

47 Discovery Suite 220

Irvine, CA 92618

(Address of principal executive offices - Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 949-525-4634

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: **NONE**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **Common Stock**

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

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As of November 16, 2015, there were 21,703,329 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements.****ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)**

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$602	\$2,255,784
Accounts receivable, net	988,595	1,754,893
Prepaid expenses	951,692	61,478
Total Current Assets	1,940,889	4,072,155
Furniture and fixtures, net	53,835	72,476
Intangible assets, net	6,190,605	8,018,170
Deposits	17,114	34,843
Total Assets	\$8,202,443	12,197,644
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$2,891,400	\$4,686,991
Convertible note payable, net	535,269	-
Derivative liability	711,959	-
Total Liabilities	4,138,628	4,686,991
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 21,703,329 and 13,869,771 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	21,703	13,866
Additional paid-in capital	52,287,054	47,669,503
Accumulated deficit	(48,244,942)	(40,172,716)
Total Stockholders' Equity	4,063,815	7,510,653
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$8,202,443	\$12,197,644

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$702,892	\$1,382,139	\$2,968,438	\$3,226,927
Cost of revenue	622,375	1,092,552	2,663,219	2,260,590
Gross Profit	80,517	289,587	305,219	966,337
Operating expenses:				
Legal and professional fees	250,690	290,704	1,107,235	598,991
Research and development	-	439,263	174,443	894,124
General and administrative expenses	605,795	1,153,669	6,984,577	2,732,160
Selling expenses	37,853	500,437	342,212	1,034,361
Depreciation and amortization	663,895	509,376	1,965,813	749,891
Stock compensation expense	560,291	1,000,695	2,275,388	1,661,797
Total operating expenses	2,118,524	3,894,144	12,849,668	7,671,324
Loss from operations	(2,038,007)	(3,604,557)	(12,544,449)	(6,704,987)
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(395,341)	(23,192)	(451,587)	(24,727)
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	75,494	6,680	-	(36,956)
Change in fair value of derivative liability	264,026	-	264,026	-
Reversal of previously accrued settlement	3,768,485	-	3,768,485	-
Other income	844,180	7,683	891,299	13,966
Total other income (expense)	4,556,844	(8,829)	4,472,223	(47,717)
Net income (loss)	\$2,518,837	\$(3,613,386)	\$(8,072,226)	\$(6,752,704)
Net income (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$0.13	\$(0.32)	\$(0.50)	\$(0.89)
Diluted	\$0.10	\$(0.32)	\$(0.50)	\$(0.89)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	19,119,831	11,419,744	16,237,814	7,593,080
Diluted	26,112,971	11,419,744	16,237,814	7,593,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance December 31, 2014	13,869,771	\$ 13,866	\$ 47,669,503	\$(40,172,716)	\$ 7,510,653
Shares issued for services	5,668,897	5,672	2,377,495	-	2,383,167
Shares issued for cash	2,164,661	2,165	1,997,835	-	2,000,000
Stock option expense	-	-	242,221	-	242,221
Net loss	-	-	-	(8,072,226)	(8,072,226)
Balance September 30, 2015	21,703,329	\$ 21,703	\$ 52,287,054	\$(48,244,942)	\$ 4,063,815

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the nine months ended, September 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(8,072,226)	\$(6,752,704)
Adjustments to reconcile from net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,965,813	749,891
Allowance for bad debts	278,572	83,589
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	36,956
Common stock issued for services/interest	2,383,167	2,059,513
Stock option expense	242,221	-
Amortization of debt discount	261,254	-
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(264,026)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	487,726	(1,189,131)
Prepaid expenses	(890,214)	2,415
Deposits	17,729	(54,675)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,795,591)	1,975,228
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,385,575)	(3,088,918)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,859)	(5,654)
Purchases and development of intangibles	(114,747)	(125,258)
Net cash used in investing activities	(119,607)	(130,912)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from convertible note payable	1,250,000	-
Repayments of convertible note payable	-	(275,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	2,000,000	7,280,874
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,250,000	7,005,874
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(2,255,182)	3,786,044
Cash, beginning of period	2,255,784	22,188
Cash, end of period	\$602	\$3,808,232
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$90,333	\$24,727
Income taxes	\$-	\$-
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Increase in prepaid common stock compensation	\$-	\$346,667
Common stock issued to settle accounts payable	\$-	\$106,879

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Issuance of common stock for repayment of convertible note payable	\$-	\$105,000
Common stock issued for merger/acquisition consideration	\$-	\$15,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Business

Adaptive Medias, Inc., formerly known as “Mimvi, Inc.” and prior to that as “Fashion Net, Inc.” (“Adaptive Medias” or the “Company”), was formed on August 7, 2007 under the laws of the State of Nevada. The Company, through its core content monetization platform and technology, provides app developers, publishers and video content developers one of the only end-to-end monetization platforms driven by programmatic algorithms. The Company provides these unique capabilities to monetize content efficiently across multiple marketing channels, including mobile, video and online display advertising.

Pursuant to votes of the majority of the Board of Directors and shareholders, effective on November 6, 2013, the Company changed its name to Adaptive Medias, Inc. in order to better and more fully demonstrate the Company’s emphasis on providing a supply-side platform for mobile, video and online display advertising. In connection with the name change, effective on November 6, 2013, the Company’s ticker symbol was changed to ADTM.

The Company is a programmatic audience and content monetization company for website owners, app developers and video publishers who want to more effectively optimize content through advertising. Adaptive Medias provides a foundation for publishers and developers looking to engage brand advertisers through a multi-channel approach that delivers integrated, engaging and impactful ads across multiple devices. The Company meets the needs of its publishers with an emphasis on maintaining user experience, while delivering timely and relevant ads through its multi-channel ad delivery and content platform.

Media Graph Transaction

On July 15, 2014, the Company executed a Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”), effective June 30, 2014, with OneScreen, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“OneScreen”), Media Graph, Inc., a Nevada corporation and OneScreen’s spun-off former subsidiary (“Media Graph”), and the shareholders of Media Graph (the “Selling Shareholders”) whereby the Company acquired certain assets of OneScreen, which immediately prior thereto were held by Media Graph, in exchange for 5,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “Acquisition”). On July 15, 2014, the parties to the Agreement executed the First Amendment to the Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Amendment”), which (i) amended the

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effective date of the Agreement to July 15, 2014, (ii) limited the scope of Section 5.04 of the Agreement to apply only to the Restricted Selling Shareholders, as defined in the Amendment, and (iii) added the Selling Shareholders as a signatory to the Agreement.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition and the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of net assets acquired:

Fixed assets	\$82,112
Intangibles	6,320,000
Goodwill	8,597,888
Total purchase price allocated	\$15,000,000

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations.

On April 14, 2014, the shareholders of the Company authorized its Board of Directors to effectuate a reverse stock split, in the Board's discretion (the "Reverse Stock Split"), which was ultimately declared effective by the Board of Directors as of the close of business on July 14, 2014. As a result of the Reverse Stock Split, every thirty (30) issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock was changed and converted into one (1) share of common stock. Following the Reverse Stock Split, the Company continues to have 300,000,000 shares of common stock authorized for issuance, but the number of outstanding shares of the Company's common stock was reduced from 192,364,735 shares to 6,412,225 shares. As required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 260-10-55-12 "*Earnings per Share*" all share and per-share computations presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements are based on the new number of shares after the Reverse Stock Split.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, have been made. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Going Concern

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not yet established an ongoing source of revenue sufficient to cover its operating costs and allow it to continue as a going concern. As of September 30, 2015, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$48,244,942. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company obtaining adequate capital to fund operating losses until it becomes profitable. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, it could be forced to cease or reduce its operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. The Company will continue to raise funds through the sale of its equity securities or issuance of notes payable to obtain additional operating capital. The Company is dependent upon its ability, and will continue to attempt, to secure additional equity and/or debt financing until the Company can earn revenue and realize positive cash flow from its operations. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in earning revenue and realizing positive cash flow from its operations. Without sufficient financing it would be unlikely that the Company will continue as a going concern.

Based on the Company's current rate of cash outflows, cash on hand and proceeds from the prior sale of equity securities and issuance of convertible notes, management believes that its current cash will not be sufficient to meet the anticipated cash needs for working capital for the next 12 months. The Company's plans with respect to its liquidity issues include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1) Continue to issue restricted stock for compensation due to consultants and for its legacy accounts payable in lieu of cash payments; and
Seek additional capital in the public equity markets to continue its operations as it rolls out its current products in development, responds to competitive pressures, develops new products and services, and supports new strategic
- 2) partnerships. The Company is currently evaluating additional debt or equity financing opportunities and may execute them when appropriate. However, there can be no assurances that the Company can consummate such a transaction, or consummate a transaction at favorable pricing.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plans described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing and achieve profitable operations. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to amounts in prior periods to conform to the current period presentation. All reclassifications have been applied consistently to the periods presented.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when earned and related costs of sales and expenses when incurred. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 605-10-599, *Revenue Recognition, Overall, SEC Materials* ("Section 605-10-599"). Section 605-10-599 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services rendered; (3) the fee is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Cost of revenue consists of the cost of the purchased goods and labor related to the corresponding sales transaction. When a right of return exists, the Company defers revenues until the right of return expires. The Company recognizes revenue from services at the time the services are completed.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets consisting of websites, customer lists, content and publisher relationships, developed technology and trade names are stated at cost. Expenditures of costs incurred to renew or extend the term of a recognized intangible asset and materially extend the useful life are capitalized. When assets are sold or otherwise written off due to asset impairment, the cost and the related accumulated amortization are removed from the accounts and any realized gain or loss is recognized at that time. Useful lives of intangible assets are periodically evaluated for reasonableness and the assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may no longer be recoverable.

Internal Use Software Development Costs

The Company incurs costs to develop software for internal use. The Company expenses all costs that relate to the planning and post implementation phases of development as research and development expense. The Company capitalizes costs when preliminary efforts are successfully completed, management has authorized and committed project funding, and it is probable that the project will be completed and will be used as intended. Costs incurred for enhancements that are expected to result in additional material functionality are capitalized. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company capitalized \$10,180 and \$114,747, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company capitalized \$96,086 and \$125,258, respectively.

Amortization commences when the software for internal use is ready for its intended use and the amortization period is the estimated useful life of the related asset, which is generally two to three years. Amortization expense totaled \$32,848 and \$92,953 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Amortization expense totaled \$4,739 and \$5,286 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Convertible Debt and Warrants Issued with Convertible Debt

Convertible debt is accounted for under the guidelines established by FASB ASC Topic 470, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options* and FASB ASC Topic 740, *Beneficial Conversion Features*. The Company records a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF") when convertible debt is issued with conversion features at fixed or adjustable rates that are below the market value when issued. If, however, the conversion feature is dependent upon a condition being met or the occurrence of a specific event, the BCF will be recorded when the related contingency is met or occurs. The BCF for the convertible instrument is recorded as a reduction, or discount, to the carrying amount of the convertible instrument equal to the fair value of the conversion feature. The discount is then amortized to interest expense over the life of the underlying debt using the effective interest method.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company calculates the fair value of warrants issued with the convertible instruments according to ASC 815. The Company recorded a derivative liability and valued the warrant using a multi-nomial model. The allocated fair value is recorded as a debt discount or premium and is amortized over the expected term of the convertible debt to interest expense. For a conversion price change of a convertible debt issue, the additional intrinsic value of the debt conversion feature, calculated as the number of additional shares issuable due to a conversion price change multiplied by the previous conversion price, and is recorded as an additional debt discount and amortized over the remaining life of the debt.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We utilize ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure, for valuing financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis. Fair value is defined as the exit price, or the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. The guidance also establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of our Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect our Company's assumptions about the factors market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. The guidance establishes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1. Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2. Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3. Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The following is a summary of financial instruments as of September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Balance at December 31, 2014	-	-	-
Valuation of derivative liability due to issuance of warrants attached to convertible notes	-	-	975,985
Change in fair value	-	-	(264,026)
Balance at September 30, 2015	-	-	711,959

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board jointly issued ASU No. 2014-9, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue and develops a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. The ASU, as amended, is effective for public entities for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is not permitted under U.S. GAAP and retrospective application is permitted, but not required. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statement-Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*, which provides guidance under U.S. GAAP about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. In doing so, the amendments should reduce diversity in the timing and content of footnote disclosures. The ASU is effective for all entities and for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU No. 2014-15 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 3 – Intangible Assets**

The following table summarizes the intangible assets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Websites	\$11,297	\$11,297
Customer lists	306,505	306,505
Developed technology	4,997,781	4,883,034
Trade names	85,607	85,607
	5,401,190	5,286,443
Less: accumulated amortization	\$(3,608,549)	\$(1,666,237)
Identifiable intangibles, net	1,792,641	3,620,206
Goodwill	4,397,964	4,397,964
Intangible assets, net	\$6,190,605	\$8,018,170

For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the amortization of intangible assets was \$652,340 and \$498,079, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the amortization of intangible assets was \$1,942,312 and \$737,373, respectively.

Note 4 – Income Taxes

The Company had net operating loss carryforwards (“NOLs”) as of December 31, 2014 of approximately \$35.5 million for federal tax purposes and approximately \$34.7 million for state tax purposes, portions of which are expiring at various years through 2034. The Company may be able to utilize its NOLs to reduce future federal and state income tax liabilities. However, these NOLs are subject to various limitations under Internal Revenue Code (“IRC”) Section 382. IRC Section 382 limits the use of NOLs to the extent there has been an ownership change of more than 50 percentage points. In addition, the NOL carryforwards are subject to examination by the taxing authority and could be adjusted or disallowed due to such exams. Although the Company has not undergone an IRC Section 382 analysis, it

is possible that the utilization of the NOLs could be significantly limited. No provision for income taxes has been recorded during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 due to the losses incurred or NOLs available to offset any taxable income.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 – Notes Payable

As of September 30, 2015, there were no outstanding notes payable. On February 10, 2014, the Company settled all obligations under a previously issued convertible note payable and cancelled the 133,334 warrants in exchange for: (i) the conversion of \$105,000 of note principal at \$2.25 per share, for a total of 46,667 shares of Company common stock, pursuant to the terms of the convertible note; and (ii) a cash payment of \$275,000. The terms of this settlement were memorialized in the Settlement and General Release Agreement. This agreement settled all outstanding obligations with the note holder. In connection with this transaction, the Company recognized a loss on the settlement of the debt in the amount of \$79,014 in its operating results for the period ending September 30, 2014.

Issuance and Repayments of Convertible Promissory Notes

On July 14, 2015, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with John Strong, the Company's current Chief Executive Officer, in the amount of \$100,000. The principal amount plus 5% interest was to be repaid by July 28, 2015. A default provision is included in the note to which the holder may elect to convert the entire unpaid balance including interest into the Company's common stock at a rate equal to 50% of the closing bid price for the trading day immediately preceding the date of the conversion. The Company made payments on July 28, 2015 and August 13, 2015, in full satisfaction of the note.

On July 14th, 2015, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with John Strong in the amount of \$100,000. The principal amount plus 10% interest was to be repaid by September 12th, 2015. A default provision is included in the note to which the holder may elect to convert the entire unpaid balance including interest into the Company's common stock at a rate equal to 50% of the closing bid price for the trading day immediately preceding the date of the conversion. The Company made payment on September 11, 2015 in full satisfaction of the note.

In September 2015, the Company raised \$1,250,000 in gross proceeds from the sale of a discount convertible debenture offering in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,470,588 with a maturity date of September 4, 2016. The noteholders also received warrants to purchase 3,676,470 shares of common Stock, exercisable at \$.50 per share through September 3, 2020. The placement agent received \$100,000 in cash. The total principal amount of the debentures is issued with a 117.65% premium to the purchase price. The debentures have a maturity date of September 3, 2016, until which the debentures may be convertible any time into shares of the Company's common

stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.30 per share.

The holders of these discount convertible debentures also received warrants to purchase an aggregate of 3,676,470 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, for an exercise price of \$0.50 per share for a period of five (5) years beginning March 3, 2016, or six (6) months from the date of issuance. At any time while these warrants are outstanding, the Company shall sell or grant any option to purchase, or sell or grant any right to reprice, reset, "ratchet down" be entitled to receive shares of Common Stock at an effective price per share that is less than the Exercise Price. According to ASC 815, the Company recorded a derivative liability and valued the warrant using a multi-nomial model. The following were used to determine to the value: volatility of 168.71%, risk free rate of .28%. The Company valued the warrants upon issuance for \$975,985, then revalued at September 30, 2015, which resulted in a gain of \$264,026. As of September 30, 2015, the derivative liability was \$711,959

Note 6 – Stockholders' Equity

Issuance of Common Stock

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company issued 5,668,897 shares of its common stock for to various employees and consultants in exchange for services rendered. The aggregate fair value of these issuances was \$2,383,167. Additionally, the Company issued and sold 2,164,661 shares of its common stock (including 981,229 shares related to anti-dilution clauses) to an accredited investor for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000. The total number of shares outstanding as of September 30, 2015 was 21,703,329.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company issued 694,626 shares of its common stock to various consultants in exchange for services rendered with an aggregate fair value of \$2,059,513. The Company also issued 46,667 shares of its common stock in connection with the settlement of a convertible note with a fair value of \$105,000 (see Note 5). Additionally, the Company issued and sold 3,239,780 shares of its common stock to several accredited investors for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,289,499. The Company also issued 5,000,000 share of its common stock in connection with the Media Graph transaction. Finally, in the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company issued 41,776 shares of its common stock for settlement of \$106,879 of accounts payable.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 – Warrants and Options

Stock Option Plans

The Company's shareholders approved the Company's 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2010 Plan") on November 2, 2010. The Plan provides for the grant of non-statutory or incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, and other stock-based awards to the Company's employees, Officers, Directors or consultants. The Company's Board of Directors administers the 2010 Plan, selects the individuals to whom options will be granted, determines the number of options to be granted, and the term and exercise price of each option. Stock options granted pursuant to the terms of the 2010 Plan generally cannot be granted with an exercise price of less than 100% of the fair market value on the date of the grant. The term of the options granted under the 2010 Plan cannot be greater than 10 years. Options vest at varying rates generally over three to five years along with performance based options.

In September 2013, the Company approved the increase in the number of shares issuable pursuant to the 2010 Plan to 15,000,000. In December 2013, the Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Amended and Restated 2010 Stock Incentive Plan which increased the number of shares issuable pursuant to the Plan by 15,000,000 to 30,000,000 shares. Both amendments were approved by the Company's shareholders. Upon completion of the Reverse Stock Split on April 14, 2014, the Company continues to have 30,000,000 shares issuable pursuant to the 2010 Plan.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, options for 1,058,770 shares had been granted, with 0 shares exercised, 122,849 shares were forfeited and cancelled and 1,477,977 remained outstanding at December 31, 2014 and 28,522,023 shares were available for future grant.

The following table reflects the option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

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	Common Shares	Average Exercise Price
Outstanding as of December 31, 2014	1,477,977	\$ 1.11
Granted	151,667	1.86
Exercised	(196,404)	0.49
Forfeited, cancelled, expired	(974,692)	0.72
Outstanding as of September 30, 2015	458,548	\$ 0.49

To value options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 3 years, average risk free interest rate of .99%, a dividend yield of 0% and a volatility of 338%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded stock option compensation expense of \$242,221.

As of September 30, 2015, 28,219,022 shares were available for future grants.

Warrants

The following table reflects warrant activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Warrants for Common Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2014	2,879,627	\$ 4.00
Granted	5,532,831	1.02
Exercised – cash	-	-
Exercised - cash-less exercise	-	-
Forfeited, cancelled, expired	(166,667)	0.50
Outstanding as of September 30, 2015	8,245,791	\$ 2.07

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 8 – Income (Loss) Per Share**

Net income (loss) per share is provided in accordance with FASB ASC 260-10, “*Earnings per Share*”. Basic net income (loss) per common share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average shares outstanding, assuming all dilutive potential common shares were issued, unless doing so is anti-dilutive. The numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted income (loss) per share are as follows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Numerator for income (loss) per share:				
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$2,518,837	\$(3,613,386)	\$(8,072,226)	\$(6,752,704)
Numerator for diluted income (loss) per share	\$2,518,837	\$(3,613,386)	\$(8,072,226)	\$(6,752,704)
Denominator for income (loss) per share:				
Weighted average common shares	19,119,831	11,419,744	16,237,814	7,593,080
Convertible note payable	4,901,960	-	-	-
Options	211,077	-	-	-
Warrants	1,880,103	-	-	-
Denominator for diluted income (loss) per share	26,112,971	11,419,744	16,237,814	7,593,080

The following shares are not included in the computation of diluted income (loss) per share, because their conversion prices exceeded the average market price or their inclusion would be anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Options	247,471	1,586,482	458,548	1,586,482
Warrants	6,365,688	2,879,627	8,245,791	2,879,627
Total anti-dilutive weighted average shares	6,613,159	4,466,109	8,704,339	4,466,109

If all dilutive securities had been exercised at September 30, 2015 the total number of common shares outstanding would be as follows:

Common Shares	21,703,329
Options	458,548
Warrants	8,245,791
Total potential shares	30,407,668

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 9 – Concentrations**

The following table reflects the concentration of revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Customer 1	19 %	0 %	9 %	0 %
Customer 2	15 %	0 %	7 %	0 %
Customer 3	13 %	0 %	8 %	0 %
Customer 4	12 %	4 %	10 %	2 %
Customer 5	1 %	20 %	5 %	20 %
Customer 6	0 %	15 %	7 %	13 %
Customer 7	0 %	15 %	2 %	8 %

Customers in excess of 10% or more as included in the table above represent \$513,260 and \$938,510 of gross accounts receivable as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 10 – Commitments and ContingenciesOffice Lease Agreements

On September 22, 2015 the Company signed a lease for office space in Irvine, California, and subsequently moved its operation to this location. This lease expires in September 2018 and carries a current monthly rent of approximately

\$5,350.

The Company is also still under lease for its previous office space in Irvine, California that expires in March 2017. The current monthly rent is approximately \$13,100. The Company plans to sublet this location in the near future.

Minimum Fees

On July 1, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase bandwidth for a period of 18 months with a total minimum amount of \$413,775 due. Under the agreement, the Company expensed \$209,186 during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Legal Proceedings

OneScreen, Inc. v. Patel, Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2014-00699812

OneScreen initiated the lawsuit against Atul Patel (“Mr. Patel”). Mr. Patel subsequently filed a cross-complaint asserting claims against numerous cross-defendants, including the Company. Mr. Patel asserted various claims in his Second Amended Cross-Complaint against the Company, including claims for conversion, fraudulent transfers, and successor liability. On October 21, 2015, the court heard the Company’s demurrer to Mr. Patel’s Second Amended Cross-Complaint. The court has taken the motion under submission, and it has not issued a formal ruling on the demurrer. The Company intends to vigorously defend against Mr. Patel’s claims.

AdOn Network, LLC v. OneScreen, Inc., et al., San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-14-542878

AdOn Network, LLC (“AdOn”) originally filed suit against OneScreen arising out of an alleged settlement agreement that OneScreen entered into with AdOn on March 14, 2014. AdOn asserts that OneScreen breached the settlement and asserts various contractual and quasi-contractual claims against OneScreen. AdOn is seeking damages in excess of \$590,000 along with attorneys’ fees and other remedies. In its First Amended Complaint, Plaintiff also sued the Company for successor liability for OneScreen’s alleged debts. The Company demurred to the First Amended Complaint, but the court denied the demurrer. The Company has answered the First Amended Complaint and intends to vigorously defend against the claims.

MeetMe, Inc. v. Beanstock Media, Inc., et al., Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas

On September 29, 2015, MeetMe, Inc. (“MeetMe”) filed suit against Beanstock Media, Inc. (“Beanstock”) and the Company. MeetMe asserts breach of contract claims regarding an alleged debt that it claims it is owed by Beanstock.

MeetMe also claims that the Company allegedly guaranteed Beanstock's debt through a subsequent agreement. The Company's deadline to respond to the Complaint is November 4, 2015 and it intends to vigorously defend against the claims.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Adaptive Medias, Inc. v. Jim Waltz, et al., Orange County Superior Court Case No. 30-2015-00812007-CU-FR-CJC

On September 28, 2015, the Company filed suit against former director Jim Waltz (“Mr. Waltz”), Beanstock and MeetMe, Inc. The Company asserts various claims relating to Mr. Waltz’ self-dealing as a director of the Company , including fraudulent conduct that resulted in Adaptive Medias paying and allegedly guaranteeing obligations incurred by Beanstock. Among other relief, the Company seeks to recover the monies that were paid to MeetMe, and it seeks to void and/or rescind the obligations Adaptive Medias allegedly incurred as a result of Mr. Waltz’ fraudulent conduct and breaches of his fiduciary duties. None of the defendants have yet responded to the Complaint.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

Rescission of Previously Announced and Accrued Settlement

On May 6, 2015, the Company entered into a Confidential Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the “Settlement”) with Gregg Templeton, pursuant to which the Company and Mr. Templeton agreed to mutually release one another from any and all obligations under previous consulting arrangements between the parties. Pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, in exchange for consulting services previously rendered to the Company, the Company's shall pay to Mr. Templeton (i) a cash fee in the amount of \$405,000; (ii) 318,343 shares of the Company's common stock; and (iii) a five-year warrant to purchase 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$3.00 per share. This settlement was authorized by two of three Board members and was accrued as of March 31, 2015. It was later determined that the settlement document itself was never signed by an officer of the Company and the Company has no intentions of settling this issue on the terms noted above. Further, the Chairman of the Board, being the only sitting Board member rescinded the Board authorization for this settlement on July 22, 2015. As a result of this rescission, the Company reversed \$3,768,485 as a component of “Other Income” in the accompanying statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 in the line item, “Reversal of previously accrued settlement”.

Reversals of Certain Liabilities

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During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company reversed certain legacy liabilities in the amount of \$658,000 that were carried over from the Mimvi transaction in 2013. Upon the Company's review, it was determined that these amounts did not represent valid liabilities. In addition, certain liabilities recorded in prior years in the amount of \$315,000 were determined to be invalid and were reversed. The aggregate of these reversals in the amount of \$973,000 were recorded as a component of "Other income" in the accompanying statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015.

ADAPTIVE MEDIAS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11 – Subsequent Events

The Company follows the guidance in FASB ASC Topic 855, *Subsequent Events* (“ASC 855”), which provides guidance to establish general standards of accounting for and disclosures of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the consolidated financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. FASB ASC Topic 855 sets forth (i) the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity evaluates events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements, (ii) the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its consolidated financial statements, and (iii) the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date.

The following subsequent events have occurred since September 30, 2015:

Loan transactions

On October 7, 2015, the Company entered into a short term note payable with John B. Strong, the Company’s CEO, in exchange for \$75,000. The note bears interest at 6% per annum and is due and payable on January 7, 2016.

On October 26, 2015, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with an outside investor for a principal amount of \$245,000 in exchange for \$200,000 with a maturity date of February 25, 2016. The note is convertible at a conversion price of 60% of the lowest trading price of the Company’s common stock for the previous 20 trading days prior to the conversion date. The note bears no interest unless an event of default occurs under which it would bear an interest rate of 22% per annum.

On October 27, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with a vendor to settle \$30,247 in payables for \$20,000.

Changes in senior leadership

Effective as of October 1, 2015, the Board of Directors unanimously voted in favor of removing the “interim” from the title of Chief Executive Office for John B. Strong.

ITEM 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis provides information to explain our results of operations and financial condition. You should also read our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and their notes included in this Form 10-Q, and our audited consolidated financial statements and their notes, Risk Factors and other information included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. This report contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements within this Form 10-Q are identified by words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "may," "will" "plans" and other similar expressions, however, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to significant risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Except as expressly required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events, circumstances or developments occurring subsequent to the filing of this Form 10-Q with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. You should carefully review and consider the various disclosures the Company makes in this report and our other reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission that attempt to advise interested parties of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect our business.

Overview

The Company, through its core content monetization platform and technology, provides app developers, publishers and video content developers one of the only end-to-end monetization platforms driven by programmatic algorithms. The Company provides these unique capabilities to monetize content efficiently across multiple marketing channels and devices, including mobile, video and online display advertising.

Pursuant to votes of the majority of the Board of Directors and shareholders, effective on November 6, 2013, the Company changed its name to Adaptive Medias, Inc. in order to better and more fully demonstrate the Company's emphasis on providing a supply-side platform for mobile, video and online display advertising. In connection with the name change, effective on November 19, 2013, the Company's ticker symbol was changed to ADTM.

The Company is a programmatic audience and content monetization company for website owners, app developers and video publishers who want to more effectively optimize content through advertising. The Company provides a foundation for publishers and developers looking to engage brand advertisers through a multi-channel approach that delivers integrated, engaging and impactful ads across multiple devices. The Company meets the needs of its publishers with an emphasis on maintaining user experience, while delivering timely and relevant ads through its multi-channel ad delivery and content platform. Our corporate headquarters are located at 47 Discovery Suite 220, Irvine CA, 92618. Our website address is www.adaptivem.com. The information contained on, or that may be obtained from, our website is not, and shall not be deemed to be, a part of this report.

Business Overview

We are a leader in programmatic, real time bidding (“RTB”) advertising across mobile, video and display, as well as a provider of a business-to-business digital video content management platform SaaS.

On the supply side, the Company provides each publishing client with unique capabilities to distribute and monetize its content across multiple channels or operating systems, where it can serve a piece of content on a laptop, a tablet and a phone without any additional cost or license. The optimization modules in our technology can be deployed across multiple channels on the platform to provide capabilities such as ad serving, RTB, ad revenue waterfall management and video content management, and enabling necessities like the video player itself. We help mobile app developers, publishers and video content developers monetize their ad inventory through our proprietary ad-delivery and optimization platform. The Company provides these unique capabilities to monetize content efficiently across multiple marketing channels, including mobile, video and online display advertising. Our relationships span across health, sports, entertainment, auto, fashion, news, tech and luxury verticals.

On the demand side, the Company’s programmatic technology stack is advertiser-friendly; the platform provides advertisers with a brand-safe and transparent marketplace for buying media across mobile, video and display. This is essential for big brand advertisers and brand-direct ecommerce companies that require a high level of safety, context and relevance for their advertisements.

On June 16, 2014, the Company launched its marketplace to enable publishers a seemingly simple marriage of quality content, users and monetization opportunities side-by-side with advertising partners who drive demand. This is accomplished through a complex set of discovery technology solutions, driven by patents, and efficient algorithmic data that cohesively interact in any digital marketing environment where advertising, audience and content must come together.

Competition

There are many fractional players in this space. There are those who provide video players like Ooyala, BrightCove and Kaltura. Others provide advertising network services like BrightRoll, Grab and TubeMogul. A final group provides ad serving and demand services including RocketFuel, LiveRail or FreeWheel. These providers and their fragmented solutions only complicate the choices that a publisher, app developer or video content provider must make to participate in today's market for audiences and advertising revenue. We believe that AOL is the only other company that can claim to provide an end-to-end solution. It has a video player and ad serving capabilities through Adap.tv, CMS and CDN capabilities through 5min Media and a wealth of inventory and demand through legacy AOL properties and exchange integration.

Despite AOL's size, we believe that we our business model has advantages that will allow us to compete in this space. The first advantage pertains to AOL's legacy inventory source. While AOL benefits from many domains under its control, it is also hampered by the responsibility to fill advertising through these domains first. Our advantage is that we are inventory agnostic. If advertisers want and can benefit from our direct publisher inventory, we are happy to provide it. If advertisers want to take advantage of efficiencies through RTB exchange inventory, we can provide that as well. The Company is less restricted and, as a result, we believe that we can provide better optimization choices than AOL.

The second advantage is in pricing. AOL's legacy properties have high floor inventory costs. While AOL addresses this issue by explaining that its inventory is "premium", this claim is generally made by most, if not all, inventory sources. Our inventory flexibility and existing monetization contracts allow us to deliver advertising, which we believe has the same quality as AOL's advertising, but at a lower cost per impression. We believe that this allows us an edge in negotiating onto advertising campaigns where we don't have an existing track record.

Business Development

Our business development efforts are focused on three main areas. The first is signing content providers to syndication and monetization deals. The second is signing publishers onto our platform. The third area of focus is driving

advertising demand or fulfillment through our platform. This translates to revenue generation in the following forms: 1) Encoding fees for uploading content; 2) Revenue share from platform publishers consuming the content; 3) Content streaming bandwidth fees from publishers consuming content; 4) Ad server fees from publishers consuming ads within the platform; 5) Content storage fees for housing content within the platform; and 6) Percentage of revenue from advertisers attaching content to their video ads. In 2013, we added approximately 50 publishers. The direct impact of which was operationally minimal as the platform lends itself extremely simplified workflows. Our overall content contracted in 2013 as we began to remove underperforming partners and categories. We expect all content categories to grow in 2015 as we move toward stabilization of our platform and expansion of our technical capabilities while onboarding premium content providers through focused business development efforts. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our efforts to streamline our operations and processes led to the successful acquisition and retention of quality publishers and content relationships. New relationships included premium publishers and content producers, all of whom are leaders in their respective categories.

Today our advertiser campaign demand initiatives are consistently fulfilling and scaling at sustainable rates for our growing publisher base. We have over 350,000 rights cleared pieces of video content across all interest categories. We have recently expanded our publisher base to include Latin On, Webisaba, Sovrn Holdings, Techno Buffalo.

The push made in 2014, to penetrate the comScore top 1000 publisher accounts depicted the growth and scale of our platform syndication capabilities. Engaging these publishers will increase our platform utilization and SaaS income. It will increase the consumption and utilization of our content partners resulting in higher income. It will also allow for greater reach for our demand partners and advertising agencies leading to higher advertising revenues.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in our consolidated financial statements and related notes. Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There were no significant changes to our significant accounting policies during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, except as follows:

Convertible debt is accounted for under the guidelines established by FASB ASC Topic 470, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options* and FASB ASC Topic 740, *Beneficial Conversion Features*. The Company records a beneficial conversion feature (“BCF”) when convertible debt is issued with conversion features at fixed or adjustable rates that are below the market value when issued. If, however, the conversion feature is dependent upon a condition being met or the occurrence of a specific event, the BCF will be recorded when the related contingency is met or occurs. The BCF for the convertible instrument is recorded as a reduction, or discount, to the carrying amount of the convertible instrument equal to the fair value of the conversion feature. The discount is then amortized to interest expense over the life of the underlying debt using the effective interest method.

The Company calculates the fair value of warrants issued with the convertible instruments according to ASC 815. The Company recorded a derivative liability and valued the warrant using a multi-nomial model. The allocated fair value is recorded as a debt discount or premium and is amortized over the expected term of the convertible debt to interest expense. For a conversion price change of a convertible debt issue, the additional intrinsic value of the debt conversion feature, calculated as the number of additional shares issuable due to a conversion price change multiplied by the previous conversion price, and is recorded as an additional debt discount and amortized over the remaining life of the debt.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Revenue

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized revenue of \$702,892 compared to \$1,382,139 in the comparable period of 2014, a decrease of \$679,247 or 49%. The decrease was primarily due to the phase out of Flash, resulting in shakeups across the ad-tech space. This occurrence began when Google announced it would automatically start pausing Flash content in its Chrome browser. This issue affected many of our advertising partners who have had to deal with a rapid transition from Flash to HTML5. We are utilizing our HTML5 player to solve this issue, however we are dependent on our partners’ ability to adopt an HTML5 solution. By the first half 2016 we expect the majority of

our partners to have adopted our HTML5 solution and for this to no longer be of consequence.

Cost of Revenue

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, our cost of revenue decreased to \$622,375 compared to \$1,092,552 in the comparable period of 2014, a decrease of \$470,177 or 43%. The decrease is to be expected given the above industry-wide issues reducing overall revenue. We expect to see an increase margins in future periods by engaging with both existing and new publisher relationships in mobile video arena through our platform which yields higher revenues at lower costs.

Operating Expenses

As a result of the expansion of our self-serving, automated platform business and cost cutting measures, our operating expenses decreased to \$2,118,524 for the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$3,894,144 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$1,775,620 or 46%. This decrease is in part related to stock-based compensation for services period over period and other changes noted below.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, legal and professional fees decreased to \$250,690 from \$290,704 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$40,014 or 14%. The decrease is due to the gradual resolution of on-going litigation, primarily related to matters from previously completed acquisitions. In the remainder 2015 and 2016, we expect the litigation efforts to continue but decrease as we address them accordingly.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the research and development costs that we incurred decreased to \$0 from \$439,263 in the comparable period of 2014. This decrease is primarily due to a reduction in staff compared to the prior comparable period. Going forward we expect to maintain a lean staff of highly motivated sales and support resources to help expand our growth efforts.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$605,795 from \$1,153,669 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$547,874 or 47%. The reduction was primarily due to cost cutting initiatives which began in May 2015 that came to full realization during the current period. We continue to anticipate lower general and administrative expenses in future periods.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, our selling expenses decreased to \$37,853 from \$500,437 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$462,584 or 92%. This decrease is primarily due to streamlining our sales and marketing personnel and related resources. We continue to anticipate lower selling expenses in future periods.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, depreciation and amortization increased to \$663,895 from \$509,376 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$154,519 or 30%. The increase was primarily due to the overall increase in furniture and fixtures and intangibles assets acquired that are being amortized over their estimated useful lives. We expect depreciation and amortization to remain at these levels in absolute dollars in future periods.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, stock compensation expense decreased to \$560,291 from \$1,000,695 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$440,404 or 44%. This decrease was a result of management opting for debt financing solutions rather than stock compensation.

Other income (expense)

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2015, we recorded an initial derivative liability of \$711,959 in relation to the convertible notes payable issued in September 2015, consisting of debt discount of \$975,985, and a charge to earnings of \$264,026. In addition, during the three months ended September 30, 2015, we amortized \$40,666 of debt discount to interest expense. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded other income of \$844,180 consisting of the reversal of previously recorded liabilities and other accruals that were duplicates, unsupported, or have run their statutes of limitation per state laws. We also recorded a reversal of a settlement payable in the amount of \$3.7 million.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Revenue

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized revenue of \$2,968,438 compared to \$3,226,927 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$258,489 or 8%. The decrease was primarily due to a shift in sales focus towards our higher margin platform business, with a much slower sales cycle and implementation period, meaning the rewards will not be realized until 2016.

Cost of Revenue

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our cost of revenue increased to \$2,663,219 compared to \$2,260,590 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$402,629 or 18%.

The increase was primarily due to the emergence of mobile display as the majority of our media business, which has comparatively high volumes with low margins. In the remainder of 2015 and 2016, we expect to see an increase in margins as we transition from low margin advertising sales to our substantially higher margin platform business.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses increased to \$12,849,668 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$7,671,324 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$5,178,344 or 68%. This increase is primarily due to the settlement expense of \$3,768,485 that was recorded in the first quarter of 2015. As discussed below, this settlement amount was reversed in the third quarter as a component of "Other income / expense". Additional operating expense fluctuations are discussed below. Our expectations are to grow the platform, higher margin, side of the business throughout the remainder of the year. While the vast majority of these operating expenses were incurred in the first half of 2015, the increase was primarily due the lack of expense control by former management which has been rectified with the appointment of experienced CEO, John B. Strong.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, legal and professional fees increased to \$1,107,235 from \$598,991 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$508,244 or 85%. The increase was primarily due to ongoing litigation related to matters from previously completed acquisitions. Through the remainder of 2015 and beyond, we expect the litigation efforts to continue with decreased legal expenses as we address them accordingly.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the research and development costs that we incurred decreased to \$174,443 from \$894,124 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of \$719,681 or 80%. This decrease is primarily due to a reduction in staff compared to the prior comparable period. With that effort behind us, we will be focusing on our platform sales initiatives. We anticipate research and development expenses to decrease in future periods.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, general and administrative expenses increased to \$6,984,577 from \$2,732,160 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$4,252,417 or 156%. This increase is primarily due to a settlement expense of \$3,768,485 that was recorded in the first quarter of 2015. As discussed below, this amount settlement was reversed in the third quarter as a component of "Other income / expense". We also incurred increased investor relation expenses in the current year period. During the balance of 2015 and 2016, we expect to reduce our general and administrative cost footprint to a minimum requirement. While the vast majority of these expenses were incurred in the first half of 2015, the increase is primarily due the lack of expense control by former management which has been rectified with the appointment of experienced CEO, John B. Strong.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our selling expenses decreased to \$342,212 from \$1,034,361 in the comparable period of 2014, a reduction of 692,149 or 67%. This decrease is primarily due to streamlining our sales and marketing personnel and related resources. We anticipate lower selling expenses in future periods.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, depreciation and amortization increased to \$1,965,813 from \$749,891 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$1,215,922 or 162%. The increase was primarily due to the overall increase in furniture and fixtures and intangibles assets acquired that are being amortized over their estimated useful lives. We expect depreciation and amortization to remain at these levels in absolute dollars in future periods.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, stock compensation expense increased to \$2,275,388 from \$1,661,797 in the comparable period of 2014, an increase of \$613,591 or 37%. This increase was due to management's cash conservation efforts to pay for services with stock instead of cash and ongoing investor relation efforts paid with stock.

Other income (expense)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded an initial derivative liability of \$711,959 in relation to the convertible note payable issued in September 2015, consisting of debt discount of \$975,985, and a charge to earnings of \$264,026. In addition, during the same period we amortized \$40,666 of debt discount to interest expense. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded other income of \$891,299 consisting of the reversal of previously recorded liabilities and other accruals that were duplicates, unsupported, or have run their statutes of limitation per state laws. We also recorded a reversal of a settlement payable in the amount of \$3.7 million.

Net Loss

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we incurred a net loss of \$8,072,226, or \$.50 per basic and diluted share compared to a net loss of \$6,752,704, or \$0.89 per basic and diluted share for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The increase in the net loss is described above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2015, we had total current assets of \$1,940,889 consisting of \$602 in cash, \$988,595 in net accounts receivable, and \$951,692 in prepaid expenses. We had total current liabilities of \$4,138,628 consisting of accounts payable, accrued expenses, convertible notes, and derivative liabilities.

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We have limited funds to pay our currently due debts and liabilities. Should one or more of our creditors seek or demand payment, we are not likely to have the resources to pay or satisfy any such claims. Thus, we face risk of defaulting on our obligations to our creditors with consequential legal and other costs which would adversely impact our ability to continue our existence as a corporate enterprise.

Our insolvent financial condition also may create a risk that we may be forced to file for protection under applicable bankruptcy laws or state insolvency statutes. We also may face the risk that a receiver may be appointed. We face that risk and other risks resulting from our current financial condition.

For these and other reasons, we anticipate that unless we can obtain sufficient capital from outside sources and do so in the very near future, we may be unable to continue to operate as a corporation, continue to meet our filing obligations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise satisfy our obligations to our vendors, stock transfer agent, our accountants, our legal counsel, our EDGAR filing agent, and many others.

For these and other reasons, our management recognizes the adverse difficulties and continuing severe challenges we face. Apart from the funds that we have received to date, there can be no assurance that we will receive any additional financing or funding from any source or if any financing should be obtained, that existing shareholders will not incur substantial, immediate, and permanent dilution of their existing investment.

The following is a summary of the Company's cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2015	2014
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(5,385,575)	\$(3,088,918)
Net cash used by investing activities	(119,607)	(130,912)
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,250,000	7,005,874
Change in cash	\$(2,255,182)	\$3,786,044

Going Concern Uncertainties

As of September 30, 2015, we do not have an adequate source of operating revenue to cover our operating costs, and have only limited working capital with which to pursue our business plan. The amount of capital required to sustain operations until we achieve positive cash flow from operations is subject to future events and uncertainties. It will be necessary for us to secure additional working capital through sales of our common stock and/or debt financing, and there can be no assurance that such funding will be available in the future. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our auditor has issued a going concern qualification as part of their opinion in their audit report contained in Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Capital Expenditures

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we have not incurred any material capital expenditures.

Commitments and Contractual Obligations

As a "smaller reporting company", the Company is not required to provide this information.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that would be considered material to investors.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

As a "smaller reporting company", the Company is not required to provide information required by this Item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on that evaluation, our President and Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2015 at a reasonable assurance level, as a result of material weaknesses primarily related to a lack of a sufficient number of personnel with appropriate training and experience in GAAP and a proper segregation of duties based on our size and available resources.

Remediation

To remediate the material weaknesses, as identified above, in internal control over financial reporting, management has taken or will take the following actions as the financial resources become available:

We have retained additional accounting personnel, and continue to enhance our internal finance and accounting organizational structure.

We have hired a third party consultant who has the required background and experience in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and with SEC rules and regulations.

We will build our procedures to effectively control our financial closing activities.

We will improve and automate the preparation of our audit schedules to include a systematic audit of all the figures presented in the financial statements.

We believe that the foregoing actions will improve our internal control over financial reporting, as well as our disclosure controls and procedures. We intend to perform such procedures and commit such resources as they become available and necessary to continue to allow us to overcome or mitigate the material weaknesses such that we can make timely and accurate quarterly and annual financial filings until such time as the material weaknesses are fully addressed and remediated.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company legal proceedings are summarized in Note 10 of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Company does not believe the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will have a material adverse impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

There are presently no other material pending legal proceedings to which the Company, any executive officer, any owner of record or beneficially of more than five percent of any class of voting securities is a party or as to which any of the Company's property is subject, and no such proceedings are known to the Company to be threatened or contemplated against it.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As a "smaller reporting company", the Company is not required to provide information required by this Item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company issued 5,668,897 shares of its common stock for to various employees and consultants in exchange for services rendered. Additionally, the Company issued and sold 2,164,661 shares of its common stock to an accredited investor for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000, and 981,229 shares in relation to anti-dilution clauses from the aforementioned and previous cash equity raises.

No underwriters were involved in any of the issuances provided in this Item 2. The shares were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") because the individuals either represented that they were "accredited investors" as such term is defined in the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Act or were employees of the Company and were in possession of the information that registration of the securities would

provide them. The sale of the securities did not involve any form of general solicitation or general advertising.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Number Exhibit

- 31.1 Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 15d-15(e), under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2 Certification of the Company's Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 15d-15(e), under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.
- 32.1+ Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2+ Certification of the Company's Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

+ In accordance with the SEC Release 33-8238, deemed being furnished and not filed.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, duly authorized.

Dated: November 16, 2015 ADAPTIVE MEDIAS
(Registrant)

By: /s/ John Strong
John Strong
Its: Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Omar Akram
Omar Akram
Its: Chief Financial Officer