DCP Midstream Partners, LP Form 10-Q November 05, 2015 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-32678

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 03-0567133 (State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

370 17th Street, Suite 2500

Denver, Colorado 80202

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (303) 633-2900

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yesý No."

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes ý No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer 'Accelerated filer 'Accelerated filer 'Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Smaller reporting company Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No \circ

As of October 30, 2015, there were outstanding 114,740,148 common units representing limited partner interests.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The following is a list of certain industry terms used throughout this report:

Bbl barrel

Bbls/d barrels per day
Bcf billion cubic feet
Bcf/d billion cubic feet per day

Btu British thermal unit, a measurement of energy

Fractionation the process by which natural gas liquids are separated

into individual components

MBbls thousand barrels

MBbls/d thousand barrels per day

MMBtu million Btus

MMBtu/d million Btus per day
MMcf million cubic feet
MMcf/d million cubic feet per day

natural gas liquids

the volume of product transported or passing through

Throughput

pipeline or other facility

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NGLs

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Our reports, filings and other public announcements may from time to time contain statements that do not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. Such statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can typically identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking words, such as "may," "could," "should," "intend," "assume," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "es "potential," "plan," "forecast" and other similar words.

All statements that are not statements of historical facts, including, but not limited to, statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected costs and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements reflect our intentions, plans, expectations, assumptions and beliefs about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside our control. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements include known and unknown risks. Known risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risks set forth in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, including the following risks and uncertainties: the extent of changes in commodity prices and the demand for our products and services, our ability to effectively limit a portion of the adverse impact of potential changes in commodity prices through derivative financial instruments, and the potential impact of price and of producers' access to capital on natural gas drilling, demand for our services, and the volume of NGLs and condensate extracted;

the demand for crude oil, residue gas and NGL products;

the level and success of drilling and quality of production volumes around our assets and our ability to connect supplies to our gathering and processing systems, as well as our residue gas and NGL infrastructure; our ability to access the debt and equity markets and the resulting cost of capital, which will depend on general market conditions, our financial and operating results, inflation rates, interest rates, our ability to comply with the covenants in our loan agreements and the indentures governing our debt securities, as well as our ability to maintain our credit ratings;

volatility in the price of our common units;

our ability to hire, train, and retain qualified personnel and key management to execute our business strategy; general economic, market and business conditions;

our ability to execute our risk management programs to continue the safe and reliable operation of our assets; new, additions to and changes in laws and regulations, particularly with regard to taxes, safety and protection of the environment, including, but not limited to, climate change legislation, regulation of over-the-counter derivatives market and entities, and hydraulic fracturing regulations, or the increased regulation of our industry, and their impact on producers and customers served by our systems;

our ability to grow through organic growth projects, contributions from affiliates, or acquisitions, and the successful integration and future performance of such assets;

our ability to construct and start up facilities on budget and in a timely fashion, which is partially dependent on obtaining required construction, environmental and other permits issued by federal, state and municipal governments, or agencies thereof, the availability of specialized contractors and laborers, and the price of and demand for materials; the creditworthiness of our customers and the counterparties to our transactions;

the amount of collateral we may be required to post from time to time in our transactions;

weather, weather-related conditions and other natural phenomena, including, but not limited to, their potential impact on demand for the commodities we sell and the operation of company-owned and third party-owned infrastructure; security threats such as military campaigns, terrorist attacks, and cybersecurity breaches, against, or otherwise impacting, our facilities and systems;

our ability to purchase propane from our suppliers and make associated profitable sales transactions for our wholesale propane logistics business;

our ability to obtain insurance on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, as well as the adequacy of insurance to cover our losses;

the amount of gas we gather, compress, treat, process, transport, store and sell, or the NGLs we produce, fractionate, transport, store and sell, may be reduced if the pipelines and storage and fractionation facilities to which we deliver the natural gas or NGLs are capacity constrained and cannot, or will not, accept the gas or NGLs; and industry changes, including the impact of consolidations, alternative energy sources, technological advances and changes in competition.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the events described in the forward-looking statements might not occur or might occur to a different extent or at a different time than we have described. The forward-looking statements in this report speak as of the filing date of this report. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

ASSETS	(= 1.4.4.1.1.1)	September 30, 2015 (Millions)	December 31, 2014	
Cash and cash equivalents \$1 \$25 Accounts receivable: """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	ASSETS			
Accounts receivable:	Current assets:			
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1 million 71 106 Affiliates 122 164 Inventories 40 63 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 131 230 Other 3 2 Total current assets 368 590 Property, plant and equipment, net 3,483 3,347 Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Verrent liabilities 23 27 Trade 105 \$196 45 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 25 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Total curren	Cash and cash equivalents	\$1	\$25	
Affiliates 122 164 Inventorices 40 63 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 131 230 Other 3 2 Total current assets 368 590 Property, plant and equipment, net 3,483 3,347 Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Other long-term assets 26 30 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 26 30 Current materities 25 \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY 20 25 \$25 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 25 9 9 Uhrealized josses on derivative	Accounts receivable:			
Inventories	Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1 million	71	106	
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	Affiliates	122	164	
Other 3 2 Total current assets 368 590 Property, plant and equipment, net 3,483 3,347 Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Trade 105 \$196 Current liabilities 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 2,792 2,984 Total liabilities 2,792 2,984	Inventories	40	63	
Total current assets 368 590 Property, plant and equipment, net 3,483 3,347 Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets 55,569 55,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY 55,569 55,739 Current liabilities: 7 23 27 Accounts payable: 105 \$196 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities	Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	131	230	
Property, plant and equipment, net 3,483 3,347 Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY ************************************	Other	3	2	
Goodwill 72 154 Intangible assets, net 113 120 Investments in unconsolidated affiliates 1,490 1,459 Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Trade 105 \$196 Accounts payable: 23 27 Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 27,37 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,732 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,792 <	Total current assets	368	590	
Intangible assets, net	Property, plant and equipment, net	3,483	3,347	
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	Goodwill	72	154	
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments 17 39 Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Current payable: Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,792 2,984 Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,802 2,993 General partner 18 18 8 Accoundlated other comprehensive loss 8	Intangible assets, net	113	120	
Other long-term assets 26 30 Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY STATE AND EQUITY Current liabilities: STATE ACCOUNTS payable: Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 36 9 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2 2,792 2,984 Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 18 18 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8 (9) Tota	Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	1,490	1,459	
Total assets \$5,569 \$5,739 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable: Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total labilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,737 2,713 Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) 9) Total partners' equity	Unrealized gains on derivative instruments			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable: Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,737 2,713 Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,802 3,026	Other long-term assets			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable: 105 \$196 Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,737 2,713 Equity: 2 2,984 Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,802 3,026 <		\$5,569	\$5,739	
Accounts payable: 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,792 2,984 Equity: 18 18 Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 18 18 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Trade 105 \$196 Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	Current liabilities:			
Affiliates 23 27 Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,737 2,713 Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	Accounts payable:			
Current maturities of long-term debt 250 250 Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2,792 2,984 Equity: 18 18 Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments 28 43 Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities 2 2,737 2,713 Commitments (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	Affiliates			
Accrued interest 33 21 Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	Current maturities of long-term debt		250	
Accrued taxes 26 9 Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026	Unrealized losses on derivative instruments	28	43	
Other 45 55 Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
Total current liabilities 510 601 Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
Long-term debt 2,179 2,061 Other long-term liabilities 48 51 Total liabilities 2,737 2,713 Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) 2,792 2,984 General partner 18 18 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
Other long-term liabilities Total liabilities Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 48 51 2,737 2,713 2,984 2,992 2,984 0 18 18 18 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Total current liabilities	510	601	
Total liabilities Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 2,737 2,713 2,713 2,713 2,792 2,984 2,984 2,892 2,984 2,802 2,993 30 33 Total equity	-	•		
Commitments and contingent liabilities Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 2,832 3,026	Other long-term liabilities		51	
Equity: Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 2,802 2,993 Total equity 2,802 3,026		2,737	2,713	
Limited partners (114,740,148 and 113,949,868 common units issued and outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
outstanding, respectively) General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
General partner Accumulated other comprehensive loss (8) (9) Total partners' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 2,802 3,026	•	2 792	2 984	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss(8) (9)Total partners' equity2,8022,993Noncontrolling interests3033Total equity2,8323,026				
Total partners' equity 2,802 2,993 Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026				
Noncontrolling interests 30 33 Total equity 2,832 3,026		,	·	
Total equity 2,832 3,026				
	<u> </u>			
Total liabilities and equity \$5,569 \$5,739				
	Total liabilities and equity	\$5,569	\$5,739	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months E September 30,				
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	(Millions	s, ex	cept per	unit	amounts)			
Operating revenues:								
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and condensate	\$92		\$182		\$389		\$759	
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and condensate to affiliates	232		559		757		1,749	
Transportation, processing and other	64		62		179		168	
Transportation, processing and other to affiliates	33		24		81		81	
Gains (losses) from commodity derivative activity, net	35		13		35		(1)
Gains from commodity derivative activity, net — affiliates	9		28		22		5	
Total operating revenues	465		868		1,463		2,761	
Operating costs and expenses:								
Purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs	262		595		906		2,002	
Purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs from affiliates	19		65		83		219	
Operating and maintenance expense	58		53		156		154	
Depreciation and amortization expense	30		27		88		81	
General and administrative expense	2		5		8		13	
General and administrative expense — affiliates	19		12		56		35	
Goodwill impairment	33		_		82			
Other (income) expense, net	(1)	_		_		1	
Total operating costs and expenses	422		757		1,379		2,505	
Operating income	43		111		84		256	
Interest expense	(25)	(22)	(69)	(64)
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	54		29		121		48	
Income before income taxes	72		118		136		240	
Income tax (expense) benefit			(2)	3		(6)
Net income	72		116		139		234	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)			(1)	(10)
Net income attributable to partners	71		116		138		224	
Net income attributable to predecessor operations					_		(6)
General partner's interest in net income	(31)	(30)	(93)	(83)
Net income allocable to limited partners	\$40		\$86		\$45		\$135	
Net income per limited partner unit — basic and diluted	\$0.35		\$0.77		\$0.39		\$1.29	
Weighted-average limited partner units outstanding — basic and diluted	114.7		111.0		114.6		104.3	
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine M	onths Ended
	September 30,		Septem	ber 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Million	ns)		
Net income	\$72	\$116	\$139	\$234
Other comprehensive income:				
Reclassification of cash flow hedge losses into earnings	_		1	2
Total other comprehensive income	_	_	1	2
Total comprehensive income	72	116	140	236
Total comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1) —	(1) (10
Total comprehensive income attributable to partners	\$71	\$116	\$139	\$226
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial stateme	nts.			

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Net income	(Chaudited)	Nine Months 30, 2015 (Millions)	Er	nded Septemb 2014	er
Net income \$139 \$234 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Beauty Section and amortization expense 88 81 Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates (121) (48) Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates 1144 85 Net unrealized losses on derivative instruments 106 27 Goodwill impairment 82 — Other, net 4 9 Change in operating assets and liabilities, which provided (used) cash, net of effects of acquisitions: 74 30 Accounts receivable 74 30 1 Inventories 23 3 3 Accounts payable (80) (22) Accrued interest 12 22) Other current assets and liabilities 4 3 1 Other current assets and liabilities 4 3 1 Net cash provided by operating activities 18 11 Other current assets and liabilities (24 (245) (246)	OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(Willions)			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 88 81 Depreciation and amortization expense 88 81 Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates (121) (48) Net unrealized losses on derivative instruments 106 27 Goodwill impairment 82 — Other, net 4 9 Change in operating assets and liabilities, which provided (used) cash, net of effects of acquisitions: 74 30 Accounts receivable 74 30 1 Inventories 23 3 3 Accounts payable (80) (22) Accrued interest 12 22 Other current assets and liabilities 4 31 Net cash provided by operating activities 493 435 NVESTING ACTIVITIES: 22 (245) (246) Acquisitions, net of cash acquired — (102) Acquisitions activities — (674) Investments in unconsolidated affiliates, net —		\$139		\$234	
Depreciation and amortization expense 88 81 Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates (121 (488) Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates 144 85 Net unrealized losses on derivative instruments 106 27 Goodwill impairment 82 — Other, net 4 9 Change in operating assets and liabilities, which provided (used) cash, net of effects of acquisitions: 74 30 Accounts receivable 74 30 3 Accounts receivable (80 (22) Other current assets and liabilities 88 11 Other current assets and liabilities 48 3 Net cash provided by operating activities 48 3 NVESTING ACTIVITIES: Capital expenditures (246) <t< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		,			
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Net change in cash and cash equivalents (24) 85		_)	766	
	The state of the s	•)		
	•	•	,		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$1 \$97					
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.					

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

		Partners' Equity						
		Limited Partners	General Partner	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Noncontrolling Interests	_	Total Equity	
		(Millions)						
F	Balance, January 1, 2015	\$2,984	\$18	\$ (9	\$ 33		\$3,026	
N	Vet income	45	93	_	1		139	
(Other comprehensive income	_	_	1			1	
	ssuance of 790,280 common units of the public	31	_	_			31	
	Distributions to limited partners nd general partner	(269)	(93)	_	_		(362)
	Distributions to noncontrolling nterests	_	_	_	(4)	(4)
	Contributions from DCP Midstream, LLC	1	_	_	_		1	
F	Balance, September 30, 2015	\$2,792	\$18	\$(8	\$ 30		\$2,832	
S	See accompanying notes to condens	sed consolidated fi	nancial statemer	nts.				

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Partners' Equ	iity								
					Accumulated					
	Predecessor			General	Other		Noncontrolli	ng		
	Equity	Partners		Partner	Comprehensiv		Interests		Equity	
					(Loss) Income	•				
	(Millions)									
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$40	\$1,948		\$8	\$ (11)	\$ 228		\$2,213	
Net income	6	135		83	_		10		234	
Other comprehensive income					2		_		2	
Net change in parent advances				_	_		_		(6)
Acquisition of Lucerne 1 plan				_	_		_		(40)
Issuance of 4,497,158 units to										
DCP Midstream, LLC and	_	225		_	_		_		225	
affiliates										
Excess purchase price over										
carrying value of interests	_	(178	`	_	_				(178)
acquired in March 2014		(170	,						(170	,
Transactions										
Issuance of 18,922,610		925							925	
common units to the public		923		_	_		_		923	
Distributions to limited		(229	`	(74)					(303)
partners and general partner		(229	,	(/4)	_		_		(303	,
Distributions to noncontrolling	g						(12	`	(12	`
interests				_	_		(12	,	(12)
Contributions from							3		3	
noncontrolling interests	_			_	_		3		3	
Purchase of additional interest	t						(100	`	(100	`
in a subsidiary	_	_		_	_		(198)	(198)
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$ —	\$2,826		\$17	\$ (9)	\$31		\$2,865	
See accompanying notes to co		olidated fina	nci	ial statements	•					
· · ·										

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

DCP Midstream Partners, LP, with its consolidated subsidiaries, or us, we, our or the Partnership, is engaged in the business of gathering, compressing, treating, processing, transporting, storing and selling natural gas; producing, fractionating, transporting, storing and selling NGLs and recovering and selling condensate; and transporting, storing and selling propane in wholesale markets.

We are a Delaware limited partnership that was formed in August 2005. Our partnership includes our Natural Gas Services, NGL Logistics and Wholesale Propane Logistics segments. For additional information regarding these segments, see Note 15 - Business Segments.

Our operations and activities are managed by our general partner, DCP Midstream GP, LP, which in turn is managed by its general partner, DCP Midstream GP, LLC, which we refer to as the General Partner, and is 100% owned by DCP Midstream, LLC. DCP Midstream, LLC and its subsidiaries and affiliates, collectively referred to as DCP Midstream, LLC, is owned 50% by Phillips 66 and 50% by Spectra Energy Corp and its affiliates, or Spectra Energy. DCP Midstream, LLC directs our business operations through its ownership and control of the General Partner. DCP Midstream, LLC's employees provide administrative support to us and operate most of our assets. DCP Midstream, LLC owns approximately 21.4% of us, including limited partner and general partner interests.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Partnership and all majority-owned subsidiaries where we have the ability to exercise control. Investments in greater than 20% owned affiliates that are not variable interest entities and where we do not have the ability to exercise control, and investments in less than 20% owned affiliates where we have the ability to exercise significant influence, are accounted for using the equity method. The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP. Conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current and expected future events, actual results could differ from those estimates. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Transactions between us and other DCP Midstream, LLC operations have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements as transactions between affiliates.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for the respective interim periods. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in our annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted from these interim financial statements pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and other information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the 2014 audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2015-16 "Business Combinations (Topic 805)" or ASU 2015-16 - In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. This ASU is effective for interim and annual

reporting period beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with the option to early adopt for financial statements that have not been issued. We are currently evaluating the potential impact this standard will have on its condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

FASB ASU, 2015-11 "Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory," or ASU 2015-11 - In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, which requires an entity to measure in scope inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. The amendments apply to inventory that is measured using first-in, first-out (FIFO) or average cost. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with the option to early adopt as of the beginning of an annual or interim period. We do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

FASB ASU 2015-06 "Earnings Per Share (Topic 260): Effects on Historical Earnings per Unit of Master Limited Partnership Dropdown Transactions," or ASU 2015-06 - In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-06, which specifies that for purposes of calculating historical earnings per unit under the two-class method, the earnings or losses of a transferred business before the date of a dropdown transaction should be allocated entirely to the general partner. In that circumstance, the previously reported earnings per unit of the limited partners, which is typically the earnings per unit measure presented in the financial statements, would not change as a result of the dropdown transaction. This ASU is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and is required to be applied retrospectively. The adoption of this ASU will have no impact on our condensed consolidated results of operations as we have not historically changed previously reported earnings per limited partner unit as a result of dropdown transactions.

FASB ASU 2015-03 "Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Cost," or ASU 2015-03 - In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the associated debt liability. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, after which we will present debt issuance costs as a direct reduction from debt on our condensed consolidated balance sheets for all periods presented. The adoption of this ASU will have no impact on our condensed consolidated results of operations and cash flows.

FASB ASU 2015-02 "Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis," or ASU 2015-02 - In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, which changes the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and we are currently assessing the impact of adoption of this ASU on our condensed consolidated results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

FASB ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," or ASU 2014-09 - In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements of Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, Topic 605 "Revenue Recognition." This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with the option to adopt as early as December 15, 2016. We are currently assessing the impact of adoption of this ASU on our condensed consolidated results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

3. Acquisitions

On January 1, 2015, we entered into an agreement with an affiliate of Enterprise Products Partners L.P., or Enterprise, to acquire a 15% ownership interest in Panola Pipeline Company, LLC, or Panola. At closing, we paid \$1 million for our interest in the joint venture. The anticipated total consideration of approximately \$26 million includes our proportionate share in construction costs for an expansion of the existing Panola NGL pipeline. The Panola NGL pipeline originates in Carthage, Texas and extends approximately 180 miles to Mont Belvieu, Texas. The expansion will extend the Panola NGL pipeline for approximately 60 miles and increase capacity from approximately 50

MBbls/d to 100 MBbls/d. We along with, affiliates of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation, and MarkWest Energy Partners, L.P. each own a 15% interest in Panola. Enterprise owns a 55% interest in Panola and is constructing the expansion and will operate the pipeline. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, we will not participate in the earnings of the Panola pipeline until the earlier of completion of the expansion or February 1, 2016.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

4. Agreements and Transactions with Affiliates

DCP Midstream, LLC

Services Agreement and Other General and Administrative Charges

We have entered into a services agreement, as amended, or the Services Agreement, with DCP Midstream, LLC. Under the Services Agreement, we are required to reimburse DCP Midstream, LLC for salaries of operating personnel and employee benefits, as well as capital expenditures, maintenance and repair costs, taxes and other direct costs incurred by DCP Midstream, LLC on our behalf. We also pay DCP Midstream, LLC an annual fee under the Services Agreement for centralized corporate functions performed by DCP Midstream, LLC on our behalf, including legal, accounting, cash management, insurance administration and claims processing, risk management, health, safety and environmental, information technology, human resources, credit, payroll, taxes and engineering. Except with respect to the annual fee, there is no limit on the reimbursements we make to DCP Midstream, LLC under the Services Agreement for other expenses and expenditures incurred or payments made on our behalf. In the event we acquire assets or our business otherwise expands, the annual fee under the Services Agreement is subject to adjustment based on the nature and extent of general and administrative services performed by DCP Midstream, LLC, as well as an annual adjustment based on changes to the Consumer Price Index.

On February 23, 2015, the annual fee payable under the Services Agreement was increased by approximately \$25 million to \$71 million, following approval of the increase by the special committee of the board of directors of the General Partner. Our growth, both from organic growth and acquisitions, has resulted in the Partnership becoming a much larger portion of the business of DCP Midstream, LLC. Additionally, our expansion into downstream logistics has required DCP Midstream, LLC to expand its capabilities and provide us with a broader range of services than what was previously provided. As a result, DCP Midstream, LLC initiated a comprehensive review of its costs and the methodology for allocating general and administrative services. The result of this review reflects the level and cost of general and administrative services provided to us by DCP Midstream, LLC as the operator of our assets. The annual fee was effective starting January 1, 2015.

The following is a summary of the fees we incurred under the Services Agreement, as well as other fees paid to DCP Midstream, LLC:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 3		
	2015 2014 20		2015	2014	
	(Millions)				
Services Agreement	\$18	\$11	\$54	\$30	
Other fees — DCP Midstream, LLC	1	1	2	5	
Total — DCP Midstream, LLC	\$19	\$12	\$56	\$35	

In addition to the fees paid pursuant to the Services Agreement, we incurred allocated expenses, including executive compensation, insurance and internal audit fees with DCP Midstream, LLC of \$1 million and \$2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, and \$1 million for each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The Eagle Ford system incurred \$4 million in general and administrative expenses directly from DCP Midstream, LLC for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, before the reallocation of the Eagle Ford system to the Services Agreement on March 31, 2014.

Other Agreements and Transactions with DCP Midstream, LLC

As a result of assets contributed to us by DCP Midstream, LLC, we have previously entered into derivative transactions directly with DCP Midstream, LLC whereby DCP Midstream, LLC was the counterparty. In March 2015, DCP Midstream, LLC novated those fixed price derivatives and our counterparty is now one of the financial institutions associated with our credit facility. Accordingly, the counterparties to the majority of our commodity swap contracts are investment-grade rated financial institutions.

In conjunction with our acquisition of the O'Connor, Lucerne 1, and Lucerne 2 plants, we entered into long-term fee-based processing agreements with DCP Midstream, LLC pursuant to which DCP Midstream, LLC agreed to pay us (i) a fixed demand charge on a portion of the plants' capacities, and (ii) a throughput fee on all volumes processed for DCP Midstream, LLC at the plants. We report revenues associated with these activities in the condensed consolidated statements of operations as transportation, processing and other to affiliates. Under these agreements in our DJ Basin system we received fees of \$22

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

million and \$47 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, and \$14 million and \$33 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Spectra Energy

Commodity Transactions - We purchase natural gas and other NGL products from, and provide gathering, transportation and other services to, Spectra Energy. Management anticipates continuing to purchase and sell commodities and provide services to Spectra Energy in the ordinary course of business. Summary of Transactions with Affiliates

The following table summarizes our transactions with affiliates:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	Septembe	er 30,	September 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Millions))			
DCP Midstream, LLC:					
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and condensate	\$232	\$559	\$757	\$1,749	
Transportation, processing and other	\$33	\$24	\$81	\$67	
Purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs	\$6	\$42	\$48	\$154	
Gains from commodity derivative activity, net	\$9	\$28	\$22	\$5	
General and administrative expense	\$19	\$12	\$56	\$35	
Spectra Energy:					
Purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs	\$13	\$23	\$35	\$65	
Transportation, processing and other	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$14	

We had balances with affiliates as follows:

	September 30, 2015 (Millions)	December 31, 2014
DCP Midstream, LLC:		
Accounts receivable	\$122	\$163
Accounts payable	\$18	\$24
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments — current	\$30	\$207
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments — long-term	\$8	\$25
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments — current	\$28	\$43
Spectra Energy:		
Accounts receivable	\$ —	\$1
Accounts payable	\$5	\$3

5. Inventories

Inventories were as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Millions)	
Natural gas	\$32	\$36
NGLs	8	27
Total inventories	\$40	\$63

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

We recognize lower of cost or market adjustments when the carrying value of our inventories exceeds their estimated market value. These non-cash charges are a component of purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. We recognized \$1 million and \$6 million in lower of cost or market adjustments during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. We recognized \$2 million and \$5 million in lower of cost or market adjustments during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

A summary of property, plant and equipment by classification is as follows:

	Depreciable	September 30,	December 31,
	Life	2015	2014
		(Millions)	
Gathering and transmission systems	20 — 50 Years	\$2,299	\$2,209
Processing, storage, and terminal facilities	35 — 60 Years	2,314	2,071
Other	3 — 30 Years	56	50
Construction work in progress		159	281
Property, plant and equipment		4,828	4,611
Accumulated depreciation		(1,345)	(1,264)
Property, plant and equipment, net		\$3,483	\$3,347

Interest capitalized on construction projects was \$1 million and \$2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$6 million and \$5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Depreciation expense was \$28 million and \$25 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$81 million and \$75 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

7. Goodwill

Goodwill is the cost of an acquisition less the fair value of the net assets of the acquired business. We perform an annual impairment test of goodwill in the third quarter, and update the test during interim periods when we believe events or changes in circumstances indicate that we may not be able to recover the carrying value of a reporting unit. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we determined that continued weak commodity prices caused a change in circumstances warranting an interim impairment test.

We perform our goodwill assessment at the reporting unit level. We primarily use a discounted cash flow analysis, supplemented by a market approach analysis, to perform the assessment. Key assumptions in the analysis include the use of an appropriate discount rate, volume forecasts, terminal year multiples, and estimated future cash flows including an estimate of operating and general and administrative costs. In estimating cash flows, we incorporate current market information, as well as historical and other factors, into our forecasted commodity prices. Using the fair value approaches described above, in step one of the interim goodwill impairment test performed in the second quarter of 2015, we determined that the estimated fair value of our Collbran, Michigan and Southeast Texas reporting units, all of which are included in our Natural Gas Services reporting segment, was less than the carrying amount, primarily due to changes in assumptions related to commodity prices and discount rate.

The second step of the goodwill impairment test involves allocating the estimated fair value of the reporting unit among all of the assets and liabilities of the reporting unit in a hypothetical purchase price allocation. During the second quarter of 2015, we recognized a goodwill impairment based on our best estimate of the impairment resulting from the performance of the second step of the goodwill impairment test which totaled \$49 million from our Collbran, Michigan, and Southeast Texas reporting units. We completed the hypothetical purchase price allocation for the second step of the interim goodwill impairment test in the third quarter of 2015 and after completing the analysis, there was no remaining fair value to assign to goodwill of the Collbran reporting unit. As a result, during the three

months ended September 30, 2015, an additional \$33 million impairment charge was recorded in goodwill impairment in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

We performed our annual goodwill assessment during the quarter ended September 30, 2015. We concluded that the fair value of goodwill of our remaining reporting units exceeded their carrying value, and the entire amount of goodwill disclosed

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

on the condensed consolidated balance sheet associated with these remaining reporting units is recoverable, therefore, no other goodwill impairments were identified or recorded for the remaining reporting units as a result of our annual goodwill assessment.

Our impairment determinations involved significant assumptions and judgments, as discussed above. Differing assumptions regarding any of these inputs could have a significant effect on the various valuations. If actual results are not consistent with our assumptions and estimates, or our assumptions and estimates change due to new information, we may be exposed to additional goodwill impairment charges, which would be recognized in the period in which the carrying value exceeds fair value. Adverse changes in our business or the overall operating environment such as declines in gas production volumes, loss of significant customers or a further decrease in commodity prices may adversely affect our estimate of future operating results, which could result in future goodwill impairment charges for other reporting units due to the potential impact on our operations and cash flows.

The change in carrying amount of goodwill in each of our reporting segments was as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2015			2014			
	Gas Services	NGL Logistics	Wholesale Propane Logistics	Gas Services	NGL Logistics	Wholesale Propane Logistics	
	(Millions)						
Balance, beginning of period	\$33	\$35	\$37	\$82	\$35	\$37	
Impairment	(33)		_	_	_	_	
Balance, end of period	\$ —	\$35	\$37	\$82	\$35	\$37	
	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2015			2014			
	Gas Services	NGL Logistics	Wholesale Propane Logistics	Gas Services	NGL Logistics	Wholesale Propane Logistics	
	(Millions)						
Balance, beginning of period	\$82	\$35	\$37	\$82	\$35	\$37	
Impairment	(82)	_	_				
Balance, end of period	\$ —	\$35	\$37	\$82	\$35	\$37	

8. Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates

The following table summarizes our investments in unconsolidated affiliates:

		Carrying Value as	of
	Percentage	September 30,	December 31,
	Ownership	2015	2014
		(Millions)	
DCP Sand Hills Pipeline, LLC	33.33%	\$442	\$413
Discovery Producer Services LLC	40%	408	406
DCP Southern Hills Pipeline, LLC	33.33%	318	329
Front Range Pipeline LLC	33.33%	171	169
Texas Express Pipeline LLC	10%	97	98
Mont Belvieu Enterprise Fractionator	12.5%	23	23
Mont Belvieu 1 Fractionator	20%	11	14

Other	Various	20	7
Total investments in unconsolidated affiliates		\$1,490	\$1,459
12			

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Earnings from investments in unconsolidated affiliates were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Millions)			
DCP Sand Hills Pipeline, LLC	\$15	\$9	\$40	\$15
Discovery Producer Services LLC	21	4	35	3
Front Range Pipeline LLC	6	2	13	_
Mont Belvieu Enterprise Fractionator	3	4	11	12
DCP Southern Hills Pipeline, LLC	3	4	10	8
Texas Express Pipeline LLC	3	2	6	2
Mont Belvieu 1 Fractionator	3	4	6	8
Total earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	\$54	\$29	\$121	\$48

The following tables summarize the combined financial information of our investments in unconsolidated affiliates:

The following tables summarize the co	ombined financial	information of our inve	estments in	unconsolidated affiliates	s:
	Three Month	Three Months Ended September 30, 1		Nine Months Ended September 3	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Millions)				
Statements of operations (a):					
Operating revenue	\$323	\$265	\$856	\$584	
Operating expenses	\$133	\$135	\$407	\$349	
Net income	\$190	\$128	\$448	\$233	
		Septembe	er 30,	December 31,	
		2015		2014	
		(Millions)		
Balance sheets (a):					
Current assets		\$184		\$207	
Long-term assets		5,247		5,157	
Current liabilities		(178) (200)
Long-term liabilities		(236) (164)
Net assets		\$5,017		\$5,000	

⁽a) In accordance with the Panola joint venture agreement, earnings do not accrue to our interest until the earlier of completion of the expansion of the pipeline or February 1, 2016. Accordingly, we will not include activity related to Panola in the above tables until the period in which earnings accrue to our interest.

9. Fair Value Measurement

Determination of Fair Value

Below is a general description of our valuation methodologies for derivative financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value. Fair values are generally based upon quoted market prices or prices obtained through external sources, where available. If listed market prices or quotes are not available, we determine fair value based upon a market quote, adjusted by other market-based or independently sourced market data such as historical commodity volatilities, crude oil future yield curves, and/or counterparty specific considerations. These adjustments result in a fair value for each asset or liability under an "exit price" methodology, in line with how we believe a marketplace participant would value that asset or liability. Fair values are adjusted to reflect the credit risk inherent in the transaction as well as the potential impact of liquidating open positions in an orderly manner over a reasonable time period under current

conditions. These adjustments may include amounts to reflect counterparty credit quality, the effect of our own creditworthiness, the time value of money and/or the liquidity of the market.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Counterparty credit valuation adjustments are necessary when the market price of an instrument is not indicative of the fair value as a result of the credit quality of the counterparty. Generally, market quotes assume that all counterparties have near zero, or low, default rates and have equal credit quality. Therefore, an adjustment may be necessary to reflect the credit quality of a specific counterparty to determine the fair value of the instrument. We record counterparty credit valuation adjustments on all derivatives that are in a net asset position as of the measurement date in accordance with our established counterparty credit policy, which takes into account any collateral margin that a counterparty may have posted with us as well as any letters of credit that they have provided. Entity valuation adjustments are necessary to reflect the effect of our own credit quality on the fair value of our net liability positions with each counterparty. This adjustment takes into account any credit enhancements, such as collateral margin we may have posted with a counterparty, as well as any letters of credit that we have provided. The methodology to determine this adjustment is consistent with how we evaluate counterparty credit risk, taking into account our own credit rating, current credit spreads, as well as any change in such spreads since the last measurement date.

Liquidity valuation adjustments are necessary when we are not able to observe a recent market price for financial instruments that trade in less active markets for the fair value to reflect the cost of exiting the position. Exchange traded contracts are valued at market value without making any additional valuation adjustments and, therefore, no liquidity reserve is applied. For contracts other than exchange traded instruments, we mark our positions to the midpoint of the bid/ask spread, and record a liquidity reserve based upon our total net position. We believe that such practice results in the most reliable fair value measurement as viewed by a market participant.

We manage our derivative instruments on a portfolio basis and the valuation adjustments described above are calculated on this basis. We believe that the portfolio level approach represents the highest and best use for these assets as there are benefits inherent in naturally offsetting positions within the portfolio at any given time, and this approach is consistent with how a market participant would view and value the assets and liabilities. Although we take a portfolio approach to managing these assets/liabilities, in order to reflect the fair value of any one individual contract within the portfolio, we allocate all valuation adjustments down to the contract level, to the extent deemed necessary, based upon either the notional contract volume, or the contract value, whichever is more applicable.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While we believe that our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, we recognize that the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. We review our fair value policies on a regular basis taking into consideration changes in the marketplace and, if necessary, will adjust our policies accordingly. See Note 11 - Risk Management and Hedging Activities.

Valuation Hierarchy

Our fair value measurements are grouped into a three-level valuation hierarchy. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows.

Level 1 — inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 — inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 — inputs are unobservable and considered significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the hierarchy is based upon the level of judgment involved in the most significant input in the determination of the instrument's fair value. Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the hierarchy. Commodity Derivative Assets and Liabilities

We enter into a variety of derivative financial instruments, which may include over-the-counter, or OTC, instruments, such as natural gas, crude oil or NGL contracts.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Within our Natural Gas Services segment, we typically use OTC derivative contracts in order to mitigate a portion of our exposure to natural gas, NGL and condensate price changes. We also may enter into natural gas derivatives to lock in margin around our storage and transportation assets. These instruments are generally classified as Level 2. Depending upon market conditions and our strategy, we may enter into OTC derivative positions with a significant time horizon to maturity, and market prices for these OTC derivatives may only be readily observable for a portion of the duration of the instrument. In order to calculate the fair value of these instruments, readily observable market information is utilized to the extent that it is available; however, in the event that readily observable market data is not available, we may interpolate or extrapolate based upon observable data. In instances where we utilize an interpolated or extrapolated value, and it is considered significant to the valuation of the contract as a whole, we would classify the instrument within Level 3.

Within our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment, we may enter into a variety of financial instruments to either secure sales or purchase prices, or capture a variety of market opportunities. Since financial instruments for NGLs tend to be counterparty and location specific, we primarily use the OTC derivative instrument markets, which are not as active and liquid as exchange traded instruments. Market quotes for such contracts may only be available for short dated positions (up to six months), and an active market itself may not exist beyond such time horizon. Contracts entered into with a relatively short time horizon for which prices are readily observable in the OTC market are generally classified within Level 2. Contracts with a longer time horizon, for which we internally generate a forward curve to value such instruments, are generally classified within Level 3. The internally generated curve may utilize a variety of assumptions including, but not limited to, data obtained from third party pricing services, historical and future expected relationship of NGL prices to crude oil prices, the knowledge of expected supply sources coming on line, expected weather trends within certain regions of the United States, and the future expected demand for NGLs. Each instrument is assigned to a level within the hierarchy at the end of each financial quarter depending upon the extent to which the valuation inputs are observable. Generally, an instrument will move toward a level within the hierarchy that requires a lower degree of judgment as the time to maturity approaches, and as the markets in which the asset trades will likely become more liquid and prices more readily available in the market, thus reducing the need to rely upon our internally developed assumptions. However, the level of a given instrument may change, in either direction, depending upon market conditions and the availability of market observable data.

Interest Rate Derivative Assets and Liabilities

We may use interest rate swap agreements as part of our overall capital strategy. These instruments would effectively exchange a portion of our existing floating rate debt for fixed-rate debt. Historically, our swaps have been generally priced based upon a London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, instrument with similar duration, adjusted by the credit spread between our company and the LIBOR instrument. Given that a portion of the swap value is derived from the credit spread, which may be observed by comparing similar assets in the market, these instruments are classified within Level 2. Default risk on either side of the swap transaction is also considered in the valuation. We record counterparty credit and entity valuation adjustments in the valuation of our interest rate swaps; however, these reserves are not considered to be a significant input to the overall valuation.

Nonfinancial Assets and Liabilities

We utilize fair value to perform impairment tests as required on our property, plant and equipment; goodwill; and long-lived intangible assets. Assets and liabilities acquired in third party business combinations are recorded at their fair value as of the date of acquisition. The inputs used to determine such fair value are primarily based upon internally developed cash flow models and would generally be classified within Level 3 in the event that we were required to measure and record such assets at fair value within our condensed consolidated financial statements. Additionally, we use fair value to determine the inception value of our asset retirement obligations. The inputs used to determine such fair value are primarily based upon costs incurred historically for similar work, as well as estimates from independent third parties for costs that would be incurred to restore leased property to the contractually

stipulated condition, and would generally be classified within Level 3.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized goodwill impairment of \$33 million and \$82 million, respectively, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. Our impairment determinations involved significant assumptions and judgments. Differing assumptions regarding any of these inputs could have a significant effect on the various valuations. As such, the fair value measurements utilized within these models are classified as non-recurring Level 3 measurements in the fair value hierarchy because they are not observable from objective sources.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, by condensed consolidated balance sheet caption and by valuation hierarchy, as described above:

	September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014				
	-			Total				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Carrying Value
	(Millions))						
Current assets:								
Commodity derivatives (a)	\$ —	\$77	\$54	\$131	\$ —	\$92	\$138	\$230
Short-term investments (b)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$24	\$ —	\$ —	\$24
Long-term assets:								
Commodity derivatives (c)	\$ —	\$17	\$ —	\$17	\$ —	\$21	\$18	\$39
Current liabilities:								
Commodity derivatives (d)	\$ —	\$(28)	\$ —	\$(28)	\$ —	\$(43)	\$ —	\$(43)

- (a) Included in current unrealized gains on derivative instruments in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (b) Includes short-term money market securities included in cash and cash equivalents in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (c) Included in long-term unrealized gains on derivative instruments in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (d) Included in current unrealized losses on derivative instruments in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Changes in Levels 1 and 2 Fair Value Measurements

The determination to classify a financial instrument within Level 1 or Level 2 is based upon the availability of quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in active markets. Depending upon the information readily observable in the market, and/or the use of identical or similar quoted prices, which are significant to the overall valuation, the classification of any individual financial instrument may differ from one measurement date to the next. To qualify as a transfer, the asset or liability must have existed in the previous reporting period and moved into a different level during the current period. In the event that there is a movement between the classification of an instrument as Level 1 or 2, the transfer would be reflected in a table as Transfers into or out of Level 1 and Level 2. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no transfers into or out of Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Changes in Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

The tables below illustrate a rollforward of the amounts included in our condensed consolidated balance sheets for derivative financial instruments that we have classified within Level 3. Since financial instruments classified as Level 3 typically include a combination of observable components (that is, components that are actively quoted and can be validated to external sources) and unobservable components, the gains and losses in the table below may include changes in fair value due in part to observable market factors, or changes to our assumptions on the unobservable components. Depending upon the information readily observable in the market, and/or the use of unobservable inputs, which are significant to the overall valuation, the classification of any individual financial instrument may differ from one measurement date to the next. The significant unobservable inputs used in determining fair value include adjustments by other market-based or independently sourced market data such as historical commodity volatilities, crude oil future yield curves, and/or counterparty specific considerations. In the event that there is a movement to/from the classification of an instrument as Level 3, we would reflect such items in the table below within the "Transfers into/out of Level 3" captions.

We manage our overall risk at the portfolio level and in the execution of our strategy, we may use a combination of financial instruments, which may be classified within any level. Since Level 1 and Level 2 risk management instruments are not included in the rollforward below, the gains or losses in the table do not reflect the effect of our total risk management activities.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Commodity Derivative Instruments				
	Current Assets	Long- Term Assets	Current Liabilities	Long- Term Liabilities	
	(Millions)				
Three months ended September 30, 2015 (a):					
Beginning balance	\$83	\$	\$—	\$ —	
Net unrealized losses included in earnings (b)	7	_			
Settlements	(36) —			
Ending balance	\$54	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Net unrealized losses on derivatives still held included in earnings (b)	\$4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Three months ended September 30, 2014 (a):					
Beginning balance	\$65	\$38	\$ —	\$ —	
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in earnings (b)	32	(11) —		
Settlements	(20) —	_		
Ending balance	\$77	\$27	\$ —	\$ —	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives still hel included in earnings (b)	ld _{\$29}	\$(12) \$—	\$ —	

	Commodity Derivative Instruments				
	Current Assets	Long- Term Assets	Current Liabilities	Long- Term Liabilities	
	(Millions)				
Nine months ended September 30, 2015 (a):					
Beginning balance	\$138	\$18	\$ —	\$ —	
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in earnings (b)	26	(18) —	_	
Settlements	(110)	_	_	_	
Ending balance	\$54	\$—	\$ —	\$—	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives still hel- included in earnings (b)	d _{\$22}	\$(18	\$	\$—	
Nine months ended September 30, 2014 (a):					
Beginning balance	\$65	\$75	\$ —	\$—	
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in earnings (b)	61	(48) —	_	
Settlements	(49)				
Ending balance	\$77	\$27	\$ —	\$ —	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives still hel- included in earnings (b)	^d \$61	\$(48) \$—	\$—	

⁽a) There were no purchases, issuances or sales of derivatives or transfers into/out of Level 3 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

(b)

Represents the amount of total gains or losses for the period, included in gains or losses from commodity derivative activity, net.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Quantitative Information and Fair Value Sensitivities Related to Level 3 Unobservable Inputs We utilize the market approach to measure the fair value of our commodity contracts. The significant unobservable inputs used in this approach to fair value are longer dated price quotes. Our sensitivity to these longer dated forward curve prices are presented in the table below. Significant changes in any of those inputs in isolation would result in significantly different fair value measurements, depending on our short or long position in contracts.

	September 30, 2015	i	
Product Group	Fair Value	Forward Curve Range	
	(Millions)	0.00 / 0 = -0.00	
Assets			
NGLs	\$54	\$0.20-\$0.96	Per gallon

Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Valuation of a contract's fair value is validated by an internal group independent of the marketing group. While common industry practices are used to develop valuation techniques, changes in pricing methodologies or the underlying assumptions could result in significantly different fair values and income recognition. When available, quoted market prices or prices obtained through external sources are used to determine a contract's fair value. For contracts with a delivery location or duration for which quoted market prices are not available, fair value is determined based on pricing models developed primarily from historical and expected relationship with quoted market prices.

Values are adjusted to reflect the credit risk inherent in the transaction as well as the potential impact of liquidating open positions in an orderly manner over a reasonable time period under current conditions. Changes in market prices and management estimates directly affect the estimated fair value of these contracts. Accordingly, it is reasonably possible that such estimates may change in the near term.

The fair value of our interest rate swaps, if any, and commodity non-trading derivatives is based on prices supported by quoted market prices and other external sources and prices based on models and other valuation methods. The "prices supported by quoted market prices and other external sources" category includes our interest rate swaps, if any, our NGL and crude oil swaps and our NYMEX positions in natural gas. In addition, this category includes our forward positions in natural gas for which our forward price curves are obtained from a third party pricing service and then validated through an internal process which includes the use of independent broker quotes. This category also includes our forward positions in NGLs at points for which OTC broker quotes for similar assets or liabilities are available for the full term of the instrument. This category also includes "strip" transactions whose pricing inputs are directly or indirectly observable from external sources and then modeled to daily or monthly prices as appropriate. The "prices based on models and other valuation methods" category includes the value of transactions for which inputs to the fair value of the instrument are unobservable in the marketplace and are considered significant to the overall fair value of the instrument. The fair value of these instruments may be based upon an internally developed price curve, which was constructed as a result of the long dated nature of the transaction or the illiquidity of the specific market point.

We have determined fair value amounts using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methods may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The fair value of accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings are not materially different from their carrying amounts because of the short-term nature of these instruments or the stated rates approximating market rates. Derivative instruments are carried at fair value.

We determine the fair value of our fixed-rate Senior Notes based on quotes obtained from bond dealers. We determine the fair value of borrowings under our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement based upon the discounted present value of expected future cash flows, taking into account the difference between the contractual borrowing spread and the spread for similar credit facilities available in the marketplace. We classify the fair values of our outstanding debt balances within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the carrying value and fair value of our long-term fixed-rate Senior Notes, including current maturities, and our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement were as follows:

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	September	30, 2015	December	31, 2014			
	Carrying Value (Millions)	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value			
Senior Notes Amended and Restated Credit Agreement 10. Debt	\$2,313 \$116	\$2,028 \$116	\$2,311 \$—	\$2,334 \$—			
				September 30, 2015 (Millions)		December 31, 2014	
Amended and Restated Credit Agreement	•						
Revolving credit facility, weighted-average	ge variable i	nterest rate o	of 1.66%, as	of \$116		\$ —	
September 30, 2015, due May 1, 2019							
Debt Securities	50/ mayabla	aami annua	ller dua				
Issued September 30, 2010, interest at 3.2 October 1, 2015	.5% payable	Seiiii-aiiiiua	ny, due	250		250	
Issued November 27, 2012, interest at 2.5	0% navable	semi-annual	lly due				
December 1, 2017	o no puyuote	seim aimaa	ny, aac	500		500	
Issued March 13, 2014, interest at 2.70% 2019	payable sem	ii-annually, o	due April 1,	325		325	
Issued March 13, 2012, interest at 4.95% 2022	payable sem	i-annually, o	due April 1,	350		350	
Issued March 14, 2013, interest at 3.875% March 15, 2023	payable ser	mi-annually,	due	500		500	
Issued March 13, 2014, interest at 5.60% 2044	payable sem	i-annually, o	due April 1,	400		400	
Unamortized discount				(12)	(14)
Total debt				2,429		2,311	
Current maturities of long-term debt				(250)	(250)
Total long-term debt				\$2,179		\$2,061	
A 1 . 1 1 D 4 . 4 . 1 C 1 . 4 . A							

Amended and Restated Credit Agreement

On May 1, 2014, we entered into a \$1.25 billion amended and restated senior unsecured revolving credit agreement that matures on May 1, 2019, or the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement is used for working capital requirements and other general partnership purposes including acquisitions. Our cost of borrowing under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement is determined by a ratings-based pricing grid. Indebtedness under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement bears interest at either: (1) LIBOR, plus an applicable margin of 1.45% based on our current credit rating; or (2) (a) the base rate which shall be the higher of Wells Fargo Bank N.A.'s prime rate, the Federal Funds rate, plus 0.50% or the LIBOR Market Index rate, plus 1%, plus (b) an applicable margin of 0.45% based on our current credit rating. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement incurs an annual facility fee of 0.30% based on our current credit rating. This fee is paid on drawn and undrawn portions of the \$1.25 billion Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

As of September 30, 2015, we had unused capacity of \$1,133 million, net of letters of credit, under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, all of which was available for working capital and other general partnership purposes. Our borrowing capacity may be limited by financial covenants set forth in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. Except in the case of a default, amounts borrowed under our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement will not

become due prior to the May 1, 2019 maturity date.

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a leverage ratio (the ratio of our consolidated indebtedness to our consolidated EBITDA, in each case as is defined by the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) of not more than 5.0 to 1.0, and following the consummation of qualifying acquisitions, not more than 5.5 to 1.0, on a temporary basis for three consecutive quarters, including the quarter in which such acquisition is consummated.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

In October 2015, our \$250 million 3.25% Senior Notes became due. We retired in full the \$250 million 3.25% Senior Notes upon maturity with borrowings under our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

The future maturities of long-term debt in the year indicated are as follows:

	Deot
	Maturities
	(Millions)
2016	\$—
2017	500
2018	_
2019	441
2020	_
Thereafter	1,250
	2,191
Unamortized discount	(12)
Total	\$2,179

11. Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Our day-to-day operations expose us to a variety of risks including but not limited to changes in the prices of commodities that we buy or sell, changes in interest rates, and the creditworthiness of each of our counterparties. We manage certain of these exposures with either physical or financial transactions. We have established a comprehensive risk management policy and a risk management committee, or the Risk Management Committee, to monitor and manage market risks associated with commodity prices and counterparty credit. The Risk Management Committee is composed of senior executives who receive regular briefings on positions and exposures, credit exposures and overall risk management in the context of market activities. The Risk Management Committee is responsible for the overall management of credit risk and commodity price risk, including monitoring exposure limits. The following describes each of the risks that we manage.

Commodity Price Risk

Cash Flow Protection Activities — We are exposed to the impact of market fluctuations in the prices of natural gas, NGLs and condensate as a result of our gathering, processing, sales and storage activities. For gathering, processing and storage services, we may receive cash or commodities as payment for these services, depending on the contract type. We enter into derivative financial instruments to mitigate a portion of the risk of weakening natural gas, NGL and condensate prices associated with our gathering, processing and sales activities, thereby stabilizing our cash flows. We have mitigated a portion of our expected commodity price risk associated with our gathering, processing and sales activities through 2017 with commodity derivative instruments, with the majority of our positions settling through the first quarter of 2016. Our commodity derivative instruments used for our hedging program are a combination of direct NGL product, crude oil, and natural gas hedges. Due to the limited liquidity and tenor of the NGL derivative market, we have used crude oil swaps and costless collars to mitigate a portion of our commodity price exposure to NGLs. Historically, prices of NGLs have generally been related to crude oil prices; however, there are periods of time when NGL pricing may be at a greater discount to crude oil, resulting in additional exposure to NGL commodity prices. The relationship of NGLs to crude oil continues to be lower than historical relationships; however, a significant amount of our NGL hedges from 2015 through 2016 are direct product hedges. When our crude oil swaps become short-term in nature, we have periodically converted certain crude oil derivatives to NGL derivatives by entering into offsetting crude oil swaps while adding NGL swaps. Our crude oil and NGL transactions are primarily accomplished through the use of forward contracts that effectively exchange our floating price risk for a fixed price. We also utilize crude oil costless collars that minimize our floating price risk by establishing a fixed price floor and a fixed price ceiling. However, the type of instrument that we use to mitigate a portion of our risk may vary

depending upon our risk management objective. These transactions are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes and the change in fair value is reflected within our condensed consolidated statements of operations as a gain or a loss on commodity derivative activity.

Our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment is generally designed with the intent to establish stable margins by entering into supply arrangements that specify prices based on established floating price indices and by entering into sales agreements that provide for floating prices that are tied to our variable supply costs plus a margin. To the extent possible, we match the pricing of our supply portfolio to our sales portfolio in order to lock in value and reduce our overall commodity price risk.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

However, to the extent that we carry propane inventories or our sales and supply arrangements are not aligned, we are exposed to market variables and commodity price risk. We manage the commodity price risk of our supply portfolio and sales portfolio with both physical and financial transactions, including fixed price sales. While the majority of our sales and purchases in this segment are index-based, occasionally, we may enter into fixed price sales agreements in the event that a propane distributor desires to purchase propane from us on a fixed price basis. In such cases, we may manage this risk with derivatives that allow us to swap our fixed price risk to market index prices that are matched to our market index supply costs. In addition, we may use financial derivatives to manage the value of our propane inventories. These transactions are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes and any change in fair value is reflected in the current period within our condensed consolidated statements of operations as a gain or loss on commodity derivative activity.

Our portfolio of commodity derivative activity is primarily accounted for using the mark-to-market method of accounting, whereby changes in fair value are recorded directly to the condensed consolidated statements of operations; however, depending upon our risk profile and objectives, in certain limited cases, we may execute transactions that qualify for the hedge method of accounting.

As a result of assets contributed to us by DCP Midstream, LLC, we have previously entered into derivative transactions directly with DCP Midstream, LLC whereby DCP Midstream, LLC was the counterparty. In March 2015, DCP Midstream, LLC novated those fixed price derivatives and our counterparty is now one of the financial institutions associated with our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. Accordingly, the counterparties to the majority of our commodity swap contracts are investment-grade rated financial institutions.

Natural Gas Storage and Pipeline Asset Based Commodity Derivative Program — Our natural gas storage and pipeline assets are exposed to certain risks including changes in commodity prices. We manage commodity price risk related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets through our commodity derivative program. The commercial activities related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets primarily consist of the purchase and sale of gas and associated time spreads and basis spreads.

A time spread transaction is executed by establishing a long gas position at one point in time and establishing an equal short gas position at a different point in time. Time spread transactions allow us to lock in a margin supported by the injection, withdrawal, and storage capacity of our natural gas storage assets. We may execute basis spread transactions to mitigate the risk of sale and purchase price differentials across our system. A basis spread transaction allows us to lock in a margin on our physical purchases and sales of gas, including injections and withdrawals from storage. We typically use swaps to execute these transactions, which are not designated as hedging instruments and are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the current period condensed consolidated statements of operations. While gas held in our storage locations is recorded at the lower of average cost or market, the derivative instruments that are used to manage our storage facilities are recorded at fair value and any changes in fair value are currently recorded in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. Even though we may have economically hedged our exposure and locked in a future margin, the use of lower-of-cost-or-market accounting for our physical inventory and the use of mark-to-market accounting for our derivative instruments may subject our earnings to market volatility. Commodity Cash Flow Hedges — In order for storage facilities to remain operational, a minimum level of base gas must be maintained in each storage cavern, which is capitalized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a component of property, plant and equipment, net. During construction or expansion of our storage caverns, we may execute a series of derivative financial instruments to mitigate a portion of the risk associated with the forecasted purchase of natural gas when we bring the storage caverns to operation. These derivative financial instruments may be designated as cash flow hedges. While the cash paid upon settlement of these hedges economically fixes the cash required to purchase the base gas, the deferred losses or gains would remain in accumulated other comprehensive income, or AOCI, until the cavern is emptied and the base gas is sold. The balance in AOCI of our previously settled base gas cash flow hedges was in a loss position of \$6 million as of September 30, 2015.

Interest Rate Risk

We enter into debt arrangements that have either fixed or floating rates, therefore we are exposed to market risks related to changes in interest rates. We periodically use interest rate swaps to convert our floating rate debt to fixed-rate debt or to convert our fixed-rate debt to floating rate debt. Our primary goals include: (1) maintaining an appropriate ratio of fixed-rate debt to floating-rate debt; (2) reducing volatility of earnings resulting from interest rate fluctuations; and (3) locking in attractive interest rates.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

In conjunction with the issuance of our 4.95% Senior Notes in March 2012, we entered into forward-starting interest rate swap agreements to reduce our exposure to market rate fluctuations prior to issuance. These derivative financial instruments were designated as cash flow hedges. While the cash paid upon settlement of these hedges economically fixed the rate we would pay on a portion of our 4.95% Senior Notes, the deferred loss in AOCI will be amortized into interest expense through the maturity of the notes in 2022. The balance in AOCI of these cash flow hedges was in a loss position of \$3 million as of September 30, 2015.

Contingent Credit Features

Each of the above risks is managed through the execution of individual contracts with a variety of counterparties. Certain of our derivative contracts may contain credit-risk related contingent provisions that may require us to take certain actions in certain circumstances.

We have International Swaps and Derivatives Association, or ISDA, contracts which are standardized master legal arrangements that establish key terms and conditions which govern certain derivative transactions. These ISDA contracts contain standard credit-risk related contingent provisions. Some of the provisions we are subject to are outlined below.

If we were to have an effective event of default under our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement that occurs and is continuing, our ISDA counterparties may have the right to request early termination and net settlement of any outstanding derivative liability positions.

Certain of our ISDA counterparties would have the right to reduce our collateral threshold to zero, potentially requiring us to fully collateralize any commodity contracts in a net liability position, when our credit rating is below investment grade.

Additionally, in some cases, our ISDA contracts contain cross-default provisions that could constitute a credit-risk related contingent feature. These provisions apply if we default in making timely payments under other credit arrangements and the amount of the default is above certain predefined thresholds, which are significantly high and are generally consistent with the terms of our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. As of September 30, 2015, we were not a party to any agreements that would trigger the cross-default provisions.

Our commodity derivative contracts that are not governed by ISDA contracts do not have any credit-risk related contingent features.

Depending upon the movement of commodity prices and interest rates, each of our individual contracts with counterparties to our commodity derivative instruments or to our interest rate swap instruments are in either a net asset or net liability position. As of September 30, 2015, all of our individual commodity derivative contracts that contain credit-risk related contingent features were in a net asset position. If we were required to net settle our position with an individual counterparty, due to a credit-risk related event, our ISDA contracts may permit us to net all outstanding contracts with that counterparty, whether in a net asset or net liability position, as well as any cash collateral already posted. As of September 30, 2015, we were not required to post additional collateral or offset net liability contracts with contracts in a net asset position because all of our commodity derivative contracts that contain credit-risk related contingent features were in a net asset position.

Offsetting

Certain of our derivative instruments are subject to a master netting or similar arrangement, whereby we may elect to settle multiple positions with an individual counterparty through a single net payment. Each of our individual derivative instruments are presented on a gross basis on the condensed consolidated balance sheets, regardless of our ability to net settle our positions. Instruments that are governed by agreements that include net settle provisions allow final settlement, when presented with a termination event, of outstanding amounts by extinguishing the mutual debts owed between the parties in exchange for a net amount due. We have trade receivables and payables associated with derivative instruments, subject to master netting or similar agreements, which are not included in the table below. The following summarizes the gross and net amounts of our derivative instruments:

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	September 30 Gross Amour of Assets and (Liabilities) Presented in t Balance Sheet (Millions)	Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheet	Amount	December 31. Gross Amount of Assets and (Liabilities) Presented in the Balance Sheet	Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheet	Amount	
Assets:							
Commodity derivatives Liabilities:	\$148	\$ (28	\$120	\$269	\$ (42	\$227	
Commodity derivatives	\$(28)	\$ 28	\$	\$(43)	\$ 42	\$(1)

⁽a) There is no cash collateral pledged or received against these positions.

Summarized Derivative Information

The fair value of our derivative instruments that are marked-to-market each period, as well as the location of each within our condensed consolidated balance sheets, by major category, is summarized below. We have no derivative instruments that are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September	December		September	December	
Balance Sheet Line Item	30,	31,	Balance Sheet Line Item	30,	31,	
	2015	2014		2015	2014	
	(Millions)			(Millions)		
Darivativa Assats Nat Dasis	moted as Hadair	na Inatmumanta.	Derivative Liabilities Not I	Designated as	Hedging	
Derivative Assets Not Desig	gnated as Hedgii	ng instruments:	Instruments:			
Commodity derivatives:			Commodity derivatives:			
Unrealized gains on			Unrealized losses on			
derivative instruments —	\$131	\$230	derivative instruments —	\$(28) \$(43)
current			current			
Unrealized gains on			Unrealized losses on			
derivative instruments —	17	39	derivative instruments —			
long-term			long-term			
Total	\$148	\$269	Total	\$(28) \$(43)

The following summarizes the balance and activity within AOCI relative to our interest rate, commodity and foreign currency cash flow hedges as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2015:

	Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedges (Millions)		Commodity Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Cash Flow Hedges (a)	Total	
Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (beginning balance)	\$(3)	\$(6) \$1	\$(8)
	_		_	_	_	

Losses reclassified from AOCI to earnings —
effective portion

Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (ending balance)

(a) Relates to Discovery, an unconsolidated affiliate.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following summarizes the balance and activity within AOCI relative to our interest rate, commodity and foreign currency cash flow hedges as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedges (Millions)		Commodity Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Cash Flow Hedges (a)	Total	
Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (beginning balance)	\$(4)	\$(6) \$1	\$(9)
Losses reclassified from AOCI to earnings — effective portion	1	(b)			1	
Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (ending balance)	\$(3)	\$(6) \$1	\$(8)
Deferred losses in AOCI expected to be reclassified into earnings over the next 12 months	\$(1)	\$ —	\$ —	\$(1)

⁽a) Relates to Discovery, an unconsolidated affiliate.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, no derivative losses attributable to the ineffective portion or to amounts excluded from effectiveness testing were recognized in gains or losses from commodity derivative activity, net or interest expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, no derivative losses were reclassified from AOCI to gains or losses from commodity derivative activity, net or interest expense as a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedges related to certain forecasted transactions that are not probable of occurring.

⁽b) Included in interest expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following summarizes the balance and activity within AOCI relative to our interest rate, commodity and foreign currency cash flow hedges as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2014:

		Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedges (Millions)		Commodity Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Cash Flow Hedges (a)	Total	
Net deferred (beginning b	l (losses) gains in AOCI palance)	\$(4)	\$(6) \$1	\$(9)
Losses recla	ssified from AOCI to earnings — rtion	\$	(b)	\$—	\$—	\$—	
Net deferred balance)	(losses) gains in AOCI (ending	\$(4)	\$(6) \$1	\$(9)

(a) Relates to Discovery, an unconsolidated affiliate.

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, no derivative losses were reclassified from AOCI to interest

(b) expense as a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedges related to certain forecasted transactions that are not probable of occurring.

The following summarizes the balance and activity within AOCI relative to our interest rate, commodity and foreign currency cash flow hedges as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

	Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedges (Millions)		Commodity Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Cash Flow Hedges (a)	Total	
Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (beginning balance)	\$(6)	\$(6) \$1	\$(11)
Losses reclassified from AOCI to earnings — effective portion	\$2	(b) (c)	\$—	\$ —	\$2	
Net deferred (losses) gains in AOCI (ending balance)	\$(4)	\$(6) \$1	\$(9)

- (a) Relates to Discovery, an unconsolidated affiliate.
- (b) Included in interest expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, \$1 million of derivative losses were reclassified from AOCI to

(c)interest expense as a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedges related to certain forecasted transactions that are not probable of occurring.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, no derivative losses attributable to the ineffective portion or to amounts excluded from effectiveness testing were recognized in gains or losses from commodity derivative activity, net or interest expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Changes in value of derivative instruments, for which the hedge method of accounting has not been elected from one period to the next, are recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The following summarizes these amounts and the location within the condensed consolidated statements of operations that such amounts are reflected:

Commodity Derivatives: Statements of Operations Line	Three Months	s Ended	Nine Months	Ended	
Item	September 30),	September 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Millions)				
Third party:					
Realized gains (losses)	\$51	\$(2)	\$104	\$(7)
Unrealized (losses) gains	(16) 15	(69)	6	
Gains (losses) from commodity derivative activity, net	\$35	\$13	\$35	\$(1)
Affiliates:					
Realized gains	\$1	\$26	\$58	\$37	
Unrealized gains (losses)	8	2	(36)	(32)
Gains from commodity derivative activity, net —affiliat	e\$9	\$28	\$22	\$5	
Interest Rate Derivatives: Statements of Operations	Three Months	s Ended	Nine Months	Ended	
Line Item	September 30),	September 30	,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Millions)				
Third party:					
Realized losses	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$(2)
Unrealized gains		_		2	
Interest expense	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	

We do not have any derivative financial instruments that qualify as a hedge of a net investment.

The following tables represent, by commodity type, our net long or short positions that are expected to partially or entirely settle in each respective year. To the extent that we have long dated derivative positions that span multiple calendar years, the contract will appear in more than one line item in the tables below.

	September 30, 20	015		
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Natural Gas Liquids	Natural Gas Basis Swaps
Year of Expiration	Net Short Position (Bbls)	Net Short Position (MMBtu)	Net Short Position (Bbls)	Net Long Position (MMBtu)
2015	(279,956)	(5,981,680)	(1,303,456)	1,347,500
2016	(1,408,672)	(13,218,564)	(813,267)	3,450,000
2017	_	(6,387,500)		1,800,000
	September 30, 20	014		
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Natural Gas Liquids	Natural Gas Basis Swaps
Year of Expiration	Net Short	Net Short	Net Short	Net Long
	Position	Position	Position	(Short) Position

2014 2015 2016 2017	(Bbls) (174,156 (745,695 (561,922	(MMBtu)) (1,400,796) (21,458,975) (3,668,564 (6,387,500	(Bbls)) (1,473,468) (5,573,570) (813,267) —	(MMBtu)) 1,247,500) 4,485,000) (2,140,000 —)
26					

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

12. Partnership Equity and Distributions

In April 2015, we filed a new shelf registration statement with the SEC, that became effective upon filing, in order to replace an existing shelf registration statement that was set to expire. As with the prior shelf registration statement, the new shelf registration statement also allows us to issue an unlimited amount of common units and debt securities. We have issued no common units or debt securities under this registration statement.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we issued 788,033 common units pursuant to our 2014 equity distribution agreement and received proceeds of \$31 million, net of commissions and offering costs of less than \$1 million, which were used to finance growth opportunities and for general partnership purposes. As of September 30, 2015, approximately \$349 million of common units remained available for sale pursuant to our 2014 equity distribution agreement.

The following table presents our cash distributions paid in 2015 and 2014:

Dozmant Data	Per Unit	Total Cash
Payment Date	Distribution	Distribution
		(Millions)
August 14, 2015	\$0.7800	\$121
May 15, 2015	\$0.7800	\$121
February 13, 2015	\$0.7800	\$120
November 14, 2014	\$0.7700	\$117
August 14, 2014	\$0.7575	\$111
May 15, 2014	\$0.7450	\$106
February 14, 2014	\$0.7325	\$86

13. Net Income or Loss per Limited Partner Unit

Basic and diluted net income or loss per limited partner unit, or LPU, is calculated by dividing net income or loss allocable to limited partners, by the weighted-average number of outstanding LPUs during the period. Diluted net income or loss per LPU is computed based on the weighted average number of units plus the effect of dilutive potential units outstanding during the period using the two-class method. Dilutive potential units include outstanding awards under our Long-Term Incentive Plan. The dilutive effect of unit-based awards was 4,461 and 11,927 equivalent units during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and 8,770, and 11,454 equivalent units during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

14. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Litigation — We are not a party to any significant legal proceedings, but are a party to various administrative and regulatory proceedings and commercial disputes that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. Management currently believes that the ultimate resolution of the foregoing matters, taken as a whole, and after consideration of amounts accrued, insurance coverage or other indemnification arrangements, will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flow.

Insurance — We have renewed our insurance policies for the 2015-2016 insurance year. We contract with third party insurers for: (1) automobile liability insurance for all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles; (2) general liability insurance; (3) excess liability insurance above the established primary limits for general liability and automobile liability insurance; and (4) property insurance, which covers replacement value of real and personal property and includes business interruption/extra expense. These renewals have not resulted in any material change to the premiums we are contracted to pay. We are jointly insured with DCP Midstream, LLC for a portion of the insurance covering our directors and officers for acts related to our business activities. All coverage is subject to certain limits and deductibles, the terms and conditions of which management believes are common for companies that are of similar size to us and with similar types of operations.

The insurance on Discovery, as placed by Williams Field Service Group LLC, for the 2015-2016 insurance year includes general and excess liability, onshore property damage, including named windstorm and business interruption,

and offshore non-wind property and business interruption insurance. We believe offshore named windstorm property and business interruption insurance that is available comes at uneconomic premium levels, high deductibles and low coverage limits. As such, Discovery continues to elect not to purchase offshore named windstorm property and business interruption insurance coverage for the 2015-2016 insurance year.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Environmental — The operation of pipelines, plants and other facilities for gathering, transporting, processing, treating, or storing natural gas, NGLs and other products is subject to stringent and complex laws and regulations pertaining to health, safety and the environment. As an owner or operator of these facilities, we must comply with laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that relate to air and water quality, hazardous and solid waste management and disposal, and other environmental matters. The cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating pipelines, plants, and other facilities incorporates compliance with environmental laws and regulations and safety standards. In addition, there is increasing focus, from city, state and federal regulatory officials and through litigation, on hydraulic fracturing and the real or perceived environmental impacts of this technique, which indirectly presents some risk to our available supply of natural gas. Failure to comply with these various health, safety and environmental laws and regulations may trigger a variety of administrative, civil and potentially criminal enforcement measures, including citizen suits, which can include the assessment of monetary penalties, the imposition of remedial requirements, and the issuance of injunctions or restrictions on operation. Management believes that, based on currently known information, compliance with these laws and regulations will not have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

15. Business Segments

Our operations are located in the United States and are organized into three reporting segments: Natural Gas Services; NGL Logistics; and Wholesale Propane Logistics. Our chief operating decision maker regularly reviews financial information about our operating segments, which are aggregated into the reporting units presented, in deciding how to allocate resources and evaluate performance.

Natural Gas Services — Our Natural Gas Services segment provides services that include gathering, compressing, treating, processing, transporting and storing natural gas, and fractionating NGLs. The segment consists of our Eagle Ford system, East Texas system, Southeast Texas system, Michigan system, Northern Louisiana system, Southern Oklahoma system, Wyoming system, DJ Basin system, 75% interest in the Piceance system and 40% interest in Discovery.

NGL Logistics — Our NGL Logistics segment provides services that include transportation, storage and fractionation of NGLs. The segment consists of our storage facility in Michigan, the DJ Basin fractionators, 12.5% interest in the Mont Belvieu Enterprise fractionator, 20% interest in the Mont Belvieu 1 fractionator, 10% interest in the Texas Express intrastate pipeline, 15% interest in the Panola intrastate pipeline, 33.33% interests in the Southern Hills, Sand Hills and Front Range pipelines, the Black Lake and Wattenberg interstate pipelines and the Seabreeze and Wilbreeze intrastate pipelines.

Wholesale Propane Logistics — Our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment provides services that include the receipt of propane and other liquefied petroleum gases by pipeline, rail or ship to our terminals that store and deliver the product to distributors. The segment consists of 6 rail terminals, one marine terminal, one pipeline terminal and access to several open-access pipeline terminals.

These segments are monitored separately by management for performance against our internal forecast and are consistent with internal financial reporting. These segments have been identified based on the differing products and services, regulatory environment and the expertise required for these operations. Gross margin is a performance measure utilized by management to monitor the operations of each segment.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following tables set forth our segment information:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015:

	Natural Gas Services	8	NGL Logistics		Wholesale Propane Logistics		Other		Total	
	(Millions)									
Total operating revenue	\$424		\$20		\$21		\$—		\$465	
Gross margin (a)	\$156		\$20		\$8		\$ —		\$184	
Operating and maintenance expense	(51)	(5)	(2)	_		(58)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(27)	(2)	(1)	_		(30)
General and administrative expense							(21)	(21)
Goodwill impairment	(33)							(33)
Other income	1						_		1	
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	21		33				_		54	
Interest expense							(25)	(25)
Net income (loss)	67		46		5		(46)	72	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	_		_		_		(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to partners	\$66		\$46		\$5		\$(46)	\$71	
Non-cash derivative mark-to-market (b)	\$(8)	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$(8)
Non-cash lower of cost or market adjustments	\$1		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$1	

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014:

	Natural Gas Services	NGL Logistics	Wholesale Propane Logistics	Other	Total	
	(Millions)					
Total operating revenue	\$803	\$18	\$47	\$ —	\$868	
Gross margin (a)	\$186	\$18	\$4	\$ —	\$208	
Operating and maintenance expense	(45)	(5) (3) —	(53)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(24)	(2) (1) —	(27)
General and administrative expense				(17) (17)
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	4	25			29	
Interest expense				(22) (22)
Income tax expense				(2) (2)
Net income (loss)	\$121	\$36	\$	\$(41) \$116	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_		
Net income (loss) attributable to partners	\$121	\$36	\$ —	\$(41) \$116	
Non-cash derivative mark-to-market (b)	\$17	\$ —	\$ —	\$(1) \$16	
Non-cash lower of cost or market adjustments	\$1	\$ —	\$1	\$ —	\$2	

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015:

	Natural Ga Services	ıs	NGL Logistics		Wholesale Propane Logistics		Other		Total	
	(Millions)									
Total operating revenue	\$1,244		\$59		\$160		\$ —		\$1,463	
Gross margin (a)	\$372		\$59		\$43		\$ —		\$474	
Operating and maintenance expense	(134)	(15)	(7)	_		(156)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(80)	(6)	(2)	_		(88))
General and administrative expense			_				(64)	(64)
Goodwill impairment	(82)					_		(82)
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	35		86				_		121	
Interest expense			_				(69)	(69)
Income tax benefit			_				3		3	
Net income (loss)	\$111		\$124		\$34		\$(130)	\$139	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	_		_		_		(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to partners	\$110		\$124		\$34		\$(130)	\$138	
Non-cash derivative mark-to-market (b)	\$(108)	\$ —		\$3		\$(1)	\$(106)
Non-cash lower of cost or market adjustments	\$4		\$ —		\$2		\$ —		\$6	
Capital expenditures	\$209		\$32		\$4		\$ —		\$245	
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates, net	\$14		\$40		\$ —		\$ —		\$54	
30										

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014:

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014:											
	Natural Gas Services (c)		NGL Logistics		Wholesale Propane Logistics		Other			Total	
	(Millions)				8						
Total operating revenue	\$2,384		\$55		\$322		\$			\$2,761	
Gross margin (a)	\$465		\$55		\$20		\$—			\$540	
Operating and maintenance expense	(132)	(13)	(9)				(154)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(74)	(5)	(2)				(81)
General and administrative expense			_				(48	,)	(48)
Other expense	(1)	_							(1)
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	3		45							48	
Interest expense			_				(64	,)	(64)
Income tax expense					_		(6	,)	(6)
Net income (loss)	\$261		\$82		\$9		\$(118	,)	\$234	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling	(10	`								(10	`
interests	(10)	_		_		_			(10)
Net income (loss) attributable to partners	\$251		\$82		\$9		\$(118	,)	\$224	
Non-cash derivative mark-to-market (b)	\$(25)	\$—		\$(1)	\$(1	,)	\$(27)
Non-cash lower of cost or market adjustments	\$1		\$ —		\$4		\$ —			\$5	
Capital expenditures	\$214		\$20		\$12		\$ —			\$246	
Acquisition expenditures	\$102		\$674		\$		\$ —			\$776	
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates, net	\$63		\$53		\$ —		\$—			\$116	
					September	3	0	Dece	m	iber 31,	
					2015		ο,	2014		1001 51,	
					(Millions)			201.			
Segment long-term assets:					(1111110113)						
Natural Gas Services					\$4,373			\$3,60	Ŋ¢)	
NGL Logistics					671			1,364			
Wholesale Propane Logistics					123			118			
Other (d)					34			58			
Total long-term assets					5,201			5,149)		
Current assets					368			590	•		
Current assets					500 0.5.5.0			0.5.50	•		

Gross margin consists of total operating revenues, including commodity derivative activity, less purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs. Gross margin is viewed as a non-GAAP measure under the rules of the SEC, but is included as a supplemental disclosure because it is a primary performance measure used by management as it

\$5,569

\$5,739

(c)

Total assets

⁽a) represents the results of product sales versus product purchases. As an indicator of our operating performance, gross margin should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income or cash flow as determined in accordance with GAAP. Our gross margin may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure of another company because other entities may not calculate gross margin in the same manner.

⁽b) Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market is included in gross margin, along with cash settlements for our commodity derivative contracts.

The segment information for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the results of our Lucerne 1 plant. This transfer of net assets between entities under common control was accounted for as if the transfer occurred at the beginning of the period to furnish comparative information, similar to the pooling method.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

(d) Other long-term assets not allocable to segments consist of unrealized gains on derivative instruments, corporate leasehold improvements and other long-term assets.

16. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Nine Months E	nded September 30,
	2015	2014
	(Millions)	
Cash paid for interest:		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$51	\$39
Cash paid for income taxes, net of income tax refunds	\$3	\$2
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Property, plant and equipment acquired with accounts payable	\$18	\$39
Other non-cash changes in property, plant and equipment	\$(1) \$1
Non-cash addition of investment in unconsolidated affiliates and property,	\$ —	\$65
plant and equipment acquired in March 2014 Transactions	J —	\$03
Non-cash excess purchase price in March 2014 Transactions	\$ —	\$160

17. Supplementary Information — Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

The following condensed consolidating financial information presents the results of operations, financial position and cash flows of DCP Midstream Partners, LP, or parent guarantor, DCP Midstream Operating LP, or subsidiary issuer, which is a 100% owned subsidiary, and non-guarantor subsidiaries, as well as the consolidating adjustments necessary to present DCP Midstream Partners, LP's results on a consolidated basis. The parent guarantor has agreed to fully and unconditionally guarantee debt securities of the subsidiary issuer. For the purpose of the following financial information, investments in subsidiaries are reflected in accordance with the equity method of accounting. The financial information may not necessarily be indicative of results of operations, cash flows, or financial position had the subsidiaries operated as independent entities.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet September 30, 2015							
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating				
	Guarantor	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated			
	(Millions)	100001		110500000000000000000000000000000000000				
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	\$ 1	\$ —	\$1			
Accounts receivable, net	_		193		193			
Inventories	_		40		40			
Other	_		134		134			
Total current assets			368		368			
Property, plant and equipment, net	_		3,483		3,483			
Goodwill and intangible assets, net			185		185			
Advances receivable — consolidated	2,279	2,051		(4,330)				
subsidiaries				(4,330				
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	523	919	_	(1,442)	_			
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	_		1,490		1,490			
Other long-term assets	_	15	28	_	43			
Total assets	\$2,802	\$2,985	\$ 5,554	\$(5,772)	\$5,569			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Accounts payable and other current	\$ —	\$283	\$ 227	\$ —	\$510			
liabilities	Ψ	Ψ203	Ψ <i>221</i>	Ψ	Ψ310			
Advances payable — consolidated	_		4,330	(4,330)				
subsidiaries			.,220	(1,000)				
Long-term debt		2,179			2,179			
Other long-term liabilities	_	_	48	_	48			
Total liabilities	_	2,462	4,605	(4,330)	2,737			
Commitments and contingent liabilities								
Equity:								
Partners' equity:	• • • •	~ 0.6	0.0.4	<i>(</i> 1.112)	2010			
Net equity	2,802	526	924	(1,442)	2,810			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(5)		(8)			
Total partners' equity	2,802	523	919	(1,442)	2,802			
Noncontrolling interests			30		30			
Total equity	2,802	523	949		2,832			
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,802	\$2,985	\$ 5,554	\$(5,772)	\$5,569			

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet							
	December 31, 2014							
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating	Consolidated			
	Guarantor	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated			
	(Millions)							
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$24	\$ 1	\$ —	\$25			
Accounts receivable, net	_	_	270	_	270			
Inventories	_	_	63	_	63			
Other	_	_	232	_	232			
Total current assets	_	24	566	_	590			
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	_	3,347	_	3,347			
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	_	_	274	_	274			
Advances receivable — consolidated	2,610	1,962		(4,572)				
subsidiaries	•							
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	383	712		(1,095)				
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	_	_	1,459	_	1,459			
Other long-term assets	_	17	52	_	69			
Total assets	\$2,993	\$2,715	\$ 5,698	\$(5,667)	\$5,739			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Accounts payable and other current	\$ —	\$271	\$ 330	\$ —	\$601			
liabilities	Ψ	Ψ2/1	Ψ 330	Ψ	ΨΟΟΙ			
Advances payable — consolidated	_		4,572	(4,572)				
subsidiaries			1,5 / 2	(1,5/2)				
Long-term debt	_	2,061			2,061			
Other long-term liabilities	_	_	51		51			
Total liabilities		2,332	4,953	(4,572)	2,713			
Commitments and contingent liabilities								
Equity:								
Partners' equity:								
Net equity	2,993	387	717	(1,095)	3,002			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(4)	,		(9)			
Total partners' equity	2,993	383	712	(1,095)	2,993			
Noncontrolling interests	_		33		33			
Total equity	2,993	383	745	(1,095)	3,026			
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,993	\$2,715	\$ 5,698	\$(5,667)	\$5,739			

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

	Parent Guarantor (Millions)	Subsidiary Issuer	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Operating revenues:	(1/11110110)				
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and condensate	\$	\$ —	\$324	\$ —	\$324
Transportation, processing and other			97		97
Gains from commodity derivative activity, net	_	_	44	_	44
Total operating revenues	_		465		465
Operating costs and expenses:					
Purchases of natural gas, propane and			281		281
NGLs	_		201		201
Operating and maintenance expense	_		58		58
Depreciation and amortization expense	_		30		30
General and administrative expense	_		21		21
Goodwill impairment			33		33
Other income	_		(1)		(1)
Total operating costs and expenses	_		422		422
Operating income	_		43		43
Interest expense, net	_	(25)			(25)
Income from consolidated subsidiaries	71	96		(167)	_
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	_	_	54	_	54
Income before income taxes	71	71	97	(167)	72
Income tax expense	_	_	_	_	_
Net income	71	71	97	(167)	72
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	<u> </u>	_	(1)	_	(1)
Net income attributable to partners	\$71	\$71	\$96	\$(167)	\$71

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income Three Months Ended September 30, 2015							
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating	Camaalidatad			
	Guarantor (Millions)	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated			
Net income	\$71	\$71	\$ 97	\$(167)	\$72			
Other comprehensive income:								
Reclassification of cash flow hedge				_				
losses into earnings								
Other comprehensive income from	_	_	_	_				
consolidated subsidiaries								
Total comprehensive income			 97	(167				
Total comprehensive income Total comprehensive income attributable		/1	97	(167)	12			
to noncontrolling interests	_	_	(1)	_	(1)			
Total comprehensive income attributable to partners	\$71	\$71	\$ 96	\$(167)	\$71			
		onsolidating Sta Ended Septem	atement of Opera ber 30, 2014	tions				
	Parent	-	Non-	Consolidatina				
	Guarantor	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated			
	(Millions)		5 6 5 1 6 1 6 1					
Operating revenues:								
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and	\$ —	\$ —	\$741	\$—	\$741			
condensate	ψ—	ψ—		ψ—				
Transportation, processing and other	_	_	86	_	86			
Gains from commodity derivative	_		41	_	41			
activity, net			060		060			
Total operating revenues Operating costs and expenses:	_	_	868	_	868			
Purchases of natural gas, propane and								
NGLs	_		660	_	660			
Operating and maintenance expense	_		53	_	53			
Depreciation and amortization expense	_		27		27			
General and administrative expense	_	_	17		17			
Total operating costs and expenses			757	_	757			
Operating income	_	_	111		111			
Interest expense, net	_	(22)) —		(22)			
Income from consolidated subsidiaries	116	138	_	(254)	_			
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates			29	<u> </u>	29			
Income before income taxes	116	116	140	(254)	118			
Income tax expense	 116	 116	(2)	(254	(2)			
Net income Net income attributable to noncontrolling	116	116	138	(254)	116			
interests	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_			

Net income attributable to partners \$116 \$116 \$138 \$(254) \$116

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income							
	Three Months	Ended Septemb	per 30, 2014					
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating	Canaalidatad			
	Guarantor	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	² Consolidated			
	(Millions)							
Net income	\$116	\$116	\$ 138	\$(254)	\$116			
Other comprehensive income:								
Reclassification of cash flow hedge								
losses into earnings			_	_	_			
Other comprehensive income from								
consolidated subsidiaries		_						
Total other comprehensive income		_		_	_			
Total comprehensive income	116	116	138	(254	116			
Total comprehensive income attributable								
to noncontrolling interests		_			_			
Total comprehensive income attributable	\$116	\$116	\$ 138	¢ (254	\$116			
to partners	\$110	\$110	ф 130	\$(254)) \$110			

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Non-Parent Subsidiary Consolidating Consolidated Guarantor Guarantor Issuer Adjustments Subsidiaries (Millions) Operating revenues: Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and \$---\$1,146 \$---\$1,146 condensate Transportation, processing and other 260 260 Gains from commodity derivative 57 57 activity, net Total operating revenues 1,463 1,463 Operating costs and expenses: Purchases of natural gas, propane and 989 989 **NGLs** Operating and maintenance expense 156 156 Depreciation and amortization expense 88 88 General and administrative expense 64 64 Goodwill impairment 82 82 Total operating costs and expenses 1,379 1,379 Operating income 84 84 Interest expense (69 (69)) — Income from consolidated subsidiaries 138 207 (345 Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates 121 121 Income before income taxes 138 138 205 (345) 136 Income tax expense 3 3

Net income	138	138	208	(345) 139	
Net income attributable to noncontrollinterests	ing _	_	(1) —	(1)
Net income attributable to partners	\$138	\$138	\$207	\$(345) \$138	
37						

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015						
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating	Consolidated		
	Guarantor	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consondate	u	
	(Millions)						
Net income	\$138	\$138	\$ 208	\$(345)	\$139		
Other comprehensive income:							
Reclassification of cash flow hedge		1			1		
losses into earnings	_	1		_	1		
Other comprehensive income from	1			(1			
consolidated subsidiaries	1	_	_	(1)	, —		
Total other comprehensive income	1	1	_	(1)) 1		
Total comprehensive income	139	139	208	(346	140		
Total comprehensive income attributable			(1)		(1	`	
to noncontrolling interests	_	_	(1)		(1)	
Total comprehensive income attributable	\$139	\$139	\$ 207	\$(346)	\$139		
to partners	φ139	φ139	φ 201	φ(3 1 0)	ψ133		

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

		onsolidating Sta Ended Septembe Subsidiary Issuer	tement of Operater 30, 2014 (a) Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidated
Operating revenues:					
Sales of natural gas, propane, NGLs and condensate	\$—	\$	\$ 2,508	\$—	\$2,508
Transportation, processing and other	_	_	249		249
Gains from commodity derivative activity, net	_	_	4	_	4
Total operating revenues	_	_	2,761		2,761
Operating costs and expenses:					
Purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs	_	_	2,221	_	2,221
Operating and maintenance expense	_	_	154	_	154
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	_	81		81
General and administrative expense	_	_	48		48
Other expense	_	_	1		1
Total operating costs and expenses			2,505		2,505
Operating income			256		256
Interest expense	_	(64)	_	_	(64)
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	_	_	48	_	48
Income from consolidated subsidiaries	224	288	_	(512)	_
Income before income taxes	224	224	304	(512)	240
Income tax expense	_	_	(6)	_	(6)
Net income	224	224	298	(512)	234
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	g	_	(10)	_	(10)
Net income attributable to partners	\$224	\$224	\$ 288	\$(512)	\$224

The financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the results of our Lucerne 1 (a) plant, a transfer of net assets between entities under common control that was accounted for as if the transfer occurred at the beginning of the period to furnish comparative information similar to the pooling method.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income						
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (a)						
	Parent	Subsidiary	Non-Guarantor	Consolidating	Consolidated		
	Guarantor	Issuer	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated		
	(Millions)						
Net income	\$224	\$224	\$ 298	\$(512	\$234		
Other comprehensive income:							
Reclassification of cash flow hedge		2			2		
losses into earnings	_		_	_	2		
Other comprehensive income from	2			(2)	\		
consolidated subsidiaries	2			(2) —		
Total other comprehensive income	2	2	_	(2	2		
Total comprehensive income	226	226	298	(514	236		
Total comprehensive income attributable			(10		(10		
to noncontrolling interests	_	_	(10)	_	(10)		
Total comprehensive income attributable	¢226	\$226	\$ 288	¢ (51 A	\$ \$226		
to partners	\$220			\$(514	\$226		

The financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the results of our Lucerne 1 (a) plant, a transfer of net assets between entities under common control that was accounted for as if the transfer occurred at the beginning of the period to furnish comparative information similar to the pooling method.

DCP MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Co Nine Months Parent Guarantor (Millions)	_		er 30, 2015		Flows Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidate	d
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ —	\$(53)	\$ 546		\$ —	\$493	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Intercompany transfers	331	(87)			(244)	_	
Capital expenditures	_			(245)		(245)
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates				(54)		(54)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	331	(87)	(299)	(244)	(299)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Intercompany transfers				(244)	244		
Proceeds from long-term debt	_	822		_		_	822	
Payments of long-term debt	_	(706)			_	(706)
Proceeds from issuance of common units net of offering costs	31	_		_		_	31	
Distributions to limited partners and general partner	(362)	_		_		_	(362)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests				(4)		(4)
Contributions from DCP Midstream, LLC	_	_		1		_	1	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(331)	116		(247)	244	(218)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(24)				(24)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	_	24		1		_	25	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ —	\$ —		\$ 1		\$ —	\$1	

${\tt DCP\ MIDSTREAM\ PARTNERS, LP}$

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 - (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows											
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (a)											
	Parent	Subsidiary		Non-Guaranto	or	Consolidating	, ,	Consolidata				
	Guarantor (Millions)		Issuer		Subsidiaries		Adjustments	C	Consolidated			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Net cash (used in) provided by operating	4		4.20		A 170			4				
activities	\$ —		\$(38)	\$ 473		\$ —	\$	3435			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:												
Intercompany transfers	(621)	(242)			863	_	_			
Capital expenditures	_		_		(246)	_	(2	246)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired					(102))		
Acquisition of unconsolidated affiliates					(674))		
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates					(116))		
Proceeds from sale of assets					22			2		_		
Net cash used in investing activities	(621)	(242)	(1,116)	863	(1	1,116)		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					•							
Intercompany transfers					863		(863)	_	_			
Proceeds from long-term debt			719					7	19			
Payments of long-term debt			(335)				(3	335)		
Payment of deferred financing costs	_		(8)	_		_	(8	8)		
Proceeds from issuance of common units	'02 <i>4</i>							0	24			
net of offering costs	924		_				_	9.	Z 4			
Excess purchase price over acquired					(18	`		(18	`		
interests and commodity hedges	_				(10	,	_	()	10)		
Net change in advances to predecessor					(6	`		(6	6)		
from DCP Midstream, LLC					(0	,	_	((J	,		
Distributions to limited partners and	(303	`						C	303)		
general partner	(303	,								,		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests			_		(12)	_	(1	12)		
Purchase of additional interest in a					(198)		(1	198)		
subsidiary					(170	,		()	170	,		
Contributions from noncontrolling					3			3				
interests												
Net cash provided by financing activities			376		632		(863)		66			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			96		(11)		8.	.5			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of	_				12		_	1:	2			
period												
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ —		\$96		\$ 1		\$ —	\$	597			

The financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the results of our Lucerne 1 (a) plant, a transfer of net assets between entities under common control that was accounted for as if the transfer occurred at the beginning of the period to furnish comparative information similar to the pooling method.

18. Subsequent Events

On October 27, 2015, we announced that the board of directors of the General Partner declared a quarterly distribution of \$0.78 per unit. The distribution will be paid on November 13, 2015 to unitholders of record on November 6, 2015.

Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion analyzes our financial condition and results of operations. You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Overview

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by DCP Midstream, LLC to own, operate, acquire and develop a diversified portfolio of complementary midstream energy assets. Our operations are organized into three business segments: Natural Gas Services, NGL Logistics and Wholesale Propane Logistics.

Our business is impacted by commodity prices and volumes. We mitigate commodity prices on an overall Partnership basis through a hedging program on volumes of throughput and sales of natural gas, NGLs and condensate. Various factors impact both commodity prices and volumes, and as indicated in Item 3. "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," we have sensitivities to certain cash and non-cash changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices have declined substantially and experienced significant volatility. If commodity prices remain weak for a sustained period, our natural gas throughput and NGL volumes may be impacted, particularly as producers are curtailing or redirecting drilling. Drilling activity levels vary by geographic area, but in general, we have observed widespread decreases in drilling activity with lower commodity prices. The number of active oil and gas drilling rigs in the United States has significantly decreased, from 1,839 in December 2014 to 837 in September 2015 (Source: Baker Hughes). This decreased drilling activity has caused us to target our growth strategy in geographic areas where we expect producer activity to continue in the current commodity price environment.

A sustained decline in commodity prices could result in a decrease in exploration and development activities in the fields served by our gas gathering and residue gas and NGL pipeline transportation systems, and our natural gas treating and processing plants, which could lead to reduced utilization of these assets. Despite current weakness, our long-term view is that commodity prices will be at levels that we believe will support growth in natural gas, condensate and NGL production. We believe that future commodity prices will be influenced by North American supply deliverability, the severity of winter and summer weather, the level of North American production and drilling activity by exploration and production companies and the balance of trade between imports and exports of liquid natural gas and NGLs.

NGL prices are impacted by the demand from petrochemical and refining industries and export facilities. The petrochemical industry has been making significant investment in building and expanding facilities to convert chemical plants from a heavier oil-based feedstock to lighter NGL-based feedstocks, including ethane. This increased demand in future years should provide support for the increasing supply of ethane. Prior to those facilities commencing operations, ethane prices could remain weak with supply in excess of demand. In addition, export facilities are being expanded and built, which provide support for the increasing supply of NGLs. Although there can be, and has been, volatility in NGL prices, longer term we believe there will be sufficient demand in NGLs to support increasing supply.

In addition to the U.S. financial markets, many businesses and investors continue to monitor global economic conditions. Uncertainty abroad may contribute to volatility in domestic financial and commodity markets. In addition, we could be entering a period of sustained lower commodity prices.

We plan for these cyclical downturns in commodity prices and we believe we are positioned to withstand current and future commodity price volatility as a result of the following:

Our growing fee-based business represents a significant portion of our estimated margins.

Our direct commodity hedged positions mitigate a portion of our commodity price risk through 2017, with the majority of our positions settling through the first quarter of 2016.

We have positive operating cash flow from our well-positioned and diversified assets.

We prudently manage our capital spend as well as focus on fee-based growth projects.

We believe we have a strong capital structure and balance sheet.

We believe we have solid access to capital.

Increased activity levels in liquids rich gas basins combined with access to capital markets at relatively low costs have

historically enabled us to execute our multi-faceted growth strategy. Our targeted growth strategy may take numerous forms such as organic build opportunities within our footprint, dropdown opportunities from DCP Midstream, LLC, joint venture opportunities, and third-party acquisitions. Growth opportunities will be evaluated in cooperation with producers based on the expected level of drilling activity in these geographic regions and the impacts of higher costs of capital.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized goodwill impairment of \$33 million and \$82 million, respectively. Based on the continued weak commodity prices, management determined that a triggering event had occurred and performed an interim goodwill impairment test. The results of the first step indicated that the estimated fair values of our Collbran, Michigan and Southeast Texas reporting units, all of which are included in our Natural Gas Services reporting segment, were below their carrying amounts. We believe that the fair value of our remaining reporting units substantially exceeds their carrying value. If actual results are not consistent with our assumptions and estimates, or our assumptions and estimates change due to new information, we may be exposed to additional goodwill impairment charges, which would be recognized in the period in which the carrying value exceeds fair value. A continuing prolonged period of lower commodity prices may adversely affect our estimate of future operating results, which could result in future goodwill impairment charges for other reporting units due to the potential impact on our operations and cash flows.

Some of our recent growth projects include the following:

The expansion of Discovery's Keathley Canyon natural gas gathering pipeline system was placed into service in the first quarter of 2015.

The Lucerne 2 plant was placed into service at the end of the second quarter of 2015. Revenues under the processing agreement associated with this plant began in late July 2015, 30 days after the plant was placed into service.

The Sand Hills laterals were placed into service in the second and third quarters of 2015. The Sand Hills pipeline capacity expansion is underway and expected to be in service in the middle of 2016.

In January 2015, we acquired a 15% interest in the Panola intrastate NGL pipeline which is currently undergoing an expansion that is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2016.

In March 2015, we began construction for a gathering system in the DJ Basin, or the Grand Parkway gathering project, that is expected to be in service by the end of 2015.

On October 30, 2015, DCP Midstream, LLC, the owner of the Partnership's General Partner, closed on an agreement with Phillips 66 and Spectra Energy under which Phillips 66 contributed \$1.5 billion in cash and Spectra Energy contributed all of its interests in the Sand Hills and Southern Hills NGL pipelines to DCP Midstream, LLC, respectively, as capital contributions.

In April 2015, we filed a new shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, that became effective upon filing, in order to replace an existing shelf registration statement that was set to expire. As with the prior shelf registration statement, the new shelf registration statement also allows us to issue an unlimited amount of common units and debt securities. We have issued no common units or debt securities under this registration statement. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we received net proceeds of \$31 million from the issuance of our common units to the public in at-the-market transactions under our 2014 equity distribution agreement. As of September 30, 2015, the unused capacity under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement was \$1,133 million, all of which was available for general working capital purposes, providing liquidity to continue to execute on our growth plans.

We announced a quarterly distribution of \$0.78 per unit for the third quarter of 2015, resulting in an approximately 1.3% increase in our quarterly distribution rate over the rate declared for the third quarter of 2014. This distribution remains unchanged from the previous quarter and reflects the current industry environment and the partnership's approach to sustainable ongoing distributions.

General Trends and Outlook

During 2015, our strategic objectives will continue to focus on maintaining stable distributable cash flows from our existing assets and executing on growth opportunities to increase our long-term distributable cash flows. We believe the key elements to stable distributable cash flows are the diversity of our asset portfolio, our fee-based business

which represents a significant portion of our estimated margins, plus our hedged commodity position, the objective of which is to protect against downside risk in our distributable cash flows.

We incur capital expenditures for our consolidated entities and our unconsolidated affiliates. We anticipate maintenance capital expenditures of between \$25 million and \$35 million, and approved expansion capital expenditures of approximately \$300 million, for the year ending December 31, 2015. Expansion capital expenditures include construction of the Lucerne 2 plant, the Grand Parkway gathering project, expansion of the Sand Hills Pipeline and expansion of the Panola pipeline, which will be shown as an investment in unconsolidated affiliates in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. As of September 30, 2015, \$278 million had been spent on these approved expenditures and expansion projects during 2015. The board of directors of our General Partner may, at its discretion, approve additional growth and maintenance capital expenditures during the year.

For an in-depth discussion of factors that may significantly affect our results, see Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Factors That May Significantly Affect Our Results" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

Gross Margin and Segment Gross Margin — We view our gross margin as an important performance measure of the core profitability of our operations. We review our gross margin monthly for consistency and trend analysis. We define gross margin as total operating revenues, including commodity derivative activity, less purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs, and we define segment gross margin for each segment as total operating revenues, including commodity derivative activity, for that segment less commodity purchases for that segment. Our gross margin equals the sum of our segment gross margins. Gross margin and segment gross margin are primary performance measures used by management, as these measures represent the results of product sales and purchases, a key component of our operations. As an indicator of our operating performance, gross margin and segment gross margin should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, operating revenues, net income or loss, net income or loss attributable to partners, operating income, cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA — We define adjusted EBITDA as net income or loss attributable to partners less interest income, noncontrolling interest in depreciation and income tax expense and non-cash commodity derivative gains, plus interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization expense, non-cash commodity derivative losses and certain other non-cash charges. Our adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure of another company because other entities may not calculate this measure in the same manner.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income or loss, net income or loss attributable to partners, operating income, cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with GAAP as measures of operating performance, liquidity or ability to service debt obligations.

Adjusted EBITDA is used as a supplemental liquidity and performance measure and adjusted segment EBITDA is used as a supplemental performance measure by our management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and others to assess:

financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical cost basis; our operating performance and return on capital as compared to those of other companies in the midstream energy industry, without regard to financing methods or capital structure;

viability and performance of acquisitions and capital expenditure projects and the overall rates of return on investment opportunities; and

in the case of Adjusted EBITDA, the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay interest costs, support our indebtedness, make cash distributions to our unitholders and general partner, and finance maintenance capital expenditures.

Adjusted Segment EBITDA — We define adjusted segment EBITDA for each segment as segment net income or loss attributable to partners plus or minus adjustments for non-cash mark-to-market of commodity derivative instruments for that segment, plus depreciation and amortization expense and certain other non-cash charges for that segment, adjusted for any noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation, amortization and income tax expense for that segment. Our adjusted segment EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies because they may not calculate adjusted segment EBITDA in the same manner.

Adjusted segment EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to our financial measures presented in accordance with GAAP, including operating revenues, net income or loss attributable to partners, or any other measure of performance presented in accordance with GAAP.

Our gross margin, segment gross margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted segment EBITDA may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure of another company because other entities may not calculate these measures in the same manner. The accompanying schedules provide reconciliations of gross margin, segment gross margin and adjusted segment EBITDA to its most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

Distributable Cash Flow — We define Distributable Cash Flow as net cash provided by or used in operating activities, less maintenance capital expenditures, net of reimbursable projects, plus or minus adjustments for non-cash mark-to-market of derivative instruments, proceeds from divestiture of assets, net income attributable to noncontrolling interest net of depreciation and income tax, net changes in operating assets and liabilities, and other adjustments to reconcile net cash provided by or used in operating activities. Maintenance capital expenditures are cash expenditures made to maintain our cash flows, operating or earnings capacity. These expenditures add on to or improve capital assets owned, including certain system integrity, compliance and safety improvements. Maintenance capital expenditures also include certain well connects, and may include the acquisition or construction of new capital assets. Non-cash mark-to-market of derivative instruments is considered to be non-cash for the purpose of computing Distributable Cash Flow because settlement will not occur until future periods, and will be impacted by future changes in commodity prices and interest rates. Distributable Cash Flow is used as a supplemental liquidity and performance measure by our management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks, research analysts and others, to assess our ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders and our general partner.

Our Distributable Cash Flow may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure of another company because other entities may not calculate Distributable Cash Flow in the same manner.

The following table sets forth our reconciliation of certain non-GAAP measures:

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures	Three Month September 30 2015 (Millions)			Nine Mor Septembe 2015			
	(Willions)						
Reconciliation of net income attributable to partners to gross margin:							
Net income attributable to partners	\$71	\$116		\$138		\$224	
Interest expense	25	22		69		64	
Income tax expense (benefit)		2		(3)	6	
Operating and maintenance expense	58	53		156		154	
Depreciation and amortization expense	30	27		88		81	
General and administrative expense	21	17		64		48	
Goodwill impairment	33			82			
Other (income) expense	(1) —	,		,	1	,
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	(54) (29)	(121)	(48)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	l	— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1		10	
Gross margin	\$184	\$208		\$474	,	\$540	`
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market (a)	\$(8) \$17		\$(105)	\$(26)
Reconciliation of segment net income attributable to partners to segment gross margin:							
Natural Gas Services segment:							
Segment net income attributable to partners	\$66	\$121		\$110		\$251	
Operating and maintenance expense	51	45		134		132	
Depreciation and amortization expense	27	24		80		74	
Goodwill impairment	33	_		82		_	
Other (income) expense	(1) —				1	
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	(21) (4)	(35)	(3)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1			1		10	
Segment gross margin	\$156	\$186		\$372		\$465	
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market (a)	\$(8) \$17		\$(108)	\$(25)
NGL Logistics segment:							
Segment net income attributable to partners	\$46	\$36		\$124		\$82	
Operating and maintenance expense	5	5		15		13	
Depreciation and amortization expense	2	2		6		5	
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	(33) (25))	(45)
Segment gross margin	\$20	\$18	,	\$59	,	\$55	,
Wholesale Propane Logistics segment:							
Segment net income attributable to partners	\$5	\$		\$34		\$9	
Operating and maintenance expense	2	3		7		9	
Depreciation and amortization expense	1	1		2		2	
Segment gross margin	\$8	\$4		\$43		\$20	
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market (a)	\$—	\$ —		\$3		\$(1)

Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market is included in gross margin and segment gross margin, along with cash settlements for our commodity derivative contracts.

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	Three Months September 30		Nine Months September 30	
	2015 (Millions)	2014	2015	2014
Reconciliation of net income attributable to partners to adjusted segment EBITDA: Natural Gas Services segment:				
Segment net income attributable to partners (a)	\$66	\$121	\$110	\$251
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market	8	(17)	108	25
Depreciation and amortization expense	27	24	80	74
Goodwill impairment	33	_	82	_
Noncontrolling interest portion of depreciation and income tax	_	(1)	(1)	(3)
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$134	\$127	\$379	\$347
NGL Logistics segment:	·	•	•	·
Segment net income attributable to partners	\$46	\$36	\$124	\$82
Depreciation and amortization expense	2	2	6	5
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$48	\$38	\$130	\$87
Wholesale Propane Logistics segment:				
Segment net income attributable to partners (b)	\$5	\$ —	\$34	\$9
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market	_	_	(3)	1
Depreciation and amortization expense	1	1	2	2
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$6	\$1	\$33	\$12

Includes \$1 million and \$4 million in lower of cost or market adjustments for the three and nine months ended (a) September 30, 2015, respectively, and \$1 million in lower of cost or market adjustments for each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Includes \$2 million in lower of cost or market adjustments for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and \$1 million and \$4 million in lower of cost or market adjustments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. There were no lower of cost or market adjustments for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are described in Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates within Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8. "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The accounting policies and estimates used in preparing our interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are the same as those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in our annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted from the interim financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC, although we believe that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and other information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Results of Operations

Consolidated Overview

The following table and discussion is a summary of our condensed consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations by segment are discussed in further detail following this consolidated overview discussion:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine M Septem		nths Ender 30,	ed	Variand Months 2014				Variance Months 2015 vs				
	2015		2014	2014		2015		2014 (a)		e ase	Perce	nt	Increas (Decrea	Percent		
	(Million	ıs,	except	op	perating data)				•				•			
Operating revenues (b):																
Natural Gas Services	\$424		\$803		\$1,244		\$2,384		\$(379)	(47)%	\$(1,140))	(48)%
NGL Logistics	20		18		59		55		2		11	%	4		7	%
Wholesale Propane Logistics	21		47		160		322		(26)	(55)%	(162)	(50)%
Total operating revenues	465		868		1,463		2,761		(403)	(46)%	(1,298)	(47)%
Gross margin (c):																
Natural Gas Services	156		186		372		465		(30)	(16)%	(93)	(20)%
NGL Logistics	20		18		59		55		2		11	%	4		7	%
Wholesale Propane Logistics	8		4		43		20		4		100	%	23		115	%
Total gross margin	184		208		474		540		(24)	(12)%	(66)	(12)%
Operating and maintenance expense	(58)	(53)	(156)	(154)	5		9	%	2		1	%
Depreciation and amortization	(30)	(27)	(88)	(81)	3		11	%	7		9	%
expense	`				`	,	`	,								
General and administrative expense	(21)	(17)	(64)	(48)	4		24	%	16		33	%
Goodwill impairment	(33)			(82)			33		100	%	82		100	%
Other income (expense)	1				_		(1)	1		100	%	(1)	(100)%
Earnings from unconsolidated	<i>5</i> 4		20		101		•		25		0.6	01			150	· 04
affiliates (d)	54		29		121		48		25		86	%	73		152	%
Interest expense	(25)	(22)	(69)	(64)	3		14	%	5		8	%
Income tax (expense) benefit			(2)	3		(6)	(2)	(100)%	(9)	(150)%
Net income attributable to	(1	`			(1	`	(10	`	1		100	07	(0	`	(00	\01
noncontrolling interests	(1)			(1)	(10)	1		100	%	(9)	(90)%
Net income attributable to	\$71		\$116		\$138		\$224		¢ (15	`	(39	\01	\$ (06	`	(20)%
partners	\$ / 1		\$110		\$130		φ22 4		\$(45)	(39)%	\$(86)	(38)%
Other data:																
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market	\$(8)	\$17		\$(105)	\$(26)	\$25		*		\$79		304	%
Natural gas throughput (MMcf/d) (e)	2,842		2,769		2,717		2,573		73		3	%	144		6	%
NGL gross production (Bbls/d) (e)	171,15	52	170,5	23	159,666	6	155,304	4	629		_	%	4,362		3	%
NGL pipelines throughput (Bbls/d) (e)	272,62	24	227,89	92	260,20	8	165,13	8	44,732		20	%	95,070		58	%
NGL fractionator throughput (Bbls/d) (e)	58,467	,	71,87	7	55,501		59,464		(13,410))	(19)%	(3,963)	(7)%
Propane sales volume (Bbls/d)	7,957		9,543		16,330		17,971		(1,586)	(17)%	(1,641)	(9)%

- (a) Includes the results of our Lucerne 1 plant, retrospectively adjusted, which we acquired on March 28, 2014.
- (b) Operating revenues include the impact of commodity derivative activity.
 - Gross margin consists of total operating revenues, including commodity derivative activity, less purchases of natural gas, propane and NGLs. Segment gross margin for each segment consists of total operating
- revenues for that segment, including commodity derivative activity, less commodity purchases for that segment. Please read "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures" above.

Includes our share, based on our ownership percentage, of the earnings of all unconsolidated affiliates which (d)include our 40% ownership of Discovery, our 33.33% ownership of each of the Sand Hills, Southern Hills and Front Range NGL

^{*} Percentage change is not meaningful.

pipelines, 20% ownership of the Mont Belvieu 1 fractionator, 12.5% ownership of the Mont Belvieu Enterprise fractionator and 10% ownership of the Texas Express NGL pipeline. Earnings for Discovery, Sand Hills, Southern Hills, Front Range, Mont Belvieu 1 and Texas Express include the amortization of the net difference between the carrying amount of the investments and the underlying equity of the entities.

(e) Includes our share, based on our ownership percentage, of the throughput volumes and NGL production of unconsolidated affiliates.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Total Operating Revenues — Total operating revenues decreased \$403 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the following:

\$379 million decrease for our Natural Gas Services segment primarily due to decreased commodity prices, lower NGL sales volumes which impact both sales and purchases, partially offset by favorable commodity derivative activity; and

\$26 million decrease for our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment primarily due to lower propane prices and volumes, partially offset by the conversion of one of our assets to a butane export facility.

Gross Margin — Gross margin decreased \$24 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the following: \$30 million decrease for our Natural Gas Services segment primarily related to lower commodity prices, partially offset by favorable commodity derivative activity and higher valued product mix.

This decrease was partially offset by:

\$4 million increase for our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment primarily due to higher unit margins, and the conversion of one of our assets to a butane export facility, partially offset by lower margins due to the expiration of our marine terminal lease.

General and Administrative Expense — General and administrative expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of an increase in the annual fee under our services agreement with DCP Midstream, LLC. Goodwill Impairment — Goodwill impairment expense of \$33 million was recognized in 2015 affecting our Collbran reporting unit, primarily due to changes in assumptions related to commodity prices and discount rate. Earnings from Unconsolidated Affiliates — Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates increased in 2015 compared to 2014

primarily as a result of the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015 in our Gas Services segment, and the expansion and ramp-up of Sand Hills and ramp-up of Front Range pipelines in our NGL Logistics segment.

Income Tax Expense — Income tax expense decreased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to a decrease in the Texas margin tax rate.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Total Operating Revenues — Total operating revenues decreased \$1,298 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the following:

\$1,140 million decrease for our Natural Gas Services segment primarily due to decreased commodity prices, lower NGL sales volumes which impact both sales and purchases, lower volumes at our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at the Southeast Texas system, a change in the contract structure at our Lucerne 1 plant and a favorable contractual producer settlement in 2014, partially offset by favorable commodity derivative activity; and \$162 million decrease for our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment primarily due to lower propane prices and volumes, partially offset by the conversion of one of our assets to a butane export facility.

Gross Margin — Gross margin decreased \$66 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the following:

\$93 million decrease for our Natural Gas Services segment primarily related to lower commodity prices, lower unit margins on our storage assets, a favorable contractual producer settlement in 2014; partially offset by favorable commodity derivative activity and higher valued product mix.

This decrease was partially offset by:

\$23 million increase for our Wholesale Propane Logistics segment primarily due to a partial recovery of non-cash lower of cost or market inventory adjustments recognized in the fourth quarter of 2014, higher unit margins, the conversion of one of our assets to a butane export facility, partially offset by a decrease in volumes as discussed below under the heading "Propane Sales Volumes".

Depreciation and Amortization Expense — Depreciation and amortization expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of growth of our operations.

General and Administrative Expense — General and administrative expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of an increase in the annual fee under our services agreement with DCP Midstream, LLC. Goodwill impairment— Goodwill impairment expense of \$82 million was recognized in 2015 affecting our Collbran, Michigan and Southeast Texas reporting units, primarily due to changes in assumptions related to commodity prices and discount rate.

Earnings from Unconsolidated Affiliates — Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015 in our Gas Services segment, and the expansion and ramp-up of Sand Hills and Front Range pipelines in our NGL Logistics segment.

Interest Expense — Interest expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 as a result of higher average outstanding debt balances associated with the growth of our operations.

Income Tax Expense — Income tax expense decreased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to a decrease in the Texas margin tax rate.

Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests — Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the contribution to us of the remaining 20% interest in the Eagle Ford system in March 2014.

Results of Operations — Natural Gas Services Segment

The results of operations for our Natural Gas Services segment are as follows:

The results of operations for our P	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine N	Иc	onths		Varian		Three 015 vs.		Variance Nine Months 2015 vs. 2014					
	2015		2014		2015		2014 (a)		Increas (Decre		Percen	t	Increase (Decrea		Percen	t	
	(Millio	ns,	except	. Oj	perating data)												
Operating revenues:																	
Sales of natural gas, NGLs and condensate	\$307		\$694		\$996		\$2,186		\$(387)	(56)%	\$(1,190)	(54)%	
Transportation, processing and other	74		68		192		194		6		9	%	(2)	(1)%	
Gains from commodity derivative activity	43		41		56		4		2		5	%	52		*		
Total operating revenues	424		803		1,244		2,384		(379)	(47)%	(1,140)	(48)%	
Purchases of natural gas and NGLs	(268)	(617)	(872)	(1,919)	(349)	(57)%	(1,047)	(55)%	
Segment gross margin (b)	156		186		372		465		(30)	(16)%	(93)	(20)%	
Operating and maintenance expense	(51)	(45)	(134)	(132)	6		13	%	2		2	%	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(27)	(24)	(80)	(74)	3		13	%	6		8	%	
Goodwill impairment	(33)			(82)			33		100	%	82		100	%	
Other income (expense)	1		_		_		(1)	1		100	%	(1)	(100)%	
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates (c)	21		4		35		3		17		425	%	32		*		
Segment net income	67		121		111		261		(54)	(45)%	(150)	(57)%	
Segment net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	_		(1)	(10)	1		100	%	(9)	(90)%	
Segment net income attributable to partners Other data:	\$66		\$121		\$110		\$251		\$(55)	(45)%	\$(141)	(56)%	
Non-cash commodity derivative mark-to-market	\$(8)	\$17		\$(108)	\$(25)	\$(25)	*		\$83		332	%	
Natural gas throughput (MMcf/d) (d)	2,842		2,769		2,717		2,573		73		3	%	144		6	%	
NGL gross production (Bbls/d) (d)	171,1	52	170,52	23	159,66	66	155,304	1	629		_	%	4,362		3	%	

^{*} Percentage change is not meaningful.

⁽a) Includes the results of our Lucerne 1 plant, retrospectively adjusted, which we acquired on March 28, 2014.

⁽b) Segment gross margin consists of total operating revenues, including commodity derivative activity, less purchases of natural gas and NGLs. Please read "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures" above.

Includes our share, based on our ownership percentage, of the earnings of all unconsolidated affiliates which

⁽c) include our 40% ownership of Discovery. Earnings for Discovery include the amortization of the net difference between the carrying amount of our investment and the underlying equity of the entity.

Includes our share, based on our ownership percentage, of the throughput volumes and NGL production of unconsolidated affiliates.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Total Operating Revenues — Total operating revenues decreased \$379 million in 2015 compared to 2014, primarily as a result of the following:

\$221 million decrease attributable to decreased commodity prices, which impact both sales and purchases, before the impact of commodity derivative activity;

\$145 million decrease attributable to lower NGL and natural gas sales volumes, including higher ethane rejection in 2015, and higher interruptible volumes in 2014 at our East Texas and Eagle Ford systems. Our Eagle Ford system includes lower legacy South Central Texas volumes which are partially offset by our Eagle Ford shale volumes, which impact both sales and purchases;

\$17 million decrease attributable to decreased prices related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at our Southeast Texas and Northern Louisiana systems; and

\$4 million decrease attributable to decreased volumes related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at our Southeast Texas system.

These decreases were partially offset by:

\$6 million increase in transportation, processing and other attributable to growth at the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system, partially offset by lower volumes across certain assets; and

\$2 million increase as a result of commodity derivative activity attributable to a \$27 million increase in realized cash settlement gains in 2015, partially offset by an increase in unrealized commodity derivative losses of \$25 million due to movements in forward prices of commodities.

Purchases of Natural Gas and NGLs — Purchases of natural gas and NGLs decreased \$349 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of decreased commodity prices, and lower natural gas and NGL sales volumes which impact both purchases and sales.

Segment Gross Margin — Segment gross margin decreased \$30 million in 2015 compared to 2014, primarily as a result of the following:

\$35 million decrease as a result of lower commodity prices.

This decreases was partially offset by:

\$3 million increase as a result of growth at the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ basin, higher valued product mix and higher Eagle Ford shale volumes, partially offset by lower South Central Texas legacy volumes; and

\$2 million increase as a result of commodity derivative activity as discussed above.

Operating and Maintenance Expense— Operating and maintenance expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of timing of expenditures.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense — Depreciation and amortization expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of growth in our business including the completion of the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system. Earnings from Unconsolidated Affiliates — Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015.

Goodwill Impairment—Goodwill impairment expense of \$33 million was recognized in 2015 affecting our Collbran reporting unit, primarily due to changes in assumptions related to commodity prices and discount rate.

Natural Gas Throughput - Natural gas throughput increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of (i) the completion of our Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system and the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015 and (ii) increased volumes on our natural gas pipeline, partially offset by (i) lower volumes at our Eagle Ford and East Texas systems due to higher interruptible volumes in 2014 and (ii) lower legacy South Central Texas volumes which are partially offset by our Eagle Ford shale volumes in the Eagle Ford system.

NGL Gross Production - NGL production remained relatively constant in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of (i) the completion of the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system and the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015, offset by (i) lower legacy South Central Texas volumes which are partially offset by our Eagle Ford shale volumes in the Eagle Ford system and (ii) lower volumes at our East Texas system due to higher interruptible volumes in 2014.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Total Operating Revenues — Total operating revenues decreased \$1,140 million in 2015 compared to 2014, primarily as a result of the following:

\$665 million decrease attributable to decreased commodity prices, which impact both sales and purchases, before the impact of commodity derivative activity;

\$374 million decrease primarily attributable to lower NGL sales volumes, which impact both sales and purchases, including the effects of contractual changes, higher ethane rejection and a third party outage;

\$82 million decrease attributable to decreased prices related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at our Southeast Texas and Northern Louisiana systems;

\$48 million decrease attributable to decreased volumes related to our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at our Southeast Texas system;

\$21 million decrease attributable to a change in the contract structure at our Lucerne 1 plant whereby revenues changed from a gross presentation to a net fee presentation; and

\$2 million decrease in fee revenue primarily attributable to a favorable contractual producer settlement in 2014 and a third party outage in 2015, partially offset by growth at the O'Connor and Lucerne 2 plants in our DJ Basin system. These decreases were partially offset by:

\$52 million increase as a result of commodity derivative activity attributable to a \$135 million increase in realized cash settlement gains in 2015, partially offset by an increase in unrealized commodity derivative losses of \$83 million due to movements in forward prices of commodities.

Purchases of Natural Gas and NGLs — Purchases of natural gas and NGLs decreased \$1,047 million in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of decreased commodity prices, lower NGL sales volumes which impact both sales and purchases, decreased volumes at our natural gas storage and pipeline assets at the Southeast Texas system, a change in the contract structure at our Lucerne 1 plant whereby revenues changed from a gross presentation to a net fee presentation.

Segment Gross Margin — Segment gross margin decreased \$93 million in 2015 compared to 2014, primarily as a result of the following:

- \$120 million decrease as a result of lower commodity prices;
- \$24 million decrease attributable to lower unit margins on our storage assets; and
- \$18 million decrease as a result of a favorable contractual producer settlement in 2014.

These decreases were partially offset by:

- \$52 million increase as a result of commodity derivative activity as discussed above; and
- \$17 million increase as a result of growth at the O'Connor and Lucerne 2 plants in our DJ Basin, higher valued product mix and higher Eagle Ford shale volumes, partially offset by lower South Central Texas legacy volumes. Depreciation and Amortization Expense Depreciation and amortization expense increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of growth in our business including the completion of the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system. Earnings from Unconsolidated Affiliates Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015.

Goodwill Impairment— Goodwill impairment expense of \$82 million was recognized in 2015 affecting our Collbran, Michigan and Southeast Texas reporting units, primarily due to changes in assumptions related to commodity prices and discount rate.

Segment Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests - Segment net income attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased in 2015 compared to 2014, primarily as a result of the contribution to us of the remaining 20% interest in the Eagle Ford system in March 2014.

Natural Gas Throughput - Natural gas throughput increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of (i) the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery and the completion of the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system, and (ii) increased volumes on our natural gas pipeline, partially offset by (i) lower volumes at our Eagle Ford and East Texas systems due to higher interruptible volumes in 2014 and (ii) lower legacy South Central Texas volumes which are partially offset by our Eagle Ford shale volumes in the Eagle Ford system.

NGL Gross Production - NGL production increased in 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of (i) growth at the Lucerne 2 plant in our DJ Basin system and (ii) the completion of the Keathley Canyon project at Discovery in February 2015, partially offset by lower volumes at our East Texas system due to higher interruptible volumes in 2014.

Results of Operations — NGL Logistics Segment

The results of operations for our NGL Logistics segment are as follows:																
	Three Months				Nine M	/Ioi	nths		Variance	Three		Variance Nine				
	Ended September			Ended September				Months 2	2015 vs.		Months					
	30,		_		30,		_		2014			2015 vs. 2014				
	2015		2014		2015		2014		Increase Percent (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease	Percent	[
	(Millions, except operating data)															
Operating revenues:			_	_												
Transportation, processing and other	20		18		59		55		2	11	%	4	7	%		
Total operating revenues and segment gross margin	20		18		59		55		2	11	%	4	7	%		
Operating and maintenance expense	(5)	(5)	(15)	(13)	_		%	2	15	%		
Depreciation and amortization expense	(2)	(2)	(6)	(5)	_		%	1	20	%		
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates (a)	33		25		86		45		8	32	%	41	91	%		
Segment net income attributable to partners	\$46		\$36		\$124		\$82		\$10	28	%	\$42				