

PayMeOn, Inc.  
Form 10-K  
July 17, 2018

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**FORM 10-K**  
\_\_\_\_\_

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2017

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from: \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

**Paymeon, Inc.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Nevada**  
*(State or Other Jurisdiction  
of Incorporation or Organization)*

**000-53574**  
*(Commission  
File Number)*

**20-4959207**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, Florida 33311**

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(Address of Principal Executive Office) (Zip Code)

**844-422-7258**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

**Title of each class**

**Name of each exchange on which  
registered**

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:**

Common Stock  
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232-405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files.)  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by checkmark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).  Yes  No

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter (\$0.3530 per share). \$7,586,868 on June 30, 2017.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of July 13, 2018 there were 131,018,674 shares outstanding.

## PART I

### Item 1.

#### Business.

##### *Overview*

PayMeOn, Inc. ( Paymeon , PayMeOn or Company ), a Nevada corporation, is a company organized on May 30, 2006. Paymeon conducts business through three separate wholly-owned subsidiaries: HLM Paymeon, Inc., Paymeon Brands, Inc., and since February 2017 Basalt America, LLC (formerly Rockstar Acquisitions, LLC) ( Basalt America ). On March 19, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. and Paymeon Brands, Inc. as they made a strategic shift into the basalt fiber reinforced polymer business with the acquisition of Basalt America. The disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. was effective May 1, 2018. As a result of this disposal under Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 205-20-45-1E, the Company has presented the assets and liabilities of this segment as held for sale and as discontinued operations and have reclassified the prior year balances to reflect this strategic shift.

Historically, Paymeon owned and operated products aimed at monetizing consumer influence through social, local and mobile marketing.

On July 18, 2014, PayMeOn acquired a 19.4% stake in Prodeco Technologies, LLC, a USA-based researcher, developer, marketer, and manufacturer of quality electric bicycles and entered the business of selling light electric vehicles and related products through its wholly-owned subsidiary, HLM Paymeon, Inc. In September 2014, HLM Paymeon began selling ProdecoTech electric bicycles online through its website [www.irideelectric.com](http://www.irideelectric.com), under a non-exclusive dealer agreement.

In October 2015, HLM Paymeon launched a retail store located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida to sell ProdecoTech and other electric bicycles, as well as other alternative transportation products (such as hoverboards ) and related products and accessories at our retail location. Effective November 18, 2016, the Company assigned all of its interests in Prodeco Technologies, LLC, held by Ebike, LLC and A Better Bike, LLC to Tavone Family Holdings, LLC in consideration of a total cash payment of \$30,000 pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated November 18, 2016. The Company owned its Prodeco Technologies LLC interests through its 100% ownership of Ebike, LLC and A Better Bike, LLC. The Company sold its interests as part of its changing focus. The Company has

discontinued its light electric vehicles business and is shifting its primary focus to its Basalt America business.

In March 2016, we formed Paymeon Brands, Inc to develop, market, manage and monetize lifestyle brands and products. It is our intention to acquire exclusive licensing rights to brands which we believe are expandable to additional product lines. In addition, Paymeon Brands may seek to develop or acquire its own products, which are not yet known brands, but that it believes are in substantial growth markets and can become lifestyle oriented brands.

On December 23, 2016, a third-party driver drove his car through our retail storefront located at 2599 North Federal Highway, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33305. The accident caused serious damage to the building and seriously impacted our ability to sell to and service customers. Despite being in the process of reducing our focus on our light electric vehicles business, we are still conducting sales. The damaged storefront has substantially diminished sales volumes we expected to generate during the first quarter of 2017. While there can be no assurances that we will receive a settlement, we believe the driver was insured and are pursuing a claim for compensation for lost sales.

In February 2017 we acquired 100% of the membership interests of Basalt America. Basalt America leverages its licensed intellectual property, technology and processes to produce Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products that are used as replacements for steel products that reinforce concrete such as rebar. Basalt America is the exclusive licensee under a license agreement with Global Energy Sciences for its concrete reinforcement products known as RockRebar®, RockStirrups®, RockMesh®, and RockStaples. The license provides Basalt America with exclusivity for the United States, (excluding California and Hawaii), the Caribbean (excluding Cuba), and Peru. It also provides that Basalt America shall have a right of first refusal for all other territories in the world. Prior to the acquisition, Basalt America licensed the intellectual property from RAW Energy Materials Corp ( RAW ). On February 2, 2017, RAW assigned the license to Global Energy Sciences, LLC ( Global Energy ), an affiliated entity to RAW.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, revenue from continuing operations for Paymeon, on a consolidated basis was \$9,664 and was derived from small amounts of sales of our concrete reinforcement products. Revenue from discontinued operations was \$37,909 derived from the sale of apparel.

### ***Organization***

PayMeOn holds a wholly owned interest in HLM Paymeon, Inc., and Paymeon Brands, Inc., both Florida corporations, and Basalt America, a Florida limited liability company. There is currently a limited public market for our common stock which is quoted on the OTC Markets under the symbol PAYM . Our executive offices are located at 2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, Florida 33311. Our telephone number is 844-422-7258. We own and operate several websites, including [www.basaltamerica.com](http://www.basaltamerica.com). Information that appears on any of our websites is not part of this report.

### ***Light Electric Vehicle Sales and Apparel Businesses***

On March 19, 2018, the Company approved a plan to discontinue any and all operations related to its prior electric bicycle and apparel businesses. Operations related to the electric bicycle and apparel businesses were managed through the Company's HLM Paymeon, Inc. subsidiary. The disposal of this business will have no effect on the Company's continuing operations related to its Basalt America business.

### ***Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products***

We acquired Basalt America in February 2017 to capitalize on the introduction of new technology and products towards the rebuilding of global infrastructure, especially as it applies to products that reinforce concrete. Basalt America leverages its licensed intellectual property, technology and processes to produce Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products that are used as replacements for steel products that reinforce concrete such as rebar. Basalt America is the exclusive licensee under a license agreement with Global Energy for its concrete reinforcement products known as RockRebar®, RockStirrups®, RockMesh®, and RockStaples . Basalt America's products often represent substantial improvements in strength and resistance relative to existing steel industry products. Our products will be produced in Oakland Park, Florida. We intend to sell our products primarily to government and commercial construction contractors, and home builders.

### **Competition**

The market for the manufacture and sale of construction related products is one of the largest markets in the world. Our basalt fiber concrete reinforcement products are often sold as alternatives to steel products. Accordingly, our business competes with large, established steel companies that have large and established wholesale and retail

distribution networks. Most of our competitors are large and have significantly greater financial, marketing and other resources than our company. We also compete with other manufacturers of products often marketed as alternatives to steel, including manufacturers of fiberglass, and other types of fiber products. Many of these players also have substantially greater resources than our company.

While we believe that our products are unique and create a new segment within the concrete reinforcement industry, we still expect to compete with these large companies, both inside and outside of the United States, as they aggressively market their existing products, as well as any new products they may be developing that are competitive to ours.

### **Intellectual Property**

The term social income® is a registered trademark of PayMeOn. Additionally, we have applied for registration of various trademarks related to Basalt America. We have not applied for any other U.S. trademarks and, except for common law rights, we currently do not hold any other intellectual property rights on the products we have developed. In addition to our trademarks and trademark applications, we have secured various domain names related to our business.

As part of Basalt America's license with Global Energy Sciences, we have acquired rights to use the trademarks RockRebar®, RockStirrups®, RockMesh®, and RockStaples .

## Governmental Regulation

Our mobile and e-commerce products of the discontinued operations are subject to a number of foreign and domestic laws and regulations that affect companies conducting business on the internet, many of which are still evolving and could be interpreted in ways that could harm our business. In the United States and abroad, laws relating to the liability of providers of online services for activities of their users and other third parties are currently being tested by a number of claims. These regulations and laws may involve taxation, tariffs, subscriber privacy, data protection, content, copyrights, distribution, electronic contracts and other communications, consumer protection, the provision of online payment services and the characteristics and quality of services. It is not clear how existing laws governing issues such as property ownership, sales and other taxes, libel and personal privacy apply to the internet as the vast majority of these laws were adopted prior to the advent of the internet and do not contemplate or address the unique issues raised by the internet or e-commerce. In addition, it is possible that governments of one or more countries may seek to censor content available on our websites or may even attempt to completely block access to our websites. Accordingly, adverse legal or regulatory developments could substantially harm our business. The CARD Act, as well as the laws of most states, contain provisions governing product terms and conditions of gift cards, gift certificates, stored value or pre-paid cards or coupons ( gift cards ), such as provisions prohibiting or limiting the use of expiration dates on gift cards or the amount of fees charged in connection with gift cards or requiring specific disclosures on or in connection with gift cards. PayMeOn coupon, gift card, stored value or prepaid card offers generally are included within the definition of gift cards in many of these laws. In addition, certain foreign jurisdictions have laws that govern disclosure and certain product terms and conditions, including restrictions on expiration dates and fees that may apply to PayMeOn offers. However, the CARD Act as well as a number of states and certain foreign jurisdictions also have exemptions from the operation of these provisions or otherwise modify the application of these provisions applicable to gift cards that are issued as part of a promotion or promotional program. If PayMeOn offers are subject to the CARD Act, and are not included in the exemption for promotional programs, it is possible that the purchase value, which is the amount equal to the price paid for the offer, or the promotional value, which is the add-on value of the offer in excess of the price paid, or both, may not expire before the later of (i) five years after the date on which the offer was issued or the date on which the customer last loaded funds on the offer if the offer has a reloadable feature; (ii) the offers stated expiration date (if any), unless offers come within an exemption in the CARD Act for promotional programs; or (iii) a later date provided by applicable state law. In addition, regardless of whether an exemption for PayMeOn offers applies under the CARD Act, in those states that prohibit or otherwise restrict expiration dates on gift cards that are defined to include offers and that do not have exemptions that apply to the purchase value or the promotional value, or both, of offers, PayMeOn offers may be required to be honored for the full offer value (the total of purchase value and promotional value) until redeemed. There can be no assurance that as PayMeOn incorporates new requirements as detailed under the CARD Act that merchants will continue to offer PayMeOn offers.

Products sold by Basalt America are subject to various approvals and certifications from various private and public entities, such as the Department of Transportation and the US Army Corps of Engineers. Such approvals and certifications are based on numerous, often changing standards and there can be no assurance that our products will receive or retain necessary approvals or certifications in the future.



## Subsequent Events

On January 10, 2018, the Company sold a total of 333,333 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.30 per share).

On January 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On January 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On January 11, 2018, the Company sold a total of 125,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$31,250 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 62,500 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 62,500 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On January 31, 2018, the Company sold a total of 46,633 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$13,990 (\$0.30 per share).

On February 2, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.50 per share.

On February 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.50 per share.

On February 15, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On March 19, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On March 19, 2018, the Company amended a Secured Promissory Note and General Collateral Assignment and Security Agreement (the Note) with a related party in the amount of \$200,000 that was originally issued on August 9, 2017 and was extended to February 28, 2018. The Note was amended to be a demand note. The Note is now due on demand from the Lender. The Lender agreed to amend the Note with no penalty and all original terms remain in place.

On March 19, 2018, the Company approved a plan to discontinue any and all operations related to its prior electric bicycle and apparel businesses. Operations related to the electric bicycle and apparel businesses were managed through the Company's HLM Paymeon, Inc. subsidiary. The closing will have no effect on the Company's continuing operations related to its Basalt America business. The Company, as a result of this disposition and in accordance with ASC 205-20-45-1E has reflected the assets and liabilities of this operation as held for sale and the results of the operations as discontinued operations. All prior year amounts have been reclassified to reflect this strategic shift.

On March 19, 2018, the Company entered into a Demand Revolving Credit Line (Credit Line) with EAC Management, LLC (EAC) (Lender), an entity owned by its Chairman and CEO. Under the Credit Line, the Company

may borrow up to \$100,000 at a simple interest rate of 5% per annum for its operating needs. There are no minimum borrowing requirements, the Company may revolve the credit as often as it likes, and either party may terminate the Credit Line at any time. All amounts outstanding under the Credit Line are due on demand from the Lender.

On March 19, 2018, our Chairman and CEO agreed to forgive \$200,000 of accrued payroll due and payable to him. Our Chairman and CEO received no compensation of any kind in return for the forgiveness.

On March 28, 2018, the Company borrowed \$50,000 under the Demand Revolving Credit Line from EAC.

On March 28, 2018, the Company sold a total of 333,333 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.15 per share).

On March 28, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.15 per share).

On April 4, 2018, the Company entered into four extension agreements for its four convertible notes payable due to a related party with a net principal balance of \$290,273, which is net of offsets. These notes were extended through December 31, 2018. These notes were previously extended on August 7, 2017 when the note holder agreed to extend the notes through March 31, 2018. On April 4, 2018 the note holder agreed to extend the notes through December 31, 2018.

On April 13, 2018, Edward A. Cespedes resigned as the chairman and chief executive officer of our Company and all our subsidiaries.

On April 13, 2018, Vincent L. Celentano was appointed chairman and chief executive officer of our Company and all our subsidiaries. Mr. Celentano is the largest individual shareholder of our Company.

On April 13, 2018, upon the resignation of Edward A. Cespedes, EAC, issued a demand for repayment of \$50,000 borrowed under the Demand Revolving Credit Line. The amount has not been paid as of the date of filing. As of June 21, 2018, the Company had failed to repay amounts due EAC, and was in default. On June 21, 2018, EAC waived the default and granted the Company an extension of time to make repayment to July 15, 2018.

On April 14, 2018, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with EAC. EAC is the personal holding company of our former chairman and chief executive officer, Edward A. Cespedes. Under the agreement EAC will provide the Company with general corporate and other services at the direction of the Board of Directors. The agreement is for a period of twelve months and can be terminated by either party with written notice. The agreement contains standard representations, warranties, and indemnifications from EAC and the Company. Mr. Cespedes has no executive authority under the agreement. Compensation under the agreement is flexible. The agreement sets target compensation for EAC at \$15,000 per month and allows for the Company to pay EAC less based on its financial wherewithal at any given time. The agreement also contains customary terms, including reimbursement for certain health and business-related expenses.

On April 27, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$50,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On May 2, 2018, the Company secured a 3-year extension of the convertible note in return for (1) a \$5,000 per month payment applicable to current interest and principal beginning on April 22, 2018, and (2) the issuance of 274,575 new, restricted common shares. The shares were issued on June 13, 2018. As of June 15, 2018, the Company has not yet commenced making the \$5,000 per month payments required by the extension. As a result of this extension, the modification to this debt instrument will be reflected as a material modification in the Company's consolidated statement of operations in the quarter ending June 30, 2018.

On May 4, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On May 9, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$5,000 from our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of

4% and is due on demand.

On May 17, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On May 24, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$11,400 to EAC. EAC is the personal holding company of our former chairman and chief executive officer, Edward A. Cespedes. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On May 25, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On May 25, 2018, the Company issued another unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 1, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,500 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 4, 2018, the Company repaid \$4,000 principal of the \$11,400 unsecured promissory note to EAC.

On June 5, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On June 5, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$5,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 19, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$80,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 19, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On July 11, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.075 per share). In conjunction with the investment, the investor agreed to a twelve-month resale restriction.

## **Employees**

At December 31, 2017, we had six full time employees, all of which are employed for the continuing operations of the Company. None of our employees are represented by a labor union, nor governed by any collective bargaining agreements. We consider relations with our labor force as satisfactory.

## **Item 1A.**

**Risk Factors.**

**Risk Factors**

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors before deciding whether to invest in the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or that we currently deem immaterial, may also impair our business operations or our financial condition. If any of the events discussed in the risk factors below occur, our business, consolidated financial condition, results of operations or prospects could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, the value and marketability of the common stock could decline.

**Risks Related to Our Business and Industry**

*Our independent auditors have raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.*

As an early stage company, we have not yet generated significant revenues. We have incurred operating losses since our inception and will continue to incur net losses until we can produce sufficient revenues to cover our costs. Our independent auditors have included in their audit report an explanatory paragraph that states that our net loss and working capital deficiency raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

*We have a limited operating history, have incurred net losses in the past and expect to incur net losses in the future.*

We have a limited operating history and have not recorded a profit since inception. As a result of this, and the uncertainty of the market in which we operate, we cannot reliably forecast our future results of operations. We expect to increase our operating expenses in the future as a result of developing, refining and implementing a sales strategy. There is no guarantee we will be profitable in the future. In addition, we expect our operating expenses to increase in the future as we expand our operations. If our operating expenses exceed our expectations, our financial performance could be adversely affected. If our revenue does not grow to offset these increased expenses, we may not be profitable in any future period.





*We have a short operating history and a new business model in an emerging and rapidly evolving market. This makes it difficult to evaluate our future prospects and increases the risk of your investment.*

We have very little operating history for you to evaluate in assessing our future prospects. You must consider our business and prospects in light of the risks and difficulties we will encounter as an early-stage company in a new and rapidly evolving market. We may not be able to successfully address these risks and difficulties, which could materially harm our business and operating results. In addition, we do not know if our current business model will operate effectively during the current economic downturn. Furthermore, we are unable to predict the likely duration and severity of the adverse economic conditions in the U.S. and other countries, but the longer the duration the greater risks we face in operating our business. There can be no assurance, therefore, that current economic conditions or worsening economic conditions, or a prolonged or recurring recession, will not have a significant adverse impact on our operating and financial results.

**Our operating results may fluctuate.**

Our operating results may fluctuate as a result of a number of factors, many of which are outside of our control. The following factors may affect our operating results:

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Our ability to compete effectively.

.

Our ability to continue to attract clients.

.

The amount and timing of operating costs and capital expenditures related to the maintenance and expansion of our business, operations and infrastructure.

.

General economic conditions and those economic conditions specific to our industry.

.

Our ability to attract, motivate and retain top-quality employees.

## **Fiber Reinforced Polymer Industry Risks**

### ***We compete with large, established companies***

Our Basalt America products for reinforcement of concrete compete as replacements for traditional steel industry products. The steel industry is very mature and companies are often entrenched with our potential customers. There is no guarantee that we will be able to convince customers that our products are superior to steel products.

### ***We are dependent on RAW Energy Materials Corp, Global Energy Sciences, LLC, and Don Smith for our Intellectual Property***

We license the intellectual property used in the processes to make our licensed products from Global Energy, an affiliate of RAW Energy Materials Corp ( RAW ) and Don Smith. Global Energy and RAW are substantially dependent on one individual, Don Smith. The nature of the intellectual property that we license is protected as a trade secret by Global Energy, RAW, or their affiliates. As such, we are not privy to certain formulations and processes involved in the intellectual property we license. While we believe that appropriate steps have been taken to ensure continuity in the intellectual property in the event of circumstances beyond our control that might affect Global Energy, RAW, or their affiliates, we cannot be sure they have. Any harm to Mr. Smith, or conflict between us, Global Energy, RAW or their affiliates could have a material adverse effect on our business. We do not presently maintain a key-man life insurance policy on Mr. Smith.

### ***Non-compliance with our License may materially impact our ability to operate***

We license the intellectual property used in the processes to make our licensed products from Global Energy an affiliate of RAW and Don Smith. We recently disclosed that we are in a dispute with Licensor regarding compliance with our license. We do not believe we are not in compliance with our license. However, any dispute with respect to our license can materially impact our business. If Licensor decides not to perform its duties under the license, we may suffer irreparable harm to the business. If we are unable to produce finished goods due to the uncertainty of our license, we may suffer irreparable harm to the business. If we are forced to litigate to enforce our rights under the license, we may suffer irreparable harm to the business.



***Regulatory Risks***

Our products often require certain approvals and certifications to satisfy regulatory requirements for use as concrete reinforcements and for other uses. There is no guarantee that we will be able to maintain or secure such approvals and certifications in the future. Furthermore, we will likely need to depend on third party groups such as universities, industry groups and other certifying bodies to obtain approvals and certifications. There is no guarantee that those groups will work with us, or that we will be able to access them and their services in a timely fashion. Inability to secure approvals and certifications could materially harm our ability to generate revenue.

***Limited Availability of Raw Materials***

We depend on RAW and its affiliates to source various raw materials for manufacture of our products from various different suppliers located in the United States and abroad. We also source some of our own raw materials. There is no guarantee that RAW or our suppliers will be able to provide us with sufficient supply of raw materials for us to maintain production levels necessary to satisfy customers.

***Changes in the global economic environment may lead to declines in the production levels of our customers***

We sell primarily to the construction industry. The construction industry is cyclical and can exhibit a great deal of sensitivity to general economic conditions. Low demand from the construction industry could adversely impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

***Changes to accepted trade practices, trade agreements, or imposition of tariffs may adversely impact supply and pricing of certain raw materials***

Political events, such as the imposition of tariffs or the dissolution of trade agreements may negatively impact many supply chain factors related to our business. Such events could materially impact supply and pricing of critically necessary raw materials for manufacture of our products. In extreme cases, we may not be able to source raw materials necessary for the production of our products, which could threaten our ability to continue doing business. Pricing impacts of such events could also materially affect our profit margins and our ability to compete with alternative products in the industry.

***We may be adversely impacted by volatility in prices for raw materials***

Depending on our customer demand, we may be faced with having to purchase raw materials at prices that are above the then current market price or in greater volumes than required. Additionally, other factors may force the prices our customers pay for composite materials down, which could negatively affect our profit margins.

**General Business Risks**

***We need additional capital to fund our operations, which, if obtained, could result in substantial dilution or significant debt service obligations. We may not be able to obtain additional capital on commercially reasonable terms, which could adversely affect our liquidity and financial position.***

We will require additional capital to fund the anticipated expansion of our business and to pursue targeted revenue opportunities. We cannot assure you that we will be able to raise additional capital. If we are able to raise additional capital, we do not know what the terms of any such capital raising would be. In addition, any future sale of our equity securities would dilute the ownership and control of your shares and could be at prices substantially below prices at which our shares currently trade. Our inability to raise capital could require us to significantly curtail or terminate our operations. We may seek to increase our cash reserves through the sale of additional equity or debt securities. The sale of convertible debt securities or additional equity securities could result in additional and potentially substantial dilution to our shareholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased debt service obligations and could result in operating and financing covenants that would restrict our operations and liquidity. In addition, our ability to obtain additional capital on acceptable terms is subject to a variety of uncertainties. We cannot assure you that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. Any failure to raise additional funds on favorable terms could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

***We cannot assure you that we will be able to develop the infrastructure necessary to achieve the potential sales growth.***

Achieving revenue growth will require that we develop additional infrastructure in sales, technical and client support functions. We cannot assure you that we can develop this infrastructure or will have the capital to do so. We will continue to design plans to establish growth, adding sales and sales support resources as capital permits, but at this time these plans are untested. If we are unable to use any of our current marketing initiatives or the cost of such initiatives were to significantly increase or such initiatives or its efforts to satisfy existing clients are not successful, we may not be able to attract new clients or retain existing clients on a cost-effective basis and, as a result, our revenue and results of operations would be affected adversely.

***If we fail to manage our anticipated growth, our business and operating results could be harmed.***

If we do not effectively manage our anticipated growth, the quality of our products and services could suffer, which could negatively affect our brand and operating results. To effectively manage our potential growth, we will need to improve our operational, financial and management controls and our reporting systems and procedures. These systems enhancements and improvements may require significant capital expenditures and allocation of valuable management resources. If the improvements are not implemented successfully, our ability to manage our growth will be impaired and we may have to make significant additional expenditures to address these issues, which could harm our financial position.

***Our relationships with our channel partners may be terminated or may not continue to be beneficial in generating new clients, which could adversely affect our ability to increase our client base.***

We maintain a network of active channel partners which refer clients to us within different business verticals. If we are unable to maintain contractual relationships with existing channel partners or establish new contractual relationships with potential channel partners, we may experience delays and increased costs in adding clients, which could have a material adverse effect on us. The number of clients we are able to add through these marketing relationships is dependent on the marketing efforts of our partners over which we exercise very little control.

***Competition for employees in our industry is intense, and we may not be able to attract and retain the highly skilled employees whom we need to support our business.***

Competition for highly skilled technical and marketing personnel is intense and we continue to face difficulty identifying and hiring qualified personnel in certain areas of our business. We may not be able to hire and retain such personnel at compensation levels consistent with existing compensation structure. Many of the companies with which we compete for experienced employees have greater resources than we have and may be able to offer more attractive terms of employment. In particular, candidates making employment decisions, particularly in high-technology industries, often consider the value of any equity they may receive in connection with their employment. As a result, any significant volatility in the price of our stock may adversely affect our ability to attract or retain highly skilled technical and marketing personnel.

In addition, we invest significant time and expense in training employees, which increases their value to competitors who may seek to recruit them. If we fail to retain our employees, we could incur significant expenses in hiring and training their replacements and the quality of our services and our ability to serve our clients could diminish, resulting in a material adverse effect on our business.

***We may be unable to protect our intellectual property rights and any inability to protect them could reduce the value of our products, services and brand.***

Excluding our U.S. trademark protection for social income, we have not filed with any regulatory authority for patent or trademark protection. We intend to protect our unpatented trade secrets and know-how through confidentiality or license agreements with third parties, employees and consultants, and by controlling access to and distribution of our proprietary information. However, this method may not afford complete protection particularly in foreign countries where the laws may not protect our proprietary rights as fully as in the United States and unauthorized parties may copy or otherwise obtain and use our products, processes or technology and there can be no assurance that others will not independently develop similar know-how and trade secrets. If third parties take actions that affect our rights or the value of our intellectual property, similar proprietary rights or reputation or we are unable to protect our intellectual property from infringement or misappropriation, other companies may be able to use our proprietary know-how to offer competitive products at lower prices and we may not be able to effectively compete against these companies.

***We may in the future be subject to intellectual property rights claims, which are costly to defend, could require us to pay damages and could limit our ability to use certain technologies in the future.***

Companies in the internet, technology and media industries own large numbers of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secrets and frequently enter into litigation based on allegations of infringement or other violations of intellectual property rights. As we face increasing competition, the possibility of intellectual property rights claims against us grows. Our technologies may not be able to withstand any third-party claims or rights against their use. Any intellectual property claims, with or without merit, could be time-consuming, expensive to litigate or settle and could divert management resources and attention.

With respect to any intellectual property rights claim, we may have to pay damages or stop using technology found to be in violation of a third party's rights. We may have to seek a license for the technology, which may not be available on reasonable terms and may significantly increase our operating expenses. We have not fully reviewed and assessed the potential intellectual claims centered on our latest asset purchases, mergers, or acquisitions to evaluate any technology licenses required. The technology also may not be available for license to us at all. As a result, we may also be required to develop alternative non-infringing technology, which could require significant effort and expense. If we cannot license or develop technology for the infringing aspects of our business, we may be forced to limit our product and service offerings and may be unable to compete effectively. Any of these results could harm our brand and operating results.

***Our independent directors have limited experience in the management of public companies which poses a risk for us from a corporate governance perspective.***



Our directors and executive officer are inexperienced with respect to corporate governance of public companies. The board is often required to make interested party decisions, such as the approval of related party transactions, compensation levels, and oversight of our accounting function. Our directors and executive officer also exercise substantial control over all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the nomination of directors and the approval of significant corporate transactions. We do not have a majority of independent directors and we have not implemented various corporate governance measures, the absence of which may cause stockholders to have more limited protections against transactions implemented by our board of directors, conflicts of interest and similar matters. Stockholders should bear in mind our current lack of corporate governance measures in formulating their investment decisions.

***Failure to retain and attract qualified personnel could harm our business.***

Our success depends on our ability to attract, train and retain qualified personnel. Competition for qualified personnel is intense and we may not be able to hire sufficient personnel to support the anticipated growth of our business. If we fail to attract and retain qualified personnel, our business will suffer. Additionally, companies whose Employees accept positions with competitors often claim that such competitors have engaged in unfair hiring practices. We may receive such claims in the future as we seek to hire qualified Employees. We could incur substantial costs in defending against any such claims.

## Risks Related to Our Common Stock

*Because the market for our common stock is limited, persons who purchase our common stock may not be able to resell their shares at or above the purchase price paid for them.*

Our common stock trades on the OTC Markets which is not a liquid market. There is currently only a limited public market for our common stock. We cannot assure you that an active public market for our common stock will develop or be sustained in the future. If an active market for our common stock does not develop or is not sustained, the price may continue to decline.

*Because we are subject to the penny stock rules, brokers cannot generally solicit the purchase of our common stock which adversely affects its liquidity and market price.*

The SEC has adopted regulations which generally define penny stock to be an equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to specific exemptions. The market price of our common stock on the Bulletin Board has been substantially less than \$5.00 per share and therefore we are currently considered a penny stock according to SEC rules. This designation requires any broker-dealer selling these securities to disclose certain information concerning the transaction, obtain a written agreement from the purchaser and determine that the purchaser is reasonably suitable to purchase the securities.

*Due to factors beyond our control, our stock price may be volatile.*

Any of the following factors could affect the market price of our common stock:

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Our failure to increase revenue in each succeeding quarter;

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Our failure to achieve and maintain profitability;

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Our failure to meet our revenue and earnings guidance;

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The loss of distribution relationships

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The sale of a large amount of common stock by our shareholders;

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Our announcement of a pending or completed acquisition or our failure to complete a proposed acquisition;

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Adverse court ruling or regulatory action;

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Our failure to meet financial analysts' performance expectations;

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Changes in earnings estimates and recommendations by financial analysts;

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Changes in market valuations of similar companies;

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Short selling activities;

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Our announcement of a change in the direction of our business;

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Our inability to manage our international operations;

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Actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly or in our forecasted results of operations; or

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Announcements by us, or our competitors, of significant contracts, acquisitions, commercial relationships, joint ventures or capital commitments.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been instituted. A securities class action suit against us could result in substantial costs and divert our management's time and attention, which would otherwise be used to benefit our business.

***Because we may not be able to attract the attention of major brokerage firms, it could have a material impact upon the price of our common stock.***

It is not likely that securities analysts of major brokerage firms will provide research coverage for our common stock since the firm itself cannot recommend the purchase of our common stock under the penny stock rules referenced in an earlier risk factor. The absence of such coverage limits the likelihood that an active market will develop for our common stock. It may also make it more difficult for us to attract new investors at times when we acquire additional capital.

***The conversion of outstanding secured and unsecured convertible promissory notes will result in dilution to existing stockholders and could negatively affect the market price of our common stock.***

At December 31, 2017, we had outstanding 7% secured and unsecured promissory notes convertible at the option of the holder in the aggregate principal amount of \$590,273 convertible at prices ranging from \$0.12 to \$0.35 per share. If all the outstanding notes are converted, our issued and outstanding shares would increase. In the event that a market for our common stock develops, to the extent that holders of our notes convert such securities, our existing shareholders will experience dilution to their ownership interest in our company. In addition, to the extent that holders of convertible securities convert such securities and then sell the underlying shares of common stock in the open market, our common stock price may decrease due to the additional shares in the market. The secured notes are secured by all of the Company's assets.

***Our principal shareholders and their affiliates beneficially own and control approximately 42% of our outstanding common stock and as majority shareholders are able to control voting issues and actions that may not be beneficial or desired by minority shareholders.***

As of December 31, 2017, our principal shareholders beneficially own approximately 42% of the issued and outstanding common stock and as such could elect all directors, and dissolve, merge or sell our assets or otherwise direct our affairs. Our principal shareholders also own secured and unsecured promissory notes that are convertible at their option into a material number of shares of our common stock. This concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control; impede a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving the Company, which, in turn, could depress the market price of our common stock.

***Certain accredited investors control large blocks of restricted common stock. Sale of large blocks of common stock could materially impact our stock price.***

Historically, we have raised funds from accredited investors through the sale of restricted common stock in the Company. Generally, common stock sold privately to accredited investors has certain resale restrictions under the securities laws that include elements of minimum holding periods, certain other requirements with respect to financial filings of the Company and other requirements. When these requirements are met, holders of the restricted common stock are able to remove resale restrictions and sell freely in the open market. As our common stock has a limited market for resale, substantial additional supply of stock caused by previously restricted stock coming into the market for resale could have a material, negative impact on our stock price.

***The issuance of preferred stock could change control of the company.***

Our articles of incorporation authorize the Board of Directors, without approval of the shareholders, to cause shares of preferred stock to be issued in one or more series, with the numbers of shares of each series to be determined by the Board of Directors. Our articles of incorporation further authorize the Board of Directors to fix and determine the powers, designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other rights (including, without limitation, voting powers, preferential rights to receive dividends or assets upon liquidation, rights of conversion or exchange into common stock or preferred stock of any series, redemption provisions and sinking fund provisions) between series and between the preferred stock or any series thereof and the common stock, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such rights. In the event of issuance, preferred stock could be used, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control of our company. Although we have no present plans to issue additional series or shares of preferred stock, we can give no assurance that we will not do so in the future.

***Our inability to remain current on our required securities filings may impact liquidity for certain shareholders and our ability to raise funds***

We rely on third parties to assist us with the preparation of our public filings. Our internal resources may not be sufficient to assist third parties with providing information they need with sufficient efficiency to complete our filings on time. Failure to remain current on certain public filings may limit the ability of certain shareholders to avail themselves of certain safe harbors when attempting to sell certain of our shares. In addition, our inability to present current financial information may impact our ability to raise additional funds.

**Item 1B.**

**Unresolved Staff Comments.**

None.

**Item 2.**

**Properties.**

Our principal offices are leased and located at 2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, FL 33311. The lease is for approximately 12,921 square feet. The lease is for six separate six-month terms. The Company has the right to terminate the lease at the end of each term by providing the landlord with 60-days notice prior to the end of any of the six-month terms. Lease payments are approximately \$11,520 per month during the first two terms of the lease and rise to approximately \$12,450 per month during the last two terms of the lease. We believe the facilities are sufficient to support our current operations.

**Item 3.**

**Legal Proceedings.**

On March 31, 2014, the Company received a Notice of Default letter from legal counsel representing the California State Teachers Retirement System ( CalSTRS ) (the landlord for the Company's office space) alerting that the Company was in default of its lease for failure to pay monthly rent for the office space located at 2400 East Commercial Boulevard, Suite 612, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33304. The letter demanded immediate payment of \$41,937 for rent past due as of April 1, 2014. The landlord currently holds security deposits from the Company in the amount of \$31,407. The Company had indicated in writing its intention to cooperate with the landlord while trying to resolve the matter. On February 11, 2015, the landlord, through its attorneys, filed a motion for summary judgment. The motion asked for \$376,424 in unpaid rent, recovery of abated rents and tenant improvements and \$12,442 in attorney's costs incurred by the landlord and the Company has reserved the entire amount. On April 22, 2015 the motion for unpaid rent, recovery of abated rents and tenant improvements and attorney's costs was granted by the Circuit Court of the 17th Judicial Circuit in and for Broward County. As previously disclosed, the Company has accrued the full amount of rent and attorney costs in its audited financial statements. The Company intends to continue its efforts to work with the landlord to reach a mutually agreeable solution and is currently attempting to raise additional capital to address the default, as well its other outstanding obligations and working capital requirements.

On April 18, 2018, Basalt America and the Company received a letter from counsel representing RAW LLC providing formal notice that Basalt America and the Company had breached and/or violated several sections of its license agreement and amendments, and that RAW LLC was immediately terminating all agreements and amendments. The Company does not believe it is in breach of its agreements and is working towards reaching an amicable solution. The Company is prepared to pursue litigation if it cannot achieve a resolution.

To our knowledge we are not currently subject to any other legal proceedings.

**Item 4.**

**Mine Safety Disclosures.**

None.



## PART II

### Item 5.

#### Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

##### Market Information

There is a limited public market for the shares of our common stock. Our stock has been thinly traded. There can be no assurance that a liquid market for our common stock will ever develop. Transfer of our common stock may also be restricted under the securities or blue-sky laws of various states and foreign jurisdictions. Consequently, investors may not be able to liquidate their investments and should be prepared to hold the common stock for an indefinite period of time. Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Markets under the symbol PAYM. The range of closing prices for our common stock, as reported on the OTC Markets during each quarter since March 31, 2016, was as reported below. These quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

	<b>Quarter Ended</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
June 30, 2018		\$0.39	\$0.13
March 31, 2018		\$0.60	\$0.38
December 31, 2017		\$0.67	\$0.22
September 30, 2017		\$0.38	\$0.20
June 30, 2017		\$0.66	\$0.20
March 31, 2017		\$0.63	\$0.24
December 31, 2016		\$0.55	\$0.15
September 30, 2016		\$0.52	\$0.36
June 30, 2016		\$0.63	\$0.44
March 31, 2016		\$0.63	\$0.42

On July 13, 2018, our common stock had a closing price of \$0.15.

##### Holder

As of June 29, 2018, there were approximately 203 security holders of record of our common stock.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrant**

Our transfer agent is Empire Stock Transfer, Inc., located at 1859 Whitney Mesa Drive, Henderson, Nevada. Our transfer agent's telephone number is 702-818-5898.

### **Dividend Policy**

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock and do not plan to pay any such dividends in the foreseeable future. We currently intend to use all available funds to develop our business. We can give no assurances that we will ever have excess funds available to pay dividends.

### **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

During the period covered by this report we sold securities described below (see Liquidity and Capital Resources ) without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, under the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The securities were issued with legend restricting their transferability without registration or applicable exemption and proceeds were used for working capital. We did not pay any finders fees or commission in connection with the sale of these securities.

On January 30, 2017, the Company granted 200,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$.25 to a consultant. The options expire seven years from the date of issuance.

On February 2, 2017, the Company sold a total of 349,800 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$34,980 (\$0.10 per share).

On February 2, 2017, the Company sold a total of 250,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.10 per share).

On February 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to two accredited investors for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.125 per share).

On February 19, 2017, the Company sold a total of 322,857 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$56,500 (\$0.175 per share).

On February 21, 2017, the Company entered into and completed a membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Basalt America. Basalt America was organized under the laws of the State of Florida in November 2016. Basalt America leverages its licensed intellectual property, technology and processes to produce Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products that are used as replacements for steel products that reinforce concrete such as rebar. Our former Chairman and CEO, Edward A. Cespedes and our Director and largest individual shareholder, Vincent L. Celentano, were the Managing Members of Basalt America. In consideration of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of Basalt America, the Company issued an aggregate of 95,500,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the members of Basalt America. For accounting purposes the transaction is recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASU 805-50-25-2 as this is considered an acquisition of entities under common control as the board of directors of the Company and of Basalt America are the same and control the activities of the respective companies.

As part of this agreement Basalt America entered into a letter agreement with Raw Energy Materials Corp and RAW Materials Corp.

On March 7, 2017, the Company sold a total of 300,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$60,000 (\$0.20 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 39,920 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$9,980 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 800,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$200,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 19, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 24, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 29, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 4, 2017, a consultant exercised previously issued stock options of 167,181 with an exercise price of \$.10 for \$16,718.

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 52,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$13,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 5, 2017, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock to a newly appointed Director. The Company valued the shares at \$62,500, the value of the common stock on the date of the agreement.

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On May 4, 2017, the Company sold a total of 170,000 shares to a Related Party for proceeds \$42,500 (\$0.25 per share).

On June 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 500,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 500,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice. The Company recorded an expense of \$9,471 for the shares vested during the period.

On June 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 250,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 250,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice. The Company recorded an expense of \$4,735 for the shares vested during the period.

On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 15,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$3,750 (\$0.25 per share).

On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share).

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On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share).

On June 20, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 27, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 30,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 30,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 29, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 29, 2017, a related party converted \$368,366 of convertible notes issued from 2014 to 2016 to 2,248,620 restricted common shares. The dollar amount included \$323,048 of principal and \$45,318 of accrued interest.

On June 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 1,000,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$250,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 500,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 215,000 shares to a related party for proceeds of \$53,750 (\$0.25 per share).

On July 1, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 500,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 500,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice.

On July 18, 2017, the Company sold a total of 75,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$18,750 (\$0.25 per share).

On July 24, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide sales development services. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 100,000 restricted common shares valued at \$29,070 (\$0.2907 per share). The term of the agreement is for a period of one-year.

On August 11, 2017, the Company sold a total of 125,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.20 per share).

On August 14, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 100,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40.

On August 18, 2017, the Company sold a total of 150,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$37,500 (\$0.25 per share).

On September 20, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On September 22, 2017, the Company issued a total of 200,000 shares in conjunction with an extension of a \$300,000 principal amount Convertible 7% per annum Note ( Note ) with an original maturity date of September 22, 2017. The maturity date was extended to April 22, 2018. The interest rate on the Note was increased to 10% per annum. The shares were valued at \$72,000 (\$0.38 per share) at time of issuance. In accordance with ASC 470-50 *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, the issuance of the 200,000 shares having a market value of \$72,000 at the point of issuance effectively created a new debt instrument due the present value of the cash flow under the terms of the

new debt instrument was at least 10 percent different from the present value of the remaining cash flow under the terms of the original instrument using a discount rate 7% based on the original debt issuance rate. As a result, the modification to this debt instrument has been reflected as a material modification in the Company's quarter ended September 30, 2017.

On September 27, 2017, the Company sold a total of 120,000 shares to accredited investors for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On October 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 25,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$6,250 (\$0.25 per share).

On October 17, 2017, the Company granted options to purchase 1,250,000 shares at a strike price of \$0.25 per share to three members of its Board of Directors. The options were immediately vested upon issuance and expire on October 17, 2022.

On October 17, 2017, the Company granted an option to purchase 60,000 shares at a strike price of \$0.25 per share to 3 employees. Twenty-five percent of the options were immediately vested at the time of issuance with the remainder having a vesting schedule of twenty-five percent per annum on each of October 17, 2018, October 17, 2019, and October 17, 2020. The options expire on October 17, 2022.

On October 17, 2017, the Company granted an option to purchase 50,000 shares at a strike price of \$0.25 per share to a consultant. Twenty-five percent of the options were immediately vested at the time of issuance with the remainder having a vesting schedule of twenty-five percent per annum on each of October 17, 2018, October 17, 2019, and October 17, 2020. The options expire on October 17, 2022.



On October 17, 2017, the Company issued a five-year warrant to acquire 500,000 common shares for a strike price of \$0.40 per share to a consultant.

On October 17, 2017, the Company issued a five-year warrant to acquire 500,000 common shares for a strike price of \$0.40 per share to a consultant.

On October 26, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 400,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.25 per share.

On October 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 5,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 5,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 1, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 3, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to a related party for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with 5 consultants to provide sales development, marketing and engineering services. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultants 380,000 restricted common shares valued at \$121,600 (\$0.32 per share). The term of the agreement is for a period of one-year.

On November 14, 2017, the Company sold a total of 1,520,000 shares to a related party for proceeds of \$380,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 16, 2017, the Company issued 1,250,000 shares in conjunction with three previously disclosed consulting agreements.

On November 21, 2017, the Company sold a total of 120,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 28, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 4, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 11, 2017, Basalt America entered into a promissory note with E Pay Funding in the amount of \$30,000. The promissory note bears interest of 10% per annum and matured on March 11, 2018. Basalt America could prepay the note in part or in full without penalty. On February 16, 2018, Basalt America fully repaid this note and \$690 of accrued interest.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 80,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$20,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 40,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 40,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 21, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 26, 2017, the Company issued 500,000 shares for consulting services valued at \$125,000 ((\$0.25 per share).

## **Item 6.**

### **Selected Financial Data.**

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

**Item 7.**

**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.**

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes appearing in this report. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business and related financing, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the Risk Factors in this registration statement for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

**Overview**

Since inception, we have incurred net operating losses. Losses have principally occurred as a result of the substantial resources required for research and development and marketing of our products, which included the general and administrative expenses, associated with its organization and product development. We expect operating losses to continue, mainly due to the anticipated expenses associated with the marketing of all our products and development of Basalt America.

**Results of Operations**

Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2017, totaled \$9,664 and were derived from sales of small amounts of sales of our concrete reinforcement products.

*Discontinued operations - revenue*

Revenue of \$37,909 of apparel sales from our now discontinued business, Paymeon Brands, and from limited. Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$394,219 were primarily derived from the sale of electric bicycles made by Prodeco Technologies. The \$356,310 decrease represents a decrease of 90% over the same periods in 2016 and reflects our shift towards the startup of our Basalt America business.

Operating expenses for year ended December 31, 2017, totaled \$2,355,360, reflecting a decrease of \$437,538 or 23% from \$1,917,822, for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The net decrease in operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2017 over the year ended December 31, 2016 were primarily due to the increased general and administrative (G&A) expenses of \$282,299 offset by lower consulting expenses of \$126,859 primarily due to a lower issuance of common stock for services, increased travel and entertainment expenses, increased professional fees of \$133,540, and increased payroll and payroll taxes of \$148,558 due to additional staff associated with Basalt America, including the hire of additional machine operators.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At December 31, 2017, we had \$188,738 of cash compared to \$88,338 at December 31, 2016. The Company had a working capital deficit of \$1,919,925 at December 31, 2017 compared to \$2,754,729 at December 31, 2016. We require additional working capital to expand our operations of Basalt America to try to achieve profitability. See Plan of Operations below.

Since inception, the Company has incurred net operating losses and used cash in operations. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$15,225,303. The Company has also dedicated substantial resources required to research and development and marketing of the Company's products which included the general and administrative expenses associated with its organization and product development. We expect operating losses to continue, due to the anticipated costs to develop our Basalt America business. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. We require financing for our plan of operations.

During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company used cash in operations in the amount of \$2,298,425 and \$377,502, respectively. The principal elements of cash used in operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 included a loss of \$2,935,112, an increase in inventory of \$377,184, a decrease in accrued

expenses of \$500,000 offset by a loss on leasehold of \$221,328, stock-based compensation of \$815,790 and an increase in accounts payable and other accrued expenses of \$321,219. The principal elements of cash used in operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 were a net loss of \$3,697,453 offset by amortization of debt discount \$200,716, loss on extinguishment of debt \$1,078,232, warrants and options issued for services of \$1,138,842, common stock issued for services of \$407,680 and an increase in accounts payable and other accrued expenses of \$268,197.

Cash used in investing activities during the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$1,516,881 compared to \$2,160 in the prior year. In the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company purchased equipment in the amount of \$456,881 and paid deposits on machinery and equipment in the amount of \$1,060,000 compared to \$2,160 for the purchase of equipment in the prior year.

Cash provided by our financing activities was \$3,915,706 for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to \$417,757 during the comparable period in 2016. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company has been very dependent on generating operating capital through the issuance of debt and sale of common stock. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company received \$3,175,680 from the issuance of common stock for cash compared to \$293,000 for the same period in the prior year. During the year ended December 31, 2017 the Company raised \$502,500 through the sales of interest in the joint venture in Basalt Territory #1 as well as the issuance of notes in the amount of \$245,000 of which \$215,000 was to related parties. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company issued convertible notes payable of \$63,975 as well as received proceeds from a related party of \$33,397 and purchase order financing, net of repayments, in the amount of \$27,385.

During the year ended December 31, 2017 our working capital position improved over the prior year based on the Company's ability to sell common stock. The current assets of the Company increased by \$500,986 with cash increasing by \$100,400 and inventory increasing by \$380,265. Our liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2017 decreased by \$338,818 which was mainly due to the decrease of convertible notes through the conversion to common stock.

Current working capital is not sufficient to maintain our current operations and there is no assurance that future sales and marketing efforts will be successful enough to achieve the level of revenue sufficient to provide cash to sustain operations. To the extent such revenues and corresponding cash flows do not materialize, we will attempt to fund working capital requirements through third party financing, including a private placement of our securities. In the absence of revenues, we currently believe we require a minimum of \$3,000,000 to maintain our current operations through the next 12 months. We cannot provide any assurances that required capital will be obtained or that the terms of such required capital may be acceptable to us. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing, we may reduce our operating activities until sufficient funding is secured or revenues are generated to support operating activities.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

### ***Revenue Recognition***

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This standard provides a single set of guidelines for revenue recognition to be used across all industries and requires additional disclosures. The updated guidance introduces a five-step model to achieve its core principal of the entity recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company adopted the updated guidance effective January 1, 2018 using the full retrospective method.

Under Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 606, in order to recognize revenue, the Company is required to identify an approved contract with commitments to preform respective obligations, identify rights of each party in the transaction regarding goods to be transferred, identify the payment terms for the goods transferred, verify that the contract has commercial substance and verify that collection of substantially all consideration is probable. The adoption of ASC 606 did not have an impact on the Company's operations or cash flows as it relates to revenue for Basalt America.

Amounts billed to customers in sales transactions related to shipping and handling, represent revenues earned for the goods provided and are included in net sales.

*Discontinued Operations*

The Company recognized revenue from product sales to customers, distributors and resellers when products that do not require further services or installation by the Company are shipped, when there are no uncertainties surrounding customer acceptance and when collectability is reasonably assured in accordance with FASB ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, as amended and interpreted. Cash received by the Company prior to shipment was recorded as deferred revenue. Sales were made to customers under terms allowing certain limited rights of return and other limited product and performance warranties for which provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

*Stock-Based Compensation*

The Company recognizes compensation costs to employees under FASB ASC No. 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*. Under FASB ASC No. 718, companies are required to measure the compensation costs of share-based compensation arrangements based on the grant-date fair value and recognize the costs in the financial statements over the period during which employees are required to provide services. Share based compensation arrangements include stock options, restricted share plans, performance-based awards, share appreciation rights and employee share purchase plans. As such, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant at their fair value. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the option grant.



Equity instruments issued to other than employees are recorded on the basis of the fair value of the instruments, as required by FASB ASC No. 505, *Equity Based Payments to Non-Employees*. In general, the measurement date is when either a (a) performance commitment, as defined, is reached or (b) the earlier of (i) the non-employee performance is complete or (ii) the instruments are vested. The measured value related to the instruments is recognized over a period based on the facts and circumstances of each particular grant as defined in the FASB ASC.

### ***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which will amend current lease accounting to require lessees to recognize (i) a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis, and (ii) a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. ASU 2016-02 does not significantly change lease accounting requirements applicable to lessors; however, certain changes were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model. This standard will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently reviewing the provisions of this ASU to determine if there will be any impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation - Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which relates to the accounting for employee share-based payments. This standard addresses several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment award transactions, including: (a) income tax consequences; (b) classification of awards as either equity or liabilities; and (c) classification on the statement of cash flows. This standard was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this ASU had no material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10 Revenue from Contract with Customers (Topic 606): identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing. The amendments in this Update do not change the core principle of the guidance in Topic 606. Rather, the amendments in this Update clarify the following two aspects of Topic 606: identifying performance obligations and the licensing implementation guidance, while retaining the related principles for those areas. Topic 606 includes implementation guidance on (a) contracts with customers to transfer goods and services in exchange for consideration and (b) determining whether an entity's promise to grant a license provides a customer with either a right to use the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied at a point in time) or a right to access the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied over time). The amendments in this Update are intended to render more detailed implementation guidance with the expectation to reduce the degree of judgement necessary to comply with Topic 606. We have adopted the new revenue standards effective January 1, 2018. The adoption of this ASU had no material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

All other newly issued accounting pronouncements but not yet effective have been deemed either immaterial or not applicable.

**Item 7A.**

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

**Item 8.**

**Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.**

The requirements of this Item can be found beginning on page F-1 found elsewhere in the Annual Report.

**Item 9.**

**Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.**

On June 7, 2017, the Company dismissed Liggett & Webb, P.A. as its independent registered public accounting firm and engaged KBL, LLP as its independent registered public accounting firm. Liggett & Webb, P.A. audited the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The dismissal of Liggett & Webb, P.A. was approved by our Board of Directors on June 7, 2017. Liggett & Webb, P.A. did not resign or decline to stand for re-election. We do not currently have an audit committee.

The report of Liggett & Webb, P.A. dated April 26, 2017 on our consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion, nor was such report qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles, other than such report was qualified as to our ability to continue as going concern.

## **Item 9A.**

### **Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) that are designed to be effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Company's management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial (and principal accounting) Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2017. Based upon that evaluation and the identification of the material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting as described below under Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

#### **Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting of the Company. Management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on the criteria established in 2013 Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring

Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2017, our internal control over financial reporting is not effective in providing reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles because of the Company's limited resources and limited number of employees. We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting related to proper segregation of duties; timely filing of our annual and quarterly reporting to the SEC and related to information technology controls related to our inventory system.

To mitigate the current limited resources and limited employees, we rely heavily on direct management oversight of transactions, along with the use of legal and accounting professionals. As we grow, we expect to increase our number of employees, which will enable us to implement adequate segregation of duties within the internal control framework. To mitigate the inventory and point of sales controls the Company intends to develop and implement effective monitoring controls and assign additional employees to oversee such transactions.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit the company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

### **Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include, but are not limited to, the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Item 9B.**

#### **Other Information.**

None.



### PART III

#### Item 10.

#### Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

##### Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our executive officers and directors as of the date of this prospectus. Directors are elected annually and serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualify. Executive officers are appointed by our Board of Directors and their term of office is at the discretion of our board.

Name	Age	Position
Vincent L. Celentano	52	Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.	52	Director
Paul M. Sallarulo	62	Director
Frank Monti, Sr.	78	Director

*Vincent L. Celentano.* Vincent Celentano has served as a director of our company since February 2016 and as chairman and chief executive officer since April 13, 2018. Mr. Celentano is an experienced investor with interests in real estate, online media and medical service facilities. From 2012 to present, Mr. Celentano has been an investor in Prodeco Technologies, LLC, a private manufacturer of electric bikes based in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. In 2010, Mr. Celentano became the principal investor in Legendary Trails, a 200-acre residential development located in Ocala, Florida. From 2007 to 2010, Mr. Celentano was the founder of WCIS Media, LLC, the owner of whocanissue.com, a legal lead generation platform. From 2007 to 2010, Mr. Celentano also owned interests in various medical industry related entities that owned and operated imaging facilities, ambulatory surgical centers, and chiropractic centers. In 2005, Mr. Celentano acquired an interest in Holiday Isle Resort and Marina located in the Florida Keys, which was later sold in April, 2006 for \$98.25 million. From 2002 until its sale in 2006, Mr. Celentano was the Managing Partner of Baypoint South in Naples, Florida, a 161 unit condominium conversion project.

*Paul M. Sallarulo.* Paul M. Sallarulo has served as a member of board of directors since April 2017. He served as Chairman of the Board, President and CEO of Nexera Medical Inc. As the Company's principal government contact,

Mr. Sallarulo was responsible for Nexera receiving the first certification in Europe for an antimicrobial mask, in addition to the first certification of a predicate device anti bacterial respirator mask issued by the FDA. Mr. Sallarulo had an extensive financial career in capital markets and investment banking in senior positions with Wachovia Securities, Prudential, Raymond James, Meridian Capital Markets and CoreStates Capital Markets. Mr. Sallarulo was appointed Commissioner of the North Broward Hospital District by Florida Governor Jeb Bush for two four-year terms and served as Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, and Chairman of the Executive Committee. He oversaw four major hospitals, thirty-eight clinics, six thousand professionals, and a budget in excess of \$2 billion. He served as Chairman of the Audit Committee, Legal Review Committee, Joint Conference Committee, Broward Health Foundation, Community Relations Committee for Broward General Hospital, Community Relations Committee for Imperial Point Medical Center, and currently serves on the Liberty Health Foundation Board in Jersey City, New Jersey. Mr. Sallarulo served on the Board of Directors of Foss Manufacturing, LLC Company, Board of Trustees of Nova Southeastern University, Chairman of the Board of Governors of Nova Southeastern University - Wayne Huizenga School of Business, President of the International Alumni Association of NSU, Nova Southeastern University College of Dental Medicine Advisory Board, and was inducted as the first Honorary member into Sigma Beta Delta Society International Honor Society in Business, Management and Administration. Mr. Sallarulo also served as a member of the Planning and Zoning Board of Fort Lauderdale, Broward County Personal Advisory Board Fort Lauderdale, the Fort Lauderdale Marine Advisory Board, and the Economic Development Advisory Board. Mr. Sallarulo was Co-Founder of Broward Bank of Commerce, and served on the Board of Directors. He is Chairman of the Budget Committee, Strategic Planning Committee and Nominating Committee. He also served on the Marketing Committee, Loan Committee, ALCO Committee, and Compensation Committee. Mr. Sallarulo assisted in the Sale of Broward Financial Holdings, the parent company of Broward Bank of Commerce, to Home BancShares, parent company of Centennial Bank in 2014. Mr. Sallarulo currently serves on the Regional Board of Directors of Centennial Bank and serves on the Loan Committee, and Strategic Planning Committee. Mr. Sallarulo is the recipient of several prestigious awards including: Distinguished Alumni Achievement Award Nova Southeastern University 1996. Mr. Sallarulo is Chairman of The Special Olympics of Broward County, and has been an advocate for people with physical and mental challenges for more than 44 years.



Mr. Sallarulo graduated with a B.B.A. degree in Business Administration from Baruch College in New York City and an M.B.A. from Nova Southeastern University with honors in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

*Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.* Ronald J LoRicco, Sr. has served as a member of our board of directors since June, 2017. Mr. LoRicco attended Fairfield University where he received a Bachelor of Arts degree in 1986. Thereafter, he received a Juris Doctor degree from Quinnipiac College School of Law, formerly known as the University of Bridgeport, School of Law, in 1989, when he became affiliated with the firm. Mr. LoRicco practices in the areas of civil litigation, insurance defense, criminal law, estate planning and administration and workers compensation. He is also admitted to practice in United States District Court for the District of Connecticut. Mr. LoRicco is a member of the American, Connecticut, and New Haven Bar Associations, American Trial Lawyers Association and Connecticut Trial Lawyers Association. Mr. LoRicco presently serves several organizations. He supports the Board of the Jimmy Fund in its fundraising efforts. The Jimmy Fund is a local charitable organization providing assistance to families who have children suffering from cancer. He is also an avid supporter of the Juvenile Diabetes organization and the Yale New Haven Children's Hospital.

*Frank O. Monti, Sr.* Frank O. Monti, Sr. has served as a member of our board of directors since 2017. Mr. Monti is founder of CAM HVAC & Construction. Founded in 1974, CAM HVAC & Construction Inc. is a family-owned business focused on installing and repairing heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems. As a complete mechanical contracting company, CAM installs and services heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment and systems. Supported by 45 employees including highly skilled and licensed service technicians, pipefitters and sheet metal fabricators and installers, CAM provides a full range of services for both public bid projects and private companies.

## **Directors**

Our Board of Directors consists of four members. The terms of directors expire at the next annual shareholders meeting unless their terms are staggered as permitted in our Bylaws. Each shareholder is entitled to vote the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected. Shareholders do not have a right to cumulate their votes for directors.

## ***Committees of the Board of Directors***

We have not established any committees including an Audit Committee a Compensation Committee or a Nominating Committee, or any committee performing a similar function. We are an early stage company and have been unable to

attract qualified independent directors to serve on our board. Our board of directors consists of only four members and has not delegated any of its functions to committees. The entire board of directors acts as our audit committee as permitted under Section 3(a)(58)(B) of the Exchange Act. Our board of directors reviews the professional services provided by our independent auditors, the independence of our auditors from our management, our annual financial statements and our system of internal accounting controls. Further, as we are currently quoted on the OTC Markets, we are not subject to any exchange rule which includes qualitative requirements mandating the establishment of any particular committees. We do not have a policy regarding the consideration of any director candidates which may be recommended by our shareholders, including the minimum qualifications for director candidates, nor has our Board of Directors established a process for identifying and evaluating director nominees. We have not adopted a policy regarding the handling of any potential recommendation of director candidates by our shareholders, including the procedures to be followed. Our board has not considered or adopted any of these policies as we have never received a recommendation from any shareholder for any candidate to serve on our Board of Directors. Given the nature of our operations, we do not anticipate that any of our shareholders will make such a recommendation in the near future. While there have been no nominations of additional directors proposed, in the event such a proposal is made, all members of our Board will participate in the consideration of director nominees.

**Director Compensation**

The following table provides information concerning the compensation of our Board members for their services as members of our Board of Directors for 2017. The value attributable to any option awards is computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. The assumptions made in the valuations of the option awards are included in Note 14 of the Notes to our Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 appearing elsewhere in this report.

Name	Fees earned or paid in cash	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All other Compensation	Total
Vincent L. Celentano (1)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 30,900	\$ 30,900
Paul Sallarulo (2)	\$ 10,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 62,500	\$	\$	\$	\$ 197,500
Frank Monti, Sr. (3)	\$	\$	\$ 125,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 125,000
Ronald J. LoRiccio, Sr. (4)	\$	\$	\$ 125,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 125,000
Edward A. Cespedes (5)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

(1)

Mr. Celentano received consulting fees for project work done on behalf of the Company. Mr. Celentano receives no other compensation for his service as a director.

(2)

Mr. Sallarulo was issued 250,000 shares of restricted common stock on April 13, 2017. The shares were valued at the time at \$125,000. On October 17, 2017, Mr. Sallarulo was issued an option to purchase 250,000 shares of Paymeon, Inc. common stock at a strike price of \$0.25 per share. The option is valued at \$62,500.

(3)

Reflects the value of an option to purchase 500,000 shares of Paymeon, Inc. common stock issued on October 17, 2017 for a strike price of \$0.25 per share. The option is valued at \$125,000.

(4)

Reflects the value of an option to purchase 500,000 shares of Paymeon, Inc. common stock issued on October 17, 2017 for a strike price of \$0.25 per share. The option is valued at \$125,000.

(5)

Mr. Cespedes resigned from our board of directors on April 13, 2018. He received no compensation for his service as a director.

### ***Family Relationships***

There are no family relationships among any of our executive officers or directors.

### ***Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings***

None of our directors or executive officers have been convicted in a criminal proceeding, excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors, or has been a party to any judicial or administrative proceeding during the past ten years that resulted in a judgment, decree or final order enjoining the person from future violations of, or prohibiting activities subject to, federal or state securities laws, or a finding of any violation of federal or state securities laws, except for matters that were dismissed without sanction or settlement. Except as set forth in our discussion below in *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions*, none of our directors, director nominees or executive officers has been involved in any transactions with us or any of our directors, executive officers, affiliates or associates which are required to be disclosed pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

### **Code of Ethics**

Our Board has adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all of our employees, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Although not required, the Code of Ethics also applies to our directors. The Code of Ethics provides written standards that we believe are reasonably designed to deter wrongdoing and promote honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships, full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure and compliance with laws, rules and regulations, including insider trading, corporate opportunities and whistle-blowing or the prompt reporting of illegal or unethical behavior. A copy of the Code of Ethics is posted on our website ([www.paymeon.com](http://www.paymeon.com)). A request for a copy can be made in writing to PayMeOn, Inc., 2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, Fl. 33311, Attention: Mr. Vincent L. Celentano.



## **Shareholder Communications**

Although we do not have a formal policy regarding communications with our Board, shareholders may communicate with the Board by writing to us at PayMeOn, Inc., 2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, FL 33311. Attention: Mr. Vincent L. Celentano. Shareholders who would like their submission directed to a member of the Board may so specify, and the communication will be forwarded, as appropriate.

## **Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of common stock and the other equity securities. Officers, directors and 10% beneficial owners are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based solely on a review of the copies of the forms furnished to us, we believe that all filing requirements were complied with during 2017.

## **Item 11.**

### **Executive Compensation.**

The following table summarizes all compensation recorded by us in the last two completed fiscal years for:

.

Our principal executive officer or other individual serving in a similar capacity;

.

Our two most highly compensated executive officers other than our principal executive officer who were serving as executive officers at December 31, 2017 as that term is defined under Rule 3b-7 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

.

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Up to two additional individuals for whom disclosure would have been required but for the fact that the individual was not serving as an executive officer at December 31, 2017.

For definitional purposes, these individuals are sometimes referred to as the named executive officers .

Name	Years	Salary (\$)	Bonus(\$)	Stock	All Other	Total (\$)
				Awards(\$)	Compensation(\$)	
Edward						
Cespedes	2016	\$ 175,000	\$	\$	\$ 13,462	\$ 188,462 <sup>1</sup>
	2017	\$ 175,000	\$	\$	\$ 13,462	\$ 188,462 <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Approximately \$109,670 of salary and \$53,486 of vacation have been accrued but not paid.

<sup>2</sup> Approximately \$469,000 of salary and \$36,000 of vacation have been accrued but not paid.

On March 19, 2018, Mr. Cespedes forgave \$200,000 of accrued payroll due him.

Mr. Cespedes resigned from the Company on April 13, 2018.

***Employment Agreements***

Effective August 15, 2011, the Company entered into an executive employment agreement with Edward Cespedes. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Cespedes had agreed to serve as our chief executive officer. The term of the agreement was one year and extended until either party provided written notice to the other party not to further extend the agreement. The agreement provided for an initial base salary of \$250,000 per year with an increase at the discretion of the board of directors, paid vacation of at least four weeks per year and a reimbursement of all reasonable expenses. We had also entered into an indemnification agreement with Mr. Cespedes. Due to the Company's financial situation, on July 18, 2014, Mr. Cespedes forgave approximately \$326,727 of accrued payroll and amended his employment agreement to reduce his base salary by 30% and eliminated his guaranteed bonus of \$50,000 per year.

On March 19, 2018, Mr. Cespedes forgave \$200,000 of accrued payroll. Mr. Cespedes resigned from the Company on April 13, 2018.

Except as otherwise disclosed above, we have not entered into employment agreements with, nor have we authorized any payments upon termination or change-in-control to any of our executive officers or key employees.



### **How Compensation for our Directors and Executive Officers was Determined**

During 2017, our non-executive directors received stock and stock option awards commensurate with what we believe is commensurate with the pay of directors of publicly traded entities similar to ours. One of our directors received a cash payment of \$10,000 upon joining the board. Our chairman, Vincent L. Celentano, received \$30,900 over the course of 2017 for fees related to project work done for the Company. Edward Cespedes, our chief executive officer during 2017 and until April 13, 2018, was compensated as per his employment agreement entered into on August 15, 2011 and amended on July 18, 2014. Mr. Cespedes resigned on April 13, 2018.

### **2017 Option Grants to Executive Officers**

None.

### **Outstanding Equity Awards At Fiscal Year-End**

None.

### **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

None. We have not issued any options, warrants or other equity or non-equity-based incentives nor has any equity award/compensation has been awarded to, earned by, or paid to any of our executive officers, directors or key employees; therefore, we have omitted an Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End Table as permitted under Regulation S-K. Further, as a smaller reporting company we are providing the scaled disclosures as permitted by Regulation S-K and therefore, have omitted a Grants of Plan Based Award Table, Options Exercised and Stock Vested Table, Pension Benefits Table and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table.

### **Item 12.**

### **Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.**

The following table shows the number of shares and percentage of all shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of June 25, 2018, held by any person known to the Company to be the beneficial owner of 5% or more of the Company's outstanding common stock, by each executive officer and director, and by all directors and executive officers as a group. The persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned. Unless otherwise noted below, each beneficial owner has sole power to vote and dispose of the shares and the address of such person is c/o our corporate offices at 2688 NW 29<sup>TH</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, Florida 33311. Pursuant to Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, a person has beneficial ownership of any securities as to which such person, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, undertaking, relationship or otherwise has or shares voting power and/or investment power or as to which such person has the right to acquire such voting and/or investment power within 60 days. Applicable percentage of ownership is based on 131,018,674 of common stock outstanding as of June 25, 2018, together with 3,913,801 shares of securities exercisable or convertible into shares of common stock within sixty (60) days of June 25, 2018 for each stockholder.

<b>Name of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</b>	<b>% of Class</b>
Vincent L. Celentano (1)	24,399,525	17.35%
RVRM Holdings, LLC (2)	19,250,000	14.31%
CAM Group of Florida, Inc. (3)	600,000	0.08%
Paul Sallarulo (4)	501,160	0.19%
Edward A. Cespedes (5)	13,996,892	9.92%
Totals	58,747,577	43.54%

(1)

Includes shares held by Mr. Celentano directly and by two companies of which he is the 100% owner and manager, Celentano Consulting Company, LLC and VCVC, LLC. Also includes 1,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of common stock purchase option exercisable at \$0.51 per share, and 663,801 shares issuable upon conversion of outstanding convertible notes in the aggregate principal and interest amount of \$223,552.

(2)

RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by our director, Ronald J. LoRiccio, Sr. Includes 500,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of common stock purchase option exercisable at \$0.25 per share.

(3)

CAM Group of Florida, Inc. is controlled by our director, Frank Monti, Sr. Includes 500,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of common stock purchase option exercisable at \$0.25 per share.

(4)

Includes 250,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of common stock purchase option exercisable at \$0.25 per share.

(5)

Includes shares held by Mr. Cespedes directly, by the Edward A. Cespedes Revocable Trust Dated August 2007, and by EAC, a holding company owned 100% by Mr. Cespedes. Also includes 1,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of common stock purchase option exercisable at \$0.51 per share. Mr. Cespedes resigned on April 13, 2018.

### **Item 13.**

#### **Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.**

Except as disclosed below, we are currently not a part to any related party transaction, including transaction in which:

.

The amounts involved exceeded or will exceed the lesser of \$120,000 or 1% of the average of our Company's total assets at year-end for the last two fiscal years; and

.

A director, executive officer or holder of more than 5% of our common stock or any member of his or her immediate family had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company had issued and outstanding a series of unsecured promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$535,048 to Vincent Celentano and William Celentano and their affiliated entities. The notes bear interest at an annual rate of 7% and were payable on or before twelve months from the date of issuance (all of which were extended as noted herein). Subject to certain limitations below, the notes may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price ranging from \$0.10 to \$0.345 per share, subject to adjustment. The conversion of the notes may be limited if, upon conversion, the holder thereof would beneficially own more than 4.9% of the Company's common stock. The Company used the proceeds for working capital purposes. William Celentano is the brother of Vincent Celentano. Each person disclaims beneficial interest in the securities held by the other. During the year ended December 31, 2017 Vincent and William Celentano and their affiliated entities converted \$368,336 of notes and accrued interest into 2,248,620 shares of common stock.

On March 19, 2018, the Company amended the Note with CAM Group of Florida, Inc. CAM Group of Florida, Inc. is controlled by one of our directors, Frank Monti, Sr. The Note is for the amount of \$200,000 and was originally issued on August 9, 2017 and was then extended to February 28, 2018. The Note was amended to be a demand note. The Note is now due on demand from the Lender. The Lender agreed to amend the Note with no penalty and all original terms remain in place.

On March 28, 2018, the Company borrowed \$50,000 (out of the total availability of \$100,000) under the Demand Revolving Credit Line from EAC. The Demand Revolving Credit Line bears interest at an annual rate of 5%. EAC is controlled by our former chairman and chief executive officer. The amount borrowed is due on demand. EAC issued a demand for repayment on April 13, 2018 which has not been paid through the date of this filing.

The Company maintains two corporate credit cards that are secured by our former chairman and chief executive officer. As of June 21, 2018, one corporate credit card was paid in full and closed. Also, as of June 21, 2018, the remaining corporate credit card has an outstanding balance of approximately \$49,286.

On April 27, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$50,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

Currently, we have no formal procedures in effect for reviewing and pre-approving any transactions between us, our directors, officers and other affiliates. We will use our best efforts to ensure that all transactions are on terms at least as favorable to the Company as we would negotiate with unrelated third parties.



**Item 14.****Principal Accounting Fees and Services.**

Currently, our Board reviews and approves audit and permissible non-audit services performed by its independent registered public accounting firms of KBL, LLP and Liggett & Webb P.A. (formerly known as Liggett, Vogt & Webb, P.A.), as well as the fees charged for such services. In its review of non-audit service and its appointments of KBL, LLP and Liggett & Webb P.A., the Company's independent registered public accounting firms for the respective years, the Board considered whether the provision of such services is compatible with maintaining independence. All of the services provided, and fees charged by KBL, LLP and Liggett & Webb P.A. were approved by the Board, acting as our Audit Committee. The following table shows the fees for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

	<b>2017</b>		<b>2016</b>
Audit Fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 29,625	\$	47,000
Audit Related Fees <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 15,000	\$	
Tax Fees	\$ 4,850	\$	4,850
All Other Fees	\$	\$	

(1).

Audit fees – these fees relate to the audit of our annual financial statements and the review of our interim quarterly financial statements billed during the respective years.

(2)

Audit Related Fees – these fees relate to the audited and unaudited financial statements for Basalt America.

**PART IV****Item 15.****Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.**

(a)

Documents filed as part of the report.

(1) All Financial Statements

(2) Financial Statements Schedule

(3) Exhibits

**Exhibits**

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Exhibit Description</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>			<b>Filed or</b>
		<b>Form</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Furnished</b>
<b>No.</b>			<b>Filed</b>		<b>Herewith</b>
2.1	<u>Merger Agreement dated February 17, 2011</u>	8-K	3/21/11	2.1	
3.1	<u>Articles of Incorporation</u>	S-1	11/4/08	3.1	
3.2	<u>Amendment to Articles of Incorporation</u>	S-1	11/4/08	3.3	
3.3	<u>Amendment to Articles of Incorporation increasing capital stock and blank check preferred</u>	8-K	4/3/13	3.1	
3.4	<u>Amendment to Articles of Incorporation Name change and reverse split effective May 17, 2013</u>	8-K	5/6/13	3.1	
3.5	<u>Bylaws</u>	S-1/A	12/8/11	3.5	
10.1	<u>Indemnification Agreement</u>	8-K	2/18/11	10.1	
10.2	<u>Sublease Agreement</u>	8-K	10/28/15	10.2	

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10.3	<u>Employment Agreement with Edward Cespedes</u>	8-K	8/15/11	10.1
10.4	<u>Agreement with Adility, Inc.</u>	S-1/A	12/8/11	10.7
10.5	<u>Form of Secured Convertible Promissory Note</u>	8-K	1/3/13	10.1
10.6	<u>Form of General Security Agreement</u>	8-K	1/3/13	10.2
10.7	<u>WCIS Asset Purchase Agreement effective April 1, 2013</u>	DEF 14A	3/19/13	
10.8	<u>Membership Interest Purchase Agreement dated July 18, 2014, A Better Bike, LLC</u>	8-K	7/22/14	10.1
10.9	<u>Membership Interest Purchase Agreement dated July 18, 2014, EBIKES, LLC</u>	8-K	7/22/14	10.2
10.10	<u>Amendment to Edward Cespedes Executive Employment Agreement dated July 18, 2014</u>	8-K	7/22/14	10.3
10.11	<u>Form of Non Exclusive Dealer Agreement with Prodeco Technologies LLC</u>	10-K	3/26/15	10.12
10.12	<u>Form of 7% Unsecured 12 Month Promissory Note issued by Prodeco Technologies, LLC in Favor of Paymeon, Inc.</u>	10-K	3/26/15	10.13
10.13	<u>Unsecured promissory note dated October 22, 2015 in the principal amount of \$300,000 issued to PDQ Auctions, LLC for leasehold improvements</u>	8-K	10/28/15	10.1
10.14	<u>License Agreement entered on December 11, 2016 with RAW ENERGY MATERIALS, CORP.</u>	10-Q	4/11/18	10.1
10.15	<u>First Amendment to License Agreement entered into on January 5, 2017 with RAW ENERGY MATERIALS, CORP.</u>	10-Q	4/11/18	10.2
10.16	<u>Operating Agreement of Basalt America Territory 1, LLC</u>			Filed
10.18	<u>Letter of resignation Ed Cespedes</u>			Filed
10.19	<u>Membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Rockstar Acquisitions, LLC d/b/a Basalt America</u>			Filed



10.20	<u>3-year extension to unsecured promissory note dated October 22, 2015 in the principal amount of \$300,000 issued to PDO Auctions, LLC for leasehold improvements</u>				Filed
10.23	<u>Form for all Notes payable related party convertible notes</u>				Filed
10.24	<u>Related party 7% unsecured promissory note dated January 20, 2015 in the principal amount of \$75,000 from Prodeco Technologies, LLC</u>				Filed
10.25	<u>Related party \$200,000 Secured Promissory Note and General Collateral Assignment and Security Agreement with CAM Group of Florida dated August 9, 2017</u>				Filed
10.26	<u>Non-interest bearing demand note from a related party dated May 25, 2017 in the amount of \$10,000</u>				Filed
10.27	<u>Non-interest bearing demand note from a related party dated June 2, 2017 in the amount of \$5,000</u>				Filed
14.1	<u>Code of Ethics</u>	10-K	4/5/12	14.1	
21.1	<u>List of subsidiaries of the Company</u>				Filed
31.1	<u>Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)</u>				Filed
31.2	<u>Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)</u>				Filed
32.1	<u>Certification Pursuant to Section 1350</u>				Furnished
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document				Filed
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				Filed
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document				Filed
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document				Filed
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				Filed
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				Filed

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 17, 2018

**PayMeOn, Inc.**

By: */s/ Vincent L. Celentano*  
Vincent L. Celentano  
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
<i>/s/ Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.</i> Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.	Director	July 17, 2018
<i>/s/ Paul M. Sallarulo</i> Paul M. Sallarulo	Director	July 17, 2018
<i>/s/ Frank Monti, Sr.</i> Frank Monti, Sr.	Director	July 17, 2018



**INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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## **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
of PayMeOn, Inc. and Subsidiaries

### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of PayMeOn, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2017, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017, and the results of its consolidated operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2016, and for the year ended were audited by other auditors, who issued an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements with a going concern uncertainty, with a report date of April 26, 2017. As discussed in Note 4, these consolidated financial statements have been restated to retroactively reflect the acquisition of Rockstar Acquisitions, LLC. In our opinion such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. However, we were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the 2016 consolidated financial statements of the Company other than with respect to such adjustments and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2016 consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Basis for Opinion**

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of

material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal controls over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

***Going Concern Consideration***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has sustained significant operating losses and needs to obtain additional financing to continue the services they provide. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

***/s/ KBL, LLP***

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017.

KBL, LLP

New York, NY

July 16, 2018

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors of:

PayMeOn, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of PayMeOn, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2016. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of PayMeOn, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has a net loss of \$3,697,453, a working capital deficiency of \$2,320,139, used cash in operations of \$455,499 and an accumulated deficit of \$11,764,087 at December 31, 2016. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans concerning these matters are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

We were not engaged to audit, review or apply any procedures to the adjustments to retrospectively apply the change in accounting described in Note 4 for the acquisition of Rockstar Acquisitions, LLC and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance about whether such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. Those adjustments were audited by KBL, LLP and are included in their audit report dated July 16, 2018.

Very truly yours,

LIGGETT & WEBB, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Boynton Beach, Florida

April 26, 2017



**PAYMEON, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash	\$ 188,738	\$ 88,338
Inventory	380,265	
Prepaid expenses	57,793	48,362
Current assets held for sale		11,916
Other current assets	24,000	1,194
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>650,796</b>	<b>149,810</b>
Fixed assets, net	456,709	227,397
Licensing agreements, net	447,260	497,260
Deposits	1,060,000	12,397
<b>TOTAL LONG TERM ASSETS</b>	<b>1,963,969</b>	<b>737,054</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,614,765</b>	<b>\$ 886,864</b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</u></b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 355,684	\$ 346,525
Accounts payable - related party		500,000
Due to related party	51,048	56,635
Customer deposits		34,634
Accrued expenses	1,224,716	1,058,446
Current liabilities held for sale	4,000	5,885
Notes payable	30,000	2,000
Notes payable - related party	215,000	
Liability for stock to be issued	100,000	
Note payable - convertible	300,000	300,000
Notes payable related party- convertible	290,273	600,414
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>2,570,721</b>	<b>2,904,539</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>2,570,721</b>	<b>2,904,539</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (SEE NOTE 12)</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>		

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Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding, respectively		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 128,305,800 and 97,680,242 shares issued and outstanding, respectively as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016	128,306	97,680
Additional paid in capital	14,917,066	10,174,836
Subscription receivable	(500)	
Accumulated deficit	(15,225,303)	(12,290,191)
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) - CONTROLLING INTEREST</b>	<b>(180,431)</b>	<b>(2,017,675)</b>
Non-controlling interest	224,475	
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>	<b>44,044</b>	<b>(2,017,675)</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>	<b>\$ 2,614,765</b>	<b>\$ 886,864</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PAYMEON, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	<b>For the Years Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>Revenue</b>		
Products Sales - Rebar	\$ 9,664	\$
Total revenue	9,664	
Total cost of goods sold	5,860	
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>3,804</b>	
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Professional fees	251,971	118,431
Payroll and payroll taxes	333,511	184,953
Consulting	933,548	1,060,407
General and administrative	836,330	554,031
Total Operating Expenses	2,355,360	1,917,822
<b>NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(2,351,556)</b>	<b>(1,917,822)</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME / (EXPENSES)</b>		
Gain on sale of investment		30,000
Interest on judgment	(18,472)	(18,521)
Interest expense	(151,851)	(285,457)
Total other expenses	(170,323)	(273,978)
<b>LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES AND LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(2,521,879)</b>	<b>(2,191,800)</b>
<b>LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(413,208)</b>	<b>(1,505,653)</b>
Net loss before provision for income taxes	(2,935,087)	(3,697,453)
Provision for income taxes		
<b>NET LOSS</b>	<b>(2,935,087)</b>	<b>(3,697,453)</b>
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	25	
Net loss attributable to controlling interest	\$ (2,935,112)	\$ (3,697,453)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted		

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Continuing operations	\$	(0.024)	\$	(0.143)
Discontinued operations		(0.004)		(0.104)
Total	\$	(0.028)	\$	(0.247)

Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted	104,587,211	14,447,469
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**PAYMEON, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	<b>Preferred Stock Share Par Value</b>	<b>Common Stock Shares</b>	<b>Par Value</b>	<b>Additional Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Accumulated Deficit</b>	<b>Subscription Receivable</b>	<b>Non- controlling Interest</b>	<b>Total Stockholders' Deficit</b>
Balance December 31, 2015	\$	12,863,457	\$ 12,863	\$ 6,701,380	\$ (8,592,738)	\$	\$	\$ (1,878,495)
Stock-based compensation				1,138,842				1,138,842
Beneficial Conversion feature on convertible debt				62,725				62,725
Common stock issued for services		790,000	790	359,410				360,200
Shares issued for cash		1,500,000	1,500	291,500				293,000
Shares of stock issued in conversion of notes payable and accrued interest		2,026,785	2,027	1,112,705				1,114,732
Basalt America equity		80,500,000	80,500	508,274				588,774
Net loss					(3,697,453)			(3,697,453)
Balance December 31, 2016		97,680,242	97,680	10,174,836	(12,290,191)			(2,017,675)
Purchase of Basalt America (representing capital contributions in Basalt America		95,500,000	15,000	985,000				1,000,000

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prior to acquisition by the Company)							
Shares issued in conversion of convertible notes payable - related parties and accrued interest	2,248,620	2,249	366,087				368,336
Shares issued to extend debt (recorded as interest expense)	200,000	200	71,800				72,000
Stock-based compensation			815,790				815,790
Shares issued for cash	9,446,938	9,447	2,166,733				2,176,180
Shares issued for services	3,730,000	3,730	58,770				62,500
Interest in joint venture - Basalt Territory 1			278,050				278,050
Subscription receivable					(500)		(500)
Non-controlling interest						224,450	224,450
Net loss				(2,935,112)		25	(2,935,087)
Balance December 31, 2017	\$ 128,305,800	\$ 128,306	\$ 14,917,066	\$ (15,225,303)	\$ (500)	\$ 224,475	\$ 44,044

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PAYMEON, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	<b>For the Years Ended</b>	
	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net loss attributable to controlling interests	\$ (2,935,112)	\$ (3,697,453)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Non-controlling interest adjustment	25	
Cash effect of acquisition of Basalt America		77,997
Depreciation	18,638	65,131
Amortization of debt discount	10,407	200,716
Loss on extinguishment of debt	72,000	1,078,232
Stock-based compensation	815,790	1,138,842
Loss on leasehold and deposit	221,328	
Amortization of license agreement	50,000	
Common stock issued for services	62,500	407,680
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(9,431)	7,327
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(377,184)	55,836
Decrease in accounts receivable	8,835	
Increase in other current assets	(22,806)	(499)
Decrease in accrued expenses - related party	(500,000)	(10,544)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(34,634)	31,036
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	321,219	268,197
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,298,425)	(377,502)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of equipment	(456,881)	(2,160)
Deposits on machinery and equipment	(1,060,000)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,516,881)	(2,160)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from purchase order funding		55,000
Proceeds from purchase order funding - related party		4,000
Repayment to related party	(5,589)	
Proceeds from notes payable - related party	215,000	
Proceeds from related party		33,397
Repayment of purchase order funding	(1,885)	(31,615)
Proceeds from notes payable	30,000	5,000
Repayment of note payable		(5,000)

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Proceeds from sale of JV interest	502,500		
Proceeds from notes payable related party - convertible			63,975
Proceeds from sale of common stock	3,175,680		293,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,915,706		417,757
NET INCREASE IN CASH	100,400		38,095
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	88,338		50,243
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 188,738	\$	88,338

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**PAYMEON, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)**

**For the Years Ended**

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	\$
Cash paid for interest expense	\$	\$

**Supplemental disclosure of non cash investing & financing activities:**

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company received \$63,975 from a related party in exchange for convertible notes payable of \$63,975 with the beneficial conversion feature valued at \$62,725.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock valued at \$235,000 (\$0.47 per share) for prepaid consulting services.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company issued 2,026,785 shares of common stock valued at \$1,114,732 (\$0.55 per share) for the conversion of \$36,500 of loans and purchase order financing. The Company recognized a loss on the conversion of \$1,078,232.

On February 21, 2017, the Company executed a membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Basalt America. In consideration of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of Basalt America, the Company issued an aggregate of 95,500,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the members of Basalt America. As of December 31, 2016 Basalt America, had 80,500,000 membership units outstanding. For accounting purposes, the transaction is recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASU 805-50-25-2 as this is considered an acquisition of entities under common control as the board of directors of the Company and of Basalt America are the same and control the activities of the respective companies. As of December 31, 2016, the Company acquired cash of \$77,997, licenses net of amortization of \$497,260, accounts payable of \$12,585 and accounts payable related - related party of \$500,000.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION, NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN**

*(A) Organization*

On March 16, 2011 PayMeOn, Inc., a Nevada corporation organized on May 30, 2006 (the "Company" or "PayMeOn") completed its agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement") to acquire Hyperlocal Marketing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company ("Hyperlocal"), pursuant to which Hyperlocal merged with and into HLM PayMeOn, Inc., a Florida corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the Hyperlocal members received 301,296 shares of the Company common stock, which equals approximately 50.1% of the total shares of the Company issued and outstanding following the merger on a fully diluted basis. In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 360-10-45-15, the transaction is accounted for as a reverse acquisition. Hyperlocal is considered the accounting acquirer and the acquiree is the Company since the members of Hyperlocal obtained voting and management control of the Company and the transaction has been accounted for as a reverse merger and recapitalization.

Hyperlocal was originally organized in the State of Florida on January 22, 2010. The Company has focused its efforts on organizational activities, raising capital, software development and evaluating operational opportunities.

In 2014, the Company began selling Prodeco Technologies, LLC brand electric bicycles, an affiliate entity, of which the Company acquired a 19.4% equity interest. During 2015, the Company expanded its sales of electric bicycles to include sales of electric bicycles and related products made by other manufacturers in a retail store location in Fort Lauderdale.

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company formed a new subsidiary, PayMeOn Brands, Inc., to pursue the business of developing, marketing, managing and monetizing lifestyle brands and products. The Company intended to develop and leverage its relationships and expertise with respect to manufacturing processes, wholesale and retail distribution networks, and social influencer promotion, primarily targeting youth oriented "lifestyle" markets to create and grow new and existing brands across several market segments.

On October 16, 2016, the Company formed a new, wholly-owned company called Xtreme Fat Tire Bike Holdings, LLC ( Xtreme ). The Company was formed to pursue potential development of the fat tire segment of the electric bikes market. To date, Xtreme has had no material operations.

On February 21, 2017, the Company executed a membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Rockstar Acquisitions, LLC d/b/a Basalt America ( Basalt America ). Basalt America leverages its licensed intellectual property, technology and processes to produce Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products that are used as replacements for steel products that reinforce concrete such as rebar. In consideration of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of Basalt America, the Company issued an aggregate of 95,500,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the members of Basalt America. For accounting purposes, the transaction is recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50-25-2 as this is considered an acquisition of entities under common control as the Board of Directors of the Company and of Basalt America are the same and control the activities of the respective companies.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Company entered into a term sheet for a Joint Venture ( Joint Venture ) with accredited investors for the management of Basalt America Territory 1, LLC, which will have the exclusive rights to manage sales for Dade, Broward and Monroe Counties in the State of Florida. In conjunction with entering into the Joint Venture, the investors provided total proceeds of \$502,500 which was used as a deposit to purchase future inventory from May to August 2017. Operations commenced during the fourth quarter of 2017. The Company owns 55.3% of the Joint Venture and the investors own 44.7% of the joint venture.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Company entered into a term sheet for a Joint Venture with an accredited investor for the management of Basalt America Territory 2, LLC, which was to have the exclusive rights to manage sales for Rhode Island. The Joint Venture expected to commence operations during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, 2017. As of the date of this report, the Joint Venture has not been formalized (no definitive documentation, nor operating agreement have been executed) and has not commenced operations. If and when the Joint Venture is formalized, it is expected that the Company will own 50% of the Joint Venture.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION, NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN (CONTINUED)**

*(A) Organization (Continued)*

On March 19, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. and Paymeon Brands, Inc. as they made a strategic shift into the basalt fiber reinforced polymer business with the acquisition of Basalt America. The disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. was effective May 1, 2018. As a result of this disposal under ASC 205-20-45-1E, the Company has presented the assets and liabilities of this segment as held for sale and as discontinued operations and have reclassified the prior year balances to reflect this strategic shift.

PayMeOn and its wholly owned subsidiaries are herein referred to as the "Company".

*(B) Principles of Consolidation*

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PayMeOn, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, PayMeOn Brands, Inc, HLM PayMeOn, Inc. Xtreme Fat Tire Bike Holdings. LLC, Basalt America, and Basalt America Territory 1, LLC, a majority owned subsidiary. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated in the consolidation.

*(C) Going Concern*

Since inception, the Company has incurred net operating losses and used cash in operations. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$15,225,303, a working capital deficiency of \$1,919,925 and cash used in operations of \$2,298,425 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Losses have principally occurred as a result of the substantial resources required for product development and marketing of the Company's products which included the general and administrative expenses associated with its organization and product development.

The acquisition of Basalt America and commencement of production related to the products we will produce will require substantial additional investment in plant and equipment. In addition, we will have to invest substantial sums in the creation of a sales and marketing program designed to introduce our products to the industry.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effect on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result from the outcome of these uncertainties. Management believes that the actions presently being taken to obtain additional funding and implement its strategic plan provides the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern.

## **NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### ***(A) Cash***

The Company considers all highly liquid temporary cash instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company has no cash equivalents as of December 31, 2017.

### ***(B) Use of Estimates in Financial Statements***

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates during the period covered by these financial statements include the useful lives of depreciable assets, valuation of inventory allowances, valuation of deferred tax asset, stock-based compensation and any beneficial conversion features on convertible debt.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

*(C) Fair Value Measurements and Fair Value of Financial Instruments*

The Company adopted FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements. ASC Topic 820 clarifies the definition of fair value, prescribes methods for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1-Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available at the measurement date.

Level 2-Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3-Inputs are unobservable inputs which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions on what assumptions the market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best available information.

The Company did not identify any assets or liabilities that are required to be presented on the balance sheets at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 820.

Due to the short-term nature of all financial assets and liabilities, their carrying value approximates their fair value as of the balance sheet date.

*(D) Accounts Receivable*

Accounts receivable are recorded at fair value on the date revenue is recognized. The Company provides allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to repay their obligation. If the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to repay, additional allowances may be required. The Company provides for potential uncollectible accounts receivable based on specific customer identification and historical collection experience adjusted for existing market conditions. If market conditions decline, actual collection experience may not meet expectations and may result in decreased cash flows and increased bad debt expense. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company has no accounts receivable and therefore the Company has not recorded an allowance for bad debts.

**(E) Inventories**

The Company's inventories consist entirely of purchased finished goods. Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company has not recorded an allowance for the valuation of the inventory or inventory obsolescence.

**(F) Fixed assets**

Fixed assets consist of machinery, computer equipment, leasehold improvements and website costs which are capitalized at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated by using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which is three or seven years for all categories. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for betterments and renewals are capitalized. The cost of fixed assets and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts upon retirement or disposal with any resulting gain or loss being recorded in operations.

The Company has adopted the provisions of ASC 350-50-15, "Accounting for Web Site Development Costs." Costs incurred in the planning stage of a website are expensed as research and development while costs incurred in the development stage are capitalized and amortized over the life of the asset, estimated to be three years. These assets are fully depreciated as of December 31, 2017.



**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016****NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

<b>Asset Category</b>	<b>Depreciation/ Amortization Period</b>
Machinery	7 Years
Website costs	5 Years
Computer equipment	3 Years

Fixed assets consist of the following:

	<b>December 31, 2017</b>		<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Computer equipment	\$ 13,605	\$	6,724
Machinery	450,000		
Leasehold improvements			300,000
Website development	24,775		24,775
Total	488,380		331,499
Accumulated depreciation	(31,671)		(104,102)
Balance	\$ 456,709	\$	227,397

During the year ended December 31, 2017 the Company identified leasehold improvements that were impaired in the amount of \$300,000. The Company recognized a loss on the impairment of \$221,328, reflected in the loss from discontinued operations. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$18,638, and \$65,131, respectively.

On October 22, 2015, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$300,000 to PDQ Auctions, LLC for leasehold improvements of the facilities subleased from PDQ Auctions, LLC. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 7% and was originally payable on or before October 22, 2017 (subsequently extended until May 2021, see below), unless the note was converted or prepaid prior to the maturity date. Subject to certain limitations below, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.35 per share, subject to adjustment. In the event the Company issues any

new or additional promissory notes that pay an interest rate that exceeds 7% per annum, then the holder shall be entitled to request an increase in the interest rate payable on the note to an amount equal to the rate being paid on the new or additional notes (which occurred on September 22, 2017, see below). The conversion of the note may be limited if, upon conversion, the holder thereof would beneficially own more than 4.9% of the Company's common stock. The note may be prepaid at the option of the Company commencing 190 days after the issuance of the note. On September 22, 2017, the Company issued a total of 200,000 shares of common stock valued at \$72,000 (\$0.38 per share) in conjunction with an extension of the note to April 22, 2018. The interest rate on the Note was also increased to 10% per annum. The modifications to the debt was reflected as a material modification in the Company's quarter ended September 30, 2017. On May 2, 2018, the Company secured a three-year extension of the convertible note in return for (1) a \$5,000 per month payment applicable to current interest and principal beginning on April 22, 2018, and (2) the issuance of 274,575 new, restricted common shares. The shares were issued on June 13, 2018. As of June 15, 2018, the Company has not yet commenced making the \$5,000 per month payments required by the extension. The modifications to this debt instrument will be reflected as a material modification in the Company's quarter ending June 30, 2018.

***(G) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or a change in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the asset. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company determined that no impairment was necessary.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

***(H) Revenue Recognition***

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update ( ASU ) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This standard provides a single set of guidelines for revenue recognition to be used across all industries and requires additional disclosures. The updated guidance introduces a five-step model to achieve its core principal of the entity recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company adopted the updated guidance effective January 1, 2018 using the full retrospective method.

Under ASC 606, in order to recognize revenue, the Company is required to identify an approved contract with commitments to preform respective obligations, identify rights of each party in the transaction regarding goods to be transferred, identify the payment terms for the goods transferred, verify that the contract has commercial substance and verify that collection of substantially all consideration is probable. The adoption of ASC 606 did not have an impact on the Company s operations or cash flows as it relates to revenue for Basalt America.

Amounts billed to customers in sales transactions related to shipping and handling, represent revenues earned for the goods provided and are included in net sales.

**Discontinued Operations**

The Company recognized revenue from product sales to customers, distributors and resellers when products that do not require further services or installation by the Company are shipped, when there are no uncertainties surrounding customer acceptance and when collectability is reasonably assured in accordance with FASB ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, as amended and interpreted. Cash received by the Company prior to shipment was recorded as deferred revenue. Sales were made to customers under terms allowing certain limited rights of return and other limited product and performance warranties for which provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

***(I) Loss Per Share***

The basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares during the period. The diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net loss by the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. The diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding is the basic weighted number of shares adjusted for any potentially dilutive debt or equity.

	<b>For the years ended</b>	
	<b>December 31,</b>	
<b>Dilutive shares not included in loss per share computation</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Options	5,600,000	4,207,181
Warrants	5,650,000	
Convertible shares	1,598,096	3,684,279
	12,848,096	7,891,460

***(J) Stock-Based Compensation***

The Company recognizes compensation costs to employees under FASB ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. Under FASB ASC Topic 718, companies are required to measure the compensation costs of share-based compensation arrangements based on the grant-date fair value and recognize the costs in the financial statements over the period during which employees are required to provide services. Share based compensation arrangements include stock options, restricted share plans, performance-based awards, share appreciation rights and employee share purchase plans. As such, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant at their fair value. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the option grant.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

***(J) Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)***

Equity instruments issued to other than employees are recorded on the basis of the fair value of the instruments, as required by FASB ASC Topic 505, Equity Based Payments to Non-Employees. In general, the measurement date is when either a (a) performance commitment, as defined, is reached or (b) the earlier of (i) the non-employee performance is complete or (ii) the instruments are vested. The measured value related to the instruments is recognized over a period based on the facts and circumstances of each particular grant as defined in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification.

***(K) Cost of Sales***

Components of cost of sales include product costs and shipping costs to customers.

***(L) Shipping and Handling Costs***

The Company includes shipping and handling fees billed to customers as revenue and shipping and handling costs to customers as cost of revenue.

***(M) Reclassification***

Certain amounts from prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

***(N) Segment Information***

In accordance with the provisions of ASC 280-10, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, the Company is required to report financial and descriptive information about its reportable operating segments. The Company prior to March 19, 2018 when they decided to dispose of the electric bicycles and apparel lifestyle brands segment to focus entirely on the concrete reinforcement products made from basalt fiber, which was formally disposed on May 1, 2018, had three segments in 2017 and two segments in 2016. As a result of this strategic shift and in accordance with ASC 205-20-45-1E has reclassified two of these segments as assets and liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations. Therefore, the Company only operates in one segment and has not presented segment reporting for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

***(O) Income Taxes***

The Company accounts for income taxes under FASB ASC Topic 740-10-25 ("ASC 740-10-25"). Under ASC 740-10-25, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under ASC 740-10-25, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

On December 22, 2017, Public Law 115-97, informally referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ( the TCJA ) was enacted into law. The TCJA provides for significant changes to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that impact corporate taxation requirements. Effective January 1, 2018, the federal tax rate for corporations was reduced from 35% to 21% for US taxable income and requires one-time re-measurement of deferred taxes to reflect their value at a lower tax rate of 21%. Also, mandatory repatriation of untaxed foreign earnings and profits will be taxed at 15.5% to the extent the underlying assets are liquid and 8% on the remaining balance. There are other provisions to the TCJA, such as conversion of a worldwide system to a territorial system, limitations on interest expense and domestic production deductions, which will be effective in fiscal 2019. The Company anticipates its effective tax rate to be 28% to 30%, excluding the one-time impact of the TCJA for fiscal 2018 primarily due to the reduction in the federal tax rate. The Company's actual effective tax rate for fiscal 2018 may differ from management's estimate due to changes in interpretations and assumptions. Due to the timing of enactment and complexity of the TCJA, the Company is unable to estimate a reasonable range of the one-time impact associated with mandatory repatriation, re-measurement of deferred taxes and other provisions of the TCJA.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016****NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

The Company does not anticipate any changes to its provision for income taxes for the tax bill that has gone into effect for fiscal years ending starting in 2018.

	<b>December 31, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Expected income tax (benefit) expense at the statutory rate of 37.63%	\$ (1,104,465)	\$ (1,391,352)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible for income tax purposes (net of other amounts deductible for tax purposes) permanent differences	136,870	906,433
Change in valuation allowance	967,595	484,919
Provision for income taxes	\$	\$

The components of deferred income taxes are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Deferred income tax asset - related to stock-based compensation and impairment (permanent differences)	\$ 756,064	\$ 756,064
Net operating loss carryforwards	3,092,148	2,124,553
Effect of TCJA recalculation	(1,366,527)	(938,914)
Valuation allowance	(2,481,685)	(1,941,703)
Deferred income taxes	\$	\$

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has a net operating loss carry forward of approximately \$8,200,000 available to offset future taxable income through 2037. This results in deferred tax assets of approximately \$2,500,000 as of December 31, 2017, offset by a valuation allowance at December 31, 2017 which was approximately \$2,500,000. The change in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2017 was an increase of approximately \$540,000. Tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013 are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

As a result of the Hyperlocal acquisition in 2011 and Basalt America in 2017 and the corresponding change in ownership, the Company's NOLs are subject to a Section 382 limitation.

***(P) Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements***

Accounting guidance on non-controlling interests in consolidated financial statements requires that a non-controlling interest in the equity of a subsidiary be accounted for and reported as equity, provides revised guidance on the treatment of net income and losses attributable to the non-controlling interest and changes in ownership interests in a subsidiary and requires additional disclosures that identify and distinguish between the interests of the controlling and non-controlling owners. Net income attributable to the non-controlling interests totaling \$25 for the year ended December 31, 2017.



**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 3 RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-11, *Earnings Per Share (Topic 260) Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480) Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)*, which addresses the complexity of accounting for certain financial instruments with down round features. Down round features are features of certain equity-linked instruments (or embedded features) that result in the strike price being reduced on the basis of the pricing of future equity offerings. Current accounting guidance creates cost and complexity for entities that issue financial instruments (such as warrants and convertible instruments) with down round features that require fair value measurement of the entire instrument or conversion option. For public business entities, the amendments in Part I of this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. For all other entities, the amendments in Part I of this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is assessing the impact, if any, of implementing this guidance on its financial position and results of operations.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04 *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350), Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. The amendments in this update are required for public business entities that have goodwill reported in their financial statements and have not elected the private company alternative for the subsequent measurement of goodwill. The update is intended to simplify the annual or interim goodwill impairment test. A public business entity that is a U.S. SEC filer should adopt the amendments in this update for its annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is assessing the impact, if any, of implementing this guidance on its financial position and results of operations.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01 *Business Combinations (Topic 805), Clarifying the Definition of a Business*. The amendments in this update are required for public business entities that have goodwill reported in their financial statements and have not elected the private company alternative for the subsequent measurement of goodwill. The update is intended to clarify the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The definition of a business affects many areas of accounting including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. Public business entities should apply the amendments in this update to annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted under certain conditions. The Company believes that the adoption of this ASU will not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*. The amendments in this update provided guidance on eight specific cash flow issues. This update is to provide specific guidance on each of the eight issues, thereby reducing the diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-15 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 31, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The Company believes that the adoption of this ASU will not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The new standard requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. This classification will determine whether lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. A lessee is also required to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with a term of greater than 12 months regardless of their classification. Leases with a term of 12 months or less will be accounted for similar to existing guidance for operating leases. The new guidance will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period and is applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is assessing the impact, if any, of implementing this guidance on its financial position and results of operations.

There are several other new accounting pronouncements issued or proposed by the FASB. Each of these pronouncements, as applicable, has been or will be adopted by the Company. Management does not believe any of these accounting pronouncements has had or will have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial position or operating results.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 4 ACQUISITION OF BASALT AMERICA**

On February 21, 2017, the Company executed a membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Basalt America. In consideration of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of Basalt America, the Company issued an aggregate of 95,500,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the members of Basalt America. As of December 31, 2016, Basalt America had 80,500,000 membership units outstanding. For accounting purposes, the transaction is recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASU 805-50-25-2 as this is considered an acquisition of entities under common control as the board of directors of the Company and of Basalt America are the same and control the activities of the respective companies.

As the acquisition of Basalt America was deemed to be a transaction between entities under common control, the assets and liabilities were transferred at the historical cost of Basalt America with prior periods retroactively adjusted to include the historical financial results of the acquired company for the period ended December 31, 2016 that were controlled by the previous owners of the Company.

The Company recorded the acquisition of Basalt America as following:

The Company consolidated the total assets and liabilities of Basalt America. Since the consolidation was done retrospectively, the Company adjusted the beginning balance of the following accounts to include balances as if the transaction occurred on November 18, 2016 (Inception). Set forth below is the PayMeOn balance sheet as previously filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the net effect of the acquisition and the net effect at December 31, 2016, after the acquisition.

## PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## NOTE 4 ACQUISITION OF BASALT AMERICA (CONTINUED)

<u>ASSETS</u>	PayMeOn, Inc. As Previously Filed	Net effect of Acquisitions	Net effect after Acquisitions
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash	\$ 10,341	\$ 77,997	\$ 88,338
Inventory (1)	11,916		11,916
Prepaid expenses	48,362		48,362
Other current assets	1,194		1,194
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>71,813</b>	<b>77,997</b>	<b>149,810</b>
<b>LONG TERM ASSETS</b>			
Licensing agreements, net		497,260	497,260
Fixed assets, net	227,397		227,397
Deposits	12,397		12,397
	239,794	497,260	737,054
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 311,607</b>	<b>\$ 575,257</b>	<b>\$ 886,864</b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</u></b>			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	\$ 333,938	\$ 12,587	\$ 346,525
Accounts payable - related party		500,000	500,000
Due to related party	56,635		56,635
Customer deposits	34,634		34,634
Accrued expenses	1,058,446		1,058,446
Notes Payable	2,000		2,000
Purchase order financing (2)	1,885		1,885
Purchase order financing - related party, net (2)	4,000		4,000
Note payable convertible	300,000		300,000
Notes Payable related party- convertible	600,414		600,414
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>2,391,952</b>	<b>512,587</b>	<b>2,904,539</b>

## NOTE PAYABLE CONVERTIBLE

<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	2,391,952	512,587	2,904,539
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>			
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding, respectively			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 17,180,422 and 97,680,422 shares issued and outstanding, respectively pre and post-acquisition	17,180	80,500	97,680
Additional paid in capital	9,666,562	508,274	10,174,836
Accumulated deficit	(11,764,087)	(526,104)	(12,290,191)
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>	<b>(2,080,345)</b>	<b>62,670</b>	<b>(2,017,675)</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>	<b>\$ 311,607</b>	<b>\$ 575,257</b>	<b>\$ 886,864</b>

(1)

Reflected as Current assets held for sale on the Consolidated Balance Sheet

(2)

Reflected as Current liabilities held for sale on the Consolidated Balance Sheet

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016****NOTE 5 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

On March 19, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. and Paymeon Brands, Inc. as they made a strategic shift into the basalt fiber reinforced polymer business with the acquisition of Basalt America. The disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. was effective May 1, 2018. As a result of this disposal under ASC 205-20-45-1E, the Company has presented the assets and liabilities of this segment as held for sale and as discontinued operations and have reclassified the prior year balances to reflect this strategic shift.

	<b>For the Years Ended</b>	
	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Revenues	\$ 37,909	\$ 394,219
Cost of goods sold	39,663	235,472
Gross profit (loss)	(1,754)	158,747
Expenses		
General and administrative	78,168	357,659
Payroll expense	7,320	126,658
Consulting	86,172	37,000
Depreciation and amortization expense	18,466	64,851
Loss on conversion of debt		1,078,232
Loss on lease	221,328	
Total expenses from discontinued operations	411,454	1,664,400
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ (413,208)	\$ (1,505,653)

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****BALANCE SHEETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (HELD FOR SALE)**

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	<b>December 31, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
Current assets held for sale - Inventory	\$	\$ 11,916
Current liabilities held for sale purchase order financing	\$ 4,000	\$ 5,885

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## PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE RELATED PARTY - CONVERTIBLE

		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016
Note Payable related party - convertible @ \$0.345 per share	(a) \$	165,500	\$	165,500
Note Payable related party - convertible @ \$0.12 per share	(b)	10,000		110,691
Note Payable related party - convertible @ \$0.20 per share	(c)	20,000		239,975
Note Payable related party - convertible @ \$0.30 per share	(d)	182,500		184,382
Total		378,000		700,548
Offset of loans	(e)	(87,727)		(87,727)
Debt Discount				(12,407)
Total	\$	290,273	\$	600,414

(a)

The Company entered into two secured convertible promissory notes in the principal amount in total of \$165,500 to a related party. The notes bear interest at an annual rate of 7% and were payable on or before twelve months from the date of issuance (both of which were extended as noted herein). In addition, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.345 per share, subject to adjustment for stock splits and dividends. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$165,500 for the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature. As of December 31, 2014 the Company amortized \$165,500 of the debt discount. Accrued interest at December 31, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$58,052 and \$52,275, respectively. On April 15, 2014, the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 23, 2014. On December 23, 2015, the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 23, 2016. On March 15, 2017 note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2017. On August 7, 2017 the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2018.

(b)



The Company entered into various unsecured convertible promissory note in the total principal amount of \$110,691 to a related party. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 7% and were payable on or before twelve months from the date of issuance (all of which were extended as noted herein). In addition, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.12 per share, subject to adjustment. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$90,416 for the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature. The note holder agreed to extend the note through May 15, 2016. On May 15, 2016, the note holder agreed to extend the note through May 15, 2017, On August 7, 2017 the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2018. During the year ended December 31, 2017 the holder of the notes agreed to convert \$100,691 of notes and \$20,432 of accrued interest into 1,009,358 shares of common stock. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company fully amortized the debt discount and accrued interest amounted to \$2,219 and \$1,870 respectively.

(c)

The Company entered into various unsecured convertible promissory note in the principal amount of \$239,975 to a related party. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 7% and were payable on or before twelve months from the date of issuance (all of which were extended as noted herein). In addition, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share, subject to adjustment. On August 13, 2016 the note holder agreed to extend the note through June 9, 2017. On August 7, 2017 the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2018. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$217,700 for the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature. During the year ended December 31, 2017 the holder of the notes agreed to convert \$219,975 of notes payable and accrued interest of \$25,013 into 1,224,940 shares of common stock. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company fully amortized the debt discount and accrued interest amounted to \$3,345 and \$2,647, respectively.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE RELATED PARTY CONVERTIBLE (CONTINUED)**

(d)

The Company entered various unsecured convertible promissory notes in the principal amount of \$182,500 to a related party. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 7% and were payable on or before twelve months from the date of issuance (all of which were extended as noted herein). In addition, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.30 per share, subject to adjustment. On November 20, 2015, the note holder agreed to extend the note through April 30, 2016. On August 13, 2016 the note holder agreed to extend the note through April 30, 2017. On August 7, 2017 note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2018. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$183,500 for the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature. During the year ended December 31, 2017 the holder of the notes agreed to convert \$1,882 of notes payable and accrued interest of \$343 into 7,417 shares of common stock As of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the Company amortized \$182,500 and \$171,975 of the debt discount and had accrued interest of \$36,972 and \$30,602, respectively.

(e)

On January 20, 2015, the Company received a 7% unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$75,000 (the Note Receivable ) from Prodeco Technologies, LLC, an affiliated entity. The note was payable January 20, 2018. The note holder was required to pay interest in the amount of \$1,312 per quarter due on the 15<sup>th</sup> each month following the end of the quarter until the maturity date. On February 6, 2015 the Company advanced an additional \$9,761 to Prodeco Technologies, LLC under the same terms due on February 8, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2015 the Company has \$2,967 of interest income. During the year ended December 31, 2015 Prodeco Technologies, LLC, a related party, elected to accept the Note Receivable of \$84,760 and accrued interest of \$2,967 as payment against the notes payable - related party - convertible.

**NOTE 7 NOTE PAYABLE - CONVERTIBLE**

On October 22, 2015, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$300,000 to PDQ Auctions, LLC for leasehold improvements of the facilities subleased from PDQ Auctions, LLC. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 7% and was originally payable on or before October 22, 2017 (subsequently extended until May 2021, see below), unless the note was converted or prepaid prior to the maturity date. Subject to certain

limitations below, the note may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$0.35 per share, subject to adjustment. In the event the Company issues any new or additional promissory notes that pay an interest rate that exceeds 7% per annum, then the holder shall be entitled to request an increase in the Interest rate payable on the note to an amount equal to the rate being paid on the new or additional notes (which occurred on September 22, 2017, see below). The conversion of the note may be limited if, upon conversion, the holder thereof would beneficially own more than 4.9% of the Company's common stock. The note may be prepaid at the option of the Company commencing 190 days after the issuance of the note. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 accrued interest amounted to \$35,556 and \$25,085, respectively.

On September 22, 2017, the Company issued a total of 200,000 shares of common stock valued at \$72,000 (\$0.38 per share) in conjunction with an extension of the note to April 22, 2018. The interest rate on the Note was also increased to 10% per annum. In accordance with ASC 470-50 *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, the issuance of the 200,000 shares having a market value of \$72,000 at the point of issuance effectively created a new debt instrument due the present value of the cash flow under the terms of the new debt instrument was at least 10 percent different from the present value of the remaining cash flow under the terms of the original instrument using a discount rate 7% based on the original debt issuance rate. As a result, the modification to this debt instrument has been reflected as a material modification in the Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017. On May 2, 2018, the Company secured a three-year extension of the convertible note in return for (1) a \$5,000 per month payment applicable to current interest and principal beginning on April 22, 2018, and (2) the issuance of 274,575 new, restricted common shares. The shares were issued on June 13, 2018. As of June 15, 2018, the Company has not yet commenced making the \$5,000 per month payments required by the extension. As a result of this extension, the modification to this debt instrument will be reflected as a material modification in the Company's consolidated statement of operations in the quarter ending June 30, 2018.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 8 NOTES PAYABLE**

On July 13, 2016, HLM PayMeOn, Inc., the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, entered into a merchant agreement with Summit Capital Partners (SCP), whereby it sold \$40,500 of accounts receivable (the Receipts Purchased Amount) for a total purchase price of \$30,000. HLM PayMeOn shall repay \$337 daily until the Receipts Purchased Amount is repaid. The Company recorded a \$10,500 deferred finance charge on the date of issuance. To secure HLM PayMeOn's payment and performance obligations to SCP, HLM PayMeOn has granted to SCP a security interest in all HLM PayMeOn's accounts, chattel paper, documents, equipment, general intangibles, instruments and inventory. In addition, the Company's directors have individually guaranteed repayment of the Receipts Purchased Amount. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company has a balance owed \$0 and \$1,885, respectively and has amortized a total of \$10,500. The \$1,885 is included in current liabilities held for sale on the December 31, 2016 consolidated balance sheet.

On December 11, 2017, Basalt America entered into a promissory note with E Pay Funding in the amount of \$30,000. The promissory note bears interest of 10% per annum and matured on March 11, 2018. On February 16, 2018, the Basalt America fully repaid this note plus \$690 of accrued interest. The prepayment did not have a penalty associated with it.

**NOTE 9 NOTES PAYABLE RELATED PARTY**

On May 25, 2017, the Company received \$10,000 in the form of a demand note from a Related Party (a director and now current Chief Executive Officer). The note is payable on demand and bears no interest.

On June 2, 2017, the Company received \$5,000 in the form of a demand note from a Related Party (a director and now current Chief Executive Officer). The note is payable on demand and bears no interest.

On August 9, 2017, the Company was issued a \$200,000 Secured Promissory Note and General Collateral Assignment and Security Agreement (the Note) with CAM Group of Florida (a company controlled by a current director) in the amount of \$200,000 with a due date of November 9, 2017. The note was issued in exchange for third-party payments

in that amount. The Note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum and is secured by all accounts, equipment, general intangibles, inventory and other collateral of the Company. On November 27, 2017, the Company was granted an extension to December 31, 2017. The Note was extended with no penalty and all original terms remain in place. On December 31, 2017, the lender granted the Company another extension to February 28, 2018. The Note was extended with no penalty and all original terms remain in place. On March 19, 2018, the Note was amended to be a demand note. The Lender agreed to amend the Note with no penalty and all original terms remain in place. At December 31, 2017 this note had accrued interest of \$7,890.

#### **NOTE 10 PURCHASE ORDER FINANCING**

On August 17, 2016, PayMeOn Brands, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a purchase order purchase and sale agreement with a third-party purchaser, whereby PayMeOn Brands sold \$50,000 of current purchase orders in exchange for \$40,000. As a further inducement for purchaser to enter into the agreement as collateral security for any and all obligations owing by PayMeOn Brands to purchaser, PayMeOn Brands has granted to Purchaser, as collateral security, a first lien security interest in all of PayMeOn Brands' accounts created as a result of purchase orders financed or purchased by purchaser and all inventory. The Company recorded a \$10,000 deferred finance charge on the date of issuance. As of December 31, 2016, the Company amortized the \$10,000 deferred finance charge. During the year ended December 31, 2016 the Company repaid a total of \$33,500. On December 15, 2016 the holder converted the remaining balance of \$16,500 into 883,936 shares of common stock as \$0.0187 per share. The fair value price per share at August 17, 2016 was \$0.55 per share. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$469,665 loss on conversion of debt.

On September 9, 2016, PayMeOn Brands, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a purchase order purchase and sale agreement with a third-party purchaser, whereby PayMeOn Brands sold \$20,000 of current purchase orders in exchange for \$15,000. As a further inducement for purchaser to enter into the agreement as collateral security for any and all obligations owing by PayMeOn Brands to purchaser, PayMeOn Brands has granted to purchaser, as collateral security, a first lien security interest in all of PayMeOn Brands' accounts created as a result of purchase orders financed or purchased by purchaser and all inventory. The Company recorded a \$5,000 deferred finance charge on the date of issuance. As of December 31, 2016, the Company amortized \$5,000 of the deferred finance charge and repaid \$5,000. On December 15, 2016 the holder converted the remaining balance of \$20,000 into 1,142,849 shares of common stock as \$0.0175 per share. The fair value price per share at August 17, 2016 was \$0.55 per share. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$608,567 loss on conversion of debt.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 11 PURCHASE ORDER FINANCING - RELATED PARTY**

On September 14, 2016, PayMeOn Brands, Inc. entered into a purchase order purchase and sale agreement with a related party through common ownership, whereby PayMeOn Brands sold \$5,000 of current purchase orders in exchange for \$4,000 cash. As a further inducement for purchaser to enter into the agreement as collateral security for any and all obligations owing by PayMeOn Brands to purchaser, PayMeOn Brands has granted to purchaser, as collateral security, a first lien security interest in all of PayMeOn Brands' accounts created as a result of purchase orders financed or purchased by purchaser and all inventory. The Company recorded a \$1,000 deferred finance charge on the date of issuance. As of December 31, 2016, the Company amortized all of the \$1,000 deferred finance charge. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company had a balance outstanding of \$4,000. The \$4,000 is included in current liabilities held for sale on the December 31, 2017 and 2016 consolidated balance sheets.

**NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Employment Contracts**

On August 15, 2011, the Company entered into an employment agreement with its then Chief Executive Officer (who subsequently resigned in April 2018). The agreement was for a period of one year and will remain in effect until either party notifies the other not to further extend the employment period, provides for an annual base salary totaling \$250,000 and annual bonuses based on pre-tax operating income, as defined, for an annual minimum of \$50,000 in total. On July 18, 2014, the Company's then Chief Executive Officer forgave \$326,727 of accrued payroll and amended his employment agreement to reduce his base salary by 30% and eliminated his guaranteed bonus of \$50,000 per year.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recorded a salary expense of \$175,000 and \$175,000, respectively. Accrued compensation at December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$468,922 and \$463,760, respectively (See Note 15) and this is included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets.

In April 2018, prior to the resignation of the Chief Executive Officer, there was a forgiveness of \$200,000 of the accrued payroll.

### Leases

On May 1, 2013, the Company entered into a lease agreement for executive offices located at 2400 E. Commercial Blvd., Suite 612, Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The facility was approximately 4,777 square feet. The lease was for a term of 39 months at a current cost of approximately \$9,900 per month. The lease contained three months of deferred rent that would be forgiven if the Company made its 36 required monthly payments timely. The Company was also required to make a security deposit of \$31,407. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had not been timely on its monthly payments and is in default of the agreement. On March 31, 2014, the Company received a "notice of default" from legal counsel representing the landlord for the office space. The letter demanded immediate payment of \$41,937 for rent past due as of April 1, 2014. On May 15, 2014, the Company returned the office space to the landlord. As of May 20, 2014, the Company had not been able to pay its outstanding rent obligation and the landlord had accelerated all rent obligations due under the lease agreement. The Company had been served with a civil lawsuit with Case # 14007105 filed on February 11, 2015. The Landlord is seeking \$376,424 in accelerated rent and damages and \$12,442 for its attorney's costs. On April 22, 2015, the motion for unpaid rent, recovery of abated rents and tenant improvements and attorney's costs was granted by the Circuit Court for the 17<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit in and for Broward County in the amount of \$388,866. The Company has accrued the full amount of rent and attorney costs as of December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the Company had accrued \$49,796 and \$31,325, respectively of interest associated with the judgment.

On October 22, 2015, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, HLM PayMeOn, Inc., entered into a sublease agreement with PDQ Auctions, LLC to lease retail premises located 2599 North Federal Highway, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33305. The premises are used to operate a retail electric hover board, bicycle and related product store under the Company's irideelectric brand. The sublease is for an initial term of approximately five years at an initial monthly sum of \$5,617 and an additional five year term at a monthly sum of \$5,899. As consideration for leasehold improvements, the Company issued PDQ Auctions, LLC a convertible note payable in the amount of \$300,000 (See Note 7). During the six months ended June 30, 2017 the Company vacated the location as it was unable to be used to support our retail operations as a result of a car accident in December, 2016. In conjunction with the accident, the landlord informed the Company that it would no longer be expected to be responsible for amounts due under the lease from the time of the accident forward. Accordingly, we have not accrued any amounts due under the lease in our financial statements since the time of the accident. The Company is pursuing legal action against the driver, whom we believe was insured, in the Circuit Court of the 17<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit in and for Broward County, Florida.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016****NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)****Leases (Continued)**

On March 31, 2017, the Company entered into a lease agreement for manufacturing and general office facilities located at 2688 NW 29<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Building 13, Oakland Park, Fl. 33311 for Basalt America. The facility is for approximately 12,921 square feet. The lease is for six separate six-month terms. The Company has the right to terminate the lease at the end of each term by providing the landlord with 60-days notice prior to the end of any of the six-month terms. Lease payments are approximately \$11,520 per month during the first two terms of the lease and rise to approximately \$12,450 per month during the last two terms of the lease.

Future minimum lease commitments due for facilities leases under operating leases at December 31, 2017 are as follows, if the Company completes all of the separate six-month terms:

2018	\$ 142,343
2019	147,986
2020	37,353
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 327,682

**Crowd Funding**

Through its wholly-owned subsidiary, PayMeOn Brands, the Company launched a crowd sourcing campaign through the online platform known as Indiegogo. The Company intended to crowd source donations for the development of a new, electrically powered tricycle known as the eChariot. As part of the campaign, the Company was required to establish a minimum goal of donations for its funding requirements. The Company set a minimum goal target for donations of \$25,000. The Company surpassed its goal during the quarter and on October 3, 2016 and October 31, 2016, received approximately \$25,000 from Indiegogo (after deducting platform and transaction fees). The Company decided to refund all amounts collected. All amounts have been refunded. This subsidiary has been disposed of effective May 1, 2018.



**Royalty**

On October 7, 2016, legal representatives of Remrylie Licensing, Inc. demanded one of the Company's retail customers to cease and desist from selling items related to Christopher "Notorious BIG" Wallace's image on PayMeOn Brands' behalf. Remrylie, owner of the exclusive right to market Notorious BIG's image, claimed that PayMeOn Brands did not have the right to sell certain items it was selling through its retail customer. While we believe that the claims were without merit, we decided to cooperate and allow our retail customer to remove the items in question. On November 29, 2016 the Company and Remrylie Licensing, Inc., agreed to settle their dispute over royalty payments for sales of merchandise related to the estate of Notorious BIG. The Company paid \$7,000 and the Parties mutually agreed to end the dispute and mutually indemnify each other. The Company disposed of this subsidiary and has ceased selling these items and has no plans in selling them in the future.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Basalt America and RAW Energy Materials Corp., Global Energy Sciences, LLC, and RAW LLC**

On February 21, 2017, the Company assumed certain obligations in conjunction with its acquisition of Basalt America, including:

On December 11, 2016, Basalt America entered into a License Agreement with Raw Energy Materials Corp. ( RAW ) for exclusive rights for use of certain intellectual property associated with the production of certain concrete reinforcement products for the construction industry. On February 2, 2017, RAW assigned the License Agreement to its affiliate, Global Energy Sciences, LLC ( Global Energy ). The License Agreement provided for Basalt America to have exclusive rights for use of the intellectual property in conjunction with product sales for the State of Florida, the Caribbean Islands (excluding Cuba), and Peru ( Licensed Territory ). In addition, Basalt America had purchase rights on a Right of First Refusal basis for areas outside the Licensed Territory. The License Agreement required that Basalt America purchase goods used in its production of the products from RAW or its affiliates for a purchase price equal to RAW s gross-cost plus five percent. In addition, under the original agreement, RAW or its affiliates were entitled to sales commissions for any sales of products generated within Basalt America s Licensed Territory they solicit by their own initiative from bona fide third parties that become new customers. Sales commissions would be paid according to the following commission schedule:

<b>RAW generated sales within the Licensed Territory</b>	<b>RAW Commission</b>
Up to \$1,000,000	5%
\$1,000,001 to \$2,000,000	4%
\$2,000,001 to \$3,000,000	3%
\$3,000,001 to \$4,000,000	2%
\$4,000,001 +	1%

**First Amendment to License Agreement Between Basalt America and RAW Energy Materials Corp. and RAW LLC:**

On January 15, 2017, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with RAW, LLC to conduct research, development and related services for the Company in exchange for \$10,000 per month. The agreement has a term of 5 years and contains standard representations, warranties and indemnifications.

On January 15, 2017, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Yellow Turtle Design, LLC to conduct graphic arts design and various other computer aided design (CAD) services for the Company in exchange for \$5,000 per month. The agreement has a term of 5 years and contains standard representations, warranties and indemnifications.

On January 5, 2017, Basalt America entered into a First Amendment to License Agreement ( First Amendment ) whereby in addition to the State of Florida, the Caribbean Islands (excluding Cuba) and Peru, Basalt America expanded its Licensed Territory to include the continental United States in exchange for a \$500,000 Option Fee and certain other obligations (further detailed in a Post-Closing Letter Agreement). The First Amendment provides certain operational parameters that Basalt America must meet by July 1, 2018 in order to maintain its exclusivity within the Licensed Territory. Basalt America and RAW are negotiating this clause as of the date of filing. The Option Fee was paid to RAW on January 11, 2017. The First Amendment also entitles RAW to receive 4% of the total gross sales of Basalt America s business operations within the Licensed Territory.

As of December 31, 2017, \$388 was due under the percentage of gross sales obligations to RAW or its affiliates.

On April 18, 2018, Basalt America and the Company received a letter from counsel representing RAW LLC providing formal notice that Basalt America and the Company had breached and/or violated several sections of its license agreement and amendments, and that RAW LLC was immediately terminating all agreements and amendments. The Company does not believe it is in breach of its agreements and is working towards reaching an amicable solution. The Company is prepared to pursue litigation if it cannot achieve a resolution.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016****NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)****Post-Closing Letter Agreement**

On January 5, 2017, Basalt America RAW Energy Materials, LLC ( RAW ), and RAW Materials Corp ( RAW Materials ) entered into a Post-Closing Letter Agreement ( Letter Agreement) that detailed, among other things, financial obligations of Basalt America in addition to the Option Fee. The Letter Agreement also detailed that Basalt America would continue to own 10% of Raw Materials and that RAW Materials would serve as the global clearinghouse for any manufacturing operations conducted by Don Smith. The investment value was written off by Basalt America prior to the acquisition by the Company.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has not recorded the remaining \$600,000 per the post-closing letter agreement as they have neither taken delivery or paid for the remaining rebar machines owed to them under this agreement. As a result, the Company has an off-balance sheet commitment of \$600,000 payable to RAW. The Company has paid \$1,000,000 of the \$1,600,000 for additional rebar machines and this amount is reflected on the Company s consolidated balance sheet as a deposit on equipment. The obligations are outlined below:

<b>Description</b>	<b>\$ Obligation</b>	<b>Date Met</b>
License Option Fee	500,000	1st Qtr 2017
Finished Inventory	400,000	1st Qtr 2017
Raw Materials, Misc	60,000	1st Qtr 2017
Equipment, Misc tools	50,000	2nd Qtr 2017
Rebar Mfg Machines	400,000	2nd Qtr 2017
Addl Rebar Mfg Machines	1,600,000	3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr 2017 and 1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr. 2018- partially met

**Territory Joint Ventures**

During the second quarter of 2017, the Company entered into a term sheet for a Joint Venture with accredited investors for the management of Basalt America Territory 1, LLC, which will have the exclusive rights to manage sales for Dade, Broward and Monroe Counties in the State of Florida. In conjunction with entering into the Joint Venture, the investors provided total proceeds of \$502,500 which was used for the purchase of inventory from May to August 2017. Operations have commenced during the fourth quarter of 2017. The Company owns 55.3% of the joint venture and the investors own 44.7% of the joint venture. Through December 31, 2017, the Company entered into term sheets for this Joint Venture with a related party for \$288,750 and five accredited investors for a total of \$213,750. The funds were used as a deposit to purchase inventory. As of December 31, 2017, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$224,475.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 the Company formed Basalt America Territory 2, LLC, which will have the exclusive rights to manage sales for Rhode Island. As of the date of this report, the Joint Venture has not been formalized (no definitive documentation, nor operating agreement have been executed) and has not commenced operations. If and when the Joint Venture is formalized, it is expected that the Company will own 50% of the Joint Venture.

#### **NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)**

##### **Preferred Stock**

The Company is authorized to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001. The designations and attributes of the preferred stock are subject to the future determination by the Company's board of directors. The Company has not issued any preferred shares.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock**

The Company is authorized to issue up to 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001.

*Calendar Year 2016*

On January 4, 2016, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock valued at \$235,000 (\$0.47 per share) in exchange for the extension of a November 6, 2015 business consulting and strategic planning agreement with Mayer and Associates.

On June 10, 2016, the Company entered into a legal services consulting agreement, whereby consultant agrees to provide legal review of certain retail agreements for the Company on an as needed basis. The Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock valued at \$50,000 (\$0.50 per share) the fair market value on the date of issuance. The agreement was for a twelve-month term and included standard non-competition, non-solicitation and other covenants.

On October 12, 2016 the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock valued at \$32,000 (\$0.32 per share) the fair market value on the date of issuance to a consultant for services. The agreement was for a twelve-month term and included standard non-competition, non-solicitation and other covenants. As is relates to this agreement, as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had expensed \$418,680 and \$372,690 and has a prepaid expense of \$1,490 and \$47,480, respectively.

*Calendar Year 2017*

On January 30, 2017, the Company granted 200,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$.25 to a consultant. The options expire seven years from the date of issuance.

On February 2, 2017, the Company sold a total of 349,800 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$34,980 (\$0.10 per share).

On February 2, 2017, the Company sold a total of 250,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.10 per share).

On February 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to two accredited investors for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.125 per share).

On February 19, 2017, the Company sold a total of 322,857 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$56,500 (\$0.175 per share).

On February 21, 2017, the Company entered into and completed a membership interest purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Basalt America. Basalt America was organized under the laws of the State of Florida in November 2016. Basalt America leverages its licensed intellectual property, technology and processes to produce Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer products that are used as replacements for steel products that reinforce concrete such as rebar. Former Chairman and CEO and current consultant, Edward A. Cespedes and our current CEO and director and largest individual shareholder, Vincent L. Celentano, are the Managing Members of Basalt America. In consideration of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of Basalt America, the Company issued an aggregate of 95,500,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the members of Basalt America. For accounting purposes, the transaction is recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASU 805-50-25-2 as this is considered an acquisition of entities under common control as the board of directors of the Company and of Basalt America are the same and control the activities of the respective companies.

As part of this agreement Basalt America entered into a letter agreement with Raw Materials Corp and RAW LLC.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock (Continued)**

*Calendar Year 2017 (Continued)*

On March 7, 2017, the Company sold a total of 300,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$60,000 (\$0.20 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 39,920 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$9,980 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 800,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$200,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share).



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On March 19, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 24, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On March 29, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 4, 2017, a consultant exercised previously issued stock options of 167,181 with an exercise price of \$0.10 for \$16,718.

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 52,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$13,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 5, 2017, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock to a newly appointed Director. The Company valued the shares at \$62,500, the value of the common stock on the date of the agreement.

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On April 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share).

On May 4, 2017, the Company sold a total of 170,000 shares to a Related Party for proceeds \$42,500 (\$0.25 per share).



**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock (Continued)**

*Calendar Year 2017 (Continued)*

On June 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 500,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 500,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice. The Company recorded an expense of \$9,471 for the shares vested during the period.

On June 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 250,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 250,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice. The Company recorded an expense of \$4,735 for the shares vested during the period.

On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 15,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$3,750 (\$0.25 per share).

On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share).

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On June 12, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share).

On June 20, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 27, 2017, the Company sold a total of 60,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$15,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 30,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 30,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 29, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 29, 2017, a related party converted \$368,366 of convertible notes issued from 2014 to 2016 to 2,248,620 restricted common shares. The dollar amount included \$323,048 of principal and \$45,318 of accrued interest.

On June 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 1,000,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$250,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 500,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On June 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 215,000 shares to a Related Party for proceeds of \$53,750 (\$0.25 per share).

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock (Continued)**

*Calendar Year 2017 (Continued)*

On July 1, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide services related to the concrete and rebar industries. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 500,000 restricted common shares and agreed to issue additional 500,000 restricted common share increments quarterly on October 1, 2017, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018. The term of the agreement is for a period of three years. The Company may terminate the agreement after the end of any quarter with 30 days notice.

On July 18, 2017, the Company sold a total of 75,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$18,750 (\$0.25 per share).

On July 24, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with a consultant to provide sales development services. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultant 100,000 restricted common shares valued at \$29,070 (\$0.2907 per share). The term of the agreement is for a period of one-year.

On August 11, 2017, the Company sold a total of 125,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.20 per share).

On August 14, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 100,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40.

On August 18, 2017, the Company sold a total of 150,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$37,500 (\$0.25 per share).

On September 20, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On September 22, 2017, the Company issued a total of 200,000 shares in conjunction with an extension of a \$300,000 principal amount Convertible 7% per annum Note ( Note ) with an original maturity date of September 22, 2017. The maturity date was extended to April 22, 2018. The interest rate on the Note was increased to 10% per annum. The shares were valued at \$72,000 (\$0.38 per share) at time of issuance. In accordance with ASC 470-50 *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments*, the issuance of the 200,000 shares having a market value of \$72,000 at the point of issuance effectively created a new debt instrument due the present value of the cash flow under the terms of the new debt instrument was at least 10 percent different from the present value of the remaining cash flow under the terms of the original instrument using a discount rate 7% based on the original debt issuance rate. As a result, the modification to this debt instrument has been reflected as a material modification in the Company's quarter ended September 30, 2017.

On September 27, 2017, the Company sold a total of 120,000 shares to accredited investors for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On October 17, 2017, the Company sold a total of 25,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$6,250 (\$0.25 per share).

On October 26, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 400,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.25 per share.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock (Continued)**

*Calendar Year 2017 (Continued)*

On October 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 10,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$2,500 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 5,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 5,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 1, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 3, 2017, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to a related party for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 7, 2017, the Company entered into a consultant agreement with 5 consultants to provide sales development, marketing and engineering services. Upon entering into the agreement, the Company issued the consultants 380,000 restricted common shares valued at \$121,600 (\$0.32 per share). The term of the agreement is for a period of one-year.

On November 14, 2017, the Company sold a total of 1,520,000 shares to a related party for proceeds of \$380,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 16, 2017, the Company issued 1,250,000 shares in conjunction with three previously disclosed consulting agreements.

On November 21, 2017, the Company sold a total of 120,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 60,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 28, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On November 30, 2017, the Company sold a total of 40,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$10,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 20,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 4, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 5, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.



**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)**

**Common Stock (Continued)**

*Calendar Year 2017 (Continued)*

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 80,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$20,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 40,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 40,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 16, 2017, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 21, 2017, the Company sold a total of 20,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$5,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 10,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On December 26, 2017, the Company issued 500,000 shares for consulting services valued at \$125,000 ((\$0.25 per share)).

**NOTE 14 OPTIONS AND WARRANTS****Stock Options:**

The following tables summarize all options and warrant grants to consultants for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 and the related changes during these periods are presented below.

<b>Stock Options:</b>	<b>Number of Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>
Balance at December 31, 2015	199,065	\$ 2.06	\$
Granted	4,040,000	0.51	
Exercised			
Expired	(31,884)	12.82	
Balance at December 31, 2016	4,207,181	\$ 0.49	
Granted	1,560,000	0.25	
Exercised	(167,181)	(0.10)	
Expired			
Balance at December 31, 2017	5,600,000	\$ 0.43	\$ 741,600

On April 16, 2014, the Company granted options to purchase 167,181 shares of its common stock to consultants at an exercise price of \$.10 per share. The options vest immediately. The options expire on April 16, 2017. The options were valued using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, annual volatility of 105%, risk free interest rate of .87%, an expected life of three years. On April 4, 2017, a consultant exercised stock options of 167,181 with an exercise price of \$0.10 for \$16,718. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 the consultant exercised the stock options.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 14 OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (CONTINUED)**

**Stock Options (Continued):**

On February 25, 2016, Mr. Vincent L. Celentano was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Company. In conjunction with his appointment, the Company issued Mr. Celentano an option to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The option was fully vested at issuance and has a strike price of \$0.51 per share and expires February 25, 2023. In addition, the Company appointed Edward A. Cespedes to be its Chairman of the Board of Directors. In conjunction with his appointment, Edward A. Cespedes was issued an option to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The option was fully vested at issuance and has a strike price of \$0.51 per share and expires February 28, 2023. The options were valued using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model, with the following assumptions: dividend yield at 0%, annual volatility of 153%, risk free interest rates of .78% based on expected life of two years.

On February 25, 2016, the Company issued two consultants options to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock each. The options were fully vested at issuance and have a strike price of \$0.51 per share and expire February 25, 2023. In addition, based on consulting agreements, consultants may be entitled to additional compensation based on net income or net sales criteria. The option was fully vested at issuance and has a strike price of \$0.51 per share and expires February 28, 2023. The options were valued using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model, with the following assumptions: dividend yield at 0%, annual volatility of 153%, risk free interest rates of .78% based on expected life of two years.

On February 29, 2016, the Company issued stock options to acquire a total of 40,000 shares of the Company's common stock to three employees. The options have a strike price of \$0.51 per share and expire on March 1, 2021. The options vest 25% per year over four years beginning on March 1, 2017. The options were valued using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model, with the following assumptions: dividend yield at 0%, annual volatility of 153%, risk free interest rates of .78% based on expected life of two years.

On January 30, 2017, the Company issued stock options to acquire a total of 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock to three employees. The options have a strike price of \$0.25 per share and expire on January 30, 2024. The options were valued using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model, with the following assumptions: dividend

yield at 0%, annual volatility of 188%, risk free interest rates of 1.19% based on expected life of two years.

On October 17, 2017, the Company granted options to purchase 1,360,000 shares at a strike price of \$0.25 per share to consultants and directors. For the options to the consultants, twenty-five percent of the options were immediately vested at the time of issuance with the remainder having a vesting schedule of twenty-five percent per annum on each of October 17, 2018, October 17, 2019, and October 17, 2020. The options expire on October 17, 2022. The director options vested immediately as it was for compensation for joining the Board of Directors and expensed immediately. These options expire October 17, 2022 as well.

During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 total stock option expense amounted to \$575,088 and \$1,138,842, respectively.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were 5,600,000 and 4,207,181, respectively of stock options issued. Of the options issued, 4,497,500 were vested as of December 31, 2017 and 2,510,000 were vested as of December 31, 2016.

**Stock Warrants:**

	<b>Number of Warrants</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
Balance at December 31, 2016		\$
Granted	5,650,000	0.46
Exercised		
Expired		
Balance at December 31, 2017	5,650,000	\$ 0.46

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 14 OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (CONTINUED)**

**Stock Warrants (Continued):**

In the year ended December 31, 2017 the Company issued the following warrants:

2,175,000 warrants with a strike price of \$0.40 per share and 2,075,000 warrants with a strike price of \$0.60 per share in subscription agreements for units purchased by accredited investors during the year. The warrants issued have a five-year term. In addition, the Company issued 400,000 warrants to an investor with a strike price of \$0.25 per share to an investor as part of the subscription agreement with a five-year term.

1,000,000 warrants with a strike price of \$0.40 per share issued to consultants as part of their agreements. These warrants have a five-year term.

There were no warrants issued prior to June 20, 2017.

**NOTE 15 RELATED PARTIES**

On August 15, 2011, the Company entered into an employment agreement with its then Chief Executive Officer. The agreement was for a period of one year and will remain in effect until either party notifies the other not to further extend the employment period, provides for an annual base salary totaling \$250,000 and annual bonuses based on pre-tax operating income, as defined, for an annual minimum of \$50,000 in total. On July 18, 2014, the Company's Chief Executive Officer forgave \$326,727 of accrued payroll and amended his employment agreement to reduce his base salary by 30% and eliminated his guaranteed bonus of \$50,000 per year. On April 13, 2018, Edward A. Cespedes resigned as the chairman and chief executive officer of our Company and all our subsidiaries. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 the recorded Chief Executive Officer salary expense was \$175,000 and \$175,000, respectively. Accrued compensation at December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$468,922 and \$463,760, respectively (See

Note 12) and is included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets. In April 2018, prior to the resignation of the Chief Executive Officer, there was forgiveness of \$200,000 of the accrued payroll.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company's former Chief Executive Officer and current consultant was owed \$51,048 and \$56,635 for amounts paid on behalf of the Company.

On November 14, 2017, the Company sold a total of 1,520,000 shares to related parties to current management and directors for proceeds of \$380,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 760,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

See Note 6 for Convertible Notes Payable Related Party, Note 11 for Purchase Order Financing Related Party, Note 12 for Commitments involving Related Parties and Note 14 for issuance of stock options to related parties.

#### **NOTE 16 CONCENTRATIONS**

For the year ended December 31, 2017, one customer amounted to 92% of product sales from continuing operations.

Concentration risks for discontinued operations have not been reflected as the Company does not consider this risk to be material to the Company any longer.

#### **NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On January 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On January 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 100,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$25,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 50,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.



**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)**

On January 10, 2018, the Company sold a total of 333,333 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.30 per share).

On January 11, 2018, the Company sold a total of 125,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$31,250 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 62,500 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 62,500 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On January 31, 2018, the Company sold a total of 46,633 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$13,990 (\$0.30 per share)

On February 2, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.50 per share.

On February 9, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.50 per share.

On February 15, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.

On March 19, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$100,000 (\$0.25 per share). In addition, the investor received five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.40 and five-year warrants to acquire 200,000 shares for a strike price of \$0.60 per share.



On March 19, 2018, the Company amended the Note with a Related Party in the amount of \$200,000 that was originally issued on August 9, 2017 and was extended to February 28, 2018. The Note was amended to be a demand note. The Note is now due on demand from the Lender. The Lender agreed to amend the Note with no penalty and all original terms remain in place.

On March 19, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. and Paymeon Brands, Inc. as they made a strategic shift into the basalt fiber reinforced polymer business with the acquisition of Basalt America. The disposal of HLM Paymeon, Inc. was effective May 1, 2018. As a result of this disposal under ASC 205-20-45-1E, the Company has presented the assets and liabilities of this segment as held for sale and as discontinued operations and have reclassified the prior year balances to reflect this strategic shift.

On March 19, 2018, the Company entered into a Demand Revolving Credit Line ( Credit Line ) with EAC ( Lender ), an entity owned by its former Chairman and CEO. Under the Credit Line, the Company may borrow up to \$100,000 at a simple interest rate of 5% per annum for its operating needs. There are no minimum borrowing requirements, the Company may revolve the credit as often as it likes, and either party may terminate the Credit Line at any time. All amounts outstanding under the Credit Line are due on demand from the Lender.

On March 19, 2018, our Chairman and CEO agreed to forgive \$200,000 of accrued payroll due and payable to him. Our Chairman and CEO received no compensation of any kind in return for the forgiveness.

On March 28, 2018, the Company borrowed \$50,000 under the Demand Revolving Credit Line from EAC.

On March 28, 2018, the Company sold a total of 333,333 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$50,000 (\$0.15 per share).

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)**

On March 28, 2018, the Company sold a total of 200,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.15 per share).

On April 4, 2018, the Company entered into four extension agreements for its four convertible notes payable due to a related party with a net principal balance of \$290,273, which is net of offsets. These notes were extended through December 31, 2018. These notes were previously extended on August 7, 2017 when the note holder agreed to extend the note through March 31, 2018. On April 4, 2018 the note holder agreed to extend the note through December 31, 2018.

On April 13, 2018, Edward A. Cespedes resigned as the chairman and chief executive officer of our Company and all our subsidiaries.

On April 13, 2018, Vincent L. Celentano was appointed chairman and chief executive officer of our Company and all our subsidiaries. Mr. Celentano is the largest individual shareholder of our Company.

On April 13, 2018, upon the resignation of Edward A. Cespedes, EAC, issued a demand for repayment of \$50,000 borrowed under the Demand Revolving Credit Line. The amount has not been paid as of the date of filing. On June 21, 2018, EAC granted the Company an extension for repayment of amounts due to July 15, 2018.

On April 14, 2018, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with EAC. EAC is the personal holding company of our former chairman and chief executive officer, Edward A. Cespedes. Under the agreement EAC will provide the Company with general corporate and other services at the direction of the Board of Directors. The agreement is for a period of twelve months and can be terminated by either party with written notice. The agreement contains standard representations, warranties, and indemnifications from EAC and the Company. Mr. Cespedes has no executive authority under the agreement. Compensation under the agreement is flexible. The agreement sets target compensation for EAC at \$15,000 per month and allows for the Company to pay EAC less based on its financial wherewithal at any given time. The agreement also contains customary terms, including reimbursement for certain

health and business-related expenses.

On April 19, 2018, 40,000 shares previously issued in duplicate to an accredited investor were returned to the Company's treasury.

On April 27, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$50,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On May 2, 2018, the Company secured a 3-year extension of the convertible note in return for (1) a \$5,000 per month payment applicable to current interest and principal beginning on April 22, 2018, and (2) the issuance of 274,575 new, restricted common shares. The shares were issued on June 13, 2018. As of June 15, 2018, the Company has not yet commenced making the \$5,000 per month payments required by the extension. As a result of this extension, the modification to this debt instrument will be reflected as a material modification in the Company's consolidated statement of operations in the quarter ending June 30, 2018.

On May 4, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On May 9, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$5,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is controlled by our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On May 17, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due ninety days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

**PAYMEON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

**NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)**

On May 24, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$11,400 to EAC. EAC is the personal holding company of our former chairman and chief executive officer, Edward A. Cespedes. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On May 25, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On May 25, 2018, the Company issued another unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 1, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,500 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 4, 2018, the Company repaid \$4,000 principal of the \$11,400 unsecured promissory note to EAC.

On June 5, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 to RVRM Holdings, LLC. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due 90 days from the date of issuance. RVRM Holdings, LLC is controlled by one of our directors, Ronald J. LoRicco, Sr.

On June 5, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$5,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 19, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$80,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On June 19, 2018, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the principal amount of \$20,000 to VCVC, LLC. VCVC is the personal holding company of our chairman and chief executive officer, Vincent L. Celentano. The promissory note bears interest at an annual rate of 4% and is due on demand.

On July 11, 2018, the Company sold a total of 400,000 shares to an accredited investor for proceeds of \$30,000 (\$0.075 per share). In conjunction with the investment, the investor agreed to a twelve-month resale restriction.