 11, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended

March 27, 2010

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 001-11655

33407

HearUSA, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 22-2748248 (State of Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

1250 Northpoint Parkway, West Palm

Beach, Florida

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code (561) 478-8770

Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," and "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer "

Smaller reporting Company b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No b

On May 7, 2010, 45,447,645 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock were outstanding.

INDEX

		Page
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	_
Item 1.	Financial Statements:	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
	March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009	3
	Consolidated Statements of Operations	
	Three months ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009	4
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	
	Three months ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009	5
	No. of Carlot IE. 1100	
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition	
2.	and Results of Operations	19
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	28
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	29
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
PAKI II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 6.	Exhibits	30
	Signatures	32

Part I – Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

HearUSA, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

March 27,

2010

December 26,

	(D)	2010	1	2007
	(Do	llars in thous		
A CODETTO		share a	nounts	3)
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,531	\$	7,037
Short-term marketable securities		3,606		4,106
Accounts and notes receivable, less allowance for				
doubtful accounts of \$690 and \$616		4,816		5,554
Inventories		1,419		1,844
Prepaid expenses and other		445		464
Total current assets		13,817		19,005
Property and equipment, net		3,658		4,021
Goodwill		51,527		51,495
Intangible assets, net		12,656		12,816
Deposits and other		709		731
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		3,247		3,245
Total Assets	\$	85,614	\$	91,313
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	6,987	\$	7,070
Accrued expenses		2,453		2,253
Accrued salaries and other compensation		3,339		3,520
Current maturities of long-term debt		5,791		5,983
Income taxes payable		-		1,974
Dividends payable		35		35
Total current liabilities		18,605		20,835
Long-term debt		34,814		36,139
Deferred income taxes		7,555		7,335
Total long-term liabilities		42,369		43,474
Commitments and contingencies		-		-
Stockholders' equity				
Preferred stock (aggregate liquidation preference \$2,330, \$1 par, 7,500,000 shares authorized)				
Series H Junior Participating (none outstanding)		_		_
Series J (233 shares outstanding)		_		_
Total preferred stock		_		_
Tom protested stock				

Edgar Filing: HEARUSA INC - Form 10-Q

Common stock: \$.10 par; 75,000,000 shares authorized 45,381,750 shares issued	4,538	4,538
Additional paid-in capital	138,081	137,863
Accumulated deficit	(117,638)	(114,982)
Treasury stock, at cost: 523,662 common shares	(2,485)	(2,485)
Total HearUSA, Inc. Stockholders' Equity	22,496	24,934
Noncontrolling interest	2,144	2,070
Total Stockholders' equity	24,640	27,004
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 85,614	\$ 91,313

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

HearUSA, Inc Consolidated Statements of Operations Three Months Ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009 (unaudited)

March 27, March 28, 2010 2009 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Net revenues Page 17,993 \$ 20,907 Services 1,600 1,815 Total net revenues 19,593 22,722 Operating costs and expenses 4,576 5,379 Hearing aids and other products 424 502 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) (1,395) 491 Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations
Services 1,600 1,815 Total net revenues 19,593 22,722 Operating costs and expenses 4 5,379 Hearing aids and other products 4,276 5,379 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. 1 685 Net loss
Total net revenues 19,593 22,722 Operating costs and expenses 4,576 5,379 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (2,20) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Operating costs and expenses Hearing aids and other products 4,576 5,379 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,54
Hearing aids and other products 4,576 5,379 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Hearing aids and other products 4,576 5,379 Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Services 424 502 Total cost of products sold and services excluding depreciation and amortization 5,000 5,881 Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Center operating expenses 11,402 11,786 General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
General and administrative expenses 4,016 4,014 Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Depreciation and amortization 570 550 Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Total operating costs and expenses 20,988 22,231 Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) 3 17 - Gain on foreign exchange 17 - - 1 - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - - - 1 -
Income (loss) from operations (1,395) 491 Non-operating income (expenses) Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Non-operating income (expenses) Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Non-operating income (expenses) Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Gain on foreign exchange 17 - Interest income 2 1 Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Interest expense (949) (1,337) Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense (2,325) (845) Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Income tax expense (220) (210) Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Loss from continuing operations (2,545) (1,055) Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Discontinued operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$41 in 2009 - 685 Net loss (2,545) (370)
Net loss (2,545) (370)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest (74)
Net loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc. (2,619)
Dividends on preferred stock (37)
Net loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc. common stockholders \$ (2,656) \$ (520)
(),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Loss from continuing operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. common
stockholders per common share – basic and diluted \$ (0.06) \$ (0.03)
Net loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc. common stockholders per common share –
basic and diluted $$$ (0.06) $$$ (0.01)

Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding – basic and diluted	44,865	44,818
Amounts attributable to HearUSA, Inc. common stockholders:		
Amounts attributable to frear OSA, file. common stockholders.		
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(2,619)	(1,170)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	-	685
Net loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc.	(2,619)	(485)
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements		
4		

HearUSA, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three Months Ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009 (unaudited)

	March 27, 2010 Dollars in	March 28, 2009 (sands)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (2,545)	\$ (370)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	570	648
Stock-based compensation	218	190
Gain on foreign exchange	(17)	-
Provision for doubtful accounts	121	147
Deferred income tax expense	220	251
Non-cash interest on notes payable and warrants	20	93
Principal payments on long-term debt made through rebate credits	(764)	(835)
Other	(2)	2
(Increase) decrease in:	· ´	
Accounts and notes receivable	618	93
Inventories	425	11
Prepaid expenses and other	40	(226)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,821)	2,694
Accrued salaries and other compensation	(182)	(280)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(3,099)	2,418
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(80)	(339)
Net proceeds from the sale of short-term marketable securities	500	-
Business acquisitions	-	(1,341)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	420	(1,680)
rect cash provided by (ased in) investing activities	120	(1,000)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	200	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,010)	(1,210)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(37)	(35)
Net cash used in financing activities	(847)	(1,245)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	20	38
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,506)	(469)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	7,037	3,553
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$ 3,531	\$ 3,084
1	,	,
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 155	\$ 156
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,923	\$ -

Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:

Principal payments on long-term debt made through rebate credits	\$ (764) \$	(835)
Interest payments on long-term debt made through rebate credits	\$ (825) \$	(1,085)
Issuance of notes payable in exchange for business acquisitions	\$ - \$	1,217
Issuance of capital lease in exchange for property and equipment	\$ - \$	254
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements		
5		

HearUSA, Inc Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended March 27, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 25, 2010. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 26, 2009.

1. Description of the Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

HearUSA Inc. ("HearUSA" or "the Company"), a Delaware corporation, was established in 1986. As of March 27, 2010, the Company has a network of 178 company-owned hearing care centers in eleven states. The Company also sponsors a network of approximately 2,000 credentialed audiology providers that participate in selected hearing benefit programs contracted by the Company with employer groups, health insurers and benefit sponsors in 49 states. The centers and the network providers provide audiological products and services for the hearing impaired. The Company is also the administrator of the American Association of Retired Persons ("AARP") Hearing Care program, designed to help members of AARP who have hearing loss. HearUSA is the only hearing care program endorsed by AARP. Under this program, the Company has agreed to provide to the members of AARP in the fifty states, the District of Columbia, and the five U.S. Territories, discounts on hearing aids and related services through the Company's company-owned centers and independent network of participating hearing care providers. Hearing aids sold under the program will come with a three year limited warranty and a three year supply of batteries included in the price of the hearing aid.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned and majority controlled subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period financial statement amounts to conform to the current presentation.

During the first quarters of 2010 and 2009, the Company's 50%-owned joint venture, HEARx West, LLC generated net income of approximately \$163,000 and \$230,000, respectively. Because the Company is the general manager of HEARx West and its day to day operations, the Company has significant control over the joint venture. Therefore, the accounts of HEARx West, LLC and its wholly owned subsidiary, HEARx West, Inc. are consolidated in these financial statements.

The Company's HEARx West joint venture partners are the Permanente Federation LLC and Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 810-10, "Consolidations" (see Note 4 - Noncontrolling Interest), the Company records 50% of the joint venture's net income (loss) as income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Company's consolidated statements of operations with a corresponding noncontrolling interest in stockholders' equity on its consolidated balance sheets. The Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009, and the Consolidated

Statements of Operations for the quarters ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009, reflect this guidance.

The Company sold the assets of Helix Hearing Care of America Corp. and the stock of 3371727 Canada Inc., both indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, on April 27, 2009 as discussed in Note 2.

Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interest per common share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS"), is computed by dividing net income or loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc. common stockholders by the weighted average of common shares outstanding for the period. Basic EPS from continuing operations is computed by dividing income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc.'s common stockholders, by the weighted average of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock (warrants to purchase common stock, restricted stock units and options) were exercised or converted into common stock. Potential common shares in the diluted EPS computation are excluded where their effect would be antidilutive.

Common stock equivalents for outstanding options and warrants to purchase common stock, of approximately 1.6 million and 342,295, were excluded from the computation of earnings per share – diluted for the quarters ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009, respectively, because the loss from continuing operations attributable to HearUSA, Inc. would make them anti-dilutive. For purposes of computing net income/loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc. per common stockholder – basic and diluted, for the quarter ended March 28, 2009, the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding includes the effect of the 497,145 exchangeable shares of HEARx Canada, Inc., as if they were outstanding common stock of the Company. These exchangeable shares were exchanged for common stock of the Company in December 2009.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is defined to include all changes in equity except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 28, 2009 represents a foreign currency translation adjustment.

Components of comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Ended
]	March 27,	M	larch 28,
Dollars in thousands		2010		2009
Net loss for the period	\$	(2,545)	\$	(370)
Other comprehensive loss:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments		-		(230)
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(2,545)	\$	(600)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(74)		(115)
Comprehensive loss attributable to HearUSA, Inc	\$	(2,619)	\$	(715)

2. Discontinued Operations

On April 27, 2009, the Company sold the assets of Helix Hearing Care of America Corp. (the "Seller") and the stock of 3371727 Canada Inc. ("Canada"), both indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, to an unrelated company, for cash consideration of approximately \$23.1 million U.S. dollars, which resulted in a gain on sale of approximately \$931,000, net of applicable tax, for the year ended December 26, 2009. We incurred approximately \$524,000 of legal and financial advisory fees in connection with the sale, which are included in the net gain on sale. The Company repaid approximately \$8.1 million of Siemens debt from the proceeds of this transaction during 2009, as required

under the agreement with Siemens.

In connection with the sale, we agreed to provide certain transitional services to the purchaser for eighteen months pursuant to a support agreement. We believe the majority of services have already been provided. HearUSA agreed to provide training, installation and support services for eighteen months in exchange for monthly payments totaling approximately \$1.2 million and transition support services for up to nine months for quarterly payments totaling approximately \$331,000. Pursuant to a separate agreement between HearUSA and a third party, HearUSA sold the right to the approximately \$1.2 million to be received over eighteen months under the support agreement in exchange for a lump-sum payment of approximately \$1.1 million at the closing of the asset sale. The fees earned from these services are accounted for as contract service revenues, as the services are provided. Approximately \$286,000 was recorded as contract service revenue in the first quarter of 2010.

HearUSA, Inc Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

As a result of the sale, the operations of the Canadian division have been discontinued and, accordingly, these operating results are segregated and reported as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Canadian division's results of operations for the quarter ended March 28, 2009 were as follows:

	Three Month Ended	
		h 28, 2009
(Dollars in thousands)		
Revenue	\$	3,354
Cost and expenses		2,628
•		
Income before provision of income taxes	\$	726
•		
Income tax expense		41
•		
Income from discontinued operations	\$	685
-		
Income from discontinued operations – basic and diluted	\$	0.02

3. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

Dollars in thousands	M	larch 27, 2010	Dec	2009
Notes payable to Siemens				
Tranche B	\$	4,413	\$	4,387
Tranche C		30,281		30,870
Total notes payable to Siemens		34,694		35,257
Notes payable from business acquisitions and other		5,911		6,865
		40,605		42,122
Less current maturities		5,791		5,983
	\$	34,814	\$	36,139

The approximate aggregate maturities of principal on long-term debt obligations, net of discounts are as follows (dollars in thousands):

For the twelve months ended March:

2011	\$ 5,965
2012	4,448

2013	2,879
2014	2,484
2015 and thereafter	25,069

HearUSA, Inc Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Notes payable to Siemens

The Company has entered into credit, supply, investor rights and security agreements with Siemens Hearing Instruments, Inc. ("Siemens"). The term of the current agreements extends to February 2015.

Pursuant to these agreements, Siemens has extended to the Company a \$50 million credit facility and the Company has agreed to purchase at least 90% of its hearing aid purchases from Siemens and its affiliates. If the 90% minimum purchase requirement is met, the Company earns rebates which are then used to liquidate principal and interest payments due under the credit agreement.

Amended Credit Agreement

The credit agreement, as amended in December 2008, includes a revolving credit facility of \$50 million that bears interest at 9.5%, matures in February 2015 and is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets. Amounts available to be borrowed under the credit facility are to be used solely for acquisitions unless otherwise approved by Siemens. Borrowings under the credit facility are accessed through Tranche B and Tranche C. Borrowing for acquisitions under Tranche B is generally based upon a formula equal to 1/3 of 70% of the acquisition target's trailing 12 months revenues, and any amount greater than that may be borrowed under Tranche C with Siemens' approval. Principal borrowed under Tranche B was repaid quarterly at a rate of \$65 per Siemens unit purchased by the acquired businesses through September 2009. In October 2009, the parties agreed to reduce the rebate to a rate of \$50, per Siemens' unit purchased by the acquired businesses in exchange for more favorable pricing. Principal borrowed under Tranche C is repaid at \$500,000 per quarter. The required quarterly principal and interest payments on Tranches B and C are forgiven by Siemens through rebate credits of similar amounts as long as 90% of hearing aid units purchased by the Company are Siemens' products. Amounts not forgiven through rebate credits are payable in cash each quarter. The Company has met the minimum purchase requirements of the arrangement since inception of the arrangement with Siemens.

The credit agreement requires that the Company reduce the principal balance by making annual payments in an amount equal to 20% of Excess Cash Flow (as defined in the credit agreement), and by paying Siemens 50% of the proceeds of any net asset sales (as defined) and 25% of proceeds from any equity offerings the Company may complete. The Company did not have any Excess Cash Flow (as defined) in the first quarter of 2010 or fiscal 2009. In 2009 the Company paid Siemens approximately \$8.1 million of the proceeds received from the sale of the Company's Canadian operations in 2009.

The credit facility also imposes certain financial and other covenants on the Company which are customary for loans of this size and nature, including restrictions on the conduct of the Company's business, the incurrence of indebtedness, merger or sale of assets, the modification of material agreements, changes in capital structure and making certain payments. If the Company cannot maintain compliance with the covenants, Siemens may terminate future funding under the credit agreement and declare all then outstanding amounts under the agreement immediately due and payable. At March 27, 2010 the Company was in compliance with the Siemens loan covenants.

Amended Supply Agreement

The supply agreement as amended in December 2008 extends to February 2015 and requires the Company to purchase at least 90% of its hearing aid purchases from Siemens and its affiliates. The 90% requirement is computed on a

cumulative four consecutive quarters. The Company has met the minimum purchase requirements of the supply agreement since inception of the arrangement with Siemens. Approximately \$42.5 million has been rebated since the Company entered into this arrangement in December 2001.

Additional quarterly volume rebates of \$156,250, \$312,500 or \$468,750 can be earned by meeting certain quarterly volume tests. These rebates reduce the principal due on the credit facility. Additional volume rebates of \$156,250 were recorded in each of the first quarters of 2010 and 2009.

All rebates earned are accounted for as a reduction of cost of products sold.

The following table summarizes the rebate structure:

Calculation of Pro forma Rebates to HearUSA when at least 90% of
Units Purchased are from Siemens (1)
Quarterly Siemens Unit Sales Compared to Prior Years' Comparable Quarters

	90% but <			> 100% <	
	95%	95	5% to 100%	125%	125% and >
Acquisition rebate (2)	\$50/ unit		\$50/ unit	\$50/ unit	\$50/ unit
	Plus		Plus	Plus	Plus
Notes payable rebate	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Additional volume rebate	_		156,250	312,500	468,750
Interest forgiveness rebate (3)	1,187,500		1,187,500	1,187,500	1,187,500
-	\$ 1,687,500	\$	1,843,750	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,156,250

- (1) Calculated using trailing twelve month units purchased by the Company
- (2) Siemens units purchased by acquired businesses (\$65 per unit through September 2009 and \$50 per unit thereafter)
- (3) Assuming the \$50 million of the line of credit is fully utilized

The following table shows the rebates received from Siemens pursuant to the supply agreement during each of the following periods:

	Quarters Ended			
(Dollars in thousands)		March 27, 2010	M	farch 28, 2009
Portion applied against quarterly principal				
payments	\$	764	\$	835
Portion applied against quarterly interest				
payments		825		1,085
	\$	1,589	\$	1,920

The supply agreement may be terminated by either party upon a material breach of the agreement by the other party. In addition, HearUSA may terminate the supply agreement in the event Siemens acquires a business which is directly competitive to the business of the Company. Termination of the supply agreement or a material breach of the supply agreement may be deemed to be a breach of the credit agreement and Siemens would have the right to declare all amounts outstanding under the credit facility immediately due and payable. Termination of the supply agreement could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and continued operations.

Amended Investor Rights Agreement

Pursuant to the amended investor rights agreement, the Company granted Siemens:

•Resale registration rights covering the 6.4 million shares of common stock acquired by Siemens on December 23, 2008 under the Siemens Purchase Agreement. The Company completed the registration of these shares for resale in the second quarter of 2009.

HearUSA, Inc Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

- •Certain rights of first refusal in the event the Company chooses to issue equity or if there is a change of control transaction involving a person in the hearing aid industry for a period of 18 months following the December 23, 2008 amendment. Thereafter Siemens will have a more limited right of first refusal and preemptive rights for the term of the agreement.
- The rights to have a representative of Siemens attend meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company as a nonvoting observer.

A willful breach of the Company's resale registration obligations under the investor rights agreement may be deemed to be a breach of the credit agreement and Siemens would have the right to declare all amounts outstanding under the credit facility immediately due and payable.

Notes payable from business acquisitions and other

Notes payable from business acquisitions and other are primarily notes payable related to acquisitions of hearing care centers and total approximately \$5.1 million and \$5.9 million at March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009, respectively. They have a face value of \$5.3 million and \$6.2 million at March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009, respectively and are payable in monthly or quarterly installments of principal and interest varying from \$3,000 to \$83,000 over periods varying from two to five years, bearing interest at rates varying from 5% to 7%. The notes have been discounted using market rates ranging from 9.5% to 10%. The discount is being accreted over the term of the notes on an effective interest method. Accreted discount of \$54,000 and \$93,000 has been included in interest expense in the quarters ended March 27, 2010 and March 28, 2009.

Other notes payable relate mostly to capital leases totaling approximately \$856,000 and \$954,000 at March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009, respectively, payable in monthly or quarterly installments varying from \$400 to \$10,000 over periods varying from one to five years and bear interest at rates varying from 4.6% to 16.7%.

4. Noncontrolling Interest

The Company accounts and reports for noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries and the loss of control of subsidiaries under FASB ASC 810-10, "Consolidations." The guidance requires that: (1) a noncontrolling interest, previously referred to as minority interest, is to be reported as part of equity in the consolidated financial statements; (2) losses are to be allocated to a noncontrolling interest even when such allocation might result in a deficit balance, thereby reducing the losses attributed to the controlling interest; (3) changes in ownership interest are to be treated as equity transactions if control is maintained; (4) changes in ownership interest resulting in a gain or loss are to be recognized in earnings if control is gained or lost; and (5) in a business combination the noncontrolling interest's share of net assets acquired is to be recorded at fair value, plus its share of goodwill.

A reconciliation of noncontrolling interest of our subsidiary HEARx West, LLC for the quarter ended March 27, 2010 is as follows:

Amount (thousands)

Balance at December 26, 2009 \$ 2,070

Joint venture earnings	74
Dividends to joint venture	
partners	-
Balance at March 27, 2010	\$ 2,144

5. Fair Value

As of March 27, 2010 and December 26, 2009, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated at approximately \$40.6 million and \$43.3 million, respectively, based on discounted cash flows and the application of the fair value interest rates applied to the expected cash flows, which is consistent with its carrying value. The Company has determined that the long-term debt is defined as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information about the financial instrument.

The book values of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their respective fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. These are Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

The inputs used in measuring fair value into the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable;

Level Unobservable inputs in which little or no market activity exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing.

Assets or liabilities that have recurring fair value measurements are shown below as of March 27, 2010 (in thousands):

Description	tal as of n 27, 2010	Level 1	Level 2
Short-term marketable securities	\$ 3,606	\$ 3,606	\$ -
Warrant liability included in accounts payable	\$ 188	\$ -	\$ 188

The Company's short-term marketable securities primarily consist of money market mutual funds invested in U.S. treasury securities generally maturing in three months or less. These securities are classified as available for sale. There was no unrealized gain or loss as of or for the quarter ended March 27, 2010.

There are no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis during the first quarter of 2010.

The fair value of financial instruments represents the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, and therefore cannot be determined with precision. The assumptions used have a significant effect on the estimated amounts reported.

Effective December 28, 2008 we adopted guidance related to determining whether an instrument or embedded feature is indexed to an entity's own stock. This guidance applies to any freestanding financial instruments or embedded features that have the characteristics of a derivative and to any freestanding financial instruments that are potentially settled in an entity's own common stock. As a result of adopting this accounting guidance, outstanding common stock purchase warrants to purchase 200,000 common shares that were previously treated as equity pursuant to the

derivative treatment exemption, were no longer afforded equity treatment. These warrants have an exercise price of \$0.60 per share and expire on October 1, 2010. As such, effective December 28, 2008 we reclassified the fair value of these common stock purchase warrants, which have exercise price reset features, from equity to liability status as if these warrants were treated as a derivative liability since their date of issue in December 2003. On December 28, 2008, we reclassified from additional paid-in capital, as a cumulative effect adjustment, \$56,000 to beginning accumulated deficit and \$52,000 to a warrant liability to recognize the fair value of these warrants on such date. The fair value of these common stock purchase warrants decreased from \$222,000 as of December 26, 2009 to \$188,000 as of March 27, 2010. We recognized a gain of \$34,000 for the change in the fair value of these warrants for the quarter ended March 27, 2010.

These common stock purchase warrants were initially issued in connection with our December 2003 issuance of convertible debt, which was subsequently paid. The common stock purchase warrants were not issued with the intent of effectively hedging any future cash flow, fair value of any asset, liability or any net investment in a foreign operation. The warrants do not qualify for hedge accounting, and as such, all changes in the fair value of these warrants are recognized currently in earnings until such time as the warrants are exercised or expire.

These common stock purchase warrants do not trade in an active securities market, and as such, we estimate the fair value of these warrants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

	March 27,
	2010
Risk free interest rate	0.4%
Expected life in years	0.5
Expected volatility	54%

Expected volatility is based primarily on historical volatility. Historical volatility was computed using daily pricing observations for recent periods that correspond to the last twelve months. We believe this method produces an estimate that is representative of our expectations of future volatility over the expected term of these warrants. We currently have no reason to believe future volatility over the expected remaining life of these warrants is likely to differ materially from historical volatility. The expected life is based on the remaining term of the warrants. The risk-free interest rate is based on one year U.S. Treasury note rates.

6. Stock-based Compensation

Under the terms of the Company's equity compensation plans, officers, certain other employees and non-employee directors may be granted options to purchase the Company's common stock at a price equal to the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date the option is granted as well as restricted stock and restricted stock units. We recognize stock-based compensation expense based on the estimated grant date fair value using a Black-Scholes valuation model. Stock-based compensation expense is included in general and administrative expenses and totaled approximately \$218,000 and \$190,000 (of which approximately \$20,000 and \$13,000 relates to restricted stock units) in the first quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2010, the Company granted 433,750 options at an exercise price of \$1.35. These options vest ratably over the next four years.

The expected term of the options represents the estimated period of time from grant until exercise and is based on historical experience of similar awards, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and expectations of future employee behavior. Expected stock price volatility is based on historical volatility of our stock for a period of at least equal to the expected term. The risk-free interest rate is based on the implied yield available on United States Treasury zero-coupon issues with an equivalent remaining term. We have not paid dividends in the past and do not plan to pay any dividends in the foreseeable future.

Stock-based payment award activity

The following table provides additional information regarding options outstanding and options that were exercisable as of March 27, 2010 (options and intrinsic value in thousands):

			Weighted	
			Average	
			Remaining	
		Weighted	Contractual	
		Average	Term	Aggregate
	Shares	Exercise Price	(in years)	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 26, 2009	6,267	\$ 1.16		-
Granted	434	1.35		-
Exercised	-	-		-
Forfeited/expired/cancelled	(3)	5.48		-
Outstanding at March 27, 2010	6,698	\$ 1.17	6.03	\$ 2,867
Exercisable at March 27, 2010	4,338	\$ 1.15	4.50	\$ 1,968

The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying awards and the quoted price of our common stock for the options that were in-the-money at March 27, 2010. There was approximately \$2.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to share-based compensation under our stock award plans as of March 27, 2010. That cost is expected to be recognized over the remaining average life of 6 years as of March 27, 2010. At March 27, 2010, the aggregate intrinsic value of the employee and non-employee director options outstanding and exercisable was approximately \$2.9 million, of which \$166,000 is non-employee director aggregate intrinsic value.

A summary of the status and changes in our non-vested options related to our equity incentive plans as of and during the three months ended March 27, 2010 is presented below:

		Weighted
		Average
		Grant-
		Date
	Shares	Fair
	(in thousands)	Value
Non-vested at December 26,		
2009	2,152	\$ 1.10
Granted	434	1.14
Vested	(226)	0.53
Forfeited unvested	-	-
Non-vested at March 27,		
2010	2,360	\$ 1.20

Restricted stock units

The Company began granting restricted stock units pursuant to its 2002 Flexible Stock Plan and Amended and Restated 2007 Incentive Compensation Plan in 2008. Restricted stock units are awards that, upon vesting, will result in the delivery to the holder shares of the Company's common stock. Some restricted stock units are service based and vest ratably over a period of time, and some are performance-based and subject to forfeiture if certain performance criteria are not met.

In the first quarter of 2010, 318,750 performance-based restricted stock units were granted. The company did not record stock-based compensation for these awards in the first quarter of 2010 because it was not probable that the performance measurements would be met. No restricted stock units were granted in the first quarter of 2009.

Using the most probable award, the company recorded approximately \$20,000 and \$13,000 in stock-based compensation expense which is included in total stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$218,000 and \$190,000 in the first quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively.

A summary of the Company's restricted stock unit activity and related information for the quarter ended March 27, 2010 is as follows:

	Service-based	
	Restricted Stock Units	Performance-based
	(1)	Restricted Stock Units (1)
Outstanding Balance at December 26, 2009	91,000	190,000
Awarded	-	-
Vested	(45,500)	-
Forfeited/Expired/Cancelled	-	(3,000)
Outstanding at March 27, 2010	45,500	187,000

(1) Each stock unit represents the fair market value of one share of common stock.

The fair value of the 45,500 shares vested during 2010 was approximately \$41,000. The weighted average grant-date fair value per share for the restricted stock units was \$1.00 with a weighted average remaining contractual term of 2.0 years at March 27, 2010.

Segments

As the Company's business has changed the segments reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker have changed. The E-Commerce segment is no longer considered a separate segment of the Company and has been integrated into the Centers segment. The 2009 summary has been reclassified to reflect these changes.

The following operating segments represent identifiable components of the Company for which separate financial information is available. The following table represents key financial information for each of the Company's business segments, which include the operation and management of centers; and the establishment, maintenance and support of an affiliated network of independent providers. The centers offer people afflicted with hearing loss a complete range of services and products, including diagnostic audiological testing and the latest technology in hearing aids and listening devices to improve their quality of life. The network, unlike the Company-owned centers, is comprised of hearing care practices owned by independent audiologists. The network revenues are mainly derived from administrative fees paid by employer groups, health insurers and benefit sponsors to administer their benefit programs as well as maintain the affiliated provider network. Since the sale of the Company's Canadian operations in April 2009, all of the Company's business units are located in the United States.

The following is the Company's segment information:

Dollars in thousands

	Centers	Network	Corporate	Total
Hearing aids and other products revenues				
3 months ended March 27, 2010	\$ 17,980	\$ 13	\$ -	\$ 17,993
3 months ended March 28, 2009	\$ 20,907	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,907
Service revenues				
3 months ended March 27, 2010	\$ 1,156	\$ 156	\$ 288	\$ 1,600
3 months ended March 28, 2009	\$ 1,220	\$ 595	\$ -	\$ 1,815
Income (loss) from operations				
3 months ended March 27, 2010	\$ 3,011	\$ (546)	\$ (3,860)	\$ (1,395)
3 months ended March 28, 2009	\$ 4,328	\$ 315	\$ (4,152)	\$ 491
3 months ended March 27, 2010				
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 434	\$ 4	\$ 132	\$ 570
Total assets	\$ 66,017	\$ 897	\$ 18,700	\$ 85,614
Capital expenditures	\$ 51	-	\$ 29	\$ 80
3 months ended March 28, 2009				
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 412	\$ -	\$ 138	\$ 550
Total assets (1)	\$ 86,209	\$ 935	\$ 15,296	\$ 102,440
Capital expenditures	\$ 339	-	\$ -	\$ 339

(1) Includes assets disposed of in the sale of the Company's Canadian operations of approximately \$15.9 million (2) Amounts in 2009 were reclassified for purposes of reporting E-Commerce's integration into the Centers segment.

Hearing aids and other products revenues consisted of the following:

	Three mont	hs ended
	March 27,	March 28,
	2010	2009
Hearing aid revenues	96.6%	97.0%
Other products revenues	3.4%	3.0%

Services revenues consisted of the following:

	Three mont	hs ended
	March 27,	March 28,
	10	2009
Hearing aid repairs	49.0%	46.4%
Testing and other income	51.0%	53.6%

Income (loss) from operations at the segment level is computed before the following, the sum of which is included in the column "Corporate" as loss from operations:

	Three months ended March 27, March 28		
Dollars in thousands		2010	2009
Contract service revenue on Canadian support agreement	\$	(288) \$	-
General and administrative expense		4,016	4,014
Corporate depreciation and amortization		132	138
Corporate loss from operations	\$	3,860 \$	4,152

8. Liquidity

The Company used approximately \$3.1 million for operating activities during the quarter ended March 27, 2010 primarily as a result of the net loss of \$2.5 million and the payment of \$1.9 million in Canadian income taxes.

Cash, cash equivalents and short term marketable securities totaled approximately \$7.1 million as of March 27, 2010. Approximately \$2.5 million of the current maturities of long-term debt to Siemens may be repaid through rebate credits. During the quarter ended March 27, 2010, the Company has utilized approximately \$1.6 million in cash to pay the Siemens trade payables under accelerated terms to take advantage of trade discounts. The Siemens trade payables can convert to normal terms at the Company's option.

The Company believes that current cash and cash equivalents, cash generated at current net revenue levels and acquisition financing provided by its strategic partner, Siemens, will be sufficient to support the Company's operating and investing activities through the next twelve months. However, there can be no assurance that the Company can maintain compliance with the Siemens loan covenants, that net revenue levels will remain at or higher than current levels or that unexpected cash needs will not arise for which the cash, cash equivalents and cash flow from operations will be sufficient. In the event of a shortfall in cash, the Company might consider short-term debt, or additional equity or debt offerings. There can be no assurance however, that such financing will be available to the Company on favorable terms or at all. The Company also is continuing its aggressive cost controls.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06 "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" (ASU 2010-06"). ASU 2010-06 amends the guidance on fair value measurement disclosures to add new requirements for disclosures about transfers into and out of the Level 1 and 2 categories in the fair value measurement hierarchy, and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. The amended guidance also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The new requirements for disclosures and clarifications of existing disclosures were effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activities in Level 3 fair value measurements, which are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this amended guidance has not required significant additional disclosures by the Company.

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance for determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE"). In December 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-17, "Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities" ("ASU 2009-17"). ASU 2009-17 provides amendments to ASC 810 to reflect the revised guidance. The amendments in ASU 2009-17 replace the quantitative-based risks and rewards calculation for determining which reporting entity, if any, has a controlling financial interest in a VIE with an approach focused on identifying which reporting entity has the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (i) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or (ii) the right to receive benefits from the entity. The amendments in ASU 2009-17 also require additional disclosures about a reporting entity's involvement with VIEs. ASU 2009-17 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on our financial position and results of operations or require additional disclosures.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q and, in particular, this management's discussion and analysis contain or incorporate a number of forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Act of 1934. These statements include those relating to the Company's belief that current cash and cash equivalents, cash generated at current net revenue levels and acquisition financing provided by its strategic partner, Siemens, will be sufficient to support the Company's operating and investing activities through the next twelve months; that second quarter revenues will return to levels achieved in the third and fourth quarters of 2009; that HearUSA plans to roll out the AARP Hearing Care Program to its national network of more than 2,000 independent hearing care providers during the course of 2010; and that by the end of the year, the AARP program is expected to be available to 60 to 70 percent of the nearly 40 million AARP members across the nation by the end of the year. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry and markets in which we operate and management's beliefs and assumptions. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this report. The statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict, including those risks described in this report and in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2009 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

General

In the first quarter of 2010, the Company's revenues were impacted by changes to insurance and managed care contracts. HearUSA has over 400 provider agreements with health insurance companies and managed care organizations. The terms of most of these agreements are to be renegotiated annually, and these agreements may be terminated by either party, usually on 90 days or less notice at any time. Some of these insurance and managed care organizations decided to limit or eliminate hearing care benefits beginning in 2010 in anticipation of government spending cuts related to healthcare reform. As a result, the Company's revenues from insurance and managed care contracts decreased in the first quarter of 2010 compared to the first quarter of 2009. The Company implemented a number of plans and strategies to replace the revenues lost, including increased marketing to its existing insurance base and private pay customers. The Company also increased the marketing of the AARP program in Florida and New Jersey and expanded the program to HearUSA centers in New York, Massachusetts, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri, North Carolina and Pennsylvania on February 1, 2010. The AARP program was initially made available to AARP members in Florida and New Jersey on October 1, 2009.

These efforts helped recapture most of the lost insurance business by the end of the first quarter as March 2010 revenues were slightly below December and September 2009, the most recent comparable 5 week months. April 2010 revenues exceeded January 2010 by more than 18% and the Company expects second quarter 2010 revenues to return to the levels achieved in the third and fourth quarters of 2009.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended March 27, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 28, 2009

Revenues

Dollars in thousands

	2010	2009	Change	% Change
Hearing aids and other products	\$ 17,993	\$ 20,907	\$ (2,914)	(13.9)%
Services	1,600	1,815	(215)	(11.8)%
Total net revenues	\$ 19,593	\$ 22,722	\$ (3,129)	(13.8)%

The \$3.1 million or 13.8% decrease in net revenue from the first quarter 2009 is principally a result of a loss of revenue related to a number of insurance plans eliminating, changing or limiting their hearing care benefits. The Company implemented a number of plans and strategies to replace the revenues lost, including increased marketing to its existing insurance base and private pay customers. The Company also increased the marketing of the AARP program in Florida and New Jersey and expanded the program to HearUSA centers in New York, Massachusetts, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri, North Carolina and Pennsylvania on February 1, 2010. The AARP program was initially made available to AARP members in Florida and New Jersey on October 1, 2009.

These efforts helped recapture most of the lost insurance business by the end of the first quarter as March 2010 revenues were slightly below December and September 2009, the most recent comparable 5 week months. April 2010 revenues exceeded January 2010 by more than 18% and the Company expects second quarter 2010 revenues to return to the levels achieved in the third and fourth quarters of 2009.

Cost of Products Sold and Services

Dollars in thousands

	2010		2009		Change	%
Hearing aids and other products	\$ 4,576	\$	5,379	\$	(803)	(14.9)%
Services	424		502		(78)	(15.5)%
Total cost of products sold and services	\$ 5,000	\$	5,881	\$	(881)	(15.0)%
Percent of total net revenues	25.5%)	25.9%)	(0.4)%	(1.5)%

The cost of products sold includes the effect of rebate credits pursuant to our agreements with Siemens. The following table reflects the components of the rebate credits which are included in the above cost of products sold for hearing aids (see Note 3 – Long-term Debt, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein):

	2010		2009		Change	%
Rebates offsetting base required payments on Tranche C	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	-	-
Volume rebates used to reduce Tranche C principal	156		156		-	
Rebates offsetting required payments on Tranche B for						
purchases made by acquired centers	108		179		(71)	(39.7)%
Rebates offsetting interest on Tranches B and C	825		1,085		(260)	(24.0)%
Total rebate credits	\$ 1,589	\$	1,920	\$	(331)	(17.2)%
Percent of total net revenues	8.19	6	8.4%)	(0.3)%	(3.6)%

The \$71,000 reduction in volume rebates earned was due to a decrease in the rebates per unit from \$65 to \$50 and a decline in Siemens units purchased. The rebates per unit were decreased in exchange for better overall pricing. The \$260,000 decrease in interest forgiven is due to a decrease in Siemens indebtedness resulting from the repayment of approximately \$8.1 million from the proceeds of the sale of the Canadian operations in 2009. Cost of products sold as a percent of total net revenues before the impact of the Siemens rebate credits was 34.1% in the first quarter of 2010 compared to 34.3% in the first quarter of 2009.

Expenses

Dollars in thousands

	2010	2009	Change	%
Center operating expenses	\$ 11,402 \$	11,786 \$	(384)	(3.3)%
Percent of total net revenues	58.2%	51.9%	6.3%	12.1%
General and administrative expenses	\$ 4,016 \$	4,014 \$	2	-
Percent of total net revenues	20.5%	17.7%	2.8%	15.8%
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 570 \$	550 \$	20	3.6%
Percent of total net revenues	2.9%	2.4%	0.5%	20.8%

The \$384,000 decrease in center operating expenses in the first quarter of 2010 as compared with the first quarter of 2009 is primarily attributable to reductions of approximately \$477,000 in gross marketing costs, \$216,000 in staffing costs and \$154,000 in other center operating expenses. Incentive compensation also decreased by approximately \$126,000 as a result of the decline in revenues. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of approximately \$498,000 of costs related to our AARP program for payment of royalties, advertising and other costs. Total AARP costs in the first quarter of 2010 were approximately \$588,000.

General and administrative expenses in the first quarter of 2010 remained relatively unchanged from the first quarter of 2009.

Interest Expense

Dollars in thousands

	2010	2009	Change	%
Notes payable from business acquisitions and others (1)	\$ 124	\$ 252	\$ (128)	(50.8)%
Siemens Tranches B and C – interest forgiven (2)	825	1,085	(260)	(24.0)%
Total interest expense	\$ 949	\$ 1,337	\$ (388)	(29.0)%
	2010	2009	Change	%
Total cash interest expense (3)	\$ 103	\$ 158	\$ (55)	(34.8)%
Total non-cash interest expense (4)	846	1,179	(333)	(28.2)%
Total interest expense	\$ 949	\$ 1,337	\$ (388)	(29.0)%

- (1) Includes \$54,000 and \$94,000 in the first quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively, of non-cash interest expense related to recording of notes at their present value by discounting future payments to market rate of interest (see Note 3 Long-term Debt, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein) and \$34,000 reduction of non-cash interest expense in 2010 related to recording warrants at their estimated fair value.
- (2) The interest expense on Tranches B and C is forgiven by Siemens as long as the supply agreement minimum purchase requirements are met and a corresponding rebate credit is recorded in reduction of the cost of products sold (see Note 3 Long-term Debt, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Liquidity and Capital Resources, include herein).
- (3) Represents the sum of the cash interest portion paid on the notes payable for business acquisitions and others.
- (4) Represents the sum of the non-cash interest expense related to recording the notes payable for business acquisitions at their present value by discounting future payments to market rate of interest and interest on Siemens Tranches B and C offset by rebates.

The decrease in interest expense in the first quarter of 2010 is attributable to decreases in the Siemens loan balances following the repayment of approximately \$8.1 million from the proceeds of the sale of the Canadian operations in 2009 and approximately \$4 million in scheduled debt payments which were forgiven.

Income Taxes

The Company has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$47.4 million for U.S. income tax purposes. The Company has temporary differences between the financial statement and tax reporting arising primarily from differences in the amortization of intangible assets and goodwill and depreciation of fixed assets. The deferred tax assets for US income tax purposes have been offset by a valuation allowance because it was determined that these assets were not likely to be realized. During the first quarter of 2010, the Company recorded a deferred tax expense of approximately \$220,000 compared to approximately \$210,000 in the first quarter of 2009 related to the estimated deduction of tax deductible goodwill from its US operations. The deferred income tax expense was recorded because it cannot be offset by temporary differences as it relates to infinite-lived assets and the timing of reversing the liability is unknown. Deferred income tax expense will continue to be recorded until the tax deductible goodwill is fully amortized.

Net Income (Loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest

During the first quarter of 2010 and 2009, the Company's 50% owned joint venture, HEARx West, LLC generated net income of approximately \$163,000 and \$230,000, respectively. The Company records 50% of the venture's net income as net income attributable to noncontrolling interest in the income of a joint venture in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The net income attributable to noncontrolling interest for the first quarter of 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$74,000 and \$115,000, respectively.

Discontinued Operations

On April 27, 2009, the Company sold the assets of Helix Hearing Care of America Corp. and the stock of 3371727 Canada Inc., both indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, for cash consideration of approximately \$23.1 million U.S. dollars. This sale resulted in a gain on sale of approximately \$931,000, net of applicable tax, for the year ended December 26, 2009.

The Company had income from discontinued operations of \$685,000 during the first quarter of 2009.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Working Capital

The Company used approximately \$3.1 million for operating activities during the quarter ended March 27, 2010 primarily as a result of the net loss of \$2.5 million and the payment of \$1.9 million in Canadian income taxes.

Cash, cash equivalents and short term marketable securities totaled approximately \$7.1 million as of March 27, 2010. Approximately \$2.5 million of the current maturities of long-term debt to Siemens may be repaid through rebate credits. During the quarter ended March 27, 2010, the Company has utilized approximately \$1.6 million in cash to pay the Siemens trade payables under accelerated terms to take advantage of trade discounts. The Siemens trade payables can convert to normal terms at the Company's option.

Cash Flows

Net cash used by operating activities in the first quarter of 2010 was approximately \$3.1 million compared to cash provided by operating activities of approximately \$2.4 million in the first quarter of 2009. The \$3.1 million used in 2010 includes the impact of payment of the Siemens trade payables on 30 day terms which began in late 2009. The 30 day reduction in terms allowed the Company to earn early payment discounts but decreased cash flow by

approximately \$1.6 million. The Company can return to 60 day terms at anytime.

During the first quarter of 2010, cash of approximately \$80,000 was used to purchase equipment and software and \$500,000 of cash was provided by the net proceeds from the sale of marketable securities.

In the first quarter of 2010, proceeds of approximately \$200,000 were received from the issuance of long-term debt and subsequently used to complete an acquisition of centers in May 2010. Funds of approximately \$1.0 million were used to repay long-term debt.

The Company believes that current cash and cash equivalents, cash generated at current net revenue levels and acquisition financing provided by its strategic partner, Siemens, will be sufficient to support the Company's operating and investing activities through the next twelve months. However, there can be no assurance that the Company can maintain compliance with the Siemens loan covenants, that net revenue levels will remain at or higher than current levels or that unexpected cash needs will not arise for which the cash, cash equivalents and cash flow from operations will be sufficient. In the event of a shortfall in cash, the Company might consider short-term debt, or additional equity or debt offerings. There can be no assurance however, that such financing will be available to the Company on favorable terms or at all. The Company also is continuing its aggressive cost controls.

Contractual Obligations

Below is a chart setting forth the Company's contractual cash payment obligations, which have been aggregated to facilitate a basic understanding of the Company's liquidity as of March 27, 2010.

	Payments due by period (000's)								
				Less					More
				than 1		1 - 3	4 - 5		Than 5
Contractual obligations		Total		year		years	Years		years
	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
Long-term debt (1 and 3)		40,845		5,965		7,327	27,553		-
Subtotal of obligations recorded on balance									
sheet		40,845		5,965		7,327	27,553		-
Interest to be paid on long-term debt (2 and 3)		13,868		3,498		5,812	4,558		-
Operating leases		16,000		6,249		6,403	2,706		642
Employment agreements		3,923		1,904		2,019	-		-
Purchase obligations (4)		3,141		1,324		1,817	-		-
Total contractual cash obligations		77,777		18,940		23,378	34,817		642

- (1) Approximately \$34.7 million can be repaid through rebate credits from Siemens, including \$2.5 million in less than 1 year and \$4.8 million in years 1-3 and \$27.4 million in years 4-5.
- (2) Interest on long-term debt includes the interest on Tranches B and C that can be repaid through rebate credits from Siemens, including \$3.2 million in less than 1 year and \$5.7 million in years 1-3 and \$4.6 million in years 4-5. Interest repaid through preferred pricing reductions was \$825,000 in the first quarter of 2010. (See Note 3 Long-Term Debt, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein).
- (3) Principal and interest payments on long-term debt is based on cash payments and not the fair value of the discounted notes (See Note 3 Long-Term Debt, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.)
- (4) Purchase obligations includes the contractual commitment for AARP campaigns to educate and promote hearing loss awareness and prevention and the contractual commitment to AARP for public marketing funds for the AARP Health Care Options General Program, including \$900,000 in less than 1 year.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management believes the following critical accounting policies affect the significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Goodwill

The Company evaluates goodwill and certain intangible assets with indefinite lives not being amortized for impairment annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. Indicators at the Company include but are not limited to: sustained operating losses or a trend of poor operating performance, a decrease in the company's market capitalization below its book value and an expectation that a reporting unit will be sold or otherwise disposed of. If one or more indicators of impairment exist, the Company performs an evaluation to identify potential impairments. If impairment is identified, the Company measures and records the amount of impairment losses. The Company performs this annual analysis on the first day of its fourth quarter.

A two-step impairment test is performed on goodwill. In order to do this, management applied judgment in determining its "reporting units", which represent distinct parts of the Company's business. As of March 27, 2010, the reporting units determined by management are the centers and the network. The definition of the reporting units affects the Company's goodwill impairment assessments. In the first step, the Company compares the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. Calculating the fair value of the reporting units requires significant estimates and long-term assumptions. The Company utilized an independent appraisal firm to test goodwill for impairment as of the first day of the Company's fourth quarter during 2009 and 2008, and each of these tests indicated no impairment. The Company estimates the fair value of its reporting units by applying a weighted average of two methods: quoted market price and discounted cash flow.

If the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, additional steps are required to calculate an impairment charge. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying value of the goodwill. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The implied fair value of goodwill is the fair value of the reporting unit allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of that unit as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination and the fair value of the reporting unit was the purchase price paid to acquire the reporting unit. Significant changes in key assumptions about the business and its prospects, or changes in market conditions, stock price, interest rates or other externalities, could result in an impairment charge.

Judgments regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on legal factors, market conditions and operational performance of the acquired businesses. Future events could cause us to conclude that impairment indicators exist and that goodwill associated with the acquired businesses is impaired. Additionally, as the valuation of identifiable goodwill requires significant estimates and judgment about future performance, cash flows and fair value, our future results could be affected if these current estimates of future performance and fair value change. Any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

Revenue recognition

HearUSA has company-owned centers in its core markets and a network of affiliated providers who provide products and services to customers that are located outside its core markets. HearUSA enters into provider agreements with benefit providers (third party payors such as insurance companies, managed care companies, employer groups, etc.) under (a) a discount arrangement on products and service; (b) a fee for service arrangement; and (c) a per capita basis or capitation arrangement, which is a fixed per member per month fee received from the benefit providers.

All contracts are for one calendar year and are usually cancelable with ninety days or less notice by either party. Under the discount arrangements, the Company provides the products and services to the eligible members of a benefit provider at a pre-determined discount or customary price and the member pays the Company directly for the products and services. Under the fee for service arrangements, the Company provides the products and services to the eligible members at its customary price less the benefit they are allowed (a specific dollar amount), which the member pays directly to the Company. The Company then bills the benefit provider the agreed upon benefit for the service.

Under the capitation agreements, the Company agrees with the benefit provider to provide their eligible members with a pre-determined discount. Revenue under capitation agreements is derived from the sales of products and services to members of the plan and from a capitation fee paid to the Company by the benefit provider at the beginning of each month. The members that are purchasing products and services pay the customary price less the pre-determined discount. This revenue from the sales of products to these members is recorded at the customary price less applicable discount in the period that the product is delivered. The direct expenses consisting primarily of the cost of goods sold and commissions on sales are recorded in the same period. Other indirect operating expenses are recorded in the period which they are incurred.

The capitation fee revenue is calculated based on the total members in the benefit provider's plan at the beginning of each month and is non-refundable. Only a small percentage of these members may ever purchase product or services from the Company. The capitation fee revenue is earned as a result of agreeing to provide services to members without regard to the actual amount of service provided. That revenue is recorded monthly in the period that the Company has agreed to see any eligible members.

The Company records each transaction at its customary price for the three types of arrangements, less any applicable discounts from the arrangements in the center business segment. The products sold are recorded under the hearing aids and other products line item and the services are recorded under the service line item on the consolidated statement of operations. Revenue and expense are recorded when the product has been delivered, net of an estimate for return allowances. Revenue and expense from services and repairs are recorded when the services or repairs have been performed. Capitation revenue is recorded as revenue from hearing aids since it relates to the discount given to the members.

Revenues are considered earned by the Company at the time delivery of product or services have been provided to its customers (when the Company is entitled to the benefits of the revenues).

When the arrangements are related to members of benefit providers that are located outside the Company-owned centers' territories, the revenues generated under these arrangements are included under the network business segment. The Company records a receivable for the amounts due from the benefit providers and a payable for the amounts owed to the affiliated providers. The Company only pays the affiliated provider when the funds are received from the benefit provider. The Company records revenue equal to the minimal fee for processing and administrative fees. The costs associated with these services are operating costs, mostly for the labor of the network support staff and are recorded when incurred.

No contract costs are capitalized by the Company.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Certain of the accounts receivable of the Company are from health insurance and managed care organizations and government agencies. These organizations could take up to nine months before paying a claim made by the Company and also impose a limit on the time the claim can be billed. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated uncollectible amounts. That estimate is based on historical collection experience,

current economic and market conditions, and a review of the current status of each customer's trade accounts receivable.

In order to calculate that allowance, the Company first identifies any known uncollectible amounts in its accounts receivable listing and charges them against the allowance for doubtful accounts. Then a specific percent per plan and per aging categories is applied against the remaining receivables to estimate the needed allowance. Any change in the percent assumptions per plan and aging categories results in a change in the allowance for doubtful accounts. For example, an increase of 10% in the percent applied against the remaining receivables would increase the allowance for doubtful accounts by approximately \$41,000.

Sales returns

The Company offers all its customers a full 30-day return period or the return period applicable to state guidelines. For patients who participate in the family hearing counseling program, the return period is extended to 60 days. Under the AARP program, patients who are members of AARP have a return period of 90 days if the patient is dissatisfied with the product. The Company calculates its allowance for returns using estimates based upon actual historical returns. The cost of the hearing aid is reimbursed to the Company by the manufacturer.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets are subject to a review for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. If the future undiscounted cash flows generated by an asset or asset group is less than its carrying amount, it is considered to be impaired and would be written down to its fair value. Currently we have not experienced any events that would indicate a potential impairment of these assets, but if circumstances change we could be required to record a loss for the impairment of long-lived assets.

Stock-based compensation

Share-based payments are accounted for using fair value in accordance with applicable generally accepted accounting principles. To determine the fair value of our stock option awards, we use the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which requires management to apply judgment and make assumptions to determine the fair value of our awards. These assumptions include estimating the length of time employees will retain their vested stock options before exercising them (the "expected term"), the estimated volatility of the price of our common stock over the expected term and an estimate of the number of options that will ultimately be forfeited.

The expected term is based on historical experience of similar awards, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and expectations of future employee behavior. Expected stock price volatility is based on a historical volatility of our common stock for a period at least equal to the expected term. Estimated forfeitures are calculated based on historical experience. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect the estimate of the fair value of our share-based payments and the related amount recognized in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Income taxes

Income taxes are calculated using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the difference between the carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance is established against the deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred taxes may not be realized.

Both the calculation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities, as well as the decision to establish a valuation allowance requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Although we do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a material change in the estimates and assumptions used, if actual results are not consistent with the

estimates and assumptions, the balances of the deferred tax assets, liabilities and valuation allowance could be significantly different.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06 "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" (ASU 2010-06"). ASU 2010-06 amends the guidance on fair value measurement disclosures to add new requirements for disclosures about transfers into and out of the Level 1 and 2 categories in the fair value measurement hierarchy, and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. The amended guidance also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The new requirements for disclosures and clarifications of existing disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activities in Level 3 fair value measurements, which are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not require significant additional disclosures by the Company.

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance for determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE"). In December 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-17, "Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities" ("ASU 2009-17"). ASU 2009-17 provides amendments to ASC 810 to reflect the revised guidance. The amendments in ASU 2009-17 replace the quantitative-based risks and rewards calculation for determining which reporting entity, if any, has a controlling financial interest in a VIE with an approach focused on identifying which reporting entity has the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (i) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or (ii) the right to receive benefits from the entity. The amendments in ASU 2009-17 also require additional disclosures about a reporting entity's involvement with VIEs. ASU 2009-17 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on our financial position and results of operations or require additional disclosures.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

The Company does not engage in derivative transactions. Differences in the fair value of investment securities are not material; therefore, the related market risk is not significant. The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt. The following table presents the Company's financial instruments for which fair value and cash flows are subject to changing market interest rates:

Fixed Rate	Variable Rate 4.6% to	Total	
9.5%	16.7%		
Due February			
2015	Other		
\$	\$	\$	
(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	
(1,840)	(2,697)	(4,537)	
(2,442)	(2,479)	(4,921)	
(2,411)	(745)	(3,156)	
(2,364)	(188)	(2,552)	
(2,332)	(42)	(2,374)	
(23,305)	-	(23,305)	
(34,694)	(6,151)	(40,845)	
(34,694)	(5,911)	(40,605)	
	9.5% Due February 2015 \$ (000's) (1,840) (2,442) (2,411) (2,364) (2,332) (23,305) (34,694)	4.6% to 9.5% 16.7% Due February 2015 Other \$ \$ (000's) (000's) (1,840) (2,697) (2,442) (2,479) (2,411) (745) (2,364) (188) (2,332) (42) (23,305) - (34,694) (6,151)	

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act) as of March 27, 2010. The Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of March 27, 2010, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

No change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act) occurred during the fiscal quarter ended March 27, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits

2.1 Plan of Arrangement, including exchangeable share provisions (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.3 to the Company's Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-73022)). Restated Certificate of Incorporation of HEARx Ltd., including certain certificates of designations, 3.1 preferences and rights of certain preferred stock of the Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 17, 1996 (File No. 001-11655)). 3.2 Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1A to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 28, 1996 (File No. 001-11655)). Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation including one for ten reverse stock split and 3.3 reduction of authorized shares (incorporated herein to Exhibit 3.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-O for the period ending July 2, 1999 (File No. 001-11655)). Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation including an increase in authorized shares and 3.4 change of name (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 17, 2002 (File No. 001-11655)). 3.5 Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Company's 1999 Series H Junior Participating Preferred Stock (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 17, 1999 (File No. 001-11655)). Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Company's Special Voting Preferred Stock 3.6 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 19, 2002 (File No. 001-11655)). Amendment to Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Company's 1999 Series H 3.7 Junior Participating Preferred Stock (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 17, 2002 (File No. 001-11655)). Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Company's 1998-E Convertible Preferred 3.8 Stock (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed August 28, 2003 (File No. 001-11655)). 3.9 Amendment of Restated Certificate of Incorporation (increasing authorized capital) (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.9 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 26, 2004). 3.10 Amendment to Certificate of Designation of Series H Junior Participating Preferred Stock of HearUSA, Inc. (increasing the number of authorized series H Shares (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 17, 2009)). Amended and Restated By-Laws of HearUSA, Inc. (effective October 16, 2009) (incorporated herein 3.11 by reference to the Company's Report Filed on Form 8-K, filed October 27, 2009). 4.1 Amended and Restated Rights Agreement, November 16, 2009 between the Company and American Stock Transfer and Trust Company LLC, as Rights Agent (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 17, 2009). Form of Support Agreement among HEARx Ltd., HEARx Canada, Inc. and HEARx Acquisition 4.2 ULC (incorporated herein by reference to Annex D in the Company's Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus on Form S-4 as filed May 28, 2002 (Reg No. 333-73022)). Form of 2003 Convertible Subordinated Note due November 30, 2008 (incorporated herein by 4.3

reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 31, 2003).

9.1	Form of Voting and Exchange Trust Agreement among HearUSA, Inc., HEARx Canada, Inc and HEARx Acquisition ULC and ComputerShare Trust Company of Canada (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 9.1Annex C in the Company's Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus on Form S-4 as filed May 28, 2002 (Reg. No. 333-73022)).
31.1	CEO Certification, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	CFO Certification, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	CEO and CFO Certification, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31	

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HearUSA Inc. (Registrant)

May 11, 2010

/s/Stephen J. Hansbrough Stephen J. Hansbrough Chairman and Chief Executive Officer HearUSA, Inc.

/s/Francisco Puñal Francisco Puñal Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer HearUSA, Inc.