Southern National Bancorp of Virginia Inc Form 10-Q May 09, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011

Commission File No. 001-33037

SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANCORP OF VIRGINIA, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia (State or other jurisdiction of

20-1417448 (I.R.S. Employer

 $incorporation\ or\ organization)$

Identification No.)

6830 Old Dominion Drive

McLean, Virginia 22101

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

(703) 893-7400

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES "NO"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of large accelerated filer, a accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b 2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

As of April 29, 2011, there were 11,590,212 shares of common stock outstanding.

FORM 10-Q

March 31, 2011

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ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

PART I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANCORP OF VIRGINIA, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	March 31, 2011	Dec	cember 31, 2010
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and due from financial institutions	\$ 2,634	\$	2,180
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	4,948		7,565
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,582		9,745
Securities available for sale, at fair value	10,886		11,068
Securities held to maturity, at amortized cost			
(fair value of \$40,777 and \$43,965, respectively)	41,525		44,895
Covered loans	85,490		92,171
Non-covered loans	377,555		367,266
Total loans	463,045		459,437
Less allowance for loan losses	(5,704)		(5,599)
Net loans	457,341		453,838
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank	6,350		6,350
Bank premises and equipment, net	4,550		4,659
Goodwill	8,713		8,713
Core deposit intangibles, net	2,685		2,915
FDIC indemnification asset	17,999		18,536
Bank-owned life insurance	14,703		14,568
Other real estate owned	7,908		4,577
Deferred tax assets, net	3,734		3,782
Other assets	6,457		7,178
Total assets	\$ 590,433	\$	590,824
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 32,591	\$	34,529
Interest-bearing deposits:			
NOW accounts	16,324		15,961
Money market accounts	150,964		169,861
Savings accounts	5,771		5,490
Time deposits	226,708		205,133
Total interest-bearing deposits	399,767		396,445

Total deposits	432,358	430,974
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings	19,881	23,908
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances	35,000	35,000
Other liabilities	2,842	1,828
Total liabilities	490,081	491,710
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 5)		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 5,000,000 shares; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 45,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 11,590,212 shares at		
March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010	116	116
Additional paid in capital	96,504	96,478
Retained earnings	6,974	5,854
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,242)	(3,334)
Total stockholders equity	100,352	99,114
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 590,433	\$ 590,824

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended

	March 31, 2011 201	
Interest and dividend income:		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 7,121	\$ 7,614
Interest and dividends on taxable securities	556	734
Interest and dividends on other earning assets	52	43
Total interest and dividend income	7,729	8,391
Interest expense:		
Interest on deposits	1,277	1,804
Interest on borrowings	318	327
Total interest expense	1,595	2,131
Net interest income	6,134	6,260
Provision for loan losses	1,340	1,300
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	4,794	4,960
Noninterest income:		
Account maintenance and deposit service fees	200	241
Income from bank-owned life insurance	135	139
Net gain (loss) on other real estate owned	(39)	20
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income (before taxes)	(32)	(7)
Net credit impairment losses recognized in earnings	(32)	(7)
Other	44	147
Total noninterest income	308	540
Noninterest expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	1,603	1,641
Occupancy expenses	539	542
Furniture and equipment expenses	136	154
Amortization of core deposit intangible	230	236
Virginia franchise tax expense	171	184
FDIC assessment	154	189
Data processing expense	142	155
Telephone and communication expense	88	119
Change in FDIC indemnification asset Other operating expenses	(159)	244
Other operating expenses	550	514
Total noninterest expenses	3,454	3,978

Income before income taxes		1,648		1,522
Income tax expense		528		481
Net income	\$	1,120	\$	1,041
Other comprehensive income :				
Unrealized gain on available for sale securities	\$	96	\$	61
Realized amount on securities sold, net				
Non-credit component of other-than-temporary impairment on held-to-maturity securities		55		76
Accretion of amounts previously recorded upon transfer to held-to-maturity from available-for-sale		(11)		(30)
Net unrealized gain (loss)		140		107
Tax effect		(48)		(36)
Other comprehensive income		92		71
Comprehensive income	\$	1,212	\$	1,112
Earnings per share, basic and diluted	\$	0.10	\$	0.09
Latinings per share, basic and undecu	Ф	0.10	Φ	0.09

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

		Additional		Ac	cumulated Other			
	Common	Paid in	Retained	Con	prehensive	Comp	orehensive	
	Stock	Capital	Earnings		Loss	I	ncome	Total
Balance - January 1, 2011	\$ 116	\$ 96,478	\$ 5,854	\$	(3,334)			\$ 99,114
Comprehensive income:								
Net income			1,120			\$	1,120	1,120
Change in unrealized gain on available for sale securities (net								
of tax, \$33)					63		63	63
Change in unrecognized loss on securities held to maturity for								
which a portion of OTTI has been recognized (net of tax, \$15								
and accretion, \$11 and amounts recorded into other								
comprehensive income at transfer)					29		29	29
Total comprehensive income						\$	1,212	
•							ŕ	
Stock-based compensation expense		26						26
r P								
Balance - March 31, 2011	\$ 116	\$ 96,504	\$ 6,974	\$	(3,242)			\$ 100,352

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

(dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	2011	2010
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 1,120	\$ 1,041
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:	106	126
Depreciation	126	136
Amortization of core deposit intangible	230	236
Other amortization , net	(37)	50
Increase (decrease) in FDIC indemnification asset	(159)	244
Provision for loan losses	1,340	1,300
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	(135)	(139)
Stock based compensation expense	26 32	17
Impairment on securities Net (gain) loss on other real estate owned	32	7
Net (gain) loss on other real estate owned Net (increase) decrease in other assets	111	(20)
Net increase in other liabilities	1,014	(404) 2,218
Net increase in other habilities	1,014	2,210
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	3,707	4,686
Investing activities:		
Proceeds from paydowns, maturities and calls of securities available for sale	265	521
Proceeds from paydowns, maturities and calls of securities held to maturity	3,486	2,598
Loan originations and payments, net	(8,045)	9,625
Net decrease in stock in Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank	(0,010)	(835)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	388	294
Payments received on FDIC indemnification asset	696	
Purchases of bank premises and equipment	(17)	(1,672)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,227)	10,531
Financing activities:		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	1,384	(6,569)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances		5,000
Net decrease in securities sold under agreement to repurchase and other short-term borrowings	(4,027)	(772)
Net cash and cash equivalents used in financing activities	(2,643)	(2,341)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,163)	12,876
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,745	8,070
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 7,582	\$ 20,946
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$ 1,640	\$ 2,141
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities		
Transfer from non-covered loans to other real estate owned	3,759	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

March 31, 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Southern National Bancorp of Virginia, Inc. (SNBV) is a corporation formed on July 28, 2004 under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia and is the holding company for Sonabank (Sonabank) a Virginia state chartered bank which commenced operations on April 14, 2005. The principal activities of Sonabank are to attract deposits and originate loans as permitted under applicable banking regulations. Sonabank operates 12 branches in Virginia located in Fairfax County (Reston, McLean and Fairfax), in Charlottesville, Warrenton (2), Leesburg (2), South Riding, Front Royal, New Market and Clifton Forge, and we also have a branch in Rockville, Maryland.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Southern National Bancorp of Virginia, Inc. and its subsidiary. Significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles (U. S. GAAP) for interim financial information and instructions for Form 10-Q and follow general practice within the banking industry. Accordingly, the unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U. S. GAAP for complete financial statements. However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented have been made. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in SNBV s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the carrying value of investment securities, other than temporary impairment of investment securities, the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, the FDIC indemnification asset, mortgage servicing rights, other real estate owned and deferred tax assets.

Reclassifications

Some items in the prior year financial statements were reclassified to conform to the current presentation, and the reclassifications had no impact on prior period net income or shareholders equity.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, Receivables (Topic 310): A Creditor s Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. This amendment clarifies the guidance on the evaluation made by a creditor on whether a restructuring constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. It clarifies the guidance related to a creditor s evaluation of whether it has granted a concession to a debtor and also clarifies the guidance on a creditor s evaluation of whether the debtor is experiencing financial difficulties. The amendment is effective for public entities for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the annual period of adoption. The disclosures required which were deferred by ASU No. 2011-01, Receivables (Topic 310): Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20, is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operation.

2. STOCK- BASED COMPENSATION

In 2004, the Board of Directors adopted a stock option plan that authorized the reservation of up to 302,500 shares of common stock and provided for the granting of stock options to certain directors, officers and employees. As of March 31, 2011, options to purchase an aggregate of 302,500 shares of common stock were outstanding and no shares remained available for issuance. The 2010 Stock Awards and Incentive Plan was approved by the Board of Directors in January 2010 and approved by the stockholders at the Annual Meeting in April 2010. The 2010 plan authorized the reservation of 700,000 shares of common stock for the granting of stock awards. The options granted to officers and employees are incentive stock options and the options granted to non-employee directors are non-qualified stock options. The purpose of the plan is to afford key employees an incentive to remain in the employ of SNBV and to assist in the attracting and retaining of non-employee directors by affording them an opportunity to share in SNBV s future success. Under the plan, the option s price cannot be less than the fair market value of the stock on the grant date. The maximum term of the options is ten years and options granted may be subject to a graded vesting schedule.

SNBV granted 97,750 options during the first three months of 2011. The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model. The following weighted-average assumptions were used to value options granted in the three months ended March 31, 2011:

	2011
Dividend yield	0.00%
Expected life	10 years
Expected volatility	46.13%
Risk-free interest rate	3.34%
Weighted average fair value per option granted	\$ 4.39

We have paid no dividends.

Due to SNBV s short existence, the volatility was estimated using historical volatility of comparative publicly traded financial institutions in the Virginia market combined with that of SNBV for periods approximating the expected option life.

The risk-free interest rate was developed using the U. S. Treasury yield curve for periods equal to the expected life of the options on the grant date. An increase in the risk-free interest rate will increase stock compensation expense on future option grants. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, stock-based compensation expense was \$26 thousand and \$17 thousand, respectively. As of March 31, 2011, unrecognized compensation expense associated with the stock options was \$721 thousand, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 4.3 years.

A summary of the activity in the stock option plan during the three months ended March 31, 2011 follows (dollars in thousands):

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Int	regate rinsic alue
Options outstanding, beginning of period	312,675	\$ 8.35			
Granted	97,750	7.20			
Forfeited					
Exercised					
Options outstanding, end of period	410,425	\$ 8.07	7.0	\$	72
Vested or expected to vest	410,425	\$ 8.07	7.0	\$	72
Exercisable at end of period	207,745	\$ 8.90	4.9	\$	27

3. <u>SECURITIES</u>

The amortized cost and fair value of securities available-for-sale were as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized	Gross U	Fair	
March 31, 2011	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
SBA guaranteed loan pools	\$ 10,544	\$ 251	\$	10,795
FHLMC preferred stock	16	75		91
Total	\$ 10.560	\$ 326	\$	\$ 10.886

	Amortized	Gross U	realized	Fair
December 31, 2010	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
SBA guaranteed loan pools	\$ 10,822	\$ 216	\$	11,038
FHLMC preferred stock	16	14		30
Total	\$ 10,838	\$ 230	\$	\$ 11,068

The carrying amount and fair value of securities held-to-maturity were as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized	Gross Unrecognized		Fair
March 31, 2011	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Residential government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities	\$ 31,334	\$ 1,161	\$ (14)	\$ 32,481
Residential government-sponsored collateralized mortgage obligations	153	5		158
Other residential collateralized mortgage obligations	1,100	4		1,104
Trust preferred securities	8,938	864	(2,768)	7,034
	\$ 41,525	\$ 2,034	\$ (2,782)	\$ 40,777

	Amortized	Gross Un	recognized	Fair
December 31, 2010	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Residential government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities	\$ 34,088	\$ 1,247	\$	\$ 35,335
Residential government-sponsored collateralized mortgage obligations	188	8		196
Other residential collateralized mortgage obligations	1,166	5		1,171
Trust preferred securities	9,453	675	(2,865)	7,263
	\$ 44,895	\$ 1,935	\$ (2,865)	\$ 43,965

The fair value and carrying amount, if different, of debt securities as of March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity were as follows (in thousands). Securities not due at a single maturity date, primarily mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations, are shown separately.

	Held to Amortized	Maturity	Availab Amortized	le for Sale	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	
Due in one to five years	\$	\$	\$ 322	\$ 329	
Due in five to ten years			1,170	1,194	
Due after ten years	8,938	7,034	9,052	9,272	
Residential government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities	31,334	32,481			
Residential government-sponsored collateralized mortgage obligations	153	158			
Other residential collateralized mortgage obligations	1,100	1,104			
0					
Total	\$ 41,525	\$ 40,777	\$ 10,544	\$ 10,795	

Securities with a carrying amount of approximately \$42.3 million and \$45.3 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits, repurchase agreements and a line of credit for advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta (FHLB).

SNBV monitors the portfolio for indicators of other than temporary impairment. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, certain securities fair values were below cost. As outlined in the table below, there were securities with fair values totaling approximately \$8.9 million in the portfolio that are considered temporarily impaired at March 31, 2011. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and illiquidity, and not credit quality, and because we do not have the intent to sell these securities and it is likely that we will not be required to sell the securities before their anticipated recovery, management does not consider these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired as of March 31, 2011. The following tables present information regarding securities in a continuous unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands) by duration of time in a loss position:

March 31, 2011

	Less than 12 months			12 Mon	ths or More	Total		
	Unrecognized				Unrecognized		Unr	ecognized
Held to Maturity	Fair value	L	osses	Fair value	Losses	Fair value]	Losses
Residential government-sponsored mortgage-backed								
securities	\$ 4,510	\$	(14)	\$	\$	\$4,510	\$	(14)
Trust preferred securities				4,359	(2,768)	4,359		(2,768)

\$4,510	\$ (14)	\$ 4,359	\$ (2,768)	\$ 8,869	\$ (2,782)

December 31, 2010

	Less tha	an 12 months	12 Moi	nths or More	Total			
	Fair	Fair Unrecognized F		Fair Unrecognized		Unrecognized		
Held to Maturity	value	Losses	value	Losses	value	Losses		
Trust preferred securities	\$	\$	\$ 4,805	\$ (2,865)	\$ 4,805	\$ (2,865)		

As of March 31, 2011, we owned pooled trust preferred securities as follows:

											of Current		
		D.									efaults and	Prev	iously
		Kai	ings										gnized
													ulative
	Tr. 1		hen		D			Estimated			to		ther
Security	Tranche Level		hased c. Eitab	Moody	Ratings	Dor Walua	Book Value	Fair Value	Defaults Deferr		Current Co Collateral		enensive ss (1)
Security	Level	Moody	s ritch	Moody	S FILCII	(in thou		value	Delen	ais (Conateral	Los	88 (1)
ALESCO VII A1B	Senior	Aaa	AAA	Baa3	BB	\$ 7,256	\$ 6,486	\$ 3,943	\$ 204,	056	43%	\$	313
MMCF II B	Senior Sub	A3	AA-	Baa2	BB	496	457	465	34,	000	29%		39
MMCF III B	Senior Sub	A3	A-	Ba1	CC	656	641	416	37,	000	32%		15
						8,408	7,584	4,824				\$	367
						,	,						
													nulative
											Cumulative	U	TTI
											Other		ated to
Other Than Temporarily Impaired										C	Comprehensi Loss (2)		
TPREF FUNDING II	Mezzanin	e A1	A-	Caa3	С	1,500	541	541 1	27,100	37%		\$	ss (2) 277
TRAP 2007-XII C1	Mezzanin		A-	Caas	C	2,059	126		40,705	28%		φ	579
TRAP 2007-XIII D	Mezzanin			NR	C	2.032	120		231,250	31%		_	2,032
MMC FUNDING XVIII	Mezzanin		A- A-	Ca	C	1,046	85		11,682	34%		4	470
ALESCO V C1	Mezzanin		A-	Ca	C	2,073	458		17,942	41%			661
ALESCO XV C1	Mezzanin		A A-	Ca	C	3,100	29		266,100	41%		_	2,559
ALESCO XVI C	Mezzanin		A- A-	Ca	C	2,065	115		49,900	35%			1,180
ALESCOAVIC	wiezzaiiii	e As	A-	Ca	C	2,003	113	4 21 1	47,700	3370	770		,100

(1) Pre-tax, and represents unrealized losses at date of transfer from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity, net of accretion

Total

Each of these securities has been evaluated for other than temporary impairment. In performing a detailed cash flow analysis of each security, Sonabank works with independent third parties to estimate expected cash flows and assist with the evaluation of other than temporary impairment. The cash flow analyses performed included the following assumptions:

13,875

1,354

\$ 22,283 \$ 8,938 \$ 7,034

2,210

We assume that .5% of the remaining performing collateral will default or defer per annum.

We assume recoveries ranging from 25% to 50% with a two year lag on all defaults and deferrals.

We assume no prepayments for 10 years and then 1% per annum for the remaining life of the security.

% of Current

\$4,763 \$7,758

⁽²⁾ Pre-tax

Additionally banks with assets over \$15 billion will no longer be allowed to count down streamed trust preferred proceeds as Tier 1 capital (although it will still be counted as Tier 2 capital). That will incent the large banks to prepay their trust preferred securities if they can or if it is economically desirable. As a consequence we have projected in all of our pools that 25% of the collateral issued by banks with assets over \$15 billion will prepay in 2013.

Our securities have been modeled using the above assumptions by independent third parties using the forward LIBOR curve to discount projected cash flows to present values.

These assumptions resulted in OTTI charges related to credit on one of the trust preferred securities in the amount of \$32 thousand during the quarter ended March 31, 2011, compared to no OTTI charges related to credit on the trust preferred securities for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

We also own \$1.1 million of SARM 2005-22 1A2. This residential collateralized mortgage obligation was originally rated AAA by Standard and Poors. After a series of downgrades this security has been evaluated for potential impairment. Based on our review of the trustee report, shock analysis and current information regarding delinquencies, nonperforming loans and credit support it has been determined that no OTTI charge for credit was required for the quarter ended March 31, 2011. The assumptions used in the analysis included a 5.5% prepayment speed, 15%

default rate, a 50% loss severity and an accounting yield of 2.60%. We recorded OTTI charges for credit on this security of \$7 thousand in the first quarter of 2010.

The following table presents a roll forward of the credit losses for the trust preferred securities and the residential collateralized mortgage obligation recognized in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

010
7,714
7
7,721
/

4. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The following table summarizes the composition of our loan portfolio as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	Covered Non-covered Total Loans Loans Loans		Covered Loans	Non-covered Loans	Total Loans	
		March 31, 2011			December 31, 201	10
Mortgage loans on real estate:						
Commercial real estate - owner-occupied	\$ 4,812	\$ 86,407	\$ 91,219	\$ 5,246	\$ 81,487	\$ 86,733
Commercial real estate - non-owner-occupied	10,341	85,634	95,975	13,898	76,068	89,966
Secured by farmland		3,507	3,507		3,522	3,522
Construction and land loans	998	32,079	33,077	1,098	39,480	40,578
Residential 1-4 family	28,944	57,029	85,973	29,935	58,900	88,835
Multi- family residential	558	23,289	23,847	563	19,177	19,740
Home equity lines of credit	38,865	9,581	48,446	40,287	10,532	50,819
Total real estate loans	84,518	297,526	382,044	91,027	289,166	380,193
Commercial loans	830	78,687	79,517	998	76,644	77,642
Consumer loans	142	2,061	2,203	146	2,010	2,156
Gross loans	85,490	378,274	463,764	92,171	367,820	459,991
Less unearned income on loans		(719)	(719)		(554)	(554)
Loans, net of unearned income	\$ 85,490	\$ 377,555	\$ 463,045	\$ 92,171	\$ 367,266	\$ 459,437

As part of the Greater Atlantic acquisition, the Bank and the FDIC entered into a loss sharing agreement on approximately \$143.4 million (contractual basis) of Greater Atlantic Bank s assets. The Bank will share in the losses on the loans and foreclosed loan collateral with the FDIC as specified in the loss sharing agreement; we refer to these assets collectively as covered assets. Loans not acquired from Greater Atlantic Bank are referred to as non-covered loans. The covered loans are subject to our internal and external credit review. As a result, if and when credit deterioration is noted subsequent to the acquisition date, such deterioration will be measured through our allowance for loan loss calculation methodology and a provision for credit losses will be charged to earnings. There has been no incremental provision recorded on covered loans since acquisition. The FDIC indemnification asset is reduced for cash payments received, and adjusted each quarter for changes in expected recoveries from the FDIC based on the expected cash flows from the covered loans. The adjustment amount is recorded through earnings.

Credit-impaired covered loans are those loans showing evidence of credit deterioration since origination and it is probable, at the date of acquisition, that SNBV will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. Generally, acquired loans that meet SNBV s definition for nonaccrual status fall within the definition of credit-impaired covered loans.

Impaired loans were as follows (in thousands):

March 31, 2011	Cover	red Loans	Non-cov	ered Loans	Total Loans		
		Allowance		Allowance		Allowance	
	Recorded	for Loan	Recorded	for Loan	Recorded	for Loan	
	Investment	Losses Allocated	Investment (1)	Losses Allocated	Investment	Losses Allocated	
With no related allowance recorded							
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 141	\$	\$ 413	\$	\$ 554	\$	
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)	1,702		4,669		6,371		
Construction and land development	701		1,789		2,490		
Commercial loans	217		2,364		2,581		
Residential 1-4 family	599		2,062		2,661		
Other consumer loans							
Total	\$ 3,360	\$	\$ 11,297	\$	\$ 14,657	\$	
Total	\$ 5,500	Ψ	\$ 11,297	Ψ	φ 14,057	Ψ	

With an allowance recorded							
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)							
Construction and land development			2,014	52	2,014	52	
Commercial loans			1,389	427	1,389	427	
Residential 1-4 family			4,564	20	4,564	20	
Other consumer loans							
Total	\$	\$	\$ 7,967	\$ 499	\$ 7,967	\$ 499	
1 V ****	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ 1,201	Ψ 1//	Ψ 1,501	ψ 1//	
Grand total	\$ 3,360	\$	\$ 19,264	\$ 499	\$ 22,624	\$ 499	

- (1) Recorded investment is after charge offs of \$5.9 million and includes SBA guarantees of \$2.0 million.
- (2) Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

December 31, 2010	Cove	red Loans	Non-cov	vered Loans	Total Loans		
		Allowance		Allowance		Allowance	
	Recorded	for Loan	Recorded	for Loan	Recorded	for Loan	
	Investment	Losses Allocated	lInvestment (1)	Losses Allocated	Investment	Losses Allocated	
With no related allowance recorded							
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 141	\$	\$ 358	\$	\$ 499	\$	
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)	1,807		5,508		7,315		
Construction and land development	1,055		4,844		5,899		
Commercial loans	285		1,558		1,843		
Residential 1-4 family	108		2,969		3,077		
Other consumer loans	77				77		
Total	\$ 3,473	\$	\$ 15,237	\$	\$ 18,710	\$	
With an allowance recorded							
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)			1,076	50	1,076	50	

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Construction and land development					
Commercial loans		935	376	935	376
Residential 1-4 family		4,564	20	4,564	20
Other consumer loans					
Total	\$	\$ \$ 6,575	\$ 446	\$ 6,575	\$ 446
Grand total	\$ 3,473	\$ \$ 21,812	\$ 446	\$ 25,285	\$ 446

⁽¹⁾ Recorded investment is after charge offs of \$7.8 million and includes SBA guarantees of \$1.7 million.

⁽²⁾ Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

The following table presents the average recorded investment and interest income for impaired loans recognized by class of loans for the three months ended March 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Average Recorded	d Loans Interest Income Recognized	Non-cove Average Recorded Investment	red Loans Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded	Loans Interest Income Recognized
With no related allowance recorded						
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 141	\$ 5	\$ 323	\$ 6	\$ 464	\$ 11
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)	1,748	21	5,119	44	6,867	65
Construction and land development	702	26	1,789	26	2,491	52
Commercial loans	218	5	1,842	13	2,060	18
Residential 1-4 family	225	3	2,062		2,287	3
Other consumer loans						
Total	\$ 3,034	\$ 60	\$ 11,135	\$ 89	\$ 14,169	\$ 149
With an allowance recorded						
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (2)						
Construction and land development			2,014	31	2,014	31
Commercial loans			1,048		1,048	
Residential 1-4 family			4,564	74	4,564	74
Other consumer loans						
Total	\$	\$	\$ 7,626	\$ 105	\$ 7,626	\$ 105
Grand total	\$ 3,034	\$ 60	\$ 18,761	\$ 194	\$ 21,795	\$ 254

The following tables present the recorded investment in nonaccrual and loans past due over 90 days and still accruing by class of loans as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

March 31, 2011	I	ed Loans Loans Past Du 0 Days or Mo Still on Accrual	ie L	ered Loans oans Past Do Days or Mo Still on Accrual	ue	l Loans Loans Past Due 00 Days or More Still on Accrual
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$	\$	\$ 290	\$	\$ 290	\$
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	1,784		2,001		3,785	
Construction and land development			204		204	
Commercial loans			2,016		2,016	
Residential 1-4 family	600		2,062		2,662	
Other consumer loans						
Total	\$ 2,384	\$	\$ 6,573	\$	\$ 8,957	\$
December 31, 2010	Cover- Nonaccrual Loans	ed Loans Loans Past Due 90 Days or More Still on Accrual	Non-cove Nonaccrual Loans	red Loans Loans Past Due 90 Days or More Still on Accrual	Tota Nonaccrual Loans	l Loans Loans Past Due 90 Days or More Still on Accrual
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$	\$	\$ 358	\$	\$ 358	\$
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	1,796		2,600		4,396	
Construction and land development			2,304		2,304	

⁽²⁾ Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

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Commercial loans	67		1,516	1,583	
Residential 1-4 family	108		2,807	2,915	
Other consumer loans	77	234		77	234
Total	\$ 2,048	\$ 234	\$ 9,585	\$ \$11,633	\$ 234

(1) Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

Non-covered nonaccrual loans include SBA guaranteed amounts totaling \$2.0 million and \$1.4 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans by class of loans as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	30 - 59	6	60 - 89	90				
	Days		Days	Days	Total	Nonaccrual	Loans Not	Total
March 31, 2011 Covered loans:	Past Due	Pa	st Due	or More	Past Due	Loans	Past Due	Loans
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 725	\$		\$	\$ 725	\$	\$ 4,087	\$ 4,812
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	234			Ψ	234	1,784	8,881	10,899
Construction and land development	106				106	1,701	892	998
Commercial loans	100				100		830	830
Residential 1-4 family	452				452	600	66,757	67,809
Other consumer loans	1				1		141	142
Total	\$ 1.518	¢		¢	\$ 1,518	\$ 2,384	\$ 81,588	\$ 85,490
1 Otal	\$ 1,316	\$		\$	\$ 1,316	Ф 2,364	\$ 61,366	\$ 65, 4 90
Non-covered loans:								
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 556	\$	511	\$	\$ 1,067	\$ 290	\$ 85,050	\$ 86,407
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)						2,001	110,429	112,430
Construction and land development	28				28	204	31,847	32,079
Commercial loans	1,752				1,752	2,016	74,919	78,687
Residential 1-4 family	1,034		744		1,778	2,062	62,770	66,610
Other consumer loans	7		13		20		2,041	2,061
Total	\$ 3,377	\$	1,268	\$	\$ 4,645	\$ 6,573	\$ 367,056	\$ 378,274
m . 11								
Total loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 1,281	\$	511	\$	\$ 1,792	\$ 290	\$ 89,137	\$ 91,219
Commercial real estate - owner occupied (1)	234		311	Ф	234	3,785	119,310	123,329
Construction and land development	134				134	204	32,739	33,077
Commercial loans	1,752				1,752	2,016	75,749	79,517
Residential 1-4 family	1,732		744		2,230	2,662	129,527	134,419
Other consumer loans	8		13		21	2,002	2,182	2,203
m	* 400 *					.		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Total	\$ 4,895	\$	1,268	\$	\$ 6,163	\$ 8,957	\$ 448,644	\$ 463,764
	30 - 59							
			- 89	90 D	m	NT.	T	m
December 31 2010	Days	Da	ays	Days	Total	Nonaccrual	Loans Not	Total
December 31, 2010		Da	ays		Total Past Due	Nonaccrual Loans	Loans Not Past Due	Total Loans
Covered loans:	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays Due	Days or More	Past Due	Loans	Past Due	Loans
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays	Days	Past Due \$ 728	Loans	Past Due \$ 4,518	Loans \$ 5,246
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays Due	Days or More	Past Due	Loans	Past Due \$ 4,518 12,229	Loans \$ 5,246 14,461
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays Due	Days or More	Past Due \$ 728	Loans \$ 1,796	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays Due	Days or More	Past Due \$ 728 436	\$ 1,796	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development	Days Past Due	Da Past	ays Due	Days or More	Past Due \$ 728	Loans \$ 1,796	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family	Days Past Due	Da Past	Augs Due 412	Days or More	Past Due \$ 728	\$ 1,796 67 108	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total	Days Past Due \$ 316 436	Da Past	134 39	Days or More \$	\$ 728 436 134 273	\$ 1,796 67 108 77	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans:	Days Past Due \$ 316	Past \$	134 39 585	Days or More \$ 234	Past Due \$ 728	Loans \$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048	Past Due \$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied	Days Past Due \$ 316	Past \$	134 39	Days or More \$	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571	Loans \$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	Days Past Due \$ 316	Past \$	134 39 585	Days or More \$ 234	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571 \$ 1,270 868	\$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048 \$ 358 2,600	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552 \$ 79,859 95,299	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171 \$ 81,487 98,767
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development	Days Past Due \$ 316	Da Past \$	134 39 585	Days or More \$ 234	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571 \$ 1,270 868 30	\$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048 \$ 358 2,600 2,304	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552 \$ 79,859 95,299 37,146	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171 \$ 81,487 98,767 39,480
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans	Days Past Due \$ 316	Da Past \$	134 39 585 719	Days or More \$ 234	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571 \$ 1,270 868 30 1,676	\$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048 \$ 358 2,600 2,304 1,516	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552 \$ 79,859 95,299 37,146 73,452	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171 \$ 81,487 98,767 39,480 76,644
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development	Days Past Due \$ 316	Da Past \$	134 39 585	Days or More \$ 234	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571 \$ 1,270 868 30	\$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048 \$ 358 2,600 2,304	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552 \$ 79,859 95,299 37,146	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171 \$ 81,487 98,767 39,480
Covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family Other consumer loans Total Non-covered loans: Commercial real estate - owner occupied Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1) Construction and land development Commercial loans Residential 1-4 family	\$ 316 436 \$ 752 \$ 551 868 30 1,646 3,739	Da Past \$	134 39 585 719 30 32	Days or More \$ 234	\$ 728 436 134 273 \$ 1,571 \$ 1,270 868 30 1,676 3,771	\$ 1,796 67 108 77 \$ 2,048 \$ 358 2,600 2,304 1,516	\$ 4,518 12,229 1,098 931 29,693 40,083 \$ 88,552 \$ 79,859 95,299 37,146 73,452 52,322	\$ 5,246 14,461 1,098 998 29,935 40,433 \$ 92,171 \$ 81,487 98,767 39,480 76,644 58,900

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Total loans:							
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	\$ 867	\$ 1,131	\$	\$ 1,998	\$ 358	\$ 84,377	\$ 86,733
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	1,304			1,304	4,396	107,528	113,228
Construction and land development	30			30	2,304	38,244	40,578
Commercial loans	1,646	30		1,676	1,583	74,383	77,642
Residential 1-4 family	3,739	166		3,905	2,915	82,015	88,835
Other consumer loans	10	173	234	417	77	52,481	52,975
Total	\$ 7,596	\$ 1,500	\$ 234	\$ 9,330	\$ 11,633	\$ 439,028	\$ 459,991

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

Activity in the allowance for loan and lease losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011, is summarized below (in thousands):

Es Ov	teal state wner	No	Real Estate n-owner	L	and and			F	amily	Cons	sumer	Unal	located	Total
\$	562	\$	1,265	\$	326	\$	2,425	\$	999	\$	9	\$	13	\$ 5,599
	(60)		(600)		(7)		(521)		(102)					(1,290)
					5		36		13		1			55
	243		334		580		(135)		(16)		17		317	1,340
¢	745	¢	000	¢	004	¢	1 905	¢	904	¢	27	¢	220	\$ 5,704
	Es Ov Occ	(60)	Real Estate Owner Occupied \$ 562 \$ (60) 243	Real Estate Real Estate Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) \$ 562 \$ 1,265 (60) (600) 243 334	Real Estate Real Estate Cons Estate Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Development \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ (60) \$ (600) 243 334	Real EstateReal EstateConstruction andOwner OccupiedNon-owner Occupied (1)Land Development\$ 562\$ 1,265\$ 326 (60)(600)(7) 5243334580	Real Estate Real Estate Construction and and Development Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Construction and Development \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ (60) \$ 5 (60) (600) (7) 5 243 334 580	Real Estate Real Estate Construction and Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Commercial Loans \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 (60) (600) (7) (521) 5 36 243 334 580 (135)	Real Estate Real Estate Construction and and Development Commercial Loans Factor Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Loans Resident Properties \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 \$ (60) \$ (600) (7) (521) \$ 36	Real Estate Real Estate Construction and and Development 1-4 Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Commercial Loans Family Residential \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 \$ 999 (60) (600) (7) (521) (102) 5 36 13 243 334 580 (135) (16)	Real Estate Real Occupied Construction Estate Land Commercial Loans Commercial Residential Family Residential Construction Includes the construction and Includes the construction of the construction and Includes the construction of the construction of the construction of the construction and Includes the construction of	Real Estate Real Description Construction and and learning 1-4 Other Other Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Commercial Loans Family Residential Consumer Loans \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 \$ 999 \$ 9 (60) (600) (7) (521) (102) 5 36 13 1 243 334 580 (135) (16) 17	Real Estate Real Estate Construction and Occupied 1-4 Other Other Owner Occupied Non-owner Occupied (1) Land Development Commercial Loans Family Residential Consumer Loans Unal \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 \$ 999 \$ 9 \$ (60) (600) (7) (521) (102) 5 36 13 1 1 243 334 580 (135) (16) 17 17	Real Estate Real Non-owner Occupied Construction and Occupied (1) Land Development Commercial Loans Family Residential Consumer Loans Unallocated \$ 562 \$ 1,265 \$ 326 \$ 2,425 \$ 999 \$ 9 \$ 13 (60) (600) (7) (521) (102) 102 102 243 334 580 (135) (16) 17 317

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in non-covered loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

]	mmercial Real Estate Owner	Re	ommercial eal Estate on-owner		nstruction nd Land	Cor	mmercial]	1-4 Family		Other nsumer				
	O	ccupied	Oc	cupied (1)	Dev	elopment		Loans	Re	sidential	1	Loans	Unal	located	,	Fotal
March 31, 2011																
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:																
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$		\$	50	\$	2	\$	427	\$	20	\$		\$		\$	499
Collectively evaluated for impairment		745		949		902		1,378		874		27		330		5,205
Total ending allowance	\$	745	\$	999	\$	904	\$	1,805	\$	894	\$	27	\$	330	\$	5,704
Loans:																
Individually evaluated for																
impairment	\$		\$	6,159	\$	2,727	\$	3,590	\$	6,788	\$		\$		\$	19,264
Collectively evaluated for impairment		86,407		106,271		29,352		75,097		59,822		2,061			3	59,010
Total ending loan balances	\$	86,407	\$	112,430	\$	32,079	\$	78,687	\$	66,610	\$	2,061	\$		\$3	78,274
December 31, 2010																
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:																
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$		\$	50	\$		\$	376	\$	20	\$		\$		\$	446
Collectively evaluated for impairment		562		1,215		326		2,049		979		9		13		5,153
Total ending allowance	\$	562	\$	1,265	\$	326	\$	2,425	\$	999	\$	9	\$	13	\$	5,599
Loans:																
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	358	\$	6,584	\$	4,844	\$	2,493	\$	7,533	\$		\$		\$	21,812

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

Collectively evaluated for impairment	81,129	92.183	34.636	74,151	61.899	2.010		346,008
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Total ending loan balances	\$ 81,487	\$ 98,767	\$ 39,480	\$ 76,644	\$ 69,432	\$ 2,010	\$	\$ 367,820

(1) Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

It is Sonabank s practice to charge off collateral dependent loans to recoverable value rather than establish a specific reserve. Charge offs on loans individually evaluated for impairment totaled approximately \$1.3 million during the first quarter of 2011.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

At March 31, 2011, we had three restructured loans included in impaired loans totaling \$6.6 million with borrowers who experienced deterioration in financial condition. These loans are secured by single-family residential properties or commercial real estate properties. These restructured loans totaled \$6.6 million as of December 31, 2010. Management believes these loans are well secured and the borrowers have the ability to repay the loans in accordance with the renegotiated terms. These restructured loans were on accrual status as payments were being made according to the restructured loan terms.

SNBV allocated \$72 thousand of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings as of March 31, 2011.

Credit Quality Indicators

Through its system of internal controls SNBV evaluates and segments loan portfolio credit quality on a quarterly basis using regulatory definitions for Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful. Special Mention loans are considered to be criticized. Substandard and Doubtful loans are considered to be classified. SNBV has no loans classified Doubtful.

Special Mention loans are loans that have a potential weakness that deserves management s close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution s credit position.

Substandard loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful loans have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows (in thousands):

March 31, 2011	(Covered Loan	ns		Non-cov	ered Loans			Total Loans	
	Classified/ Criticized (1)	Pass	Total	Special Mention	Substandard	Pass	Total	Classified/ Criticized	Pass	Total
Commercial real										
estate - owner										
occupied	\$ 141	\$ 4,671	\$ 4,812	\$ 1,863	\$ 413	\$ 84,131	\$ 86,407	\$ 2,417	\$ 88,802	\$ 91,219
Commercial real estate - non-owner										
occupied (2)	1,702	9,197	10,899		4,669	107,762	112,431	6,371	116,959	123,330
Construction and										
land development	701	297	998		3,803	28,276	32,079	4,504	28,573	33,077
Commercial loans	217	613	830	5,694	3,753	68,855	78,302	9,664	69,468	79,132
Residential 1-4										
family	599	67,210	67,809	706	6,626	59,663	66,995	7,931	126,873	134,804
Other consumer										
loans		142	142			2,060	2,060		2,202	2,202
Total	\$ 3,360	\$ 82,130	\$ 85,490	\$ 8.263	\$ 19.264	\$ 350,747	\$ 378,274	\$ 30.887	\$ 432,877	\$ 463,764

December 31, 2010	(Covered Loai	ns		Non-cov	ered Loans			Total Loans	
	Classified/ Criticized (1)	Pass	Total	Special Mention	Substandard	Pass	Total	Classified/ Criticized	Pass	Total
Commercial real										
estate - owner										
occupied	\$ 141	\$ 5,105	\$ 5,246	\$ 557	\$ 358	\$ 80,572	\$ 80,572	\$ 1,056	\$ 85,677	\$ 86,733
Commercial real										
estate -										
non-owner										
occupied (2)	1,807	12,654	14,461	867	6,585	91,315	91,315	9,259	103,969	113,228
Construction and										
land development	1,055	43	1,098		4,844	34,636	34,636	5,899	34,679	40,578
Commercial loans	285	713	998	233	2,492	73,919	73,919	3,010	74,632	77,642
Residential 1-4										
family	108	29,827	29,935	40	7,533	61,859	69,432	7,681	91,686	99,367
Other consumer										
loans	77	40,356	40,433			2,010	2,010	77	42,366	42,443
Total	\$ 3,473	\$ 88,698	\$ 92,171	\$ 1,697	\$ 21,812	\$ 344,311	\$ 351,884	\$ 26,982	\$ 433,009	\$ 459,991

- (1) Credit quality is enhanced by a loss sharing agreement with the FDIC in the covered portfolio. The same credit quality indicators used in the non-covered portfolio are combined.
- (2) Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK

SNBV is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve elements of credit and funding risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. Letters of credit are written conditional commitments issued by SNBV to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers. We had letters of credit outstanding totaling \$6.6 million and \$2.4 million as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Our exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and letters of credit is based on the contractual amount of these instruments. We use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as we do for on-balance sheet instruments.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments are made predominately for adjustable rate loans, and generally have fixed expiration dates of up to three months or other termination clauses and usually require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments may

expire without being completely drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We evaluate each customer s creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis.

At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had unfunded lines of credit and undisbursed construction loan funds totaling \$111.9 million and \$104.9 million, respectively. Our approved loan commitments were \$7.6 million and \$35.0 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

6. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of the denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) computations (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	 ncome merator)	Weighted Average Shares (Denominator)	 · Share nount
For the three months ended March 31, 2011			
Basic EPS	\$ 1,120	11,590	\$ 0.10
Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants		4	
Diluted EPS	\$ 1,120	11,594	\$ 0.10
For the three months ended March 31, 2010			
Basic EPS	\$ 1,041	11,590	\$ 0.09
Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants		3	
Diluted EPS	\$ 1,041	11,593	\$ 0.09

Anti-dilutive options and warrants totaled 550,365 and 414,766 for the three months ended March 31, 2011and 2010, respectively, as the exercise price exceeded the average share price during the period.

7. FAIR VALUE

ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy:

Securities Available for Sale

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities would include highly liquid government bonds and exchange traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flow. Level 2 securities would include U. S. agency securities, mortgage-backed securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions and certain corporate, asset-backed and other securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are classified within level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. Currently, all of SNBV s available-for-sale debt securities are considered to be level 2 securities.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	Т	otal at	Quoted Prices ir Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable
(dollars in thousands)		1 31, 2011	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets:	Marci	1 51, 2011	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Available for sale securities					
SBA guaranteed loan pools	\$	10,795	\$	\$ 10,795	\$
FHLMC preferred stock	Ψ	91	91	Ψ 10,773	Ψ
TILLITE preferred stock		71	71		
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	10,886	\$ 91	\$ 10,795	\$
		otal at	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
(dollars in thousands)	Decemb	per 31, 2010	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Financial assets:					
Available for sale securities	¢	11 029	¢	¢ 11 020	¢
SBA guaranteed loan pools	\$	11,038 30	\$ 30	\$ 11,038	\$
FHLMC preferred stock		30	30		
	_				_

Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Non-recurring Basis:

Total available-for-sale securities

Trust Preferred Securities Classified as Held-to-Maturity

The base input in calculating fair value is a Bloomberg Fair Value Index yield curve for single issuer trust preferred securities which correspond to the ratings of the securities we own. We also use composite rating indices to fill in the gaps where the bank rating indices did not correspond to the ratings in our portfolio. When a bank index that matches the rating of our security is not available, we used the bank index that most closely matches the rating, adjusted by the spread between the composite index that most closely matches the security s rating and the composite index with a rating that matches the bank index used. Then, we use the adjusted index yield, which is further adjusted by a liquidity premium, as the discount rate to be used in the calculation of the present value of the same cash flows used to evaluate the securities for OTTI. The liquidity premiums were derived in consultation with a securities advisor. The liquidity premiums we used ranged from 2% to 5%, and the adjusted

11.068

\$30

\$ 11.038

discount rates ranged from 9.86% to 14.97%. Due to current market conditions as well as the limited trading activity of these securities, the market value of the securities is highly sensitive to assumption changes and market volatility. We have determined that our trust preferred securities are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Based on our analysis in the first three months of 2011, we recorded OTTI charges related to credit on trust preferred securities in the amount of \$32 thousand. There were no OTTI charges on trust preferred securities during the first three months of 2010.

Other Residential Collateralized Mortgage Obligation Classified as Held-to Maturity

The fair value was estimated within Level 2 fair value hierarchy, as the fair value is based on either pricing models, quoted market prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. We have evaluated this security for potential impairment and, based on our review of the trustee report, shock analysis and current information regarding delinquencies, nonperforming loans and credit support, it has been determined that no OTTI charge for credit exists for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The assumptions used in the analysis included a 5.5% prepayment speed, 15% default rate, a 50% loss severity and an accounting yield of 2.60%. We recorded OTTI charges for credit on this security of \$7 thousand in the first quarter of 2010.

Other Securities Classified as Held-to-Maturity

Our other securities classified as held-to-maturity include residential government sponsored mortgage-backed securities and residential government sponsored collateralized mortgage obligations. There was no OTTI recorded on these securities. Currently, all of SNBV s other securities classified as held-to-maturity are considered to be level 2 securities.

Impaired Loans

Generally, we measure the impairment for impaired loans considering the fair value of the loan s collateral (if the loan is collateral dependent). Fair value of the loan s collateral is determined by appraisals or other valuation which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidation of the collateral. Fair value is classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Non-covered loans identified as impaired totaled \$19.3 million as of March 31, 2011 with an allocated allowance for loan losses totaling \$499 thousand compared to a carrying amount of \$21.8 million with an allocated allowance for loan losses totaling \$446 thousand at December 31, 2010. Charge offs related to the impaired loans at March 31, 2011 totaled \$1.1 million during the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$730 thousand during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Other Real Estate Owned (OREO)

OREO is evaluated at the time of acquisition and recorded at fair value as determined by independent appraisal or internal market evaluation less cost to sell. OREO is further evaluated quarterly for any additional impairment. Fair value is classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. At March 31, 2011, the total amount of OREO was \$7.9 million, of which \$7.2 million was non-covered and \$676 thousand was covered.

At December 31, 2010, the total amount of OREO was \$4.6 million, of which \$3.9 million was non-covered and \$676 thousand was covered.

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:

		Fair	Value Measure	ments Us	sing
		Quoted Prices	in		
		Active Markets for	Significant		
		Identical	Other	Sign	nificant
		Assets	Observable	Unob	servable
	Total at	(Level	Inputs	Ir	nputs
(dollars in thousands)	March 31, 20	11 1)	(Level 2)	(Le	evel 3)
Trust preferred securities, held to maturity	\$ 5	41 \$	\$	\$	541
Impaired non-covered loans:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	4	13			413
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	4,6	59			4,669
Construction and land development	3,7	51			3,751
Commercial loans	3,3	26			3,326
Residential 1-4 family	6,6	06			6,606
Impaired covered loans:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	1-	41			141
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	1,7	02			1,702
Construction and land development	7	01			701
Commercial loans	2	17			217
Residential 1-4 family	5	99			599
Other consumer loans					
Non-covered other real estate owned:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	9.	53			953
Construction and land development	5,4	35			5,435
Residential 1-4 family	8-	14			844
Covered other real estate owned:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	5	97			597
Commercial		79			79

		Fair Quoted Prices in	Value Measurer	nents Us	ing
		Active Markets for Identical	Significant Other	Sigr	nificant
		Assets	Observable	Unob	servable
	Total at	(Level	Inputs	In	puts
(dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2010	1)	(Level 2)	(Le	vel 3)
Trust preferred securities, held to maturity	\$ 973	\$	\$	\$	973
Other residential collateralized mortgage obligations	1,171		1,171	\$	
Impaired non-covered loans:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	358				358
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	6,534				6,534
Construction and land development	4,844				4,844
Commercial loans	2,117				2,117
Residential 1-4 family	7,513				7,513
Impaired covered loans:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	141				141
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied (1)	1,807				1,807
Construction and land development	1,055				1,055
Commercial loans	285				285
Residential 1-4 family	108				108
Other consumer loans	77				77
Non-covered other real estate owned:					
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	578				578
Construction and land development	2,797				2,797
Residential 1-4 family	526				526

Covered other real estate owned:

Commercial real estate - owner occupied	597	597
Commercial	79	79

(1) Includes loans secured by farmland and multi-family residential loans.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount and estimated fair values of financial instruments were as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010		
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,582	\$ 7,582	\$ 9,745	\$ 9,745	
Securities available for sale	10,886	10,886	11,068	11,068	
Securities held to maturity	41,525	40,777	44,895	43,965	
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank	6,350	n/a	6,350	n/a	
Net non-covered loans	371,851	369,168	361,667	360,016	
Net covered loans	85,490	84,729	92,171	91,661	
Accrued interest receivable	2,381	2,381	2,141	2,141	
FDIC indemnification asset	17,999	17,999	18,536	18,536	
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits:					
Demand deposits	48,915	48,915	50,490	50,490	
Money market and savings accounts	156,735	156,735	175,351	175,351	
Certificates of deposit	226,708	228,392	205,133	207,221	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term					
borrowings	19,881	19,881	23,908	23,908	
FHLB advances	35,000	36,097	35,000	36,458	
Accrued interest payable	370	370	415	415	

Carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable and payable, demand deposits, savings accounts, money market accounts, short-term debt, and variable rate loans that reprice frequently and fully. For fixed rate loans or deposits and for variable rate loans with infrequent repricing or repricing limits, fair value is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life. It was not practicable to determine the fair value of Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability. Fair value of long-term debt is based on current rates for similar financing. The FDIC indemnification asset was measured at estimated fair value on the date of acquisition. The fair value was determined by discounting estimated future cash flows using the long-term risk free rate plus a premium. Subsequent additions to the asset are valued at par as it is anticipated that these amounts will be shortly received. The fair value of off-balance-sheet items is not considered material.

8. FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK (FHLB) ADVANCES

On March 28, 2011, SNBV completed a restructuring of \$25 million of convertible advances with the FHLB of Atlanta. These advances had a weighted average interest rate of 4.05% and maturities ranging from August 2012 through October 2012. The existing advances were replaced by \$25 million of fixed rate, non-callable advances with a weighted average interest rate of 3.19% and maturities ranging from September 2013 through September 2014. The effect of the restructuring was to reduce the cost of the advances by 86 basis points and increase the duration of the advances from 1.41 to 2.84 years. The restructuring was accounted for as a modification of debt, rather than an extinguishment of debt.

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management s discussion and analysis is presented to aid the reader in understanding and evaluating the financial condition and results of operations of SNBV. This discussion and analysis should be read with the consolidated financial statements, the footnotes thereto, and the other financial data included in this report and in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be attained for any other period.

SPECIAL CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements and financial discussion and analysis contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and involve a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. The words believe, may, should, anticipate, estimate, expect, intend, continue, would, could, hope, might, strive and similar words, or the negatives of these words, are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Many possible events or factors could affect our future financial results and performance and could cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations of future results we express or imply in any forward-looking statements. In addition to the Risk Factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, factors that could contribute to those differences include, but are not limited to:

our limited operating history;

changes in the strength of the United States economy in general and the local economies in our market areas adversely affect our customers and their ability to transact profitable business with us, including the ability of our borrowers to repay their loans according to their terms or a change in the value of the related collateral;

changes in the availability of funds resulting in increased costs or reduced liquidity;

our reliance on brokered deposits;

a deterioration or downgrade in the credit quality and credit agency ratings of the securities in our securities portfolio;

impairment concerns and risks related to our investment portfolio of collateralized mortgage obligations, agency mortgage-backed securities and pooled trust preferred securities;

the incurrence and possible impairment of goodwill associated with an acquisition and possible adverse short-term effects on our results of operations;

increased credit risk in our assets and increased operating risk caused by a material change in commercial, consumer and/or real estate loans as a percentage of our total loan portfolio;

the concentration of our loan portfolio in loans collateralized by real estate;

our level of construction and land development and commercial real estate loans;

ass

changes in the levels of loan prepayments and the resulting effects on the value of our loan portfolio;

the failure of assumptions underlying the establishment of and provisions made to the allowance for loan losses;

our ability to expand and grow our business and operations, including the establishment of additional branches and acquisition of additional branches and

banks, and our ability to realize the cost savings and revenue enhancements we expect from such activities;

changes in interest rates and market prices, which could reduce our net interest margins, asset valuations and expense expectations;

increased competition for deposits and loans adversely affecting rates and terms;

increases in FDIC deposit insurance premiums and assessments;

the continued service of key management personnel;

increased asset levels and changes in the composition of assets and the resulting impact on our capital levels and regulatory capital ratios;

our ability to acquire, operate and maintain cost effective and efficient systems without incurring unexpectedly difficult or expensive but necessary technological changes; and

fiscal and governmental policies of the United States federal government.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance or results. A forward-looking statement may include a statement of the assumptions or bases underlying the forward-looking statement. We believe we have chosen these assumptions or bases in good faith and that they are reasonable. We caution you, however, that assumptions or bases almost always vary from actual results, and the differences between assumptions or bases and actual results can be material. When considering forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Except as required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to update publicly these statements in light of new information or future events.

OVERVIEW

Southern National Bancorp of Virginia, Inc. (SNBV) is a corporation formed on July 28, 2004 under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia and is the holding company for Sonabank (Sonabank) a Virginia state bank. Sonabank was originally chartered as a national bank under the laws of the United States of America on April 14, 2005. On January 1, 2009, Sonabank converted from a nationally chartered bank to a state chartered bank and moved its headquarters from Charlottesville to McLean, Virginia. Sonabank is now regulated by the State Corporation Commission of Virginia and the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond. Sonabank conducts full-service banking operations in Charlottesville, Clifton Forge, Leesburg, Warrenton, New Market, Front Royal, South Riding and Fairfax County in Virginia and in Rockville, Maryland. We have received regulatory approval and expect to open a new branch in Middleburg, Virginia in May of 2011. We also have loan production offices in Charlottesville, Fredericksburg, Warrenton and Richmond in Virginia. We have administrative offices in Warrenton and an executive office in Georgetown, Washington, D.C where senior management is located.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income

Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 was \$1.1 million compared to \$1.0 million during the first quarter of 2010.

Net Interest Income

Our operating results depend primarily on our net interest income, which is the difference between interest and dividend income on interest-earning assets such as loans and investments, and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities such as deposits and borrowings.

Net interest income was \$6.1 million for the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$6.3 million for the first quarter of 2010. The decline resulted primarily from a decline in average earning assets quarter to quarter as loans were almost flat but the average balance of investment securities declined by over \$20.0 million. The accretion of the discount on the Greater Atlantic Bank loan portfolio amounted to \$575 thousand in the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$667 thousand in the first quarter of 2010. The net interest margin was 4.77% in the quarter ended March 31, 2011, up from 4.62% in the first quarter of 2010. This was the result of two factors. There was a small decline in the yield on earning assets which resulted primarily from the reduction in securities as a percentage of earning assets. The weighted average rate paid on deposits also declined largely as a result of the repricing of certain money market accounts at the beginning of 2011.

The following table details average balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the amount of interest earned/paid on such assets and liabilities, and the yield/rate for the periods indicated:

Average Ba	lance Shee	ts and Net	Interest

		Analysis For the Three Months En 3/31/2011 Interest			nded 3/31/2010 Interest	
	Average Balance	Income/ Expense (Do	Yield/ Rate llar amounts	Average Balance s in thousands)	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
Assets						
Interest-earning assets:						
Loans, net of unearned income (1) (2)	\$ 455,558	\$ 7,121	6.34%	\$ 459,267	\$ 7,614	6.72%
Investment securities	54,342	556	4.09%	74,872	734	3.92%
Other earning assets	11,568	52	1.82%	14,785	43	1.18%
Total earning assets	521,468	7,729	6.01%	548,924	8,391	6.20%
Allowance for loan losses	(5,979)			(5,293)		
Total non-earning assets	68,312			72,054		
Total assets	\$ 583,801			\$ 615,685		
Liabilities and stockholders equity						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
NOW accounts	\$ 15,869	11	0.27%	\$ 15,227	12	0.31%
Money market accounts	158,811	365	0.93%	146,425	633	1.75%
Savings accounts	5,616	9	0.62%	4,669	7	0.64%
Time deposits	213,613	893	1.70%	256,521	1,152	1.82%
Total interest-bearing deposits	393,909	1,277	1.31%	422,842	1,804	1.73%
Borrowings	55,499	318	2.32%	55,463	327	2.39%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	449,408	1,595	1.44%	478,305	2,131	1.81%
Noninterest-bearing liabilities:						
Demand deposits	32,113			33,540		
Other liabilities	2,135			6,741		
Total liabilites	483,656			518,586		
Stockholders equity	100,145			97,099		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 583,801			\$ 615,685		
Net interest income		\$ 6,134			\$ 6,260	
Interest rate spread			4.57%			4.39%
Net interest margin			4.77%			4.62%

⁽¹⁾ Includes loan fees in both interest income and the calculation of the yield on loans.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is a current charge to earnings made in order to increase the allowance for loan losses to a level deemed appropriate by management based on an evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, changes in the nature and volume of lending, historical loan experience and other known internal and external factors affecting loan collectability. Our loan loss allowance is calculated by segmenting the loan portfolio by loan type and applying risk factors to each segment. The risk factors are determined by considering peer data, as well as applying management s judgment.

⁽²⁾ Calculations include non-accruing loans in average loan amounts outstanding.

The provision for loan losses in the first quarter of 2011 was \$1.3 million, and the provision was also \$1.3 million in the first quarter of 2010. Net charge offs during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 were \$1.2 million compared to \$1.1 million during the first quarter of 2010. The charge-offs were related to various credits including a C&I loan and a commercial real estate loan.

Noninterest Income

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

	For the	Three Month	hs Ended	
		March 31,		
	2011	2010	Change	
	(dol	lars in thous	ands)	
Account maintenance and deposit service fees	\$ 200	\$ 241	\$ (41)	
Income from bank-owned life insurance	135	139	(4)	
Net gain (loss) on other real estate owned	(39)	20	(59)	
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	(32)	(7)	(25)	
Other	44	147	(103)	
Total noninterest income	\$ 308	\$ 540	\$ (232)	

Noninterest income was \$308 thousand during the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$540 thousand during the same quarter of 2010. The major part of this decline was attributable to a decrease of \$111 thousand in fees on letters of credit related to a short-term letter of credit which expired in June 2010. Also, during the first quarter of 2011, there were net losses on other real estate owned (OREO) of \$39 thousand compared to gains of \$20 thousand during the first quarter of 2010. There were other than temporary impairment (OTTI) charges of \$32 thousand during the quarter ended March 31, 2011, compared to \$7 thousand for the same period last year.

Noninterest Expense

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

	For the	Ended	
		March 31,	
	2011	2010	Change
	(dol	llars in thousan	ids)
Salaries and benefits	\$ 1,603	\$ 1,641	\$ (38)
Occupancy expenses	539	542	(3)
Furniture and equipment expenses	136	154	(18)
Amortization of core deposit intangible	230	236	(6)
Virginia franchise tax expense	171	184	(13)
FDIC assessment	154	189	(35)
Data processing expense	142	155	(13)
Telephone and communication expense	88	119	(31)
Change in FDIC indemnification asset	(159)	244	(403)
Other operating expenses	550	514	36
Total noninterest expense	\$ 3,454	\$ 3,978	\$ (524)

Noninterest expense was \$3.5 million for the first quarter of 2011 compared to \$4.0 million for the first quarter of 2010. During the first quarter of 2011, there has been accretion of the FDIC indemnification asset of \$159 thousand. During the first quarter of 2010, the accretion was offset by a charge to the FDIC indemnification asset due to impaired covered loans that paid off.

The efficiency ratio improved from 58.61% during the quarter ended March 31, 2010, to 53.03% during the first quarter of 2011.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Balance Sheet Overview

Total assets of Southern National Bancorp of Virginia were \$590.4 million as of March 31, 2011 compared to \$590.8 million as of December 31, 2010. Net loans receivable increased from \$453.8 million at the end of 2010 to \$457.3 million at March 31, 2011. Within that total, covered loans declined by \$6.7 million while the non-covered loan portfolio increased by \$10.3 million. Our loan pipeline is reasonably strong and we expect continued growth going forward, partially offset by continued declines in the covered portfolio.

Total deposits were \$432.4 million at March 31, 2011 compared to \$431.0 million at December 31, 2010. Certificates of deposit increased \$21.6 million during the quarter. This was partially offset by a decrease in money market accounts of \$18.9 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2011. We had paid rates in excess of market on large money market accounts for former Greater Atlantic Bank customers to retain them during 2010, and as of the beginning of 2011, we reduced those rates. Brokered certificates of deposit have decreased from \$27.0 million at December 31, 2010, to \$22.0 million as of March 31, 2011. Noninterest-bearing deposits were \$32.6 million at March 31, 2011 and \$34.5 million at December 31, 2010.

Loan Portfolio

As part of the Greater Atlantic acquisition, the Bank and the FDIC entered into a loss sharing agreement on approximately \$143.4 million (contractual basis) of Greater Atlantic Bank s assets. The Bank will share in the losses on the loans and foreclosed loan collateral with the FDIC as specified in the loss sharing agreement; we refer to these assets collectively as covered assets. Loans that are not covered in the loss sharing agreement are referred to as non-covered loans.

The following table summarizes the composition of our loan portfolio as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	Covered Loans	Non-covered Loans March 31, 2011	Total Loans	Covered Loans	Non-covered Loans December 31, 201	Total Loans
Mortgage loans on real estate:						
Commercial real estate - owner-occupied	\$ 4,812	\$ 86,407	\$ 91,219	\$ 5,246	\$ 81,487	\$ 86,733
Commercial real estate - non-owner-occupied	10,341	85,634	95,975	13,898	76,068	89,966
Secured by farmland		3,507	3,507		3,522	3,522
Construction and land loans	998	32,079	33,077	1,098	39,480	40,578
Residential 1-4 family	28,944	57,029	85,973	29,935	58,900	88,835
Multi- family residential	558	23,289	23,847	563	19,177	19,740
Home equity lines of credit	38,865	9,581	48,446	40,287	10,532	50,819
Total real estate loans	84,518	297,526	382,044	91,027	289,166	380,193
Commercial loans	830	78,687	79,517	998	76,644	77,642
Consumer loans	142	2,061	2,203	146	2,010	2,156
Gross loans	85,490	378,274	463,764	92,171	367,820	459,991
Less unearned income on loans		(719)	(719)		(554)	(554)
Loans, net of unearned income	\$ 85,490	\$ 377,555	\$ 463,045	\$ 92,171	\$ 367,266	\$ 459,437

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, substantially all of our loans were to customers located in Virginia and Maryland. We are not dependent on any single customer or group of customers whose insolvency would have a material adverse effect on operations.

Asset Quality

We will generally place a loan on nonaccrual status when it becomes 90 days past due. Loans will also be placed on nonaccrual status in cases where we are uncertain whether the borrower can satisfy the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Cash payments received while a loan is categorized as nonaccrual will be recorded as a reduction of principal as long as doubt exists as to future collections.

We maintain appraisals on loans secured by real estate, particularly those categorized as nonperforming loans and potential problem loans. In instances where appraisals reflect reduced collateral values, we make an evaluation of the borrower s overall financial condition to determine the need, if any, for impairment or write-down to their fair values. If foreclosure occurs, we record other real estate owned at the lower of our recorded investment in the loan or fair value less our estimated costs to sell.

Our loss and delinquency experience on our loan portfolio has been limited by a number of factors, including our underwriting standards and the relatively short period of time since the loans were originated. Whether our loss and delinquency experience in the area of our portfolio will increase significantly depends upon the value of the real estate securing loans and economic factors such as the overall economy of the region.

Non-covered Loans and Assets

Non-covered loans identified as impaired totaled \$19.3 million with allocated allowance for loan losses in the amount of \$499 thousand as of March 31, 2011, including \$6.7 million of nonaccrual loans and \$6.6 million of restructured loans. The restructured loans are well secured, but the borrowers were experiencing financial difficulties. As a consequence, we agreed to defer some interest payments, and payments are being made in accordance with the restructured terms. This compares to \$21.8 million of impaired loans with allocated allowance for loan losses in the amount of \$446 thousand at December 31, 2010, including \$9.6 million of nonaccrual loans and \$6.6 million of restructured loans. The nonaccrual loans included SBA guaranteed amounts of \$2.0 million and \$1.4 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, there were no loans past due 90 days or more and accruing interest.

Non-covered nonperforming assets increased from \$13.5 million at December 31, 2010 to \$13.8 million at March 31, 2011.

Our OREO in the non-covered portfolio is comprised of the Culpeper property, which contains 33 finished 2 to 4 acre lots, the Kluge development property which was a non-performing loan at the end of 2010 which we foreclosed on during the first quarter, two commercial properties and two residential properties. Non-covered OREO at March 31, 2011 was \$7.2 million compared to \$3.9 million at December 31, 2010.

Sonabank has an internal loan review and a loan committee, both of which provide on-going monitoring to identify and address issues with problem loans. The loan loss provision is determined after consideration of all known relevant internal and external factors affecting loan collectability to maintain the allowance for loan and lease losses at a level necessary to absorb

estimated credit losses. We believe the allowance for loan losses is sufficient to cover probable incurred credit losses at March 31, 2011.

The following table sets forth selected asset quality ratios as of the dates indicated:

		As of
	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Allowance for loan losses to total non-covered loans	1.51%	1.52%
Non-covered nonperforming assets to total non-covered assets	2.74%	2.71%
Non-covered nonperforming assets excluding SBA guaranteed loans to total		
non-covered assets	2.33%	2.43%

We do not have a formal loan modification program. Rather, we work with individual customers on a case-by-case basis to facilitate the orderly collection of our principal and interest before a loan becomes a non-performing loan. If a customer is unable to make contractual payments, we review the circumstances of the customer situation and negotiate a revised payment stream. In other words, we identify performing customers experiencing financial difficulties and through negotiations, we permit them to pay interest only or lesser principal payments. We do not forgive principal payments. Our goal when restructuring a credit is to afford the customer a reasonable period of time to remedy the issue causing cash flow constraints within their business so that they can return to performing status over time.

Our loan modifications have taken the form of deferral of interest payments and/or curtailment of scheduled principal payments. Our restructured loans are all collateral secured loans. If a customer fails to perform under the modified terms, we place the loan on non-accrual status and begin the process of working with the customer to liquidate the underlying collateral to satisfy the debt.

At March 31, 2011, we had three restructured loans totaling \$6.6 million with borrowers who experienced deterioration in financial condition. These loans were included in impaired loans. All of these loans were granted interest rate deferrals to provide cash flow relief to customers experiencing cash flow difficulties. There were no concessions made to forgive principal or interest relative to these loans. These loans are secured by first liens on single-family residential or commercial real estate properties. Management believes these loans are well secured and the borrowers have the ability to repay the loans in accordance with the renegotiated terms. As such, these restructured loans were on accrual status at the balance sheet date as payments were being made according to the restructured loan terms. These loans have not had a partial charge-off. We continue to report restructured loans as restructured until such time as the loan has developed a reasonable repayment history, the borrower displays the financial capacity to repay, and the loan terms return to the terms in place prior to the restructure. If the customer fails to perform, we place the loan on non-accrual status and seek to liquidate the underlying collateral for these loans. Changes in value for impairment, including the amount attributed to the passage of time, are recorded entirely within the provision for loans losses.

We consider any loan that is restructured for a borrower experiencing financial difficulties due to a borrower s potential inability to pay in accordance with contractual terms of the loan a troubled debt restructure (TDR). Specifically, we consider a concession involving a modification of the loan terms, such as (i) temporary reduction of the stated interest rate, (ii) temporary reduction or deferral of principal, (iii) temporary reduction or deferral of accrued interest at a stated interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk all to be TDRs. When a

modification of terms is made for a competitive reason, we do not consider that to be a TDR. The primary example of a competitive modification would be an interest rate reduction for a performing credit worthy customer to a market rate as the result of a market decline in rates

Covered Loans and Assets

Covered loans identified as impaired totaled \$3.4 million as of March 31, 2011 and \$3.5 million at December 31, 2010. Nonaccrual loans were \$2.4 million and \$2.0 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. At March 31, 2011, there were no loans past due 90 days or more and accruing interest, and at December 31, 2010, there were loans past due 90 days or more and accruing interest in the amount of \$234 thousand.

Securities

Investment securities, available for sale and held to maturity, were \$52.4 million at March 31, 2011 and \$56.0 million at December 31, 2010.

As of March 31, 2011 we owned pooled trust preferred securities as follows:

											Previously	
									%	of Currer	nt	
											Recognized	l
]	Defaults		
										and	Cumulative	•
			ings					Estimated	Current I	Deferrals	Other	
		When P	urchased	Current	Ratings	S			Defaults			
	Tranche							Fair			omprehensi	ve
Security	Level	Moody	s Fitch	Moody	sFitch	Par Value			Deferrals C	Collateral	Loss (1)	
ALEGGO VIII A 1D	а:			D 2	DD		n thousands		¢ 204.056	4207	ф 212	
ALESCO VII A1B	Senior	Aaa	AAA			\$ 7,256	\$ 6,486	\$ 3,943	\$ 204,056	43%	-	
MMCF II B	Senior Sub	A3	AA-	Baa2	BB	496	457	465	34,000	29%	39	
MMCF III B	Senior Sub	A3	A-	Ba1	CC	656	641	416	37,000	32%	15	
						8,408	7,584	4,824			\$ 367	
												Cumulative
											Cumulat iQ	TTI Related to
											Cumulat iQ e Comprehe	TTI Related to
Other Than Temporarily Impaired:	Managina	A 1	٨	C2	C	1.500	5.41	541	127 100	Other	Cumulat iv e Comprehe Loss (2)	TTI Related to ensive edit Loss (2)
TPREF FUNDING II	Mezzanine	A1	A-	Caa3	С	1,500	541	541	127,100	Other	Cumulati©6 Comprehe Loss (2) 682	TTI Related to ensitive dit Loss (2) \$ 277
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1	Mezzanine	A3	A	С	C	2,059	541 126	437	140,705	Other 37% 28%	Cumulat iv e Comprehe Loss (2)	FTI Related to ension to the constitution of t
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D	Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR	A A-	C NR	C C	2,059 2,032	126	437 33	140,705 231,250	Other 37% 28% 31%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354	FTI Related to enside dit Loss (2) \$ 277 579 2,032
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3	A A- A-	C NR Ca	C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046	126 85	437 33 123	140,705 231,250 111,682	Other 37% 28% 31% 34%	Cumulatio 6 Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354	TTI Related to consideration to the consideration t
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2	A A- A- A	C NR Ca Ca	C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073	126 85 458	437 33 123 576	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942	Other 37% 28% 31% 34% 41%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954	TTI Related to consideration to the consideration t
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1 ALESCO XV C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2 A3	A A- A- A A-	C NR Ca Ca	C C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073 3,100	126 85 458 29	437 33 123 576 79	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942 266,100	37% 28% 31% 34% 41% 40%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954 512	TTI Related to sensitive dit Loss (2) \$ 277 579 2,032 470 661 2,559
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2	A A- A- A	C NR Ca Ca	C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073	126 85 458	437 33 123 576	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942	Other 37% 28% 31% 34% 41%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954	TTI Related to consideration to the consideration t
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1 ALESCO XV C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2 A3	A A- A- A A-	C NR Ca Ca	C C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073 3,100 2,065	126 85 458 29 115	437 33 123 576 79 421	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942 266,100	37% 28% 31% 34% 41% 40%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954 512 770	TTI Related to ensive dit Loss (2) \$ 277 579 2,032 470 661 2,559 1,180
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1 ALESCO XV C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2 A3	A A- A- A A-	C NR Ca Ca	C C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073 3,100	126 85 458 29	437 33 123 576 79	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942 266,100	37% 28% 31% 34% 41% 40%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954 512	TTI Related to sensitive dit Loss (2) \$ 277 579 2,032 470 661 2,559
TPREF FUNDING II TRAP 2007-XII C1 TRAP 2007-XIII D MMC FUNDING XVIII ALESCO V C1 ALESCO XV C1	Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine Mezzanine	A3 NR A3 A2 A3	A A- A- A A-	C NR Ca Ca	C C C C	2,059 2,032 1,046 2,073 3,100 2,065	126 85 458 29 115	437 33 123 576 79 421	140,705 231,250 111,682 117,942 266,100	37% 28% 31% 34% 41% 40%	Cumulative Comprehe Loss (2) 682 1,354 491 954 512 770	TTI Related to ensive dit Loss (2) \$ 277 579 2,032 470 661 2,559 1,180

- (1) Pre-tax, and represents unrealized losses at date of transfer from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity, net of accretion
- (2) Pre-tax

Each of these securities has been evaluated for other than temporary impairment. In performing a detailed cash flow analysis of each security, Sonabank works with independent third parties to estimate expected cash flows, and assist with the evaluation of other than temporary impairment. The cash flow analyses performed included the following assumptions:

We assume that .5% of the remaining performing collateral will default or defer per annum.

We assume recoveries ranging from 25% to 50% with a two year lag on all defaults and deferrals.

We assume no prepayments for 10 years and then 1% per annum for the remaining life of the security.

Additionally banks with assets over \$15 billion will no longer be allowed to count down streamed trust preferred proceeds as Tier 1 capital (although it will still be counted as Tier 2 capital). That will incent the large banks to prepay their trust preferred securities if they can or if it is economically desirable. As a consequence we

have projected in all of our pools that 25% of the collateral issued by banks with assets over \$15 billion will prepay in 2013.

Our securities have been modeled using the above assumptions by independent third parties using the forward LIBOR curve plus original spread to discount projected cash flows to present values.

These assumptions resulted in OTTI charges related to credit on one of the trust preferred securities in the amount of \$32 thousand during the quarter ended March 31, 2011, compared to no OTTI charges related to credit on the trust preferred securities for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

We also own \$1.1 million of SARM 2005-22 1A2. This residential collateralized mortgage obligation was originally rated AAA by Standard and Poors. After a series of downgrades this security has been evaluated for potential impairment. Based on our review of the trustee report, shock analysis and current information regarding delinquencies, nonperforming loans and credit support it has been determined that no OTTI charge for credit was required for the quarter ended March 31, 2011. The assumptions used in the analysis included a 5.5% prepayment speed, 15% default rate, a 50% loss severity and an accounting yield of 2.60%. We recorded OTTI charges for credit on this security of \$7 thousand in the first quarter of 2010.

Liquidity and Funds Management

The objective of our liquidity management is to assure the ability to meet our financial obligations. These obligations include the payment of deposits on demand or at maturity, the repayment of borrowings at maturity and the ability to fund commitments and other new business opportunities. We obtain funding from a variety of sources, including customer deposit accounts, customer certificates of deposit and payments on our loans and investments. Historically, our level of core deposits has been insufficient to fully fund our lending activities. As a result, we have sought funding from additional sources, including institutional certificates of deposit and the sale of available-for-sale investment securities. In addition, we maintain lines of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta and utilize securities sold under agreements to repurchase and reverse repurchase agreement borrowings from approved securities dealers.

We prepare a monthly cash flow report which forecasts weekly cash needs and availability for the coming three months, based on forecasts of loan closings from our pipeline report and other factors.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we funded our financial obligations with deposits, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta. At March 31, 2011, we had \$111.9 million of unfunded lines of credit and undisbursed construction loan funds. Our approved loan commitments were \$7.6 million at March 31, 2011. Management anticipates that funding requirements for these commitments can be met from the normal sources of funds.

Capital Resources

The following table provides a comparison of our leverage and risk-weighted capital ratios and the leverage and risk-weighted capital ratios of the bank at the dates indicated to the minimum and well-capitalized regulatory standards (dollars in thousands):

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	Actu Amount	al Ratio	Requin For Cap Adequacy F Amount	pital	To Be Categ Well Cap Amount	
March 31, 2011						
SNBV						
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$ 91,691	20.78%	\$ 17,647	4.00%	\$ 26,471	6.00%
Total risk-based capital ratio	97,208	22.03%	35,294	8.00%	44,118	10.00%
Leverage ratio	91,691	16.04%	22,867	4.00%	28,583	5.00%
Sonabank						
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$ 88,229	20.00%	\$ 17,642	4.00%	\$ 26,484	6.00%
Total risk-based capital ratio	93,724	21.25%	35,285	8.00%	44,106	10.00%
Leverage ratio	88,229	15.43%	22,867	4.00%	28,583	5.00%
December 31, 2010						
SNBV						
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$ 90,214	20.52%	\$ 17,585	4.00%	\$ 26,377	6.00%
Total risk-based capital ratio	95,689	21.77%	35,169	8.00%	43,961	10.00%
Leverage ratio	90,214	15.23%	23,701	4.00%	29,626	5.00%
Sonabank						
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$ 86,757	19.74%	\$ 17,580	4.00%	\$ 26,370	6.00%
Total risk-based capital ratio	92,231	20.99%	35,160	8.00%	43,950	10.00%
Leverage ratio	86,757	14.64%	23,701	4.00%	29,626	5.00%

The most recent regulatory notification categorized Sonabank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed Sonabank s category.

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are engaged primarily in the business of investing funds obtained from deposits and borrowings into interest-earning loans and investments. Consequently, our earnings depend to a significant extent on our net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income on loans and other investments and the interest expense on deposits and borrowings. To the extent that our interest-bearing liabilities do not reprice or mature at the same time as our interest-earning assets, we are subject to interest rate risk and corresponding fluctuations in net interest income. We have employed asset/liability management policies that seek to manage our interest income, without having to incur unacceptable levels of credit or investment risk.

We use a duration gap of equity approach to manage our interest rate risk, and we review quarterly interest sensitivity reports prepared for us by FTN Financial using the Sendero ALM Analysis System. This approach uses a model which generates estimates of the change in our market value of portfolio equity (MVPE) over a range of interest rate scenarios. MVPE is the present value of expected cash flows from assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet contracts using standard industry assumptions about estimated loan prepayment rates, reinvestment rates and deposit decay rates.

The following tables are based on an analysis prepared by FTN Financial setting forth an analysis of our interest rate risk as measured by the estimated change in MVPE resulting from instantaneous and sustained parallel shifts in the yield curve (plus or minus 300 basis points, measured in 100 basis point increments) as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and all changes are within our ALM Policy guidelines:

Sensitivity of Market Value of Portfolio Equity
As of March 31, 2011

Change in	Mouleot	Value of Doutfali	o Equity		Value of		
Interest Rates	Market	Value of Portfoli	o Equity	Portiono Equ	ity as a % of		
					Portfolio		
in Basis Points					Equity		
		\$ Change	% Change	Total	Book		
(Rate Shock)	Amount	From Base	From Base	Assets	Value		
		(Dolla	r amounts in thou	sands)			
Up 300	\$ 97,431	\$ (2,255)	-2.26%	16.50%	97.09%		
Up 200	98,599	(1,087)	-1.09%	16.70%	98.25%		
Up 100	98,763	(923)	-0.93%	16.73%	98.42%		
Base	99,686		0.00%	16.88%	99.34%		
Down 100	96,392	(3,294)	-3.30%	16.33%	96.05%		
Down 200	92,066	(7,620)	-7.64%	15.59%	91.74%		
Down 300	89,289	(10,397)	-10.43%	15.12%	88.98%		

Sensitivity of Market Value of Portfolio Equity As of December 31, 2010

Change in Interest Rates	Market V	Value of Portfolio	Equity		Value of nity as a % of
in Basis Points					Portfolio Equity
		\$ Change	% Change	Total	Book
(Rate Shock)	Amount	From Base	From Base	Assets	Value
		(Dollar	amounts in thous	ands)	
Up 300	\$ 99,642	\$ (1,643)	-1.62%	16.86%	100.20%
Up 200	100,576	(709)	-0.70%	17.01%	101.14%
Up 100	100,578	(707)	-0.70%	17.01%	101.14%
Base	101,285		0.00%	17.13%	101.85%
Down 100	97,672	(3,613)	-3.57%	16.52%	98.22%
Down 200	93,048	(8,237)	-8.13%	15.74%	93.57%
Down 300	90,390	(10,895)	-10.76%	15.29%	90.90%

Our interest rate sensitivity is also monitored by management through the use of a model run by FTN Financial that generates estimates of the change in the net interest income over a range of interest rate scenarios. Net interest income depends upon the relative amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest rates earned or paid on them. In this regard, the model assumes that the composition of our interest sensitive assets and liabilities existing at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 remains constant over the period being measured and also assumes that a particular change in interest rates is reflected uniformly across the yield curve regardless of the duration to maturity or repricing of specific assets and liabilities. All changes are within our ALM Policy guidelines.

		Sensitivity of Net	Interest Income	;		
Change in	As of March 31, 2011					
Interest Rates	Adjusted Net	Interest Income	Net Interest Margin			
in Basis Points						
		\$ Change		% Change		
(Rate Shock)	Amount	From Base	Percent	From Base		
		(Dollar amounts in thousands)				
Up 300	\$ 27,703	\$ 2,985	5.16%	0.54%		
Up 200	26,659	1,941	4.97%	0.35%		
Up 100	25,478	760	4.76%	0.14%		
Base	24,718		4.62%	0.00%		
Down 100	25,032	314	4.68%	0.06%		
Down 200	25,030	312	4.68%	0.06%		
Down 300	25,115	397	4.69%	0.07%		

		Sensitivity of Net Interest Income				
Change in		As of December 31, 2010				
Interest Rates	Adjusted Net	Adjusted Net Interest Income			Net Interest Margin	
in Basis Points						
		\$	Change		% Change	
(Rate Shock)	Amount	Fre	om Base	Percent	From Base	
		(Dol	lar amounts	in thousands)		
Up 300	\$ 27,668	\$	3,361	5.09%	0.61%	
Up 200	26,466	\$	2,159	4.87%	0.39%	
Up 100	25,193	\$	886	4.64%	0.16%	
Base	24,307	\$		4.48%	0.00%	
Down 100	24,670	\$	363	4.55%	0.07%	
Down 200	24,676	\$	369	4.55%	0.07%	
Down 300	24,747	\$	440	4.56%	0.08%	

Certain shortcomings are inherent in the methodology used in the above interest rate risk measurements. Modeling changes in MVPE requires the making of certain assumptions that may or may not reflect the manner in which actual yields and costs respond to changes in market interest rates. Accordingly, although the MVPE tables and Sensitivity of Net Interest Income tables provide an indication of our interest rate risk exposure at a particular point in time, such measurements are not intended to, and do not, provide a precise forecast of the effect of changes in market interest rates on our net worth and net interest income.

ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that these controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Disclosure controls and procedures are our controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Other than the remediation of the material weakness related to the misidentification of a subsequent event described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, there have been no other changes in SNBV s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, SNBV s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

SNBV and Sonabank may, from time to time, be a party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Sonabank is a party to two small lawsuits considered to be in the ordinary course of business. There are no other proceedings pending, or to management s knowledge, threatened, against SNBV or Sonabank as of March 31, 2011.

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

As of March 31, 2011 there were no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed on our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable

ITEM 4. (REMOVED AND RESERVED)

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable

ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- Filed with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q Furnished with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Southern National Bancorp of Virginia, Inc.

(Registrant)

May 9, 2011

(Date)

May 9, 2011 (Date) /s/ Georgia S. Derrico, Georgia S. Derrico, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ William H. Lagos

William H. Lagos,

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer