NATIONAL GRID TRANSCO PLC Form U-1/A June 01, 2005

File No. 70-10295

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 2 to

FORM U-1 APPLICATION/DECLARATION UNDER THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1935

National Grid Transco plc 1-3 Strand London WC2N 5EH United Kingdom

(Names of company filing this statement and address of principal executive office)

National Grid Transco plc

(Name of top registered holding company)

In the United States, National Grid Transco plc ("National Grid Transco") has filed Schedule TO with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and holders of the Existing Ordinary Shares and Existing American Depositary Shares are advised to read it as it contains important information. Copies of the Schedule TO and other related documents filed by National Grid Transco are available free of charge on the SEC's website at

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On March 25, 2005, National Grid Transco plc ("NGT") filed this Application-Declaration ("Application") on Form U-1 under File No. 70-10295. Amendment No. 1 to the Application was filed on April 29, 2005. This Amendment No. 2 amends and restates the Application with the exception of exhibits that were previously filed.

Item 1. Description of the Proposed Transaction

A. Introduction

This Application seeks authorization under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (Act or 1935 Act) relating to the repurchase of certain securities to be issued by NGT. The Application also seeks authorization to solicit shareholder consents in connection with a plan to issue certain securities to effect a return of cash. In addition, the Application seeks authorization, as required under the Act, for a consolidation of NGT's ordinary shares.

B. Background

NGT is a registered holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (the Act). NGT s ordinary shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange and its American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Through its direct wholly-owned subsidiary, National Grid Holdings One plc (NGH One), and that company s subsidiary, National Grid Holdings Limited, NGT owns The National Grid Company plc (NGC) and certain other non-U.S. subsidiaries. NGC is engaged in the transmission of electricity in England and Wales. NGC owns and operates a transmission system consisting of approximately 4,500 route miles of overhead lines and approximately 410 route miles of underground cable together with approximately 340 substations at some 240 sites.

Through NGH One, its subsidiary Lattice Group plc (Lattice Group), and its subsidiary Transco Holdings plc, NGT owns Transco plc (Transco) and certain other non-U.S. subsidiaries. Transco is the owner and operator of the majority of Great Britain is gas transportation and distribution system. Transco is transportation network comprises approximately 4,200 miles of high pressure national transmission pipelines and approximately 170,000 miles of lower pressure regional transmission and distribution systems pipelines. Gas is transported on behalf of approximately 70 shippers either to consumers or third party pipeline systems. Transco receives gas from several coastal reception terminals, storage sites, and onshore fields around Great Britain. An interconnector to Belgium links Transco is own gas transportation system to continental Europe. A second interconnector supplies gas to Eire and Northern Ireland. As well as gas transportation, Transco is responsible for the safety, development and maintenance of the transportation and distribution system. It does not, however, sell gas to consumers. The gas transportation and distribution business in Great Britain is subject to price regulation by the U.K. Gas and Electricity Markets Authority, the same regulator that controls NGC is transmission rates.

NGT s U.S. business is conducted through National Grid USA, a registered holding company and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NGT. National Grid USA is held directly and indirectly by several intermediate registered holding companies. Through its subsidiaries, National Grid USA is engaged in electric transmission and distribution to residential, commercial, and industrial customers in New England and the transmission and distribution of electricity and the distribution of natural gas to residential, commercial, and industrial customers in New York.

B. Background 3

The National Grid USA group provides metering, billing, and customer services; manages, designs and builds transmission and distribution-related facilities; and provides related products and services including energy efficiency programs for customers.

National Grid USA owns companies that deliver electricity to approximately 3.3 million customers in New York, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and New Hampshire. These electric public utility companies own and operate approximately 76,000 miles of transmission and distribution lines in New York and New England. The National Grid USA group of companies includes five wholly-owned electricity distribution companies: Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, Massachusetts Electric Company, The Narragansett Electric Company, Granite State Electric Company, and Nantucket Electric Company, and four other utility companies: New England Power Company, New England Electric Transmission Corporation, New England Hydro-Transmission Corporation and New England Hydro-Transmission Electric Company, Inc.

C. The Proposed Transaction

On August 31, 2004, NGT announced the sale of four U.K. gas distribution networks for £5.8 billion in cash plus approximately £130 million of assumed liabilities. The transactions are subject to certain regulatory consents and approvals including from the U.K. Gas and Electricity Markets Authority, the U.K. Department for Trade and Industry and the U.K. Health and Safety Executive. The Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (Ofgem) has issued a detailed timetable, which outlines the consent and approvals process and NGT is targeting completion of the transactions in the summer of 2005. Completion of the transactions is also subject to termination rights, exercisable by each of NGT and the purchasers, in the event of defined circumstances arising which would have a material adverse impact on the distribution networks being sold. In certain of these circumstances breakage fees would be payable by either NGT or the purchasers.

NGT has indicated that it would provide a one-time return of cash to its shareholders of £2.0 billion from the proceeds of the distribution networks sales. It is expected that the profit from the sale will be significantly in excess of the amount being distributed to shareholders. NGT proposes to effect the return of cash through a mechanism involving a pro rata issuance of B shares to shareholders. For the most part, NGT s proposed issuance of the B shares may be conducted in reliance on prior Commission authorization and the rules under the Act. However, NGT proposes that after issuance it may acquire some or all of the B shares over time (or deferred shares as described below), and such acquisitions may not qualify for the exemption under Rule 42.³ Accordingly, in this Application NGT seeks authorization to repurchase or convert the B shares.⁴ In addition, NGT seeks authorization to solicit shareholder consents with regard to the issuance of the B shares. If required under the Act, NGT also seeks authorization under Section 6(a)(2) of the Act to conduct a share consolidation, or reverse stock split. NGT s B share transactions are explained more fully below.

1. The B Shares

The issuance of B shares is an accepted means for U.K. public companies to return cash to shareholders in a way that provides shareholders with choices as to the form and timing of the receipt of funds. NGT would use its share premium account to issue the B shares to existing holders of NGT s ordinary shares following shareholder approval at an Extraordinary General Meeting (EGM) currently scheduled for July 25, 2005. The B shares would rank ahead of the ordinary shares for the payment of dividends and in liquidation and would vote only with respect to matters directly affecting the B share class. Shareholders would receive one B share for every ordinary share that they hold. Holders of NGT ADSs, which represent five NGT ordinary shares, would receive five B shares per ADS.

Shareholders would be asked to elect either (i) a single dividend on the B shares of 65 pence per share, or (ii) to have their B shares repurchased by JPMorgan Cazenove Limited (JPMorgan Cazenove), acting as principal, for 65 pence per share, either immediately after issuance or at a later date.⁵ A shareholder that fails to make an election or that does not properly complete the election form will be deemed to have elected alternative (i) above: the single B share dividend.

Shareholders choosing a single dividend for some or all of their B shares will have those B shares for which the election was made converted into deferred shares with no voting rights and negligible value once the dividend is path hareholders choosing the repurchase option may elect to sell some or all of their B shares to JPMorgan Cazenove acting as principal or to hold their B shares for future repurchase offers. Future repurchase offers would be made at 65 pence per B share. Those shareholders electing to hold their B shares for a period of time will be entitled to a dividend on the B shares at a rate per annum of 75% of 12-month Sterling LIBOR⁷ (the dividend level used in similar schemes).

Under the terms and conditions of the B shares, NGT will convert all but not some only of the outstanding B shares into ordinary shares at any time after a date in 2007 to be determined and specified in the circular to shareholders, which is not expected to be more than three years after the issuance date. Conversions of the B shares will be effected by NGT through a reorganization of share capital that would result in the elimination of the B shares though their conversion into ordinary shares. The conversion will be on the basis of one new ordinary share for every (M/65) B shares (where M represents the average of the closing mid-market quotations in pence of the new ordinary shares on the London Stock Exchange, as derived from the Daily Official List (as maintained by the U.K. Listing Authority for the purposes of the Financial Services and

1. The B Shares 4

Markets Act 2000, as amended) for the five business days immediately preceding the conversion date), fractional entitlements being disregarded and the balance of such shares (including any fractions) shall be deferred shares as described herein.

As is typical with B share schemes, NGT s issuance of the B shares will be accompanied by a share consolidation, known in the U.S. as a reverse stock split. Shareholders will receive a reduced number of new NGT ordinary shares to replace their existing shares according to a ratio to be set prior to the EGM. The ratio will be set using the trading price of NGT s shares immediately before announcement of the details of the transaction and will be designed so that, subject to normal market movements, the share price of the new shares immediately after the £2.0 billion distribution should be approximately equal to the share price of the existing shares immediately beforehand. If NGT did not combine the B share issuance with the consolidation, the value of NGT s ordinary shares would, all things being equal, be expected to decrease by 65 pence per share immediately after the distribution, and NGT s per share financial ratios would also be affected. The share consolidation helps to maintain a consistent and less confusing presentation of per share information to the financial markets. The priorities, preferences, voting rights and other terms of the NGT ordinary shares will not change as a consequence of the share consolidation. Because the consolidation affects each shareholder proportionally, the voting power of each shareholder will be unchanged on the issuance of the B shares (subject to fractional entitlements).⁸

Item 2. Fees, Commissions and Expenses

The fees, commissions and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the preparation and filing of this Application and in connection with the transactions described herein, including the solicitation of shareholder consents related to the issuance of the B shares, the share consolidation and the B share repurchases are estimated as follows:

Activity	GBP (thousands)	USD (thousands) ⁹
Legal, accounting and banking fees	2,100	4,020
Printing and postage	2,650	5,072
U.K. Registrar and U.S. Depositary	1,700	3,254
Other costs, filing fees and contingency	550	1,053
Total	7,000	13,399

Item 3. Applicable Statutory Provisions

The proposed transactions are subject to Sections 6(a)(2), 12(c) and 12(e) of the Act and Rules 42, 62 and 65 thereunder.

A. Issues under the Act

The proposed B share issuance is subject to the Act. Although economically a dividend subject to Section 12(c) of the Act and Rule 46, the share issuance also is an issuance of securities by a registered holding company subject to Sections 6 and 7 of the Act. The proposed repurchase of the B shares (and the deferred shares) is subject to Section 12(c) and Rule 42. The share consolidation requires consideration under Section 6(a)(2). Lastly, the solicitation of shareholder consents with regard to the B share scheme is subject to Section 12(e) of the Act.

Notably, the essence of the B share issue, *i.e.*, the return of cash to shareholders, would not reduce NGT s ordinary share capital and the transaction is wholly consistent with the maintenance of a sound capital structure. The £2.0 billion cash payments would be funded entirely by NGT s distributable reserves. NGT s equity as a percentage of its total capitalization would remain greater than 30% after the distribution and NGT would retain its investment grade credit rating. The proposed distribution would not have an adverse effect on NGT s financial soundness and NGT would continue to be able to comply with the financing parameters in the Commission s September 30, 2004 order authorizing the financing program of the NGT group (September Order¹²).

A. Issues under the Act 5

1. Dividends

Section 12(c) of the Act provides that a registered holding company may not declare or pay any dividend on any security of such company or acquire, retire, or redeem any security of such company in a manner contrary to Commission rules. Rule 46 under the Act provides that dividends paid out of capital or unearned surplus are not permitted, except by express Commission order, but the rule does not restrict the payment of dividends out of retained earnings. As noted above, the proposed distribution would be paid out of NGT s distributable reserves (generally equivalent to unrestricted retained earnings under U.S. GAAP).

2. Issuance of B Shares

The issuance of B shares by NGT is subject to Section 6 of the Act, which provides that it is unlawful for a registered holding company to issue or sell any security except pursuant to a declaration under Section 7 of the Act that has been permitted to become effective by Commission order. The September Order permits NGT to issue various kinds of securities for general corporate purposes, including preferred stock, other forms of preferred securities and securities convertible into common stock. The aggregate amount of securities issued by NGT may not exceed \$20 billion outstanding at any one time, exclusive of short-term debt which is subject to a separate limit. The September Order provides that preferred stock may be issued by NGT directly or indirectly through financing subsidiaries and that:

Preferred stock and other forms of preferred securities may be issued in one or more series with such rights, preferences, and priorities as may be designated in the instrument creating each such series, as determined by National Grid Transco s board of directors, and may be convertible or exchangeable into shares of National Grid Transco common stock or unsecured indebtedness. Dividends or distributions on such securities will be made periodically and to the extent funds are legally available for such purpose, but may be made subject to terms which allow the issuer to defer dividend payments for specified periods. National Grid Transco may also issue and sell equity-linked securities in the form of stock purchase units, which combine a security with a fixed obligation (e.g., preferred stock or debt) with a stock purchase contract that is exercisable (either mandatorily or at the option of the holder) within a relatively short period (e.g., three to six years after issuance). The dividend or distribution rates, interest rates, redemption and sinking fund provisions, conversion features, if any, and maturity dates with respect to the preferred stock or other types of preferred securities and equity-linked securities of a particular series, as well as any associated placement, underwriting or selling agent fees, commissions and discounts, if any, will be established by National Grid Transco s board of directors, negotiation or competitive bidding.

The B shares are preferred stock under the September Order. The aggregate amount of B shares to be issued, when added to other securities issued by NGT under the September Order, would be well within the \$20 billion issuance limit in the September Order and would otherwise be consistent with the financing parameters set forth in the order. In particular, the effective cost of money associated with the B shares held for a period of time will be 75% of 12-month Sterling LIBOR, per annum, based upon the 65 pence value per share. This rate is substantially less than the 500 basis point cap over the U.K. or U.S. government-issued securities having a term of three to four years (the projected maximum term that the B shares may be held) included in the September Order. The B shares will be outstanding for a limited period of time, expected to be not more than three years. The September Order provides that preferred stock issued by NGT may have a perpetual duration. The issuance expenses associated with the B shares are expected to be between £6 million and £8 million, including the costs of the shareholder solicitation and the EGM, well within the cap in the September Order of 5% of the principal amount of the securities issued. Lastly, as noted above, the issuance of the B shares will not cause NGT s common equity ratio, computed on a U.S. GAAP basis according to the formula set out in the September Order, to fall below 30%, and NGT s rated securities will continue to hold investment grade ratings. The B shares, however, will not be rated.

The B shares will be listed on the London Stock Exchange, but it is unlikely that there will be an active market in the B shares. ¹⁵ The B shares will entitle the holders to elect to:

- 1. receive an immediate dividend of 65 pence per share (an Income Election); or
- 2. sell their B shares immediately for 65 pence per share (an Initial Capital Election); or
- 3. wait to sell their shares for 65 pence per share at a later date (a Deferred Capital Election); or
- 4. hold the B shares until they are converted into ordinary shares (a Final Maturity Election).

The B share alternatives provide shareholders who are U.K. taxpayers with different U.K. tax treatment on the receipt of the cash. U.K. taxpayers who choose Alternative 1: Income Election, in respect of their B shares will receive a single dividend of 65 pence per B share in respect of those B shares. The Single B Share Dividend of 65 pence per B share will generally be taxable as income for U.K. tax purposes. U.K. taxpayers who choose Alternative 2: Initial Capital Election, for some of their B shares will have those B shares bought by JPMorgan Cazenove for 65 pence per B share. The receipt by U.K. shareholders of 65 pence for each B share pursuant to the Initial Capital Election will generally be taxable as capital gain for U.K. tax purposes. U.K. taxpayers who choose Alternative 3: Deferred Capital Election will retain B shares and are expected to have the opportunity to sell them to JPMorgan Cazenove in the future for 65 pence per B share. Any payment by JPMorgan Cazenove of 65 pence for each B share purchased pursuant to a Deferred Capital Election will generally be taxable as capital gain for U.K. tax purposes. Under Alternative 4, a U.K. shareholder who retains B shares until they are converted into ordinary shares, pursuant to a Final Maturity Election, is treated as if there was a reorganization of NGT's share capital. A reorganization of a company's share capital is generally not a taxable event.

U.S. tax rules differ from U.K. tax rules, and, as a result, the B share alternatives do not provide shareholders who are U.S. taxpayers with the same tax treatment provided to shareholders who are U.K. taxpayers. For U.S. taxpayers, the receipt of the B shares, regardless of which B share alternative is elected, should generally be taxable for U.S. federal income tax purposes in the same manner as the receipt of a dividend in cash. Accordingly, the 2005 federal income tax treatment of a U.S. taxpayer should generally be the same under any of the B share alternatives. U.S. taxpayers who elect Alternative 3 and retain their B shares will also have dividend income in future years, and, upon any sale of their B shares pursuant to a future repurchase offer, may have a capital gain or loss.

The B shares conform to the generally accepted definition of preferred stock which is a class of capital stock that pays dividends at a specified rate and that has a preference over common stock in the payment of dividends and the liquidation of assets. The B shares have these features and other features that will be designated by NGT s board of directors at the time of issuance and explained in the shareholder circular. The B shares are authorized preferred stock under the September Order.

3. Repurchase of B Shares

The repurchase of the B shares by NGT pursuant to the Initial Capital Election, the Deferred Capital Election, and the Final Maturity Election is subject to Section 12(c) of the Act and Rule 42. Section 12(c), quoted above, restricts the repurchase or redemption by a registered holding company of its securities, except as permitted by rule or order. Rule 42 generally permits NGT to acquire, retire or redeem its securities from unaffiliated parties without a Commission order. 16 The B shares would be issued to NGT s shareholders which generally are unaffiliated with NGT. NGT's officers and directors, however, are affiliates of NGT under Section 2(a)(11)(D) of the Act. Many officers and directors own NGT common stock and would receive B shares. In addition, it is possible, that large institutional investors may from time to time hold more than 5% (but less than 10%) of NGT s shares, typically in a combination of custodial accounts, proprietary accounts and fund accounts. Any repurchase of B shares (or deferred shares) from such affiliates would occur according to the terms of the B shares (and the deferred shares) as provided in the Articles of Association and the shareholder circular and the election(s) made by such investors. In other words, the repurchase of B shares (or deferred shares) from an institutional investor that may be affiliated with NGT, or an officer or director of NGT, would be no different from a repurchase of B shares (or deferred shares) from any other shareholder. In such cases, where the acquisition from an affiliate is on the same terms as are applicable to shareholders generally, it is appropriate for the Commission to find that Section 12(c) of the Act is satisfied.¹⁷ The September Order at 16 provided similar relief for stock repurchases from affiliates, finding that Stock repurchases would be conducted through open market transactions and could include the acquisition at arms -length of National Grid Transco common stock from institutional investors that may have an affiliate interest in National Grid Transco. In this case, the B shares (or deferred shares) would be repurchased in accordance with their terms and the elections made by shareholders (including default elections). These terms are provided for in the Articles of Association and in the shareholder circular. NGT would not provide different or more favorable terms to affiliated holders of B shares (or deferred shares) and therefore, no detriment could occur to unaffiliated shareholders. There is no substantive reason to distinguish an open market repurchase of ordinary shares that complies with the terms of the September Order from the repurchase of B shares (or deferred terms) under the terms of such shares. Accordingly, NGT requests authorization to acquire, retire, redeem and convert the B shares (and to acquire, retire and redeem the deferred shares) in accordance with their terms. 18

4. Share Consolidation

The share consolidation merits analysis under Section 6(a)(2) of the Act, which requires a registered holding company to obtain Commission authorization before it may exercise any privilege or right to alter the priorities, preferences, voting power, or other rights of the holders of an outstanding security of such company. Notably, NGT would pursue the share consolidation only upon the receipt of shareholder authorization at the EGM and therefore NGT would not exercise a privilege or right to alter the terms of the company s ordinary shares, but merely execute the decision made by shareholders.

Further, because the share consolidation changes only the number of issued and outstanding shares, it does not raise the concerns of shareholder discrimination that are the focus of Section 6(a)(2). The proposed share consolidation would reduce pro rata the number of issued

and outstanding NGT ordinary shares with no effect on the priorities, preferences, voting power or other rights of NGT s ordinary shares or any other outstanding NGT security. The gross amount of NGT s ordinary share capital will not change as a result of the share consolidation. The par value of its ordinary shares, however, will increase as there will be a smaller number of ordinary shares in issue. Each new ordinary share will have one vote, like the existing shares, on the same matters that the existing shares now vote. NGT s Memorandum and Articles of Association, which describe the rights of the existing ordinary shares, will be reissued and contain identical provisions for the rights of the new ordinary shares. ¹⁹ It is appears, therefore, that the proposed share consolidation does not trigger a requirement for Commission approval under Section 6(a)(2).

If, however, the Commission determines that the share consolidation does require authorization under the Act, NGT hereby requests in the alternative that the Commission grant such authorization.²⁰

5. Solicitation of Shareholder Consents

Lastly, the solicitation of shareholder consents for the B share issuance and the share consolidation is subject to Section 12(e) and Rule 62. Section 12(e) provides that:

It shall be unlawful for any person to solicit or to permit the use of his or its name to solicit, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or otherwise, any proxy, power of attorney, consent, or authorization regarding any security of a registered holding company or a subsidiary company thereof in contravention of such rules and regulations or orders as the Commission deems necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers or to prevent the circumvention of the provisions of this chapter or the rules, regulations, or orders thereunder.

Among the several rules promulgated by the Commission under Section 12(e), Rule 62 provides that a solicitation of any shareholder consent regarding a security of a registered holding company in connection with any other transaction which is or will be the subject of any application or declaration filed with the Commission may not be made unless pursuant to a declaration which has been permitted to become effective.

Notably, Rule 3a12-3(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) exempts securities registered by a foreign private issuer from certain sections of the Exchange Act, including Section 14(a) and the proxy rules thereunder. This exemption expresses the Commission s policy that home country rules applicable to proxy solicitations by foreign private issuers will provide adequate disclosure of the proposed transactions. Because a similar exemption under the 1935 Act is not available, NGT has filed this Application seeking authorization to solicit shareholder consents.

The solicitation will be conducted by mailing a shareholder circular and related communications to be included in Exhibit A to NGT shareholders of record as of a time to be announced in the summer of 2005. The mailing would invite shareholders to vote in person or by proxy at the EGM, which is currently scheduled to occur on July 25, 2005. The fees, expenses and commissions incurred and to be incurred by NGT in connection with the solicitation and related regulatory authorizations are set forth in Item 2, above.

NGT respectfully requests that the Commission s order permitting this Application to become effective permit NGT to commence the solicitation of shareholder consents immediately upon the issuance of the Commission s order herein.

6. Rule 54 Analysis

Under Rule 54, in determining whether to approve the issue or sale of a security by a registered holding company for purposes other than the acquisition of an exempt wholesale generator ("EWG") or a foreign utility company ("FUCO"), or other transactions by such registered holding company or its subsidiaries other than with respect to EWGs or FUCOs, the Commission shall not consider the effect of the capitalization or earnings of any subsidiary which is an EWG or a FUCO upon the registered holding company system if paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of Rule 53 are satisfied

National Grid Transco's aggregate investment in FUCOs currently exceeds the "safe harbor" afforded by rule 53(a) because its "aggregate investment" (as defined in rule 53(a)(1)) exceeds 50% of its "consolidated retained earnings" (also as defined in rule 53(a)(1)). At March 31, 2005, National Grid Transco's current aggregate investment in FUCOs was GBP 12,149 million (USD 21,868 million), while its consolidated retained earnings calculated in accordance with US GAAP were GBP 3,377 million (USD 6,383 million).

6. Rule 54 Analysis

National Grid Transco's investments in FUCOs should not cause a material adverse impact on National Grid Transco's consolidated capitalization. Indeed, National Grid Transco's FUCO investments have contributed positively to the company's financial results. National Grid Transco has no EWG investments. At March 31, 2005, National Grid Transco's consolidated capitalization consisted of 41.8% equity, 58.1% debt and 0.1% preferred stock issued by subsidiaries. On March 9, 2005, when the Commission last authorized an increase in National Grid Transco's FUCO investment limit, 22 the record indicated that National Grid Transco's consolidated capitalization, at September 30, 2004, consisted of 38.3% equity, 61.5% debt and 0.2% preferred stock issued by subsidiaries. At March 31, 2004, National Grid Transco's consolidated capitalization consisted of 41.2% equity, 58.6% debt and 0.2% preferred stock issued by subsidiaries. National Grid Transco's senior unsecured debt is investment grade (rated A- by S&P and Baa1 by Moody's). In accordance with an order of the Commission dated September 30, 2004, Holding Co. Act Release No. 27898, National Grid Transco has committed to maintain a consolidated common equity ratio (subject to certain qualifications), of at least 30%. The transactions proposed in this application will not adversely affect its ability to meet that commitment.

National Grid Transco satisfies the other conditions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 53, except that the books and records of its FUCO subsidiaries are maintained in accordance with UK GAAP, rather than US GAAP. National Grid Transco is in compliance with the limit in rule 53(a)(3) which provides that no more than 2% of the employees of National Grid Transco's U.S. public utility companies ("Utility Subsidiaries") may render services, at any one time, directly or indirectly, to FUCOs in which National Grid Transco directly or indirectly holds an interest. Further, in accordance with rule 53(a)(4), National Grid Transco has provided a copy of the application in this matter to each regulator referred to below, and National Grid Transco will comply with the rule's other requirements concerning the furnishing of information. None of the circumstances enumerated in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) of Rule 53(b) is currently triggered.

National Grid Transco's investments in FUCOs will be segregated from its Utility Subsidiaries and none of the Utility Subsidiaries will provide financing for, extend credit to, or sell or pledge assets directly or indirectly to any FUCO in which National Grid Transco owns any interest. In addition, FUCO investments will not have any negative impact on the ability of the Utility Subsidiaries to fund operations and growth. The Utility Subsidiaries will continue to have financial facilities in place or access to National Grid Transco financing facilities that will adequately support their operations.

All state commissions with jurisdiction over the retail rates of the Utility Subsidiaries have provided the Commission with statements confirming that National Grid Transco's FUCO investments will not have an adverse impact on the ability of the state commissions to protect National Grid Transco's utility subsidiaries subject to their jurisdiction or the subsidiaries' customers.

In particular, the New York Public Service Commission ("NYPSC"), in its letter dated December 1, 2004, has acknowledged that National Grid Transco's "proposed investments will not have an adverse impact on Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, or its respective customers, or the ability of the [NYPSC] to protect Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation or its ratepayers in New York." The NYPSC also confirmed that it has the authority and resources to protect New York ratepayers and intends to continue exercising that authority. Similarly, the Rhode Island Public Utility Commission ("RIPUC") in its September 23, 2004 letter to the Commission concluded that "[National Grid Transco's] proposed investments will not have an adverse impact on Narragansett Electric [Company], or its respective customers, or the ability of the [RIPUC] to protect ratepayers in Rhode Island. The [RIPUC] is of the view that it has the authority and resources to protect Rhode Island ratepayers and it intends to continue exercising that authority."

The New Hampshire Public Utility Commission ("NHPUC"), in a letter dated September 30, 2004 raised concerns about the potential impact of National Grid Transco's application for increased FUCO investment authorization on the utilities over which the NHPUC has jurisdiction. It is letter dated November 29, 2004, the NHPUC indicates that representatives of the NHPUC and National Grid Transco met to discuss these concerns and the NHPUC has been assured that it would continue to have the jurisdictional authority it currently holds over the National Grid Transco retail utility subsidiaries, including the NHPUC's standards regarding long and short term debt. The NHPUC further expressed its satisfaction that "approval by the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Form U-1 Application [of National Grid Transco] will not infringe upon [the NHPUC's] regulatory authority."

The Massachusetts Department of Telecommunications and Energy ("MDTE") concluded, in its letter dated September 24, 2004, that National Grid Transco's existing interest and proposed additional investments in FUCOs will not have an adverse impact on the ability of the MDTE to protect Massachusetts Electric Company or Nantucket Electric Company or their respective customers. The MDTE also stated that "pursuant to G.L. c. 164, the [MDTE] has the authority and resources to protect ratepayers in Massachusetts and it intends to continue exercising that authority."

Based on the foregoing statements from the affected state commissions, the Commission should find that the requirements of Rule 53(c) are satisfied. Accordingly, given that the conditions of Rule 53(b) are not triggered and the requirements of Rule 53(c) are satisfied, the Commission also should find that the terms of Rule 54 are satisfied.

6. Rule 54 Analysis 9

B. Conclusion

The B share issuance described herein is for the most part fully authorized by the Commission in the September Order. The transaction is a reasonable, necessary and appropriate means to return cash to NGT s shareholders in a manner that provides shareholders with certain options with regard to the receipt of funds. The Application demonstrates that the issuance of the B shares and the return of cash will not adversely affect the financial soundness of NGT and that the repurchase or conversion of the B shares (and the deferred shares) in accordance with their terms is fair and equitable. Wherefore, for all the reasons set forth in this Application, NGT respectfully requests that the Commission authorize the Application and permit the solicitation of shareholder consents, the repurchase or conversion of securities, and the share consolidation, as described herein.

Item 4. Regulatory Approvals

No state commission, and no federal commission, other than the Commission, has jurisdiction over the transactions proposed in this Application.

Item 5. Procedure

NGT respectfully requests that the Commission issue a notice of the transaction proposed herein forthwith. NGT has tentatively scheduled an EGM for shareholders to vote on the B share scheme on July 25, 2005. To meet that schedule, the printing and mailing of the shareholder circular must commence substantially in advance of the meeting date. Accordingly, NGT respectfully requests that the Commission issue an order granting and permitting this Application to become effective by May 31, 2005 so that the printing and distribution of the shareholder circular is not delayed.

Applicants waive a recommended decision by a hearing or other responsible officer of the Commission for approval of the proposed transactions and consent to the Division of Investment Management s assistance in the preparation of the Commission s decision. There should not be a waiting period between the issuance of the Commission s order and the date on which it is to become effective.

Item 6. Exhibits and Financial Statements

Exhibits

A Dian Shareholder Chedian and Letter to Shareholders.	A	Draft Shareholder Circular and Letter to Shareholders.*
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B B Share Certificate.

C NGT Memorandum and Articles of Association (revised)

D-1 Opinion of Counsel of National Grid Transco plc**

D-2 Past Tense Opinion of Counsel.*

E Form of Notice.**

Financial Statements

FS-1	National Grid Transco plc Financial Statements as of and for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2004, incorporated by
	reference to National Grid Transco s Report on Form 6-K, filed on November 18, 2004 (SEC File No. 001-14958).

FS-2 Pro Forma National Grid Transco plc Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Cash Flow Statement (confidential treatment requested).**

- * To be filed by amendment.
- ** Previously filed.

Item 7. Information as to Environmental Effects

The proposed transaction involves neither a major federal action nor significantly affects the quality of the human environment as those terms are used in Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 4321 et seq. No federal agency is preparing an environmental impact statement with respect to this matter.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, the Applicant has duly caused this amended Application-Declaration to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 31, 2005 National Grid Transco plc

By: <u>/s/ Helen Mahy</u>

Name: Helen Mahy

Title: Group Company Secretary and General Counsel

Exhibit Index

- B B Share Certificate.
- C NGT Memorandum and Articles of Association (revised)

Endnotes

- ¹ NGT has issued American Depositary Shares (ADSs) in the U.S. which trade as ADRs and are held by both individuals and U.S. institutions. As of January 31, 2005, 21,114,412 ADSs, representing 105,572,060 ordinary shares, accounted for approximately 3.42% of NGT s publicly issued shares.
- ² NGH One, National Grid Holdings Limited and Lattice Group plc are FUCOs.
- ³ For example, an acquisition from an affiliate would not be exempt under Rule 42.
- ⁴ Authorization also is requested to repurchase the deferred shares as described *infra*.
- ⁵ Under the repurchase option, JPMorgan Cazenove will offer to buy B shares for 65 pence per share, free of all dealing expenses and commissions. An initial repurchase election may be made by shareholders shortly after the EGM. It is currently envisaged that JPMorgan Cazenove will make further repurchase offers in 2006 and 2007. Following completion of any repurchase offer, JPMorgan Cazenove will have the right to require NGT to purchase from JPMorgan Cazenove at 65 pence per B share, those B shares purchased from shareholders pursuant to the repurchase offer. If NGT does repurchase any B shares from JPMorgan Cazenove, such B shares will be cancelled and will not be held as treasury shares.
- ⁶ NGT may repurchase all deferred shares in existence at any time for an aggregate consideration of one pence. NGT may cancel the deferred shares so purchased in accordance with the Companies Act (U.K.).

- ⁷ LIBOR refers to the London Interbank Offered Rate, the rate that the most creditworthy international banks dealing in Eurodollars charge each other for large loans.
- ⁸ The issuance of ordinary shares at final maturity in connection with the repurchase or conversion of any outstanding B shares also could change proportional shareholder interests, but this is not a result of the share consolidation but rather a consequence of individual shareholder choice with regard to their B share elections.
- ⁹ GBP converted to USD at 1.91410.
- ¹⁰ Under U.K. GAAP, although the issuance of the B shares would reduce NGT s share premium account (the equivalent of the additional paid-in capital account under U.S. GAAP) offset by the increase in share capital, the distributions paid to holders of B shares and the amounts paid upon repurchase of the B shares would be paid from NGT s distributable reserves. Under U.K. GAAP, distributable reserves are equivalent to retained earnings, plus other reserves that are distributable, less any restrictions on the distribution of earnings. Generally, distributable reserves are the equivalent of unrestricted retained earnings for U.S. GAAP purposes. On a U.S. GAAP basis, the B share issue and distributions and repurchases connected therewith would not reduce the total of NGT s paid-in capital and additional paid-in capital accounts when compared to the total of paid-in capital and additional paid-in capital before such transactions were undertaken.
- ¹¹ NGT expects its consolidated common equity ratio to improve as a result of the gas distribution network sales because NGT intends to pay down a significant amount of debt at the Transco and Transco Holdings plc level. *See also*, Exhibit FS-2, hereto, (submitted under a request for confidential treatment).
- ¹² Holding Co. Act Release No. 27898. NGT's compliance with the financing parameters in the September Order is described in Item 3.A.3., below.
- ¹³ Any convertible or equity-linked securities would be convertible into or linked only to common stock, preferred securities or unsecured debt securities that National Grid Transco is otherwise authorized to issue directly or indirectly through a financing entity on behalf of National Grid Transco.
- ¹⁴ U.K. stamp duty is expected to be levied on the repurchase of the B shares at the rate of 0.5% of the value of the B shares, but this tax is not an expense of the issuance.
- ¹⁵ The B shares will not be listed on any securities exchange or quoted on an inter-dealer quotation system in the U.S. and no market for the B shares is expected to develop in the U.S.
- ¹⁶ Rule 42 provides:

A registered holding company or its subsidiary company may acquire, retire or redeem any security of which it is the issuer (or which it has assumed or guaranteed) without the need for prior Commission approval under sections 9(a), 10 and 12(c) of the Act: Provided, This section shall not apply to a transaction by a registered holding company or its subsidiary company with an associate company, an affiliate, or an affiliate of an associate company, or to a transaction by a registered holding company, as defined in Sec. 240.13e-3(a)(3) of this chapter.

- ¹⁷ See e.g., In the Matter of Southern Union Gas Company, et al., Holding Co. Act Release No. 4627 (Oct. 16, 1943) (applying a fair and equitable standard to the redemption of securities under Section 12(c) of the Act), and In the Matter of Rochester Gas And Electric Corporation, et al., Holding Co. Act Release No. 4390 (June 29, 1943) (applying a not detrimental to the public interest or the interest of investors or consumers standard to a redemption of securities under Section 12(c) of the Act).
- ¹⁸ NGT seeks authorization for the conversion of B shares under a Final Maturity Election in case conversions are restricted under Section 12(c) s regulation of the acquisition, retirement, or redemption of NGT s securities.
- ¹⁹ The language of the new Memorandum and Articles of Association will be revised so that its provisions are stated more clearly, but the substantive rights of shareholders will not be changed.
- ²⁰ See, e.g., FirstEnergy Corp., Holding Co. Act Release No. 27844 (May 5, 2004) (authorizing amendments to the governing documents of FirstEnergy to declassify its board of directors, eliminate certain supermajority voting rights, and to terminate a shareholder rights plan under Section 6(a)(2), even though the changes proposed, other than the termination of the rights plan, would be submitted to shareholder vote).

²¹ 17 CFR § 240.3a12-3.

²² National Grid Transco plc, Holding Co. Act Release No. 27950 (March 9, 2005).

²³ The NYPSC letter references a November 3, 2004 letter from Kirk L. Ramsauer, Deputy General Counsel, National Grid to Hon. William M. Flynn, Chair of the NYPSC, clarifying that National Grid Transco will restrict any guarantees issued by Niagara Mohawk Holdings, Inc. ("NIMO Holdings") to obligations of NIMO Holdings' direct and indirect subsidiaries.

The New Hampshire jurisdictional utilities are Granite State Electric Company; New England Hydro-Transmission Corporation; New England Power Company; and New England Electric Transmission Corporation.