PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS LTD Form 10-Q October 22, 2014

### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-31341

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda98-0416483(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Waterloo House 100 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke, Bermuda HM 08 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(441) 295-7195

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer xAccelerated fileroNon-accelerated filer o(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The registrant had 24,827,245 common shares, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding as of October 16, 2014.

# PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS, LTD.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
PAR	ΓΙ – FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2013	1
	Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)	2
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)	3
	Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)	4
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)	5
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	38
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	69
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	70
PART	Γ II – OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	70
Item 6.	Exhibits	71
SIGN	ATURES	72

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ in thousands, except share data)

	(Unaudited) September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities at fair value (amortized cost - \$1,717,878 and \$1,799,888, respectively) Fixed maturity trading securities at fair value (amortized cost - \$91,671 and \$97,959,	\$1,818,856	\$1,857,870
respectively)	95,155	103,395
Short-term investments	26,269	66,679
Total investments	1,940,280	2,027,944
Cash and cash equivalents	1,339,149	1,464,418
Accrued investment income	20,184	20,026
Reinsurance premiums receivable	135,113	138,454
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid and paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	2,491	1,057
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	6,495	1,032
Funds held by ceding companies	90,385	119,241
Deferred acquisition costs	32,641	31,103
Reinsurance deposit assets	82,397	79,303
Deferred tax assets	19,705	25,141
Other assets	17,319	16,166
Total assets	\$3,686,159	\$3,923,885
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities		
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$1,498,342	\$1,671,365
Unearned premiums	130,366	126,300
Debt obligations	250,000	250,000
Commissions payable	53,775	78,791
Other liabilities	57,028	50,722
Total liabilities	\$1,989,511	\$2,177,178
Shareholders' Equity Common shares, \$0.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 24,827,245 and		
28,142,977 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital	\$248	\$281 10,711
Accumulated other comprehensive income	87,471	48,084
Retained earnings	1,608,929	1,687,631
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,696,648	\$1,746,707
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$3,686,159	\$3,923,885
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mo September	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2014 2013		2014	2013	
Revenue:					
Net premiums earned	\$129,463	\$135,360	\$380,561	\$405,146	
Net investment income	17,523	17,758	52,860	54,110	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	3,109	(306)	1,998	24,698	
Total other-than-temporary impairments	-	14	15	(600)	
Portion of impairment losses recognized in other comprehensive					
income	-	(79)	(239)	) (1,402)	
Net impairment losses on investments	-	(65)	(224)	) (2,002)	
Other income (expense)	86	1,426	2,797	2,503	
Total revenue	150,181	154,173	437,992	484,455	
Expenses:					
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	66,178	44,142	143,552	120,807	
Net acquisition expenses	28,042	30,675	83,391	91,207	
Operating expenses	18,607	20,672	58,324	59,695	
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	(102	) 487	(255	) (592 )	
Interest expense	4,789	4,782	14,363	14,341	
Total expenses	117,514	100,758	299,375	285,458	
Income before income taxes	32,667	53,415	138,617	198,997	
Income tax expense	3,542	15,130	9,577	24,342	
Net income	\$29,125	\$38,285	\$129,040	\$174,655	
Earnings per common share:					
Basic earnings per common share	\$1.13	\$1.34	\$4.83	\$5.71	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.12	\$1.32	\$4.78	\$5.63	
Shareholder dividends:					
Common shareholder dividends declared	\$2,024	\$2,260	\$6,345	\$7,181	
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.08	\$0.08	\$0.24	\$0.24	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.					

# Table of Contents

### Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands)

	Three Mo Ended	onths	Nine Mon	the Ended
	September 30,		September	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	2011	2010	2011	2012
Net income	\$29,125	\$38,285	\$129,040	\$174,655
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:	•			
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded		14	15	(600)
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	- (1,598)			(65,839)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(1,598)			(66,439)
Total change in het unicalized gains and losses	(1,570)	(7,000)	40,725	(00,437)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:				
Net realized gains on investments	(3,895)	-	(3,951)	(27,243)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	65	224	2,002
Total reclassifications to net income	(3,895)	65	(3,727)	(25,241)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes	(5,493)			(91,680)
Income tax (expense) benefit	1,613	566	(3,609)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,880)	(6,977)	39,387	(80,300)
Comprehensive income	\$25,245	\$31,308	\$168,427	\$94,355
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. 3				

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands)

	2014		2013
Common shares:			
Balances at beginning of period	\$281		\$327
Issuance of common shares	3		6
Repurchase of common shares	(36	)	(54)
Balances at end of period	248		279
Additional maid in comital.			
Additional paid-in capital:	10 711		200 007
Balances at beginning of period	10,711		209,897
Issuance of common shares	(2,823	)	,
Amortization of share-based compensation	6,363		6,661
Repurchase of common shares	(14,251	)	(229,878)
Balances at end of period	-		-
Accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Balances at beginning of period	48,084		137,690
Other comprehensive income (loss)	39,387		(80,300)
Balances at end of period	87,471		57,390
Retained earnings:			
Balances at beginning of period	1,687,63	1	1,546,620
Net income	129,040		
Repurchase of common shares	(201,397		
Common share dividends		Ś	
Balances at end of period	1,608,929		
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,696,648		\$1,698,930
Total shareholders equity	φ1,090,040	5	φ1,090,930

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands)

	2014	2013
Operating Activities:	¢ 1 <b>2</b> 0 0 40	
Net income	\$129,040	\$174,655
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	(1.000)	
Net realized gains on investments	(1,998)	
Net impairment losses on investments	224	2,002
Net foreign currency exchange gains	(255)	. ,
Amortization of share-based compensation	8,522	9,955
Other amortization and depreciation	7,735	6,533
Deferred income tax expense	1,827	8,167
Net fixed maturity trading securities activities	1,136	6,993
Changes in:		
Accrued investment income	(292)	557
Reinsurance premiums receivable	2,158	(5,672)
Funds held by ceding companies	27,766	(4,622)
Deferred acquisition costs	(1,656)	(4,257)
Reinsurance deposit assets	(3,094)	(27,486)
Net unpaid and paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	(163,679)	(193,807)
Net unearned premiums	(660)	13,887
Commissions payable	(24,723)	
Other operating assets and liabilities	3,520	14,070
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(14,429)	
Investing Activities: Proceeds from sales of:		
	70.006	202 571
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities Short-term investments	70,906	203,571
	6,613	11,857
Proceeds from the maturities or paydowns of:	02 476	155.046
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	93,476	155,246
Short-term investments	100,394	209,240
Acquisitions of:		(201.00())
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	(90,026)	(291,006)
Short-term investments	(66,036)	()
Acquisitions of furniture, equipment and other assets	-	(6,188)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	115,327	161,414
Financing Activities:		
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(6,345)	(7,181)
Repurchase of common shares	(215,684)	
Proceeds from share-based compensation, including income tax benefits	565	15,385
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(221,464)	
	× , - ,	· · · · · /
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(4,703)	(7,745)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(125,269)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,464,418	1,720,395

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,339,149	\$1,565,405
<u>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</u> Income taxes paid, net of refunds Interest paid	\$4,718 \$9,375	\$15,293 \$9,375
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. ("Platinum Holdings") is a holding company domiciled in Bermuda. Through our reinsurance subsidiaries, we provide property and marine, casualty and finite risk reinsurance coverages, through reinsurance brokers, to a diverse clientele of insurers and select reinsurers on a worldwide basis.

Platinum Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") include Platinum Holdings, Platinum Underwriters Bermuda, Ltd. ("Platinum Bermuda"), Platinum Underwriters Reinsurance, Inc. ("Platinum US"), Platinum Regency Holdings ("Platinum Regency"), Platinum Underwriters Finance, Inc. ("Platinum Finance") and Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. The terms "we", "us", and "our" refer to the Company, unless the context otherwise indicates.

We operate through our licensed reinsurance subsidiaries, Platinum Bermuda, a Bermuda reinsurance company, and Platinum US, a U.S. reinsurance company. Platinum Regency is an intermediate holding company based in Ireland and a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Holdings. Platinum Finance is an intermediate holding company based in the U.S. and a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Regency. Platinum Bermuda is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Holdings and Platinum US is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Finance. Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Finance that provides administrative support services to the Company.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. All material inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2014 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are unaudited and include all adjustments consisting of normal recurring items that management considers necessary for a fair presentation under U.S. GAAP. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The preparation of financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates. The major estimates used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements, and therefore considered to be critical accounting estimates, include, but are not limited to, premiums written and earned, unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"), valuation of investments and income taxes. In addition, estimates are used in our risk transfer analysis for assumed and ceded reinsurance transactions. Results of changes in estimates are reflected in results of operations in the period in which the change is made. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### 2. Investments

#### Fixed Maturity Available-for-sale Securities

Our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities are U.S. dollar denominated securities. The following table sets forth our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Included in	n			
		Accumula	ted Other			
		Comprehe	nsive			
		Income				
		Gross	Gross		Non	-credit
	Amortized	Unrealized	l Unrealized		port	ion of
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value	OTT	$\Gamma I^{(1)}$
<u>September 30, 2014:</u>						
U.S. Government	\$49,409	\$165	\$ -	\$49,574	\$ -	
U.S. Government agencies	78,611	1,300	47	79,864	-	
Municipal bonds	1,153,360	84,639	873	1,237,126	-	
Non-U.S. governments	24,997	111	-	25,108	-	
Corporate bonds	205,794	8,766	1,341	213,219	-	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	60,106	3,821	192	63,735	-	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	129,425	1,936	419	130,942	1	75
Asset-backed securities	16,176	3,137	25	19,288	-	
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	\$1,717,878	\$103,875	\$ 2,897	\$1,818,856	\$ 1	75
December 31, 2013:						
U.S. Government	\$4,561	\$204	\$ -	\$4,765	\$ -	
U.S. Government agencies	51,847	-	725	51,122	-	
Municipal bonds	1,220,869	54,333	5,955	1,269,247	-	
Non-U.S. governments	39,973	541	-	40,514	-	
Corporate bonds	224,095	6,704	3,564	227,235	-	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	72,641	4,982	132	77,491	-	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	169,699	1,335	1,069	169,965	3	31
Asset-backed securities	16,203	1,657	329	17,531	3	05
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	\$1,799,888	\$69,756	\$ 11,774	\$1,857,870	\$ 6	36

The non-credit portion of other than temporary impairments ("OTTI") represents the amount of unrealized losses on (1) impaired securities that were not recorded in the consolidated statements of operations as of the reporting date.

These unrealized losses are included in gross unrealized losses as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

#### Fixed Maturity Trading Securities

Our fixed maturity trading securities are non-U.S. dollar denominated securities that, along with our non-U.S. dollar short-term trading investments and non-U.S. dollar cash and cash equivalents, are generally held for the purposes of hedging our net non-U.S. dollar denominated reinsurance liabilities. These investments were all non-U.S. governments and the fair value was \$95.2 million and \$103.4 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31,

2013, respectively. 7

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Maturities

The following table sets forth the amortized cost and fair value of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities by stated maturity as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Amortized		
	Cost	Fair Value	
Due in one year or less	\$173,778	\$175,895	
Due from one to five years	431,638	452,325	
Due from five to ten years	610,477	642,058	
Due in ten or more years	387,949	429,768	
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	205,707	213,965	
Total	\$1,809,549	\$1,914,011	

The actual maturities of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities could differ from stated maturities due to call or prepayment provisions.

#### Short-term Investments

We account for short-term investments as trading in accordance with the fair value option and include them in investing activities on the statements of cash flows. These investments were all non-U.S. governments and the fair value was \$26.3 million and \$66.7 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

#### Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

We analyze the creditworthiness of our available-for-sale securities by reviewing various performance metrics of the issuer. We determined that none of our government bonds, government agencies, municipal bonds, corporate bonds or commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") were other-than-temporarily impaired for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

The following table sets forth the net impairment losses on investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Thre	ee		
	Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September			
	30, Septemb		nber 30,	
	2014 2013		2014	2013
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	\$ -	\$ 28	\$223	\$1,439
Sub-prime asset-backed securities	-	37	1	563
Net impairment losses on investments	\$ -	\$ 65	\$224	\$2,002

Residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") include U.S. Government agency RMBS and non-agency RMBS. Asset-backed securities ("ABS") include securities with underlying sub-prime mortgages as collateral. We determined

that none of our U.S. Government agency RMBS were other-than-temporarily impaired for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. We analyze our non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, prepayment speeds and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred. As of September 30, 2014, the single largest unrealized loss within our RMBS portfolio was \$0.2 million related to a non-agency RMBS security with an amortized cost of \$0.3 million. As of September 30, 2014, securities in our sub-prime ABS portfolio are all in an unrealized gain position.

#### Table of Contents

### Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following table sets forth a summary of the cumulative credit losses recognized on our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mor Ended	nths
	September 30,		Septembe	er 30,
	2014 2013		2014	2013
Balance, beginning of period	\$28,134	\$35,762	\$31,603	\$40,219
Credit losses on securities previously impaired	-	65	224	2,002
Reduction for paydowns and securities sold	(870)	(2,956)	(4,001)	(9,094)
Reduction for increases in cash flows expected to be collected	(311)	(195)	(873)	(451)
Balance, end of period	\$26,953	\$32,676	\$26,953	\$32,676

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, total cumulative credit losses decreased primarily due to principal paydowns. As of September 30, 2014, total cumulative credit losses were related to CMBS, non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS. The cumulative credit loss we recorded on CMBS of \$0.1 million was on one security issued in 2007. As of September 30, 2014, 1.1% of the mortgages backing this security were 90 days or more past due and 3.2% of the mortgages had incurred cumulative losses. The cumulative credit losses we recorded on non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS of \$26.9 million were on sixteen securities issued from 2004 to 2007. As of September 30, 2014, 16.2% of the mortgages backing these securities were 90 days or more past due and 9.3% of the mortgages had incurred cumulative losses. For these securities, the expected losses for the underlying mortgages were greater than the remaining average credit support of 3.0%.

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Gross Unrealized Losses

The following table sets forth our gross unrealized losses on securities classified as fixed maturity available-for-sale aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	September 30, 2014		December	31, 2013
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss
Less than twelve months:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$4,768	\$ 47	\$41,122	\$ 725
Municipal bonds	4,600	18	247,873	5,955
Corporate bonds	21,552	276	90,789	3,486
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	591	1	2,938	1
Residential mortgage-backed securities	58,043	43	35,910	172
Asset-backed securities	13,575	25	13,576	24
Total	\$103,129	\$ 410	\$432,208	\$ 10,363
Twelve months or more:				
U.S. Government agencies	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -
Municipal bonds	53,833	855	-	-
Corporate bonds	14,460	1,065	920	78
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	4,562	191	4,624	131
Residential mortgage-backed securities	6,906	376	10,587	897
Asset-backed securities	-	-	699	305
Total	\$79,761	\$ 2,487	\$16,830	\$ 1,411
Total unrealized losses:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$4,768	\$ 47	\$41,122	\$ 725
Municipal bonds	58,433	873	247,873	5,955
Corporate bonds	36,012	1,341	91,709	3,564
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	5,153	192	7,562	132
Residential mortgage-backed securities	64,949	419	46,497	1,069
Asset-backed securities	13,575	25	14,275	329
Total	\$182,890	\$ 2,897	\$449,038	\$ 11,774

We believe that the gross unrealized losses in our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities portfolio of \$2.9 million represent temporary declines in fair value. We believe that the unrealized losses are not necessarily predictive of ultimate performance and that the provisions we have made for net impairment losses are adequate. However, economic conditions may deteriorate more than expected and may adversely affect the expected cash flows of our securities, which in turn may lead to impairment losses being recorded in future periods. Conversely, economic conditions may improve more than expected and favorably increase the expected cash flows of our impaired securities, which would be earned through net investment income over the remaining life of the security.

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Net Investment Income

The following table sets forth our net investment income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Mo	onths	Nine Mor	nths
	Ended		Ended	
	Septembe	er 30,	September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Fixed maturity securities	\$16,723	\$16,815	\$50,694	\$51,428
Short-term investments and cash and cash equivalents	718	1,123	2,220	3,346
Funds held by ceding companies	945	722	2,726	2,375
Subtotal	18,386	18,660	55,640	57,149
Investment expenses	(863)	(902)	(2,780)	(3,039)
Net investment income	\$17,523	\$17,758	\$52,860	\$54,110

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments

The following table sets forth our net realized gains (losses) on investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months		Nine Mo	nths
	Ended		Ended	
	September 30,		Septemb	er 30,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Gross realized gains on the sale of investments	\$3,895	<b>\$</b> -	\$3,951	\$27,258
Gross realized losses on the sale of investments	-	-	-	(15)
Net realized gains on the sale of investments	3,895	-	3,951	27,243
Fair value adjustments on trading securities	(786)	(306)	(1,953)	(2,545)
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	\$3,109	\$(306)	\$1,998	\$24,698

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance related to fair value measurements addresses the recognition and disclosure of fair value measurements where those measurements are either required or permitted by the guidance. The fair values of our financial assets and liabilities addressed by this guidance are determined primarily through the use of observable inputs. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from external independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect management's assumptions about what market participants' assumptions would be in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. We classify our financial assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. This classification requires judgment in assessing the market and pricing methodologies for a particular security. The fair value hierarchy is comprised of the following three levels:

Level 1: Valuations are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities;

Level Valuations are based on prices obtained from index providers, independent pricing vendors or broker-dealers 2: using observable inputs for financial assets and liabilities; and

Level Valuations are based on unobservable inputs for assets and liabilities where there is little or no market activity.

3: Unadjusted third party pricing sources or management's assumptions and internal valuation models may be used to determine the fair value of financial assets or liabilities.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Level 1, 2 and 3 Financial Assets Carried at Fair Value

The fair values of our fixed maturity securities, short-term investments and cash and cash equivalents are based on prices primarily obtained from index providers, pricing vendors or broker-dealers using observable inputs. The fair value measurements of all of our securities were based on unadjusted prices provided by third party pricing sources. We validate the prices we obtain from third party pricing sources by performing price comparisons against multiple pricing sources, if available, periodically back-testing sales to the previously reported fair value, performing an in-depth review of specific securities when evaluating stale prices and large price movements, as well as performing other validation procedures. We also continuously monitor market data that relates to our investment portfolio and review pricing documentation that describes the methodologies used by various pricing sources. If we determine that a price appears unreasonable, we investigate and assess whether the price should be adjusted. The fair value measurements of our reinsurance deposit assets were based upon our internal valuation model, which utilizes certain characteristics of both the market and income valuation approaches. Our fixed maturity securities, short-term investments, cash and cash equivalents and reinsurance deposit assets are classified in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

#### U.S. Government

Level 1 - The fair values of U.S. Government securities were based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

#### U.S. Government agencies

Level 2 - The fair values of U.S. Government agencies were based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes.

#### Municipal bonds

Level 2 - The fair values of municipal bonds were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids, credit risks and economic indicators.

#### Non-U.S. governments

Level 1 or 2 - The fair values of non-U.S. government securities classified as Level 1 were based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Non-U.S. government securities classified as Level 2 were based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes. Our non-U.S. government bond portfolio consisted of securities issued primarily by governments, provinces, agencies and supranationals.

#### Corporate bonds

Level 2 - The fair values of corporate bonds were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids, credit risks and industry and economic indicators.

#### Commercial mortgage-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - The fair values of CMBS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, security cash flows and structures, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. CMBS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default and loss severity in the event of default.

#### Residential mortgage-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - Our RMBS portfolio was comprised of securities issued by U.S. Government agencies and by non-agency institutions. The fair values of RMBS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, loan level information, security cash flows and structures, prepayment speeds, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. Non-agency RMBS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default, loss severity in the event of default and prepayment speeds.

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Asset-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - The fair values of ABS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, security cash flows and structures, type of collateral, prepayment speeds, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. Sub-prime ABS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default, loss severity in the event of default and prepayment speeds.

#### Short-term investments

Level 1 or 2 - The fair values of short-term investments classified as Level 1 were based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair values of short-term investments classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Level 1 or 2 - The fair values of cash and cash equivalents classified as Level 1 were determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes. Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits, time deposits, money market instruments and both U.S. Government and non-U.S. government obligations.

#### Reinsurance deposit assets

Level 3 - The fair values of our reinsurance deposit assets were determined by management primarily using unobservable inputs through the application of our own assumptions and internal valuation model. See further discussion on reinsurance deposit assets below.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Fair Value Levels

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by the Company as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Fair Value N	Aeasurement	Using:
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>September 30, 2014:</u>				
Investments:				
U.S. Government	\$49,574	\$49,574	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -
U.S. Government agencies	79,864	-	79,864	-
Municipal bonds	1,237,126	-	1,237,126	-
Non-U.S. governments	120,263	52,280	67,983	-
Corporate bonds	213,219	-	213,219	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	63,735	-	61,782	1,953
Residential mortgage-backed securities	130,942	-	130,555	387
Asset-backed securities	19,288	-	15,577	3,711
Short -term investments	26,269	-	26,269	-
Total investments	1,940,280	101,854	1,832,375	6,051
Cash and cash equivalents	1,339,149	1,327,017	12,132	-
Reinsurance deposit assets	82,397	-	-	82,397
Total	\$3,361,826	\$1,428,871	\$1,844,507	\$88,448
<b>D</b>				
<u>December 31, 2013:</u>				
Investments:	<b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • •	<b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • •	<b></b>	<b>b</b>
U.S. Government	\$4,765	\$4,765	\$- 51.100	\$-
U.S. Government agencies	51,122	-	51,122	-
Municipal bonds	1,269,247	-	1,269,247	-
Non-U.S. governments	143,909	54,980	88,929	-
Corporate bonds	227,235	-	227,235	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	77,491	-	77,491	-
Residential mortgage-backed securities	169,965	-	169,372	593
Asset-backed securities	17,531	-	15,304	2,227
Short -term investments	66,679	8,933	57,746	-
Total investments	2,027,944	68,678	1,956,446	2,820
Cash and cash equivalents	1,464,418	1,464,418	-	-
Reinsurance deposit assets	79,303	-	-	79,303
Total	\$3,571,665	\$1,533,096	\$1,956,446	\$82,123

Cash and cash equivalents included demand deposits and time deposits totaling \$192.8 million as of September 30, 2014 and totaling \$120.7 million as of December 31, 2013.

Transfers of assets into or out of levels are recorded at their fair values as of the end of each reporting period, consistent with the date of the determination of fair value. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The transfers into and out of Level 3 were based on the level of evidence available to corroborate significant observable inputs with market observable information.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Changes in Level 3 Financial Assets

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balance for our Level 3 financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Septemb	ber	ths Ended 30, 2014					
			estidential			Reinsurance		
					Asset-back	-		
	securitie				securities	assets	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	<b>\$</b> -	\$	5,099		\$ 1,093	\$ 82,164	\$88,356	
Sales, maturities and paydowns	-		(644	)	-	-	(644 )	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net								
income	-		-		-	233	233	
Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other								
comprehensive income (loss)	-		532		907	-	1,439	
Transfers into Level 3	1,953		-		2,792	-	4,745	
Transfers out of Level 3	-		(4,600	)	(1,081	) -	(5,681)	
Balance, end of period	\$1,953	\$	387		\$ 3,711	\$ 82,397	\$88,448	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value of the financial								
assets included in earnings for the period	\$-	\$	-		\$ -	\$ 233	\$233	
	Th	ee	Months En	ded				
	Sep	oter	nber 30, 20	)13				
	Co	nRo	<b>esiden</b> tial			Reinsuran	ce	
	mo	rtg	agtgageklaat	ked	Asset-back	ed deposit		
	sec	usė	ties		securities	assets	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	<b>\$</b> -	\$	4,520		\$ 1,257	\$ 76,948	\$82,725	
Sales, maturities and paydowns	-		(269	)	-	-	(269)	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net			,	,				
income	-		-		-	1,231	1,231	
Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other						,	,	
comprehensive income (loss)	-		329		(75	) -	254	
Transfers into Level 3	-		-		1,378	-	1,378	
Transfers out of Level 3	-		(4,065	)	_	_	(4,065)	
Balance, end of period	\$-	\$	515	,	\$ 2,560	\$ 78,179	\$81,254	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value of the financial								
assets included in earnings for the period	<b>\$</b> -	\$	_		\$ -	\$ 1,231	\$1,231	

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Nine Mont						
	September			Daimannan			
	Commercies		ckedAsset-bacl		Reinsurance		
	securities s		securities	assets	Total		
Palance beginning of period		593	\$ 2,227	\$ 79,303	\$82,123		
Balance, beginning of period	ф- ф			\$ 79,505			
Sales, maturities and paydowns	-	(3,076	) -	-	(3,076)		
Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in				2 00 4	2 00 4		
net income	-	-	-	3,094	3,094		
Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other	102	0.766	1.045		4.01.4		
comprehensive income (loss)	103	2,766	1,945	-	4,814		
Transfers into Level 3	3,768	4,704	3,630	-	12,102		
Transfers out of Level 3	(1,918)	(4,600	) (4,091	) -	(10,609)		
Balance, end of period	\$1,953 \$	387	\$ 3,711	\$ 82,397	\$88,448		
Total increase (decrease) in fair value of the							
financial assets included in earnings for the period	\$- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,094	\$3,094		
	Nine Mont	hs Ended					
	Nine Mont September						
		30, 2013		Reinsuranc	ce		
	September Commerc <b>i</b>	30, 2013 Iesidential	ckedAsset-bacl		ce		
	September Commerc <b>i</b>	30, 2013 Iesidential <b>mukgel</b> ge-bac	ckedAsset-bacl securities		ce Total		
Balance, beginning of period	September Commercite mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s	30, 2013 Iesidential <b>mukgel</b> ge-bac		ked deposit			
Balance, beginning of period Purchases	September Commercite mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s	30, 2013 lesidential <b>nutge</b> lge-bac ecurities	securities	ked deposit assets	Total		
	September Commercite mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s	30, 2013 lesidential <b>nutge</b> lge-bac ecurities	securities	xed deposit assets \$ 50,693	Total \$57,627		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns	September Commercite mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s	30, 2013 desidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 -	securities \$ 1,036 -	xed deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000	Total \$57,627 25,000		
Purchases	September Commercite mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s	30, 2013 desidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 -	securities \$ 1,036 -	xed deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464)		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income	September Commercites mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s \$524 \$ -	30, 2013 desidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 -	securities \$ 1,036 -	ked deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000 ) -	Total \$57,627 25,000		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other	September Commercites mortgage- <b>h</b> securities s \$524 \$ -	30, 2013 desidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 -	securities \$ 1,036 - ) (29 -	ked deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000 ) -	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464) 2,486		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income (loss)	September Commercia mortgage-h securities s \$524 \$ - -	30, 2013 Usidential motgelge-bac ecurities 5,374 - (435 - 750	securities \$ 1,036 - ) (29 - (46	ked deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000 ) - 2,486	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464) 2,486 1,191		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other	September Commerciles mortgage-h securities s \$524 \$ - - - 487 -	30, 2013 lesidential moltgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 - (435 - 750 4,049	securities \$ 1,036 - ) (29 - (46 3,984	ked deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000 ) - 2,486	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464)) 2,486 1,191 8,033		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income (loss) Transfers into Level 3	September Commercia mortgage-h securities s \$524 \$ - -	30, 2013 lesidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 - (435 - 750 4,049 (9,223	securities \$ 1,036 - ) (29 - (46 3,984	ked deposit assets \$ 50,693 25,000 ) - 2,486	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464) 2,486 1,191		
Purchases Sales, maturities and paydowns Total increase (decrease) in fair value included in net income Total net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income (loss) Transfers into Level 3 Transfers out of Level 3	September Commercia mortgage-h securities s \$524 \$ - - - 487 - (1,011)	30, 2013 lesidential multgdge-bac ecurities 5,374 - (435 - 750 4,049 (9,223	securities \$ 1,036 - ) (29 - (46 3,984 ) (2,385	<pre>ked deposit     assets     \$ 50,693     25,000 ) -     2,486 ) -     -     . ) - </pre>	Total \$57,627 25,000 (464)) 2,486 1,191 8,033 (12,619)		

Quantitative Information of Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

The fair value measurements of our CMBS, non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS classified as Level 3 were based on unadjusted third party pricing sources.

The fair value measurements of our reinsurance deposit assets used significant unobservable inputs through the application of our own assumptions and internal valuation model and were classified as Level 3. The most significant unobservable inputs used in our internal valuation model are the estimated contract period remaining, credit spread

above the risk-free rate and net losses and LAE ceded. The credit spread above the risk-free rate is determined by reviewing the credit spreads of fixed income securities through observable market data, as well as considering illiquidity and the structure of these contracts. The fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets may increase or decrease due to changes in the estimated contract period remaining, the credit spread and net losses and LAE ceded. Generally, a decrease in the credit spread or a decrease in net losses and LAE ceded would result in an increase in the fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets. Conversely, an increase in the credit spread or an increase in net losses and LAE ceded would result in a decrease in the fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets. 16

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following table sets forth the weighted average of the significant unobservable quantitative information used for the fair value measurement of our reinsurance deposit assets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Estimated contract period remaining	924 days	1,193 days
Credit spread above the risk-free rate	1.39%	1.58%
Net losses and LAE ceded inception-to-date	\$ -	\$ -

Other Financial Assets and Liabilities Not Carried at Fair Value

Accounting guidance requires note disclosure of the fair value of other financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value, excluding balances related to insurance contracts.

The debt obligations on our consolidated balance sheets were recorded at cost with a carrying value of \$250.0 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and had a fair value of \$281.6 million and \$271.5 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The fair value measurements were based on observable inputs and therefore would be considered to be Level 2.

Our remaining financial assets and liabilities were generally carried at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value, as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The fair value measurements were based on observable inputs and therefore would be considered to be Level 1 or Level 2.

### 4. Credit Facilities

Syndicated Credit Facility

On April 9, 2014, we entered into an amended and restated credit facility with various financial institutions (the "Syndicated Credit Facility"). The Syndicated Credit Facility is a four-year, \$300.0 million secured senior credit facility available for letters of credit ("LOC"), with a sublimit of \$100.0 million for revolving borrowings. LOC and borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility are available for the working capital, liquidity and general corporate requirements of Platinum Holdings, Platinum Finance and our reinsurance subsidiaries. The Syndicated Credit Facility contains customary representations, warranties and covenants. Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance have unconditionally guaranteed the obligations of each Platinum entity under the Syndicated Credit Facility.

Other Letter of Credit Facilities

We have an LOC facility with a financial institution in the aggregate amount of \$100.0 million available for the issuance of LOC to support reinsurance obligations of our reinsurance subsidiaries. We also have the ability to request an uncommitted LOC facility of up to \$150.0 million subject to agreement with the lender.

Platinum Bermuda has an uncommitted LOC facility of \$125.0 million available for the issuance of LOC to support reinsurance obligations of Platinum Bermuda. There was \$15.9 million committed under this facility as of September 30, 2014. Platinum Holdings has unconditionally guaranteed the obligations of Platinum Bermuda under this facility. 17

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

We had no revolving borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013. The following table summarizes the outstanding LOC as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

		Letters of	Credit
	Credit	Credit	Capacity
	Capacity	Issued (1)	Remaining
Syndicated Credit Facility	\$300,000	\$77,642	\$ 222,358
Other LOC Facilities	375,000	36,570	338,430
Total	\$675,000	\$114,212	\$ 560,788

<sup>(1)</sup> Cash and cash equivalents of \$141.7 million were held to collateralize LOC issued as of September 30, 2014.

The credit capacity of \$675.0 million consists of \$415.9 million of committed capacity and \$259.1 million of uncommitted capacity. The Company also has the ability to increase the Syndicated Credit Facility and other LOC facilities by up to \$175.0 million subject to agreement with the lenders.

As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under our credit facilities.

#### 5. Shareholders' Equity

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated balance sheets relates to unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, net of deferred taxes. 18

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances for accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014		N-4 - 6
Balance, beginning of period	Pre-tax \$106,471	Tax \$(15,120)	Net of tax \$91,351
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before			
reclassifications:			
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded	_	_	_
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	(1,598)		(856)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(1,598)		(856)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:			
Net realized gains on investments	(3,895)	871	(3,024)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	-
Total reclassifications to net income	(3,895)	871	(3,024)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(5,493)	1.613	(3,880)
Balance, end of period		\$(13,507)	
	Three Mor September		
			Net of
	Pre-tax	Tax	tax
Balance, beginning of period	\$75,838	\$(11,471)	\$64,367
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:			
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary			
impairments recorded	14	-	14
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	(7,622)	566	(7,056)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(7,608)	566	(7,042)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:			
Net realized gains on investments	-	-	-
Net impairment losses on investments	65	-	65
Total reclassifications to net income	65	-	65
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(7,543)	566	(6,977)
Balance, end of period 19	\$68,295	\$(10,905)	\$57,390

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Nine Mont September		Net of
Balance, beginning of period	Pre-tax \$57,982	Tax \$(9,898)	tax
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:	. ,		
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary			
impairments recorded	15 46 708	-	15
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	46,708 46,723	(4,480) (4,480)	
Total change in het aneanzed gains and losses	10,725	(1,100)	12,213
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:			
Net realized gains on investments	(3,951)	871	(3,080)
Net impairment losses on investments Total reclassifications to net income	224	- 871	224
Total reclassifications to net income	(3,727)	0/1	(2,856)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	42,996	(3,609)	39,387
Balance, end of period	\$100,978	\$(13,507)	\$87,471
	Nine Mont September Pre-tax		Net of tax
Balance, beginning of period	\$159,975	\$(22,285)	\$137,690
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:			
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary	((00))		(500)
impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	(600) (65,839)		(589) (58,112)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(66,439)		(58,701)
Total onange in net ameanled gams and resses	(00,10))	1,100	(00,701)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:			
Net realized gains on investments	(27,243)		(23,568)
Net impairment losses on investments Total reclassifications to net income	2,002 (25,241)	(33) 3,642	) 1,969 (21,599)
	(23,241)	5,042	(21,377)
Other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, end of period	(91,680) \$68,295	11,380 \$(10,905)	(80,300) \$57,390
	,		-

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following table sets forth the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income and the location of those amounts in the consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months		Nine Mo	nths
	Ended	Ended		
	September 30,		Septembe	er 30,
	2014 2013		2014	2013
Revenue:				
Net realized gains on investments	\$(3,895)	\$ -	\$(3,951)	\$(27,243)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	65	224	2,002
Income tax expense	\$871	\$ -	\$871	\$3,642

Share Repurchases

Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common shares through a share repurchase program. Since the program was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most recently on April 22, 2014, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, in accordance with the share repurchase program, we repurchased 1,704,594 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$104.9 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$61.55 per share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 we repurchased 3,558,690 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$215.7 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$60.61 per share. The shares we repurchased were canceled.

As of September 30, 2014, we had \$110.1 million remaining under the share repurchase program.

### 6. Dividend Restrictions

Platinum Holdings and its subsidiaries are subject to certain legal and regulatory restrictions in their respective jurisdictions of domicile. The legal restrictions generally include the requirement to maintain positive net assets and to be able to pay liabilities as they become due. Regulatory restrictions on dividends are described below.

Dividend Restrictions on Platinum Holdings

Platinum Holdings receives dividends and other distributions from its subsidiaries as a source of liquidity and to fund the payment of dividends to its shareholders. Distributions to Platinum Holdings from its subsidiaries may be restricted as described below. There are no significant restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Holdings to its shareholders.

Dividend Restrictions on Subsidiaries

The laws and regulations of Bermuda and the United States include certain restrictions on the amount of statutory capital and surplus that are available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US to their

respective parent companies, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance. 21

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following table summarizes the available dividend capacity of our reinsurance subsidiaries (\$ in thousands):

		For the Nine Months Ended	0 . 1 . 20
		September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2014	2014
	Dividend		
	Capacity	Paid	Remaining
Platinum Bermuda	\$264,320	\$ 264,000	\$ 320
Platinum US	25,572	-	25,572
Total	\$289,892	\$ 264,000	\$ 25,892

In addition, Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US may pay dividends above the remaining capacity upon appropriate filings or notifications to their respective regulators.

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Finance or by Platinum Regency.

#### 7. Operating Segment Information

We have organized our worldwide reinsurance business into three operating segments: Property and Marine, Casualty and Finite Risk. We believe that underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios allow for a more complete understanding of the profitability of our reinsurance operations and operating segments. These measures are considered to be non-GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. These measures are used to monitor our results and should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Underwriting income or loss consists of net premiums earned less net losses and LAE and net underwriting expenses. Net underwriting expenses include net acquisition expenses and operating costs related to underwriting. Underwriting income or loss excludes revenues and expenses related to net investment income, net realized gains or losses on investments, net impairment losses on investments, corporate expenses not allocated to underwriting segments, net foreign currency exchange gains or losses, interest expense, and other income and expense.

Underwriting ratios are calculated for net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and other underwriting expense. The ratios are calculated by dividing the related expense by net premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and other underwriting expense ratios.

The following table summarizes underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios for the three operating segments, together with a reconciliation of segment underwriting income (loss) to the U.S. GAAP measure of income before income taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands): 22

# Table of Contents

### Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Net premiums written	Three Mon September Property and Marine \$50,201	nths Ended r 30, 2014 Casualty \$67,571	Finite Risk \$6,015	Total \$123,787
Net premiums earned Net losses and loss adjustment expenses Net acquisition expenses Other underwriting expenses Segment underwriting income (loss)	53,500 24,749 9,778 7,446 \$11,527	69,474 37,865 16,470 5,192 \$9,947	6,489 3,564 1,794 309 \$822	129,463 66,178 28,042 12,947 22,296
Net investment income Net realized gains (losses) on investments Net impairment losses on investments Other income (expense) Corporate expenses not allocated to segments Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains Interest expense Income before income taxes				17,523 3,109 - 86 (5,660) 102 (4,789) \$32,667
Underwriting ratios: Net loss and loss adjustment expense Net acquisition expense Other underwriting expense Combined	46.3 % 18.3 % 13.9 % 78.5 %	23.7 % 7.5 %	27.6 % 4.8 %	21.7 % 10.0 %
Net premiums written	Three Mon September Property and Marine \$59,169	nths Ended t 30, 2013 Casualty \$69,992	Finite Risk \$8,737	Total \$137,898
Net premiums earned Net losses and loss adjustment expenses Net acquisition expenses Other underwriting expenses Segment underwriting income (loss)	55,127 28,339 9,699 7,747 \$9,342	72,543 10,242 19,067 5,727 \$37,507	7,690 5,561 1,909 342 \$(122)	135,360 44,142 30,675 13,816 46,727
Net investment income Net realized gains (losses) on investments Net impairment losses on investments Other income (expense) Corporate expenses not allocated to segments				17,758 (306) (65) 1,426 (6,856)

Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains Interest expense						(487 (4,782	) )
Income before income taxes						\$53,415	
Underwriting ratios:							
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	51.4	%	14.1	%	72.3 %	32.6	%
Net acquisition expense	17.6	%	26.3	%	24.8 %	22.7	%
Other underwriting expense	14.1	%	7.9	%	4.4 %	10.2	%
Combined	83.1	%	48.3	%	101.5%	65.5	%
23							

# Table of Contents

# Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Net premiums written	Nine Mo Septembe Property and Marine \$166,464	er 3			Finite Risk \$19,38	6	Total \$379,90	91
Net premiums earned Net losses and loss adjustment expenses Net acquisition expenses Other underwriting expenses Segment underwriting income (loss)	162,220 61,759 30,050 22,901 \$47,510	)	196,746 68,086 47,748 15,957 \$64,955	5	21,59 13,70 5,593 947 \$1,348	7	380,56 143,55 83,391 39,805 113,81	2
Net investment income Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments Other income (expense) Corporate expenses not allocated to segments Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains Interest expense Income before income taxes							52,860 1,998 (224 2,797 (18,51) 255 (14,36) \$138,61	) 9) 3)
Underwriting ratios: Net loss and loss adjustment expense Net acquisition expense Other underwriting expense Combined	38.1 18.5 14.1 70.7	% % % %	24.3 8.1	% % %	63.5 25.9 4.4 93.8	% % %	21.9 10.5	% % %
Net premiums written	Nine Mo Septembe Property and Marine \$175,946	er 3			Finite Risk \$22,54	0	Total \$419,03	-3
Net premiums earned Net losses and loss adjustment expenses Net acquisition expenses Other underwriting expenses Segment underwriting income (loss)	165,811 35,426 27,624 22,493 \$80,268	l	218,967 75,243 53,384 17,120 \$73,220		20,36 10,13 10,19 1,002 \$(971	8 9	405,14 120,80 91,207 40,615 152,51	)7
Net investment income Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments Other income (expense) Corporate expenses not allocated to segments							54,110 24,698 (2,002 2,503 (19,08)	)

Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains Interest expense Income before income taxes							592 (14,34 \$198,99	
Underwriting ratios:								
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	21.4	%	34.4	%	49.8	%	29.8	%
Net acquisition expense	16.7	%	24.4	%	50.1	%	22.5	%
Other underwriting expense	13.6	%	7.8	%	4.9	%	10.0	%
Combined	51.7	%	66.6	%	104.8	%	62.3	%
24								

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### 8. Earnings Per Common Share

The following is a reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per common share computations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ and amounts in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months				
	Ended		Nine Mon	ths Ended	
	Septembe	er 30,	September	· 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
<u>Earnings</u>					
Basic and Diluted					
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$29,125	\$38,285	\$129,040	\$174,655	
Portion allocated to participating common shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>	(34)	(26)	(51)	(301)	
Net income allocated to common shareholders	\$29,091	\$38,259	\$128,989	\$174,354	
Common Shares					
Basic					
Weighted average common shares outstanding	25,731	28,655	26,683	30,519	
Diluted					
Weighted average common shares outstanding	25,731	28,655	26,683	30,519	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Common share options	54	131	53	173	
Restricted share units	217	279	265	257	
Adjusted weighted average common shares outstanding	26,002	29,065	27,001	30,949	
Earnings Per Common Share					
Basic earnings per common share	\$1.13	\$1.34	\$4.83	\$5.71	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.12	\$1.32	\$4.78	\$5.63	

<sup>(1)</sup>Represents earnings attributable to holders of unvested restricted shares issued under the Company's share incentive plans that are considered to be participating securities.

25

### <u>Table of Contents</u> Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### 9. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

Platinum Holdings fully and unconditionally guarantees the \$250.0 million of debt obligations issued by its 100% owned subsidiary Platinum Finance.

The following tables present the condensed consolidating financial information for Platinum Holdings, Platinum Finance and the non-guarantor subsidiaries of Platinum Holdings as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet September 30, 2014

	Platinum	Platinum	Non-guarantor	e	
	Holdings	Finance	Subsidiaries <sup>(1)</sup>	Adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Total investments	<b>\$</b> -	\$45,133	\$ 1,895,147	\$ -	\$1,940,280
Investment in subsidiaries	1,578,305	653,147	623,988	(2,855,440)	) -
Cash and cash equivalents	121,365	180,903	1,036,881	-	1,339,149
Reinsurance assets	-	-	267,125	-	267,125
Inter-company receivables	6,828	-	608	(7,436	) -
Other assets	2,338	1,230	136,037	-	139,605
Total assets	\$1,708,836	\$880,413	\$ 3,959,786	\$(2,862,876)	\$ 3,686,159
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'					
EQUITY					
Liabilities					
Reinsurance liabilities	\$-	<b>\$</b> -	1,682,483	\$ -	1,682,483
Debt obligations	-	250,000	-	-	250,000
Inter-company payables	-	46	7,390	(7,436	) -
Other liabilities	12,188	6,379	38,461	-	57,028
Total liabilities	\$12,188	\$256,425	\$ 1,728,334	\$(7,436)	\$ 1,989,511
Shareholders' Equity					
Common shares	\$248	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 8,000	\$ (8,000	) \$248
Additional paid-in capital	φ210	<sup>\$</sup> 215,984	2,025,539	(2,241,523	) -
Accumulated other comprehensive income	87,471	25,085	112,531	(137,616	) 87,471
Retained earnings	1,608,929	382,919	85,382	(468,301	) 1,608,929
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,696,648	\$623,988	\$ 2,231,452	\$ (2,855,440	) \$1,696,648
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,708,836	\$880,413	\$ 3,959,786	\$(2,862,876)	) \$ 3,686,159
Total habilities and shareholders equity	φ1,700,030	φ000,413	φ 3,737,700	φ(2,002,070	μο,000,109

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2013

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries <sup>(1)</sup>	Consolidating Adjustments Consolidated
ASSETS	monumgo	1 manoe	Substatution	Tugustinents Conservated
Total investments	<b>\$</b> -	\$114	\$ 2,027,830	\$- \$2,027,944
Investment in subsidiaries	1,658,425	610,679	591,175	(2,860,279) -
Cash and cash equivalents	88,402	230,818	1,145,198	- 1,464,418
Reinsurance assets	-	-	290,887	- 290,887
Inter-company receivables	9,739	-	351	(10,090) -
Other assets	2,135	1,290	137,211	- 140,636
Total assets	\$1,758,701	\$842,901	\$ 4,192,652	\$(2,870,369) \$3,923,885
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'				
EQUITY				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Reinsurance liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,876,456	\$- \$1,876,456
Debt obligations	-	250,000	-	- 250,000
Inter-company payables	-	39	10,051	(10,090) -
Other liabilities	11,994	1,687	37,041	- 50,722
Total liabilities	\$11,994	\$251,726	\$ 1,923,548	\$(10,090) \$2,177,178
Shareholders' Equity				
Common shares	\$281	\$-	\$ 8,000	\$ (8,000 ) \$ 281
Additional paid-in capital	10,711	215,420	2,024,409	(2,239,829) 10,711
Accumulated other comprehensive income	48,084	18,382	66,463	(84,845 ) 48,084
Retained earnings	1,687,631	357,373	170,232	(527,605) 1,687,631
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,746,707	\$591,175	\$ 2,269,104	\$(2,860,279) \$1,746,707
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,758,701	\$842,901	\$ 4,192,652	\$(2,870,369) \$3,923,885

### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance		•	Consolidating Adjustments	
Revenue:						
Net premiums earned	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 129,463	\$ -	\$ 129,463
Net investment income (expense)	7	(52	)	17,568	-	17,523
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-		3,109	-	3,109
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		-	-	-
Other income (expense)	1,297	-		(1,211	) –	86
Total revenue	1,304	(52	)	148,929	-	150,181
Expenses:						
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-		66,178	-	66,178
Net acquisition expenses	-	-		28,042	-	28,042
Operating expenses	5,435	41		13,131	-	18,607
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	-	-		(102	) –	(102)
Interest expense	-	4,789		-	-	4,789
Total expenses	5,435	4,830		107,249	-	117,514
Income (loss) before income taxes	(4,131)	(4,882	)	41,680	-	32,667
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(1,704	)	5,246	-	3,542
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries	(4,131)	(3,178	)	36,434	-	29,125
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	33,256	12,493		9,315	(55,064	) -
Net income	\$29,125	\$9,315	\$	\$ 45,749	\$ (55,064	) \$ 29,125

### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	e e	Consolidating Adjustments	g Consolidated
Revenue:					
Net premiums earned	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,360	\$ -	\$ 135,360
Net investment income (expense)	1	(43)	17,800	-	17,758
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-	(306	) –	(306)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	(65	) –	(65)
Other income (expense)	1,149	-	277	-	1,426
Total revenue	1,150	(43)	153,066	-	154,173
Expenses:					
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-	44,142	-	44,142
Net acquisition expenses	-	-	30,675	-	30,675
Operating expenses	6,626	37	14,009	-	20,672
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	-	-	487	-	487
Interest expense	-	4,782	-	-	4,782
Total expenses	6,626	4,819	89,313	-	100,758
Income (loss) before income taxes	(5,476)	(4,862)	63,753	-	53,415
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(1,589)	16,719	-	15,130
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of					
subsidiaries	(5,476)	(3,273)	47,034	-	38,285
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	43,761	29,948	26,675	(100,384	) -
Net income	\$38,285	\$26,675	\$ 73,709	\$ (100,384	) \$ 38,285

### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance		•		Consolidating Adjustments	
Revenue:	-						
Net premiums earned	\$-	<b>\$</b> -	5	\$ 380,561		\$ -	\$ 380,561
Net investment income (expense)	19	(145	)	52,986		-	52,860
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-		1,998		-	1,998
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		(224	)	-	(224)
Other income (expense)	3,830	-		(1,033	)	-	2,797
Total revenue	3,849	(145	)	434,288		-	437,992
Expenses:							
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-		143,552		-	143,552
Net acquisition expenses	-	-		83,391		-	83,391
Operating expenses	18,736	163		39,425		-	58,324
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	-	-		(255	)	-	(255)
Interest expense	-	14,363		-		-	14,363
Total expenses	18,736	14,526		266,113		-	299,375
Income (loss) before income taxes	(14,887)	(14,671)	)	168,175		-	138,617
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(4,996	)	14,573		-	9,577
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of							
subsidiaries	(14,887)	) (9,675	)	153,602		-	129,040
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	143,927	35,222		25,547		(204,696	) -
Net income	\$129,040	\$25,547	9	\$ 179,149		\$ (204,696	) \$ 129,040

### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance		•	or Consolidatin	•
Revenue:						
Net premiums earned	\$-	<b>\$</b> -	\$	\$ 405,146	\$ -	\$ 405,146
Net investment income (expense)	23	(73)	)	54,160	-	54,110
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-		24,698	-	24,698
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		(2,002	) -	(2,002)
Other income (expense)	5,994	4		(3,495	) -	2,503
Total revenue	6,017	(69 )	)	478,507	-	484,455
Expenses:						
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-		120,807	-	120,807
Net acquisition expenses	-	-		91,207	-	91,207
Operating expenses	18,427	110		41,158	-	59,695
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	-	-		(592	) -	(592)
Interest expense	-	14,341		-	-	14,341
Total expenses	18,427	14,451		252,580	-	285,458
Income (loss) before income taxes	(12,410)	(14,520)	)	225,927	-	198,997
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(4,785)	)	29,127	-	24,342
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries	(12,410)	(9,735)	)	196,800	-	174,655
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	187,065	64,241		54,506	(305,812	) -
Net income	\$174,655	\$54,506	\$	\$ 251,306	\$ (305,812	) \$ 174,655

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

31

#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Holdings	Finance	Subsidiarie	ntor Consolidati es <sup>(1)</sup> Adjustment	ts Consolidat	ed
Net income	\$29,125	\$9,315	\$ 45,749	\$ (55,064	) \$ 29,125	
Other comprehensive income (loss) on						
available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:						
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on						
securities with other-than-temporary impairments						
recorded	-	-	-	-	-	
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all						
other securities	-	21	(1,619	) -	(1,598	)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	-	21	(1,619	) -	(1,598	)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments	_	_	(3,895	) -	(3,895	)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	(5,675	) -	(5,0)5	)
Total reclassifications to net income	_		(3,895	) -	(3,895	)
Total reclassifications to let meone	-	-	(5,0)5	) -	(5,0)5	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income						
taxes	-	21	(5,514	) -	(5,493	)
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	(7)	1,620	-	1,613	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	14	(3,894	) -	(3,880	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) of						
subsidiaries	(3,880)	(3,008)	(2,994	) 9,882	-	
Comprehensive income	\$25,245	\$6,321	\$ 38,861	\$ (45,182	) \$ 25,245	

Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

m Non-guarantor Consolidating e Subsidiaries <sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments Consolidated				
9 \$ (100,384	) \$ 38,285			
-	14			
) -	(7,622)			
) -	(7,608)			
- - -	- 65 65			
) -	(7,543)			
-	566			
) -	(6,977)			
) 9,076	-			
\$ (91,308	) \$ 31,308			
	) \$ (100,384 - ) - ) - ) - - - - - ) - ) -			

#### Table of Contents

# Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Net income Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments	Platinum Holdings \$129,040	Platinum Finance \$25,547	Non-guaranto Subsidiaries <sup>(1</sup> \$ 179,149		
recorded	-	-	15	-	15
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all					
other securities	-	33	46,675	-	46,708
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	-	33	46,690	-	46,723
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments Total reclassifications to net income	- -	- -	(3,951 224 (3,727	) - - ) -	(3,951 ) 224 (3,727 )
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income					
taxes	-	33	42,963	-	42,996
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	(11)	(3,598	) -	(3,609)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	22	39,365	-	39,387
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries Comprehensive income	39,387 \$168,427	6,681 \$32,250	6,703 \$ 225,217	(52,771 \$ (257,467	) - )\$168,427

#### Table of Contents

# Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Net income Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments	Platinum Holdings \$174,655	Platinum Finance \$54,506				Consolidatin Adjustments \$ (305,812	s Co	onsolidate 174,655	ed
recorded	-	-		(600	)	-	(	(600	)
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all				·	,				ĺ
other securities	-	(2	)	(65,837	)	-	(	(65,839	)
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	-	(2	)	(66,437	)	-	(	(66,439	)
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments Total reclassifications to net income	- -	- - -		(27,243 2,002 (25,241	)	- - -	4	(27,243 2,002 (25,241	) )
Other comprehensive income (loss) before									
income taxes	-	(2	)	(91,678	)	-	(	(91,680	)
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	1		11,379		-		11,380	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(1	)	(80,299	)	-	(	(80,300	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries Comprehensive income	(80,300) \$94,355	(21,133 \$33,372	· ·	(21,134 \$ 149,873	)	122,567 \$ (183,245	) \$ 9	- 94,355	

# Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

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#### Table of Contents

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

N / 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	Non-guaranto Subsidiaries		Consolidatin Adjustments		Consolidate	ed
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(8,724)	\$(3,970)	\$ (481	)	\$ (923	)	\$(14,098	)
Investing Activities:								
Proceeds from sales of: Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	_	_	203,571		_		203,571	
Short-term investments	-	-	11,857		-		11,857	
Proceeds from the maturities or paydowns of:		50	155 104				155 046	
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities Short-term investments	-	52	155,194 209,240		-		155,246 209,240	
Acquisitions of:	-	-	209,240		-		209,240	
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	-	-	(291,006	)	-		(291,006	)
Short-term investments	-	-	(121,306	)	-		(121,306	)
Dividends from subsidiaries	262,500	-	-		(262,500	)	-	
Acquisitions of furniture, equipment and other assets	(772)		(5,416	)	_		(6,188	)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing	(112)		(3,410	)			(0,100	)
activities	261,728	52	162,134		(262,500	)	161,414	
Financing Activities:								
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(7,181)	) –	(262,500	)	262,500		(7,181	)
Repurchase of common shares	(302,765)	-	-		-		(302,765	)
Proceeds from share-based compensation,	14 460				022		15 205	
including income tax benefits Net cash provided by (used in) financing	14,462	-	-		923		15,385	
activities	(295,484)	) –	(262,500	)	263,423		(294,561	)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate								
changes on cash and cash equivalents	-	-	(7,745	)	-		(7,745	)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	(12, 100)	(2.010.)	(100 500				(154.000	
equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	(42,480)	(3,918)	(108,592	)	-		(154,990	)
period	70,604	152,122	1,497,669		_		1,720,395	5
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$28,124	\$148,204	\$ 1,389,077		\$ -		\$ 1,565,405	
37								

37

### Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10 Q for the period ended September 30, 2014 (this "Form 10 Q") and the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", included in our Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Form 10 K"). This Form 10 Q contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see Item 1A, "Risk Factors", in our 2013 Form 10-K and the "Note on Forward-Looking Statements" below. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

### Overview

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. ("Platinum Holdings") is a holding company domiciled in Bermuda. Through our reinsurance subsidiaries we provide property and marine, casualty and finite risk reinsurance coverages, through reinsurance brokers, to a diverse clientele of insurers and select reinsurers on a worldwide basis.

Platinum Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") include Platinum Holdings, Platinum Underwriters Bermuda, Ltd. ("Platinum Bermuda"), Platinum Underwriters Reinsurance, Inc. ("Platinum US"), Platinum Regency Holdings ("Platinum Regency"), Platinum Underwriters Finance, Inc. ("Platinum Finance") and Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. The terms "we", "us", and "our" refer to the Company, unless the context otherwise indicates.

As of September 30, 2014, our capital resources of \$1.9 billion consisted of \$1.7 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. Investable assets, consisting of investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net balances due from brokers, were \$3.3 billion as of September 30, 2014. Our net premiums written were \$123.8 million and \$379.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Our net income was \$29.1 million and \$129.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Book value per share was \$68.34 as of September 30, 2014, an increase of 1.4% from \$67.38 as of June 30, 2014 and an increase of 10.1% from \$62.07 as of December 31, 2013.

### Current Outlook

In the Property and Marine segment, this year has been notable for the unusually low level of insured losses from major catastrophe events so far. Results on catastrophe exposed business have been relatively good and capacity has continued to flow into the sector. Due to the significant capital available to support catastrophe exposed risks, we anticipate continued downward pressure on pricing for this segment. For 2015 we expect to write a similar portfolio to that currently in-force. We also expect that our Property and Marine segment will continue to represent a large proportion of our overall book of business, which could result in significant volatility in our results of operations.

Competition remains strong for casualty business and many treaties do not meet our pricing standards. Casualty insurance and reinsurance capacity remains abundant and we anticipate continued downward pressure on risk adjusted profitability for this segment. For 2015 we expect to write a similar portfolio to that currently in-force.

Reflecting a continued lack of demand for finite risk covers, we expect to write a relatively small portfolio of business in our Finite Risk segment in 2015.

Absent major events in the insurance or capital markets, we expect capacity for insurable risks to remain high resulting in continued downward pressure on overall rate adequacy. We will continue emphasizing profitability over market share while seeking to maintain a position in larger markets by participating on the most attractive business available.

Since our inception, our financial performance has been supported by investment returns from fixed income assets of high credit quality and moderate interest rate risk. Over that same time frame, while we have maintained a low risk investment portfolio, the portfolios of other market participants have migrated toward a higher risk and higher expected return model. Companies have made significant allocations to public and private equities and alternative investment strategies. We continue to explore higher risk/higher return investment strategies and may move forward with initial hedge fund investments of up to \$400 million by the end of 2014. These investments are expected to be more volatile than our investments in fixed maturity securities and are expected to expose us to equity price risk, commodity price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and foreign currency risk. These investments may also present liquidity risk as hedge funds typically restrict or prohibit transfers of fund interests, do not distribute dividends and have redemption restrictions that would decrease our ability to liquidate our investments under certain circumstances. We may consider further investments in riskier assets during 2015.

### Table of Contents

Based on our current reserve position, net in-force portfolio, asset portfolio, and underwriting prospects for the near term, we believe that we are well capitalized with a comfortable margin above the rating agency targets for a company with our ratings. If the business performs as expected, we anticipate our capital cushion will grow over time. Under those conditions, we would have the financial flexibility to expand our underwriting, hold riskier assets and repurchase our common shares. Our decision-making will be guided by the risk adjusted pricing prevailing in the reinsurance and financial markets at the time.

### Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that are inherently subjective in nature that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates. The critical accounting estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements include premiums written and earned, unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"), valuation of investments and income taxes. In addition, estimates are used in our risk transfer analysis for assumed and ceded reinsurance transactions. For a detailed discussion of our critical accounting estimates, please refer to Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", included in our 2013 Form 10-K.

### Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In presenting our results, management has included financial measures that are not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures, including underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios, book value per common share and fully converted book value per common share, are referred to as non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. Management believes these measures allow for a more complete understanding of the underlying business. These measures are used to monitor our results and should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Reconciliations of such measures to the most comparable GAAP figures are included below or elsewhere within this Form 10-Q in accordance with Regulation G.

### Underwriting Income (Loss) and Ratios

We believe that underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios allow for a more complete understanding of the profitability of our reinsurance operations and operating segments. Underwriting income or loss consists of net premiums earned less net losses and LAE and net underwriting expenses. Net underwriting expenses include net acquisition expenses and operating costs related to underwriting. Underwriting income or loss excludes revenues and expenses related to net investment income, net realized gains or losses on investments, net impairment losses on investments, corporate expenses not allocated to underwriting operations, net foreign currency exchange gains or losses, interest expense and other income and expense.

Underwriting ratios are calculated for net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and other underwriting expense. The ratios are calculated by dividing the related expense by net earned premiums. The combined ratio is the sum of the net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and other underwriting expense ratios.

Segment underwriting income or loss is reconciled to the U.S. GAAP measure of income or loss before income taxes in Note 7 to the "Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Form 10 Q. 39

# Table of Contents

Book Value and Fully Converted Book Value per Common Share

The following summary sets forth the calculation of book value and fully converted book value per common share as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ and amounts in thousands, except per share amounts):

Market price per share at period end	September 30, 2014 \$60.87	June 30, 2014 \$64.85	December 31, 2013 \$61.28
Shareholders' equity	4,994	\$1,777,869	\$1,746,707
Add: Proceeds from exercise of share options		4,994	4,994
Shareholders' equity - diluted		\$1,782,863	\$1,751,701
Basic common shares outstanding	24,827	26,385	28,143
Add: Common share options <sup>(1)</sup>	148	148	148
Add: Restricted share units	417	554	598
Diluted common shares outstanding	25,392	27,087	28,889
Book value per common share Book value per common share Fully converted book value per common share	\$68.34 \$67.01	\$67.38 \$65.82	\$62.07 \$60.64

(1)Options with an exercise price below the market price per share at period end.

### **Results of Operations**

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 as Compared with the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

In discussing our Results of Operations, we refer to the financial measures net losses from major catastrophes and net favorable or unfavorable development.

Generally, an event causing more than \$1 billion of property losses to the insurance industry or \$10 million of property losses to the Company is considered and tracked as a major catastrophe. Net losses from major catastrophes consist of gross losses and LAE, net of any retrocessional recoveries and reinstatement premiums earned.

Net favorable or unfavorable development is the development of prior years' unpaid losses and LAE and the related impact of premiums and commissions. Net favorable or unfavorable loss development, the unpaid loss and LAE component of net favorable or unfavorable development, excludes the related impact of premiums and commissions. 40

# Table of Contents

Net income and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (\$ and amounts in thousands, except diluted earnings per common share):

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	September	: 30,	
	2014	2013	
Underwriting income	\$22,296	\$46,727	
Net investment income	17,523	17,758	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	3,109	(306)	
Net impairment losses on investments	-	(65)	
Other revenues (expenses)	(10,261)	(10,699)	
Income before income taxes	32,667	53,415	
Income tax expense	(3,542)	(15,130)	
Net income	\$29,125	\$38,285	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	26,002	29,065	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.12	\$1.32	

The decrease in net income for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013 was primarily due to a decrease in underwriting income, partially offset by a reduction in income tax expense. The decrease in diluted earnings per common share was due to the decrease in net income, partially offset by a decrease in the diluted weighted average shares outstanding. The decrease in the diluted weighted average shares outstanding. The decrease in the diluted weighted average shares outstanding.

### Underwriting Results

Net underwriting income was \$22.3 million and \$46.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease in net underwriting income was primarily due to a decrease in net favorable development, partially offset by a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013. We also had an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events and an underwriting loss in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting income in the same period in 2013.

Net favorable development was \$23.5 million and \$41.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$5.1 million and \$11.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following discussion and analysis reviews our underwriting results by operating segment. 41

### Table of Contents Property and Marine

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Property and Marine segment for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					
	September 30,					
			- )		Increase	
	2014	1	2013		(decrease)	)
Gross premiums written	\$58,506	9	\$67,969	)	\$ (9,463	)
Ceded premiums written	8,305		8,800		(495	)
Net premiums written	50,201		59,169	)	(8,968	)
Net premiums earned	53,500		55,127	7	(1,627	)
Net losses and LAE	24,749		28,339		(3,590	)
Net acquisition expenses	9,778		9,699		79	
Other underwriting expenses	7,446		7,747		(301	)
Property and Marine segment underwriting income	\$11,527		\$9,342		\$ 2,185	
Underwriting ratios:						
					(5.1)	
Net loss and LAE	46.3	70	51.4	%	points	
Net acquisition expense	18.3	%	17.6	%	0.7 points	
					(0.2)	
Other underwriting expense	13.9	70	14.1	%	points	
					(4.6)	
Combined	78.5	%	83.1	%	points	

The Property and Marine segment underwriting income increased by \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net favorable development and a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013. This was partially offset by an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events and an underwriting loss in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting income in the same period in 2013.

Net favorable development was \$8.8 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$5.1 million and \$11.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

### Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Property and Marine segment generated 40.6% and 42.9% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Property and Marine segment gross premiums written decreased by \$9.5 million, and by \$10.1 million excluding reinstatement premiums written related to major catastrophes, for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily due to decreases in our property catastrophe, property proportional and property per risk excess-of-loss classes. The

decrease in gross premiums written resulted from fewer opportunities that met our underwriting standards.

Net premiums earned decreased by \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013 as a result of decreases in net premiums written in current and prior periods. Net premiums written and earned were also impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

42

### Table of Contents Net Losses and LAE

The following table sets forth the components of net losses and LAE for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months
	Ended
	September 30,
	2014 2013
Current year major catastrophes	\$(5,782) \$(11,271)
Prior years' favorable (unfavorable) loss development	8,412 1,417
Calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss	
development	(27,379) (18,485)
Net losses and LAE	\$(24,749) \$(28,339)

Current Year Major Catastrophe Losses

Net losses from current year major catastrophes, with related premium adjustments, increased the net loss and LAE ratio by 10.3 points and 20.4 points for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The pre-tax net losses from current year major catastrophes related to Property Claims Services ("PCS") 45, a tornado and hailstorm event, primarily in Nebraska, were \$5.1 million, including reinstatement premiums of \$0.7 million. We reclassified PCS 45 to a major catastrophe in the three months ended September 30, 2014 as a result of an increase by PCS in their estimate of the insurance industry ultimate loss to greater than \$1 billion.

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net	Reinstatement	Net Losses
	Losses	Premiums	from Major
Major Catastrophe	and LAE	Earned	Catastrophes
German hailstorms	\$(15,692)	\$ 33	\$ (15,659 )
Decrease in Second Quarter 2013 Catastrophe Estimates:			
Floods in central and eastern Europe, primarily in Germany	2,737	(2	) 2,735
PCS 14 - tornadoes in the U.S. Midwest, primarily Oklahoma	1,684	6	1,690
Total	\$(11,271)	\$ 37	\$ (11,234 )

Any development of losses related to 2013 major catastrophes subsequent to December 31, 2013 is included in prior years' loss development in the major catastrophes class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2014.

### Prior Years' Loss Development

The Property and Marine segment net favorable loss development was \$8.4 million and \$1.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratio by 16.0 points and 3.4 points for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

# Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Net			
	Losses	Net		
	and	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Marine, aviation and satellite	\$4,005	\$ (113	) \$ 236	\$ 4,128
Major catastrophes	2,476	(2	) (341 )	2,133
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	1,798	(1	) 199	1,996
Property per risk	987	(17	) 162	1,132
Other	(854)	229	-	(625)
Total	\$8,412	\$ 96	\$ 256	\$ 8,764

Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose from most prior underwriting years. A change in loss development patterns contributed \$1.2 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from 2011 and 2012 events. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2013 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose primarily from the 2013 underwriting year.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net			
	Losses	Net		
	and	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Marine, aviation and satellite	\$2,531	\$ (73 )	\$ (81 )	\$ 2,377
Property proportional	2,109	(44 )	-	2,065
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	1,396	(13)	14	1,397
Major catastrophes	(3,817)	(9)	45	(3,781)
Other	(802)	(23)	809	(16)
Total	\$1,417	\$ (162 )	\$ 787	\$ 2,042

Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose from most prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the property proportional class arose primarily from international business in the 2012 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting year. Net unfavorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from a marine loss related to Hurricane Ike partially offset by net favorable development on various other events.

Calendar Year Losses - Excluding Current Year Major Catastrophes and Prior Years' Loss Development

The Property and Marine segment calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were \$27.4 million and \$18.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were 52.2% and 34.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in calendar year losses and the calendar year loss ratios resulted primarily from an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events in 2014 of \$6.7 million as compared with 2013 and an underwriting

loss in our North American crop business in 2014 as compared with underwriting income for the same period in 2013. The underwriting loss on our 2014 North American crop business, primarily related to hailstorms, was \$4.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and underwriting income on our 2013 North American crop business was \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014.

### Net Acquisition Expenses

The Property and Marine segment net acquisition expenses were \$9.8 million and \$9.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The net acquisition expense ratios were 18.3% and 17.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in the net acquisition expense ratios for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013 was primarily due to a higher proportion of earned premiums related to property proportional business, which has a higher acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment, and a lower proportion of earned premiums related to property catastrophe business, which has a lower acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment.

### <u>Table of Contents</u> <u>Other Underwriting Expenses</u>

The Property and Marine segment other underwriting expenses were \$7.4 million and \$7.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

### Casualty

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Casualty segment for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					
	Septemb					
					Increase	
	2014		2013		(decrease)	
Net premiums written	\$67,571		\$69,992	2	\$(2,421)	
Net premiums earned	69,474	ł	72,543	3	(3,069)	
Net losses and LAE	37,865	5	10,242	2	27,623	
Net acquisition expenses	16,470	)	19,067	7	(2,597)	
Other underwriting expenses	5,192		5,727		(535)	
Casualty segment underwriting income	\$9,947		\$37,507	7	\$(27,560)	
Underwriting ratios:						
Net loss and LAE	54.5	%	14.1	%	40.4 points	
					(2.6)	
Net acquisition expense	23.7	%	26.3	%	points	
					(0.4)	
Other underwriting expense	7.5	%	7.9		points	
Combined	85.7	%	48.3	%	37.4 points	

The Casualty segment underwriting income decreased by \$27.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to a decrease in net favorable development. Net favorable development was \$13.8 million and \$39.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

### Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Casualty segment generated 54.6% and 50.8% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Casualty segment net premiums written decreased by \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013.

The Casualty segment net premiums earned decreased by \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums written and earned were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

### 45

### Table of Contents Net Losses and LAE

The following table sets forth the components of net losses and LAE for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	September	: 30,	
	2014	2013	
Prior years' favorable loss development	\$12,722	\$40,097	
Calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development	(50,587)	(50,339)	
Net losses and LAE	\$(37,865)	\$(10,242)	

Prior Years' Loss Development

The Casualty segment net favorable loss development was \$12.7 million and \$40.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratios by 19.1 points and 55.6 points for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Net							
	Losses	Ne	et					
	and	A	equisition	n	Ν	et	Ν	et
Class of Business	LAE	Еx	penses		Pı	remiums	D	evelopment
International casualty	\$3,942	\$	90		\$	230	\$	4,262
North American claims made	3,770		53			221		4,044
North American occurrence	2,771		6			63		2,840
North American umbrella	1,473		8			-		1,481
Financial lines	840		(26	)		213		1,027
Other	(74)		204			22		152
Total	\$12,722	\$	335		\$	749	\$	13,806

Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose primarily from the 2008 underwriting year and related to claims arising from wildfires in Australia. Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004, 2008, 2009 and 2011 underwriting years, partially offset by unfavorable development on the 2006 and 2012 underwriting years. A change in the loss development patterns contributed \$1.5 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development patterns contributed \$0.8 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development patterns contributed \$0.8 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose from the 2006 through 2011 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development on the 2003 through 2005 underwriting years. A change in the loss development on the 2003 through 2005 underwriting years. A change in the loss development on the 2003 through 2005 underwriting years. A change in the loss development on the 2003 through 2005 46

# Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net				
	Losses	Net			
	and	Acquisition Net		Net	
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses	P	remiums	Development
North American claims made	\$18,070	\$ (737	) \$	-	\$ 17,333
North American umbrella	17,030	3		-	17,033
International casualty	2,616	(2	)	159	2,773
North American clash	2,415	4		11	2,430
North American occurrence	838	5		125	968
Financial lines	(2,057)	(58	)	18	(2,097)
Other	1,185	(510	)	-	675
Total	\$40,097	\$ (1,295	) \$	313	\$ 39,115

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2003 and 2008 underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose primarily from the 2006 through 2011 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2005 underwriting year. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$8.9 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose primarily from the 2007, 2010 and 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American clash class arose primarily from the 2009 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2012 underwriting years partially offset by unfavorable development from the 2007 through 2012 underwriting years partially offset by unfavorable development from the 2007 and 2010 underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$0.6 million to the net favorable development. Net unfavorable development in the financial lines class arose primarily from political risk losses from the 2005 and 2008 underwriting years.

### Calendar Year Losses - Excluding Prior Years' Loss Development

The Casualty segment calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development, were \$50.6 million and \$50.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were 73.6% and 69.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in calendar year loss ratios, excluding prior years' development, reflects the impact of lowering our initial expected loss ratio estimates in the third quarter of 2013 for several North American casualty classes as a result of better than expected historical loss experience. The lowering of ratios resulted in a cumulative year to date adjustment in the third quarter of 2013. In addition, loss ratios in 2014 are higher than 2013 reflecting deteriorating rates. Calendar year losses and related loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

### Net Acquisition Expenses

The Casualty segment net acquisition expenses were \$16.5 million and \$19.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The net acquisition expense ratios were 23.7% and 26.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net acquisition expenses and related acquisition expenses ratios, excluding the impact of favorable and unfavorable development related to prior years' acquisition expenses noted in the tables above, were \$16.8 million, or 24.5%, and \$17.8 million, or 24.6%, for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net acquisition expenses and related acquisition expenses noted in the tables above, were \$16.8 million, or 24.5%, and \$17.8 million, or 24.6%, for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net acquisition expenses and related acquisition expense ratios were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

# Other Underwriting Expenses

The Casualty segment other underwriting expenses were \$5.2 million and \$5.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. 47

#### Table of Contents Finite Risk

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Finite Risk segment for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Mo Ended Septembo		
	-		Increase
	2014	2013	(decrease)
Net premiums written	\$6,015	\$8,737	\$ (2,722)
Net premiums earned	6,489	7,690	(1,201)
Net losses and LAE	3,564	5,561	
Net acquisition expenses	1,794	1,909	
Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses	5,358	7,470	(2,112)
Other underwriting expenses	309	342	(33)
Finite Risk segment underwriting income (loss)	\$822	\$(122)	\$ 944
Underwriting ratios:			
Net loss and LAE	54.9 %	72.3 %	1
Net acquisition expense	27.6 %	24.8 %	
			(14.6)
Net loss, LAE and acquisition expense	82.5 %	97.1 %	points
Other underwriting expense	4.8 %	4.4 %	0.4 points (14.2)
Combined	87.3 %	101.5%	. ,

During the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the in-force Finite Risk portfolio consisted of one contract. Due to the inverse relationship between losses and commissions for this segment, we believe it is important to evaluate the overall combined ratio, rather than its component parts of net loss and LAE ratio and net acquisition expense ratio. Due to the small amount of premium volume in recent years, current year ratios may be significantly impacted by relatively small adjustments of prior years' reserves.

### Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Finite Risk segment generated 4.8% and 6.3% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The decreases in net premiums written and net premiums earned for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013 were attributable to decreases in the premium on the single contract currently in-force in 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013.

### Net Losses, LAE and Acquisition Expenses

The Finite Risk segment net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses decreased by \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to a decrease in net premiums earned and an increase in net favorable development. Net favorable development was \$0.9 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The net favorable development decreased the net loss and LAE and acquisition expense ratio by 13.7 points and 1.0 point for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Non-Underwriting Results

### Net Investment Income

Net investment income was \$17.5 million and \$17.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net investment income was relatively unchanged for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013 as the decrease in the average book value of our investments and cash and cash equivalents was primarily related to a decrease in low yielding cash and cash equivalents, which has little impact on net investment income. The average book yield for the portfolio of total investments and cash and cash equivalents was 2.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with 2.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

### Table of Contents

### Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments

Net realized gains on investments were \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and net realized losses on investments were \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$3.9 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, which included net realized gains of \$1.5 million from the sale of corporate bonds and \$1.4 million from the sale of municipal bonds. Net realized gains for the three months ended September 30, 2014 were negatively impacted by fair value adjustments on our fixed maturity trading securities of \$0.8 million.

Net realized losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were primarily due to fair value adjustments on our fixed maturity trading securities.

#### Net Impairment Losses on Investments

There were no net impairment losses on investments for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and there were net impairment losses on investments of \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Net impairment losses reflect other-than-temporary impairments attributable to credit losses on impaired securities that relate exclusively to investments in securitized mortgages not guaranteed by U.S. government agencies.

#### Other Revenues and Expenses

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	September 30,		
	2014	2013	
Other income (expense)	\$86	\$1,426	
Operating expenses not allocated to segments	(5,660)	(6,856)	
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains	102	(487)	
Interest expense	(4,789)	(4,782)	
Other revenues (expenses)	\$(10,261)	\$(10,699)	

Other income (expense) related primarily to changes in the fair value on our reinsurance deposit assets resulting in income of \$0.2 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Operating expenses not allocated to segments were \$5.7 million and \$6.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to lower performance based compensation accruals in 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013.

Interest expense was \$4.8 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and related to our \$250.0 million of debt obligations.

#### Income Taxes

Income tax expense or benefit is primarily driven by the taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries. Our effective tax rate is primarily driven by the portion of taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries relative to the income or loss generated by our Bermuda-based operations, which are not subject to corporate income tax. Premiums earned by our U.S. and Bermuda-based subsidiaries generally do not bear

a proportionate relationship to their respective pre-tax income for a variety of reasons, including the significant impact on pre-tax income of the different mixes of business underwritten by the particular subsidiary, the presence or absence of underwriting income or loss attributable to such business, and the investment results experienced by the particular subsidiary.

49

### Table of Contents

Income tax expense was \$3.5 million and \$15.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 10.8% and 28.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Pre-tax income was \$19.9 million and \$12.9 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2014. Pre-tax income was \$11.6 million and \$41.8 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 as Compared with the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Net income and diluted earnings per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (\$ and amounts in thousands, except diluted earnings per common share):

	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		
	2014	2013	
Underwriting income	\$113,813	\$152,517	
Net investment income	52,860	54,110	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	1,998	24,698	
Net impairment losses on investments	(224)	(2,002)	
Other revenues (expenses)	(29,830)	(30,326)	
Income before income taxes	138,617	198,997	
Income tax expense	(9,577)	(24,342)	
Net income	\$129,040	\$174,655	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	27,001	30,949	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$4.78	\$5.63	

The decrease in net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was primarily due to decreases in underwriting income and net realized gains on investments, partially offset by a decrease in income tax expense. The decrease in diluted earnings per common share was due to the decrease in net income, partially offset by a decrease in the diluted weighted average shares outstanding. The decrease in the diluted weighted average shares outstanding related to share repurchases during the last twelve months.

### Underwriting Results

Net underwriting income was \$113.8 million and \$152.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease in net underwriting income was primarily due to a decrease in net favorable development, partially offset by a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. We also had an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events and an underwriting loss in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting income in the same period in 2013.

Net favorable development was \$99.0 million and \$139.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$5.1 million and \$29.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following discussion and analysis reviews our underwriting results by operating segment.

## Table of Contents Property and Marine

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Property and Marine segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Mont September		
			Increase
	2014	2013	(decrease)
Gross premiums written	\$177,467	\$186,287	\$(8,820)
Ceded premiums written	11,003	10,341	662
Net premiums written	166,464	175,946	(9,482)
Net premiums earned	162,220	165,811	(3,591)
Net losses and LAE	61,759	35,426	26,333
Net acquisition expenses	30,050	27,624	2,426
Other underwriting expenses	22,901	22,493	408
Property and Marine segment underwriting income	\$47,510	\$80,268	\$(32,758)
Underwriting ratios:			
-			16.7
Net loss and LAE	38.1	6 21.4	% points
Net acquisition expense	18.5	6 16.7	% 1.8 points
Other underwriting expense	14.1 9	6 13.6	% 0.5 points
			19.0
Combined	70.7	6 51.7	% points

The Property and Marine segment underwriting income decreased by \$32.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to a decrease in net favorable development, partially offset by a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. We also had an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events and an underwriting loss in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting income in the same period in 2013.

Net favorable development was \$20.1 million and \$54.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$5.1 million and \$29.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Property and Marine segment generated 43.8% and 42.0% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Property and Marine segment gross premiums written decreased by \$8.8 million, and by \$8.0 million excluding reinstatement premiums written related to major catastrophes, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily due to decreases in the property catastrophe and property per risk excess-of-loss classes, partially offset by an increase in the North American property proportional class. The decrease in gross premiums written resulted from fewer opportunities that met our underwriting standards.

Net premiums earned decreased by \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums written and earned were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts. 51

## Table of Contents Net Losses and LAE

The following table sets forth the components of net losses and LAE for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

Nine	Months Ended
Septe	ember 30,
2014	2013
Current year major catastrophes \$(5,7	82) \$(31,375)
Prior years' favorable loss development 20,2	299 57,501
Calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss	
development (76,	276) (61,552)
Net losses and LAE\$(61,	759) \$(35,426)

Current Year Major Catastrophe Losses

Net losses from current year major catastrophes, with related premium adjustments, increased the net loss and LAE ratio by 3.4 points and 18.9 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The pre-tax net losses from current year major catastrophes related to PCS 45 were \$5.1 million, including reinstatement premiums earned of \$0.7 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net	Reinstatement	Net Losses
	Losses	Premiums	from Major
Major Catastrophe	and LAE	Earned	Catastrophes
German hailstorms	\$(15,692)	\$ 33	\$ (15,659)
Floods in central and eastern Europe, primarily in Germany	(13,445)	1,525	(11,920)
PCS 14 - tornadoes in the U.S. Midwest, primarily Oklahoma	(2,238)	17	(2,221)
Total	\$(31,375)	\$ 1,575	\$ (29,800 )

Any development of losses related to 2013 major catastrophes subsequent to December 31, 2013 is included in prior years' loss development in the major catastrophes class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Prior Years' Loss Development

The Property and Marine segment net favorable loss development was \$20.3 million and \$57.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratio by 12.4 points and 33.6 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

# Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

Net						
Losses	Net					
and	Acquisitio	n	Net	I	Net	
LAE	Expenses		Premium	s l	Developme	nt
\$13,880	\$ (7	)	\$ (803	) 5	5 13,070	
3,292	117		228		3,637	
2,272	26		410		2,708	
2,075	(82	)	-		1,993	
(1,211)	(144	)	(73	)	(1,428	)
(9)	131		-		122	
\$20,299	\$ 41		\$ (238	) 5	\$ 20,102	
	Losses and LAE \$13,880 3,292 2,272 2,075 (1,211) (9)	Losses Net and Acquisitio LAE Expenses \$13,880 \$ (7 3,292 117 2,272 26 2,075 (82 (1,211) (144 (9) 131	Losses Net and Acquisition LAE Expenses \$13,880 \$ (7 ) 3,292 117 2,272 26 2,075 (82 ) (1,211) (144 ) (9 ) 131	Losses         Net           and         Acquisition         Net           LAE         Expenses         Premium           \$13,880         \$ (7         ) \$ (803           3,292         117         228           2,272         26         410           2,075         (82         )           (1,211)         (144         (73           (9)         131         -	Losses       Net       Net <t< td=""><td>Losses         Net         Net           and         Acquisition         Net         Net           LAE         Expenses         Premiums         Developme           \$13,880         \$ (7         \$ (803         \$ 13,070           3,292         117         228         3,637           2,272         26         410         2,708           2,075         (82         )         -         1,993           (1,211)         (144         (73         )         (1,428           (9         131         -         122</td></t<>	Losses         Net         Net           and         Acquisition         Net         Net           LAE         Expenses         Premiums         Developme           \$13,880         \$ (7         \$ (803         \$ 13,070           3,292         117         228         3,637           2,272         26         410         2,708           2,075         (82         )         -         1,993           (1,211)         (144         (73         )         (1,428           (9         131         -         122

Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from the Tohoku earthquake, the New Zealand earthquakes in 2011 and Hurricane Sandy, partially offset by net unfavorable development on the New Zealand earthquake in September 2010. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2012 and 2013 underwriting years. A change in loss development pattern contributed \$0.6 million of net favorable development. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose primarily from the 2013 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the crop class arose primarily from 2013 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the crop class arose primarily from the Costa Concordia cruise ship loss in the 2011 underwriting year, partially offset by net favorable development on most other prior underwriting years. A change in loss development patterns contributed \$1.2 million to the net favorable development.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net	
	Losses	Net
	and	Acquisition Net Net
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses Premiums Development
Major catastrophes	\$35,782	\$ (40 ) \$ (4,038 ) \$ 31,704
Property per risk	6,932	67 805 7,804
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	6,687	112 (144 ) 6,655
Marine, aviation and satellite	3,538	167 115 3,820
Property proportional	2,499	(227) - 2,272
Crop	2,063	44 - 2,107
Total	\$57,501	\$ 123 \$ (3,262 ) \$ 54,362

Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from Hurricane Sandy and the Tohoku earthquake, partially offset by net unfavorable development on a marine loss related to Hurricane Ike. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2010 through 2012 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose primarily from the 2005 through 2008 and 2012 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the property proportional class arose primarily from the 2010 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2008 and prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the crop class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting year.

Calendar Year Losses - Excluding Current Year Major Catastrophes and Prior Years' Loss Development

The Property and Marine segment calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were \$76.3 million and \$61.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were 47.2% and 36.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in calendar year losses and the calendar year loss ratio resulted primarily from an increase in losses from North American non-major catastrophe events in 2014 of \$11.7 million as compared with 2013 and an underwriting loss in our North American crop business in 2014 as compared with underwriting income for the same period in 2013. The underwriting loss on our 2014 North American crop business, primarily related to hailstorms, was \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. North American crop business was \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> <u>Net Acquisition Expenses</u>

The Property and Marine segment net acquisition expenses were \$30.1 million and \$27.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The net acquisition expense ratios were 18.5% and 16.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in net acquisition expenses and the net acquisition expense ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013 was primarily due to an increase in North American proportional business, which has a higher acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment, and a reduction in property catastrophe business, which has a lower acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment.

## Other Underwriting Expenses

The Property and Marine segment other underwriting expenses were \$22.9 million and \$22.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## **Casualty**

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Casualty segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
					Increase	
	2014		2013		(decrease)	
Net premiums written	\$194,051		\$220,547	7	\$(26,496)	
Net premiums earned	196,746	)	218,967	7	(22,221)	
Net losses and LAE	68,086		75,243		(7,157)	
Net acquisition expenses	47,748		53,384		(5,636)	
Other underwriting expenses	15,957		17,120		(1,163)	
Casualty segment underwriting income	\$64,955		\$73,220		\$(8,265)	
Underwriting ratios:						
Net loss and LAE	34.6	%	34.4	%	0.2 points (0.1)	
Net acquisition expense	24.3	%	24.4	%	points	
Other underwriting expense	8.1	%	7.8	%	0.3 points	
Combined	67.0	%	66.6	%	0.4 points	

The Casualty segment underwriting income decreased by \$8.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to a decrease in net favorable development. Net favorable development was \$77.8 million and \$85.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Casualty segment generated 51.1% and 52.6% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Casualty segment net premiums written decreased by \$26.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums written reflected a decrease in

prior years' premium estimates of \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and an increase in prior years' premium estimates of \$29.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Excluding the impact of changes to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums written increased by \$3.8 million.

## Table of Contents

The Casualty segment net premiums earned decreased by \$22.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums earned reflected a decrease in prior years' premium estimates of \$2.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and an increase in prior years' premium estimates of \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Excluding the impact of changes to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums earned decreased by \$1.9 million. Net premiums written and earned were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

## Net Losses and LAE

The following table sets forth the components of net losses and LAE for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 3	30,
	2014	2013
Prior years' favorable loss development	\$75,531	\$85,665
Calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development	(143,617)	(160,908)
Net losses and LAE	\$(68,086)	\$(75,243)

#### Prior Years' Loss Development

Net favorable loss development was \$75.5 million and \$85.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratios by 39.0 points and 39.2 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Net Losses	Net		
		Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
North American claims made	\$25,342	\$ (105 )	\$ 221	\$ 25,458
North American umbrella	25,105	7	-	25,112
International casualty	10,396	373	714	11,483
Financial lines	11,247	(140)	235	11,342
North American clash	4,434	14	201	4,649
Accident and health	1,457	341	134	1,932
North American occurrence	(2,446)	119	112	(2,215)
Other	(4)	-	-	(4)
Total	\$75,531	\$ 609	\$ 1,617	\$ 77,757

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from 2003 through 2011 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development on the 2012 underwriting year and a change in loss development patterns that resulted in \$8.7 million of net unfavorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose from the 2005 through 2011 underwriting years. Contributing to the net favorable development was a reduction in construction related claims of \$9.4 million and a change in loss

development patterns of \$6.4 million. Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose from most prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the financial lines class arose primarily from political risk exposure in the 2005 through 2008 underwriting years and trade credit exposure from most prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American clash class arose primarily from the 2006 through 2010 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the accident and health class arose primarily from the 2011 through 2013 underwriting years. Net unfavorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from construction related claims in the 2004 and 2005 underwriting years and automobile claims in the 2013 underwriting year, partially offset by net favorable development on the 2007 through 2012 underwriting years. A change in the loss development patterns contributed \$1.1 million to the net favorable development.

## Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 by class of business (\$ in thousands):

	Net	
	Losses	Net
	and	Acquisition Net Net
Class of Business	LAE	Expenses Premiums Development
North American claims made	\$40,117	\$ (843 ) \$ 61 \$ 39,335
North American umbrella	33,917	466 - 34,383
International casualty	3,831	(9) (105) 3,717
North American clash	3,564	16 21 3,601
Accident and health	2,879	(74) - 2,805
North American occurrence	1,182	586 248 2,016
Other	175	(291) (21) (137)
Total	\$85,665	\$ (149 ) \$ 204 \$ 85,720

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2003 underwriting year. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose from all prior underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$8.9 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose from most prior underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2002 and 2008 underwriting years. A change in the loss development patterns in the 2002 underwriting year contributed \$1.6 million of the net unfavorable development. Net favorable development in the accident and health class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2009 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American clash class arose primarily from the 2009 through 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American development from the 2006 and prior underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$0.6 million to the net favorable development.

## Calendar Year Losses - Excluding Prior Years' Loss Development

The Casualty segment calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development, were \$143.6 million and \$160.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The calendar year loss ratio, excluding prior years' loss development, was 73.6% for both the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. Although the calendar year loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were the same for 2014 and 2013, they were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

## Net Acquisition Expenses

The Casualty segment net acquisition expenses were \$47.7 million and \$53.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The net acquisition expense ratios were 24.3% and 24.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net acquisition expenses and related acquisition expense ratios, excluding the impact of favorable and unfavorable development related to prior years' acquisition expenses noted in the tables above, were \$48.4 million, or 24.8%, and \$53.2 million, or 24.3%, for nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease in net acquisition expenses was due to a decrease in earned premiums. The increase in the net acquisition ratio was the result of an increase in ceding commissions. The net acquisition expense ratio was also impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts. 56

## <u>Table of Contents</u> <u>Other Underwriting Expenses</u>

The Casualty segment other underwriting expenses were \$16.0 million and \$17.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to lower performance based compensation accruals in 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013.

## Finite Risk

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Finite Risk segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	-				Increase	
	2014		2013		(decrease	)
Net premiums written	\$19,38	6	\$22,54	0	\$ (3,154	)
Net premiums earned	21,595	5	20,368		1,227	
Net losses and LAE	13,70	7	10,13	8		
Net acquisition expenses	5,593		10,19	9		
Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses	19,300 20,337		7	(1,037	)	
Other underwriting expenses	947		1,002		(55	)
Finite Risk segment underwriting income (loss)	\$1,348		\$(971	)	\$ 2,319	
Underwriting ratios:						
Net loss and LAE	63.5	%	49.8	%		
Net acquisition expense	25.9	%	50.1	%		
					(10.5)	
Net loss, LAE and acquisition expense	89.4	%	99.9	%	points	
					(0.5)	
Other underwriting expense	4.4	%	4.9	%	points	
					(11.0)	
Combined	93.8	%	104.8	%	points	

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the in-force Finite Risk portfolio consisted of one contract. Due to the inverse relationship between losses and commissions for this segment, we believe it is important to evaluate the overall combined ratio, rather than its component parts of net loss and LAE ratio and net acquisition expense ratio. Due to the decline in premium volume in recent years, current year ratios may be significantly impacted by relatively small adjustments of prior years' reserves.

#### Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Finite Risk segment generated 5.1% and 5.4% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net premiums written decreased \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums written reflected a decrease in prior years' premium estimates of \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and an increase in prior years' premium estimates of \$7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Excluding the impact of changes to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums written increased by \$5.0 million. The increase in net premiums written was attributable to an increase in the premium on the single contract currently in-force in 2014 as compared with the same period in

## 2013.

Net premiums earned increased \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net premiums earned reflected a decrease in prior years' premium estimates of \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and an increase in prior years' premium estimates of \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Excluding the impact of changes to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums earned increased by \$5.7 million. 57

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Net Losses, LAE and Acquisition Expenses

The Finite Risk segment net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses decreased by \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to an increase in net favorable development. Net favorable development was \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and net unfavorable development was \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The net favorable development decreased the net loss and LAE and acquisition expense ratio by 5.3 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the net unfavorable development increased the net loss and LAE and acquisition expense ratio by 1.1 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Non-Underwriting Results

# Net Investment Income

Net investment income was \$52.9 million and \$54.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net investment income was relatively unchanged for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013 as the decrease in the average book value of our investments and cash and cash equivalents was primarily related to a decrease in low yielding cash and cash equivalents, which has little impact on net investment income. The average book yield for the portfolio of total investments and cash and cash equivalents was 2.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with 2.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

# Net Realized Gains on Investments

Net realized gains on investments were \$2.0 million and \$24.7 million for nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$4.0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, which included net realized gains of \$1.5 million from the sale of corporate bonds and \$1.4 million from the sale of municipal bonds. Net realized gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were negatively impacted by fair value adjustments on our fixed maturity trading securities of \$2.0 million.

Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$27.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, which included net realized gains of \$18.3 million from the sale of municipal bonds, \$6.1 million from the sale of corporate bonds and \$2.5 million from the sale of commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"). Net realized gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were negatively impacted by fair value adjustments on our fixed maturity trading securities of \$2.5 million.

## Net Impairment Losses on Investments

Net impairment losses on investments were \$0.2 million and \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net impairment losses reflect other-than-temporary impairments attributable to credit losses on impaired securities that relate exclusively to investments in securitized mortgages not guaranteed by U.S. government agencies.

# Other Revenues and Expenses

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2014	2013
Other income (expense)	\$2,797	\$2,503
Operating expenses not allocated to segments	(18,519)	(19,080)
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains	255	592
Interest expense	(14,363)	(14,341)
Other revenues (expenses)	\$(29,830)	\$(30,326)

## Table of Contents

Other income includes changes in the fair value of our reinsurance deposit assets of \$3.1 million and \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Operating expenses not allocated to underwriting segments were \$18.5 million and \$19.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to lower performance based compensation accruals, partially offset by higher professional fees in 2014 as compared with the same period in 2013.

Interest expense was \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and related to our \$250.0 million of debt obligations.

## Income Taxes

The income tax expense or benefit is primarily driven by the taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries. Our effective tax rate is primarily driven by the portion of taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries relative to the income or loss generated by our Bermuda-based operations, which are not subject to corporate income tax. Premiums earned by our U.S. and Bermuda-based subsidiaries generally do not bear a proportionate relationship to their respective pre-tax income for a variety of reasons, including the significant impact on pre-tax income of the different mixes of business underwritten by the particular subsidiary, the presence or absence of underwriting income or loss attributable to such business, and the investment results experienced by the particular subsidiary.

Income tax expense was \$9.6 million and \$24.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 6.9% and 12.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Pre-tax income was \$103.6 million and \$35.1 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Pre-tax income was \$120.2 million and \$78.8 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

## **Financial Condition**

The following discussion of financial condition, liquidity and capital resources as of September 30, 2014 focuses only on material changes from December 31, 2013. See Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Financial Condition", in our 2013 Form 10 K.

## Liquidity

## Liquidity Requirements

Platinum Holdings is a holding company, the assets of which consist primarily of shares of its subsidiaries. Platinum Holdings' liquidity requirements, and those of Platinum Finance, include the payment of operating expenses, debt service obligations and income taxes. Our reinsurance subsidiaries' principal liquidity requirements are the payment of losses and LAE, commissions, brokerage, operating expenses, income taxes and dividends to Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance. We consider the impact of dividends and other distributions from our reinsurance subsidiaries on their respective capital levels, which may impact the financial strength ratings assigned to our subsidiaries by A.M. Best Company, Inc. ("A.M. Best") and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P").

#### Collateral Requirements of our Reinsurance Subsidiaries

Platinum Bermuda is not licensed, approved or accredited as a reinsurer in the United States and, therefore, under the terms of its contracts with U.S. ceding companies, it is required to provide collateral to its ceding companies for unpaid losses and LAE and unearned premiums in a form acceptable to state insurance regulators. Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US also provide reinsurance coverage in many international jurisdictions, several of which require them to provide collateral directly with regulators or ceding companies.

Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US also have reinsurance and other contracts that require them to provide collateral to ceding companies when certain levels of assumed liabilities are attained. Should certain events occur, such as a decline in our financial strength rating by A.M. Best or S&P below specified levels or a decline in statutory equity below specified amounts, the amount of collateral required may increase. Some reinsurance contracts also have special termination provisions that permit early termination should certain events occur. 59

## Table of Contents

Generally, our collateral requirements are satisfied as follows:

Letters of credit issued by financial institutions. See "Sources of Liquidity – Credit Facilities" below for additional •information on our credit facilities, letters of credit issued and the collateral required by us under these facilities as of September 30, 2014;

Pledged assets or trust accounts. As of September 30, 2014, investments of \$5.7 million were pledged to U.S. •regulatory authorities and investments of \$56.9 million and cash and cash equivalents of \$12.4 million were pledged to collateralize obligations under various reinsurance contracts; and

·Funds held by ceding companies.

## Other Liquidity Requirements

Platinum Holdings fully and unconditionally guarantees the outstanding \$250.0 million of debt obligations of Platinum Finance. Platinum Finance pays interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

Platinum Holdings may also require cash to pay for share repurchases. See "Capital Resources - Share and Debt Repurchases" below for additional discussion of share repurchases.

## Sources of Liquidity

Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance's sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, liquid investments, potential borrowings from our syndicated credit facility, the potential issuance of securities, and dividends and other distributions from subsidiaries. Our reinsurance subsidiaries' sources of liquidity consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, inflows of premiums, investment income, proceeds from the sales, maturities and paydowns of investments, capital contributions or potential borrowings from Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance and potential borrowings from our syndicated credit facility.

As of September 30, 2014, we had consolidated cash and cash equivalents of \$1.3 billion, including \$121.4 million at Platinum Holdings and \$180.9 million at Platinum Finance. We expect that Platinum Holdings' and Platinum Finance's liquidity needs for the next twelve months will be met by our cash and cash equivalents and available dividend capacity from our subsidiaries. We expect that our reinsurance subsidiaries' liquidity needs for the next twelve months will be met by our cash and cash equivalents inflows of premiums, investment income and proceeds from the sales, maturities and paydowns of investments.

#### Table of Contents Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the cash provided by or used in our operating, investing and financing activities and the effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		
	2014 2013		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(14,429) \$(14,098)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	115,327 161,414		
Net cash used in financing activities	(221,464) (294,561)		
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	(4,703 ) (7,745 )		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(125,269) (154,990)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,464,418 1,720,395		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,339,149 \$1,565,405		

## **Operating Activities**

Cash provided by and used in operating activities fluctuates primarily as a result of the payment of losses and LAE and changes in volume and timing of premium receipts. Our reinsurance subsidiaries generally have liquidity from underwriting activities as premiums are received in advance of the time losses are paid. The period of time from the occurrence of a claim through the settlement of the liability may extend many years into the future. However, due to the nature of our reinsurance operations, cash flows are affected by the amount and timing of actual claim payments that can vary based on many factors, including the severity of individual losses, changes in the legal environment, foreign exchange rates and general market conditions. As a result of expected payment of losses and LAE, including the payment of losses from major catastrophe activity in the last several years, our operating cash flows may be negative for the next twelve months.

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash provided by investing activities decreased primarily as a result of a reduction in sales of fixed maturity available-for-sale securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Proceeds from sales of fixed maturity available-for-sale securities were \$70.9 million and \$203.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## **Financing Activities**

Net cash used in financing activities primarily related to repurchases of common shares of \$215.7 million and \$302.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### **Investments**

As part of our investment strategy, we seek to establish a level of cash and liquid short-term and intermediate-term securities which, including expected cash outflows from our operating activities and cash flows from our investments, we believe to be adequate to meet our foreseeable payment obligations. The ultimate amount and timing of claim payments could differ materially from our estimates and create significant variations in cash flows from operations between periods, which may require us to make payments from other sources of liquidity, such as sales of investments, borrowings from our syndicated credit facility or proceeds from capital market transactions. If we need to sell investments to meet liquidity requirements, the sale of such investments may be at a material gain or loss. As

of September 30, 2014, our investment portfolio consisted primarily of diversified, high quality, predominantly investment-grade fixed maturity securities.

# Table of Contents

Our investable assets consist of investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net balances due from brokers. Our investable assets credit quality is primarily measured by Moody's. If a particular security did not have a Moody's rating then a rating, generally from S&P, was converted to a Moody's equivalent rating. The following table sets forth our investment portfolio information as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	September	December
	30,	31,
	2014	2013
Investable Assets	\$3.3 billion	\$3.5 billion
Credit Quality	Aa2	Aa2
Book Yield	2.1%	2.1%
Duration	2.5 yrs	2.6 yrs

The following table summarizes the fair value and unrealized gains or losses of our investments and cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Net			Net
		Unrealized		Unrealized
		Gain		Gain
	Fair Value	(Loss)	Fair Value	(Loss)
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities:				
U.S. Government	\$49,574	\$ 165	\$4,765	\$ 204
U.S. Government agencies	79,864	1,253	51,122	(725)
Municipal bonds	1,237,126	83,766	1,269,247	48,378
Non-U.S. governments	25,108	111	40,514	541
Corporate bonds	213,219	7,425	227,235	3,140
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	63,735	3,629	77,491	4,850
Residential mortgage-backed securities	130,942	1,517	169,965	266
Asset-backed securities	19,288	3,112	17,531	1,328
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	1,818,856	100,978	1,857,870	57,982
Fixed maturity trading securities:				
Non-U.S. governments	95,155	n/a	103,395	n/a
Total fixed maturity trading securities	95,155	n/a	103,395	n/a
Short-term investments:				
Trading	26,269	n/a	66,679	n/a
Total short-term investments	26,269	n/a	66,679	n/a
Total investments	1,940,280	100,978	2,027,944	57,982
Cash and cash equivalents	1,339,149	-	1,464,418	-
Total investments and cash and cash equivalents	\$3,279,429	\$ 100,978	\$3,492,362	\$ 57,982

See Note 3 to the "Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Form 10-Q for discussion of the fair value measurements of our financial assets and liabilities. 62

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> Non-U.S. Governments

Our non-U.S. government bond portfolio consists of securities issued by governments, provinces, agencies and supranationals.

The following table provides additional detail on the fair value and amortized cost of our portfolio of non-U.S. government fixed maturity available-for-sale securities, fixed maturity trading securities and short-term investments converted to U.S. dollars as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Fair Value Basic	Other			
	Monetary	Non-U.S.	U.S.		Amortized
Non-U.S. government portfolio	Unit	Dollar	Dollar	Total	Cost
Germany	\$36,580	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$36,580	\$35,097
Netherlands	-	1,475	-	1,475	1,455
Eurozone governments	36,580	1,475	-	38,055	36,552
United Kingdom	52,280	-	-	52,280	50,478
Sweden	-	-	20,074	20,074	20,000
New Zealand	17,509	-	-	17,509	17,509
Australia	11,747	-	-	11,747	11,632
Norway	-	-	5,034	5,034	4,998
Luxembourg	-	1,833	-	1,833	1,770
Other non-U.S. governments	81,536	1,833	25,108	108,477	106,387
Total non-U.S. governments	\$118,116	\$ 3,308	\$25,108	\$146,532	\$142,939

In addition to the investments noted above, we held non-U.S. dollar denominated cash and cash equivalents of \$85.3 million as of September 30, 2014. Non-U.S. dollar investments and cash and cash equivalents are generally held for the purpose of hedging our net non-U.S. dollar denominated reinsurance liabilities. 63

# Table of Contents

Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)

The following table provides additional information on the fair values, net unrealized gains and losses and credit quality of our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

		Net Unrealized	
		Gain	Credit
	Fair Value	(Loss)	Quality
U.S. Government	\$49,574	\$165	Aaa
U.S. Government agencies	79,864	1,253	Aaa
Municipal bonds:			
State general obligation bonds	875,231	62,414	Aa2
Essential service bonds	176,717	9,766	A1
State income tax and sales tax bonds	71,242	6,745	Aa2
Other municipal bonds	59,097	2,652	Aa2
Pre-refunded bonds	54,839	2,189	Aa2
Subtotal	1,237,126	83,766	Aa2
Non-U.S. governments	25,108	111	Aa1
Corporate bonds:			
Industrial	139,453	4,252	Baa2
Utilities	57,746	2,088	A3
Insurance	16,020	1,085	Baa2
Subtotal	213,219	7,425	Baa1
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	63,735	3,629	A1
Residential mortgage-backed securities:			
U.S. Government agency residential mortgage-backed securities	115,461	986	Aaa
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	15,481	531	Caa2
Subtotal	130,942	1,517	Aa2
Asset-backed securities:			
Asset-backed securities	13,575	(25	) Aaa
Sub-prime asset-backed securities	5,713	3,137	С
Subtotal	19,288	3,112	A3
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	\$1,818,856	\$ 100,978	Aa3

As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately \$13.2 million and \$4.6 million of municipal bonds for which ratings of "Aa" and "A", respectively, included the benefit of guarantees from third-party insurers that would otherwise be rated as "A" and "Baa", respectively, without the existence of such guarantees.

The net unrealized gain position of our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios was \$83.8 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2014 as compared with \$48.4 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2013. The increases in the net unrealized gain position in our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios were the result of a decrease in interest rates and a tightening of credit spreads. We analyze the creditworthiness of our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios by reviewing various performance metrics of the issuer, including financial condition, credit ratings and other public information.

The net unrealized gain position of our CMBS portfolio was \$3.6 million as of September 30, 2014 as compared with \$4.9 million as of December 31, 2013. We analyze our CMBS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures,

debt-service-coverage ratios and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred. Our portfolio consists primarily of senior tranches of CMBS with high credit ratings and strong credit support.

## Table of Contents

The net unrealized gain position of our residential mortgage-back securities ("RMBS") portfolio was \$1.5 million and \$0.3 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Asset-backed securities ("ABS") include securities with underlying sub-prime mortgages as collateral. The net unrealized gain position of our ABS portfolio was \$3.1 million and \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. We analyze our non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include, but are not limited to, delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, prepayment speeds and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred.

We believe that the gross unrealized losses in our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities portfolio of \$2.9 million represent temporary declines in fair value. We believe that the unrealized losses are not necessarily predictive of ultimate performance and that the provisions we have made for net impairment losses are adequate. However, economic conditions may deteriorate more than expected and may adversely affect the expected cash flows of our securities, which in turn may lead to impairment losses being recorded in future periods. Conversely, economic conditions may improve more than expected and favorably increase the expected cash flows of our impaired securities, which would be earned through net investment income over the remaining life of the security.

#### Maturities

The following table sets forth the amortized cost and fair value of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities by stated maturity as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Amortized	
	Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$173,778	\$175,895
Due from one to five years	431,638	452,325
Due from five to ten years	610,477	642,058
Due in ten or more years	387,949	429,768
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	205,707	213,965
Total	\$1,809,549	\$1,914,011

The actual maturities of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities could differ from stated maturities due to call or prepayment provisions.

## **Credit Facilities**

## Syndicated Credit Facility

On April 9, 2014, we entered into an amended and restated credit facility with various financial institutions (the "Syndicated Credit Facility"). The Syndicated Credit Facility is a four-year, \$300.0 million secured senior credit facility available for letters of credit ("LOC"), with a sublimit of \$100.0 million for revolving borrowings. LOC and borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility are available for the working capital, liquidity and general corporate requirements of Platinum Holdings, Platinum Finance and our reinsurance subsidiaries. The Syndicated Credit Facility contains customary representations, warranties and covenants. Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance have unconditionally guaranteed the obligations of each Platinum entity under the Syndicated Credit Facility.

Other Letter of Credit Facilities

We have an LOC facility with a financial institution in the aggregate amount of \$100.0 million available for the issuance of LOC to support reinsurance obligations of our reinsurance subsidiaries. We also have the ability to request an uncommitted LOC facility of up to \$150.0 million subject to agreement with the lender.

Platinum Bermuda has an uncommitted LOC facility of \$125.0 million available for the issuance of LOC to support reinsurance obligations of Platinum Bermuda. There was \$15.9 million committed under this facility as of September 30, 2014. Platinum Holdings has unconditionally guaranteed the obligations of Platinum Bermuda under this facility. 65

## Table of Contents

We had no borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013. The following table summarizes the outstanding LOC as of September 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

		Letters of	Credit
	Credit	Credit	Capacity
	Capacity	Issued (1)	Remaining
Syndicated Credit Facility	\$300,000	\$77,642	\$222,358
Other LOC Facilities	375,000	36,570	338,430
Total	\$675,000	\$114,212	\$560,788

<sup>(1)</sup>Cash and cash equivalents of \$141.7 million were held to collateralize LOC issued as of September 30, 2014.

The credit capacity of \$675.0 million consists of \$415.9 million of committed capacity and \$259.1 million of uncommitted capacity. The Company also has the ability to increase the Syndicated Credit Facility and other LOC facilities by up to \$175.0 million subject to agreement with the lenders.

As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under our credit facilities.

#### **Dividend Restrictions**

Platinum Holdings and its subsidiaries are subject to certain legal and regulatory restrictions in their respective jurisdictions of domicile. The legal restrictions generally include the requirement to maintain positive net assets and to be able to pay liabilities as they become due. For more details on these restrictions, see Item 1, "Business – Regulation", in our 2013 Form 10-K. Regulatory restrictions on dividends are described below.

Dividend Restrictions on Platinum Holdings

Platinum Holdings receives dividends and other distributions from its subsidiaries as a source of liquidity and to fund the payment of dividends to its shareholders. Distributions to Platinum Holdings from its subsidiaries may be restricted as described below. There are no significant restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Holdings to its shareholders.

Dividend Restrictions on Subsidiaries

The laws and regulations of Bermuda and the United States include certain restrictions on the amount of statutory capital and surplus that are available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US to their respective parent companies, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance.

The following table summarizes the available dividend capacity of our reinsurance subsidiaries (\$ in thousands):

		For the Nine	
		Months Ended	
		September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2014	2014
	Dividend		
	Capacity	Paid	Remaining
Platinum Bermuda	\$264,320	\$ 264,000	\$ 320
Platinum US	25,572	-	25,572
Total	\$289,892	\$ 264,000	\$ 25,892

In addition, Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US may pay dividends above the remaining capacity upon appropriate filings or notifications to their respective regulators.

## Table of Contents

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Finance or by Platinum Regency.

## **Capital Resources**

As of September 30, 2014, our capital resources of \$1.9 billion consisted of \$1.7 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. As of December 31, 2013, our capital resources of \$2.0 billion consisted of \$1.7 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. The decrease in capital of \$50.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was primarily attributable to repurchases of common shares of \$215.7 million partially offset by net income of \$129.0 million and the increase in net unrealized gains, net of tax, of \$39.4 million.

#### Share and Debt Repurchases

Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common shares through a share repurchase program. Since the program was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most recently on April 22, 2014, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, in accordance with the share repurchase program, we repurchased 1,704,594 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$104.9 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$61.55 per share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 we repurchased 3,558,690 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$215.7 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$60.61 per share. The shares we repurchased were canceled.

As of September 30, 2014, we had \$110.1 million remaining under the share repurchase program.

Our Board of Directors has also authorized the repurchase of up to \$250.0 million of our outstanding Series B 7.5% Notes due June 1, 2017, issued by Platinum Finance, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. As of September 30, 2014, we had not repurchased any of our Series B 7.5% Notes.

The timing and amount, if any, of repurchase transactions depend on a variety of factors, including prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, corporate and regulatory considerations and other factors.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined for purposes of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules, which are not accounted for or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2014.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no material changes outside of the ordinary course of business to our contractual obligations as disclosed under Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Financial Condition - Contractual Obligations", in our 2013 Form 10 K.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

None.

## Note On Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10 Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements are based on our current plans or expectations that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us. In particular, statements using words such as "may", "should", "estimate", "expect", "anticipate", "intend", "believe", "predict", " or words of similar import generally involve forward-looking statements.

#### Table of Contents

The inclusion of forward-looking statements in this Form 10 Q should not be considered as a representation by us or any other person that our current plans or expectations will be achieved. Numerous factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements, including the following:

•the occurrence of severe catastrophic events;

•the effectiveness of our loss limitation methods and pricing models;

•the adequacy of our ceding companies' ability to assess the risks they underwrite;

·the adequacy of our estimated liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses;

·the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues on our business;

•our ability to maintain our A.M. Best and S&P financial strength ratings;

•our ability to raise capital on acceptable terms if necessary;

•our exposure to credit loss from counterparties in the normal course of business;

the availability and cost of collateral arrangements in order to provide reinsurance;

•the effect on our business of the cyclicality of the property and casualty reinsurance business;

the effect on our business of the highly competitive nature of the property and casualty reinsurance industry, including the effect of new entrants to the industry;

·losses that we could face from terrorism, political unrest and war;

our dependence on the business provided to us by reinsurance brokers and our exposure to credit risk associated with our brokers during the premium and loss settlement process;

·the availability of retrocessional reinsurance on acceptable terms;

·foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;

•our ability to maintain and enhance effective operating procedures and internal controls over financial reporting;

•our need to make many estimates and judgments in the preparation of our financial statements;

the limitations placed on our financial and operational flexibility by the representations, warranties and covenants in our debt and credit facilities;

•our ability to retain key executives and attract and retain additional qualified personnel in the future;

·the effect of technology breaches or failures on our business;

·the performance of our investment portfolio;

·the effects of changes in market interest rates on our investment portfolio;

•the concentration of our investment portfolio in any particular industry, asset class or geographic region;

the effects that the imposition of U.S. corporate income tax would have on Platinum Holdings and its non-U.S. subsidiaries;

the risk that U.S. persons who hold our shares will be subject to adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences under certain circumstances;

#### Table of Contents

the risk that U.S. persons who dispose of our shares may be subject to U.S. federal income taxation at the rates applicable to dividends on all or a portion of their gains, if any;

the risk that holders of 10% or more of our shares may be subject to U.S. income taxation under the "controlled foreign corporation" rules;

•the effect of changes in U.S. federal income tax law on an investment in our shares;

•the possibility that we may become subject to taxes in Bermuda;

the effect of income, premium or other taxes on Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. or its subsidiaries by other jurisdictions;

•the effect on our business of potential changes in the regulatory system under which we operate;

the impact of regulatory regimes and changes to accounting rules on our financial results, irrespective of business operations;

·the uncertain impact on our business of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010;

·the non-compliance with laws, regulations and taxation on transactions with international counter-parties;

the dependence of the cash flows of Platinum Holdings on dividends, interest and other permissible payments from •its subsidiaries to meet its obligations, and the fact that these dividends and other payments are often limited in amount by applicable law;

the risk that our shareholders may have greater difficulty in protecting their interests than would shareholders of a U.S. corporation; and

·limitations on the ownership, transfer and voting rights of our common shares.

As a consequence, our future financial condition and results may differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of us. The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive. Additionally, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update forward-looking statements to reflect new information or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of future events. For a detailed discussion of our risk factors, refer to Item 1A, "Risk Factors", in our 2013 Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We believe that we are principally exposed to the following types of market risk: interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk. The following discussion focuses only on material changes to these types of market risks since December 31, 2013. See Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," in our 2013 Form 10-K for a complete discussion of these risks.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The following table shows the aggregate hypothetical impact on the market value of our fixed maturity securities portfolio as of September 30, 2014, resulting from an immediate parallel shift in interest rates (\$ in thousands):

#### Interest Rate Shift in Basis Points

	- 100 bp	- 50 bp	Current	+ 50 bp	+ 100 bp
Total fair value	\$2,000,738	\$1,956,595	\$1,914,011	\$1,872,986	\$1,833,521
Percent change in fair value	4.5%	2.2%	0.0%	(2.1%	(4.2%)
Resulting net appreciation (depreciation)	\$86,727	\$42,584	\$-	\$(41,025)	\$(80,490)

Actual shifts in interest rates may not change by the same magnitude across the maturity spectrum or on an individual security and, as a result, the impact on the fair value of our fixed maturity securities portfolio may be materially different from the resulting net appreciation or depreciation indicated in the table above.

In addition, while our debt obligations are not carried at fair value and not adjusted for market changes, changes in interest rates could have an impact on the value of our debt obligations if they are required to be refinanced before the stated maturity date.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and timely reported as specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No changes occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2014 in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes our purchases of our common shares during the three months ended September 30, 2014:

			Total Number of	Maximum Dollar
			Shares	Value of
			Purchased	Shares
			as	that May Yet
	Total	Average	Part of a	Ве
	Number of	Price	Publicly	Purchased
	Shares	Paid per	Announced	Under the
Period	Purchased	Share <sup>(1)</sup>	Program	Program <sup>(2)</sup>
July 1, 2014 - July 31, 2014	362,611	\$61.43	362,611	\$192,719,626
August 1, 2014 - August 31, 2014	900,918	61.09	900,918	137,680,486
September 1, 2014 - September 30, 2014	441,065	62.60	441,065	110,070,605
Total	1,704,594	\$61.55	1,704,594	\$110,070,605

(1) Including commissions.

Our Board of Directors established a program authorizing the repurchase of our common shares. Since the program (2) was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most

<sup>(2)</sup> recently on April 22, 2014, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.

Table of Contents Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number Description

10.1 Amended and Restated 2010 Share Incentive Plan<sup>(1)</sup>

- 10.2 Amended and Restated Change in Control Severance Plan<sup>(1)</sup>
- 14.1 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics <sup>(1)</sup>
- <u>31.1</u> Certification of Michael D. Price, Chief Executive Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- <u>31.2</u> Certification of Allan C. Decleir, Chief Financial Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- <u>32.1</u> Certification of Michael D. Price, Chief Executive Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Allan C. Decleir, Chief Financial Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 (unaudited) and December 31, 2013, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited), (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited),
- 101 (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited), (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited), and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited), and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited).

Incorporated by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on October 21, 2014.

#### Table of Contents SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS, LTD.

- Date: October 22, 2014 /s/ Michael D. Price By: Michael D. Price President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
- Date: October 22, 2014 /s/ Allan C. Decleir By: Allan C. Decleir Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)